EASIER ENGLISH* INTERMEDIATE DICTIONARY bloomsburyreference

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second edition

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Preface

This dictionary contains the essential words and phrases needed for everyday communication by learners of English and information on how these words and phrases are commonly used. It builds on the *Easier English™ Basic Dictionary* and is especially useful for intermediate learners of all ages who are expanding their vocabulary and knowledge of English.

Each main word, including compound words and phrasal verbs, has its own easy-to-find entry in bold type and a pronunciation in the International Phonetic Alphabet. The relative frequency of the most commonly used words is indicated. Common phrases, verb patterns and idioms associated with the main term are shown in bold type and separately defined within the entry.

The meanings of the main common senses of each word are given clearly and simply, using a limited and easily understood vocabulary. Meanings are grouped together by their part of speech. Examples are given for words that are likely to be used in practice, to provide patterns for the user's own production of English sentences. The prepositions that are regularly used with a word are also shown for common words, in square brackets. Some less frequently encountered words, which may only need to be recognised and understood, are given definitions only. Noted at the end of some entries are words with a different part of speech whose meanings can be easily understood from the rest of the entry.

Extra help is offered in Notes at the end of some entries. These include warnings about words which can be confused with each other and unusual inflected forms. The major differences between US and British spelling are noted.

Parts of Speech

abbr (abbreviation)	interj (interjection)	prefix
adj (adjective)	modal verb	prep (preposition)
adv (adverb)	n (noun)	pron (pronoun)
article	plural noun (always	v (verb)
conj (conjunction)	takes a plural verb)	

Symbols

123	indicates words which are commonly used, from (1) the most
	basic and essential, (2) frequent and useful to know, to
	③ starting to develop a wider vocabulary.
•	before a new part of speech
0	before examples
	before a phrase or idiom
\diamond	before an idiom
¢	an explanation of the word will be found at the place indicated
•	extra information will be found at the place indicated

Pronunciation

The following symbols have been used to show the pronunciation of the main words in the dictionary.

Stress is indicated by a main stress mark (') and a secondary stress mark (,). Note that these are only guides, as the stress of the word changes according to its position in the sentence.

Vowels		Consonants	
æ	back	b	buck
ar	h ar m	d	dead
D	stop	ð	other
аг	type	dʒ	jump
au	how	f	fare
aıə	hire	g	gold
aບຈ	hour		head
DI	course	h j k	yellow
JI	ann oy	k	cab
e	head	1	leave
eə	f air	m	mix
eı	make	n	nil
eu	go	ŋ	si ng
31	word	р	print
ir	keep	r	rest
i	happy	S	save
ə	a bout	ſ	shop
I	fit	t	take
IƏ	near	t∫	change
u	ann u al	θ	theft
ur	pool	v	value
υ	b oo k	W	work
υə	tour	Х	loch
Λ	sh u t	3	measure
		Z	zone

a¹/e₁/, **A** noun the first letter of the alphabet, followed by B \circ Do you mean 'dependant' spelt with an 'a' or 'dependent' with an 'e'? \diamond from A to Z completely, all the way through

a² /ə, ei/, **an** /ən, æn/ article **1**. one \circ an enormous hole \circ a useful guidebook \circ She's bought a new car. \circ I want a cup of tea. \circ We had to wait an hour for the bus. (NOTE: **an** is used before words beginning with **a**, **e**, **i**, **o**, **u** and with **h** if the **h** is not pronounced: an apple or an hour. **a** is used before words beginning with all other letters and also before **u** where **u** is pronounced /jut/: a useful guidebook) **2**. for each or to each \circ Apples cost £1.50 a kilo. \circ The car was travelling at 50 kilometres an hour. \circ He earns £100 a day.

A&E / e1 and 'ii/ *abbr* accident and emergency

aback /ə'bæk/ adv ci **taken aback** surprised and shocked by something unpleasant ci She was somewhat taken aback when he told her there was no train that evening. **abacus** /'æbəkəs/ noun an object used for counting consisting of a frame with balls which can be moved on bars

abandon /ə'bændən/ (abandons, abandoning, abandoned) verb 1. to leave someone or something in an unkind way o The dog had been abandoned by its owner.
to leave somewhere for ever o The village had been abandoned when the dam was built.
to give up or stop doing something o The company has decided to abandoned the idea of setting up a London office.

abandoned /ə'bændənd/ adj no longer used or lived in

abandonment /ə'bændənmənt/ noun the act or process of leaving someone or something without help

abashed $/ a' b \mathfrak{E} f' a d j$ ashamed or embarrassed

abate /ə'beɪt/ (abates, abating, abated) verb to become less strong or forceful (formal) **abattoir** /'æbətwoː/ *noun* a place where animals are killed for meat

abbey /'æbi/ noun **1**. a place where a community of Christian monks or nuns live **2**. a large church \circ Westminster Abbey **abbreviated** / \mathfrak{d} 'bri:viettId/ adj shortened by having something left out

abbreviation $/ \vartheta_i brivi'ei \int (\vartheta)n/$ noun a short form of a word. Compare **acronym**

abdicate /'æbdikeit/ (**abdicates**, **abdicating**, **abdicated**) *verb* **1**. to give up the position as king or queen of a country **2**. to fail to carry out a duty or responsibility (*formal*) (NOTE: + **abdication** *n*)

abdomen /'æbdəmən/ *noun* the space in the front part of your body, containing the stomach and other organs

abdominal /æb'domin(ə)l/ *adj* referring to the abdomen

abduct /æb'dʌkt/ (**abducts**, **abducting**, **abducted**) *verb* to take someone away, usually by force (NOTE: + **abduction** *n*)

aberration $/_{,\alpha}$ by 're1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun an action or thing which is not usual or expected (formal)

abhorrent /əb'hprənt/ adj horrible or disgusting (formal)

abide / σ 'batd/ (**abides**, **abiding**, **abode** or **abided**) verb 1. \Box to **abide by** to keep to rules, agreements or customs \circ You must abide by the rules of the game. \circ We have to abide by the decision of the referee. 2. \Box **can't abide something** to dislike something or someone \circ I can't abide the smell of cigars. \circ If you can't abide him, why do you accept his invitation?

abiding /ə'baɪdɪŋ/ adj lasting a long time (formal)

() ability /ə'biliti/ (plural abilities) noun **1.** a natural tendency to do something well $[-in] \circ I$ admire his ability to stay calm under pressure. \circ We can develop their natural abilities in music further. \Box **I'll do it to the best of my ability** I'll do it as well as I can **2.** the fact of being clever \circ suitable for different levels of ability (NOTE: no plural in this sense) abject

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abject /'æbdʒekt/ *adj* (*formal*) **1**. very bad • *abject poverty* **2**. making you feel ashamed • *an abject apology* • *abject terror*

ablaze / ϑ 'ble1Z/ adv **1.** on fire \circ Thirty hectares of trees were ablaze. **2.** shining brightly \circ At midnight the house was still ablaze with lights.

① **able** /'eɪb(ə)l/ adj **1**. \Box **to be able to do something** to be capable of something or have the chance to do something \circ *They weren't able to find the house.* \circ *Will you be able to come to the meeting*? **2.** good at doing something, or good at doing many things \circ *She's a very able manager.* \circ *There are special activities for able children.*

able-bodied / <code>reib(ə)l</code> 'bodid/ <code>adj</code> fit and healthy

ably /'eɪbli/ adv in a very competent or efficient way

abnormal /æb'nɔ:m(ə)l/ adj not normal abnormality /ˌæbnɔ:'mælɪti/ (plural abnormalities) noun 1. the state of being abnormal 2. something which is abnormal

aboard / ϑ 'b ϑ :d/ adv, prep on a ship or vehicle \circ The passengers went aboard the 'Queen Elizabeth' at 10 p.m. \circ When the ship docked, customs officers came aboard to inspect the cargo.

abode /ə'bəud/ noun the place where someone lives (*literary*) \Box of no fixed **abode** with no permanent address (*formal*) **abolish** /ə'bolɪʃ/ (**abolishes, abolishing, abolished**) verb to get rid of something such as a law or right

abolition /, æbə'lɪʃ(ə)n/ *noun* the act of abolishing something such as a law or right **abominable** /ə'bɒmɪnəb(ə)l/ *adj* very bad (*formal*)

Aboriginal /,æbə'rıdʒın(ə)l/ *adj* referring to Aborigines ■ *noun* same as **Aborig**ine

Aborigine /æbə'rɪdʒɪni/ *noun* an Australian who is a member of the peoples who lived in Australia before Europeans arrived

abort /ə'bɔːt/ (**aborts**, **aborting**, **aborted**) *verb* **1**. to stop something taking place **2**. to perform an abortion on a foetus

abortion / ϑ 'b ϑ : $\int(\vartheta)n/$ *noun* the ending of a woman's pregnancy before a live infant can be born

abortive /ə'bɔ:tɪv/ adj attempted without success

① **about** /ə'baot/ prep 1. referring to something \circ *He told me all about his operation*. \circ *What do you want to speak to the*

doctor about? **2**. \Box **to be about to do something** to be going to do something very soon \circ We were about to go home when you arrived. **3**. not exactly \circ I've been waiting for about four hours. \circ She's only about fifteen years old. \Box while you're about it at the same time as the thing you are doing \circ While you're about it, can you post this letter? \diamond how about? **1**. what do you think about? \circ We can't find a new chairperson for the club – What about Sarah? **2**. would you like a cup of tea? \diamond while you're about it at the same time as the thing you are doing \circ While you're about it, can you post this letter?

about-turn /əbaʊt'tɜ:n/, **about-face** *noun* **1**. an order to soldiers to turn to face in the opposite direction **2**. an act of changing your plans or policy to the opposite of what you did before

() above $|\partial'bAV|$ prep **1.** higher than \circ The plane was flying above the clouds. \circ The temperature in the street was above 30 degrees. \circ At prices above £20, nobody will buy it. **2.** older than \circ If you are above 18, you have to pay the full fare. **3.** louder than \circ I couldn't hear the telephone above the noise of the drills.

above board /ə,bAv 'bord/ adj openly honest and legal

abreast /ə'brest/ adv side by side

abridged /ə'br1dʒd/ *adj* shortened by removing parts of a text

(2) **abroad** $/\exists$ 'br \exists :d/ adv in or to another country \circ I lived abroad for three years.

abrupt /ə'brʌpt/ *adj* **1**. sudden **2**. using few words and not being very polite

abruptly /ə'brʌptli/ adv briefly and impolitely

abruptness /ə'brʌptnəs/ *noun* the fact of using few words and not being very polite

abscess /'æbses/ *noun* a collection of pus in the body

abscond /əb'skpnd/ (**absconds**, **absconding**, **absconded**) *verb* (*formal*) **1**. to leave somewhere suddenly and secretly [-with] \circ *The sports club's treasurer absconded with their funds*. **2**. to escape from prison

abseil /'æbse1l/ (**abseils**, **abseiling**, **abseiled**) *verb* to come down a cliff or wall using a fixed rope wound around your body

absence /'æbsəns/ noun the fact of being away from a place [~from] ○ She did not explain her absence from the meeting.
in the absence of, in someone's absence because someone or something is not there ○ In the absence of the chairman or In the chairman's absence, his deputy took over.
In the absence of any official support, we had to raise our own funds.

③ **absent** /'æbsənt/ adj not there \circ Ten of the staff are absent with flu.

absentee /,æbsən'tiː/ *noun* a person who is not there

absenteeism /,æbs(ə)n'ti:Iz(ə)m/ *noun* the act or fact of deliberately staying away from work

absent-minded /_{abs}(ə)nt 'maindid/ *adj* often forgetting things

② absolute /'æbsəlu:t/ adj complete or total

() **absolutely** adv 1. /'æbsəlu:tli/ completely $\circ I$ am absolutely sure I left the keys in my coat pocket. **2**. /₁æbsə'lu:tli/ yes, of course \circ Did you build it yourself? – Absolutely!

absolve /əb'zolv/ (**absolves**, **absolving**, **absolved**) *verb* to remove blame for a sin from someone

(3) **absorb** /ab'za:b/ (**absorbs**, **absorbing**, **absorbed**) *verb* **1**. to take in something such as a liquid ○ *The water should be absorbed by the paper*. ○ *Salt absorbs moisture from the air*. **2**. to reduce a shock ○ *The car's springs are supposed to absorb any shock from the road surface.*

absorbent /əb'zɔːbənt/ *adj* which can absorb something such as a liquid

absorbing /əb'zə:biŋ/ adj very interesting

absorption /əb'zo:pʃən/ noun 1. the act of absorbing something or of being absorbed 2. the fact of being very interested in something

abstain /əb'stein/ (**abstains, abstaining, abstained**) verb **1**. deliberately not to do something [-from] \circ *His doctor recommended he should abstain from drinking coffee for six months.* **2**. not to vote on a matter

abstention /əb'sten∫ən/ *noun* the act or fact of deliberately not voting on a matter

abstinence /'æbstinəns/ *noun* the act or fact of deliberately not doing something, especially not drinking alcohol

abstract /'æbstrækt/ *adj* **1**. which exists only in the mind rather than in the physical

world **2**. (*of art*) which does not copy things exactly as they appear

abstract noun /_iæbstrækt 'naun/ *noun* a noun that refers to an idea or quality, e.g. 'truth'

absurd /əb's3:d/ *adj* completely unreasonable or impossible to believe \circ *It's absurd to expect you will win the lottery if you only buy one ticket.*

abundance /ə'bʌndəns/ noun a large quantity

abundant /ə'bʌndənt/ adj existing in large quantities

abundantly /3'bAnd3nt(3)li/ adv in large or more than large enough quantities (2) **abuse**¹ /3'bju:s/ noun 1. very bad treatment \circ the sexual abuse of children \circ She suffered physical abuse in prison. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. a bad use of something \circ The government's action is an abuse of power. 3. rude words \circ The people being arrested shouted abuse at the police. (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

abuse² /ə'b'ju:z/ (abuses, abusing, abused) verb 1. to treat someone very badly, usually physically or sexually \circ *She had been abused as a child.* 2. to make the wrong use of something \circ *He abused his position as finance director.* 3. to say rude things about someone \circ *The crowd noisily abused the group of politicians as they entered the building.*

abusive / ϑ 'bjuISIV/ *adj* **1.** rude and insulting \circ *an abusive letter* \circ *He had too much to drink and became abusive.* **2.** treating someone in a violent or cruel way, or referring to a violent and cruel situation \circ *an abusive father* \circ *an abusive relationship*

abysmal /ə'b1zm(ə)l/ *adj* extremely bad **abyss** /ə'b1s/ *noun* **1**. a deep hole **2**. a horrible or frightening situation

② academic /,ækə'demik/ adj 1. relating to study at a university o Members of the academic staff received a letter from the principal. 2. only in theory, not in practice o It is only of academic interest. In noun a university teacher o All her friends are academics.

academy /ə'kædəmi/ *noun* **1**. a college where specialised subjects are taught **2**. a private society for the study of art or science

accelerate / ν 'sel=reit/ (accelerates, accelerating, accelerated) verb to go faster \circ Don't accelerate when you get to traffic lights.

accelerator

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③ **accelerator** /ək'seləreitə/ noun a pedal which makes a car go faster

accent /'æksənt/ noun 1. a particular way of pronouncing something \circ *He* speaks with an American accent. 2. the stronger or louder part of a word or sentence \circ *In the word 'letter' the accent is on the first syllable.* 3. a mark over a letter showing a particular way of pronouncing it \circ *Café has an accent on the 'e'.* 4. emphasis \circ *The accent is on youth unemployment.*

accentuate /ak'sent fuert/ (accentuates, accentuating, accentuated) verb to put emphasis on something

① accept/ək'sept/(accepts, accepting, accepted) verb 1. to take and keep a present \circ We hope you will accept this little gift. 2. to say 'yes' or to agree to something \circ She accepted the offer of a job in Australia. \circ I invited her to come with us and she accepted. (NOTE: Do not confuse with except.)

③ acceptable /ək'septəb(ə)l/ adj good enough to be accepted, although not particularly good ○ Fighting in the street is not acceptable behaviour. ○ Smoking is becoming less socially acceptable. ○ A small gift of flowers would be very acceptable. ○ The offer is not acceptable to the vendor.

③ **acceptance** /ək'septəns/ *noun* 1. the act of taking something which is offered 2. the act or fact of agreeing to do something

③ **accepted** /ək'septId/ *adj* which is taken as correct by most people

① access / ackses/ noun a way of reaching a place \circ The concert hall has access for wheelchairs. \circ At present there is no access to the site. \Box to have access to something to be able to reach a place, meet a person, or obtain something \circ I'll have access to the studio day and night. \circ The company has access to substantial funds. \blacksquare verb (accesses, accessing, accessed) to get information from a computer \circ She tried to access the address list.

access course /'ækses kɔ:s/ *noun* a course of study designed to qualify someone for higher education

accessible $(\exists k' \le s : b(\exists))/ adj$ **1.** easily reached \circ *They live on a farm which is not accessible by car.* **2.** easy to read or understand \circ *Her style of writing is quite accessible.* **3.** suitable for disabled people \circ *accessible toilets* \circ *accessible holidays*

(3) accessory /ək'sesəri/ (*plural* accessories) *noun* 1. a useful piece of equipment, added to others 2. a small item of clothing 3. a person who helps someone

commit a crime [~to] \circ an accessory to the crime

() accident /'æksɪd(ə)nt/ noun 1. an unpleasant thing which happens and causes damage or injury ○ *He lost his leg in an accident at work.* ○ *She was involved in a car accident and had to go to hospital.* 2. something that happens unexpectedly ○ *Their third baby was an accident.* ◇ **by accident** without being planned or expected ○ *He found the missing papers by accident.* **accidental** /_iæksɪ'dent(ə)l/ *adj* happening without being planned or expected ○ *an accidental meeting* ○ *accidental damage* ○ *His death was not accidental.*

accidentally /, æks1'dent(ə)li/ adv without being planned or expected

acclaim /ə'kleim/ noun great praise

acclaimed /ə'kle1md/ *adj* much praised, especially publicly

accolade /'ækəleɪd/ *noun* a thing given to someone as a sign of praise

(3) accommodate /ə'kpmədeit/ (accommodates, accommodating, accommodated) verb to provide someone with a place to live

accommodating /ə'kpmədertıŋ/ adj taking trouble to help people

(2) accommodation \neg , kom \neg 'de1 $\int(\neg)n/noun$ a place to live or somewhere to stay for a short time \circ Are you still looking for accommodation? \circ Visitors have difficulty in finding hotel accommodation during the summer. (NOTE: In British English, accommodation has no plural.)

accompaniment /ə'kAmp(ə)nimənt/ noun 1. music played to accompany someone singing or playing an instrument \circ a piece for violin with piano accompaniment 2. a thing which accompanies something \circ They served cranberry sauce as an accompaniment to the turkey.

(2) accompany /ə'kAmp(ə)ni/ (accompanies, accompanying, accompanied) verb 1. to go with someone or something o She accompanied me to the door. 2. to play a musical instrument while someone else plays another instrument or sings o She sang and was accompanied on the piano by her father. (NOTE: accompanied by someone or something)

accomplice /ə'kʌmplɪs/ noun a person who helps another person to commit a crime

accomplish /ə'kʌmplɪʃ/ (accomplishes, accomplishing, accomplished) verb to do something successfully \circ You won't accomplish anything by arguing.

accomplished /ə'kʌmplɪʃt/ adj talented or skilled

accomplishment /ə'kʌmplɪʃmənt/ *noun* the successful finishing of something after a lot of work

accord /ə'kɔːd/ noun 1. an agreement 2. [~between] □ **of your own accord** without being ordered or forced by anyone \circ *Of his* own accord he decided to sell the business and retire to a Greek island. ■ verb (accords, according, accorded) to give something to someone as an honour

accordingly /ə'kɔ:dɪŋli/ *adv* as a result of something just mentioned

① according to /ə'kɔ:dıŋ tu:/ prep 1. as someone says or writes \circ The washing machine was installed according to the manufacturer's instructions. \circ According to the police, the car was going too fast. 2. in agreement with rules or a system \circ Everything went according to plan or schedule. 3. in relation to \circ The teachers have separated the children into classes according to their ages.

accost /ə'kɒst/ (**accosts, accosting, accosted**) *verb* to approach or stop someone in an aggressive or suggestive way

(i) account /ə'kaunt/ noun 1. same as bank account 2. (in a shop) an arrangement which a customer makes with a shop to buy goods and pay for them later \circ Put it on my account or Charge it to my account. ■ verb (accounts, accounting, accounted) to account for to explain something that has happened (formal) \circ He was asked to account for all his expendi*ture*. \diamond **by all accounts** as everyone says \circ By all accounts, she is a very attractive *woman.* \diamond **on account of** because of, due to • The trains are late on account of the fog. • We don't use the car much on account of *the price of petrol*. \diamond **on no account** not at all \diamond on someone's account for or because of someone $\circ I$ was worried on her account by the news the letter. \diamond take something into account or take account of something to consider something $\circ We$ have to take the weather into account.

accountable /ə'kauntəb(ə)l/ *adj* having to explain what you have done, especially how you have spent or received money

accountancy /ə'kauntənsi/ *noun* the study or the work of being an accountant (3) **accountant** /ə'kauntənt/ *noun* a per-

son who deals with financial accounts

accounting /ə'kauntıŋ/ noun the work of recording money paid, received, borrowed or owed accredited /ə'kreditid/ adj given official approval

③ accumulate /ə'kju:mjoleɪt/ (accumulates, accumulating, accumulated) verb to increase gradually, or collect something over a period of time ○ Fat had accumulated in the arteries. ○ We've accumulated so many books and papers since we moved into this office.

accumulation $/\partial_i kju:mjo'lei \int (\partial)n/$ *noun* **1**. the action of accumulating something **2**. an amount of something built up over time

accuracy /'ækjurəsi/ *noun* the fact of being correct in every detail

(2) **accurate** /'ækjurət/ adj correct in every detail \circ *Are the figures accurate*? \circ *We asked them to make an accurate copy of the plan.*

accurately /'ækjurətli/ adv correctly \circ *The weather forecast accurately predicted the storm.*

accusation $/_{\text{ackjut}}$ is the solution of the solution

accusative /ə'kjuːzətɪv/ *adj* in the accusative

③ accuse /ə'kju:z/ (accuses, accusing, accused) verb to say that someone has done something wrong ○ The shopkeeper accused her of theft. ○ She was accused of stealing the money. (NOTE: You accuse someone of a crime or of doing something.) accusing /ə'kju:zɪŋ/ adjas if you are accusing someone of something ○ 'You forgot to meet me,' she said in an accusing voice.

accustom /ə'kAstəm/ (accustoms, accustoming, accustomed) verb □ to accustom yourself to something to gradually accept that something is normal or usual ○ accustomed to doing something ○ They had to accustom themselves to working in Swedish. ○ It took him some time to become accustomed to driving on the right-hand side of the road.

accustomed / σ 'kAstəmd/ adj 1. normal or usual 2. used to [\sim to] \circ He is accustomed to assistants and plenty of people to help \circ She was accustomed to walking her dog in the park every morning.

ace /eIs/ noun **1**. a playing card with one spot **2**. someone who is excellent at doing something **3**. a service in tennis which the opponent cannot return

③ ache /eɪk/ noun a pain that lasts for a while. ♦ toothache, headache ■ verb (aches, aching, ached) 1. to hurt or feel

pain that lasts for a while (*formal*) **2.** to feel a painful desire

① achieve /ə't firv/ (achieves, achieving, achieved) verb to succeed in doing something after trying very hard \circ Have you achieved all your aims? \circ The company has achieved great success in the USA.

② **achievement** /ə't∫i:vmənt/ noun something which has been done successfully ○ She is very modest about her achievements. ○ Coming sixth was a great achievement, since he had never entered the competition before.

② **acid** /'æsɪd/ *noun* a chemical substance that is able to dissolve metals

acidic /ə'sıdık/ adj having a sour taste

acidity /ə'sɪdɪti/ *noun* **1**. the percentage of acid in something **2**. bitter taste

acid rain /,æsɪd 'reɪn/ noun polluted rain which kills trees

acid test /,æsɪd 'test/ *noun* a test which will show the true value of something

③ acknowledge /ək'nplidʒ/ (acknowledges, acknowledging, acknowledged) verb 1. to say that something has been received o She didn't acknowledge receiving my letter. 2. to accept that something is true [~that] o She acknowledged that she had seen me there.

acknowledgement /ək'nɒlɪdʒmənt/ *noun* a letter or note sent to say that something has been received

acne /'ækni/ noun spots on the skin, usually on the face, neck and shoulders

acolyte /'ækəlait/ *noun* a person who supports someone else, often without criticising their behaviour or opinions

acorn /'eikoin/ noun the fruit of an oak tree

acoustic /ə'ku:stik/ adj referring to sound

acoustics / ϑ 'ku:stIks/ *plural noun* the ability to carry sound without changing its quality \circ *The acoustics in the concert hall are good.*

acquaint /ə'kweint/ (acquaints, acquainting, acquainted) verb 1. \Box to be acquainted with someone or something to have some knowledge of someone or something (formal) \circ Is he acquainted with the details of the case? \circ She is acquainted with my father. **2**. to inform someone

acquaintance / σ 'kweint σ s/ noun a person you know slightly \circ She has many acquaintances in the travel industry but no real friends.

(2) acquire /ə'kwa1ə/ (acquires, acquiring, acquired) verb to become the owner of something \circ She has acquired a large collection of old books.

③ acquisition /₁ækwı'zı $\int(\partial)n/$ noun 1. the act of acquiring something \circ *His acquisition of half the shares in the company surprised the staff.* 2. a thing which has been acquired

acquisitive /ə'kwızıtıv/ *adj* always wanting to acquire new things

acquit /ə'kwit/ (acquits, acquitting, acquitted) *verb* to state formally that someone is not guilty

acquittal /ə'kwɪt(ə)l/ *noun* a decision by a court that someone is not guilty

acre /'eɪkə/ *noun* a measure of land, 4840 square yards or 0.4047 hectares (NOTE: The plural is used with figures, except before a noun: *a farm of 250 acres* or *a 250-acre farm.*)

acrid /'ækrid/ adj with a bitter smell

acrimonious /₁ækr1'məuniəs/ *adj* angry and bitter

acrobat /'ækrəbæt/ *noun* a person who performs difficult and exciting physical movements for the public

acrobatic /, akrə'bætik/ adj lively and energetic

acrobatics /, α krə'b α tıks/ plural noun **1.** acrobatic movements **2.** skills used in doing something difficult \circ *We enjoyed the verbal acrobatics as they tried to explain their actions.*

acronym /'ækrənım/ *noun* a word made from the first letters of the name of something \circ *NATO and AIDS are both acronyms*. Compare **abbreviation**

() **across** / ϑ 'krbs/ *prep* 1. from one side to the other \circ *Don't run across the road without looking to see if there is any traffic coming.* 2. on the other side of \circ *He saw her across the street.* \blacksquare *adv* from one side to the other \circ *The river is only twenty feet across.* \circ *The stream is very narrow* – *you can easily jump across.*

across-the-board /ə,kros ðə 'bɔ:d/ adj, adv having the same effect on everyone or everything

acrylic /ə'krılık/ *noun* a synthetic substance used to make many products, including fibres **a** *adj* made from acrylic

① act /ækt/ noun 1. something which is done \circ He thanked her for the many acts of friendship she had shown him over the years. 2. a part of a play or show \circ Act 2 of the play takes place in the garden. 3. a

short performance o The show includes acts by several young singers. 4. a law passed by Parliament o an act to ban the sale of weapons ■ verb (acts, acting, acted) 1. to take part in a performance such as a film or play \circ She's acted on TV many *times.* \circ *He acted the part of Hamlet in the film.* **2.** to do something \circ *You will have to* act quickly if you want to stop the fire. \Box to act as someone or something to do the work of someone or something o The thick curtain acts as a screen to cut out noise from the street. 3. to behave in a particular way \circ She's been acting very strangely. \circ She acted in a very responsible way. 4. to take effect \circ *How long will the drug take to act*? \diamond to get your act together to organise yourself properly \circ *If they don't get their* act together, they'll miss their train.

acting /'æktıŋ/ noun the profession of an actor

(1) action / ak [an/ noun 1. the fact of doing something o We recommend swift action to prevent the problem spreading. \circ What action are you going to take to pre*vent accidents?* **2.** something that is done o They've shown their commitment by their actions. 3. a movement o Avoid sudden actions that could alarm the animals. 4. the things that happen in a performance such as a play or film \circ *The action of the play* takes place in a flat in London. 5. a case in a law court where someone tries to get money from someone else o an action for libel or a libel action \circ to bring an action for damages against someone \diamond out of action not working \circ *The car has been out of* action for a week.

action-packed /'æk jon pækt/ adj with a large number of exciting events

action replay / $_{i}$ &k \int ən 'ri:plei/ noun a section of a sporting event which is shown again on TV at a slower speed, so that the action can be examined carefully

③ activate /'æktɪveɪt/ (activates, activating, activated) verb to make something start to work

(2) active /'ækt IV/adj 1. involved in an activity or activities, especially in an energetic way \circ He didn't play an active part in the attack on the police station. \circ My grandmother is still very active at the age of 88. 2. (of a volcano) exploding or likely to explode \circ Scientists think the volcano is no longer active. \blacksquare noun the form of a verb which shows that the subject is doing something (NOTE: If you say 'the car hit him' the verb is active, but in 'he was hit by the car' it is passive.)

activist /'æktīvīst/ *noun* a person who vigorously supports an organisation that works for social or political change

① activity /æk'tıvıti/ (plural activities) noun 1. the act or fact of being active \circ There is a possibility of volcanic activity. 2. something that someone does to pass time pleasantly \circ Children are offered various holiday activities – sailing, windsurfing and water-skiing.

actor /'æktə/ *noun* a person who acts in the theatre, in films or on TV

actress /'æktres/ noun a woman who acts in the theatre, in films or on TV (NOTE: Many women prefer to call themselves actors rather than actresses.)

() actual /'ækt $\int u \partial J$ adj real \circ It looks quite small but the actual height is 5 metres. \circ Her actual words were much stronger.

① actually $/ \text{`ext} \int \text{u} \partial t / \text{adv}$ really \circ It looks quite small, but actually it is over 5 metres high. \circ He said he was ill, but actually he wanted to go to the football match.

acupuncture $/ \frac{1}{8} k j \frac{1}{9} noun a$ treatment in which needles are stuck through the skin in order to reduce pain or other aspects of an illness

acute $/_{9}$ 'kju:t/ *adj* **1**. (of serious illness or pain) which starts suddenly and lasts for a short time \circ a child with acute bronchitis \circ The pain was very acute. Compare **chronic 2**. able to notice something easily \circ Dogs have an acute sense of smell.

acute accent /ə,kju:t 'æksənt/ *noun* a mark sloping forwards over a vowel, indicating a change of sound

(3) **ad** /ad/ noun an advertisement (informal) \circ If you want to sell your car quickly, put an ad in the paper.

AD /,eI 'di:/ used before or after a date to show that it is after the birth of Jesus Christ \circ *Claudius invaded Britain in 43 AD*. Full form **Anno Domini**. Compare **BC** (NOTE: Latin for 'in the year of our Lord'. Sometimes PE (Present Era) or CE (Common Era) is used to avoid referring to Jesus Christ.)

adage /'ædidʒ/ noun a traditional statement about an aspect of everyday life \circ According to the old adage, 'time is a great healer'.

Adam's apple /, adamz 'ap(a)l/ noun a piece of cartilage that makes a lump in the front of the throat, which can sometimes be seen in men

adaptable /ə'dæptəb(ə)l/ *adj* able to change or be changed easily to deal with new situations or uses

(3) adaptation /, $adap'te1 \int (3)n/$, adaption noun 1. a change which fits new situations or uses 2. something such as a film or play which has been developed from another

① add /æd/ (adds, adding, added) verb 1. to make a total of numbers \circ *If you add all these numbers together it should make fifty.* (NOTE: Adding is usually shown by the sign +: 10 + 4 = 14.) 2. to join one thing to another [~to] \circ *Interest is added to the account monthly.* \circ *Put a teabag into the pot and add boiling water.* \circ *By building the annexe, they have added thirty rooms to the hotel.* 3. to say or to write something more \circ *I have nothing to add to what I put in my letter.* \circ *She added that we still owed her some money for work she did last month.*

add up phrasal verb to make a total \Box the figures do not add up the total is not correct \diamond not add up (of information) to be confusing or difficult to accept as true \circ The story she told the police simply did not add up.

add up to phrasal verb to make a total of something

added /'ædɪd/ *adj* included as well as what there is already

addict /'ædɪkt/ *noun* a person who cannot stop doing something

addicted /ə'dıktıd/ adj unable to stop doing something

addiction $/\vartheta' dlk \int (\vartheta)n/$ *noun* the fact or state of being unable to stop doing something

addictive /ə'dɪktɪv/ *adj* which people can become addicted to

① addition /ə'd1 $\int(\operatorname{a})n/\operatorname{noun} 1$. someone or something added to something else [~to] \circ the latest addition to the family \circ He showed us the recent additions to his collection of paintings. 2. the act of adding figures to make a total \circ You don't need a calculator to do a simple addition. \diamond in addition as well \diamond in addition to as well as \circ There are twelve registered letters to be sent in addition to this parcel. (2) **additional** $/ \vartheta' dI \int (\vartheta) n \vartheta l / a dj$ included as well as what there is already

additive /'æditiv/ *noun* a substance which is added to something, especially to food to preserve it or to alter the taste or colour

(1) address /ə'dres/ noun 1. a set of details of the number of a house, the name of a street and the town where someone lives or works \circ *What is the doctor's address?* \circ Our address is: 1 Cambridge Road, Teddington, Middlesex. 2. the set of letters, symbols and numbers that identify someone's email account verb (addresses, addressing, addressed) 1, to write details such as someone's name, street and town on a letter or parcel o That letter is ad*dressed to me – don't open it!* **2.** to speak or write to someone o Please address your questions to the information office. \circ Teachers are not normally addressed as 'Sir' here. 3. to make a formal speech to a group o The chairman addressed the meeting.

address book /ə'dres buk/ noun a notebook or computer file in which you can record people's names, home addressses, telephone numbers and email addresses

③ adequate /'ædıkwət/ adj 1. enough for a purpose • We don't have adequate supplies for the whole journey. • His salary alone is barely adequate to support his family. 2. only just satisfactory

adhere /əd'hiə/ (adheres, adhering, adhered) verb to attach physically to something (formal)

adhere to *verb* to keep to a rule, agreement or promise

adhesive /∂d'hi:siv/ *adj* able to stick to things ■ *noun* a substance which sticks things together

ad hoc /,æd 'hɒk/ *adj* arranged for a specific case \circ *an ad hoc decision* \circ *We order the books on an ad hoc basis.* \blacksquare *adv* as necessary, without planning in advance \circ *I did it ad hoc.*

adj, adj. abbr adjective

adjacent / \exists 'dʒeɪs(\exists)nt/ *adj* very close to or almost touching something [\neg to] \circ *My office is in an adjacent building.* \circ *Our house is adjacent to the park.*

adjectival / ædʒɪk'taɪv(ə)l/ *adj* used like an adjective

() **adjective** $/^{a}d_{3}kt_{1}v/$ noun a word which describes a noun \circ In the phrase 'a big black cloud', 'big' and 'black' are both adjectives.

adjoin /ə'dʒəɪn/ (adjoins, adjoining, adjoined) *verb* to be close to or touching something

adjourn /ə'dʒ3:n/ (**adjourns, adjourning, adjourned**) *verb* to stop something such as a meeting or court proceedings in order to continue at a later time or date (NOTE: + **adjournment** *n*)

adjudicate /əˈdʒuːdɪkeɪt/ (adjudicates, adjudicating, adjudicated) verb 1. to give an official decision in a legal matter or a disagreement 2. to act as a judge in a competition (NOTE: + adjudicator n)

adjust /ə'dʒʌst/ (adjusts, adjusting, adjusted) verb to make a slight change to something o I need to adjust this belt a bit.
 to adjust to something to become used to something o How are you adjusting to being a parent?

adjustable $(\neg d_3 \land st \neg b(\neg) l)$ adj which can be adjusted

③ **adjustment** /ə'dʒʌstmənt/ noun a slight change to make something work well

ad-lib $/_i$ ad 'l1b/ (**ad-libs, ad-libbing, ad-libbed**) *verb* to speak without a prepared set of words

admin /'ædmin/ *noun* **1**. the work of administration **2**. staff dealing with administration (NOTE: singular or plural verb)

administer /əd'ministə/ (administers, administering, administered) verb 1. to manage or organise something 2. to give someone a drug or medical treatment (formal)

(2) administration / \exists ,mini'strei $\int(\exists)n/noun$ 1. the act of organising something such as a company or office \circ *Hospital administration must be improved.* \circ *Who's in charge of administration here*? 2. a particular government \circ *the Bush Administration*

③ **administrative** /əd'mɪnɪstrətɪv/ *adj* referring to administration

③ **administrator** /əd'mɪnɪstreɪtə/ noun a person who runs an organisation

admirable /'ædm(ə)rəb(ə)l/ *adj* which must be approved of and praised

admiral /'ædm(ə)rəl/ *noun* a high-ranking officer in a country's navy

admiration $/_{\alpha}$ dmə'rei $\int(\partial)n/$ noun respect for someone or something

(3) admire /əd'ma1ə/ (admires, admiring, admired) verb to consider someone or something with approval \circ He was admired for his skill as a violinist. \circ We admired the view from the balcony. admirer /əd'maiərə/ noun a person who loves someone or is attracted by someone

admiring /əd'maiəriŋ/ adj showing that you admire someone or something

(3) admission /əd'mɪ $\int(\Rightarrow)n/$ noun 1. the act or fact of being allowed to go into a place \circ Admission to the exhibition is free on Sundays. \circ My friend was refused admission to the restaurant because he was not wearing a tie. 2. a statement saying that something bad is true \circ Her admission that she had taken the money led to her arrest. \diamond no admission no one can enter

admission fee /ad'mI \int (a)n fi:/ *noun* an amount of money paid to go into a place such as a museum

① admit / $\operatorname{ad'in} t/(\operatorname{admits}, \operatorname{admitting}, \operatorname{admitted})$ verb to allow someone to go into a place \circ Children are admitted free, but adults have to pay. \circ This ticket admits three people. \Box to admit (to) doing something to say that you have done something wrong \circ They admitted stealing the car.

admittance /əd'mɪt(ə)ns/ noun permission for someone to go into a place (formal)

admittedly /əd'mɪtɪdli/ *adv* admitting that something is true

adolescence /, ad = les(a) ns / noun a period between childhood and adulthood, between the ages of 12 and 18

adolescent $/_{1}$ ædə'les(3)nt/ noun a young person between the ages of 12 and 18

② adopt /ə'dɒpt/ (adopts, adopting, adopted) verb 1. to take someone legally as a son or daughter o They have adopted a little boy. 2. to decide to start using something o We need to adopt a more flexible approach.

adopted /ə'dopt1d/ *adj* taken legally as someone's son or daughter

(3) **adoption** $/ \Rightarrow' dop \int \Rightarrow n / noun 1$. the legal taking of someone as a son or daughter 2. the process of starting to do or have something $[-\circ f] \circ$ the adoption of a new company name and logo

adoptive /ə'dopt IV/ *adj* having adopted a child as a son or daughter \circ *my adoptive parents*

adorable /ə'dɔːrəb(ə)l/ adj attractive and appealing

adoration / $_{\mu}$ adə' rei $\int(\partial n)/n$ noun admiration or love

adore /əˈdɔː/ (adores, adoring, adored) verb to like someone or something very much

adoring /ə'dɔ:rıŋ/ adj who or which adores

adorn /ə'dɔ:n/ (adorns, adorning, adorned) verb to decorate something with ornaments (formal)

adrenalin /ə'drenəlin/ *noun* a hormone that speeds up the heartbeat and raises the blood pressure when a person or animal is experiencing surprise, shock, fear or excitement

adrift /ə'drift/ adv floating on the water but not being guided by anyone

ADSL /_eI dir es 'el/ *abbr* asymmetrical digital subscriber line

adulation /_ædju'lerf(ə)n/ noun excessive praise

(2) adult /'ædʌlt/ noun a fully-grown person \bullet adj 1. fully grown \circ an adult tiger 2. relating to a mature person or people \circ adult fiction

adultery $\partial' dAlt(\partial)ri/$ noun sexual intercourse with someone who is not your husband or wife

adulthood /'ædʌlthud/ noun the period when someone is an adult

adv, adv. abbr 1. adverb 2. adverbial

(2) advance /əd'va:ns/ verb (advances, advancing, advanced) to move forward \circ The police slowly advanced across the square. \blacksquare noun 1. a movement forwards \circ The police have made some advances in their fight against crime. \circ The team made an advance into their opponents' half. 2. money paid as a loan or as a part of a payment to be made later \blacksquare adj done before something happens \circ She made an advance earlier than the time something happens \circ She made an advance earlier than the time something happens \circ You must phone in advance to make an appointment. \circ They asked us to pay £200 in advance.

③ advanced />d'va:nst/ adj studied at a higher level \circ He's studying advanced mathematics. \circ She's studying for an advanced degree.

advances /əd'vɑːnsız/ plural noun attempts to be friendly with someone

 () advantage /əd'va:nt idʒ/ noun something which will help you to be successful *Being able to drive a car is an advantage. Knowledge of two foreign languages is an advantage in this job.* ○ *She has several advantages over the other job candidates. to take advantage of something to profit from something o They took advantage of the cheap fares on offer.* ◇ to take advantage of something unvertex ad

fairly from someone \diamond to (good or best)

advantage in a way that helps someone or something appear especially good \circ *She* used her knowledge of Italian to good advantage.

advantageous /,ædvən'teɪdʒəs/ *adj* likely to help or make something successful

advent /'ædvent/ *noun* the introduction or appearance of something new

adventure $/ \operatorname{ad'vent} \int \operatorname{a/} noun a new, exciting and dangerous experience <math>\circ I$ must tell you about our adventures in the desert.

adventurous /əd'vent $\int(3)$ rəs/ adj **1**. happy to do something risky **2**. exciting and full of adventure

② **adverb** /'ædv3:b/ noun a word which applies to a verb, an adjective, another adverb or a whole sentence ○ In the sentence 'He walked slowly, because the snow was very thick.' both 'slowly' and 'very' are adverbs.

adverbial /æd'v3:biəl/ adj used like an adverb

adversary /'ædvəs(ə)ri/ (plural adversaries) noun the person you are fighting or opposed to

adverse /'ædv3:s/ adj (of conditions) unpleasant and unwanted \circ an adverse reaction \circ adverse effects

adversity /əd'v3:sɪt*i*/ *noun* difficult times, when you have to face all sorts of problems

③ advert /'ædv3:t/ noun same as advertisement

advertise /'ædvətaiz/ (advertises, advertising, advertised) verb to make sure that people know that something is for sale, or that something is going to happen [~for] \circ Did you see that the restaurant is advertising cheap meals on Sundays? \circ The company is advertising for secretaries. \circ I saw this watch advertised in the paper.

③ **advertisement** /əd'v3:t1smənt/ noun an announcement which tries to make sure that people know that something is for sale, or that something is going to happen

① advertising /'ædvətarzıŋ/ noun the act of making sure that people know that something is for sale, or that something is going to happen \circ The company has increased the amount of money it spends on advertising. \circ They spent millions on the advertising campaign.

() **advice** / \forall d'vais/ *noun* an opinion that someone gives you about what you should do \circ *He went to the bank manager for advice on how to pay his debts.* \circ *They would not listen to the doctor's advice.* \circ *My* grandfather gave me a very useful piece of advice. \circ His mother's advice was to stay in bed. (NOTE: no plural: use some advice or, for one item, a piece of advice)

advisable /əd'vaɪzəb(ə)l/ *adj* which is recommended

① advise /əd'vaiz/ (advises, advising, advised) verb 1. to suggest to someone what they should do \circ *He advised her to* save some of the money. 2. to suggest that something should not be done [-against] \circ *He advised against buying the house.* 3. to tell someone officially that something has happened [-that] (formal) \circ *They advised us* that the sale of the house had been completed.

(3) **adviser** /əd'vaɪzə/, **advisor** noun someone who helps people to make decisions about what to do

advisory /əd'vaız(ə)ri/ adj giving advice advocacy /'ædvəkəsi/ noun strong support for a cause or policy

advocate¹ /'ædvəkət/ *noun* **1**. a person who strongly supports someone or something **2**. a lawyer in a Scottish court

advocate² /'ædvəkeɪt/ (**advocates**, **advocating**, **advocated**) *verb* to say that something is a good thing

aerial /'eəriəl/ *noun* a piece of equipment for receiving radio or TV signals

aerobic /eə'rəubik/ adj using or needing oxygen

aerobics /eə'rəubiks/ *noun* active exercises which aim to increase the amount of oxygen taken into the body (NOTE: takes a singular verb)

aerodynamic /_ieərəudaı'næmik/ *adj* referring to the movement of objects through the air

aerodynamics /,eərəudaı'næmıks/ noun the science of the movement of objects through the air (NOTE: takes a singular verb)

aeronautical /₁eərə'nɔ:t1k(ə)l/ adj referring to the flying of aircraft

③ **aeroplane** /'eoroplein/ noun a vehicle which flies in the air, carrying passengers or goods

aerosol /'eərəsol/ *noun* tiny particles of a chemical in the air

aerospace /'eərəuspeis/ noun earth's atmosphere and space beyond it

aesthetic /i:s'θet1k/ adj pleasant, from an artistic point of view (NOTE: The usual US spelling is esthetic.)

aesthetics /i:s'θet1ks/ noun the science of and study of beauty, especially in art (NOTE: takes a singular verb. The usual US spelling is **esthetics**.)

affable /'afab(a)l/ *adj* pleasant and easy to talk to

① **affair** / ϑ 'fe ϑ / noun **1**. something which is relevant to one person or group of people only \circ That's his affair – it's nothing to do with me. \circ It's an affair for the police. \circ His business affairs were very complicated. **2**. a sexual relationship with someone who is not your husband or wife \circ He's having an affair with his boss's wife. **3**. an event \circ The party is just a family affair. **4**. an event or situation that shocks people \circ The whole sorry affair was on the front page of the newspapers for days. **■** plural noun **affairs** situations or activities relating to public or private life **□** the state of **affairs** the general situation

① affect / \exists 'fekt/ (affects, affecting, affected) verb to have an influence on someone or something \circ The new regulations have affected our business. \circ Train services have been seriously affected by the strike.

affectation /,æfek'teɪʃ(ə)n/ noun something which someone says or does in a way that does not seem natural or sincere

affected /ə'fekt1d/ adj not natural or sincere

affection / ϑ 'fek $\int(\vartheta)n/$ noun a feeling of liking someone, especially a friend [~for] \circ ' \circ They had no affection for their former home. \circ She always spoke of him with great affection.

affectionate /ə'fek∫ənət/ adj showing love

affidavit $/_{\mu}$ æfi'detvit/ *noun* a written statement which is signed and sworn before a solicitor

affiliate /ə'fɪlieɪt/ (**affiliates**, **affiliating**, **affiliated**) *verb* to connect something or someone to a larger group

affiliated /ə'filieitid/ *adj* connected to or with another as an affiliate

affiliation $/\Im_1 fili'ei \int (\Im)n/$ *noun* the act or fact of being affiliated

affinity /ə'fɪnɪti/ *noun* the fact of being similar in character

affirm /ə'f3:m/ (**affirms**, **affirming**, **affirmed**) *verb* to state publicly that something is true

affirmation $/_{i}$ æfə'mei $\int(\partial n)/\partial n$ a statement that something is true

affirmative /ə'f3:mət1v/ *noun* a word or statement meaning 'yes'

affix /'æfɪks/ *noun* a group of letters added to the beginning or end of a word to make a new word

afflict /ə'fl1kt/ (afflicts, afflicting, afflicted) verb to make someone suffer (formal; of a serious problem or illness)

affliction $/\hat{\sigma}^{\text{flik}}(\hat{\sigma})n/\text{ noun (formal) 1.}$ an illness affecting someone physically or mentally 2. something that causes distress **affluence** /'æflu@ns/ noun wealth

affluent /'æfluənt/ adj very rich

① afford /ə'fɔ:d/ (affords, affording, afforded) verb 1. to have enough money to pay for something [to do something] ○ How will you afford such an expensive holiday? □ be unable to afford, can't afford to be unable to accept something because it might cause you a problem ○ I can't afford a delay of more than three weeks. 2. to have enough time or resources to do something without it causing a problem ○ We can afford to wait three weeks but no longer. ○ They couldn't afford to lose any more public support. (NOTE: always with can or could)

affordable $/ \exists f \exists d \exists b(\exists) l / adj$ which can be afforded

affront / ∂ 'fr Λ nt/ noun an action which insults someone

afloat / ϑ 'fl ϑ ut/ adv **1**. floating, not sinking \circ She kept afloat by holding on to a piece of wood. \circ Our boat was driven onto the beach by the storm, but we managed to get it afloat again. **2**. (of a company) not in financial difficulties \circ I wonder how they manage to stay afloat when the market is so difficult.

① afraid /ə'freid/ adj frightened of something or someone $\circ I$ am afraid of snakes. \circ He is too afraid to climb the ladder. \diamond to be afraid (that) to be sorry to say $\circ I'm$ afraid that all the cakes have been sold. \circ You can't see the boss – I'm afraid he's ill. \circ Have you got a pocket calculator? – No, I'm afraid not.

① **African** /'æfrɪkən/ *adj* referring to Africa ■ *noun* a person from Africa

African American /,æfrīkən ə 'merīkən/, **Afro-American** *noun* an American whose ancestors came from Africa

African Caribbean /ˌæfrɪkən kærɪ 'bi:ən/ noun someone from the Caribbean whose ancestors came from Africa

Afro- /æfrəu/ *prefix* African, or between Africa and another country

Afro-Caribbean /,æfrəu kærı'bi:ən/ noun same as African Caribbean () after /'a:ftə/ prep 1. following or next in order to \circ If today is Tuesday, the day after tomorrow is Thursday. \circ They spoke one after the other. \circ What's the letter after Q in the alphabet? 2. later than \circ We arrived after six o 'clock. \circ We don't let the children go out alone after dark. ■ conj later than a time \circ After the snow fell, the motorways were blocked. \circ Phone me after you get home. (NOTE: after is used with many phrasal verbs: to look after, to take after, etc.) \diamond after all 1. in spite of everything \circ Everything was all right after all. 2. the fact is \circ He should be OK; after all, he is eighteen now. \diamond after you you go first

after-effects $/_1$ o:ft \Rightarrow 1 fekt/ plural noun effects which follow after something \circ The after-effects of the bomb lasted for years. \circ The operation can have some unpleasant after-effects.

afterlife /'o:ftəlaɪf/ noun 1. life believed to go on after death 2. a stage of life that follows a period or event

aftermath $/'a:ft \Rightarrow ma: \theta/$ noun the period immediately after a bad event when its effects are seen

① **afternoon** /, $a:ft \exists nu:n / noun$ the time between midday and the evening \circ *He al*ways has a little sleep in the afternoon. \circ *There is an afternoon flight to Paris.* \circ *Can we meet tomorrow afternoon?*

afters /'arftəz/ noun a sweet course of a meal (informal)

aftershave /'arftəjeiv/, aftershave lotion noun a lotion for soothing skin after shaving

aftershock/'ɑ:ftəʃɒk/ *noun* a light earth tremor felt after a major earthquake

aftertaste /'o:ftəteist/ noun **1**. a taste that continues after something has been eaten or drunk **2**. an unpleasant feeling after something has happened

afterthought /'a:ftə0o:t/ noun something which you only think of or do later

() afterwards /'orftəwədz/ adv later o We'll have lunch first and go shopping afterwards.

again /∂'gen/ adv 1. another time ○ He had to take his driving test again. □ again and again several times, usually in a firm or determined way ○ The police officer asked the same question again and again.
 back as you were before ○ Although I like going on holiday, I'm always glad to be home again.

() **against**/ə'genst/ prep 1. so as to touch • He was leaning against the wall. • She hit her head against the low doorway. 2. in opposition to \circ England is playing against South Africa tomorrow. \circ It's hard cycling uphill against the wind. \circ They went against his advice.

(1) **age** /eidʒ/ noun the number of years which you have lived ○ She is thirty years of age. ○ He looks younger than his age. ■ plural noun **ages** a very long time (informal) ○ I've been waiting here for ages. ○ It took us ages to get served. ◇ **under age** younger than the legal age to do something ○ underage drinkers

(2) **aged**¹ /etd₃d/ adj with the age of \circ a girl aged nine \circ She died last year, aged 83.

aged² /'eidʒid/ adj very old o an aged man

age group /'eidʒ gruːp/ noun all the people of a particular age

ageing /'eɪdʒɪŋ/ *adj* which is becoming older (NOTE: The US spelling is **aging**.)

age limit /'erd3 ,limit/ *noun* the youngest or oldest age at which you are allowed to do something

() **agency** /'eidʒənsi/ (plural **agencies**) noun an office which represents another firm \circ an advertising agency

③ **agenda** /a'dʒenda/ noun 1. a list of points for discussion \Box what's on the **agenda**? what are we going to discuss? 2. a set of things that someone plans to do \Box top of your agenda what someone wants most \circ *A* holiday is top of my agenda at present.

③ **agent** /'eidʒənt/ noun 1. a person who works for or represents someone else o Our head office is in London but we have an agent in Paris. 2. a person or thing that causes something o an agent of change

age of consent /,eidʒ əv kən'sent/ *noun* the age at which someone can legally agree to have sex

age-old /'eidʒ əuld/ *adj*, *adv* which has existed for a long time

aggravate /'ægrəveɪt/ (**aggravates**, **ag gravating**, **aggravated**) *verb* **1**. to make something worse **2**. to annoy someone

aggravating /'ægrəveitiŋ/ adj who or which annoys someone (*informal*)

③ **aggression** / σ 'gre $\int(\sigma)n/n$ *noun* a feeling of anger against someone that is expressed, especially in physical force \Box **an act of aggression** an attack on someone

③ **aggressive** /ə'gresīv/ *adj* ready to attack someone

aggressively /ə'gresıvli/ *adv* as if wanting to attack someone

aggressor /ə'gresə/ *noun* a person or country that attacks another

aggrieved /ə'griːvd/ *adj* annoyed because you have been badly treated

aggro /'ægrəu/ noun violent quarrelling or disagreement

aghast /ə'ga:st/ adj filled with horror and amazement

agile /'ædʒaɪl/ adj that can move easily

agitate /'ædʒɪteɪt/ (agitates, agitating, agitated) verb to stir up public opinion for or against something (NOTE: + agitator n)

agitated /'ædʒttettɪd/ *adj* very nervous, worried or upset and often not able to keep still

AGM /,eI d3i: 'em/ abbr annual general meeting

agnostic /æg'npstik/ *noun* a person who believes that no one can know if God exists. Compare **atheist**

() **ago** /a'g=U/ *ad*v in the past \circ *He phoned a few minutes ago.* \circ *This all happened a long time ago.* (NOTE: **ago** always follows a word referring to time)

agonise /'ægənaız/ (**agonises**, **agonising**, **agonised**), **agonize** verb to spend a lot of time worrying about something

agonising //ægənaızıŋ/, **agonizing** *adj* **1.** (*of pain*) very strong and painful **2.** very unhappy and difficult

③ **agony** /'ægəni/ *noun* extreme pain

agony aunt /'ægəni a:nt/ noun a person who writes an agony column

agony column / 'ægəni ,kɒləm/ noun a newspaper column giving advice on personal problems

① **agree** $/\partial$ 'gri:/ (agrees, agreeing, agreed) verb 1. to say yes or give permission \circ After some discussion he agreed to our plan. (NOTE: You agree to or on a plan.) 2. to say or show that you have the same opinion as someone else \circ Most of the group agreed with her suggestion.

agreeable /ə'gri:əb(ə)l/ *adj* pleasant **agreed** /ə'gri:d/ *adj* which has been accepted

() **agreement** /ə'gri:mənt/ noun 1. the act or fact of thinking the same ○ to reach an agreement or to come to an agreement on salaries ○ Agreement between the two sides is still a long way off. □ **they are in agreement with our plan** they agree with our plan ○ We discussed the plan with them and they are in agreement. 2. a contract ○ to draw up or to draft an agreement ○ We signed an agreement with an Italian company. ② **agriculture** /'ægrɪkʌlt∫ə/ *noun* the practice of growing crops or raising animals on farms

③ **ah** /ɑː/, **aah** *interj* showing surprise ■ noun an act of saying 'ah!' ○ The audience let out 'oohs' and 'ahs' as they watched the lion tamers.

aha /ɑː'hɑː/ *interj* showing that something has been discovered, especially expressing satisfaction or excitement

① ahead /ə'hed/ adv 1. in front \circ Our team was losing, but now we are ahead again. \circ Run on ahead and find some seats for us. \circ You need to go straight ahead, and then turn left. 2. in future \circ My diary is filled with appointments for six weeks ahead. 3. before \circ We try to fill the vacancies at least three weeks ahead. \diamond ahead of / \flat 'hed ' υ /1. in front of \circ Ahead of the others. 2. in a future time \circ You have a mass of work ahead of you. 3. before (informal) \circ They drafted in extra police ahead of the international match.

(2) **aid** /etd/ noun 1. help, especially money, food or other gifts given to people living in difficult conditions \circ aid to the earthquake zone \circ an aid worker (NOTE: This meaning of **aid** has no plural.) 2. something which helps you to do something \circ kitchen aids **u** verb (aids, aiding, aided) 1. to help something to happen 2. to help someone \diamond in aid of in order to help \circ We give money in aid of the Red Cross. \circ They are collecting money in aid of refugees.

aide /etd/ noun a person employed to assist someone important [~to] \circ *The politician came to the meeting with two of his aides.a former aide to the president*

AIDS /eIdz/ noun a viral infection which breaks down the body's immune system \circ *a clinic for people with AIDS* Full form **acquired immunodeficiency syndrome**

ailing /'eɪlɪŋ/ adj **1**. sick **2**. in financial difficulties

ailment /'eIlmənt/ *noun* an illness, though not generally a very serious one

(2) **aim** /eIm/ noun what you are trying to do \circ His aim is to do well at school and then go to university. \circ One of our aims is to increase the speed of service. \blacksquare verb (aims, aiming, aimed) 1. to plan to do something \circ We aim to go on holiday in June. 2. to point a gun at someone or something \circ He was aiming or aiming a gun at the policeman. \circ He was not aiming at the target. **aimless** /'eɪmləs/ *adj* without any particular plan (NOTE: + **aimlessly** *adv*)

ain't /eInt/ short for is not, has not, have not (informal) \circ It ain't fair. \circ He ain't finished yet.

(1) **air** /eə/ noun 1. a mixture of gases which cannot be seen, but which is all around us and which every animal breathes • *His breath was like steam in the cold air.* 2. the air the space around things and above the ground \circ *He threw the ball up* into the air. (NOTE: These meanings of air have no plural.) **3.** an appearance or feeling • There was an air of gloom over the meeting. adj referring to a method of travelling or sending goods using aircraft o new *air routes* • verb (airs, airing, aired) to make a room or clothes fresh by giving them more air \circ Let's open the windows to *air the room.* \diamond **by air** in an aircraft \circ *I don't* enjoy travelling by air. 0 It's quicker to send the letter by air.

air bag /'eə bæg/ *noun* a bag in a car which inflates if there is an accident and protects the driver or passenger

airborne /'eəbɔːn/ adj1. carried in the air 2. carried by an aircraft

air-conditioned /'eə kən,dɪ \int (ə)nd/ adj having the temperature controlled by an air-conditioner

air-conditioner /'eə kən,dɪ $\int(\partial)$ nə/ noun a device which filters and cools the air in a room

air-conditioning /'eə kən,dɪ $\int(\partial)ni\eta$ / noun a system of controlling the temperature in a place such as a room or office or a train

(2) **aircraft** /'eəkro:ft/ (plural same) noun a vehicle which flies in the air \circ *The pas*sengers got into or boarded the aircraft. \circ *The airline has a fleet of ten aircraft.*

aircraft carrier /'eəkro:ft ,kæriə/ *noun* a large ship in a navy, which has a large flat deck where aircraft can land and take off

airfare /'eəfeə/ *noun* the amount of money a passenger has to pay to travel on an aircraft

airfield /'eəfiɪld/ noun a small, usually military, airport

air force /'eə ,fɔːs/ *noun* a country's military air organisation

air hostess /'eə ,həʊstəs/ noun a woman flight attendant (*dated*)

airing cupboard /'eərɪŋ ,kʌbəd/ noun a warm cupboard where clothes can be aired

airless /'eələs/ adj without any air

airlift /'eəlift/ *noun* an emergency transporting of something by air (NOTE: + **airlift** *v*)

(2) **airline** /'eəla1n/ noun a company which takes people or goods to places in aircraft \circ The airline has been voted the most popular with business travellers. \circ He's an airline pilot.

airliner /'eəlaınə/ noun a large aircraft that carries passengers

③ **airmail** /'eəmeil/ noun a way of sending letters or parcels by air \blacksquare verb (airmails, airmailing, airmailed) to send letters or parcels by air \circ We airmailed the documents to New York.

airplane /'eəplein/ noun US an aircraft

(2) **airport** /'eəpɔ:t/ noun a place where aircraft land and take off \circ You can take the underground to the airport. \circ We are due to arrive at Heathrow Airport at midday.

airspace /'eəspeis/ *noun* the air above a country

airtight /'eətaɪt/ *adj* which does not allow air to get in or out

air time /'eə taɪm/ *noun* the amount of time that is given to a programme or subject in radio or TV broadcasting

air traffic controller /,eə ,træfik kən 'trəulə/ *noun* a person on land who gives instructions for the movements of aircraft as they land or take off

airwaves /'eəweıvz/ *plural noun* the way in which radio signals move through the air **airy** /'eəri/ *adj* full of fresh air

airy-fairy /,eəri 'feəri/ *adj* not possible to put into practice (*informal*)

aisle /aIl/ *noun* a space for walking in between seats in something such as a plane, theatre or church, or between shelf units in a shop

ajar /ə'dʒɑː/ adj slightly open

aka / ei kei 'ei/ abbr also known as

à la carte /₁æ læ 'kɑːt/ *adv*, *adj* made of several dishes ordered separately from a menu

(2) alarm /ə'lɑ:m/ noun 1. a loud warning sound \circ An alarm will sound if someone touches the wire. \Box to raise the alarm to warn everyone of danger 2. same as alarm clock \blacksquare verb (alarms, alarming, alarmed) to frighten someone \circ I don't want to alarm you, but there's a police car parked outside your house.

③ **alarm clock** /ə'lɑːm klɒk/ noun a clock which rings a bell to wake you up

alarmed /ə'la:md/ adj worried and frightened

alarming /ə'laːmɪŋ/ adj frightening

alarmist \neg \neg a = 1 and a = 1 an

alas $|\mathfrak{d}|$ as *interj* showing sadness \circ *He* died in the war, alas. \circ Alas, there is no time left to continue the discussion.

③ **albeit** /ɔːl'biːɪt/ *conj* although

(3) **album** /'ælbəm/ *noun* **1**. a large book **2**. a collection of songs on a CD, cassette or record

(3) **alcohol** / 'ælkəhol/ noun a substance in drinks such as beer or wine that can make people drunk \circ *They will not serve alcohol to anyone under the age of 18.*

alcoholic /, ælkə'holik/ adj relating to alcohol

alcoholism /ˈælkəhɒlɪz(ə)m/ noun the condition of depending on drinking alcohol regularly

alcove /'ælkəʊv/ *noun* a part of the wall of a room which is set back

③ **ale** /e1l/ noun a type of British beer, especially bitter beer, but not lager

alert /ə'lɜɪt/ *adj* watching or listening carefully, ready to notice something

(2) A Level /'e1 lev(\mathfrak{P})l/ noun an examination taken by pupils aged 17 or $18 \circ If$ you pass your A Levels, you can go on to higher education. Full form advanced level

algae /'ældʒi:/ plural noun very small organisms living in water or in wet conditions which have no stems or roots or leaves

algebra /'ældʒıbrə/ *noun* a type of mathematics where letters are used to represent quantities

alias /'eɪliəs/ *noun* a different name that is not the person's own

alibi /'ælıbaı/ (*plural* **alibis**) *noun* a claim that a person charged with a crime was somewhere else when the crime was committed

alien /'eɪliən/ noun a person who is from a foreign country

alienate /'erlianeit/ (alienates, alienating, alienated) verb 1. to make someone feel unfriendly 2. to make someone not want to support you

alienated /'eıliəneıtıd/ adj not feeling included or welcome, especially in society at large

alight /ə'laɪt/ (alights, alighting, alighted) verb to get off a vehicle (formal)

align /ə'laın/ (aligns, aligning, aligned) *verb* to arrange in line with alike

alike $|\partial ||alk|$ adj very similar \bullet adv in a similar way \circ My sister and I just don't think alike. \circ The change will affect rich and poor alike.

② **alive** /ə'laıv/ adj **1**. living ○ He was still alive when he was rescued from the burning building. ○ When my grandfather was alive, there were no supermarkets. (NOTE: not used in front of a noun: the fish is alive but a live fish.) **2**. lively ○ The holiday village really comes alive at night. ◇ **to come alive** to become busy and active

alkali /'ælkəla1/ *noun* a substance that can make an acid into a salt

alkaline /'ælkəlaın/ *adj* containing more alkali than acid

(1) **all** /3:1/ adj, pron everything or everyone • They all or All of them like coffee. • All trains stop at Clapham Junction. O Did vou pick all (of) the tomatoes? • Where are all the children? \blacksquare adv completely \circ The ground was all white after the snow had fallen. \circ I forgot all about her birthday. \diamond all along right from the beginning \diamond all at once /'oil at 'wons/ suddenly o all in 1. tired out **2.** including everything \diamond **all of a** sudden /'ɔːl ɒv ə 'sʌd(ə)n/ suddenly \diamond all over 1. everywhere over something 2. finished \diamond all right /5:1 'rait/ well \circ She was ill vesterday but she's all right now. \diamond all the same in spite of this \circ *I'm not really* keen on horror films, but I'll go with you all the same. \diamond all by yourself all alone \circ You can't do it all by vourself. \circ I'm all by myself this evening – my girlfriend's gone out. Allah /'ælə/ noun the Muslim name for God

allay /ə'leɪ/ (allays, allaying, allayed) *verb* to calm something

allegation $/_{\alpha}$ lə'ger $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun$ the suggestion that someone may have done something wrong

allege /ə'ledʒ/ (alleges, alleging, alleged) verb to suggest that someone may have done something wrong

alleged /ə'ledʒd/ *adj* suggested as a fact but not proved

allegiance /ə'liːdʒ(ə)ns/ *noun* the fact of being loyal

allegory /'æləg(\Im)ri/ *noun* a painting or story where the characters represent ideas or are symbols of something else

allergen /'ælədʒən/ noun a substance which produces an allergic reaction

allergic /ə'l3:d31k/ *adj* suffering from or referring to an allergy \Box **to be allergic to something** to react badly to a substance \circ *Many people are allergic to grass pollen.* \circ She is allergic to cats. \Box to be allergic to someone or something to dislike something or someone very much (*informal*) \odot He is allergic to jazz. \odot She is allergic to men with beards.

allergy /'ælədʒi/ (plural allergies) noun a bad reaction to a substance which makes you sneeze, or makes your skin itch, e.g. o She has an allergy to household dust. o The baby has a wheat allergy.

alleviate /ə'li:vieɪt/ (alleviates, alleviating, alleviated) verb to make something less painful

3 alley /'æli/ noun a narrow little street

③ **alliance** /ə'la1əns/ *noun* a formal agreement between two or more groups or countries

() **allied** /'ælaɪd/ adj joined in an alliance **alligator** /'ælɪgeɪtə/ noun a large reptile like a crocodile, found in the southern parts of the United States

all-important /ɔːl ɪm'pɔːtənt/ *adj* very important or necessary

all-inclusive /ɔːl ɪn'kluːsɪv/ *adj* that includes everything

all-in rate /,o:l in 'reit/, **all-in price** /,o:l in 'prais/ *noun* a price which covers every-thing

all-night /'o:l naɪt/ *adj* lasting, open or available throughout the night, or throughout a specific night

(2) **allocate** / 'æləkeɪt/ (**allocates**, **allocating**, **allocated**) *verb* to give something out to various people

allot /ə'lbt/ (allots, allotting, allotted) *verb* to give something to someone as a share of something

allotment /ə'lotmənt/ noun 1. the process of giving out money or other items to different people, groups or activities 2. a piece of land which belongs to a local council and which can be rented for growing vegetables

all-out /, o:l 'aut/ adj total, involving a lot of work

① **allow** /ə'lau/ (**allows**, **allowing**, **allowed**) verb to let someone do something ○ She allowed me to borrow her book. ○ Smoking is not allowed in the restaurant. ○ You are allowed to take two pieces of hand luggage onto the plane.

allowance /ə'lauəns/ noun 1. an amount of money paid to someone regularly $\circ a$ weekly allowance 2. an amount of money which you are allowed to earn without paying tax on it \diamond to make allowances for to take something into account \circ You must make allowances for his age.

alloy /'ælɔi/ noun a mixture of metals

all-purpose /orl 'p3:p9s/ *adj* which can be used in many different situations

all-round /'o:l raund/ adj able to do many things well, or useful in a number of different ways, not specialised \blacksquare adv 1. considering everything 2. for, from or involving everyone

all-rounder /ɔːl 'raundə/ *noun* a person who is good at anything

all-time /'o:ltaim/ adj biggest, best, worst, etc., ever (*informal*)

allude /ə'lu:d/ (alludes, alluding, alluded) verb to refer to something in an indirect way [~to] \circ *He alluded to the issue in his speech, without giving any details.*

allure /ə'luə, ə'ljuə/ noun a mysteriously attractive quality

alluring /ə'luərıŋ, ə'ljuərıŋ/ *adj* very attractive

allusion /ə'luːʒ(ə)n/ *noun* an indirect reference to something

(3) **ally**¹ /'ælaɪ/ (*plural* **allies**) *noun* a country which works together with another, especially in a war

ally² /ə'laI/ (allies, allying, allied) verb \Box to ally yourself with or to someone to join forces with someone \circ The unions have allied themselves with the opposition.

almighty /ɔːl'maɪti/ *adj* very powerful, very loud

almond /'armond/ noun a type of nut

① almost /'ɔ:lməust/ adv nearly \circ London is almost as far from here as Paris. \circ She's almost as tall as I am. \circ She'll eat almost anything. \circ Hurry up, it's almost time for the train to leave.

() alone /ə'ləun/ adj 1. with no one else \circ She lives alone with her cats. \circ He was all alone in the shop. 2. only \circ She alone knew the importance of the message. \blacksquare adv without other people \circ We don't let the children go out alone after dark. \circ I don't like travelling alone. \diamond leave alone 1. not to disturb someone \circ Leave your sister alone, she's trying to read. 2. to stop touching or playing with something \circ Leave the cat alone, it doesn't like being stroked. \circ Leave those keys alone, the noise is annoying me. \diamond to go it alone to do something, especially a business activity, without help from anyone

() along $/ \exists lon / prep 1$. by the side of \circ He has planted fruit trees along both sides of the garden path. \circ The river runs along one side of the castle. **2.** in a straight forward direction \circ She ran along the pavement. \circ Walk along the street until you come to the post office. \circ I was just driving along when I caught sight of my brother. **3.** to a place \circ John came along after about five minutes. \circ Is it OK if I bring a friend along?

③ **alongside** /ə'lɒŋsaɪd/ prep at the side of \circ The ship was tied up alongside the quay. • adv so as to be beside or level with something \circ We had stopped at a red light when a police car pulled up alongside.

aloof /ə'luːf/ *adj* quiet, private and unfriendly to other people

aloud /ə'laud/ *adv* in a voice which can be easily heard

alpha /'ælfə/ *noun* the first letter of the Greek alphabet, or a mark showing the best results. Symbol **α**

alphabet /'ælfəbet/ noun a series of letters in a specific order, e.g. A, B, C, etc. \circ *G* comes before *H* in the alphabet. \circ *If* you're going to Greece on holiday, you ought to learn the Greek alphabet.

alphabetical /,ælfə'betīk(ə)l/ adj relating to the alphabet \Box **in alphabetical order** in order of the first letter of each word \odot *The words in the dictionary are in alphabetical order.* \odot *Sort out the address cards into alphabetical order of the people's names.*

alphabetise /'ælfəbetaız/ (**alphabetis**es, **alphabetising**, **alphabetised**), **alphabetize** *verb* to put words into alphabetical order, especially automatically

() **already** / \mathfrak{s} :l'redi/ adv before now or before the time mentioned \circ I've already done my shopping. \circ It was already past ten o'clock when he arrived.

alright /'o:l'rait/ adj, adv another spelling of all right

Alsatian /al'sei(a)n/ noun a type of large dog, often used as a guard dog

(3) **alter** /' \circ :lt \circ / (alters, altering, altered) *verb* to become different, or make something different, especially in small ways or in parts only \circ *They wanted to alter the* *terms of the contract after they had signed it.* \circ *The shape of his face had altered slightly.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **altar**.)

③ **alteration** /, \circ :lt \Rightarrow 'rei $\int(\Rightarrow)n/noun$ **1**. the act of becoming different or of making something different **2**. something that has been, or needs, changing \circ *She made some alterations in the design.*

alternate¹ / \mathfrak{I} : \mathfrak{I}

alternate² /'o:ltəneit/ (alternates, alternating, alternated) *verb* to keep changing from one particular position or state to another

(2) **alternative** /51l't31n31iv/ adj **1**. in place of something else \circ *Do you have an alternative solution*? \circ *If the plane is full, we will put you on an alternative flight.* **2**. following a different way from usual **noun** something which you do instead of something else \circ *Now that she's ill, do we have any alternative to calling the holiday off*?

alternatively /ɔ:l't3:nət1vli/ adv used to offer a different possibility \circ You could go tonight. Alternatively, we could both go to-morrow.

alternative medicine /ɔːl,tɜ:nətɪv 'med(ə)sɪn/ *noun* the treating of diseases by means such as herbal medicines which are not usually used by doctors

① **although** $/\Im: l' \eth \eth \upsilon / conj$ in spite of the fact that \circ *Although it was freezing, she didn't put a coat on.* \circ *I've never been into that shop although I've often walked past it.*

③ **altitude** /'æltɪtjuːd/ noun the height above sea level

① **altogether** /, \circ :It \circ 'geð \circ / adv taking everything together \circ *The food was £10* and the drinks £5, so that makes £15 altogether. \circ *The staff of the three shops come* to 200 altogether.

altruistic /,æltru'Ist1k/ *adj* not selfish **aluminium** /,ælə'mīniəm/ *noun* a silvercoloured metal which is extremely light (NOTE: The US spelling is **aluminum**.)

① always /'ɔ:lweiz/ adv 1. every time \circ She is always late for work. \circ Why does it always rain when we want to go for a walk? 2. all the time \circ It's always hot in tropical countries. 3. frequently, especially when someone finds it annoying \circ She's always asking me to lend her money.

Alzheimer's disease /'æltsharməz dı ,zi:z/ noun a disease of the brain that leads to memory loss that gets worse and worse (1) **am** / ∂ m, æm/ 1st person present singular of **be**

() **a.m.** I_{1} eI 'em/ adv before midday $\circ I$ have to catch the 7 a.m. train to work every day. \circ Telephone calls made before 6 a.m. are charged at the cheap rate. (NOTE: **a.m.** is usually used to show the exact hour and the word **o'clock** is left out. The US spelling is **A.M.**)

amalgamate /ə'mælgəmeɪt/ (amalgamates, amalgamating, amalgamated) verb to combine things together [~with] o Our college amalgamated with King's College a few years ago. (NOTE: + amalgamation n)

amass /ə'mæs/ (**amasses**, **amassing**, **amassed**) *verb* to collect a lot of money, information or things

amateur /'æmətə, 'æmət $\int \upsilon_{2}$ / noun **1**. a person who is not paid to play his or her sport **2**. a person who does something because he or she likes doing it

amateurish /'æmətərɪʃ/ *adj* not done well or in a professional way

amaze /ə'meiz/ (amazes, amazing, amazed) verb to surprise someone very much

amazed /ə'meizd/ adj very surprised

amazement /ə'meizmənt/ noun great surprise o To his amazement he won first prize.

(2) **amazing** /ə'meiziŋ/ adj **1**. very surprising 0 It was amazing that she never suspected anything. **2**. extremely interesting and unusual 0 It was an amazing experience, sailing so far from land at night.

ambassador /æm'bæsədə/ *noun* a person who is regarded as a representative or a symbol of something

amber /'æmbə/ *noun* a yellow to dark brown substance which can be used for making jewellery

ambidextrous /_iæmb1'dekstrəs/ *adj* able to use either the right or left hand equally well

ambience /'æmbiəns/ *noun* the character and general feeling of a place

ambiguity / æmbi'gjuiiti/ *noun* the fact of having two meanings

ambiguous /æm'bıgjuəs/ *adj* having two meanings and therefore not being clear **ambition** /æm'bı $\int(\partial n) n \operatorname{oun} a$ wish to do

something special \circ *His great ambition is to ride on an elephant.*

ambitious /æm'bı∫əs/ adj with high aims

ambivalent /æm'bivələnt/ adj not sure or decided

amble $/ \exp(3) l/(3) l/(3) empty set for a model of the set of t$

() **ambulance** *l*'æmbjoləns/ *noun* a van which carries sick or injured people to hospital \circ *When she fell down the stairs, her husband called an ambulance.*

ambush /'æmbu∫/ (**ambushes**, **ambushing**, **ambushed**) *verb* to wait hidden and attack someone by surprise (NOTE: + **ambush** *n*)

amen /ɑː'men, eɪ'men/ *interj* meaning 'let this be so' used at the end of Christian prayers

③ amend /ə'mend/ (amends, amending, amended) verb to change for the better ③ amendment /ə'mendmənt/ noun a change intended to make something better amenity /ə'mi:nti/ (plural amenities) noun a feature that makes a place attractive, enjoyable or comfortable to be in

(1) **American** /ə'merikən/ *adj* relating to America or to the United States

American football /ə,merikən 'fotbo:l/ noun a type of football played in the United States

American Indian /ə,merikən 'indiən/ *adj* referring to Native Americans

amethyst /'æməθıst/ noun a purple stone which can be used for making jewellery

amiable /'eɪmiəb(ə)l/ *adj* friendly and pleasant

amicable /'æmɪkəb(ə)l/ *adj* done in a friendly way

amid /ə'mɪd/ prep in the middle of

amino acid /ə, mi:nəʊ 'æsɪd/ noun one of the chemicals that combine to make protein. Humans are only able to produce some amino acids in their bodies, so others have to be absorbed from food.

ammonia /ə'məuniə/ noun a strong poisonous gas or liquid used in cleaning products

ammunition $/_i \approx m j \upsilon' n i \int (\vartheta) n / noun$ objects such as bombs and bullets, which can be fired from weapons

amnesia /æm'niːziə/ *noun* a medical state when you forget everything

amnesty /'æmnəsti/ (plural **amnesties**) noun a period during which criminals will not be punished

amoeba /ə'mi:bə/, **ameba** /ə'mi:bə/ *noun* a living thing which consists of a single cell amoebic /ə'mi:bik/ adj caused by an amoeba

among / ϑ 'mAŋ/, **amongst** / ϑ 'mAŋst/ prep 1. surrounded by or in the middle of \circ He was standing among a crowd of tourists. 2. between a number of people in a group \circ Let's share the cake among us. 3. in addition to other people or things \circ Jack was there, among others.

amoral /eɪ'mɒrəl/ *adj* not caring about right and wrong

amorous /'æmərəs/ *adj* showing sexual love

amorphous /ə'mɔːfəs/ *adj* with no particular shape

() **amount** / σ 'maont/ noun a quantity of something \circ The amount in my bank account has reached £1000. \circ We spent a large amount of time just waiting. \Box a certain amount some but not a lot \circ Painting the house will take a certain amount of time.

amount to phrasal verb **1.** to make a total of \circ My year's savings amount to less than £1000. **2.** to be similar or equal to something \circ 1 think what he said amounts to a refusal to take part. **3.** \Box **to amount to the same thing** to mean the same, to be the same \circ Whether he took cash or free holidays, it all amounts to the same thing. \circ The remaining problems don't amount to much.

amp /æmp/ *noun* a piece of equipment which can make sounds louder

ampersand /'æmpəsænd/ *noun* a printing sign (&) meaning 'and'

amphetamine /æm¹fetəmi:n/ noun a drug which is supposed to increase the user's energy levels

amphibian /æm'fɪbiən/ *noun* an animal that lives both in water and on land

amphibious /æm'f Ibiəs/ *adj* living both in water and on land

amphitheatre /'æmf101ətə/ noun 1. a circular or oval building without a roof where theatrical events or sports competitions are held 2. a lecture hall or upper part of a theatre with seats arranged in a semicircle (NOTE: The US spelling is **amphitheater**.)

ample /'æmpəl/ adj large enough

amplifier /'æmplɪfaɪə/ *noun* a piece of equipment which makes sound louder

amplify /'æmplifaɪ/ (**amplifies**, **amplifying**, **amplified**) *verb* **1**. to make a sound louder **2**. to explain something in more detail (NOTE: + **amplification** *n*) **amputate** /'æmpjoteit/ (**amputates**, **amputating**, **amputated**) *verb* to cut off an arm, leg, finger or toe (NOTE: + **amputation** *n*)

amuse /ə'mju:z/ (amuses, amusing, amused) verb 1. to make someone laugh \circ *This story will amuse you.* \Box to amuse yourself to play or get pleasure from what you are doing \circ *The children amused themselves quietly while their parents talked.* 2. to make the time pass pleasantly for someone \circ *How can we amuse the children on the journey?*

amused /ə'mjuːzd/ *adj* thinking that something is funny

amusement /ə'm ju:zmənt/ noun a feeling of pleasure caused by something that is funny \diamond to someone's amusement making someone feel pleasure in a funny situation \circ Much to her amusement, the band played 'Happy Birthday to you!'.

amusement arcade /ə'mju:zmənt ar ,ketd/ *noun* a place with machines for playing games

amusement park /ə'mju:zmənt pa:k/ noun an open-air park with various types of entertainment

amusing /ə'mjuːzɪŋ/ adj funny

1) an /ən, æn/ article same as a² 1

anachronism /ə'nækrənız(ə)m/ noun a thing which is out of date and does not belong to the present time

anachronistic /ə,nækrə'nıstık/ *adj* not fitting the period when a play or film is supposed to take place

anaemia /ə'ni:miə/ *noun* a condition where the level of red blood cells is less than normal (NOTE: The US spelling is **anemia**.)

anaesthetic / <code>anas'9etik/ noun</code> a substance given to a patient to remove feeling, so that he or she can have an operation without feeling pain (NOTE: The US spelling is **anesthetic**.)

anaesthetise /ə'ni:sθətaɪz/ (anaesthetises, anaesthetising, anaesthetised), anaesthetize verb to give a patient an anaesthetic (NOTE: The US spelling is anesthetize.)

anaesthetist /ə'ni:sθətist/ noun a person whose job is to give patients anaesthetics (NOTE: The US term is **anesthesiologist**.)

anagram /'ænəgræm/ *noun* a word or phrase containing the letters of another word or phrase in a different order, e.g. 'Cathy' is an anagram of 'yacht' anal /'eɪn(ə)l/ adj referring to the anus analgesic /,æn(ə)l'dʒi:zɪk/ noun a painkilling drug

analogous /ə'næləgəs/ adj similar (3) analogy /ə'nælədʒi/ noun a similarity between two things

analyse /'ænəlaız/ (3rd person present plural analyses, present participle analysing, past participle analysed), analyze verb to examine closely and scientifically

① analysis /ə'næləsis/ (plural analyses) noun a close examination of the parts or elements of something \circ job analysis \circ to make an analysis of the sales or a sales analysis \circ to carry out an analysis of the market potential

analyst /'ænəlist/ *noun* **1**. a person who carries out analyses **2**. a doctor who is trained in psychoanalysis

analytical /,ænə'lɪt ɪk(ə)l/ *adj* examining something in detail

anarchic /ə'nɑːkɪk/, **anarchica** /ə 'nɑːkɪkl/ *adj* without any law or order

anarchist /'ænəkıst/ *noun* a person who tries to destroy a government by violent means, without planning to replace it in any way

anarchy /'ænəki/ *noun* a lack of law and order, because the government has lost control or because there is no government

anathema /ə'næ θ əmə/ noun something which you dislike very much

anatomy /ə'nætəmi/ *noun* the structure of the body or of part of the body

ancestor /'ænsestə/ *noun* a member of a family who has been dead for a long time

ancestry /'ænsestri/ *noun* your family going back over many generations

anchor /'æŋkə/ *noun* a large metal hook which holds a ship in place \blacksquare *verb* (**anchors, anchoring, anchored**) **1.** (*of a ship*) to drop an anchor to stay in the same place **2.** to hold something firmly in position

anchorman /'æŋkəmæn/ (plural anchormen) noun the main presenter on a TV news show

anchovy /'æntʃəvi, æn'tʃəʊvi/ (plural **anchovies** or *same*) *noun* a small, very salty fish

(2) **ancient** $I' e in \int adj$ very old, or belonging to a time long ago \circ *He was riding an ancient bicycle.*

() **and** /ən, ənd, ænd/ conj used to join two words or phrases \circ All my uncles and aunts live in the country. \circ The children were running about and singing. \circ Come and sit down next to me. (NOTE: **and** is used to say numbers after 100: 'seven hundred and two (702)') \diamond and so on, and so forth, and so on and so forth with other similar things \circ He talked about plants, flowers, vegetables, and so on.

anecdotal /_iænık'dəut(ə)l/ *adj* coming from stories told by individual people

anecdote *l*'ænikdout/ *noun* a usually humorous story based on something which has taken place

anemia, anemic US spelling of anaemia anesthesia, anesthetic, anesthetist, anesthetize US spelling of anaesthetist

anesthesiologist *noun* US a person whose job is to give patients anaesthetics (NOTE: The US term is **anesthesiologist**.)

angel /'eindʒəl/ *noun* **1**. a heavenly being **2**. a sweet, kind person

③ **anger** /'æŋgə/ noun a feeling of being very annoyed \circ *He managed to control his anger*. \circ *She couldn't hide the anger she felt*.

③ **angle** /*æŋgəl/ noun a corner where two lines meet \circ She planted the tree in the angle of the two walls. \diamond at an angle not straight \circ The shop front is at an angle to the road.

angle for phrasal verb to try to get something

angle bracket /,æŋgəl 'brækıt/ *noun* a printed symbol < or >, used around text, especially in instructions for a computer

Anglican /ˈæŋglɪkən/ noun a member of the Anglican Church

angling /'æŋglıŋ/ noun the sport of catching fish with a rod (NOTE: + angler n) Anglo- /æŋgləu/ prefix English, between

England and another country

angora /æŋ'gɔːrə/ *adj* made of wool from an angora

angrily /'æŋgrɪli/ adv in an angry way \circ *He shouted angrily when the children climbed over the fence.*

() **angry** /'æŋgri/ (**angrier**, **angriest**) adj upset and annoyed, and sometimes wanting to harm someone \circ *The shopkeeper is* angry with the children because they broke his window. \circ *He gets angry if the post is* late. \circ *I am angry that the government is* doing nothing to prevent crime. \circ When the cashier still hadn't arrived at midday the boss got angrier.

angst /æŋst/ noun great worry about life anguish /'æŋgwıʃ/ noun great mental suffering

anguished /'æŋgwijt/ adj showing or feeling great suffering

angular /'æŋgjulə/ adj 1. with sharp corners 2. with sharp-looking bones

() **animal** I' ænim(\Rightarrow)I/ noun a living thing that moves independently $\circ I$ love having animals as pets. (NOTE: **animal** may include humans in scientific contexts.)

animated /'ænimeitid/ adj full of life and energy

animation $/_i$ more f(a)n/ noun 1. being lively 2. the process of making animated films

animosity /₁ænɪ'mɒsɪti/ *noun* a strong feeling of dislike towards someone

ankle /'æŋkəl/ *noun* the part of the body where your leg joins your foot

annex $/\partial^{n}$ neks/ (annexes, annexing, annexed) verb to take possession of land which belongs to another state (NOTE: + annexation n)

annexe /'æneks/ *noun* a less important building attached to another building (NOTE: The US spelling is **annex**.)

annihilate /ə'naɪəleɪt/ (**annihilates**, **annihilating**, **annihilated**) *verb* to destroy something completely (NOTE: + **annihilation** *n*)

() **anniversary** $/_i \alpha n 1'v_3:s(\vartheta)ri/$ (*plural* **anniversaries**) *noun* the same date as an important event that happened in the past

annotate /'ænəteɪt/ (annotates, annotating, annotated) verb to add notes to a text

annotation $/_{i}$ an ϑ' ter $\int(\vartheta)n/$ noun a note added to a text

① **announce** /ə'naons/ (announces, announcing, announced) verb to say something officially or in public [~(that)] \odot She announced the results of the competition. \circ She announced that she would stand for election.

() **announcement** /ə'naunsmənt/ noun a statement made in public o The managing director made an announcement to the staff. o There were several announcements concerning flight changes.

announcer /ə'naunsə/ *noun* a person who reads the news or announces programmes on radio or TV

(3) **annoy** /ə'nɔi/ (**annoys**, **annoying**, **annoyed**) *verb* to make someone feel slightly angry, upset or impatient \circ *Their rude behaviour really annoyed us*.

annoyance $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$

someone is annoyed $\circ I$ took both sets of keys home with me, much to his annoyance.

① **annoyed** /ə'nɔīd/ adj slightly angry, upset or impatient \circ *He was annoyed with his neighbour who had cut down one of his trees.* \circ *I was annoyed to find someone had stolen my mobile phone.*

① annoying /ə'nɔiıŋ/ adj making you angry, upset or impatient [~that] ○ How annoying! I forgot to buy the milk. ○ The baby has an annoying cough which won't go away. ○ I find it very annoying that the post doesn't come before 10 o'clock.

2 annual /'ænjuəl/ adj happening once a year o The village fair is an annual event.
 I get annual interest of 6% on my savings account. (NOTE: + annually adv)

annul / ϑ 'nAl/ (annuls, annulling, annulled) verb to stop something being legally valid \circ The marriage was annulled \circ They want to annul the contract.

anomaly /ə'nɒməli/ *noun* an unusual thing

anon /ə'non/ abbr anonymous

anonymity /,ænə'nımıti/ *noun* the hiding of your real name

anonymous /ə'nɒnɪməs/ *adj* without stating a name

anorak /'ænəræk/ noun someone who is too interested in a particular subject, especially one that seems unfashionable or dull to other people (*informal*)

anorexia /_aænə'reksiə/ *noun* a condition caused by an extreme fear of becoming fat and marked by ill health as a result of not eating enough

anorexic /,ænə'reksik/ *adj* referring to or affected by anorexia

(1) **another** /ə'nʌðə/ adj, pron 1. one more \circ I'd like another cake, please. \circ Would you like another? **2.** a different one \circ He's bought another car. \circ She tried on one dress after another, but couldn't find anything she liked. b each other, one another (1) **answer** /'ainsə/ noun **1**. something that you say or write when someone has asked you a question o The answer to your question is yes. 2. the act of picking up a telephone that is ringing $\circ I$ phoned his office but there was no answer.
verb (answers, answering, answered) 1. to speak or write words to someone who has spoken to you or asked you a question [~that] \circ He never answers my letters. 0 I answered truthfully that the news had surprised me. 2. D to answer the phone to speak and listen to a telephone caller o His mother usually answers the phone. \Box to answer the **door** to open the door to someone who knocks or rings the bell \circ *No-one answered the door though I knocked twice.* \diamond **in answer to** as a reply to \circ *I am writing in answer to your letter of October 6th.*

answer back *phrasal verb* to speak to someone in a rude way

() **answerphone** /'ɑːnsəfəun/ noun a machine which answers the telephone automatically when someone is not in the office or at home, and allows messages to be recorded

ant /ænt/ noun a small insect that lives in large groups

antagonise /æn'tægənaız/ (antagonises, antagonising, antagonised), antagonize verb to make someone feel angry or impatient

antagonism /æn'tægənız(ə)m/ noun a strong feeling of dislike towards someone

antelope /'æntɪləup/ noun an African deer which can run very fast

antenna /æn'tenə/ (*plural* **antennae** or **antennas**) *noun* a person's ability to know something without being told

anthem /'ænθəm/ *noun* a song for a group of singers

anthology /æn'θplədʒi/ (*plural* **anthologies**) *noun* a collection of stories or poems

anthrax /'ænθræks/ *noun* a serious disease of cows and sheep, which can be caught by people

anthropoid /ˈænθrəpɔɪd/ adj similar to a human

anthropology /_iænθrə'pɒlədʒi/ noun the study of people and culture

anti- /ænti/ prefix against

antibiotic /, æntibaɪ'btık/ noun a substance which kills harmful organisms such as bacteria

(3) **antibody** /'ænt1bbdi/ (plural **antibodies**) *noun* a natural substance produced by the body to fight disease

(3) anticipate /æn'tISIPEIT/ (anticipates, anticipating, anticipated) verb 1. to expect something to happen [~(that)] \circ We are anticipating floods or that there will be floods. 2. to act because you see something is about to happen \circ He anticipated trouble at the meeting and left early.

(3) **anticipation** $/aen_t tist 'pei \int (\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun excitement because you expect that something will happen

anticlimax /,ænti'klaımæks/ *noun* a feeling of disappointment when something does not turn out as expected

anticlockwise /,ænti'klokwaiz/ adv, adj in the opposite direction to the hands of a clock \circ an anticlockwise movement \circ He was driving anticlockwise round the ring road when the accident took place.

antics /*ent1ks/ plural noun funny or silly behaviour \circ the antics of the clowns in the circus \circ The students' antics cost them their places at university.

antidepressant / æntid1'pres(ə)nt/ noun a drug that is used to treat a person suffering from depression

antidote //æntɪdəʊt/*noun* **1**. a substance which balances the effect of a poison **2**. something which balances a bad influence

antifreeze /'æntifri:z/ *noun* a liquid you put in the engine of a car to prevent it from freezing in cold weather

antipathy /æn't1pə0i/ noun a strong dislike

antiquarian bookseller /,æntī ,kweəriən ,buk'selə/ noun a person who sells old books

antiquated /'æntikweitid/ adj very old and out of date

antique /æn'ti:k/ *noun* an old and valuable object \circ *He collects antiques.* \blacksquare *adj* old and valuable \circ *an antique Chinese vase*

antiquities /æn't1kw1ti1z/ plural noun old objects from ancient times

antiquity /æn'tıkwıti/ *noun* ancient times

anti-Semitic /_iænti sə'mītīk/ *adj* showing hate towards Jewish people

③ **antiseptic** /,ænt1'sept1k/ noun a substance which prevents infection **a** *adj* preventing infection o an antiseptic dressing o an antiseptic mouthwash

antisocial $/_{\alpha}$ enti'sə υ ((ə)l/ adj unfriendly, not wanting to meet other people

antithesis /æn't1 θ sis/ (plural antitheses) noun the exact opposite of something antlers /'ænt1 θ z/ plural noun the horns of a deer \circ Deer grow new antlers each summer and then shed them in the winter.

antonym /'æntənım/ *noun* a word which means the opposite of another word

anus /'eɪnəs/ *noun* the opening at the end of the rectum, through which solid waste matter passes from the body

③ **anxiety** $/ \exp 2 \operatorname{aryiz}(p) / \exp 2 \operatorname{anxieties})$ noun **1.** nervous worry about something [-about/over] \circ Her anxiety about her job prospects began to affect her health. **2.** the state of being keen to do something \circ In his anxiety to get away quickly, he forgot to lock the door. (3) **anxious** /'æŋk∫əs/ adj **1**. nervous and very worried about something ○ She's anxious about the baby. **2**. keen to do something ○ The shopkeeper is always anxious to please his customers.

() **anxiously** $/' \exp\{s\}$ adv in a nervous, worried way \circ *They are waiting anxiously for the results of the exam.*

() **any** /'eni/ adj, pron 1. it doesn't matter which \circ I'm free any day next week except Tuesday. 2. (usually in questions) a small quantity \circ Have you got any money left? \circ Is there any food for me? \circ Would you like any more to eat? \circ Will any of your friends be there? \Box not...any not even a little more (used to emphasise comparatives) \circ He can't cycle any faster. \circ She's been in hospital for two weeks and isn't any better. \circ Can't you sing any louder? \diamond not...any none \circ I don't like any of the paintings in the exhibition. \circ Can you lend me some money? – sorry, I haven't got any.

() anybody /'enibodi/ pron same as anyone

() **anyhow** /'enihau/ adv 1. in a careless way 2. same as **anyway**

③ anymore /,eni'mɔː/, any more ◇ not ... anymore no longer ○ We don't go there anymore.

anyone / eniwAn/ pron any person at all • Anyone can learn to ride a bike.
• **any one else** any other person • Is there anyone else who can't see the screen?

③ **anyplace** /'enipleis/ adv US same as **anywhere** (*informal*)

() anything /'eni θ in/ pron 1. it doesn't matter what \circ You can eat anything you want. \circ Our dog will bite anything that moves. 2. (in questions or negatives) something \circ Did you hear anything make a noise during the night? \circ Has anything happened to their plans for a long holiday? \circ Do you want anything more to drink? \circ We didn't do anything interesting at the weekend.

() **anyway** /'eniwei/ adv despite something else \circ *I'm not supposed to drink during the daytime, but I'll have a beer anyway.* \circ *I think it's time to leave – anyway, the last bus is at 11.40.*

① **anywhere** /'eniweə/ adv **1**. it does not matter where ○ Put the chair anywhere. **2**. (in questions or negatives) somewhere ○ Did you go anywhere at the weekend? ○ Is there anywhere where I can sit down? ○ I can't see your wallet anywhere.

() **apart** / a' part / adv **1**. separated \circ *The two villages are about six miles apart.* **2**. in

apartheid

separate pieces \circ *He took the watch apart.* \diamond **apart from** except for \circ *Do you have any special interests apart from your work?* \circ *I'm feeling fine, apart from a slight cold.*

apartheid /ə'po:theit/ *noun* a policy in the past in South Africa of separating black people from the white population

(2) **apartment** / ϑ 'pa:tmənt/ noun a separate set of rooms for living in \circ She shares an apartment with a friend.

apathetic /₁æpə'θet1k/ *adj* not caring about anything, not interested in anything **apathy** /'æpəθi/ *noun* not having any interest in anything

ape /eip/ noun a large monkey

aperture /'æpət∫ə/ noun a little hole

apex /'eɪpeks/ (plural **apexes** or **apices**) noun the top or highest part of a pointed shape

aphrodisiac /,æfrə'dıziæk/ *noun* a substance which makes people want to have sex ■ *adj* making people want to have sex **apiece** /ə'piis/ *ady* each

aplomb /ə'plom/ noun a calm and self-

confident attitude apocalyptic /a ppka/lintik/ adiwarning

apocalyptic /ə,ppkə'lıptık/ *adj* warning about the end of the world

apocryphal /ə'pɒkrəf(ə)l/ *adj* famous, but probably not true

apologetic /ə,polə'dʒet1k/ *adj* showing that you are sorry for something

(2) **apologise** /3' ppl $3_{31Z}/$ (**apologises, apologising, apologised**), **apologize** verb to say you are sorry \circ He shouted at her and then apologised. \circ She apologised for being late.

(2) **apology** /ə'pplədʒi/ noun (plural **apologies**) an act of indicating that you are sorry \mathbf{u} plural noun **apologies** a statement indicating that you are sorry, especially if you cannot attend a meeting \circ My apologies for being so late. \circ Please give the chairman my apologies.

apostrophe /ə'postrəfi/ *noun* a printing sign ('), either showing that a letter has been left out, e.g. weren't, or after a noun to show possession, e.g. Ben's coat or the girls' coats

appal /ə'pɔ:l/ (**appals, appalling, appalled**) *verb* to shock or offend someone very much (NOTE: The US spelling is **appall**.)

appalled /ə'pɔ:ld/ adj very shocked appalling /ə'pɔ:lıŋ/ adj horrible, shocking

apparatus /,æpə'reɪtəs/ *noun* scientific or medical equipment ② **apparent** /ə'pærənt/ *adj* **1**. easy to see or accept as true ○ *It was apparent to everyone that she was annoyed.* **2**. possibly different from what something seems to be ○ *There is an apparent mistake in the accounts.*

① **apparently** $/\Rightarrow'p$ are ntli/adv according to what you have seen or heard \circ Apparently she took the last train home and then disappeared. \circ He didn't come to work today – apparently he's got a cold.

apparition $/_i \exp \vartheta' r_I \int (\vartheta) n / noun$ something which you think you see

① **appeal** /ə'pi:l/ noun 1. an act of asking for help \circ The police have made an appeal for witnesses. \circ The hospital is launching an appeal to raise £50,000. **2.** an attractive quality \circ the strong appeal of Greece as a holiday destination • verb 1. to ask for something [-for] \circ They appealed for money to continue their work. **2.** to attract someone [-to] \circ These CDs appeal to the teenage market. \circ The idea of working in Australia for six months appealed to her. **3.** to make a legal request for a court to look again at a decision [~against] \circ He has appealed against the sentence.

appealing / ϑ 'pi:Inj/ adj **1.** attractive \circ The design has proved appealing to our older customers. **2.** wanting help or support \circ The child gave her an appealing look as she got up to leave. (NOTE: only used before a noun)

① **appear** /ə'p1ə/ (**appears**, **appearing**, **appeared**) verb 1. to start to be seen $\circ A$ ship appeared through the fog. 2. to seem to be or do something [~(that)] \circ She appeared rather cross. \circ There appears to be a mistake. \circ He appears to have forgotten the time. \circ It appears that they didn't receive the invitation. 3. to play a part in a film or play or take part in a TV programme [~in/~on] \circ She appears regularly in shows on TV.

① **appearance** /ə'pɪərəns/ noun 1. the way that someone or something looks \circ You could tell from his appearance that he had been sleeping rough. 2. the fact of being present somewhere, especially unexpectedly \circ The appearance of a teacher caused them to fall silent. \Box to put in an **appearance** to go somewhere where other people are for a short time 3. the beginning of something new \circ the rapid appearance of mobile phone shops all over the country \circ They were worried by the sudden appearance of a red rash. 4. an occasion when someone is performing in a film or play or on TV \circ *This is her second appearance in a film.* \blacksquare *plural noun* looks \square **to keep up appearances** to try to show that you are still as rich or important as you were before

appease /3' pirz/ (appeases, appeasing, appeased) verb 1. to give someone something that they want, even if it is unreasonable, to try to avoid worse problems arising (NOTE: + appeasement n) 2. to try to avoid or prevent something \circ He ate an apple to appease his hunger.

appendicitis /ə,pendi'saitis/ *noun* an illness that affects the appendix

③ **appendix** /ə'pend1ks/ (*plural* **appendices**) *noun* **1**. a small part inside the body which has no real purpose but can become infected, causing appendicitis **2**. a section at the back of a book, containing additional information

appetiser /'æpɪtaɪzə/ noun a small amount of food before a main meal

appetising /'æpɪtaɪzɪŋ/, **appetizing** *adj* looking or smelling good and making you want to eat

appetite /'æpitait/ noun **1**. a need or wish to eat \circ Going for a long walk has given me an appetite. \circ He's not feeling well and has lost his appetite. **2**. a strong wish to do something \circ She has an appetite for hard work.

applaud /ə'plɔ:d/ (**applauds, applauding, applauded**) *verb* to clap to show that you like something

applause /ə'plɔ:z/ *noun* the act of clapping your hands together several times to show that you liked a performance

() **apple** $/^{*} \exp(\Im) l/$ noun a common fruit that is hard, round and sweet, and grows on a tree \circ Don't eat apples that are not ripe – they'll make you ill.

appliance /ə'plaɪəns/ *noun* a machine such as a washing machine or cooker used in the home

applicable /ə'plɪkəb(ə)l/ *adj* able to be applied in particular cases

applicant /'æplikənt/ noun a person who applies for something \circ job applicants \circ Applicants for licences must fill in this form.

① **application** /,æpl1'ke1 $\int(\Im)n/noun$ 1. the process of putting something on something else \circ Several applications of the cream will be necessary. 2. the process or act of applying for something such as a job or place on a course [~for] \circ We've received dozens of applications for the job. \Box an application to do something a formal request to do something \circ She's put in an application to transfer to another department.

(3) **application form** /_iæplı'keı∫(ə)n _ifɔ:m/ *noun* a form which has to be filled in to apply for something

① **apply** /ə'plai/ (**applies**, **applying**, **applied**) verb **1**. to ask for something formally [-for] \circ She applied for a job in the supermarket. \circ He's applying for a place at university. \Box to apply to do something to ask formally if you can do something \circ No-one has applied to join the club this year. **2**. to put something onto something \circ Wait until the first coat of paint is dry before you apply the second. **3**. to affect or be relevant to someone or something [-to] \circ This rule only applies to people coming from outside the EU.

 appoint /ə'pɔint/ (appoints, appointing, appointed) verb to give someone a job

 He was appointed (as) manager or to the
 post of manager.
 We want to appoint
 someone to manage our sales department.
 (NOTE: You appoint a person to a job.)

() **appointment** /ə'pɔintmənt/ noun 1. an agreed time for a meeting \circ *I* want to make an appointment to see the doctor. \circ She was late for her appointment. \Box on her appointment as manager when she was made a manager 2. the process of being given a job 3. a job \circ *We are going to make three new appointments.*

(3) **appraisal** /ə'preiz(ə)l/ *noun* a report on the value of someone or something

appraise /ə'preiz/ (**appraises**, **appraising**, **appraised**) *verb* to judge how well someone or something is working

appreciable /ə'pri:ʃəb(ə)l/ adj able to be felt or noticed

() appreciate $/\partial^{\circ} prit_{j,ell}$ (appreciates, appreciating, appreciated) verb to recognise the value of something \circ Shoppers always appreciate a bargain.

appreciation $\partial_{\vartheta_1} \operatorname{pris} (\mathfrak{f}) (\mathfrak{g}) n / noun \mathbf{1}$. showing that you recognise the value of something **2**. an increase in value

appreciative /ə'priɪ∫ətɪv/ *adj* **1**. being very grateful **2**. showing enjoyment

apprehension /,æprɪ'hen∫ən/ *noun* a worry about what is going to happen. Compare **misapprehension**

apprehensive /_iæpr1'hens1v/ adj worried about the future

apprentice /ə'prent1s/ noun a young person who works as an assistant to a skilled person in order to learn from them o He's started work as a plumber's apprentice.

apprenticeship

apprenticeship /ə'prentisſip/ noun the time someone spends as an apprentice (2) **approach** /ə'prəotʃ/ noun 1. the fact of coming nearer \circ With the approach of winter we need to get the central heating checked. 2. a way which leads to something \circ The approaches to the city were crowded with coaches. 3. a way of dealing with a situation \circ His approach to the question was different from hers. \blacksquare verb (approaches, approaching, approached) to come near \circ The plane was approaching the airport when the lights went out.

approachable /ə'prəut ∫əb(ə)l/ adjeasy to talk to

approaching /ə'prəut∫ıŋ/ *adj* coming nearer

① **appropriate** / ϑ 'pr ϑ upri ϑ t/ *adj* suitable for a particular situation \circ *That skirt is not really appropriate for gardening.* \circ *We leave it to you to take appropriate action.*

(2) **approval** $/\Rightarrow'$ pru:v(\Rightarrow)l/ noun the act of agreeing \circ The committee gave their approval to the scheme. \circ Does the choice of colour have your approval or meet with your approval?

② approve /ə'pru:v/ (approves, approving, approved) verb 1. to agree to something officially or the committee approved the scheme. 2. to think something is good [-of] or He doesn't approve of loud music.

approving /ə'pruːvɪŋ/ adj showing agreement

approximate /ə'proksimət/ *adj* more or less correct

① **approximately** / ϑ 'proksimatli/ adv not exactly \circ *It takes approximately 35 minutes to get to the city centre from here.*

apricot /'eɪprɪkɒt/ *noun* a fruit with yellow flesh and a hard stone

① **April** /'eɪprəl/ noun the fourth month of the year, the month after March and before May ○ Her birthday is in April. ○ We went on holiday last April. (NOTE: **April 5th** or **April 5**: say 'the fifth of April' or 'April the fifth' or in US English 'April fifth'.)

apron /'eɪprən/ noun **1**. a piece of clothing worn over the front of your usual clothes to protect them when cooking **2**. (*at an airport*) a piece of ground on which planes can be parked

apt /æpt/ adj fitting well \diamond to be apt to do something to be likely to do something regularly \circ *Our old car was apt to break down on motorways.*

aptitude /'æpt1,tju:d/ noun a natural ability that can be developed further [~for] • She shows real aptitude for teaching. **aquarium** /ə'kweəriəm/ *noun* a tank for keeping tropical fish in

Aquarius /ə'kweəriəs/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a person carrying water, covering the period 20th January to 18th February

aquatic /ə'kwætık/ *adj* **1**. living in water, not on land (NOTE: Animals and plants that live on land are **terrestrial**.) **2**. taking place in water

aqueduct /'ækwɪdʌkt/ noun a high bridge carrying water over a valley

Arab /'ærəb/ noun a person who speaks Arabic and who comes from one of the countries in the Middle East

Arabic /'ærəbik/ noun the language spoken by Arabs

Arabic numeral /₁ærəbik 'nju:mərəl/ noun one of the set of written symbols such as 2, 3 or 6 used to represent numbers. Compare **Roman numeral**

arbiter /'aɪbɪtə/ *noun* a person who decides what is fashionable

arbitrary /'a:bitrəri/ adj done without any reason

arbitration $/_{,0}$:b1'trei $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the settling of an argument by an official judge, accepted by both sides (NOTE: + **arbitrate** v_{i} + **arbitrator** n)

③ **arc** /aːk/ noun a curve, like part of a circle

③ arcade /ɑː'keɪd/ noun a covered area for walking around a square or an area of shops

arcane /a:'kein/ adj mysterious and secret

(3) **arch** $/ \operatorname{art} \int / \operatorname{noun} a$ round structure forming a roof or entrance \blacksquare verb (arches, arching, arched) to make something round like an arch \circ *The cat arched her back and started spitting.*

③ **archaeologist** /,ɑ:ki'ɒlədʒist/ *noun* a person who studies or is a specialist in archaeology

(3) **archaeology** /,ɑːki'ɒlədʒi/ *noun* the digging up of buried remains of buildings to study ancient civilisations (NOTE: + **ar-chaeological** *adj*)

archaic /oː'keIIk/ adj 1. dating from ancient times 2. old-fashioned

archbishop /aːtʃ'bɪʃəp/ *noun* a bishop holding the highest rank

archer /'a:t $\int \partial$ / *noun* a person who shoots with a bow and arrows

archery /'aɪtʃəri/ *noun* the sport of shooting arrows at targets

archetypal / aːkɪ'taɪp(ə)l/ adj very typical

archetype /'a:kitaip/ noun a typical example of something

archipelago /,ɑːkɪ'peləgəʊ/ (plural archipelagos or archipelagoes) noun a group of islands

③ **architect** /'arkitekt/ noun a person who designs buildings

(3) **architecture** $/ a:kitekt \int a / noun$ the design of buildings

archive /'ɑːkaɪv/ *noun* **1**. an organised collection of documents **2**. a place where archives are kept **3**. a copy of computer files stored on tape or disk

archives /'aːkaɪvz/ *plural noun* a collection of documents

archway /'uːtʃweɪ/ noun a passage which goes under an arch

arctic /' α :ktik/ *adj* **1**. referring to the area round the North Pole **2**. extremely cold **a** *noun* **the Arctic** the area round the North Pole \circ *The Arctic is home to polar bears*.

ardent /'ard(a)nt/ adj very keen

arduous /'aːdjuəs/ *adj* extremely difficult and needing a lot of effort or work

() **are** /ə, a:/ 1st person plural present of **be**. 2nd person singular present of **be**. 2nd person plural present of **be**. 3rd person plural present of **be**.

(1) area /'eəriə/ noun 1. a space \circ The whole area round the town hall is going to be rebuilt. • We always sit in the 'no smoking' area. 2. a measurement of the space taken up by something, calculated by multiplying the length by the width o The area of the room is four square metres. \circ We are looking for a shop with a sales area of about 100 square metres. 3. a part of a town or country \circ Our house is near the *commercial area of the town.* \circ *The factory* is in a very good area for getting to the motorways and airports.
□ the London area the part of England around London \circ Houses in the London area are more expensive than elsewhere in the country.

① **area code** /'eəriə kəud/ *noun* a special telephone number which is given to a particular area

arena /ə'ri:nə/ noun **1**. a building with seats for people to sit and watch events like sports or fights **2**. a field of activity where something happens

1) aren't /arnt/ , be

arguable /'ɑːɡjuəb(ə)l/ *adj* possibly not true

arguably /'aːgjuəbli/ adv quite possibly true

① argue /'ɑ:gju:/ (argues, arguing, argued) verb to discuss without agreeing, often in a noisy or angry way ○ They argued over the prices. ○ She argued with the waiter about the bill. ○ I could hear them arguing in the next room. (NOTE: You argue with someone about or over something.)

① **argument** /'a:gjom=nt/ noun a situation in which people discuss something without agreeing \circ Nobody would back her up in her argument with the boss. \Box to get into an argument with someone to start to argue with someone \circ He got into an argument with the taxi driver.

argumentative /, argju^{mentativ/} adj liking to argue

arid /'ærɪd/ *adj* extremely dry because of a regular lack of rain

Aries /'eəri:z/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a ram, covering the period 21st March to 19th April

(2) arise /3'raiz/ (arises, arising, arose, arisen) verb to start to appear \circ The problem arose in the planning department.

aristocracy /_aærı'stokrəsi/ noun the people of the highest class in society, usually with titles such as Lord or Duke

aristocrat /'ærɪstəkræt/ *noun* a member of the aristocracy

aristocratic /,ærɪstə'krætɪk/ *adj* referring to the aristocracy

③ **arithmetic** /ə'rɪθmətɪk/ *noun* calculations with numbers, especially as a subject studied at school

① **arm** /a:m/ noun **1**. the part of the body which goes from the shoulder to the hand \circ *He held the parcel under his arm.* \circ *She tripped over the pavement and broke her arm.* **2**. the part of a chair which you can rest your arms on \circ *He put his coffee cup* on the arm of his chair. **•** verb (**arms, arming, armed**) to give weapons to \circ *The police were armed with guns.* \diamond **arm in arm** with arms linked together \circ *They walked down the street arm in arm.*

armaments /'a:məmənts/ plural noun heavy weapons \circ an important armaments manufacturer \circ Britain has been supplying armaments to the Middle Eastern countries.

armband /'armbænd/ noun a band of cloth which goes round your arm

armchair /'ɑːmt∫eə/ *noun* a chair with arms

(2) **armed** /a:md/ adj **1**. provided with weapons \circ Most British policemen are not armed. \circ Armed guards surrounded the house. **2**. involving weapons \circ the armed struggle between the two groups **3**. ready for use as a weapon \circ The device is already armed. \diamond **armed with** provided with \circ Armed with picnic baskets, towels and cameras, we set off for the beach.

armed forces /,ɑ:md 'fɔ:sız/, armed services /,ɑ:md 'sɔ:vɪsız/ plural noun the army, navy and air force of a country

armful /'aːmful/ noun an amount of things you can carry in your arms

armistice /'armistis/ noun an agreement to stop fighting

armour /'ɑːmə/ noun **1**. metal clothing which soldiers wore in the past, to protect their bodies **2**. sheets of thick metal covering on military ships or vehicles, to protect them against attack (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **armor**.)

armoured /'a:məd/ adj protected by armour

armpit /'a:mpit/ noun the part of your body under each arm where it joins the body

arms race /'dimz reis/ *noun* competition between countries to have the largest number of weapons or the most powerful weapons

① **army** /'a:mi/ (plural **armies**) noun all the soldiers of a country, trained for fighting on land \circ He left school at 16 and joined the army. \circ An army spokesman held a news conference.

aroma /ə'rəumə/ noun a pleasant smell of something you can eat or drink o the aroma of freshly baked bread

aromatherapy /ə,rəumə'θerəpi/ *noun* a treatment with pleasant-smelling oils

aromatic / <code>ærə'mætık/ adj</code> with a strong pleasant smell

arose /ə'rəuz/ past tense of arise

① around /ə'raund/ prep 1. going all round something \circ She had a gold chain around her neck. \circ The flood water was all around the village. 2. close to or in a place or area \circ 1s there a bus stop around here? 3. in various places \circ We have lots of computers around the office. 4. not exactly \circ It will cost around ± 200 . \circ Around sixty people came to the meeting. \bullet adv 1. in various places \circ Papers were lying around all over the floor. \circ The restaurants were all full, so we walked around for some time. 2. in a position that is fairly near \circ We try not to talk about it when she's around. \circ It's the only food shop around. **3.** in existence \circ She's one of the best eye surgeons around. \circ The new coins have been around for some weeks now.

arousal $\partial ravz(\partial) l$ noun a feeling of sexual excitement

arouse /ə'raʊz/ (arouses, arousing, aroused) verb 1. to make someone feel a particular emotion 2. to make someone feel sexually excited. Compare rouse

(2) arrange/ə'reindz/ (arranges, arranging, arranged) verb 1. to put in order o The chairs are arranged in rows. \circ She arranged the books in alphabetical order. The ground floor is arranged as an openplan area with a little kitchen at the side. 2. to make a plan for something \circ Let's arrange to meet somewhere before we go to the theatre. \circ The tour has been arranged by the travel agent. \circ She arranged for a taxi to meet him at the airport. \circ I've arranged with my mother that she will feed the cat while we're away. (NOTE: You arrange for someone to do something; you arrange for something to be done; or you arrange to do something.)

arrangement /ə'reInd3mənt/ noun
 the process of putting things in order 2.
 a general agreement o We have an arrangement by which we meet for lunch every Tuesday.

 plural noun arrangements the activities involved in making plans for an event o All the arrangements for the party were left to me.

3 array /ə'rei/ noun a display

③ **arrest** / σ 'rest/ verb (arrests, arresting, arrested) (of the police) to catch and hold someone who has broken the law \circ The police arrested two men and took them to the police station. \circ He ended up getting arrested as he tried to leave the country. \circ She was arrested for stealing, but the judge let her off with a fine. \blacksquare noun the act of holding someone for breaking the law \circ The police made several arrests at the demonstration. \diamond under arrest held by the police \circ After the fight, three people were under arrest.

() **arrival** / ϑ 'raiv(ϑ)// noun 1. the act of reaching a place \circ We announce the arrival of flight AB 987 from Tangiers. \circ We apologise for the late arrival of the 14.25 express from Edinburgh. \circ The time of arrival is 5 p.m. 2. a person who has arrived \circ He's a new arrival on our staff. \blacksquare plural noun arrivals the part of an airport that deals with passengers who are arriving. Compare departure \diamond on arrival when you

arrive \circ On arrival at the hotel, members of the party will be allocated rooms.

() **arrive** $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{raiv}$ (arrives, arriving, arrived) verb to reach a place \circ They arrived at the hotel tired out. \circ The train from Paris arrives in London at 5 p.m. (NOTE: You arrive in a town or in a country but at a place.)

arrogant /'ærəgənt/ adj very proud in an unpleasant way \circ He's such an arrogant young man. \circ What an arrogant way to treat customers!

arrow /'ærəʊ/ noun **1**. a weapon made of a piece of wood with a sharp point **2**. a printed sign &rarrowf; which points to something

arsenal /'aːsn(ə)l/ noun a store of weapons

arsenic /'aːsnɪk/ *noun* a very poisonous substance

arson /'ɑːs(ə)n/ *noun* the crime of setting fire to something such as a building or some property

arson attack /'ɑːs(ə)n ə,tæk/ *noun* an act of setting fire to something such as a house

① **art** / α :t/ noun **1**. the practice of creating objects, e.g. by painting, drawing or sculpture \circ She is taking art lessons. \circ When you're in Washington, don't miss the Museum of Modern Art. **2**. the objects that are created in this way **3**. a particular skill or ability \circ He has mastered the art of not answering reporters' questions.

artefact /'o:tifækt/, **artifact** *noun* an object such as a tool or a dish that was made by a person in the past

artery /'ɑːtəri/ (*plural* **arteries**) *noun* a tube carrying blood from the heart around the body. Compare **vein**

arthritis /ɑ:'θrattıs/ *noun* a painful medical condition affecting a joint, where two bones meet

artichoke /'artit Jouk/ noun a tall thistlelike plant of which you boil the head and then eat the base of the leaves

() **article** $/^{\alpha}$ uttk(\otimes)|/ noun **1**. a report in a newspaper [~about/on] \circ Did you read the article on skiing in yesterday's paper? **2**. an object or thing \circ Several articles of clothing were found near the road. **3**. a word used before a noun to show whether you are referring to a particular or general example of something. The definite article is 'the' and the indefinite article is 'a' or 'an'.

articulate¹ /ɑː'tɪkjʊleɪt/ (articulates, articulating, articulated) verb to speak in a clear and careful way articulate² /ar't1kjulət/ adj describes someone who expresses thoughts clearly

articulated lorry /a:,trkjolertid 'lori/ noun a large truck with two or more parts which are connected so that they can move in different directions at the same time, e.g. when going around a corner

artifact /'a:tifækt/ another spelling of artefact

(3) **artificial** $/_{\alpha}t1'f1(\vartheta)l/$ adj not natural \circ She was wearing artificial pearls.

artificial intelligence $/_{,\alpha}$:tifi(3) in 'telid39ns/ *noun* the use of computer programs to make machines do things which people can do

artificially $/_1 \alpha t I' f I \int (\partial u dv) dv$ in a way that is not natural

artillery /ɑː'tɪləri/ *noun* the large guns that an army has

artisan /, art1'zæn/ *noun* a skilled worker who makes things with his or her hands

(2) **artist** /'a:t:st/ noun a person who is skilled in making works of art such as paintings \circ She collects paintings by 19th-century artists.

artiste /ɑː'tiːst/ *noun* a professional performer such as a singer or dancer

artistic /a:'tistik/ adj **1**. (of a person) showing skill or interest in art **2**. arranged or done in a way that shows skill and looks beautiful (NOTE: + **artistically**)

artistry /'ɑːtɪstri/ *noun* skill in a particular art

③ **arts** /arts/ *plural noun* **1**. all work connected with art **2**. a subject of study which is not a science, e.g. history or literature

artwork /'a:tw3:k/ *noun* things such as pictures or designs which are printed in a book or used in advertising

arty /'ɑːti/, **arty-crafty** /_'ɑːti 'krɑːfti/ *adj* pretending to be artistic; making artistic things

① **as** /əz, æz/ conj **1**. because ○ As you can't drive, you'll have to go by bus. ○ As it's cold, you should wear an overcoat. **2**. at the same time that something else happens ○ As he was getting into the bath, the telephone rang. ○ The little girl ran into the road as the car was turning the corner. **3**. in the same way ○ Leave everything as it is.
■ prep **1**. in a particular job ○ She had a job as a bus driver. **2**. because of being a particular type of person ○ As a doctor, he has to know the symptoms of all the common diseases. **3**. in a particular way ○ She was dressed as a nurse. ○ They treated him as a friend of the family. □ **as...as** used in com-

parisons \circ as far as I can see \circ She is nearly as tall as I am. \circ I can't run as fast as you. \diamond **as from** from a particular time \circ as from next Friday \diamond **as if**, **as though** in the same way as \diamond **as...as** used in comparisons \circ She is nearly as tall as I am. \circ I can't run as fast as you. \diamond **as well** in addition to something or someone else that has been mentioned \circ She came to have tea and brought her sister as well. \circ We visited the castle and swam in the pool as well. \diamond **as well as** in addition to or together with \circ He has a cottage in the country as well as a flat in town. \circ As well as being a maths teacher, he is a part-time policeman.

asbestos /æs bestəs/ *noun* a substance which does not burn, formerly used in buildings to protect against fire

(3) ascend /ə'send/ (ascends, ascending, ascended) verb to go up \circ The balloon rapidly ascended to 3000m.

ascendancy /ə'sendənsi/ *noun* the influence or power that one person or group has over another

(3) **ascent** /ə'sent/ noun the action of climbing up (NOTE: Do not confuse with **assent**.)

③ **ascertain** /,æsə'teɪn/ (**ascertains, ascertaining, ascertained**) *verb* to check facts to see if they are true (*formal*)

asexual /eɪ'sekʃuəl/ adj with no sexual organs or without having sex

ash $\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 \ln 2$ a grey dust left after something has burnt **2**. a type of tree that grows in the northern part of Europe

③ **ashamed** /ə'ʃeɪmd/ *adj* embarrassed and sorry for something that you have done or not done

ashes $I' \approx \int IZ/plural noun$ the grey dust that remains when the body of a dead person has been cremated

ashore $/\partial \int dv$ to or onto land, e.g. from the sea or from a ship. ∂ shore

③ **ashtray** /'æ∫treı/ *noun* a little dish for cigarette ash

① **Asian** /' $e_{13}(a)n/adj$ relating to Asia **noun** a person coming from one of the countries of Asia, especially the Indian subcontinent \circ *More than half the children in the class are Asians.*

③ aside /ə'said/ adv to one side ○ He took me aside and whispered in my ear. ◇ aside from except for ○ Aside from a minor infection, his health had been remarkably good. ○ I've got to read these three articles, and that's aside from all my regular work.

(1) **ask** / α rsk/ (**asks**, **asking**, **asked**) *verb* **1.** to put a question to get information \circ She asked a policeman the way to the hospital. \circ Joe went to the station to ask about cheap tickets. \circ Ask the assistant how much the shoes cost. **2.** to put a question to get someone to do something \circ Ask your father to teach you how to drive. \circ Can I ask you not to make so much noise? **3.** to invite someone to an event or to do something \circ We asked them to our party. \circ She asked me to go skiing with her. \diamond to ask after someone to ask for news about someone, especially about his or her health \circ Several of your colleagues were asking after you.

ask for phrasal verb to say that you want something ○ Someone came into the shop and asked for the manager. □ **ask for something back** to ask someone to give back something which you had lent to him or her

ask out phrasal verb to ask someone to go out with you, e.g. to a restaurant or to the cinema \circ Bill wants to ask my sister out.

askew /ə'skjuː/ *adv* not straight o *That picture's askew.*

() asleep /ə'sli:p/ adj sleeping ○ He was asleep and didn't hear the fire alarm. ○ They were lying asleep on the ground. □ to fall asleep to begin to sleep

asparagus /ə'spærəgəs/ (*plural same*) *noun* a green vegetable that has long thin stems and pointed tips and which you cook before eating

① **aspect** /'æspekt/ noun **1**. a way of considering something such as a situation or a problem \circ *There are several aspects of the problem to be considered before I can decide*. **2**. the direction in which a building or piece of ground faces \circ *The living room has a southerly aspect.*

asphalt /'æsfælt/ *noun* a mixture of tar, small stones and sand, used for making road surfaces

asphyxiate /æs'fiksieit/ (**asphyxiates**, **asphyxiating**, **asphyxiated**) *verb* to stop someone breathing, or to die because of being unable to breathe (NOTE: + **asphyxiation** *n*)

aspirate /'æspirət/ *noun* a speech sound made by breathing out, e.g. the 'h' in 'horse'

(3) **aspiration** $/_{1}$ aspire $\int (\Im)n/n oun$ something which you want to achieve or to be successful at

aspirational $/_{i}$ aspire $\int (\Im)n(\Im)l/adj$ typical of people who want to become more successful and be able to afford a more expensive home and way of life (3) **aspire** /3'spatə/ (aspires, aspiring, aspired) ve/b = to aspire to something to want to achieve something \circ *He aspires to great success as an actor.*

() **aspirin** /'æsprin/ *noun* **1**. a common drug, used in the treatment of minor illnesses to reduce pain **2**. a pill that contains aspirin

aspiring /ə'spaɪərıŋ/ *adj* hoping to get something

ass /æs/ noun US the part of your body that you sit on (offensive)

assailant /ə'seɪlənt/ noun a person who attacks someone

assassin /ə'sæsın/ noun a person who kills someone famous for political reasons **assassinate** /ə'sæsıneıt/ (**assassinates, assassinating, assassinated**) verb to kill a famous person, especially for political reasons o Do you remember the day when the President was assassinated? (NOTE: + **assassination** n)

③ assault/ə'sɔːlt/ noun an attack [~on] ○ an assault on a police officer ■ verb (assaults, assaulting, assaulted) to attack

assemble /ə'semb(ə)l/ (assembles, assembling, assembled) verb 1. (especially of people) to come together in a place, or to be brought together by someone especially formally or in an ordered way \circ We'll assemble outside the hotel by the coach at 9 a.m. \circ They assembled a panel of experts to renew the project. 2. to collect a set of things together \circ Assemble all the ingredients you need before you start to cook. 3. to make something from separate parts \circ The cupboard can be assembled at home.

(2) **assembly** /ə'sembli/ (*plural* **assemblies**) *noun* **1**. a meeting **2**. the process of putting the pieces of something together to make it complete

assembly line /ə'sembli laɪn/ noun a moving line in a factory, where the product moves slowly past workers who add pieces to it as it goes past

assent /ə'sent/ noun the approval of or agreement with something such as a suggestion

③ assert/ə'sɜːt/(asserts, asserting, asserted) verb to state something firmly □ to assert yourself to state your opinions strongly

(3) **assertion** /9's3: $\int(9)n/$ noun a statement of something which you believe to be true but of which you have no proof

assertive /ə'sɜːtɪv/ *adj* confident and stating your opinions in a strong way

② **assess** /ə'ses/ (assesses, assessing, assessed) verb1. to consider something or someone in order to make a judgment or decision about it o It's hard to assess how difficult it will be to make the necessary changes. 2. to consider someone's achievement or progress in order to decide if it is satisfactory o Students are regularly assessed by their teachers and feedback. 3. to calculate an amount to be paid o The cost of the new building is assessed at £1 million. (NOTE: + assessment)

(2) **asset** /'æset/ noun a valuable quality [~to] \circ *Knowing several languages is an asset to a businessperson.*

assign /∂'sain/ (assigns, assigning, assigned) verb □ to assign someone to something or something to someone to give someone the job of doing something ○ They assigned her to the accounts department. ○ We assigned the job of cleaning the kitchen to Jack.

 assignment /ə'saınmənt/ noun 1. a piece of work that has to be done in a specific time o My literature assignment has to be finished by Wednesday. o He was given the assignment of reporting on the war.
 the act of giving someone a job to do

assimilate /ə'sImIleIt/ (**assimilates**, **assimilating**, **assimilated**) verb **1**. to learn and understand **2**. (of the body) to change the food that you have just eaten into substances that can be used

③ **assist** /ə'sıst/ (assists, assisting, assisted) verb to help someone [~in/with] ○ He assists me with my income tax forms. ○ I will be assisted in my work by Jackie Smith. □ to assist someone to do something or with something to help someone to do something (formal) ○ The money assists young dancers to train.

(2) assistance /ə'sıst(ə)ns/ noun help o
 She will need assistance with her luggage.
 Or He was trying to change the wheel when a truck driver offered his assistance. Or He asked if he could be of any assistance.

(2) **assistant** /ə'sɪst(ə)nt/ noun a person who helps someone as part of their job o *His assistant makes all his appointments.*

associate¹ /ə'səusieIt/ (associates, associating, associated) verb 1. to connect different people or things in your mind $\circ I$ always associate that book with the wonderful holiday when I first read it. \Box to be associated with to be connected with or involved in something \circ This firm has been associated with the project from the start. 2. to have contact with or regularly meet

associate

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someone [~with] \circ I don't want you to associate with violent people like that.

associate² /ə'səusiət/ *noun* a person who works in the same business as someone else

① **association** /ə,səʊsi'eɪʃ(ə)n/ noun 1. an official group of people or a group of companies in the same trade \circ an association offering support to victims of street violence \circ the Association of British Travel Agents 2. a connection formed in the mind between things \circ For some people, a black cat has an association with luck. \blacksquare plural noun associations feelings produced by memories of particular people or places \circ Manchester has strong family associations for him. \diamond in association with together with \circ The guidebook is published in association with the local tourist board.

assorted /ə'sɔ:tɪd/ *adj* various, mixed **assortment** /ə'sɔ:tmənt/ *noun* a mixture of a lot of things that have some differences, e.g. in shape or colour

① **assume** /ɔ'sju:m/ (assumes, assuming, assumed) verb 1. to imagine or believe that something is true $[-(\text{that})] \circ Let's$ assume that he is innocent. $\circ I$ assume you have enough money to pay for the meal? 2. to take on something such as a job or responsibility \circ When she was twenty-one, she assumed complete control of the family business. \circ He has assumed responsibility for fire safety.

assumed name /əˌsjuːmd 'neɪm/ noun a false name

③ **assuming** /ə'sjuːmɪŋ/ *conj* believing something to be true

(2) **assumption** /ə'sʌmp∫ən/ noun a belief that something is true

assurance $(3)^{\circ}$ [Joarans/ noun 1. an attitude of confidence in your own abilities \circ He didn't have the assurance to face a press conference 2. the fact of being sure that something will happen 3. a promise \circ He gave her an assurance that he would not do it again.

(2) **assure** $/2^{1}\int \sigma^{2}/\sigma$

assured /əˈʃuəd/ adj very certain and confident

asterisk /'æstərɪsk/ *noun* a printing sign like a star, used to draw attention to something

asteroid /'æstərɔɪd/ *noun* a mass of rock that travels in a path round the sun

asthma /'æsmə/ *noun* a medical condition in which someone suffers breathing difficulties, often because a particular substance has a bad effect on his or her body

asthmatic /æs'mætık/ *noun* a person who has asthma

② astonish /ə'stonif/ (astonishes, astonishing, astonished) verb to surprise someone very much [-that] o His success in maths astonished his teacher – he never came to any of her classes. o It astonishes me that he can't use a computer.

astonished /3'stonist / adj very surprised \circ We were astonished to learn that the head teacher had left.

astonishing / σ 'stoni \int In/ adj very surprising \circ They spent an astonishing amount of money buying Christmas presents.

astonishment /əˈstɒnɪʃmənt/ noun great surprise

(3) **astound** /ə'staund/ (astounds, astounding, astounded) verb to surprise someone completely

astounded /ə'staundid/ adj very surprised

astounding /ə'staundıŋ/ adj very surprising

astride / σ 'straid/ adv, prep with your legs on each side of something \circ He was sitting astride his bicycle, with both feet on the ground. \circ Sit astride and hold tight.

astrology /ə'strolədʒi/ *noun* the practice of saying what the future will be by looking at the position of the planets and the stars

③ **astronaut** /'æstrənɔːt/ *noun* a person who travels into space

astronomical /, estrə'nomik(ə)l/ adj 1. referring to astronomy 2. (of a price or amount) very large (informal)

③ **astronomy** /ə'stronəmi/ *noun* the scientific study of the stars, sun and planets

astute /ə'st jurt/ *adj* clever at understanding things quickly

③ **asylum** /ə'saɪləm/ noun **1**. the right to stay in another country if you have been treated badly in your own country \circ to seek asylum \circ to grant someone asylum \circ to ask for political asylum **2**. a hospital for people who have mental illnesses (old)

asylum seeker /ə'saɪləm _isiːkə/ noun a person who asks for permission to stay in another country because the political situation in his or her own country is not safe for him or her to stay there **asymmetrical** $/_{e1S1}$ 'metrik(\Rightarrow)l/ adj which does not have the same shape or size on both sides

① at /ət, æt/ prep 1. used for showing time
○ We'll meet at eleven o'clock. ○ You must put your lights on when you drive at night.
○ At the weekend, we went to see my mother. ○ We went to Paris at Easter. 2. used for showing place ○ Meet us at the post office.
○ She's got a job at the supermarket. ○
He's not at home, he's at work. 3. used for showing speed ○ The train was travelling at 200 kilometres an hour. 4. showing direction ○ She threw her slipper at her brother. 5. showing cause ○ She laughed at my old coat. (NOTE: at is often used after verbs, e.g. to look at, to point at.)

1) ate /et, eit/ past tense of eat

atheist /'ei0iist/ noun a person who believes there is no god. Compare agnostic

athlete /'æθli:t/ *noun* a person who takes part in sports especially those such as running

athletic / $<math>\theta'$ let let <math>*l*<math> dj referring to athletics

athletics /æθ'let1ks/ *noun* organised sports such as running which are competitions between individuals (NOTE: no plural)

atlas /'ætləs/ noun a book of maps

ATM /₁eI ti: 'em/ abbr automated teller machine

② **atmosphere** / 'ætməsfiə/ noun 1. the air around the Earth ○ *The atmosphere surrounds the Earth to a height of several hundred kilometres.* 2. the air in a particular place ○ *The room had a hot stuffy atmosphere.* 3. a general feeling [~of] ○ *a friendly atmosphere* ○ *There was an atmosphere of fear everywhere after the bomb attack.*

atmospheric /,ætməs'ferīk/ *adj* **1**. referring to the atmosphere **2**. mysterious, beautiful

(2) **atom** /'ætəm/ noun the smallest part of a chemical element that can exist independently

atom bomb /'ætəm bom/ noun a bomb using nuclear energy

③ **atomic** /ə'tɒmɪk/ *adj* relating to the energy produced if an atom is split apart

atomic bomb /ə,tomik 'bom/ noun same as atom bomb

atone /ə'təʊn/ (atones, atoning, atoned) verb to do something which shows that you are sorry for doing something wrong (formal) (NOTE: + atonement n)

atrocious /ə'trəʊ∫əs/ adj very bad

atrocity /ə'trɒsɪti/ (plural atrocities) noun an extremely evil act

(2) **attach** / ϑ 'tæt \int / (**attaches**, **attaching**, **attached**) *verb* to fasten something to something else \circ *The gate is attached to the post*. \circ *I am attaching a copy of my previous letter*.

attached $/\vartheta'$ tæt $\int t/adj$ having a strong liking for someone or something \circ *She's very attached to her old dog.*

attachment /ə'tæt $\int mant/noun$ **1**. something which can be attached to something else **2**. a strong liking for someone or something [~to] \circ *Everyone had known of his attachment to her.* **3**. a document attached to an email

① attack /ə'tæk/ noun 1. the act of trying to hurt someone or something \circ They made an attack on the town. 2. a criticism \circ He launched an attack on the government. 3. a sudden return of a particular illness \circ She had an attack of malaria. \blacksquare verb (attacks, attacking, attacked) to try to hurt someone or to hit someone \circ Three men attacked her as she walked home. \circ The old lady was attacked by muggers. \diamond under attack in the situation of being attacked \circ The town is under attack from rebel guerrillas.

③ **attacker** /ə'tækə/ *noun* a person who attacks someone or something o *Can you describe your attacker*?

(3) **attain** /ə'tein/ (**attains, attaining, attained**) verb to reach a particular status or rank o He attained the position of manager. o All six students attained full marks in this part of the exam.

attainment /ə'ternmənt/ *noun* success in achieving something or reaching a particular goal

① attempt /ə'tempt/ noun an act of trying to do something ○ She attempted to lift the box onto the table. □ an attempt on someone's life the action of trying to kill someone ■ verb (attempts, attempting, attempted) to try to do something, especially something difficult ○ I'll attempt another trip to collect the books when my car has been repaired. ○ She attempted to lift the box onto the table.

attend to *phrasal verb* to give careful thought to something and deal with it

attendance

attendance /ə'tendəns/ *noun* **1**. the fact of being present at an event **2**. the number of people present at an event (NOTE: no plural)

attendant /ə'tendənt/ noun a person on duty in a public place such as a museum

(1) attention /ə'ten [ən/ noun 1. the act of concentrating on what you are doing \circ Don't distract the driver's attention. Please give the talk on safety procedures *your full attention*. **I** to pay attention to to concentrate on something and think about it carefully o Pay attention to the instructions in the leaflet. Don't pay any attention to something you can ignore something \circ *Don't pay any attention to what she* says - she's making it up. 2. special care, help or extra work o The garden is large and needs a lot of attention. \circ The children were quiet and shy but responded well to the special attention they were given. \Box medical attention treatment by doctors and nurses o That cut needs urgent medical attention. 3. the position of a soldier, standing straight, with heels together and looking straight ahead o The guards stood to attention at the entrance to the palace. \diamond for the attention of words written on a letter to show that it is intended for a particular person to deal with it \diamond to attract (someone's) attention to make someone notice someone or something \circ The new play has attracted a lot of press attention or attention in the press.

attention span /ə'tenʃən spæn/ noun the length of time that someone can concentrate effectively on a particular job or activity

attentive /ə'tentīv/ *adj* listening carefully

attic /'ætɪk/ *noun* a room or space at the top of a house under the roof

① **attitude** /'ætɪtjuːd/ noun 1. a way of thinking \circ What is the government's attitude to the problem? 2. the position of your body, e.g. standing or sitting \circ His portrait shows him in a thoughtful attitude.

(2) **attorney** /ə'tɜːni/ (plural attorneys) noun a lawyer (especially US)

(2) attract /ə'trækt/ (attracts, attracting, attracted) verb to make someone want to come to a place or want to become involved in something such as a business o The shops are lowering their prices to attract more customers. O The exhibition attracted hundreds of visitors. O We must see if we can attract more candidates for the *job.* **• to be attracted to someone** to feel a sexual interest in someone

③ **attraction** / σ 'træk $\int \sigma$ / noun 1. a reason for liking someone or something \circ The flat's main attraction is its closeness to the centre of town. 2. something which attracts people \circ The Tower of London is a great tourist attraction.

(2) **attractive** /∍'træktıv/ *adj* 1. pleasant to look at ○ *They found the mountain scenery very attractive.* ○ *She's an attractive woman.* 2. having features which people like ○ *There are some attractive bargains in the sale.* ○ *The rival firm made him a very attractive offer.* (NOTE: + **attractiveness**)

attributable /ə'trɪbjʊtəb(ə)l/ *adj* probably the cause of something

attribute¹ /'ætrɪbjuːt/ noun a quality that someone has

attribute² /ə'trıbju:t/ (attributes, attributing, attributed) verb o The accident was attributed to faulty brakes. □ to attribute something to something or someone to say that something was caused by something else, or that something was done by someone o The accident was attributed to faulty brakes. o The remark was attributed to his father.

attributive /ə'trɪbjʊtɪv/ *adj* (*of an adjec-tive*) which comes before a noun and describes it

atypical /e1't1p1k(ə)l/ adj not typical

aubergine /'əubəʒi:n/ *noun* a dark purple shiny fruit of a small plant, used as a vegetable

auburn /'ɔ:bən/ *adj* of a dark reddishbrown colour

auction /'ɔːk∫ən/ *noun* a public sale in which an object is sold to the person who offers to pay the highest amount of money for it ■ *verb* (**auctions, auctioning, auctioned**) to sell something at an auction

auctioneer $/_{1}\mathfrak{i}k\mathfrak{j}\mathfrak{i}'n\mathfrak{i}\mathfrak{i}/$ noun a person who runs an auction

audacious /ɔː'deɪʃəs/ adj very brave or involving great risk

audacity /ɔː'dæsɪti/ noun audacious behaviour

audible /'<code>ɔ:dib(ə)l/</code> adj which can be heard

② **audience** /'o:dians/ noun the people watching a performance, e.g. at a theatre or cinema or on television, or listening to a radio programme \circ *Members of the audience cheered.* (NOTE: takes a singular or plural verb)

audio /ordiau/ adj referring to sound

audiovisual /,o:diəu 'v13uəl/ *adj* referring to sound and pictures that have been recorded together

audit / o:dit/ noun 1. an official check of a company's accounts 2. a careful examination of an organisation or a set of procedures to see how good they are

③ audition /ɔ:'dɪ \int (ə)n/ noun a test for performers such as actors, singers or dancers, to see if they will be given a part in a play or film \circ *I'm going for an audition for a part in 'Hamlet'*. **•** verb (auditions, auditioning, auditioned) 1. to hold an audition for a performer 2. to do an audition for a part [~for] \circ *Two hundred children auditioned for the lead role in the film*.

auditor /'ɔ:ditə/ *noun* someone whose job is to check a company's accounts officially

auditorium /,p:d1'tp:riəm/ (*plural* **auditoriums** or **auditoria**) *noun* a large hall used for events such as concerts

augment /ɔ:g'ment/ (augments, augmenting, augmented) *verb* to increase the amount or value of something (*formal*)

augur /'ɔːɡə/ (**augurs, auguring, augured**) *verb* to be a sign for the future

() August /'ɔ:gəst/ noun the eighth month of the year, the month after July and before September ○ My birthday is in August. ○ I left my job last August. (NOTE: August 15th or August 15: say 'the fifteenth of August' or 'August the fifteenth' or in US English 'August fifteenth'.)

() **aunt** /a:nt/, **Aunt** noun the sister of your mother or father, or the wife of an uncle \circ She lives next door to my aunt. \circ Say goodbye to Aunt Anne.

auntie /'aːnti/, aunty noun an aunt (informal)

au pair /əʊ 'peə/ *noun* a person, usually a young woman, who lives with a family in another country to learn the language while looking after children and helping to keep the house clean

aura /'ɔɪrə/ noun a general feeling or quality in a particular situation

aural /'ɔɪrəl/ *adj* referring to hearing (NOTE: Do not confuse with **oral**.)

auspicious /ɔː'spı∫əs/ adj likely to be successful

Aussie /'pzi/ (informal) adj Australian ■ noun an Australian ○ There was a group of Aussies in the restaurant. **austere** /ɔː'stɪə/ *adj* **1**. with a plain and simple appearance **2**. with only the basic things you need to live

austerity /ɔ:'sterīti/ *noun* **1**. the quality of being austere **2**. poor living conditions because people do not have much money

authentic /ɔː'θentɪk/ *adj* original, not false or artificial

authenticate /ɔː'θentɪkeɪt/ (authenticates, authenticating, authenticated) *verb* to prove that something is authentic

(2) **author** $/'_{2:}\theta_{2}/$ noun a writer \circ She is the author of a popular series of children's books.

authorise /'ɔːθəraɪz/ (authorises, authorising, authorised), authorize *verb* to give permission for something to be done

authoritarian /ɔː,θɒrɪ'teəriən/ adj controlling people strictly

authoritative /ɔː'θɒrɪtətɪv/ *adj* **1**. in a powerful way, so that people will obey **2**. recognised as expert

authorities /ɔː'θɒrɪtiz/ plural noun the government

① **authority** /5:' θ priti/ (plural **authorities**) noun 1. power to control something \circ He has no authority to act on our behalf. (NOTE: no plural) 2. an organisation that has control over something \circ The education authority pays teachers' salaries. 3. an expert \circ He's an authority on Greek literature.

autism /'ɔ:t1z(ə)m/ *noun* a mental condition which makes people who have it unable to react in the usual way to other people

autobiography /, p:t=obar'ogr=fi/ (plural autobiographies) noun a story of the life of a person written by himself or herself (NOTE: +autobiographical adj)

autocrat /'o:təkræt/ *noun* a person who governs or manages with total power over the people in a country or organisation (*often as criticism*)

autograph /'o:təgra:f/ noun a famous person's name written in their own writing for someone to keep (NOTE: + **autograph** v)

automate /'ortoment/ (automates, automating, automated) verb to use machines to do work which previously was done by people

automated teller machine /, $_{3}$:t $_{1}$:m $_{1}$:m $_{2}$:m $_{1}$:m $_{2}$:m $_$ ① automatic /, St = 'mæt Ik/ adj 1. working by itself \circ There is an automatic device which cuts off the electric current. 2. done without thinking about it very much \circ She gave the receptionist an automatic smile as she passed. 3. based on an agreement or existing situation \circ an automatic fine for parking

() automatically /, \Im :t ϑ 'mætikli/ adv 1. by a machine, without people having to do anything 2. without thinking about it very much \circ *I signed the bill automatically*. 3. as a result of an agreement or existing situation \circ *The company automatically retires people at 60.*

automation $/_1 \Im t \Im' met \int (\Im) n/$ noun the practice of using machines instead of people to carry out work

automobile /ˈɔːtəməbiːl/ noun especially US a car

automotive /, o:to'moutiv/ adj referring to motor vehicles

autonomous /ɔː'tɒnəməs/ adj selfgoverning

autonomy /ɔ:'tɒnəmi/ *noun* **1**. self-government **2**. the fact of being able to decide what to do by yourself, without asking anyone else

autopsy /'ɔ:topsi/ (*plural* **autopsies**) *noun* the examination of the body of a dead person to find the cause of death

① **autumn** /'o:tom/ noun the season of the year between summer and winter \circ In autumn, the leaves turn brown. \circ We went on a walking holiday last autumn. \circ I'll be starting my new job in the autumn term.

auxiliary /ɔrg'zıliəri/ noun a person who helps other workers

auxiliary verb /ɔ:g'zıliəri v3:b/ noun a verb that is used with another verb to show person, number, mood, tense, or aspect

COMMENT: The auxiliary verbs in English are **be**, **do** and **have**.

① **available** $/\Rightarrow$ 'veil \Rightarrow b(\Rightarrow)l/ adj able to be obtained \circ The tablets are available from most chemists. (NOTE: + **availability** n)

avalanche /'ævəlo:nt ʃ/ noun a sudden fall of a large amount of snow down the side of a mountain

avant-garde /,ævoŋ 'gɑ:d/ adj describes things such as forms of art or ways of thinking that are new, original and not traditional

Ave abbr avenue

avenge /a'vendʒ/ (avenges, avenging, avenged) verb to hurt or punish someone because they have done wrong to you or to someone close to you a to avenge yourself **on someone** to make someone suffer for something wrong that they have done to you \circ *She wanted to avenge herself on her rival.*

③ **avenue** /'ævənjuː/ *noun* a wide street in a town, often with trees along the side

(1) average $/\frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma}(3)r_1 d_3/1$ noun 1. the standard that is usual or typical o The journey time today was much slower than the bus company's average. 2. a total calculated by adding several quantities together and dividing by the number of different quantities added [/~for] o the average for the last three months or the last three months' average \circ The temperature has been above the average for the time of year. ■ adj 1. ordinary or typical o It was an average working day at the office. O Their daughter is of above average intelligence. above or below average more or less than is usual or typical **2.** not very good \circ Their results were only average. 3. calculated by dividing the total by the number of quantities o His average speed was 30 miles per hour. • verb (averages, averaging, averaged) to be as an average \circ *Price* increases have averaged 10% per annum.

avert /ə'v3:t/ (averts, averting, averted) *verb* to prevent something happening

aviation / $ervi'er \int (a)n/noun$ the action of flying aircraft

avid /'ævid/ adj extremely keen

avocado /₁ævə'kɑ:dəʊ/ (*plural* **avocados**) *noun* a fruit which has a thick green or black skin and pale green flesh with a large seed inside

() **avoid** /ə'void/ (**avoids**, **avoiding**, **avoided**) *verb* **1**. to keep away from someone or something ○ *Travel early to avoid the traffic jams*. ○ *Aircraft fly high to avoid storms*. **2**. to try to prevent something from happening ○ *How can we avoid a row*? **3**. □ **to avoid doing something** to try not to do something ○ *He's always trying to avoid taking a decision*. ○ *You must avoid travelling on Friday evenings*.

avoidable /ə'vɔɪdəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be or could have been avoided

await /ə'weɪt/ (awaits, awaiting, awaited) verb to wait for something

() **awake** $|\forall$ weik/ adj not asleep \circ It's 2 o'clock and I'm still awake. • verb (awakes, awaking, awoke, awoken) 1. to wake someone up \circ He was awoken by the sound of the telephone. 2. to wake up \circ He awoke when he heard them knocking on the door. \circ They awoke to find a fox in their tent. **awaken** /ə'weɪkən/ (awakens, awakening, awakened) *verb* **1.** to wake up **2.** to wake someone up

awakening /ə'weɪk(ə)nɪŋ/ noun a waking up

() **award** $|\Rightarrow'w \supset td/$ noun something such as a prize or a gift of money that is given to someone $[\sim of/\sim for] \circ a$ design award \circ He received an award of £1000. \circ The school has been nominated for an award for innovation. \blacksquare verb (awards, awarding, awarded) to give someone something such as a prize, a degree or diploma, money or a contract to do work \circ He was awarded first prize. \circ She was awarded damages.

award-winning /ə'wɔːd ˌwɪnɪŋ/ adj having won an award or awards

① aware /ə'weə/ adj knowing something ○ I'm not aware of any problem. ○ Is he aware that we have to decide quickly? ◇ not that I am aware of not as far as I know ○ Has there ever been an accident here before? - Not that I am aware of.

() **away** /∂'wei/ adv **1**. at a particular distance or time ○ *The nearest shop is three kilometres away*. **2**. not here, somewhere else ○ *The managing director is away on business*. ○ *My assistant is away today*. **3**. (*in sports*) at your opponents' sports ground ○ *Our team is playing away next Saturday*. **4**. (as emphasis, after verbs) without stopping ○ *The birds were singing away in the garden*.

(3) **awe** /5! *noun* great fear of or respect for someone \Box **to be in awe of someone** to be frightened of someone \circ *She is in awe of her father.*

① **awfully** /'ɔːf(ə)li/ adv very (informal) It's awfully difficult to contact her.

① **awkward** /'ɔ:kwəd/ adj **1**. embarrassing or difficult to deal with \circ awkward questions **2**. difficult to use or deal with because of shape, size or position \circ The handle's a very awkward shape. **3**. not convenient \circ Next Thursday is awkward for me – what about Friday? **4**. (of a person) not relaxed or confident on social occasions **5**. (of a person) clumsy and unattractive in appearance or movement (NOTE: + **awkwardly** adv, +**awkardness** n)

awning /'ɔ:nɪŋ/ noun a roof made of strong cloth, used to keep the sun or rain off

awoke /ə'wəuk/ past tense of **awake**

awoken /ə'wəukən/ past participle of awake

awry /ə'raɪ/ *adj* **1.** not straight **2.** \square **to go awry** not to happen in the expected way

axe /æks/ noun a tool with a heavy sharp metal head, used for cutting through something ■ verb (3rd person present plural **axes**, present participle **axing**, past participle **axed**) to get rid of something or someone

axis /'æksɪs/ (*plural* **axes**) *noun* an imaginary line through the centre of a round object such as a ball

axle /'æksəl/ *noun* a straight bar, usually made of metal, which connects the wheels in a vehicle

b /bi:/, **B** noun the second letter of the alphabet, between A and C

baa /ba:/ (**baas**, **baaing**, **baaed**) *verb* to make the sound that a sheep makes with its voice

babble /'bæb(\Rightarrow)l/ noun the sound of people talking together \circ a babble of voices in the next room \blacksquare verb (babbles, babbling, babbled) to speak in a confused way \circ She babbled a few words and collapsed. \circ What's he babbling on about?

babe /beib/ noun 1. a baby 2. an attractive young man or woman \circ She's a real babe! **baboon** /bə'bu:n/ noun a type of large African monkey

① **baby** /'be1bi/ (plural babies) noun 1. a very young child \circ Most babies start to walk when they are about a year old. \circ I've known him since he was a baby. 2. a very young animal \circ a baby rabbit (NOTE: If you do not know if a baby is a boy or a girl, you can refer to it as it: The baby was sucking its thumb.)

babyish /'beɪbiɪʃ/ *adj* like a baby

③ **baby-sit** /'berbi sit/ verb to look after a child or children in a house, while their parents are out

bachelor /'bæt∫ələ/ noun a man who is not married ○ He's still a bachelor and I'm beginning to wonder if he'll ever get married.

bachelor's degree /'bæt ʃələz dɪ,griː/ noun a first degree from a university

① back /bæk/ noun 1. the part of the body which is behind you, between the neck and top of the legs ○ She went to sleep lying on her back. ○ He carried his son on his back. ○ Don't lift that heavy box, you may hurt your back. 2. the opposite part to the front of something ○ He wrote his address on the back of the envelope. ○ She sat at the back of the bus and went to sleep. ○ The dining room is at the back of the house. ■ adj 1. on the opposite side to the front ○ He knocked at the back door of the house. ○ The back tyre of my bicycle is flat. 2. (of money) owed from an earlier date ○ back pay ■ ady

1. towards the back of something \circ *She* looked back and waved at me as she left. 2. in the past \circ back in the 1950s **3.** in the state that something was previously \circ *Put* the telephone back on the table. \circ She watched him drive away and then went back into the house. \circ She gave me back the money she had borrowed. \circ I'll phone vou when I am back in the office. (NOTE: Back is often used after verbs: to give back, to go back, to pay back, etc.)
verb (backs, backing, backed) 1. to go backwards, or make something go backwards o He backed or backed his car out of the garage. 2. to encourage and support a person, organisation, opinion or activity, sometimes by giving money \circ Her colleagues *were willing to back the proposal.* \diamond **to put** someone's back up to annoy someone

back away *phrasal verb* to go backwards from something frightening \circ *The little girl backed away from the dog.*

back out phrasal verb 1. to make a car go backwards out of a place \circ He backed (the car) out of the garage into the main road. 2. to decide not to support a project \circ We had to cancel the project when the bank backed out.

back up(3) *phrasal verb* 1. to help or support someone \circ *Nobody would back her up when she complained about the service.* \circ *Will you back me up in the vote?* 2. to make a copy of a computer file \circ *Don't forget to back up your work before you go home in the evening.* 3. to make a car go backwards \circ *Can you back up, please – I want to get out of the parking space.*

backache /'bækeɪk/ noun a pain in the back

(3) **backbone** /'bækbəon/ noun 1. the series of bones which connect together down the back of a person or an animal \circ *If you're careful, you ought to be able to lift the backbone off the fish before eating it.* 2. strength of character \circ *It takes someone with backbone to stand up to the government.*

backdate /bæk'deɪt/ (**backdates, backdating, backdated**) *verb* to put an earlier date on something

backer /'bækə/ noun a person who supports a project with money \circ One of the company's backers has withdrawn.

backfire /,bæk'fa1ə/ (**backfires**, **backfiring**, **backfired**) verb **1**. (of a car) to make a loud noise in the engine \circ The motorbike backfired several times when I started it this morning. **2**. (of a plan) to go wrong, to turn out exactly the opposite to what was expected \circ He was sure that everything would go according to plan and had never even thought it could backfire. \circ All their holiday plans backfired when their children got chickenpox.

backgammon /'bæk,gæmən/ noun a board game for two people, in which they move their playing pieces after throwing two dice

(2) **background** /'bækgraond/ noun 1. the part of a picture or view which is behind all the other things that can be seen \circ *The photograph is of a house with mountains in the background.* \circ *His white shirt stands out against the dark background.* Compare foreground 2. the experiences, including education and family life, which someone has had \circ *He comes from a working-class background.* \circ *Her background is in the restaurant business.* 3. information about a situation [-to] \circ *What is the background to the complaint?* \diamond in the background while other more obvious or important things are happening

backhand /'bækhænd/ *noun* a backhand shot

(3) **backing** /'bækıŋ/ noun 1. financial support ○ He has the backing of a French bank. 2. music played for a singer ○ She sings with an Irish backing group.

backlash /'bæklæ∫/ *noun* a reaction against something

backlog /'bæklbg/ noun a lot of work which someone has not had time to do yet (3) **backpack** /'bækpæk/ noun a bag carried on your back

(3) **backpacker** /'bækpækə/ noun a person who goes walking for pleasure, carrying a backpack

backpedal /'bæk,ped(\ni)l/ (**backpedals**, **backpedalling**, **backpedalled**) verb 1. to move the pedals of a bike backwards 2. to change your point of view and do the opposite of what you had promised \circ *The government is starting to backpedal over its pledge to cut taxes.* \circ *The minister had to* backpedal rapidly when the papers found out about his speech.

back seat /,bæk 'si:t/ *noun* a seat in the back of a vehicle \Box **to take a back seat** to take a less important or active position in an organisation from choice

back seat driver /,bæk si:t 'draɪvə/ noun a passenger in a car who offers the driver advice

backside /'bæksaɪd/ *noun* the part of the body you sit on (*informal*)

backslash /'bækslæ \int / noun a keyboard character (\) in the form of a line that slopes to the left

backstage /bæk'steid $\frac{3}{adv}$ off the stage in a theatre \circ *The actors gathered backstage to wait for the audience to settle down.*

back-to-back/, bæk tə 'bæk/ adj, adv 1. with the back of one person or thing against the back of another \circ *Stand backto-back to see who is the tallest.* \circ *They put the chairs back-to-back.* **2.** happening one after the other \circ *back-to-back meetings*

backtrack /'bæktræk/ (backtracks, backtracking, backtracked) verb 1. to go back 2. to say that you no longer agree with something that you did or said previously

backup /'bækʌp/ noun helper, support

backward /'bækwəd/ adv US same as **backwards**

() **backwards** /'bækwədz/ adv from the front towards the back ○ Don't step backwards. ○ 'Tab' is 'bat' spelt backwards. ○ **backwards and forwards** in one direction, then in the opposite direction ○ The policeman was walking backwards and forwards in front of the bank.

backwater /'bækwɔːtə/ noun a quiet country place, away from the capital city

backyard /bæk'jɑ:d/ noun **1**. an enclosed area behind a house, with a hard surface \circ We keep our bikes in the backyard. **2**. the area in which you live \circ They have no idea of what's going on in their own backyard. **3**. US a piece of land behind a house

(3) **bacon** /'be1kən/ *noun* meat from a pig which has been treated with salt or smoke, usually cut into thin pieces

bacteria /bæk'tɪəriə/ *plural noun* very small living things, some of which can cause disease

bacterial /bæk'tıəriəl/, **bacteriological** /bæktıəriə'lbdʒ1k(ə)l/ *adj* caused by bacteria \circ *a bacterial infection*

 bad /bæd/ (worse, worst) adj 1. causing problems, or likely to cause problems ∘ Eating too much fat is bad for your health.
 We were shocked at their bad behaviour.
 of poor quality or skill ∘ He's a bad driver.
 of poor quality or skill ∘ He's a bad driver.
 of soor quality or skill ∘ He's a bad driver.
 of bad cold. ∘ She's in a bad temper. ∘ I've got some bad news for you. ∘ The weather was bad when we were on holiday in August.
 serious ∘ He had a bad accident on the motorway.

bad debt/,bæd 'det/ *noun* an amount of money owed to a person or to a company, which will never be paid

badge /bædʒ/ *noun* a small sign attached to someone's clothes to show something such as who someone is or what company they belong to

badger /'bæd3ə/ noun a wild animal, with short legs and a black and white mark on the front of its head, which lives in holes in the ground \circ Farmers say that cows can catch TB from badgers.

bad language /bæd 'læŋgwidʒ/ noun swearing and rude words

① **badly** /'bædli/ (worse, worst) adv 1. not well or successfully \circ *She did badly in her driving test.* 2. seriously \circ *He was badly injured in the motorway accident.* 3. very much \circ *His hair badly needs cutting.*

badly off /,bædli 'bf/ adj not having very much money \circ When her husband died she was left quite badly off.

badminton /'bædmintən/ noun a game for two or four people, similar to tennis, in which the players use rackets to hit a shuttlecock over a net

badmouth /'bædmauθ/ (**badmouths**, **badmouthing**, **badmouthed**) *verb* to criticise someone in a rude or unpleasant way (*informal*)

bad-tempered / bæd 'tempəd/ *adj* feeling angry

baffle /'bæf(\Im)l/ (baffles, baffling, baffled) verb to be unable to understand something \circ I'm baffled as to why the car won't start. \circ The cause of the common cold has baffled scientists for years.

① **bag** /bæg/ noun 1. a soft container made of plastic, cloth or paper and used for carrying things \circ a bag of sweets \circ He put the apples in a paper bag. 2. same as **handbag** \circ My keys are in my bag. 3. a suitcase or other container used for clothes and other possessions when travelling \circ Have you packed your bags yet? **bagel** /'be1g(ə)l/ noun a small hard bread roll, shaped like a ring

baggage /'bægɪdʒ/ *noun* cases and bags which you take with you when travelling

baggy /'bægi/ (**baggier**, **baggiest**) *adj* (*of clothes*) appearing too big for the person who is wearing them

bagpipes /'bægpaɪps/ plural noun a musical instrument used especially in Scotland, Ireland and Brittany, which is played by blowing air into a bag and then pumping it through pipes

baguette /bæ'get/ noun a stick-shaped loaf of bread

bail /be1l/ noun money which an arrested person, or someone else, pays to a court as a promise that the person will return to court for their trial. If they do not return the court keeps the money. \circ She was released on bail of £5000.

bail out phrasal verb **1**. to help someone in difficulty \circ When he couldn't pay his rent, he asked his father to bail him out. **2**. to pay money to a court to have a prisoner set free \circ He phoned his lawyer to see if someone could bail him out. **3**. to remove water from a boat \circ I'll try to plug the hole, if you start to bail out.

bailiff /'be1ltf / noun a court official who is responsible for making sure that court orders are obeyed \circ The court ordered the bailiff to seize his property because he had not paid his debt. \circ We were having breakfast when the bailiffs arrived and seized our car.

bait /beit/ (baits, baiting, baited) verb to attach bait to a hook \circ *He baited his line with a worm.*

(3) **bake** /be1k/ (bakes, baking, baked) verb to cook food such as bread or cakes in an oven \circ Mum's baking a cake for my birthday. \circ Bake the pizza for 35 minutes.

(3) **baked beans** / beikt 'bi:nz/ plural noun dried white beans cooked in tomato sauce \circ We had baked beans on toast for supper. \circ Can you go to the grocer's and get me a tin of baked beans?

baked potato /,beikt pə'teitəu/ noun a potato which you bake in the oven, often cut open when it is cooked and filled with another food such as cheese or beans

(3) **baker** /'be1kə/ noun a person whose job is to make bread and cakes □ **the baker's** a shop that sells bread and cakes ○ Can you go to the baker's and get a loaf of brown bread? **bakery** /'beɪkəri/ *noun* a place where bread and cakes are made for selling to the public

(2) **balance** /'bæləns/ noun 1. the quality of staying steady o The cat needs a good sense of balance to walk along the top of a fence. **to keep your balance** not to fall over \square to lose your balance to fall down \bigcirc As he was crossing the river on the tightrope he lost his balance and fell. 2. an amount of money remaining in an account • I have a balance of £25 in my bank ac*count.* **3.** an amount of money still to be paid from a larger sum owed o You can pay £100 now and the balance in three instalments. • The balance outstanding is now £5000. ■ verb (balances, balancing, balanced) 1. to stay or stand in position without falling o The cat balanced on the top of the fence. 2. to make something stay in position without falling o The waiter balanced a pile of dirty plates on his arm.

balanced /'bælənst/ *adj* **1**. not extreme, having equal quantities \circ *a balanced diet* **2**. sensible \circ *to express a balanced opinion*

balance sheet /'bæləns ʃi:t/ noun a statement of a company's financial position at the end of a period of time

balancing act /'bælənsıŋ ækt/ noun a skilful attempt to deal with opposing groups or opinions, or with a large variety of jobs

balcony /'bælkəni/ noun 1. a small flat area that sticks out from an upper level of a building protected by a low wall or by posts \circ The flat has a balcony overlooking the harbour. \circ Breakfast is served on the balcony. 2. the upper rows of seats in a theatre or cinema \circ We booked seats at the front of the balcony.

bald /boild/ adj having no hair where there used to be hair, especially on the head \circ His grandfather is quite bald. \circ He is beginning to go bald.

balding /'boxldin/ adj going bald

baldly /'bɔ:ldli/ adv done or said in a plain and simple way

bale /be1l/ noun a large block of a substance such as wool, paper or cotton $\circ a$ bale of cotton \circ They used bales of straw to make walls alongside the racetrack.

balk /bo:k/ verb another spelling of **baulk** () **ball** /bo:l/ noun 1. a round object used in playing games, for throwing, kicking or hitting \circ They played in the garden with an old tennis ball. \circ He kicked the ball into the goal. 2. any round object \circ a ball of wool \circ He crumpled the paper up into a ball. 3. a formal dance \diamond to have a ball to enjoy yourself a lot \diamond You can see from the photos we were having a ball. \diamond to play ball to work well with someone to achieve something \diamond I asked them for a little more time but they won't play ball. \diamond to start the ball rolling to start something happening \diamond I'll start the ball rolling by introducing the visitors, then you can introduce yourselves. \diamond to be on the ball to have a lot of skill or knowledge of something \diamond I'll ask Mary to do it – she's been here a long time and is really on the ball. \diamond someone won't play ball someone won't cooperate

ballad /'bæləd/ noun a simple romantic song

ball boy /'boxl box/ *noun* a boy who picks up the balls during tennis games

ballerina /₁bælə'riɪnə/ noun a woman ballet dancer

ballet /'bæleɪ/ noun 1. a type of dance, given as a public entertainment, where dancers perform a story to music 2. a performance of this type of dance \circ We went to the ballet last night.

ball game /'bosl geim/ noun 1. a game played with a ball \circ football, tennis and other ball games 2. US a game of baseball **ball girl** /'bosl ggsl/ noun a girl who picks up the balls during tennis games

(3) **balloon** /b = 'lu:n/ noun 1. a large ball which is blown up with air or gas 2. a very large balloon which rises as the air inside it is heated, sometimes with a container attached for people to travel in \circ We went for a ride in a hot-air balloon. • verb (balloons, ballooning, ballooned) to increase quickly in size or amount

ballot /'bælət/ noun a way of voting in which voters mark papers with a cross ■ verb (ballots, balloting, balloted) 1. to get people to vote on something ○ The union is balloting its members on the strike. 2. to vote by marking papers with a cross ○ They balloted for the place on the committee.

ballot box /'bælət boks/ noun a box for putting voting papers into

ballpoint / bollpoint/, **ballpoint** pen /,bollpoint 'pen/ noun a pen which has a small ball at the tip over which ink flows as you write \circ Don't write in ballpoint, use a pencil.

ballroom /'boxlruxm/ noun a large room for formal dances

ballroom dancing /'bɔ:lruːm _dɑːnsɪŋ/ *noun* formal dancing

balm /baːm/ noun a soothing ointment **balmy** /'baːmi/ adj pleasantly mild

Baltic

Baltic /'bo:lt1k/ noun the sea south of Sweden and Finland, and north of Poland \circ We spent the summer cruising along the Baltic coast.

bamboo /bæm'buː/ *noun* a tall tropical plant whose stems are used as supports or in making furniture

③ **ban** /bæn/ noun an official statement which says that people must not do something [-on] ◦ There is a ban on smoking in many public places. ■ verb (**banning**, **banned**, **banned**) to say officially that people must not do something [-from] ◦ She was banned from driving for three years.

banal /bə'nɑːl/ *adj* quite ordinary and uninteresting

banana /bə'nɑːnə/ *noun* a long yellow, slightly curved fruit which grows in hot countries

(2) **band** /bænd/ noun 1. a group of people who play music together \circ *The soldiers* marched down the street, following the band. \circ My brother's in a rock band. 2. a group of people who do something together \circ Bands of drunken football fans were wandering around the streets. 3. a narrow piece of something \circ Her hair was tied back with a red band. 4. a long thin mark of a particular colour \circ a black tee-shirt with a broad band of yellow across the front 5. a range of things taken together \circ He's in the top salary band. \circ We're looking for something in the £10 – £15 price band.

 (3) bandage /'bændidʒ/ noun a cloth for putting around an injured part of the body
 • The nurse put a bandage round his knee.
 • His head was covered in bandages.

③ **BandAid** /'bændeɪd/ trademark US a small strip of cloth with gauze in the middle, which can be stuck to the skin to cover a wound \circ Let me put a BandAid on your finger.

B & B abbr bed and breakfast

bandit /'bændit/ noun a robber

bandwagon /'bændwægən/ noun \Box to jump on the bandwagon to do what everyone else is doing \circ Once the prince had praised the ecological movement, everyone wanted to jump on the bandwagon.

bandwidth /'bændwid0/ *noun* 1. a range of radio wavelengths 2. the amount of electronic data that can be sent through an Internet connection or other communication channel

bandy about *phrasal verb* to speak or write certain words

(3) **bang** /bæŋ/ noun a sudden noise like that made by a gun \circ *The car started with a series of loud bangs.* \circ *There was a bang* and the tyre went flat. \blacksquare verb (bangs, banging, banged) to hit something hard, so as to make a loud noise \circ *He banged (on) the table with his hand.* \circ *Can't you stop the door banging?*

banger /'bæŋə/ noun an old car \circ I'm surprised his old banger is still on the road.

bangle /'bæŋgəl/ noun a metal bracelet worn round the wrist or ankle

(3) **banish** /'bænɪʃ/ (**banishes**, **banishing**, **banished**) *verb* **1**. to send someone to live a long distance away, usually out of the country, or in a distant part of the country, as a punishment [~t0] \circ *He was banished to a small island*. **2**. to send someone away from a particular place [~from/~t0] \circ *She was banished from the front desk to a little office on the fifth floor*. **3**. to get rid of something bad or unpleasant \circ *The aim is to banish poverty by the year 2010*.

banjo /'bændʒəʊ/ (*plural* **banjos** or **banjoes**) *noun* a stringed instrument with a round body and a long neck

() **bank** /bæŋk/ noun 1. a business which holds money for people, and lends them money \circ *I* must go to the bank to get some money. \circ She took all her money out of the bank to buy a car. \circ How much money do you have in the bank? 2. land along the side of a river \circ He sat on the river bank all day, trying to catch fish. \circ There is a path along the bank of the canal. 3. a long pile of earth, sand, snow or other substance \circ The road was blocked by banks of snow blown by the wind. ■ verb (banks, banking, banked) to store money in a bank \circ *I* banked the cheque as soon as it arrived. \circ Have you banked the money yet?

bank on *phrasal verb* to be sure that something will happen

② **bank account** /'bæŋk ə,kaont/ noun an arrangement which you make with a bank to keep your money safely until you want it □ **to open a bank account** to start keeping money in a bank \circ *He opened a bank account when he started his first job.*

bank balance /'bæŋk ,bæləns/ noun the amount of money someone has in a bank account

bank card /'bæŋk koːd/ *noun* a plastic card you use with a cheque to make a payment

banker /'bæŋkə/ *noun* a person who has a senior post in a bank

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() **bank holiday** /,bæŋk 'hblīdeī/ *noun* a public holiday when most people do not go to work and the banks are closed

(3) **banking** /'bæŋkıŋ/ noun the work that banks do 0 Some supermarkets now offer banking services.

banknote /'bæŋknəʊt/ *noun* a piece of paper money

(3) **bankrupt** /'bæŋkrʌpt/ noun a person who cannot pay his or her debts \circ *A bankrupt cannot be a member of parliament.*

bankruptcy /'bæŋkrʌptsi/ noun being bankrupt

bank statement /'bæŋk ,stertmənt/ *noun* a written document from a bank showing the balance of an account

banquet /'bæŋkwɪt/ noun a formal dinner for important guests

banter /'bæntə/ noun talk with joking comments

bap /bæp/ noun a soft flat white bread roll

baptise /bæp'taɪz/ (**baptises**, **baptising**, **baptised**), **baptize** verb **1**. to receive someone into the Christian religion in a ceremony involving sprinkling or covering with water **2**. to give a baby a name when it is baptised

baptism /'bæpt1z(ϑ)m/ noun a religious ceremony where someone, usually a baby, is welcomed into the Christian church and given a Christian name after being sprinkled with holy water $\circ All$ the family came together for the baptism.

(1) **bar** /bar/ noun 1. a long piece of something hard \circ The yard was full of planks and metal bars. \square a bar of soap, a bar of chocolate a thick piece of soap or chocolate **2.** a solid piece of a substance such as chocolate or soap 3. a place where you can buy and drink alcohol \circ Let's meet in the *bar before dinner.* **■** *prep* except \circ *All of the* suppliers replied bar one. \circ All bar two of the players in the team are British. • verb (bars, barring, barred) 1. to block something [~to] o The road was barred by the police. \circ The path is barred to cyclists. **2.** \Box to bar someone from doing something to prevent someone officially from doing something \circ *He was barred from playing* football for three months.

barbarian /baː'beəriən/ noun a wild and uncivilised person

barbaric /baː'bærɪk/ adj cruel and uncivilised

barbarous /'baːbərəs/ adj very cruel (formal)

(3) **barbecue** /'bɑ:bik ju:/ noun 1. a metal grill for cooking food on out of doors ○ *Light the barbecue at least half an hour be*fore you start cooking. 2. food cooked on a barbecue ○ *Here is a recipe for chicken barbecue.* 3. a meal or party where food is cooked out of doors ○ *We had a barbecue* for twenty guests. ○ *They were invited to a barbecue.* ■ verb (barbecues, barbecuing, barbecued) to cook something on a barbecue ○ Barbecued spare ribs are on the menu. ○ She was barbecuing sausages for lunch when it started to rain.

barbed /ba:bd/ adj (of a remark) sharply critical \circ He made some barbed comments about her singing.

(3) **barbed wire** /,ba:bd 'warə/ noun a type of wire with sharp spikes, used to make fences

barbell /'ba:bel/ noun a long metal bar with a weight at each end which is used in weightlifting

barber /'barbə/ noun a person who cuts men's hair

barbiturate /bar'bit forət/ noun a drug which sends you to sleep

bar chart / ba: $t \int a:t / noun a diagram where quantities are shown as thick columns of different heights$

bar code /'ba: kəud/ *noun* printed vertical lines containing information which can be read by a computer

③ **bare** /beə/ (barer, barest) adj 1. not covered by clothes or shoes ○ He walked on the beach in his bare feet. ○ I can't sit in the sun with my arms bare. 2. without any kind of cover ○ They slept on the bare floorboards. ○ They saw the bare bones of dead animals in the desert. 3. without leaves ○ bare branches 4. with just what is really needed and nothing extra ○ We only took the bare essentials when we went travelling. ○ She thought £100 was the bare minimum she would accept. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bear**.)

barefoot /'beəfut/ *adj*, *adv* without shoes • *She walked barefoot in the grass.* • *The children were barefoot.*

(3) **barely** /'beəli/ adv almost not ○ She barely had enough money to pay for her ticket. ○ He barely had time to get dressed before the police arrived. ○ The noise is barely tolerable.

(3) **bargain** /'ba:gin/ noun 1. something bought more cheaply than usual ○ *The car* was a real bargain at £500. 2. an agreement between two people or groups of people ■ verb (bargains, bargaining, bar**gained)** to discuss the terms of an agreement or sale \diamond more than *or* not what you bargained for different, usually worse, than you had expected \diamond into the bargain as well as other things \circ *The plane was late and they lost my suitcase into the bargain.*

bargain on phrasal verb to expect something \circ I hadn't bargained on it being so wet. \circ She's bargaining on someone dropping out so that she can take their place.

barge /ba:d₃/ (**barging**, **barged**) *verb* **barge** in *phrasal verb* to arrive or intervene in an unwelcome way

bar graph /'ba: gra:f/ noun same as **bar** chart

baritone /'bæritəon/ noun a singer with a voice which is higher than a bass and lower than a tenor \circ *The baritone sang a duet with the soprano.*

bark /bɑ:k/ noun 1. the hard outer layer of a tree 2. the loud sound a dog makes \circ *The dog gave a bark as we came into the house.*

• verb (barks, barking, barked) to be mistaken \circ They don't know what the real problem is – they're barking up the wrong tree. \diamond his bark is worse than his bite he is not as frightening as he seems \circ Don't be afraid of Aunt Bessie – her bark is much worse than her bite.

barley /'baɪli/ noun a common cereal crop grown in temperate areas

barmaid /'ba:meid/ *noun* a woman who serves drinks in a bar (*dated*)

barman /'baɪmən/ (plural barmen) noun a man who serves drinks in a bar

bar mitzvah /ba: 'mɪtsvə/ noun a ceremony where a Jewish boy is made a full member of his community at the age of 13 **barmy** /'ba:mi/ (**barmier, barmiest**) adj not sensible (*informal*)

barn /barn/ noun a large farm building for storing produce or for keeping animals or machinery

barometer /bə'romɪtə/ noun an instrument which measures changes in atmospheric pressure and can be used to forecast the weather

baron /'bærən/ *noun* **1.** a nobleman of a low rank in the UK **2.** the title given to a life peer in the UK **3.** a powerful person (NOTE: Do not confuse with **barren**.)

barracks /'bærəks/ noun a building where soldiers are housed \circ *The soldiers marched into their barracks.*

barrage /'bærɑɪʒ/ noun 1. a large amount of questions or complaints [~of] \circ He faced a barrage of questions from reporters when he arrived at the airport. **2.** heavy gunfire, or a mass of things thrown \circ The enemy started an artillery barrage. \circ The police were met by a barrage of stones and bottles. **3.** a dam made of a wall of soil or stones which blocks a river \circ They built a barrage to help control the water level in the river.

(3) **barrel** /'bærəl/ noun **1**. a container with curved sides for storing liquid \circ *a barrel of beer* \circ *a wine barrel* **2**. the tube of a gun out of which a bullet is fired

barren /'bærən/ *adj* (*of living things*) not able to produce young, or not fertile \circ *a barren cow* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **baron**.)

barricade /,bær1'ketd/ noun a pile of something such as stones or burnt cars, which is used to block a street or entrance \circ Protesters built barricades across several of the main streets. \blacksquare verb (barricades, barricading, barricaded) to build a barricade across somewhere \circ Protesters barricaded the streets. \circ They barricade the doors and windows. \square to barricade yourself in or inside to block a door or window with furniture and other things so that no one else can get inside \circ He barricade himself inside the flat.

③ **barrier** /'bæriə/ noun 1. a bar or fence which blocks a passage \circ *He lifted the barrier and we drove across the border*. 2. an action or problem that makes it difficult for something to happen [-to] \circ *Lack of qualifications can be a barrier to employment.*

barring /'barrin/ *prep* unless something is the case

barrister /'bærɪstə/ *noun* a lawyer who can present cases in court. ϕ **bar**

bartender /'bartendə/ noun a person who serves behind a bar

barter /'bartə/ (barters, bartering, bartered) verb to discuss the price for something and try to have it reduced \circ *They had to barter for the things they bought in the market.*

Dase /beis/ noun 1. the bottom part of something ○ The table lamp has a flat base.
 a place where you work from [~for] ○ He lives in London but uses Paris as a base for business visits in France.
 something from which something else develops or is produced [~for] ○ The report will provide a good base for making some changes.
 verb (bases, basing, based) 1. to use something or somewhere as a base [~on] ○ The theory is based on research done in

Russia. **2.** to have a particular place as your main home or place of work $[~at/in] \circ She's$ based at head office or in Edinburgh. **3.** to use something as a model for something else $[~on] \circ The book is based on her mother's life. <math>\circ$ His theory was based on years of observations.

(2) **baseball** /'beisbb:l/ noun 1. an American game for two teams of nine players, in which a player hits a ball with a long, narrow bat and players from the other team try to catch it 2. the hard ball used in playing baseball

baseball cap /'beisboil kæp/ noun a soft cotton cap with a large peak

-based /beist/ suffix **1**. produced or developed from \circ a milk-based dessert **2**. living or working at a particular place \circ a London-based company

baseline /'beɪslaɪn/ *noun* the line at the back of a tennis court, etc.

basement /'beismənt/ *noun* a floor in a building below ground level

bash /basf noun **1**. a knock $\circ I$ see your car has had a bash. **2**. a party \circ Are you going to Jane's bash tomorrow? \blacksquare verb (bashes, bashing, bashed) to hit hard \circ When she fell down she bashed her head on the chair. \circ He was bashing stakes into the ground with a mallet.

bashful /'bæ $\int f(\mathbf{a})\mathbf{l}/adj$ shy and embarrassed

 basic /'beisik/ adj very simple, or at the first level o Being able to swim is a basic requirement if you are going canoeing.
 Knowledge of basic Spanish will be enough for the job.

() **basically** / beisikli/ adv considering only the most important information and not the details \circ *Basically, he's fed up with his job.*

basil /'bæz(ə)l/ *noun* a herb with strongly scented leaves which is used especially in Italian cooking

basilica /bə'zılıkə/ noun an important Catholic church \circ *St Peter's Basilica is the most important church in Rome.*

basin /'beIs(ə)n/ noun 1. same as washbasin 2. a large or small bowl, especially one for holding or mixing food items

① **basis** /'beisis/ (plural bases) noun 1. the general facts on which something is based [~for] \circ What is the basis for these proposals? \Box on the basis of based on \circ The calculations are done on the basis of an exchange rate of 1.6 dollars to the pound. 2. the general terms of an agreement \circ She is working for us on a temporary basis. \circ Many of the helpers at the hospice work on a voluntary basis.

bask /basks/ (basks, basking, basked) verb to lie happily in warm sunshine or in a pleasant atmosphere

(2) **basket** /'buskit/ noun a container made of thin pieces of wood, wire or fibre woven together

(2) **basketball** /'bɑɪskɪtbɔːl/ noun a game played by two teams of five players who try to throw the ball through an open net hung high up at each end of the playing area

bass¹ /be1s/ noun **1**. a male singer with a low-pitched voice **2**. a guitar with a low-pitched sound \blacksquare adj relating to a low-pitched voice or music \circ He has a pleasant bass voice. Compare **tenor**

bass² /beis/ noun a type of edible freshwater fish

bassoon /bə'suːn/ *noun* a long wooden wind instrument, with a low tone

(3) **bastard** /'ba:stəd/ noun 1. a person whose parents are not married ○ *Technically speaking, many children are born bastards nowadays.* 2. a nasty person or nasty thing (generally offensive) ○ *The bastard* walked out of the restaurant without paying. ○ *The written driving test is a real bastard.*

bastion /'bæstiən/ noun a place which protects a particular way of living or set of opinions

(3) **bat** /bæt/ noun 1. a piece of wood used for hitting a ball \circ a baseball bat \circ a cricket bat 2. a small animal with skin flaps like wings that flies at night and hangs upside down when resting

batch $/bæt \int / noun a number of things made at one time$

(2) **bath** $/b\alpha:\theta/$ noun (plural **baths**) **1.** a large container in which you can sit and wash your whole body \circ *There's a washbasin and a bath in the bathroom.* **2.** the process of washing your whole body \Box **to have a bath** to wash your whole body \Box **to have a bath** to wash your whole body \Box to wash yourself or someone else in a bath \circ *She's bathing the baby.* \circ *Do you prefer to bath or shower?* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bathe.**)

bathe /betð/ (bathes, bathing, bathed) verb 1. to go into water to swim or wash \circ *Thousands of people come to bathe in the Ganges.* 2. to wash a cut or damaged part of the body carefully $\circ A$ nurse bathed the wound on his arm. 3. US to have a bath $\circ I$ just have enough time to bathe before my

bathrobe

dinner guests arrive. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bath**.)

bathrobe /'ba: θ rəub/ noun a loose coat of towelling, worn when you get out of a bath \circ She came out of the bathroom dressed in a pink bathrobe.

② **bathroom** /'bɑ:θru:m/ noun 1. a room in a house with a bath, a washbasin and usually a toilet ○ *The house has two bathrooms.* **2.** *US* a room containing a toilet ○ *Where's the bathroom?* ○ *Can I use your bathroom, please?*

bathtub /'ba:θt ∧b/ *noun US* the container in which you sit and wash your body

baton /'bæton/ noun 1. a large stick used to hit with \circ *The crowd was stopped by a row of policemen carrying batons*. 2. a thin white stick used to conduct an orchestra 3. a stick which is passed from runner to runner in a relay race

batsman /'bætsmən/ (*plural* batsmen) *noun* the player who is batting in a cricket match

battalion /bə'tæljən/ *noun* a section of the army, usually commanded by a lieuten-ant-colonel

batter /'bætə/ noun 1. a liquid mixture of flour, milk and usually eggs \circ fish coated in batter and fried 2. (in baseball) the player who has the bat and hits the ball **•** verb (batters, battering, battered) to hit often \circ He was accused of battering the baby to death.

battered /'bætəd/ adj old and in a bad condition o a battered old car

(2) **battery** /'bæt(\exists)ri/ (plural batteries) noun an object that fits into a piece of electrical equipment to provide it with electric energy \circ My calculator needs a new battery. \circ The battery has given out so I can't use my radio. \circ My mobile phone has a rechargeable battery.

② **battle** /'bæt(ə)l/ noun 1. an occasion when large groups of soldiers fight each other using powerful weapons [~for/~of] ○ Many soldiers died in the first battle for the bridge. ○ Wellington won the Battle of Waterloo. 2. an attempt to prevent something unpleasant and difficult to deal with [~against/~for] ○ a constant battle for better living standards ○ He lost his battle against cancer. ■ verb (battles, battling, battled) to try to prevent something unpleasant and difficult to deal with [~against/~with/~for]

battlefield /'bæt(ə)lfi:ld/, **battleground** /'bæt(ə)lgraund/ noun a site of a battle **battlements** /'bæt(ə)lmənts/ plural noun the top part of a castle wall, with places where soldiers could shoot at attackers o Soldiers were firing from the battlements.

battleship / bæt(ə)lʃɪp/ noun the largest type of warship, with big guns

baulk /bɔ:k/ (baulks, baulking, baulked) verb to refuse to do something which is dangerous or unpleasant (NOTE: also spelled balk)

bawl /boxl/ (bawls, bawling, bawled) verb to shout loudly

(3) **bay** /bei/ noun 1. an area along a coast where the land curves inwards \circ a sheltered bay 2. a marked or enclosed area used for a particular purpose \circ a bay marked 'Reserved Parking'

bay leaf /'beI liff/ noun an aromatic leaf of a bay tree which is used in cooking

bayonet /'bei \exists nit/ noun a sharp blade fitted at the end of a rifle \circ The soldiers were ordered to fix bayonets.

bay window /bei 'windəu/ *noun* a window which sticks out from a flat wall

bazaar /bə'zɑː/ noun a market in South Asia, the Middle East or North Africa \circ We visited the busy bazaar to try to buy spices. **BBC** noun the British national radio and TV company \circ We were listening to the BBC news or to the news on the BBC. \circ The BBC broadcasts to many countries in the world. \circ A BBC reporter wanted to interview her. Full form British Broadcasting Corporation

BBQ abbr barbecue

BC used after a date to show that it is after the birth of Jesus Christ. Full form **before Christ**. Compare **AD** (NOTE: Sometimes BCE (before the Common Era) is used to avoid referring to Jesus Christ.)

(1) **be** /b1, bi1/ (1st person present singular am, 2nd person present singular are, 3rd person present singular is, 1st person present plural are, 2nd person present plural are, 3rd person present plural are, present subjunctive be, 1st person singular past indicative was, 2nd person singular past indicative were, 3rd person singular past indicative was, 1st person plural past indicative were, 2nd person plural past indicative were, 3rd person plural past indicative were, past subjunctive were, past parti*ciple* **been**) *verb* **1**. used for describing a person or thing o Our house is older than yours. \circ She is bigger than her brother. \circ *Lemons are yellow.* \circ *The soup is hot.* \circ *Put* on your coat – it is cold outside. \circ I'm cold after standing waiting for the bus. \circ Are

you tired after your long walk? 2. used for showing age or time \circ He's twenty years old. \circ She will be two next month. \circ It is nearly ten o'clock. \circ It is time to get up. \circ September is the beginning of autumn. 3. used for showing price \circ Onions are 80p a kilo. \circ The cakes are 50p each. \circ Mv car was worth £10,000 when it was new. 4. used for showing someone's job o His father is a bus driver. \circ She wants to be a *teacher.* **5.** used for showing things such as size, weight, height, etc. o He's 1.70m tall. \circ The room is three metres square. \circ Our house is ten miles from the nearest station. **6.** to add up to \circ *Two and two are four.* **7.** used for showing that someone or something exists or is in a particular place \circ There was a crowd of people waiting for the shop to open. \circ There were only two people left on the bus. \circ Where are we? \circ There's your hat!

(2) **beach** /birt \int / noun an area of sand or small stones by the edge of the sea

beacon /'bi:kən/ noun a light which warns about something or shows ships or aircraft the way to go

bead /bitd/ noun 1. a little piece of wood, plastic or glass, with a hole in it, which is used to make a necklace or other decoration \circ She was wearing a string of red beads. \circ Beads are back in fashion again. 2. a small drop of liquid \circ Beads of sweat formed on his brow.

beagle /'big(a)l/ noun a breed of dog used for hunting

③ **beak** /birk/ noun the hard part of a bird's mouth

beaker /'bi:kə/ noun 1. a drinking cup with or without a handle, sometimes with a lid and spout if intended for very small children \circ We'll use these glasses and the children can have the plastic beakers. \circ She's just started to drink from a beaker 2. a glass jar used in chemical experiments \circ You need a beaker and a Bunsen burner for this experiment.

beam /bi:m/ noun **1**. a long block of wood or metal which supports a structure, especially a roof \circ You can see the old beams in the ceiling. **2**. a ray of light \circ The beam from the car's headlights shone into the barn. \circ Beams of sunlight came through the coloured glass. **•** verb (beams, beaming, beamed) to give a big happy smile [~at] \circ The little girl beamed at him.

③ **bean** /bi:n/ noun a seed or the long thin pod of various different plants, that is cooked and eaten ① bear /beə/ noun a large wild animal covered with fur **•** verb (bears, bearing, bore, borne) 1. to carry or support something \circ The letter bore a London postmark. \circ Will this branch bear my weight? 2. to accept something bad or unpleasant in a calm way \circ She bore the bad news bravely. \Box be unable to bear someone or something to strongly dislike someone or something \circ I can't bear the smell of cooking fish. \diamond to bear something in mind to remember something that might change a decision \circ Bear in mind that it takes 2 hours to get there. \circ Bear me in mind when you're looking for help.

bear out phrasal verb to confirm something

bear up phrasal verb to survive cheerfully

bear with *phrasal verb* to wait patiently for someone to do something

bearable /'beərəb(∂)l/ *adj* which you can accept even though it is unpleasant

(3) **beard** /biəd/ noun the hair growing on a man's chin and cheeks \circ a long white beard

bearer /'beərə/ noun **1**. a person who carries or brings something $[\sim of] \circ Flag$ bearers walked in front of the groups of soldiers. \circ He said he was the bearer of bad news. **2**. a person who owns a legal document such as a cheque \circ This card entitles the bearer to a discount.

(3) **bearing** /'beəriŋ/ noun 1. one of a set of little balls inside which an axle turns \circ *The bearings in the bicycle wheel had to be replaced.* 2. a calculation to show where you are \circ *You need a compass to take a bearing.* \Box **to find or get your bearings** to find out where you are \circ *Give me a few moments to get my bearings.* 3. the way a person carries his or her body \diamond **to have a** or **some** or **no bearing on something** a or some or **no connection** to or effect on something \circ *The letter had no bearing on the result of the trial.* \diamond **to lose your bearings** to get lost \circ *I'm sorry I'm late, but I didn't have a map and lost my bearings.*

bear market /'bea,ma:kit/ *noun* a period when prices on the stock market fall as shareholders sell shares, because they think share prices will fall further. Compare **bull market**

(3) **beast** /bi:st/ noun **1**. a wild animal **2**. a nasty person \circ *The beast! He left nothing for anyone else.*

(2) **beat** /birt/ noun a regular pattern of sound \circ They danced to the beat of the

drums. \diamond heartbeat \blacksquare verb (beats, beating, beat, beaten) 1. to make a regular sound \circ His heart was still beating when the ambulance arrived. \circ Her heart beat faster as she went into the interview. 2. to hit something or someone hard \circ He was beaten by a gang of youths. 3. to win a game against another player or team [~at] \circ We beat the Australians at cricket last year. \circ Their football team beat us by 10 goals to 2.

beat down phrasal verb **1**. to make someone reduce a price $\circ I$ beat down his price or I beat him down. **2**. to fall hard on \circ The sun was beating down so we looked for some shade. \circ The rain beat down on the marchers.

beat up(2) *phrasal verb* **1**. to whip cream, eggs or another food \circ *Beat up the mixture in a big bowl.* **2**. to attack someone \circ *Three muggers beat him up and stole his wallet.*

③ **beating** /'bi:tɪŋ/ *noun* the act of hitting or defeating

beautician /bju:'tɪʃ(ə)n/ *noun* a person who makes people beautiful by applying makeup

① **beautiful** /'bju:ttf(\Im)l/ adj 1. physically very attractive \circ We have three beautiful daughters. 2. pleasant to look at \circ a beautiful house \circ the beautiful colours of the autumn leaves 3. pleasant or enjoyable \circ What beautiful weather for a walk.

beautifully /'bju:tif(ə)li/ adv in a very pleasing way

beautify /'bju:t1fa1/ (beautifies, beautifying, beautified) *verb* to make someone or something beautiful

(2) **beauty** /'bjutti/ (plural beauties) noun 1. the quality of being beautiful \circ an object of great beauty \circ the beauty of the tall trees against the background of the blue lake 2. a beautiful woman or a beautiful thing \circ At 18 she was a real beauty. \circ Look at these apples, they're real beauties.

beauty spot /'bju:ti spot/ noun a famous beautiful place

beaver /'bi:və/ noun an American animal with soft brown fur, sharp teeth and a broad flat tail, which lives in water \circ *Beavers cut down young trees to build their homes.*

became /b1'ke1m/ past tense of **become** (1) **because** /b1'kb2/ *conj* for the reason that follows $\circ I$ was late because I missed the train. \circ The dog's wet because he's been in the river. \diamond **because of** as a result of \circ The plane was delayed because of bad weather. **beckon** /'bekən/ (beckons, beckoning, beckoned) verb to make a sign with your hand telling someone to come to you [~to] \circ The nurse beckoned to her to come into the room.

① **become** /b1'kAm/ (**becomes**, **becoming**, **became**, **become**) verb **1**. to change to something different \circ The sky became dark and the wind became stronger. \circ They became good friends. \circ As she got older she became rather deaf. \circ It soon became obvious that he didn't understand a word of what I was saying. **2**. to start to work as \circ He wants to become a doctor.

① **bed** /bed/ noun **1**. a piece of furniture for sleeping on \circ *Lie down on my bed if you're tired.* \Box **to go to bed** to get into your bed for the night \circ *She always goes to bed at 9 o'clock.* \Box **to make a bed** to make a bed tidy or change the bedclothes after someone has slept in it \circ *You can't go into your hotel room because the beds haven't been made.* \circ *Have you made your bed?* **2**. a piece of ground for particular plants to grow in \circ *a strawberry bed* \circ *a rose bed* **3**. the ground at the bottom of water \circ *the sandy bed of a river* \circ *a river bed*

bedclothes /'bedkləuðz/ plural noun sheets and blankets which cover a bed \circ *She woke up when all her bedclothes fell off.*

bedding /'bedin/ noun **1**. sheets, blankets and other items for a bed; bedclothes \circ *When you rent a cottage the bedding is usually provided.* **2**. a soft material such as hay for an animal to sleep on

bedraggled /bɪ'dræg(ə)ld/ adj dirty, untidy and wet

bedrock /'bedrok/ noun 1. the bottom layer of rock under the earth 2. basic principles \circ Socialism is the bedrock of the party's manifesto.

① **bedroom** /'bedru:m/ noun a room where you sleep \circ My bedroom is on the first floor. \circ The hotel has twenty-five bedrooms. \circ Shut your bedroom door if you want to be quiet.

bedside /'bedsa1d/ noun the side of a bed

bedspread /'bedspred/ *noun* a decorated cloth put over a bed

③ **bedtime** /'bedtaɪm/ *noun* the time when you go to bed

bee /bit/ noun an insect which makes honey, and can sting you

beech /birt f/ noun same as **beech tree**

beech tree /'bitt \int tri:/ noun a common hardwood tree \circ Beech trees are common on the chalk hills in the south of England. **beef** /bitf/ noun meat from a cow \circ roast

beel /biii / noun meat from a cow \circ roast beef \circ beef stew

beefburger /'bi:fb3:g \Rightarrow / noun a cake of grilled minced beef, usually served in a roll **beefy** /'bi:fi/ adj big and muscular \circ a strong, beefy looking man

beehive /'bithatv/ *noun* a box for bees to make a nest in

(1) **been** /bin/ past participle of **be**

beep /bi:p/ noun an audible warning sound \circ The printer will make a beep when it runs out of paper. \blacksquare verb (beeps, beeping, beeped) to make a beep \circ The computer beeped when I hit the wrong key. \diamond bleep

(2) **beer** /biə/ noun **1**. an alcoholic drink made from grain and water \circ *Can I have a glass of beer*? (NOTE: no plural) **2**. a glass or bottle of beer \circ *Three beers, please.*

beet /birt / noun US beetroot \circ Boil young fresh beets, and serve them with butter.

beetle /'birt(ə)l/ noun an insect with hard covers that protects its folded wings

beetroot /'bi:tru:t/ *noun* a vegetable with a dark red root, eaten cooked, usually in a salad

befall /br'fo:l/ (**befalls**, **befalling**, **befell**, **befallen**) verb to happen to (*archaic or liter-ary*)

befit /b1'f1t/ (**befits**, **befitting**, **befitted**) *verb* to suit

① **before** /b1'f5:/ prep earlier than \circ They should have arrived before now. \circ You must be home before 9 o'clock. \circ G comes before H in the alphabet. \bullet conjearlier than \circ The police got there before I did. \circ Think carefully before you start to answer the exam questions. \circ Wash your hands before you have your dinner. \circ Before you sit down, can you switch on the light? \bullet adv earlier \circ I didn't see him last week, but I had met him before. \circ Why didn't you tell me before?

(3) **beforehand** /bɪ'fɔːhænd/ adv in advance

befriend /b1⁺frend/ (**befriends**, **befriending**, **befriended**) *verb* to become friendly with someone and help them

beg /beg/ (**begs**, **begging**, **begged**) verb **1.** to ask for things like money or food \circ She sat begging on the steps of the station. \circ Children were begging for food. **2.** to ask someone in an emotional way to do something or give something \circ His mother begged him not to go. (1) **began** /b1'gæn/ past tense of **begin**

beggar /'begə/ noun a person who lives by asking for money \circ There are lots of beggars outside the railway stations.

① begin /b1'g1n/ (begins, beginning, began, begun) verb 1. to start, or start something \circ The meeting will begin at ten o'clock. \circ We began the session with introductions and getting to know each other. \circ His surname begins with an S. \Box to begin again to start a second time \circ She played a wrong note and had to begin again. 2. to start doing something \circ The weather is beginning to warm up. \circ The children began chasing each other. \diamond to begin with at first \circ To begin with, I travelled by train but now I cycle every day.

③ **beginner** /bi'gInə/ noun a person who is starting to learn something or do something \circ The course is for absolute beginners. \circ I can't paint very well – I'm just a beginner.

() **beginning** /br'ginin/ noun the first part \circ *The beginning of the film is rather boring.*

begrudge /b1'grAd₃/ (**begrudges**, **begrudging**, **begrudged**) *verb* to feel resentment because of something someone has or does

() **begun** /bi'gʌn/ past participle of **be**gin

behalf /b1'ha:f/ noun \square on behalf of someone, on someone's behalf acting for someone \circ She is speaking on behalf of the trade association. \circ He was chosen to speak on the workers' behalf.

③ behave /b1'he1v/ (behaves, behaving, behaved) verb to act in a particular way [-towards] ○ He behaved very pleasantly towards his staff. ○ She was behaving in a funny way. □ to behave (yourself) to be polite and good ○ If you don't behave, children, we won't go to see the film.

① **behaviour** /b1'he1vj ∂ / noun a way of doing things [~towards] \circ Local people complained about the behaviour of the football fans. \circ His behaviour towards her was quite natural.

behead /b1'hed/ (**beheads**, **beheading**, **beheaded**) verb to cut off someone's head ① **behind** /b1'ha1nd/ prep 1. at the back of \circ They hid behind the door. \circ I dropped my pen behind the sofa. \circ He was second, only three metres behind the winner. 2. responsible for \circ The police believe they know who is behind the bombing campaign. 3. supporting \circ All his colleagues were behind his decision. \circ We're behind beige

you! \blacksquare adv 1. at the back \circ He was first, and the rest of the runners were a long way behind. 2. later than you should be \circ I am behind with my correspondence. \circ The company has fallen behind schedule with its deliveries.

beige /be13/ adj, noun very pale brown \circ *He was wearing a beige pullover.*

① **being** /'bi:1ŋ/ noun 1. a person 2. a living thing, especially one that is not easily recognised 3. a spiritual or magical force \circ He dreamt he was being supported by supernatural beings. 4. a state of existing \diamond to come into being to start to exist \circ The association came into being in 1946.

belated /bɪ'leɪtɪd/ *adj* coming or happening later than it should

belch /belt \int / noun the action of allowing air in the stomach to come up through the mouth \circ He finished his meal and let out a loud belch. \blacksquare verb (belches, belching, belched) 1. to make air in the stomach come up through the mouth \circ He wiped his mouth and belched. 2. also belch out to produce large amounts of smoke, fumes or flames \circ Dark smoke belched from the power station.

beleaguered /bɪ'liːgəd/ *adj* surrounded by difficulties or by enemies

belie /b1'la1/ (belies, belying, belied) verb **1.** to hide \circ *His brusque manner belies his gentle nature.* **2.** to show that something is false \circ *His exam results belied his teachers' reports.*

(2) **belief** /bi'li:f/ noun a strong feeling that something is true $[\sim in] \circ his$ firm belief in the power of law \circ her strong belief in God \diamond **beyond belief** incredible \circ That she did not know that there were drugs in the parcel is quite beyond belief.

believable /bɪ'liːvəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be believed

① **believe** /b1'li:v/ (**believes**, **believing**, **believed**) verb **1**. to be sure that something is true, although you can't prove it [~(that)] \circ I don't believe his story. \circ People used to believe that the earth was flat. **2**. used when you are not absolutely sure of something [~(that)] \circ I don't believe we've met.

believer /b1'lixvə/ noun a person who believes in a particular religion or idea

belittle /b1'lIt(a)l/ (**belittles**, **belittling**, **belittled**) *verb* to make something seem unimportant

(2) **bell** /bel/ noun **1**. a metal object shaped like a cup which makes a ringing noise when hit by a piece of metal inside it \circ *They rang the church bells at the wedding.* 2. any object designed to make a ringing noise, especially one that uses electricity ○ *The alarm bell rings if you touch the door.* ○ *The postman rang the door bell.* ○ *You ought to have a bell on your bicycle.* ◇ to ring a bell or any bells to sound familiar or remind you of something ○ *Does the name Forsyth ring a bell?*

belligerent /bə'lIdʒərənt/ adj **1.** wanting to go to war, or being at war \circ *The country has turned increasingly belligerent towards its neighbours.* **2.** aggressive, wanting to argue with other people \circ *Ask the manager about it tomorrow, he's in a belligerent mood at the moment.*

bellow *('bel3o)* (**bellows, bellowing, bellowed**) *verb* **1**. to make a loud $\operatorname{cry} \circ He$ *bellowed* with pain. \circ *The bull was bellowing in the farmyard.* **2**. to shout \circ *He bellowed to the swimmers to come back to the beach.*

③ **belly** /'beli/ (*plural* **bellies**) *noun* the stomach and intestines (*informal*)

belly button /'beli ,bAt(ə)n/ noun same as **navel** (informal)

(i) belong /bi'lon/ (belongs, belonging, belonged) verb 1. to be kept in the usual or expected place or That book belongs on the top shelf. 2. to be happy to be somewhere or with a group of people o Within a week in my new job I felt I belonged. 3. D to belong to an organisation to be a member of an organisation \circ They still belong to the *tennis club.* **to belong to someone** to be the property of someone o Does the car really belong to you? \Box to belong to something to be part of or connected to something \circ French belongs to the family of languages that developed from Latin. 4. \Box to **belong with** to be a part of or connected to something else o These knives belong with the set in the kitchen.

belongings /b1'lbŋ1ŋ2/ plural noun personal property \circ Her belongings were scattered all over the room. \circ Please be sure to take all your personal belongings with you when you leave the aircraft.

● **below** /b1'ləu/ adv lower down \circ Standing on the bridge we looked at the river below. \circ These toys are for children of two years and below. \blacksquare prep lower down than \circ The temperature was below freezing. \circ In Singapore, the temperature never goes below 25°C. \circ Do not write anything below this line. \circ These tablets should not be given to children below the age of twelve. \circ Can you see below the surface of the water? (2) **belt** /belt/ noun a strap which goes round your waist to hold up a skirt or trousers \circ She wore a skirt with a bright red belt.

belt up phrasal verb (informal) **1.** to stop talking **2.** to attach your seat belt \circ Make sure everyone in the car belts up.

bemused /bɪ'mjuːzd/ *adj* puzzled and confused

(2) **bench** /bent \int / noun a long seat for several people \circ We sat down on one of the park benches.

benchmark /'bent∫mɑːk/ *noun* a standard for testing against

② bend /bend/ noun a curve in something such as a road or a pipe [~in] ○ Don't drive too fast, there's a sudden bend in the road. ○ The pipe under the sink has an awkward bend in it. ■ verb (bends, bending, bent) 1. to move your shoulders and head into a lower position ○ He bent to pick up the little girl. ○ You can reach it if you bend to the left. 2. to make something curve ○ You will have to bend the pipe to fit round the corner. 3. to move a jointed part of your body ○ Bend your knees slightly. 4. to have the shape of a curve ○ The road bends sudden-ly after the bridge.

bend down phrasal verb to move to a lower position, so that your head is lower than your waist \circ *He bent down to pick up the little girl.*

bend over phrasal verb to move to a different or a lower position \circ You can read it if you bend over to the left. \circ Bend over till you can touch your toes. \diamond to bend over backwards for someone or to do something to do everything you can to help someone \circ Their friends bent over backwards for ot to support the family after the accident.

bendy *I*'bendi/ *adj* **1.** easily bent \circ *a bendy toy* **2.** having many bends \circ *a bendy road*

② beneath /bi'ni:θ/ prep under ○ There are dangerous rocks beneath the surface of the lake. ○ The river flows very fast beneath the bridge. ■ adv underneath (formal) ○ They stood on the bridge and watched the river flowing beneath.

beneficial /, benI'fI $\int(\partial)l/adj$ having a helpful effect

(3) **beneficiary** /,ben1'f1∫əri/ (*plural* **beneficiaries**) *noun* **1**. a person who inherits something in a will ○ *The main beneficiaries were his three children*. **2**. someone, or a group, that is helped by something ○ *Who*

will be the main beneficiaries of this new law?

① **benefit** /'bentfit/ noun 1. an advantage ○ What benefit would I get from joining the club? □ for someone's benefit specially for someone \circ You are not doing it just for my benefit, are you? 2. a payment from the government to someone who needs financial help \circ unemployment benefit \circ maternity benefit ■ verb (benefits, benefiting, benefited) 1. to be useful to someone \circ The book will benefit anyone who is planning to do some house repairs. 2. to get an advantage from something

Benelux /'benɪlʌks/ *noun* the countries of Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg as a group

benevolent /bə'nev(ə)lənt/ adj good and kind

benign /bə'naın/ *adj* kind and pleasant

② **bent**¹ /bent/ adj curved or twisted ○ These nails are so bent we can't use them. **bent**² /bent/ **bend**

bequest /bi'kwest/ *noun* the giving of property or money to someone in a will

bereaved /b1'ri:vd/ *adj* who has a close relative or friend who has died \circ *We sent our condolences to the bereaved families.*

bereavement /b1'ri:vmənt/ noun the loss of a friend or relative through death

beret /'bereɪ/ *noun* a round cap without a peak, worn by men or women

berry /'beri/ (*plural* **berries**) *noun* a small round fruit with several small seeds inside (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bury**.)

berth $/b3:\theta/noun 1$. a place where a ship stays in a harbour \circ *There are no berths free* – *the ferry will have to wait at anchor outside the harbour for a while*. **2**. a bunk bed on a ship or train \circ *Do you want the upper or lower berth*?

(2) **beside** /bɪ'saɪd/ prep at the side of someone or something \circ Come and sit down beside me. \circ The office is just beside the railway station. \diamond **it's beside the point** it's got nothing to do with the main subject \circ Whether or not the coat matches your hat is beside the point – it's simply too big for you.

(2) **besides** /bi'saidz/ prep as well as ○ They have two other cars besides the big Ford. ○ Besides managing the shop, he also teaches in the evening. □ **besides being or doing something** in addition to being or doing something • adv used for adding another stronger reason for something ○ I don't want to go for a picnic – besides, it's starting to rain. **besiege** /bt'sitdʒ/ (**besieges**, **besieging**, **besieged**) *verb* to surround a building, or a town or city

(1) **best** /best/ adj better than anything else \circ She's my best friend. \circ He put on his best suit to go to the interview. • What is the best way of getting to London from here? best regards, best wishes a greeting sent to someone \circ *Give my best wishes to your father.* **noun** the thing which is better than anything else o The picture shows her at her best. adv in the most effective or successful way o The engine works best when it's warm. \circ Oranges grow best in hot countries. O Which of you knows London *best?* \diamond all the best best wishes for the future \diamond as best you can in the best way you can, even though this may not be perfect \diamond to do your best to do as well as you can \diamond to make the best of something to take any advantage you can from something \diamond to make the best of a bad job to accept a bad situation cheerfully \diamond to the best of someone's ability as well as possible \circ *I'll help you to the best of my ability.* \diamond **to the best** of my knowledge as far as I know \diamond best regards, best wishes a greeting sent to someone o Give my best wishes to your fa*ther*. \diamond **as best vou can** in the best way you can, even though this may not be perfect \circ He repaired the dent in the car door as best he could

best man /best 'mæn/ noun the man who helps the bridegroom at a wedding

bestow /bi'stəu/ (**bestows, bestowing, bestowed**) *verb* to give something (*formal*)

bestseller /best'selə/ *noun* an item, especially a book, which sells very well

① bet / bet / noun a sum of money which is risked by trying to say which horse will come first in a race or which side will win a competition $[-on] \circ I've got a bet on Bra$ zil to win the next World Cup. • verb (bets,betting, bet or betted) to risk money bysaying which horse you think will comefirst in a race or which team will win a $competition <math>[-on] \circ She bet \ f30 on the$ $horses. <math>\diamond I$ bet (you) (that) or I'll bet (you) (that) I'm sure that $\circ I$ bet you she's going to be late

betray /b1'tre1/ (**betrays**, **betraying**, **betrayed**) verb 1. to harm someone by telling their secrets \circ He was betrayed by his best friend. \circ The scientist was accused of betraying secrets to the enemy. 2. to show a feeling which you want to keep hidden \circ The tears in her eyes betrayed her emotion.

betrayal /b1'tre1əl/ *noun* the act of giving someone's secrets to an enemy, or of not doing what you had promised to do

(1) better /'betə/ adj 1. good when compared to something else o The weather is *better today than it was yesterday.* \circ *His* latest book is better than the first one he wrote. \circ She's better at maths than English. O Brown bread is better for you than white. \circ We will shop around to see if we can get a better price. **2.** healthy again $\circ I$ had a cold last week but I'm better now. \circ I hope your sister will be better soon. • adv more successfully than something else o She sings better than her sister. \circ My old knife cuts better than the new one. \Box to think better of something to decide that something is not a good idea o He was going to drive to London, but thought better of it when he heard the traffic report on the *news.* \diamond for the better in a way which makes a situation less unpleasant or difficult \circ *Her attitude has changed for the bet*ter since we reviewed her responsibilities. had better or would be better it would be sensible to \circ She'd better go to bed if she's got flu. \circ It would be better if you phoned your father now.

better off / bet ər 'of/ adj in a better position

(3) **betting** /'betin/ noun the placing of bets

(1) **between** /bi'twiin/ prep 1. with people or things on both sides o There's only a thin wall between his office and mine, so I hear everything he says. O Don't sit between him and his girlfriend. 2. connecting two places \circ The bus goes between Oxford and London. 3. in the period after one time and before another \circ *I'm in a meeting be*tween 10 o'clock and 12. o Can you come to see me between now and next Monday? 4. within a range between two amounts or numbers o The parcel weighs between four and five kilos. \circ Cherries cost between £2 and £3 per kilo. 5. used for comparing two or more things o Sometimes it's not easy to see a difference between blue and green. She could choose between courses in German, Chinese or Russian. 6. among \diamond between you and me speaking privately \diamond in between with things on both sides \circ There's only a thin wall between his bedroom and mine, so I hear everything he says on the phone. \diamond in between in the middle, with something on both sides

beverage /'bev(ə)rIdʒ/ noun a drink (formal)

beware /b1'weə/ verb to be careful about something that might be dangerous or cause a problem \circ *Beware of cheap imitations*. \circ *You need to beware of being persuaded to spend more than you can afford.* **bewilder** /b1'w1ldə/ (**bewilders, bewildering, bewildered**) verb to puzzle some-

one **bewildered** /bɪ'wɪldəd/ adj confused or puzzled

bewildering /bɪ'wɪld(ə)rɪŋ/ adj confusing or puzzling

bewilderment /bɪ'wɪldəmənt/ noun a state of confusion or of being puzzled

bewitch $/b1'wIt \int /$ (**bewitches, bewitching, bewitched**) *verb* to cast a spell on someone

() **beyond** /b1' jond/ prep 1. further away than \circ The post office is beyond the bank. 2. outside the usual range of something \circ The delivery date is beyond our control. \circ I can't accept new orders beyond the end of next year. 3. later than \circ The party went on beyond midnight.

bhangra /'bʌŋgrə/ *noun* a style of dance music which mixes Punjabi folk music with Western pop music

biannual /baɪ'ænjuəl/ *adj* happening twice a year (NOTE: Do not confuse with **biennial**.)

bias /'baɪəs/ noun a fixed opinion in one direction only

biased /'baiəst/ adj prejudiced

bib /bib/ noun a little piece of cloth which is tied round a baby's neck, under its chin • Don't forget to put his bib on when he's eating spinach.

(3) **Bible** /'baib(\mathfrak{I})!/ noun **1**. the holy book of the Christian religion **2**. **bible** an important and useful reference book \circ *She keeps an old French recipe book in the kitchen* – *it's her bible.*

bibliography /,bibli'ogrəfi/ *noun* a list of publications about a special subject

biceps /'baiseps/ *noun* a muscle formed of two parts, especially the muscle in the front of the upper arm

bicker /'bikə/ (bickers, bickering, bickered) verb to quarrel about something

(3) **bicycle** / barsık(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a vehicle with two wheels which you ride by pushing on the pedals \circ *He goes to school by bicycle every day.* \circ *She's going to do the shopping on her bicycle.* \circ *He's learning to ride a bicycle.*

③ **bid** /bid/ noun **1**. an offer to buy something at a particular price [~for] ○ *His bid* for the painting was too low. 2. an attempt to do something $[-for] \square$ she made a bid for power she tried to seize power \blacksquare verb (bids, bidding, bade or bid, bidden or bid) to make an offer to buy something at an auction $[-for] \bigcirc$ He bid £500 for the car.

bidding /'bidin/ noun 1. a command 2. offers made at an auction \circ *The bidding started at £200 and rose quickly.*

bidet /'bitdet/ noun a small low bath for washing your bottom

biennial /ba1'eniəl/ adj (of an event) which happens every two years \circ *The athletics competition is a biennial event.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **biannual**.)

① **big** /big/ (**bigger**, **biggest**) adj of a large size \circ I don't want a small car – I want a big one. \circ His father has the biggest restaurant in town. \circ I'm not afraid of him – I'm bigger than he is. \circ We had a big order from Germany.

bigamy /'bIgəmi/ noun the crime of someone going through a ceremony of marriage to someone when they are already married to someone else (NOTE: + **bigamist** n)

Big Brother /,bɪg 'brʌðə/ *noun* an authority which controls and watches other people

big business / big 'biznis/ noun very large commercial companies, seen as a group

big cheese /,b1g 't ji1z/ noun an important person (*informal*) (NOTE: no plural)

big money / big 'mʌni/ noun a lot of money (informal)

big name /,big 'neim/ *noun* an important person (*informal*)

bigot /'bigət/ noun a person with a narrow-minded attitude to religion or politics

bigotry /'bɪgətri/ *noun* an attitude where you dislike something strongly for no particular reason

big shot /'big ∫pt/ noun an important person (*informal*)

bigwig /'bigwig/ noun an important person (informal)

(2) **bike** *l*batk/ noun a bicycle (informal) ○ She was knocked off her bike by a car. ○ He goes to school by bike. ○ If the weather's good, we could go for a bike ride.

biker /'baikə/ noun a person who rides a motorcycle

bikini /bɪ'kiːni/ *noun* a woman's small two-piece swimsuit

bilateral /bar'læt(ə)rəl/ adj involving two groups of people **bile** /bail/ noun **1**. a thick bitter brownishyellow fluid produced by the liver, which helps to digest fatty substances **2**. angry or bitter feelings (*literary*)

bilingual /bai'liŋgwəl/ adj using two languages

() **bill** /bil/ noun **1**. a piece of paper showing the amount of money you have to pay for something [~for] \circ a bill for more than $\pounds 200 \circ Ask$ the waiter for the bill. \circ Don't forget to pay your gas bill. **2**. same as **beak 3**. a proposal which, if passed by parliament, becomes law \circ Parliament will consider the education bill this week. \circ He has drafted a bill to ban the sale of guns. **4**. US a piece of paper money \circ a 10-dollar bill

billboard / b1lb5:d/ noun especially US a large outdoor panel for posters (NOTE: The British term is **hoarding**.)

billiards /'b1liədz/ noun a game played on a table, where two players with long cues hit their own white ball against a red ball or the opponent's ball, scoring points. Compare **snooker** (NOTE: **billiards** loses the 's' when it is used before another noun: *a billiard table*.)

billing /'biliŋ/ *noun* **1**. the position a performer has on an entertainment programme or advertisement **2**. the preparing and sending out of bills to customers

billion /'bɪljən/ noun 1. one thousand million \circ The government raises billions in taxes each year. 2. one million million (dated) 3. a great many [\sim of] \circ Billions of Christmas cards are sent every year. (NOTE: In US English billion has always meant one thousand million, but in British English it formerly meant one million million, and it is still sometimes used with this meaning. With figures it is usually written **bn**: \$5bn say 'five billion dollars'.)

billow /'b1l $\partial \upsilon$ / (billows, billowing, billowed) verb **1**. to become full of air \circ *The sails of the yachts billowed in the breeze*. **2**. to move in large waves \circ *Smoke billowed out of the building.*

bimbo /'bɪmbəu/ noun an attractive but rather stupid girl (*informal offensive*)

(2) **bin** /bin/ noun 1. a container for putting rubbish in \circ Don't throw your litter on the floor – pick it up and put it in the bin. 2. a container for keeping things in \circ a bread bin \blacksquare verb (bins, binning, binned) to throw something away into a rubbish bin \circ He just binned the demand for payment.

(2) **bind** /baind/ (binds, binding, bound, bound) verb 1. to the someone's hands or feet so they cannot move \circ They bound her

arms with a rope. **2.** to tie something or someone to something else \circ Bind the sticks together with strings. \circ They bound him to the chair with string of plastic. **3.** to force someone to do something \circ The contract binds him to make regular payments. **4.** to put a cover on a book \circ The book is bound in blue leather.

binder /'baındə/ noun a stiff cover for papers \circ Write to the publisher to get a free binder for your magazines.

binding /'baindin/ noun the cover of a book \circ The book has a leather binding.

binge /bindʒ/ noun a time when someone drinks too much alcohol, eats too much or does something else too much \circ *After last* night's binge he had to stay in bed. \circ She went on a chocolate binge which lasted the whole summer. \circ Shopping binges are not uncommon during sales time. (NOTE: + binge v)

bingo /'biŋgəu/ noun a game of chance, where each player has a card with numbers on it. Numbers are called out, and when you have marked off a whole row of numbers, you win. \circ She goes to play bingo every Friday night. \circ He won quite a lot at bingo.

③ binoculars /bi'nokjuləz/ plural noun powerful glasses for looking at things which are too far away to see clearly (NOTE: binoculars has no singular. If you want to indicate one item, say 'a pair of binoculars'.) biochemistry /,baɪəu'kemɪstri/ noun the science and study of the chemistry of living things (NOTE: + biochemist n)

biodegradable /,barəud1'gre1dəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can easily be broken down by bacteria, the sun or sea water

biodiversity / baiəudai'v3ISITi/ noun the number of species in a certain area

biographer /bai'bgrəfə/ *noun* a person who writes the story of someone's life

biography /baɪ'ɒgrəfi/ (*plural* biographies) *noun* the story of someone's life

biological /,ba1ə'lbd3Ik(ə)l/ adj 1. referring to living things \circ *the biological bal*ance in the North Sea 2. using harmful microorganisms \circ *biological warfare* (NOTE: + **biologically** adv)

biologist /bai'plədʒist/ noun a scientist who does research in biology

(3) **biology** /bai'blədʒi/ noun the study of living things

biopsy /'baɪɒpsi/ (*plural* **biopsies**) *noun* an operation to remove a small piece from someone's body for examination **biotechnology** /,barəutek'nplədʒi/ noun technology which uses different living materials such as cells for science or industry

birch /b3:t \int / noun a northern tree with small leaves and a white outer layer which comes off in strips \circ the birch forests of Russia

(2) **bird** /b3:d/ noun **1**. an animal which has wings and feathers and is usually able to fly **2**. a young woman (*informal*; *usually* used by men and sometimes regarded as offensive by women)

bird's-eye view / b3:dz aɪ 'vju:/ noun a view from high up looking down

Biro /'bairəu/ *trademark* a type of **ballpoint**

(2) **birth** $/b_3:\theta/$ noun the occasion of being born \circ *He* was a big baby at birth. \Box **to give birth to a baby** to have a baby \circ *She gave* birth to a boy last week. \diamond **by birth** according to the country someone's parents come from \circ *He is French by birth*.

birth certificate /'b3:0 sə,tıfıkət/ noun an official paper showing the date on which someone was born, together with details of the parents

birth control /'b3:0 kən,trəul/ *noun* the practice of trying to avoid becoming pregnant

(2) **birthday** /'b3: θ deI/ noun the date on which someone was born \circ April 23rd is Shakespeare's birthday. \circ My birthday is on 25th June. \circ What do you want for your birthday?

birthmark /'bɜ:0mɑ:k/ *noun* a mark on the skin which a baby has from birth, and which usually cannot be removed

birthplace /'b3: θ ple1s/ noun 1. the place where someone was born \circ They visited Shakespeare's birthplace in Stratford. 2. the place where something was invented \circ China was the birthplace of gunpowder.

birth rate /'b3:0 reit/ *noun* the number of children born per thousand of the population

③ **biscuit** /'biskit/ *noun* a small flat, usually sweet, hard cake

bisexual /baɪ'sekʃuəl/ *adj* sexually attracted to both men and women. Compare **heterosexual**, **homosexual**

(3) **bishop** $/'b_I \int \frac{\partial p}{\partial n}$ *noun* **1**. a Christian church leader \circ *the Bishop of London* **2**. in chess, a piece which moves diagonally \circ *She took both his bishops in three moves.*

bison /'baɪs(ə)n/ *noun* a large wild animal with long hair, which used to be common in Europe and North America

bistro /'bistrəu/ (plural bistros) noun a small restaurant

(1) **bit** /bit/ noun 1. a little piece \circ He tied the bundle of sticks together with a bit of string. O Would you like another bit of *cake?* **2.** the smallest unit of information that a computer system can handle verb past participle of **bite** \diamond **to bits 1.** into little pieces **2**. very much \circ *thrilled to bits* \diamond **to** come or fall to bits to fall apart o The chair has come to bits. \diamond to take something to bits to take something apart in order to repair it \circ *He's taking my old clock to bits.* \diamond **a bit** a little \circ *The painting is a bit too dark.* • She always plays that tune a bit too fast. \circ Let him sleep a little bit longer. \circ Can you wait a bit? I'm not ready yet. \circ Have you got a piece of wood a bit bigger than *this one*? \diamond **for a bit** for a short period of time \circ Can you stop for a bit? I'm getting *tired.* \diamond **bit by bit** not all at the same time, little by little \circ *He paid back the money he* owed, bit by bit. \circ He inched forward, bit by bit, towards the edge of the cliff.

bitch /bit \int / noun **1**. a female animal, especially a female dog \circ They have two dogs – a male and a bitch. \circ The bitch has given birth to five puppies. **2**. an unpleasant woman (offensive slang) \circ That bitch is going round spreading rumours about me. verb (bitches, bitching, bitched) to complain (slang)

bitchy /'bit *ji*/ *adj* making unpleasant remarks about someone (*slang*)

(1) bite /bart/ verb (bites, biting, bit, bitten) 1. to cut someone or something with your teeth [~into] \circ The dog tried to bite the cat. \circ She bit into the pie. 2. (of an insect) to make a small hole in your skin which turns red and itchy \circ She's been bitten by a mosquito. \bullet noun 1. a small amount of food that you cut with your teeth in order to eat it \circ She took a big bite out of the sandwich. 2. a bite, a bite to eat a small med 3. a place on someone's body where it has been bitten (NOTE: Do not confuse with byte.)

bite-sized /'baɪt saɪzd/ *adj* small enough to put in your mouth

biting /'battıŋ/ adj **1**. very cold \circ A biting wind blew across the valley. **2**. (of a criticism) very unkind \circ He ended his review with some biting remarks about the costumes.

() **bitten** /'bit(ə)n/ past participle of **bite**

(3) **bitter** /'bitə/ adj **1**. not sweet \circ *This black coffee is too bitter*. **2**. angry because something is not fair \circ *She was very bitter about the way the company treated her*. **3**. causing great disappointment or unhappiness \circ *Losing her job was a bitter blow.* **4**. cold and unpleasant \circ *a bitter wind*

bitterly /'bɪtəli/ adv strongly \circ He bitterly regrets what he said.

bitterness /'bitənəs/ noun 1. a bitter taste 2. angry feelings \circ *His bitterness at being left out of the England team was very obvious.*

bitter-sweet /'bitə swi:t/ *adj* **1**. smelling or tasting both bitter and sweet **2**. causing feelings of both happiness and sadness

bitty /'biti/ adj made up of unconnected parts

bivouac /'bɪvuæk/ *noun* a simple shelter made from branches and leaves

bizarre /bi'zai/ adj very strange

blab /blæb/ (blabs, blabbing, blabbed) *verb* to tell someone a secret (*informal*)

① **black** /blæk/ adj 1. having a very dark colour, the opposite to white \circ a black and white photograph \circ He was wearing a black suit. \circ She has black hair. 2. belonging to a race of people with dark skin, whose families are African in origin \blacksquare noun the darkest colour \circ This picture had a border of black and gold.

black out phrasal verb **1**. to become unconscious $\circ I$ suddenly blacked out and I can't remember anything more. **2**. to make all the lights switch off over a large area \circ The storm blacked out half the town.

black-and-white / blæk ən 'waɪt/ adj **1.** (of an image) not in colour **2.** clear-cut and simple

black belt /'blæk belt/ noun a person who has achieved the highest level of skill in an activity such as judo, or the belt which represents this achievement

3 blackberry /'blækb(ə)ri/ (plural blackberries) noun 1. a small black fruit that grows on a bush \circ For dessert we're having blackberry and apple pie. 2. the bush this fruit grows on \circ We had to struggle through blackberry bushes which had grown over the path. (NOTE: A wild blackberry is also called a bramble.)

③ **blackbird** /'blækb3:d/ *noun* a common garden bird with black feathers and a yellow beak

③ **blackboard** /'blækbɔ:d/ noun a dark board which you can write on with chalk,

especially on the wall of a classroom (NOTE: now often called a 'chalkboard')

black box /blæk 'boks/ *noun* a piece of equipment carried in an aircraft which records what happens during a flight, including conversations between pilots and the control tower

(3) **blackcurrant** /blæk'k Λ rənt/ noun a small black fruit which is usually eaten cooked \circ a jar of blackcurrant jam \circ The blackcurrants need more sugar – they're very sour.

blacken /'blækən/ (blackens, blackening, blackened) *verb* to make black

black eye / blæk 'aɪ/ *noun* bruising and swelling around an eye, caused by a blow

blackhead /'blækhed/ *noun* a blocked area which shows up as a very small black dot on the skin

black hole /blæk 'həʊl/ *noun* an area in space which pulls light into it

black ice /blæk 'ais/ noun a dangerous layer of thin ice on a road

blacklist /'blæklıst/ noun a list of things or people that are not approved of \circ *His* name is on the blacklist. **•** verb (blacklists, blacklisting, blacklisted) to put someone or something on a blacklist \circ *The company* has been blacklisted by the government.

black magic /blæk 'mædʒɪk/ noun magic used for evil purposes

blackmail /'blækmeil/ verb (blackmails, blackmailing, blackmailed) to threaten to do something harmful to someone unless they do what you want \circ *They tried to* blackmail the government into releasing prisoners of war. \blacksquare noun the act of blackmailing \circ *The government will not give in* to terrorist blackmail. (NOTE: + blackmail v)

black mark /blæk 'maːk/ noun a bad report

black market /,blæk 'mɑːkɪt/ *noun* buying and selling goods in a way which is not allowed by law

blackout /'blækaut/ noun 1. an occasion on which you become unconscious \circ He must have had a blackout while driving. 2. a period when there is no electricity, or when there are no lights \circ The snowstorm caused a blackout.

black pepper /blæk 'pepə/ noun pepper from whole dried pepper seeds

blacksmith /'blæksmi θ / noun 1. a person who works with red-hot iron, making it into different shapes with a hammer \circ *She asked the blacksmith to make her a new* garden gate. **2.** a person who repairs and fits horseshoes \circ *The blacksmith was shoeing a horse.*

black spot /'blæk spot/ *noun* a place on a road where accidents often happen

black tie /blæk 'taɪ/ *noun* a formal style of dress for men that includes a smart black jacket and a black bow tie

bladder /'blædə/ noun the bag-shaped organ inside the body where urine collects before being passed out of the body \circ *She is taking antibiotics for a bladder infection.*

(3) **blade** /bletd/ noun 1. a sharp cutting part \circ the blades of a pair of scissors \circ Be careful – that knife has a very sharp blade. 2. a thin leaf of grass 3. one of the long flat parts that spin round on some aircraft engines or that keep a helicopter in the air \circ a propeller blade

blah /bla1/ noun boring talk or writing (informal)

(2) blame /bleim/ noun criticism for having done something wrong [~for] \circ *I'm not* going to take the blame for something I didn't do.
ightarrow to get the blame for something to be accused of something o Who got the blame for breaking the window? – Me, of course!

to take the blame for something to accept that you were responsible for something bad • verb to say that someone is responsible for something [~for/~on] \circ Blame my sister for the awful food, not me. \circ He blamed the accident on *the bad weather.* **to be to blame for** to be responsible for something \circ *The manager* is to blame for the bad service. \diamond I don't **blame you** I think you're right to do that o I don't blame you for being annoyed, when everyone else got a present and you didn't. o you have only yourself to blame no one else is responsible for what happened \circ You have only yourself to blame if you missed the chance of a free ticket.

blameless /'bleimləs/ adj not guilty

bland /blænd/ *adj* **1**. dull and boring, and often not giving any information \circ *He gave a bland reply*. **2**. without much flavour \circ *Some people don't like avocados because they find them too bland*. \circ *The sauce needs more herbs* – *it's far too bland*.

③ **blank** /blænk/ adj (of paper) not containing any information, sound or writing, e.g. \circ She took a blank piece of paper and drew a map. \circ Have we got any blank tapes left? \blacksquare noun an empty space, especially on a printed form, for something to be written in \diamond to go blank to be unable to remember something \circ I went blank when they asked what I was doing last Tuesday. \circ When he asked for my work phone number, my mind just went blank.

blank out phrasal verb **1**. to cross out or cover a piece of writing \circ The surname had been blanked out. **2**. to try to forget something deliberately \circ She blanked out the days or the memory of the days immediately after the car crash.

blank cheque / blæŋk 't fek/ noun 1. a cheque which has been signed, but without any details \circ *Her father gave her a blank cheque for her birthday and told her to fill in any amount she liked.* **2.** total freedom to do anything \circ *The planners have been given a blank cheque to do what they like with the town centre.*

(3) **blanket** / 'blæŋkɪt/ noun 1. a thick cover which you put over you to keep warm ○ *He woke up when the blankets fell off the bed.* ○ *She wrapped the children up in blankets to keep them warm.* 2. a thick layer ○ *a blanket of leaves* ○ *A blanket of snow covered the fields.* ○ *The motorway was covered in a blanket of fog.* 3. a barrier to protect something [~of] ○ *a blanket of secrecy* ■ *adj* affecting everything or everyone ○ *a blanket ban on smoking*

blankly /'blæŋkli/ adv not showing any reaction or emotion \circ When the teacher asked him about his homework he just stared at her blankly.

blank verse /blæŋk 'v315/ noun poetry which does not rhyme

blare /bleə/ (blares, blaring, blared) verb to make a loud unpleasant noise \circ The night club has music blaring away in the middle of the night. \circ He drives around with his radio blaring. (NOTE: + blare n)

blasphemy /'blæsfəmi/ *noun* being rude about God, religion or established principles

blast /bla:st/ noun 1. an explosion \circ Several windows were shattered by the blast. 2. a strong current of wind \circ an icy blast from the north 3. a sharp loud sound from a signal or whistle \circ Three blasts of the alarm means that passengers should go on deck. \blacksquare verb (blasts, blasting, blasted) to damage or remove something with a bomb or explosives \circ The burglars blasted their way into the safe. \circ The road builders blasted through the hill.

blast off phrasal verb (of a spacecraft) to leave the ground \circ *The rocket blasted off from Cape Canaveral yesterday morning.*

blast-off

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blast-off /'blast pf/ noun the time when a spacecraft takes off

blatant /'blert(ə)nt/ adj obviously bad

blaze /bleIZ/ verb (blazes, blazing, blazed) to burn or shine strongly \circ The fire was blazing. \circ The sun blazed through the clouds. \blacksquare noun a large bright fire \circ The house was burned down in the blaze. \square **a** blaze of colour a mass of very bright colours \circ The garden is a blaze of colour.

blazer /'bleIZə/ noun a jacket, often with a badge to show that the person wearing it belongs to a particular school or club

blazing /'ble1Z1ŋ/ adj burning strongly \circ They sat around the blazing bonfire.

bleach /blitt $\int / noun$ a chemical substance which cleans things and kills harmful bacteria \circ She poured bleach into the toilet. \circ Even a small drop of bleach will remove colour. \circ Do not use bleach on this material. \blacksquare verb (bleaches, bleaching, bleached) to remove colour from something \circ He's bleached his hair. \circ Her hair was bleached by the sun.

bleak /bli:k/ adj 1. cold and unpleasant \circ The path led across bleak mountains. 2. showing no sign of hope \circ She gave him a bleak stare. \circ With no qualifications, his job prospects are bleak.

bleat /bli:t/ (bleats, bleating, bleated) verb 1. to make the sound that sheep and goats make \circ *The lambs were bleating in the snow.* 2. to complain in an annoying voice \circ *What's he bleating on about?*

bleed /blitd/ (bleeds, bleeding, bled) verb to lose blood \circ His chin bled after he cut himself shaving. \circ He was bleeding heavily from his wound.

bleep /bli:p/ noun a short high electronic sound made by a computer, radio, etc. *The computer made a bleep and the screen* went blank. *The printer will make a bleep* when it runs out of paper. (NOTE: + bleep v)

blemish /'blemij/ noun 1. a mark or small amount of damage that spoils the appearance of something 2. something that harms someone or something's good reputation

blend /blend/ noun something, especially a substance, made by mixing different things together \circ different blends of coffee \bullet verb (blends, blending, blended) 1. to mix things together \circ Blend the eggs, milk and flour together. 2. (of colours) to go well together \circ The grey curtains blend with the pale wallpaper. **blender** /'blendə/ *noun* a piece of kitchen equipment for mixing different foods together thoroughly

③ bless /bles/ (blesses, blessing, blessed or blest) verb to make something holy by prayers ○ The church was blessed by the bishop. ◊ to be blessed with to experience happiness or good things ○ They were blessed with two healthy children. ◊ bless you said when someone sneezes

blessed /'blesid/ adj protected by God

(3) **blessing** /'blesin/ noun 1. a prayer which blesses people or things o The priest gave his blessing to the congregation. 2. support or official permission for something to give your blessing to something to approve something officially o The chairman gave his blessing to the new design. 3. something which brings happiness o She enjoyed the blessings of good health and a happy family. \diamond a mixed blessing something with advantages and disadvantages o Automation can be a mixed blessing – machines usually tend to be out of order when you need them most. ◊ a blessing in disguise a good thing, even if at first it seemed bad o Breaking his *leg was a blessing in disguise – it meant he* could spend more time studying.

(2) blew /blur/ past tense of blow

blight /blatt/ noun something which causes damage or spoils something [\sim on] \circ *The news of the car accident was a blight* on the family's celebrations. • verb (**blights, blighting, blighted**) to spoil something \circ *Knowing that she would have* to go into hospital when she got back blighted her holiday.

(2) **blind** /blaind/ adj not able to see \circ He went blind in his early forties. (NOTE: Some people avoid this word as it can cause offence, and prefer terms such as visually impaired or partially sighted.) \blacksquare verb (blinds, blinding, blinded) to make someone unable to see, especially for a short time \circ She was blinded by the bright lights of the oncoming cars.

blind date /bland 'dett/ noun a social meeting arranged with someone you do not know

blindfold /'blaindfəuld/ noun a cloth put over someone's eyes to prevent them from seeing ○ Her kidnappers did not let her take off the blindfold. ■ verb (blindfolds, blindfolding, blindfolded) to put a blindfold over someone's eyes to prevent them from seeing ○ He was blindfolded and bundled into the back of a car. **blinding** /'blaindin/ *adj* so bright or strong as to stop you seeing properly

blindly /'blaindli/ *adv* without being able to see

blindness /'blandnos/ *noun* the state of not being able to see \circ *The disease can cause blindness*. (NOTE: Some people avoid this term as it can cause offence, and prefer **visual impairment**.)

blind spot /'blaindspot/ *noun* an area at the side of a vehicle which the driver cannot see in the mirrors

③ **blink** /blingk/ noun to close your eyes and open them again very quickly ○ The sudden flash of light made him blink. ■ verb (blinks, blinking, blinked) (of lights) to go on and off ○ The alarm light is blinking.

blinkered /'blinkəd/ *adj* not interested in unusual things or ideas

blip /blip/ noun **1**. a small flashing dot on a computer screen \circ *A blip appeared on the radar screen*. **2**. a temporary bad result \circ *We hope that this month's bad export figures are only a blip.*

bliss /blis/ noun great happiness

blissful /'blisf(\Rightarrow)l/ adj very pleasant or happy

blister /'blistə/ noun a swelling on the skin containing liquid, caused by rubbing or burning, or by a disease such as chickenpox $\circ I$ can't run – I've got a blister on my heel. \blacksquare verb (blisters, blistering, blistered) to make a swelling on a surface \circ The heat had blistered the paint. \circ His hands were blistered in the fire.

blistering /'blist(\ni)rıŋ/ adj **1**. very hot \circ Walking in the blistering desert is impossible. **2**. very fast (informal) \circ The defence could not keep up with blistering pace of the winger. **3**. (of criticism) very strong \circ His blistering attack on his host bewildered everyone present.

blithely /'blaɪðli/ *adv* without worrying about anything

blitz /blits/ noun **1**. \Box **to have a blitz on something** to make a sudden effort to do something (*informal*) \circ We'll have to have a blitz on this pile of orders. **2**. an act of bombing by planes

blizzard /'blizəd/ noun a snowstorm with strong wind

bloated /'blout Id/ adj **1**. fatter or fuller than usual \circ After the Indian meal she felt bloated. **2**. swollen with air \circ Bloated corpses lay in the streets. **blob** /blob/ noun a small spot of sticky stuff or thick liquid

bloc/blok/ noun a political group of states ② block /blok/ noun 1. a large building ○ They live in a block of flats. 2. a large piece ○ Blocks of ice were floating in the river. 3. something that prevents something happening [-on] ○ a block on making payments □ to put a block on something to stop something happening 4. same as blockage 1 5. US a section of buildings surrounded by streets ○ He lives two blocks away. ■ verb (blocks, blocking, blocked) to prevent something from passing along something ○ The pipe is blocked with dead leaves. ○ The crash blocked the road for hours.

block up *phrasal verb* to close a hole with something

blockade /blb'keId/ noun preventing supplies arriving o The fishermen decided that a blockade of their harbour would help them in their fight with the EU. (NOTE: + blockade v)

blockage /'bloktd3/ noun **1**. something which prevents movement \circ *There's a blockage further down the drain.* **2**. the state of being blocked

blockbuster /'blokbʌstə/ noun a very successful big book or film

(3) bloke /bləuk/ noun a man (informal)

(3) **blonde** /blond/ noun a woman with fair hair \circ *He came to the party with a gorgeous blonde.*

(1) **blood** $/bl\Lambda d/$ *noun* the red liquid that flows around the body

blood bank /'blAd bæŋk/ *noun* a place where blood is stored until it is needed by hospitals

bloodbath /'blʌdbɑːθ/ noun an attack that leads to a lot of deaths and injuries

bloodcurdling /blAdk3:dliŋ/ adj very frightening

blood donor /'blʌd ,dəʊnə/ *noun* a person who gives his or her blood so that it can be used in medical operations

blood group /'blʌd gruːp/ *noun* one of the categories into which human blood can be divided

bloodhound /'blAdhaond/ *noun* a large dog which can follow a trail by its sense of smell

bloodless /'bladləs/ adj without violence

(2) **blood pressure** /'blAd ,pre $\int \vartheta$ / noun the pressure at which someone's heart pumps blood

bloodshed /'blAdfed/ noun a situation which involves killing people

bloodshot /'bl^d $\int Dt/$ adj (of the eyes) red

bloodsports /'blAdsports/ plural noun sports which involve killing animals

bloodstained /'blAdsteInd/ adj covered with bloodstains

bloodstream /'blAdstrim/ noun the flow of blood round the body

bloodthirsty /'blʌdθɜːsti/ *adj* 1. cruel 2. full of details about people killing or injuring each other

blood transfusion /'blad træns ,fju:3(@)n/ *noun* an act of putting blood which has been given by another person into a patient's body

blood vessel /'blAd ves(ə)l/ noun any tube, artery or vein, which carries blood round the body \circ *The wound is bleeding profusely because a blood vessel has been cut.* \diamond **to burst a blood vessel** to get violently angry \circ *The boss will burst a blood vessel when he hears the news.*

③ **bloody** /'bl∧di/ adj with much blood ○ a bloody battle ■ adj, adv used as a mild swear word to express anger and annoyance (informal) ○ Stop that bloody noise!

bloody-minded /,blAdi 'maIndId/ adj deliberately unhelpful (*informal*)

bloom /blu:m/ noun a flower \Box in (full) bloom covered in flowers \circ The apple trees are in full bloom. \blacksquare verb (blooms, blooming, bloomed) to produce flowers

blossom /'blos(\Im)m/ noun 1. the mass of flowers that appears on trees in the spring \circ The hedges are covered with hawthorn blossom. \circ The trees are in full blossom. 2. a single flower \blacksquare verb (blossoms, blossoming, blossomed) 1. to produces flowers \circ The roses were blossoming round the cottage door. 2. to improve or become more successful [~into] \circ The friendship blossomed into romance.

blot out *phrasal verb* to hide something completely

blotch /blot \int / noun a large area of colour **blotchy** /'blot \int i/ adj (of the face) covered with red marks

(3) blouse /blauz/ noun a woman's shirt

() **blow** /blov/ verb (blows, blowing, blew, blown) 1. (of air or wind) to move \circ The wind had been blowing hard all day. 2. to push air out from your mouth \circ Blow on your soup if it's too hot. \Box to blow your nose to blow air through your nose into a handkerchief, especially if you have a cold \circ She has a cold and keeps having to blow her nose. • noun 1. a knock or hit with the hand \circ He received a blow to the head in the fight. 2. a shock, which comes from bad news \circ The election result was a blow to the government.

blow away phrasal verb **1.** to go away by blowing \circ *His hat blew away.* **2.** to make something go away by blowing \circ *The wind will blow the fog away.*

blow down phrasal verb **1**. to make something fall down by blowing \circ Six trees were blown down in the storm. **2**. to fall down by being blown \circ The school fence has blown down.

blow off *phrasal verb* to make something go away by blowing \circ *The wind blew his hat off.*

blow out() *phrasal verb* to make something go out by blowing \circ *She blew out the candles on her birthday cake.*

blow over phrasal verb **1**. (of a storm or a difficult situation) to end \circ We hope the argument will soon blow over. **2**. to knock something down by blowing \circ The strong winds blew over several trees.

blow up phrasal verb **1**. to make something get bigger by blowing into it \circ He blew up balloons for the party. \circ Your front tyre needs blowing up. **2**. to destroy something by making it explode \circ The soldiers blew up the railway bridge. **3**. to make a photograph bigger \circ The article was illustrated with a blown-up picture of the little girl and her stepfather. **4**. to make something seem more important than it really is \circ The story has been blown up by the papers.

blow-by-blow /,bləu baɪ 'bləu/ adj describing an event in great detail

blow-dry /,bləu 'drai/ *verb* to dry someone's hair with a hair drier

blown /bləun/ past tense and past participle of **blow**

blowout /'bləuaut/ *noun* **1**. a very large meal (*informal*) **2**. the bursting of a tyre

blubber /'blAb∂/ noun the fat of a whale or seal ○ Whales were killed and their blubber melted down. ■ verb (blubbers, blubbering, blubbered) to cry noisily ○ Stop blubbering, it's only a little scratch.

bludgeon /'blAdʒən/ (bludgeons, bludgeoning, bludgeoned) verb to beat with a heavy stick \circ The young student was bludgeoned and left for dead. \circ The rioters bludgeoned him to the ground.

① **blue** /blu:/ adj (bluer, bluest) of the colour of the sky \circ *He wore a pale blue*

shirt. \circ They live in the house with the dark blue door. \blacksquare noun the colour of the sky \circ Is there a darker blue than this available? \diamond **out of the blue** suddenly \circ Out of the blue came an offer of a job in Australia.

bluebell /'blu:bel/ *noun* a wild plant with blue flowers like a series of little bells

blueberry /'blu:b(ə)ri/ (*plural* blueberries) *noun* a wild fruit, which is dark blue when ripe, eaten raw with sugar and cream, or cooked in pies and jams

blue-blooded / blu: 'blAdId/ *adj* from a royal or upper-class family

blue cheese /blu: 't firz/ noun a cheese with blue mould in it

blueprint /'blu:print/ noun 1. a photographic print of a plan which consists of blue lines on a white background or white lines on a blue background \circ *Here's the blueprint of the new engine*. 2. a plan for doing something [-for] \circ *The deal will act as a blueprint for future cooperation.*

(3) **blues** /blu:z/ plural noun sad songs from the southern US \circ Bessie Smith, the great blues singer.

bluff /blAf/ noun 1. a threat to do something which you know you will not carry out \circ Don't believe what he says, it's all just bluff. 2. a steep hill made of rock \circ The soldiers climbed the bluff and found the enemy waiting for them on top. \blacksquare verb (bluffs, bluffing, bluffed) to do something by tricking someone \circ He said he was a naval of-

ficer, but he was just bluffing.

bluish /'blu11 / adj of a colour that is close to blue

blunder /'blAndə/ *noun* a big mistake, often one that causes a lot of embarrassment \circ A dreadful blunder by the goalkeeper allowed their opponents to score.

blunt /blAnt/ adj **1.** not sharp \circ *He tried to cut the meat with a blunt knife.* **2.** almost rude \circ *His blunt manner often upset people.*

bluntly /'blʌntli/ *adv* in a direct way that may upset people

blur /bl3:/ noun an unclear image \circ He was hit on the head, and everything became a blur. \circ You must have moved – the photograph is just a blur. \blacksquare verb (blurs, blurring, blurred) to become unclear, to make unclear \circ His vision became blurred.

blurb /bl3:b/ noun a short piece of text on something which is for sale, encouraging you to buy it (*slang*)

blurred /bl3:d/ *adj* not clearly seen \circ *The paper printed a blurred photograph of the suspect.*

blurt verb

blurt out *phrasal verb* to give away a secret suddenly, without intending to

blush $/bla \int /$ (blushes, blushing, blushed) verb to go red in the face because you are ashamed or embarrassed \circ She blushed when he spoke to her.

blusher /'blafə/ *noun* pink or red colouring applied to the cheeks

bluster /'blastə/ (**blusters**, **blustering**, **blustered**) verb **1**. to speak loudly and angrily \circ He went blustering on about taking us to court. **2**. (of wind) to blow hard (NOTE: + **bluster** n)

blustery /'blʌst(ə)ri/ adj (of wind) blowing strongly

BO *abbr* body odour

boa constrictor /'bəuə kən,striktə/ noun a large snake found in South America, which kills animals by wrapping itself around them and squeezing them

boar /box/ noun a male pig \circ We have a boar and two sows. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bore**.)

() **board** /bo:d/ noun **1**. a long flat piece of something such as wood \circ *The floor of the bedroom was just bare boards.* **2**. a blackboard or chalkboard \circ *The teacher wrote on the board.*

board up *phrasal verb* to cover things such as windows and doors with boards

boarder /'bo:də/ *noun* a pupil who lives at his or her school (NOTE: Do not confuse with **border**.)

board game /'botd geIm/ noun any game in which players move pieces on a board

boarding card /'bɔ:dɪŋ kɑːd/ *noun* a card which allows you to go on board a plane

boarding house /'bordin haus/ noun a house where you pay to live

boarding pass /'bordin pars/, boarding card noun same as boarding card

boarding school /'bɔ:dɪŋ sku:l/ *noun* a school where the children live during term time

boardroom /'boidruim/ noun a room where directors meet

boast /boost/ verb (boasts, boasting, boasted) **1**. to have something good \circ *The* house boasts a large garden and pond. \circ *The* town boasts an 18-hole golf course. **2**. to say how good or successful you are **n** noun the act of talking about things that you are proud of \circ *Their proudest boast is* that they never surrendered.

boastful

boastful /'bəustf(ə)l/ adj saying how good or successful you are

() **boat** /bəut/ noun a small vehicle that people use for moving on water \circ They sailed their boat across the lake. \circ They went to Spain by boat. \circ When is the next boat to Calais? \diamond in the same boat in the same difficult situation \circ Don't expect special treatment – we're all in the same boat.

boating /'bəut ıŋ/ noun the activity of going in small boats for pleasure

bob /bob/ noun a woman's or girl's hairstyle, where the hair is cut fairly short so that it is the same length all round \circ *She* had her hair in a bob. • verb (bobs, bobbing, bobbed) to move up and down \circ *Pieces of wood were bobbing about on the* water.

bode /bəud/ (bodes, boding, boded) verb \Box to bode ill or well to be a bad or good sign (formal) \circ It bodes ill for their project if the local council has refused them a grant.

bodily/'bbd1li/ adj referring to the body \circ The main bodily functions are those of important organs such as the heart, the lungs, etc.

① **body** /'bodi/ (*plural* **bodies**) noun **1**. the whole of a person or of an animal \circ *He had pains all over his body*. **2**. the main part of an animal or person, but not the head and arms and legs \circ *She had scars on the arms and upper part of her body*. **3**. the body of a dead person or animal \circ *The dead man's body was found in the river*. \circ *Bodies of infected cows were burnt in the fields*. **4**. the main structure of a vehicle \circ *The car has an all-aluminium body*. **5**. the main part of something \circ *You'll find the details in the body of the report*. **6**. the thickness of hair \circ *The shampoo will give your hair body*. (NOTE: no plural)

body blow /'bodi bləu/ noun a serious disappointment

body building /'bodi ,bildin/ *noun* the practice of developing the muscles of the body through lifting heavy weights and eating particular foods

(3) **bodyguard** /'bbdiga:d/ noun 1. a person who guards someone ○ *The man was stopped by the president's bodyguards*. **2.** a group of people who guard someone ○ *He has a bodyguard of six people* or *a six-man bodyguard*.

body language /'bodi ,længwɪdʒ/ *noun* movements of the body which show what someone is thinking **bodywork** /'bɒdiw3ːk/ *noun* the metal outer covering of a car

bog /bog/ noun a marshland

bog standard /bog 'stændəd/ *adj* ordinary, or lacking special features

bogus /'bəugəs/ adj pretending to be real **bohemian** /bəu'hi:miən/ adj referring to a relaxed way of life, often thought typical of artists \circ *He led a very bohemian existence in Paris as a young man.* \circ *She brought along some of her bohemian friends.*

(3) **boil** /bɔil/ verb (**boils, boiling, boiled**) 1. (of water or other liquid) to form bubbles and change into steam or gas because of being heated \circ Put the egg in when you see that the water's boiling. \circ Don't let the milk boil. 2. to heat a liquid until it changes into steam \circ Can you boil some water so we can make tea? 3. to cook food such as vegetables or eggs in boiling water \circ Boil the potatoes in a large pan. \bullet noun an infected swelling \circ He has a boil on the back of his neck.

boil down *phrasal verb* **1.** to be reduced through boiling \circ *Let the sauce boil down until it is quite thick.* **2.** to be reduced to \circ *It all boils down to whether he will accept the deal now or not.*

boil over *phrasal verb* (*of liquid*) to rise up when boiling and run over the side of the pan

(3) **boiling** /'bɔiliŋ/ adj 1. which has started to boil, i.e. for water, at $100^{\circ}C \circ Put$ the potatoes in a pan of boiling water. 2. also boiling hot very hot \circ It is boiling in this room.

boiling point /'boiling point/ noun 1. the temperature at which a liquid boils, i.e. when it turns into steam or gas $\circ 100^{\circ}C$ is the boiling point of water. 2. a point at which a situation becomes very serious \circ The UN must do something quickly because the situation has reached boiling point.

boisterous /'bɔɪst(ə)rəs/ adj energetic and noisy

bold /bəuld/ noun a printing type with thick black letters \circ *The main words in this dictionary are set in bold.*

bollard /'bola:d/ noun 1. a low post for a ship's rope to be tied to 2. a low post in the road showing where traffic should $go \circ The$ police have put bollards across the road.

bolster /'baulsta/ (**bolsters**, **bolstering**, **bolstered**) *verb* to make something better or stronger \circ *The money from the village fete has bolstered the church funds*. \circ

Learning that he will be out of hospital next week has bolstered his spirits.

bolt /bault/. **boult** noun 1. a long piece of metal with a screw, fastened with a round piece of metal called a nut \circ The legs of the table are secured to the top with bolts. 2. a long piece of metal which you slide into a hole to lock a door \circ She pulled back the *bolts.* **3.** \square **to make a bolt for it** to run away • When the guards weren't looking two prisoners tried to make a bolt for it. • verb (bolts, bolting, bolted) 1. to run fast suddenly \circ The horse bolted. **2.** to run away from someone or something o When the boys saw him coming, they bolted. 3. to fasten something with a bolt \circ *He bolted the* door when he went to bed. \circ The tables are bolted to the floor. \diamond to make a bolt for **something** to rush towards something $\circ At$ the end of the show everyone made a bolt for the door. \diamond to make a bolt for it to run away from someone or something o When the guards weren't looking two prisoners tried to make a bolt for it.

(2) **bomb** /bom/ noun a weapon which explodes, and can be dropped from an aircraft or placed somewhere by hand ○ *The bomb* was left in a suitcase in the middle of the station. ○ They phoned to say that a bomb had been planted in the main street. ○ Enemy aircraft dropped bombs on the army base. ■ verb (bombs, bombing, bombed) to drop bombs on something ○ Enemy aircraft bombed the power station.

bombard /bom'batd/ (bombards, bombarding, bombarded) verb 1. to attack again and again with heavy guns or bombs \circ The town was bombarded for ten days before surrendering. 2. to send someone more communications or questions than they can deal with \circ He was bombarded with offers of jobs. \circ She was bombarded with advice from her relatives. (NOTE: + bombardment n)

bomber /'bomə/ noun 1. a person who puts bombs in places in order to blow them $up \circ The bombers managed to escape after$ planting the bomb 2. an aircraft for drop $ping bombs <math>\circ$ The bombers were out during the night, attacking enemy targets.

bombing /'bomin/ noun an occasion when someone attacks a place with a bomb or bombs \circ bombings in the centres of major cities \circ a bombing raid by enemy aircraft

bombshell /'bomʃel/ noun a very unpleasant surprise (*informal*) **bona fide** / bəunə 'faɪdi/ *adj* real or true; not deceiving

bonanza /bə'nænzə/ noun a situation where you can make a lot of money [~for] \circ *He won* £10,000 on the lottery – a real bonanza for the family.

③ **bond** /bond/ (bonds, bonding, bonded) verb 1. (of two people) to make a psychological link [~with] \circ Some mothers find it difficult to bond with their babies. 2. to stick together tightly [~with] \circ Cover the two surfaces with glue and hold them tightly until they bond.

bondage /'bond1d3/ noun the state of being a slave

(2) bone /bəun/ noun one of the solid pieces in the body, which make up the skeleton

 He fell over and broke a bone in his leg.
 Be careful when you're eating fish – they have lots of little bones.

bone marrow /'bəun ,mærəu/ *noun* the soft substance inside a bone

bonfire /'bonfa1ə/ *noun* a fire made outdoors

③ **bonnet** /'bonit/ noun **1**. the metal cover over the front part of a car, covering the engine \circ He lifted up the bonnet and looked at the steam pouring out of the engine. **2**. a hat with strings that tie under the chin

bonsai /'bonsai/ noun a tree grown in this way \circ We have a little bonsai oak that is forty years old.

(2) **bonus** /'bəunəs/ noun 1. extra money ○ Sales staff earn a bonus if they sell more than their target. 2. an advantage ○ It was a bonus that the plane arrived early, as we were able to catch an earlier bus home. □ added bonus an additional advantage ○ I prefer this job and it's an added bonus that I can walk to work.

bony /'bəoni/ (bonier, boniest) adj 1. thin, so that the bones can be seen easily \circ She was riding a bony horse. \circ He grabbed her arm with his bony hand. 2. (of fish) with many bones \circ I don't like kippers, they're usually too bony.

boo /bu:/ interj showing that you do not like someone such as an actor, singer or politician \circ Everyone shouted 'boo' when he announced that taxes would have to go up. **•** noun an instance of making the sound 'boo' \circ The wicked pirate's appearance was greeted with boos and hisses. **•** verb (boos, booing, booed) to make a 'boo' sound to show that you do not like someone such as an actor, singer or politician \circ The crowd booed the referee. **booby prize** /'bu:bi praiz/ noun a silly prize given to the last person in a competition

boobytrap /'bu:bitræp/ noun a hidden bomb

boogie /'burgi/ (boogies, boogieing, boogied) verb to dance to disco music

(1) **book** /buk/ noun 1. sheets of printed paper attached together, usually with a stiff cover [~about/on] \circ *I'm reading a book on* the history of London. \circ He wrote a book about butterflies. 2. sheets of paper to write or draw on, attached together in a cover. \diamond **exercise book, notebook, sketchbook =** *verb* (**books, booking, booked**) to reserve a place, a seat, a table in a restaurant or a room in a hotel \circ *We have booked a table* for tomorrow evening. □ to book someone on or onto a flight to order a plane ticket for someone else \circ *I've booked you on the* 10 o'clock flight to New York.

book into *phrasal verb* to reserve a room in a hotel **to book someone into a hotel** to reserve a hotel room for someone else

③ **bookcase** /'bukkeis/ noun a cupboard with shelves for keeping books in

book club /'bok klAb/ *noun* **1**. a company which sells books by post, often at reduced prices **2**. a group of people who meet to discuss books and related subjects

bookie /'buki/ noun same as **bookmaker** (informal)

(2) **booking** /'bokin/ noun an arrangement to have something such as a seat, hotel room or a table in a restaurant kept for you \Box to make a booking to reserve something such as a seat, hotel room or table \circ . We tried to make a booking for the week beginning May 1st, but the hotel was full.

bookkeeping /'bokki:piŋ/ *noun* the activity or job of keeping a company's accounts (NOTE: + **bookkeeper** *n*)

(2) **booklet** /'buklət/ *noun* a book of information with only a few pages

bookmaker /'bokmeikə/ *noun* a person who takes money from people who want to bet on the result of races (NOTE: The official term is **turf accountant**.)

bookmark /'bukma:k/ noun 1. something that you put in a book to show the place where you stopped reading 2. the address of a website or web page, stored for easy access

(3) **bookshelf** /'bukʃelf/ (plural bookshelves) noun a shelf for keeping books

(2) **bookshop** $/'buk \int pp/$ noun a shop where you can buy books

book token /'buk ,təukən/ noun a card with an amount of money written on it, which can only be used to buy books of that value

bookworm /'bukw3:m/ noun someone who enjoys reading books, and reads a lot

③ boom /bu:m/ noun 1. a sudden increase in a business or activity [~in] ○ a boom in short holidays 2. a loud deep noise, like the sound of an explosion ○ There was such a loud boom that everyone jumped. ■ verb (booms, booming, boomed) 1. to increase ○ The economy is booming. 2. to make a loud deep noise ○ His voice boomed across the square.

boomerang /'bu:məræŋ/ *noun* a curved piece of wood, invented in Australia, which twists as it flies and returns to you when you throw it in a special way

boon /bu:n/ noun a very useful thing [~for/to] \circ The car has been a real boon to her since the bus company stopped the service to their village.

boost /bu:st/ noun help or increase [~for/~in/~to] \circ It gave a boost to our sales. • verb (boosts, boosting, boosted) to help to increase something or make something better \circ The TV commercial should boost our sales.

booster /'bu:stə/ noun 1. a thing which gives extra help or support \circ Winning the competition was a much needed morale booster for her. 2. same as **booster injec**tion

booster injection /'bu:stər In ,dʒek $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun$ an extra injection of vaccine given some time after the first one so as to make sure it is still effective

booster shot /'bu:stə fot/ noun same as booster injection

(2) **boot** /bu:t/ noun a strong shoe which covers your foot and your ankle or the lower part of your leg \circ walking boots \circ ankle boots \circ long black riding boots

boot up *phrasal verb* to make a computer start, or to be started and ready for use

(3) **booth** /bu:ð/ noun 1. a small room or enclosed space for one person to stand or sit in 2. US a section of a business fair where a company shows its products or services o The American publisher wants us to meet him at his booth. 3. US an enclosed area in a restaurant with a table in it o We sat in a booth by the bar and listened to the jazz.

bootleg /'burtleg/ adj sold illegally

boot out phrasal verb to make someone leave somewhere (informal) \circ He was booted out of the police force for taking bribes. **booty** /'bu:ti/ noun treasure taken by soldiers, sailors, etc. during fighting (NOTE: no plural)

booze /bu:z/ (informal) noun an alcoholic drink \circ He's too fond of (the) booze to work well. \blacksquare verb (boozes, boozing, boozed) to drink alcohol \circ He was out all night boozing with his friends.

(2) **border** / bo:də/ noun 1. an imaginary line between countries or regions [~between/~with] ○ They crossed the border between Germany and Switzerland. ○ The town is near the border with Luxembourg. ○ He was questioned by the border guards. 2. a pattern around the edge of something ○ I don't like the pink border on the scarf. 3. a patch of soil at the side of a path or an area of grass where flowers or bushes are planted ■ verb (borders, bordering, bordered) to be along the edge of something ○ The path is bordered with rose bushes. ○ The new houses border the west side of the park.

border on phrasal verb **1**. same as **border** verb **2**. to be very similar to or almost the same as something \circ *His excuse was silly, bordering on the ridiculous.*

borderline /'bordəlaın/ noun a line between two things

bore *l*bo:*l* noun a dull person who is not very interesting \circ *I* don't want to sit next to him, he's such a bore. \blacksquare verb (bores, boring, bored) to make a hole in something

(2) **bored** /bɔ:d/ adj not interested in what is happening ○ You get very bored having to do the same work every day. ○ I'm bored - let's go out to the club.

③ **boredom** /'bɔ:dəm/ *noun* the state of being bored

(2) **boring** *I*'borrin/ *adj* not interesting $\circ I$ don't want to watch that TV programme – it's boring.

() **born** /bɔ:n/ verb to come out of your mother's body and begin to live \circ He was born in Scotland. \circ She was born in 1989. \circ The baby was born last week.

born-again Christian /,bo:n ə,gen 'krıstʃən/ *noun* a person who has been converted to Christianity, after not having been very religious before

(3) borne /boin/ past participle of bear

(2) **borough** /'bʌrə/ *noun* a large town or district that is run by an elected council

(2) **borrow** /'bbrəʊ/ (borrows, borrowing, borrowed) *verb* 1. to take something for a

short time, usually with the permission of the owner \circ She borrowed three books from the school library. \circ He wants to borrow one of my CDs. **2.** to take money for a time, usually from a bank \circ Companies borrow from banks to finance their business. \circ She borrowed £100,000 from the bank to buy a flat. Compare lend

borrower /'borəuə/ *noun* a person who borrows something, especially money

borrowings /'bbrəuŋz/ plural noun money which is borrowed \circ *The company has borrowings of over £200,000.*

bosom /'buz(ə)m/ noun a woman's breasts

(2) **boss** /bbs/ noun the person in charge, especially the owner of a business \circ *If you* want a day off, ask the boss. \circ *I left because I didn't get on with my boss.*

bossy /'bosi/ (**bossier**, **bossiest**) *adj* always telling people what to do

botanist /'bot(ə)nist/ noun a scientist who studies plants

botany /'bot(ə)ni/ noun the science and study of plants

botch /bot J/ (**botches**, **botching**, **botched**) *verb* to do or make something badly (*informal*)

() **both** $/b \ni \upsilon \theta / adj$, pron two people or things together \circ Hold onto the handle with both hands. \circ Both my shoes have holes in them. \circ Both her brothers are very tall. \circ She has two brothers, both of them in Canada. \circ She and her brother both go to the same school. \circ I'm talking to both of you.

() **bother** / bpðə/ noun trouble or worry o We found the shop without any bother. \circ It was such a bother getting packed that we nearly didn't go on holiday.
verb (bothers, bothering, bothered) 1. to make someone feel slightly angry, especially by disturbing them [~that] o Stop bothering me-I m trying to read. \circ It bothers me that everyone is so lazy. 2. to feel worried, or make someone feel worried [~about/~that] ○ I was bothered about not hearing from her for two weeks. \circ It bothers me that it takes so long to get a reply. **3.** \Box to bother to do something to take the time or trouble to do something o Don't bother to come *with me to the station – I can find my way* easily. \diamond can't orcouldn't be bothered to don't want to \circ *He couldn't be bothered to* answer my letters.

() **bottle** /'bot(\circ)l/ noun **1**. a tall plastic or glass container for liquids, usually with a narrow part at the top \circ *He opened two bot*-

tles of red wine. \circ She drank the water straight out of the bottle. \circ He bought his wife a bottle of perfume on the plane. 2. confidence (informal) \circ He hasn't got the bottle to do it. \blacksquare verb (bottles, bottling, bottled) to put in bottles \circ The wine is bottled in Germany. \circ Only bottled water is safe to drink.

(3) **bottle bank** /'bot(ə)l bæŋk/ noun a place where you can throw away empty bottles for recycling

bottled /'bpt(ə)ld/ adj sold in bottles

bottleneck /'bot(\Im)l,nek/ noun 1. a narrow part of a road where traffic often gets stuck \circ The roadworks have created a bottleneck and caused jams all through the town. 2. a place where things such as production or supplies are held up \circ There's a bottleneck in the invoicing department and this holds up our deliveries.

(1) **bottom** /'bptəm/ noun 1. the lowest point \circ The ship sank to the bottom of the sea. \circ Turn left at the bottom of the hill. \circ Is there any honey left in the bottom of the *jar*? **2.** the far end \circ *Go down to the bottom* of the street and you will see the station on *your left.* \circ *The shed is at the bottom of the* garden. 3. the part of the body on which you sit \circ *Does my bottom look big in these trousers?* I plural noun **bottoms** the lower part of a set of clothes o He was wearing just his track suit bottoms. \circ I can't find my bikini bottoms. adj lowest o The jam is on the bottom shelf. \circ He was standing on the bottom rung of the ladder. \diamond to get to the **bottom of a problem** to find the real cause of a problem

bottomless /'botəmləs/ *adj* without any limit

bough /bao/ noun a branch of a tree (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bow**.)

① **bought** /bort/ past tense and past participle of **buy**

boulder /'bəuldə/ noun a large rock

boulevard /'buːləvɑːd/, **Boulevard** *noun* a wide road in a town, usually with trees along it

③ **bounce** /bauns/ noun 1. a movement of something such as a ball when it hits a surface and moves away again \circ *He hit the* ball on the second bounce. **2**. energy \circ *She's always full of bounce*. **•** verb (bounces, bouncing, bounced) to spring up and down or off a surface \circ *The ball bounced* down the stairs. \circ *He kicked the ball but it* bounced off the post. \circ *In this game you* bounce the ball against the wall. **bouncer** /'baonsə/ noun a person whose job is to stop unwanted people getting into a public place, or to make them leave o The bouncers wouldn't let her in because she'd caused trouble before.

bouncy /'baunsi/ adj 1. which bounces \circ a big bouncy red ball 2. full of energy \circ It's quite tiring working with her because she's so bouncy.

(2) **bound** /baund/ noun a big jump \blacksquare adj 1. very likely [~to] \circ They are bound to be late. 2. obliged [~to/~by] \circ He felt bound to help her. \circ He is bound by the contract he signed last year. 3. tied up \circ a bundle of old letters bound with pink ribbon \circ The boy was left bound to a tree. \circ The burglars left him bound hand and foot. \blacksquare verb (bounds, bounding, bounded) to make a big jump, or move fast suddenly \circ She bounded into the room. \circ He bounded out of his chair. \circ The dog bounded into the bushes. \diamond bound for on the way to \circ a ship bound for the Gulf

(2) **boundary** /'baund(ə)ri/ (plural **boundaries**) noun an imaginary line or physical barrier separating two things [~between/~with] ○ The white fence marks the boundary with my neighbour's garden. ○ Their behaviour crossed the boundary between unkindness and cruelty.

boundless /'baundləs/ *adj* which seems to have no limit

bounty /'baunti/ noun money given as a reward

bouquet /bu:'kei/ noun 1. a beautifully arranged bunch of flowers \circ *He bought a bouquet of white roses.* \circ *A little girl presented the princess with a bouquet.* 2. the particular smell of a wine \circ *a wine with a delicate bouquet*

bourbon /^tb3:bən/ noun US a type of American whisky, or a glass of this drink

bourgeois /'buəʒwa!/ adj referring to middle-class people and their views in a disapproving way \circ They want to go on living their bourgeois existence. \circ He accuses his parents of being terribly bourgeois and swears he won't be like them.

bout /baut/ noun **1**. a sporting fight or contest \circ *Lewis won that bout.* **2**. an attack of illness \circ *She had a bout of flu.*

boutique /bu:'ti:k/ noun a small shop, especially for up-to-date fashionable clothes \circ *a jeans boutique* \circ *a ski boutique* **bovine** /'bouvain/ *adj* **1.** referring to cows **2.** slow and stupid

bow¹ /bau/ noun **1**. the act of bending your body forwards as a greeting or sign of

respect \circ *He made a deep bow to the audience.* \Box **to take a bow** to stand on a stage and bend forwards to thank the audience \circ *The actors took their bows one after the other.* **2.** the front part of a ship \blacksquare *verb* (**bows, bowing, bowed**) **1.** to bend your body forward as a greeting or sign of respect [\neg to] \circ *He bowed to the queen.* **2.** to bend your head forwards \circ *She bowed her head over her books.*

(3) **bow**² /bə∪/ noun 1. a weapon used for shooting arrows ○ *The archers drew their bows and shot arrows into the air.* 2. a long piece of wood used for playing a stringed instrument ○ *He slowly drew the bow across the strings of his violin.* 3. a ribbon knotted in a shape like a butterfly ○ *The parcel was tied up with red bows.*

(2) bowl /bəul/ noun 1. a wide, round container for something such as food or water • Put the egg whites in a bowl and whisk them. 2. the food or liquid contained in a bowl \circ He was eating a bowl of rice. \circ A bowl of hot thick soup is just what you need in this cold weather. 3. a large heavy ball used for rolling along the ground in certain games o She picked up the bowl and stepped up to take her turn. • verb (bowls. bowling, bowled) 1. (especially in cricket) to throw a ball to a batsman 2. also bowl **out** (*especially in cricket*) to throw the ball to a batsman and hit the wicket so that the person cannot continue playing 3. (in a game of bowls) to roll a bowl along the ground to try to get close to the target

bowl over phrasal verb **1**. to knock someone down **2**. to surprise someone \circ *He* was completely bowled over by the news.

bow-legged /₁bəʊ 'leg1d/ *adj* with legs which bend out at the knee

bowler /'bəulə/ noun **1**. (especially in cricket) a person who throws the ball to a batsman \circ a fast bowler **2**. a person who plays bowls **3**. same as **bowler hat**

bowler hat /,bəʊlə 'hæt/, **bowler** noun a hat with a rounded top

bowling /'bəulıŋ/ noun the game of bowls, or the indoor game of knocking down skittles with a large ball. \diamond **ten-pin bowling**

bowls /bəulz/ noun a game where teams of players roll large balls towards a small ball (a **jack**), trying to get as close to it as possible

bow tie /bəu 'taɪ/ noun a tie which is tied in the shape of a butterfly

(1) **box** /bbks/ noun 1. a container made of wood, plastic, cardboard or metal, with a

lid \circ *The cakes came in a cardboard box.* **2.** a container and its contents \circ *He took a box of matches from his pocket.* \circ *He gave her a box of chocolates for her birthday.* \blacksquare *verb* (**boxes, boxing, boxed**) to fight by punching, especially when wearing special thick gloves \circ *He learnt to box at a gym in the East End.*

boxer /'bbksə/ noun **1**. a person who fights with his fists \circ *The two boxers came together in the ring.* **2**. a type of large dog with short hair

boxing /'boksiŋ/ *noun* a sport in which two opponents fight each other in a square area wearing special thick gloves

(2) **Boxing Day** /'bɒksɪŋ deɪ/ noun 26th December, the day after Christmas Day

box office /'boks ,ofis/ *noun* an office where you buy tickets in a theatre

() **boy** $/b \square I$, noun **1**. a male child $\circ A$ boy from our school won the tennis match. $\circ I$ knew him when he was a boy. **2**. a son \circ Her three boys are all at university. **3**. \Box **the boys** men who are friends, or who play sport together (informal)

boy band /'boi bænd/ *noun* an all-male pop group aimed at a teenage audience

boycott /'bo1kbt/ (**boycotts**, **boycotting**, **boycotted**) *verb* to refuse to deal with someone \circ *We are boycotting all food imports from that country*. (NOTE: + **boycott** *n*)

② **boyfriend** /'boffrend/ noun a young or older man that someone is having a romantic relationship with ○ She's got a new boyfriend. ○ She brought her boyfriend to the party.

boyhood /'boihud/ *noun* the time of life when someone is, or was, a boy

boyish /'bɔɪɪʃ/ *adj* looking or acting like a boy

Boy Scout /boi 'skaut/ noun 1. in the US, a member of the Boy Scouts of America, an organisation aiming to develop good character and physical fitness, often through community and outdoor activities 2. a man who is considered to be naive 3. • scout

bra /bra1/ noun a piece of women's underwear worn to support the breasts

brace /breis/ noun 1. a support which helps your teeth to grow straight \circ She wears a brace on her teeth. 2. a support for part of the body which has been injured \circ a knee brace \bullet verb [\circ for] \Box to brace yourself to prepare yourself for something unpleasant \circ When the phone rang, she braced herself for the shock of hearing his

bracelet

voice again. \circ The pilot told us to brace ourselves for a crash landing.

bracelet /'breislət/ *noun* a piece of jewellery worn around your wrist or arm

braces /'breisiz/ *plural noun* a brace for the teeth

bracing /'breisin/ *adj* cool and making you feel healthy

③ **bracket** /'brækit/ noun 1. a piece of metal or wood which is attached to a wall to support a shelf \circ *The shelf is held up by two solid brackets*. 2. a printing sign usually used in pairs, [], (), <> or {}, used to show that a piece of text is separated from the rest \circ *The words in brackets can be deleted.* \circ *The four words underlined should be put in brackets.* 3. a group of things or people considered together for administrative purposes

brag /bræg/ (**brags**, **bragging**, **bragged**) *verb* to boast about something

braid /breid/ noun **1**. a decoration made of twisted fibres \circ Admirals have gold braid on their caps. **2**. plaited hair \circ This is a picture of her when she was ten and still had her hair in braids. • verb (braids, braiding, braided) to plait, e.g. hair or ribbon \circ She braided her hair before going swimming.

Braille /breil/ noun a system of writing using raised dots on paper to represent letters, which allows a blind person to read by passing his or her fingers over the page

② **brain** /brein/ noun 1. the nerve centre in the head, which controls all the body ○ *The brain is the most important part of the body.* 2. intelligence □ to use your brain to think sensibly □ she's got brains, she's got a good brain she's intelligent

brainchild /'breint faild/ noun an original plan that someone has thought of (informal)

brainless /'breinləs/ *adj* completely stupid (*disapproving*)

brainstorming /'brein,sto:min/ *noun* an intensive group discussion, with no time allowed for thinking, in order to produce ideas or help solve problems

brainwash /'breinwbJ/ (**brainwashes**, **brainwashing**, **brainwashed**) *verb* to make someone believe something is true by repeating it and forcing them to believe it (NOTE: + **brainwashing** n)

brainwave /'breinweiv/ *noun* a sudden very good idea

brainy /'breini/ (**brainier**, **brainiest**) *adj* very intelligent (*informal*)

(3) brake /bretk/ noun a part of a vehicle used for stopping or making it go more slowly o Put the brake on when you go down a hill. o The brakes aren't working!
verb (brakes, braking, braked) to slow down by pressing a vehicle's brakes o The driver of the little white van braked, but too late to avoid the dog.

bran /bræn/ noun the outside part of wheat seeds

() **branch** /broint $\int / noun$ **1**. a thick part of a tree, growing out of the main part \circ *He hit his head against a low branch.* **2**. a local office of an organisation \circ *He's the manager of our local branch of Lloyds Bank.* \circ *The store has branches in most towns in the south of the country.* **3**. one part of something larger \circ *Genetics is a branch of biology.* \circ *I'm not in contact with the Irish branch of my family.* **4**. a section of a road, railway line or river that leads to or from the main part \circ *The town is built on a branch of the Nile.* **•** *verb* (**branches, branching, branched**) to divide into two or more parts

branch out *phrasal verb* to start to do something different, as well as what you normally do

brand /brænd/ noun a product with a name, made by a particular company $\circ a$ well-known brand of soap \blacksquare verb (brands, branding, branded) to describe someone or something publicly as something bad [~(as)] \circ He was branded as a thief. \circ The minister was publicly branded a liar in the newspaper.

brandish /'brændɪʃ/ (**brandishes**, **brandishing**, **brandished**) *verb* to wave something about

③ **brand name** /'brænd neɪm/ *noun* the official name of a product

③ **brand-new** / brænd 'njuː/ adj completely new

(3) **brandy** /'brændi/ noun 1. an alcoholic drink made from wine \circ *I* was given a bottle of excellent brandy. 2. a glass of this drink \circ *He ordered three brandies*.

brash /bræʃ/ adj confident and loud (technical)

brass /bra:s/ noun 1. a shiny yellow metal used for making things such as some musical instruments and door handles \circ *The doctor has a brass nameplate on his door.* 2. musical instruments made of brass, such as trumpets or trombones \circ *the brass section of the orchestra* \circ *He has composed several pieces of music for brass.* **brass band** /brass 'bænd/ noun a band of people playing brass instruments

brat /bræt/ noun a badly behaved child

bravado /brə'va:dəu/ noun confident actions to show how brave you are

(2) **brave** /breiv/ adj (**braver**, **bravest**) not afraid of doing unpleasant or dangerous things ○ *It was very brave of him to dive into the river to rescue the little girl.* ■ verb (**braves**, **braving**, **braved**) to accept unpleasant or dangerous conditions in order to achieve something ○ *We braved the Saturday crowds in the supermarket because we needed bread and milk.*

bravely /'breIvli/ adv in a brave way

bravery /'breivəri/ noun the ability to do dangerous or unpleasant things without being afraid \circ We admired her bravery in coping with the illness. \circ He won an award for bravery.

bravo /braː'vəu/ interj showing approval

brawl /bro:l/ noun a wild fight \circ Coming out of the pub, he got into a brawl with some soldiers. (NOTE: + **brawl** v)

bray /breɪ/ (**brays**, **braying**, **brayed**) *verb* to make a loud noise like a donkey

brazen /'breiz(ϑ)n/ adj with no shame \circ What you say is a brazen lie.

(3) **breach** /britt J/ noun the act of breaking the law or a promise [~of] ○ This is a breach of the undertaking they made last year. ■ verb (breaches, breaching, breached) to go against rules ○ The pay settlement has breached the government's guidelines. ◇ in breach of going against an agreement ○ In breach of their agreement, they started negotiating with our rivals behind our backs.

() **bread** /bred/ noun food made from flour and water baked in an oven \circ Can you get a loaf of bread from the baker's? \circ She cut thin slices of bread for sandwiches.

bread bin /'bred bin/ *noun* a metal box for keeping bread in

breadcrumbs /'bredkrAmz/ plural noun little pieces of dried bread \circ The fish is covered in breadcrumbs and then fried.

breadline /'bredlaın/ noun a very low standard of living

breadth /bred θ / noun **1**. a measurement of how wide something is \circ *The breadth of the piece of land is over 300 m.* **2**. the fact of being full or complete \circ *His answers show the breadth of his knowledge of the subject.* \diamond **the length and breadth of something** everywhere in a place \circ *We* walked the length and breadth of the field but found no mushrooms.

breadwinner /'bredwinə/ noun a person who earns money to feed the family

(i) break /breik/ verb (breaks, breaking, **broken**) 1. to make something divide into pieces accidentally or deliberately \circ He dropped the plate on the floor and broke it. • Break the chocolate into four pieces. 2. to divide into pieces accidentally o The clock fell on the floor and broke. 3. to fail to obey a rule or law 4. to fail to carry out the terms of a contract or a rule \circ The company has broken its agreement.

to break a promise not to do what you had promised to do • He broke his promise and wrote to her again. 5.
to break it or to break the news to someone to tell someone bad news • We will have to break it to her as gently as possible. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **brake**.) **noun 1.** a short pause or rest o There will be a 15-minute break in the middle of the meeting. \Box they worked for three hours without a break without stopping \circ They worked without a break. \Box to take a break to have a short rest o We'll take a break now, and start again in fifteen *minutes.* **2.** a short holiday \circ *a winter break* ♦ to break your journey to stop travelling for a while before going on o We'll break our journey in Edinburgh.

break down phrasal verb 1. (of a machine) to stop working o The lift has broken down again. \circ The car broke down and we had to push it. 2. to show all the items that are included in a total separately \circ Can you break down this invoice into travel costs and extras? 3. to become upset and start crying o When she got her results she just broke down. 4. to separate a substance into small parts, or to become separated o Enzymes break down the food. 5. to fail o Their relationship quick*ly broke down when he lost his job.* \circ *The* discussions seem likely to break down over the amount of money being offered. break in phrasal verb 1. to break in, to break into a building to use force to get into a building \circ Burglars broke into the

office during the night. **2.** to interrupt something that is happening \circ I'm sorry to break in, but I need to speak to Mr Mc-Gregor urgently.

break into phrasal verb to start doing something \circ When they saw the photos, they broke into laughter.

break off *phrasal verb* **1.** to make something come off by breaking \circ *He broke a piece off his pie and gave it to the dog.* **2.**

breakable

break out phrasal verb **1.** to start \circ War broke out between the countries in the area. **2.** to escape \circ Three prisoners broke out of jail.

break up phrasal verb **1.** to divide into pieces \circ The oil tanker was breaking up on the rocks. **2.** to end \circ The meeting broke up at 3 p.m.

breakable /'breɪkəb(ə)l/ *adj* that can break easily

breakaway /'breikəwei/ *adj* which has become separated from a larger group

(3) **breakdown** /'breikdaon/ noun 1. a situation in which a machine or vehicle stops working ○ We had a breakdown on the motorway. ○ A breakdown truck came to tow us to the garage. 2. a failure of a system to work properly ○ There has been a breakdown in communications between them. 3. a situation in which someone cannot continue to live normally any more because they are mentally ill or very tired 4. a list showing details item by item ○ Give me a breakdown of the travel costs.

② **breakfast** /'brekfəst/ noun the first meal of the day \circ I had a boiled egg for breakfast. \circ She didn't have any breakfast because she was in a hurry. \circ The hotel serves breakfast from 7.30 to 9.30 every day.

break-in /'breik in/ noun a burglary

breaking point /'breaking point/ noun the point at which a situation reaches a crisis

breakout /'bre1kaut/ noun an escape from a prison

breakthrough /'bre1kθruː/ *noun* a sudden success

breakup /'bre1kAp/ noun the process of coming to pieces or separating

(3) **breast** /brest/ noun 1. one of two parts on a woman's chest which produce milk 2. meat from the chest part of a bird ◦ Do you want a wing or a slice of breast? ◦ We bought some chicken breasts to make a stir-fry.

breastfeed /'brestfi:d/ (**breastfeeds**, **breastfeeding**, **breastfed**) *verb* to give a baby milk from the breast

(2) **breath** /bre θ / *noun* air which goes into and out of the body through the nose or mouth \circ We could see our breath in the *cold air.* **to hold your breath** to keep air in your lungs, e.g. in order to go under water \circ *She held her breath under water for a minute.* **to take a deep breath** to breathe in as much air as you can \circ *Take a deep* breath for the doctor. \diamond to take someone's **breath away** to surprise someone very much \diamond under your breath quietly \circ He *cursed under his breath.* \diamond **don't hold your breath** don't expect it to happen \circ *He said* he'll pay us next month, but don't hold *your breath!* \diamond out of breath, gasping for breath having difficulty in breathing

② breathe /britð/ (breathes, breathing, breathed) verb to take air into the lungs or let it out o *Relax and breathe in and then out slowly*. I to breathe deeply to take a lot of air into the lungs I he's breathing down my neck all the time always watching and judging what someone is doing

breather /'brixðə/ noun a time when you can rest (informal)

③ **breathing** /'bri:ðɪŋ/ *noun* the process of taking air in and out of the lungs

breathing apparatus /'bri:ðiŋ æpə ,reitəs/ noun equipment such as a mask and oxygen cylinder which can help a person to breathe

breathing space /'bri:ðiŋ speis/ noun a period when you can rest between activities

breathless /'breθləs/ *adj* finding it difficult to breathe

breathtaking /'bre0te1k1ŋ/ adj very impressive

breath test /'breft test/ noun a test for a driver to see if he has been drinking alcohol

(3) **breed** /bri:d/ noun a group of animals or plants specially developed with features that make it different from others of the same type \circ Alsatians and other large breeds of dog \blacksquare verb (breeds, breeding, bred) 1. to produce young animals \circ Rabbits breed very rapidly. 2. to keep animals which produce young ones \circ They breed sheep for the meat and the wool.

breeder /'britdə/ noun a person who breeds animals or plants

(3) **breeding** /'bri:dɪŋ/ noun 1. the practice of raising animals or plants ○ Because of the smell, pig breeding is strictly controlled. ○ You can't shoot pheasants during the breeding season. 2. good education, background and behaviour ○ It was obvious that his secretary was a girl of good breeding.

breeze /bri:z/ noun a slight wind \circ A cool breeze is welcome on a hot day like this. verb (breezes, breezing, breezed) to walk around looking very pleased with yourself \circ He breezed into the meeting carrying a cup of coffee.

breeze through phrasal verb to do something without any difficulty \circ She breezed through the tests in an hour.

breezy /'bri:zi/ adj 1. windy \circ It is very hot, but slightly breezy which makes it more comfortable. \circ It's a little breezy in here, let's shut the French windows. 2. happy-go-lucky \circ A breezy youth looking as if he didn't have a care in the world.

brevity /'breviti/ noun (of time) the quality of being very short

brewer /'bruːə/ *noun* a person or company that makes beer

brewery /'bruːəri/ (*plural* breweries) *noun* a factory where beer is made

bribe /braib/ noun an illegal payment to someone to get something done \circ *He of-fered the witness a bribe to say nothing.* \blacksquare *verb* (**bribes, bribing, bribed**) to give an illegal payment to someone \circ *She planned to customs officials to get the plans approved.*

(3) **bribery** /'braɪb(ə)ri/ *noun* the act of bribing

bric-a-brac /'brik ə bræk/ noun attractive little objects which are not very valuable

(2) **brick** /brik/ noun a hard block of baked clay used for building ○ You'll need more than eighty bricks to build a wall.

brick up *phrasal verb* to fill a hole with bricks

bricklayer /'brikleiə/ *noun* a person who builds walls with bricks

bridal /'braɪd(ə)l/ *adj* referring to a wedding (NOTE: Do not confuse with **bridle**.)

bride /braid/ noun a woman who is getting married or has just married

bridegroom /'braɪdgruːm/ noun a man who is getting married or has just got married (NOTE: often just called the **groom**)

bridesmaid /'braɪdzmeɪd/ noun a girl who is one of the bride's attendants at a wedding

② **bridge** /bridʒ/ noun 1. a road or path built over a road or river so that you can walk or drive from one side to the other \circ *There are two bridges across the river near here.* 2. a connection or helpful link between two things [~between] $\circ A$ shared interest can be a bridge between old and young.

bridle /'braɪd(\Rightarrow)l/ noun straps put round a horse's head \circ She had some difficulty in putting the bridle on the horse.

(2) **brief** /brisf/ adj short \circ *He wrote a brief* note of thanks. \circ *The meeting was very* brief. \diamond **in brief** in a few words, or without giving details \circ *We have food for only a few* days; in brief, the situation is very serious.

briefcase /'bri:fkeis/ noun a case for carrying papers or documents

briefing /'bri:fin/ *noun* a meeting where information is given

② briefly /'briːfli/ adv 1. for a short time2. in a few words, or without giving details

briefs /brifs/ plural noun short underwear for men or women \circ Before the medical, the doctor asked him to strip down to his briefs.

③ **brigade** /bri'geid/ noun a section of an army \circ The general sent an infantry brigade to the region.

brigadier /,brigə'diə/ *noun* an army officer in charge of a brigade

(2) **bright** /brait/ adj 1. full of light or sunlight \circ a bright day \circ a bright room \Box **bright sunshine or sunlight** strong clear light from the sun 2. very strong \circ They have painted their front door bright orange. 3. a young person who is bright is intelligent \circ Both children are very bright. \circ She's the brightest student we've had for many years. 4. clear and sunny \circ There will be bright periods during the afternoon. 5. happy and pleasant \circ She gave me a bright smile.

brighten /'braɪt(\Rightarrow)n/ (**brightens, brightening, brightened**) *verb* to make something bright, or to become bright

brighten up phrasal verb **1**. (of a person) to become more cheerful \circ She brightened up when she saw him. **2**. (of weather) to become sunnier \circ The weather is brightening up.

brightly /'brattli/ adv 1. in a strong clear light or colour \circ A children's book with brightly painted pictures. \circ The streets were brightly lit for Christmas. 2. cheerfully \circ She smiled brightly as she went into the hospital.

brightness /'braitnəs/ noun 1. strong clear light 2. strong colour

brilliance /'briljans/ noun the fact of being very clever

③ **brilliant** /'briljənt/ adj 1. extremely clever \circ He's the most brilliant student of

his year. \circ She had a brilliant idea. **2.** strong and clear \circ She stepped out into the brilliant sunshine. **3.** very good (informal) \circ The way the information is displayed on this website is brilliant.

brim /brim/ noun 1. the edge \circ The glass was filled to the brim. 2. the flat part around a hat $\circ A$ hat with a wide brim.

brim over phrasal verb to overflow

① **bring** /brin/ (brings, bringing, brought) verb to come with someone or something to this place \circ She brought the books to school with her. \circ He brought his girlfriend home for tea. \circ Are you bringing any friends to the party?

bring about phrasal verb to make something happen

bring along phrasal verb to bring someone or something with you

bring back phrasal verb to carry something back

bring down phrasal verb **1.** to carry something down to here \circ Can you bring down the television from the bedroom? **2.** to make something less \circ We've brought down all our prices.

bring forward *phrasal verb* to arrange something to be done at an earlier date than had been planned

bring off phrasal verb to succeed in doing something

bring on *phrasal verb* to produce something \diamond **to have brought it on yourself** you have yourself to blame for what happened to you

bring out phrasal verb to make something come out

bring up phrasal verb **1**. to look after and educate a child \circ He was born in the USA but brought up in England. \circ He was brought up by his uncle in Scotland. **2**. to mention a problem \circ He brought up the question of the noise. **3**. to vomit something \circ She's got a stomach upset and brought up all her breakfast.

brink /brink/ noun the time when something is about to happen \diamond **on the brink of** about to achieve something \circ *The company* is on the brink of collapse. \circ She was on the brink of a nervous breakdown.

brisk /brisk/ adj fairly fast

bristle *I*'bris(\ni)*I*/ noun **1**. one of the short stiff hairs on plants, or some animals such as pigs \circ You could see the bristles on the back of the sow's neck. **2**. one of the short stiff parts of a brush \circ The bristles of my toothbrush are coming off -I must get a new one. • verb (bristles, bristling, b

tled) to take offence at something \circ She bristled at the suggestion that a mistake had been made.

Brit /brit/ noun a person from the United Kingdom (*informal*)

() **British** /'britif/ adj relating to the United Kingdom \circ a British citizen \circ the British army \circ The British press reported a plane crash in Africa. \circ The ship was flying a British flag.

Briton /'brɪt(ə)n/ *noun* a person from the United Kingdom

brittle /'brit(ə)l/ *adj* hard and breaking easily into pieces

broach /brout // (broaches, broaching, broached) verb to start talking about a problem

② broad /bro:d/ adj very wide o a broad river o breadth

broadband /'bro:dbænd/ adj able to manage large amounts of data quickly $\circ a$ broadband connection

(3) **broadcast** /'bro:dko:st/ noun a radio or TV programme \circ The broadcast came live from outside Buckingham Palace.

broadcaster /'broadkaasto/ noun a person who works on radio or TV but is not an actor

(3) **broaden** /'bro:d(ə)n/ (**broadens**, **broadening**, **broadened**) verb to make something wider, or to become wider o Part of their plan is to broaden the road. o The river broadens to form a small lake.

broadly /'bro:dli/ adv widely

broad-minded /₁bro:d 'maindid/ adj not shocked by other people's behaviour or words

broadsheet /'brotd∫itt/ *noun* a newspaper with large pages (NOTE: Small format newspapers are called **tabloids**.)

broadside /'broidsaid/ noun a strong spoken or written attack

Broadway /'broadweat/ noun a street in New York, where the major theatres are located \circ The play was a big hit on Broadway but flopped in London.

brocade /brə'keɪd/ noun a thick cloth with a raised pattern

broccoli /'brokəli/ noun a vegetable of which the green, purple or white flower buds are eaten

brochure /'brəʊʃə/ noun a small thin book

broil /broil/ (broils, broiling, broiled) *verb* to grill food

broiler /'broilə/ noun a chicken sold for roasting

② **broke** /brəuk/ adj with no money (informal) ■ past tense of **break**

(1) **broken** /'brəukən/ adj 1. in pieces ○ She tried to mend the broken vase. 2. not working ○ We can't use the lift because it's broken. ■ past participle of **break**

broken-down / brəukən 'daun/ adj not working

broken-hearted /,brəukən'ha:tid/ adj very sad

broker /'brəukə/ *noun* a dealer in shares or insurance

brolly /'brpli/ (plural **brollies**) noun an umbrella (informal)

bronchitis /broŋ'kaɪtɪs/ noun an illness caused by infection in the bronchial tubes

bronzed /bronzd/ *adj* tanned from being in the sun

bronze medal /bronz 'med(ə)l/ noun a medal given to someone who finishes third in a race or competition

brooch /brəut $\int / noun$ a piece of jewellery fixed onto clothes with a pin

brood /bru:d/ noun a family of young birds or small children \circ Some birds raise only one brood of chicks a year. \circ Simon and his brood came for lunch yesterday. \blacksquare verb (broods, brooding, brooded) to think anxiously about something a lot [-about/over/on] \circ She's brooding over the possibility that she might lose her job.

③ **broom** /bru:m/ noun 1. a brush with a long handle, used to clean floors \circ She swept the kitchen with a broom. 2. a bush with yellow flowers, found in sandy places and grown in gardens \circ Broom flowers early in the summer.

broth /broθ/ *noun* a light meat soup

brothel /'br $p\theta(a)$ l/ noun a house where prostitutes work

() **brother** /'br Λ ðə/ noun a boy or man who has the same mother and father as someone else \circ My brother John is three years older than me. \circ She came with her three brothers.

brotherhood /'brʌðəhʊd/ noun links between people

brother-in-law /'brʌðər In lɔ:/ (plural **brothers-in-law**) noun a brother of your husband or wife; a husband of your sister; or a husband of a husband's or wife's sister

brotherly /'br \wedge ðəli/ adj kind or protective like a brother \circ She was expecting some brotherly advice, instead of which her brother told her she was a fool.

() **brought** /brost/ past tense and past participle of **bring**

brow /brau/ noun 1. the forehead \circ She wrinkled or knit her brow as she tried to understand the guidebook. 2. an eyebrow, the line of hair above the eye \circ He's instantly recognisable with those dark bushy brows. 3. the top of a hill \circ Having reached the brow of the hill they stopped to look at the view.

() **brown** /braon/ adj **1**. with a colour like earth or wood \circ *She has brown hair and blue eyes.* \circ *It's autumn and the leaves are turning brown.* **2**. with skin made dark by the sun \circ *He's very brown* – *he must have been sitting in the sun.* **\blacksquare** *noun* a colour like earth or wood \circ *I'd prefer shoes of a lighter brown.*

brownfield /'braonfi:ld/ *adj* referring to land that previously had industrial building on it but is now available for housing

brownie /'brauni/ *noun* a small chocolate cake usually with nuts

(3) **browse** /brauz/ (browses, browsing, browsed) verb 1. to look through a book, newspaper or magazine, without reading it properly ○ *l* browsed through several magazines at the doctor's surgery. 2. to wander around a shop looking at things for sale ○ Do you need any help? - No, I'm just browsing. 3. to go to various websites on the Internet without looking for anything in particular

browser /'brauzə/ noun computer software which allows you to browse on the Internet

bruise /bruiz/ noun a dark painful area on the skin, where you have been hit \circ She had bruises all over her arms. \blacksquare verb (bruises, bruising, bruised) to make a bruise on the skin by being hit or by knocking yourself on something \circ She bruised her knee on the corner of the table.

brunch /br \wedge nt J/ *noun* a meal taken from about 10 a.m., a combination of breakfast and lunch

brunette /bruɪ'net/ *noun* a person, usually a woman, with dark brown hair

② **brush** /brAJ/ noun 1. a tool made of a handle and hairs or wire, used for doing things such as cleaning or painting \circ You need a stiff brush to get the mud off your shoes. \circ She used a very fine brush to paint the details. \circ He was painting the front of the house with a large brush. 2. the act of cleaning with a brush \circ She gave the coat a good brush. 3. a short argument or fight with someone \circ He's had several brushes with the police recently. \blacksquare verb (brushes, brushing, brushed) 1. to clean with a

brusque

brush \circ He brushed his shoes before going to the office. \circ Always remember to brush your teeth before you go to bed. **2.** to go past something touching it gently \circ She brushed against me as she came into the café.

brush off phrasal verb **1**. to clean something off with a brush \circ He brushed the mud off his boots. **2**. to ignore something because it is not very important \circ So far he has managed to brush off all the complaints about his work.

brush up phrasal verb to learn more about something \circ You'll need to brush up your English if you want to get a job as a guide.

brusque /brusk/ *adj* using very few words and not being very polite

Brussels sprout /,brAs(ə)lz 'spraut/ noun a green vegetable like a very small cabbage

brutal /'brut(ə)l/ adj cruel and violent

brute /brutt/ noun **1**. a violent person \circ Her husband's such a brute, sometimes I fear for her safety. **2**. a large animal \circ Three bears came near our camp and one big brute tried to get into my tent.

BTW *abbr* by the way

(3) **bubble** /'b∧b(ə)l/ noun a ball of air or gas contained in a liquid or other substance ○ Bubbles of gas rose to the surface of the lake. ○ He blew bubbles in his drink. ■ verb (**bubbles**, **bubbleg**, **bubbled**) to make bubbles, or have bubbles inside ○ The porridge was bubbling in the pan.

bubble up *phrasal verb* to come to the surface as bubbles

bubble gum $/'bAb(\partial)l gAm/$ noun **1.** a type of chewing gum that can be blown from the mouth into large bubbles **2.** pop music aimed at the younger teenage market and usually considered to be lacking in originality

bubbly /'bAbli/ adj (**bubblier**, **bubblies**) with bubbles \circ For a really bubbly bath, pour the soap in under running hot water. • noun champagne (informal) \circ Come and have a glass of bubbly to celebrate the birth of our son. (NOTE: no plural)

③ **buck** /bAk/ noun 1. a male of certain animals such as the hare, rabbit, deer or goat (NOTE: The female is called a **doe**) 2. US a dollar ○ It'll cost you ten bucks. ○ You couldn't lend me 100 bucks, could you? ◇ **to pass the buck** to pass responsibility to someone else (informal) ○ The manager is a very weak character, he's always passing the buck. \diamond the buck stops here I am the person who is responsible

(2) **bucket** /'bAkIt/ noun 1. an open container with a handle, used mainly for carrying liquids ○ He filled a bucket from the tap. 2. the contents of a bucket ○ He brought a bucket of water from the river. ○ They threw buckets of water on the fire. ■ verb (buckets, bucketing, bucketed) to pour with rain (informal) ○ It's bucketing down outside.

buckle $/'bAk(\partial)l/$ (buckles, buckling, buckled) verb 1. to bend and collapse \circ The whole bridge buckled under the weight of the traffic. 2. to become bent \circ The front wheel of my bicycle has buckled.

buckle down *phrasal verb* to start to work hard (*informal*)

bud /bAd/ noun a place where a new shoot or flower will grow from on a plant \circ *It was spring and the buds on the trees were beginning to open.*

Buddhism /'budIz(ə)m/ noun a religion based on the teaching of the Indian philosopher known as Buddha (NOTE: + **Buddhist** *n*)

budding /'bAdIŋ/ adj studying to be, hoping to be

buddy /'bAdi/ (plural **buddies**) noun mainly US a friend (informal)

budge /bAdʒ/ (budges, budging, budged) *verb* to move

budgerigar /'bʌdʒərigɑː/ *noun* a small colourful tropical bird often kept as a pet

(2) **budget** /'b∧dʒtt/ noun an amount of money that can be spent on something ○ *There isn't enough money in the household budget to pay for a new carpet.* ■ verb (**budgets, budgeting, budgeted**) to plan how you will spend money in the future [-for] ○ *They are having to budget carefully before going on holiday.* ○ We're budgeting for a 5% increase in electricity prices.

budgie /'bAd3i/ noun same as **budgeri**gar (*informal*)

buff /bAf/ noun **1**. a pale brown colour \circ This type of envelope comes in blue, green and buff only. **2**. an enthusiast \circ This is the best dictionary for crossword buffs.

buffalo /'bʌfələʊ/ (plural **buffaloes** or **buffalos** or same) noun a large wild animal with long hair, like a large bull, which used to be common in North America but is reduced in numbers (NOTE: For a group, you say a herd of buffalo.)

(3) **buffer** /'b Λ f=/ noun 1. a shock-absorbing pad \circ The cushion acts as a buffer between the two pieces of machinery. \circ The

train failed to stop and crashed into the buffers. **2.** something placed between two powerful forces, which prevents problems occurring between them \circ *The UN tried to* establish a buffer zone between the two factions.

buffet /'bufe1/ noun a meal where the food is in dishes on a table, and each person helps himself \circ *The hotel serves a buffet breakfast.*

③ **bug** /bʌg/ (**bugs**, **bugging**, **bugged**) *verb* to make someone feel slightly angry, especially for a long time (*informal*) $\circ I$ *can't remember his name, and it's really bugging me!*

bugging device /'bʌɡɪŋ dɪ,vaɪs/ noun a hidden microphone

buggy *('bAgi/ (plural buggies) noun 1. a* little electric car for one or two people \circ Beach buggies have very large tyres so that they can drive on sand. \circ Some people hire buggies when they play golf. **2.** a light folding chair with wheels for pushing a baby in \circ She pushed the buggy across the busy road.

bugle /'bju:g(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a brass musical instrument similar to a trumpet, mainly used in the army

① **build** /bild/ verb (**builds**, **building**, **built**) **1**. to make something by putting its parts together \circ The house was only built last year. \circ They are planning to build a motorway across the field. \circ The children built sand castles on the beach. **2**. to develop something \circ We need to build a good team relationship. \circ These games are good for building your vocabulary. \blacksquare noun the particular shape of someone's body \circ She's a girl of slender build. \circ He has the same build as his father.

build up phrasal verb to increase \circ The pressure is building up on him to resign. \circ Gas built up rapidly in the boiler until it exploded.

③ **builder** /'bɪldə/ noun a person who builds buildings

① **building** /'b1ldiŋ/ noun **1**. something such as a house, railway station or factory which has been built \circ *The flood washed away several buildings*. \circ *His office is on the top floor of the buildings*. **2**. the action of constructing something \circ *The building of the tunnel has taken many years*.

(3) **building society** /'bildiŋ sə,saiəti/ *noun* an organisation which pays interest on people's savings and lends money to people buying houses or flats **build-up** /'bild Ap/ noun 1. the preparations for something 2. a gradual increase in something \circ a build-up of traffic 3. a flattering description of someone or something \circ We'd expected someone funnier after all the build-up.

built /bɪlt/ past tense and past participle of **build**

-built /bilt/ suffix made or constructed

built-in /, bilt 'In/ *adj* made as part of a room or machine

(3) **bulb** /bAlb/ noun 1. a round part of some plants, which stays under the ground, and from which leaves and flowers grow \circ She planted spring bulbs all round the house. 2. a glass ball which gives electric light \circ I need to change the bulb in the table lamp.

bulbous /'bAlbəs/ adj fat and round

bulge $/b\Lambda ld_3/$ noun a swelling \circ There's a little bulge in the carpet – I guess we'll find the missing toy underneath. • verb (bulges, bulging, bulged) 1. to be big at one place 2. to be full of something [~with] \circ Her pockets were bulging with bundles of notes. \circ Father's briefcase bulged not with important papers but with toys for his children.

bulging /'bAld31ŋ/ adj sticking out

bulimia /bu'limiə/ *noun* a psychological condition in which the patient eats too much and is incapable of controlling their eating

bulk /bAlk/ noun a large amount \diamond in bulk in large quantities \circ It is cheaper to buy stationery for the school in bulk. \diamond **the bulk** of most of \circ The bulk of our sales are in Europe. \circ She finished the bulk of the work before lunch.

bulky /'bʌlki/ (**bulkier, bulkiest**) *adj* awkwardly large

bull /bol/ noun a male animal of the cow family \circ Be careful when you cross the field – there's a bull in it. \diamond to take the bull by the horns to try to deal with a difficult problem (informal) \circ He decided to take the bull by the horns and tell his father that he was leaving the family firm.

bulldog /'buldbg/ noun a short strong dog with a flat face

bulldoze /'buldəuz/ (**bulldozes, bulldozing, bulldozed**) verb **1**. to knock down or to clear using a bulldozer \circ They bulldozed the old farm buildings. **2**. to force something to happen \Box **he bulldozed his proposal through the committee** he forced the committee to agree to his proposal bulldozer

bulldozer /'buldəuzə/ noun a large powerful tractor with a curved plate in front for pushing or moving earth

bullet /'bult/ noun a piece of metal that you shoot from a gun \circ *He loaded his gun with bullets*. \circ *Two bullets had been fired.*

bulletin /'bulitin/ *noun* information on a situation

bulletin board /'bulttin bo:d/ noun 1. US a board on which notices can be placed 2. (on the Internet) a system of sending messages or advertising events o She advertised the concert on the bulletin board.

bullet point/'bullt point/*noun* a printed symbol like a circle before an item in a list **bullet-proof** /'bulltpru:f/ *adj* made so that bullets cannot go through

bullfight /'bulfait/ noun entertainment in Spain, where a man fights a bull

bullion /'bulian/ noun gold or silver bars

bull market /'bol,markit/ noun a period when prices on the stock market rise as people buy shares because they think share prices will rise still further

bull's eye *l*'bolz ai*l* noun the centre of the target which you try to hit in sports such as archery, darts or rifle shooting \circ *This target is not easy, the bull's eye is very small.*

bully /'boli/ noun (plural **bullies**) a person who often hurts or is unkind to other people \circ He's a bully, he's always trying to frighten smaller children. \blacksquare verb (**bullies**, **bullying**, **bullied**) to be unkind to someone often \circ She was bullied by the other children in school.

bum /bAm/ noun (informal) **1.** a person's bottom \circ He just sits on his bum all day, doing nothing. **2.** US a person who sits around doing nothing \circ Can't you bums find something to do? **3.** a person who is very keen on something \circ a ski bum

bum bag /'bAm bæg/ noun a small bag attached to a belt for keeping valuables in

bumblebee /'bʌmb(ə)lbiː/ *noun* a large brown furry bee

bumbling /'bʌmblɪŋ/ adj confused and inefficient (*informal*)

(3) **bump** /bAmp/ noun 1. a slight knock \circ The boat hit the landing stage with a bump. 2. a raised area \circ Drive slowly, the road is full of bumps. 3. a raised area on your body, where something has hit it \circ He has a bump on the back of his head. \blacksquare verb (bumps, bumping, bumped) to hit something or a part of the body \circ He's crying because he bumped his head on the door. **bump into** phrasal verb to hit slightly \circ Be careful not to bump into the wall when you're reversing. \diamond **to bump into someone** to meet someone by chance \circ I bumped into him at the station.

bump off *phrasal verb* to murder someone (*slang*)

bumper /'bAmpə/ adj very large \circ a bumper crop of corn \circ We're publishing a bumper edition of children's stories. \circ Last year was a bumper year for sales of mobile phones. \blacksquare noun a protective bar on the front and back of a car \circ He backed into a lamppost and dented the rear bumper. \circ There was a mile-long traffic jam with cars standing bumper-to-bumper.

bumpy /'bʌmpi/ (**bumpier**, **bumpiest**) *adj* not smooth

③ bun /b∧n/ noun 1. a small round piece of bread or a cake ○ The burgers are served in a bun. ○ These buns are too sweet and sticky. 2. hair tied up at the back of the head in a knot ○ She wears her hair in a bun.

(2) **bunch** /bAnt $\int / noun$ **1.** a group of things taken together \circ *He carries a bunch of keys attached to his belt.* \circ *He brought her a bunch of flowers.* **2.** a group of people \circ *I work with a nice bunch of people* \circ *My friends are a mixed bunch.* **3.** several fruits attached to the same stem \circ *a bunch of grapes* \circ *a bunch of bananas* \blacksquare *verb* (bunches, bunching, bunched) to form a group

bundle /'bAnd(a)l/ noun 1. a parcel of things wrapped up or tied up together $\circ A$ bundle of clothes was all she owned. \circ He produced a bundle of papers tied up with green string. \circ She left her clothes in a bundle on the floor. 2. a set of things sold or presented together \circ a bundle of software verb (bundles, bundling, bundled) **1.** to put things somewhere quickly without being careful \circ *He bundled the papers into* a drawer. \circ She bundled the children off to school. \circ The police bundled him into the back of their van. 2. to sell a software programme at the same time as you sell hardware, both sold together at a special price [~with] \circ The word-processing package is bundled with the computer.

bung $/b\Lambda\eta/$ (bungs, bunging, bunged) verb to throw (informal) \circ Don't keep that paper – just bung it in the wastepaper basket.

(2) **bungalow** /'bʌŋgələʊ/ noun a house with only a ground floor

bungee-jumping /'bʌndʒiː ˌdʒʌmpɪŋ/ noun a sport which consists of jumping from a high point such as a bridge when attached by your ankles to a long elastic cable, so that instead of hitting the ground, you bounce up into the air

bungle /^tbAŋg(ə)l/ (**bungles, bungling, bungled**) *verb* to do something badly (*informal*)

bunk beds /'bʌŋk bedz/ plural noun two beds one on top of the other, with a ladder to climb to the top one \circ We put the children in bunk beds because they take up less space.

bunker /'bAŋkə/ noun 1. a room with especially strong walls, often underground \circ The soldiers defended the bunker for several days. \circ As the enemy approached, the ministers hid in a bunker under the presidential palace. 2. an open pit filled with sand placed on a golf course to trap balls and make difficulties for the players

③ **bunny** /'bʌni/ (plural **bunnies**) noun a child's name for a rabbit (*informal*)

buoyant /'bɔiənt/ adj 1. which can float easily, which helps something float easily \circ The raft became waterlogged and was no longer buoyant. \circ Salt water is more buoyant than fresh water. 2. full of confidence \circ She left the meeting in a very buoyant mood.

(3) **burden** /'b3:d(∂)n/ noun 1. a heavy load ○ He relieved her of her burden. 2. something that is hard to deal with [/~on/to] ○ I think he finds running the family shop quite a burden on him.

bureau / bjuərəu/ (plural bureaus or bureaux) noun 1. an office \circ He filed the report from the New York bureau. 2. an antique desk 3. US a chest of drawers \circ My socks are in the bureau in the bedroom. 4. US a section of a government department

bureaucracy /bjuə'rbkrəsi/ noun **1**. a group of officials working for central or local government, or for an international body \circ *The investigation of complaints is in the hands of the local bureaucracy*. **2**. a complicated official system \circ *Red tape and bureaucracy slow down charitable work*. \circ *I'm fed up with all this bureaucracy, just to get an export licence.*

bureaucrat/'bjuərəkræt/*noun* a person who runs an office or government department

(3) **burger** /'b3:gə/ noun same as hamburger

③ **burglar** /'b3:glə/ *noun* a person who tries to get into a building to steal things

burglar alarm /'b3:glər ə,lɑ:m/ noun a piece of equipment which makes a loud noise if someone enters a building illegally **burglary** /'b3:gləri/ (*plural* **burglaries**) noun a robbery by a burglar

burgle /'b3:g(ə)l/ (**burgles**, **burgling**, **burgled**) *verb* to enter a building and steal things from it

burgundy /'b3:gandi/ adj dark red

③ **burial** /'beriəl/ *noun* a ceremony of burying a dead person

burly /'b3:li/ (**burlier**, **burliest**) *adj* (*of a person*) with a large strong body

① **burn** /b3:n/ noun a burnt area of the skin or a surface \circ She had burns on her face and hands. \circ There's a burn on the edge of the table where he left his cigarette.

verb (burns, burning, burnt or burned)
1. to destroy or damage something by fire

She burnt her finger on the hot frying
pan. ○ The hotel was burnt to the ground
last year. ○ I've burnt the toast again. 2. to
feel painful, or to make something feel
painful ○ The sun and wind burnt his face.
3. to damage part of the body by heat ○ She
burnt her finger on the hot frying pan. 4. to
be on fire ○ The firemen were called to the
burning school.

burn down phrasal verb **1.** to destroy something completely by fire \circ They were playing with matches and burnt the house down. **2.** to be destroyed completely by fire \circ The building had burnt down before the firemen arrived.

burn out phrasal verb to destroy the inside completely by fire \circ *The restaurant was completely burnt out.*

burning /'b3:niŋ/ adj 1. very hot \circ The baby must have a temperature – his face is burning. \circ Careful, the pan is burning hot. 2. painful, as though being touched by something hot \circ She had a burning pain in her left eye. 3. very keen \circ He had a burning desire to go to Egypt.

③ **burnt** /b3int/ adj destroyed or damaged by fire or heat

burnt-out / b3:nt 'aut/ adj completely tired physically or emotionally through too much hard work, stress, or fast living

burp /b3:p/ noun the noise made when bringing up air from the stomach \circ When the baby stops drinking, pat him gently on the back until he makes a burp. \blacksquare verb (burps, burping, burped) to make a burp \circ There is nothing like a fizzy drink to make you burp.

burrow /'bʌrəʊ/ noun a rabbit hole \circ The rabbits all popped down into their burrow

when we came near. ■ verb (burrows, burrowing, burrowed) to dig underground ○ Moles have burrowed under the lawn.

bursar /'b3ISə/ *noun* a person in charge of the finances of a school or college

bursary /'b31s(ə)ri/ *noun* money given to some students to help them pay for their studies

① **burst** /b31st/ verb (**bursts**, **bursting**, **burst**) to break open or explode suddenly, or cause something to break open or explode suddenly ○ When she picked up the balloon it burst. ■ noun 1. a sudden loud sound ○ There was a burst of gunfire and then silence. ○ Bursts of laughter came from the office. 2. a sudden effort or activity ○ She put on a burst of speed. ○ In a burst of energy he cleaned the whole house.

burst into phrasal verb **1**. to enter unexpectedly, in a rush \circ She burst into the meeting waving a bundle of papers. **2**. to start to do something suddenly \circ She opened the letter and burst into tears. \circ The building burst into flames.

burst out phrasal verb $\mathbf{1}$. to suddenly start \circ She burst out laughing. **2**. to say something loudly \circ He burst out into a string of insults. **3**. to leave quickly \circ She burst out of the shop, and started running down the street.

bursting /'b3:st1ŋ/ abbr very full of people ○ *The bar was bursting last night*. ■ adj 1. eager to say something [~to] ○ *He was bursting to tell everyone the news*. 2. feeling an emotion strongly [~with] ○ *bursting with pride*

bury /'beri/ (**buries**, **burying**, **buried**) verb to put someone or something into the ground \circ *He was buried in the local cemetery*. \circ *Squirrels often bury nuts in the autumn*.

① **bus** /bʌs/ (plural **buses** or **busses**) noun a large motor vehicle which carries passengers \circ He goes to work by bus. \circ She takes the 8 o'clock bus to school every morning. \circ We missed the last bus and had to walk home. \circ The number 6 bus goes to Oxford Street.

(2) **bush** /busf *noun* a small tree \circ *a holly bush with red berries* \circ *An animal was moving in the bushes.*

bushel /'bo∫(ə)l/ *noun* a measure of dry goods, such as grain (equal to 56 pounds) **bushy** /'bo∫i/ (**bushier**, **bushiest**) *adj* (of *hair*) growing thickly

① **business** /'biznis/ noun 1. the work of buying and selling things \circ They do a lot of business with France. \circ She works in the electricity business.
on business working on the sales director is in Holland on business. 2. a company on She runs a photography business.
on He runs a secondhand carbusiness.
3. something that affects a particular ular person
it's none of your business it's nothing to do with you

business class /'biznis kla:s/ noun travel which is less expensive than first class

businesslike /'biznislaik/ *adj* practical and efficient

businessman /'biznismæn/ (plural **businessmen**) noun a man who works in business, or who runs a business

businessperson /'biznis,p3is(ə)n/ (*plural* **businesspeople** or **businesspersons**) *noun* a person who works in business, or who runs a business

business plan /'biznis plæn/ noun a plan of the future development of a business

businesswoman /'biznis ,womən/ (*plural* **businesswomen**) *noun* a woman who works in business, or who runs a business

busk /bʌsk/ (**busks**, **busking**, **busked**) *verb* to entertain people in the street

bus shelter / bas , feltə/ noun a construction with a roof where you can wait for a bus

bust /bAst/ noun 1. a sculpture of the head and shoulders \circ Have you seen the bust of the Prime Minister? 2. a woman's breasts **u**verb (busts, busting, busted or bust) to break (informal) \circ She's bust my precious vase! \circ He hit the ball hard and it bust a window.

bustle /'bAS(\ni)l/ noun a situation where people are hurrying around \circ It's nice to sit quietly at home after the bustle of the office. \blacksquare verb (bustles, bustling, bustled) to hurry around doing things \circ She bustled around the kitchen getting dinner ready.

bustling /'bʌs(ə)lɪŋ/ *adj* with a lot of people and activity

bust-up /'bAst Ap/ noun **1**. the breaking up of something such as a relationship or an organisation **2**. a fight or bad argument

① **busy** /'bizi/ (**busier**, **busiest**) adj 1. working on or doing something \circ *He was* busy mending the dishwasher. \circ *I was too* busy to phone my aunt. 2. full of people \circ *The shops are busiest during the week before Christmas.* 3. (of a phone line) being used by someone else, so you cannot get an answer when you call \circ *His phone's been* busy all day. (NOTE: + **busily** adv) **busybody** /'bizibodi/ (plural busybodies) noun a person who is too interested in what other people do (informal)

① **but** /bət, bʌt/ conj used for showing a difference \circ *He is very tall, but his wife is quite short.* \circ *We would like to come to your party, but we're doing something else that evening.* \blacksquare prep except \circ *Everyone but me is allowed to go to the cinema.* \circ *They had eaten nothing but apples.*

③ **butcher** /'but∫ə/ *noun* a person who prepares and sells meat

butler /' $b_{\Lambda}tl_{\Theta}/$ noun the most important male servant in a house, who serves at table, especially dealing with wine

butt /bAt/ noun 1. a large container for water or wine o It has rained a lot lately and the rainwater butt is overflowing. 2. the end of a cigarette which has been smoked • He picked up old butts from the pave*ment.* **3.** the end of the handle of a gun which presses against the shoulder of the person firing it o The prisoners were beaten with rifle butts. 4. a person whom other people laugh at \circ He will always be the butt of their criticism if he doesn't dress any *better.* **5.** a push with the head \circ *The goat* came up behind him and gave him a butt with its head. 6. US buttocks o to give someone a kick in the butt **u** verb (butts, **butting, butted**) to push with the head \circ The goat lowered its head and butted him.

butt in phrasal verb to interrupt

() **butter** /'bAtə/ noun a yellow fat made from the cream of milk, used on bread or for cooking ○ Could you pass the butter, please? ○ Don't spread the butter so thick. ○ Fry the mushrooms in butter. (NOTE: no plural: some butter, a knob of butter) ■ verb (butters, buttering, buttered) to spread butter on something ○ She was busy buttering slices of bread for the sandwiches.

buttercup /'bʌtəkʌp/ *noun* a common yellow flower found in fields

(3) **butterfly** /'bʌtəflaɪ/ noun an insect with large brightly coloured wings, which flies during the day

buttocks /'bʌtəks/ *plural noun* the part of the body on which you sit

(1) **button** /'bAt(\ni)n/ noun 1. a small, usually round piece of plastic, metal or wood, that you push through a hole in clothes to fasten them \circ The wind is cold – do up the buttons on your coat. \circ A button's come off my shirt. 2. a small round object which you push to operate something such as a bell \circ Press this button to call the lift. \circ Push the red button to set off the alarm. \blacksquare verb (but-

tons, buttoning, buttoned) to fasten something with buttons \circ *He buttoned (up) his coat because it was cold.*

buttonhole /'bAt(ϑ)nh ϑ ul/ noun a hole which a button goes through when it is fastened \circ You've put the button in the wrong buttonhole.

① buy /bai/ (buys, buying, bought) verb to get something by paying money for it ○ I bought a newspaper on my way to the station. ○ She's buying a flat. ○ She bought herself a pair of ski boots. ○ What did you buy your mother for her birthday?

buy up *phrasal verb* to buy a large quantity of something

(3) **buyer** /'baiə/ *noun* a person who buys things

buyout /'baraot/ noun same as **takeover**

buzz /bAz/ noun a noise like the sound made by a bee \circ the buzz of an electric saw in the garden next door \blacksquare verb (buzzes, buzzing, buzzed) to make a noise like a bee \circ Wasps were buzzing round the jam.

buzz off phrasal verb to go away (informal)

buzzer /'bʌzə/ *noun* a piece of equipment which buzzes as a signal of something

buzzword /'bAzw31d/ noun a word which is frequently used (*informal*)

(1) **by** /bai/ prep 1. near \circ The house is just by the bus stop. \circ Sit down here by me. 2. not later than o They should have arrived by now. \circ You must be home by eleven o'clock. \circ It must be finished by Friday. **3**. used for showing the means of doing something \circ Send the parcel by airmail. \circ Get in touch with the office by phone. O They came by car. O She caught a cold by standing in the rain. \circ You make the drink by adding champagne to orange juice. \circ She paid by cheque, not by credit card. 4. used for showing the person or thing that did something \circ a painting by Van Gogh \circ a CD recorded by our local group \circ 'Hamlet' is a play by Shakespeare. O The postman was bitten by the dog. \circ She was knocked down by a car. 5. used for showing amounts \circ We sell tomatoes by the kilo. \circ *Eggs are sold by the dozen.* \circ *Prices have* been increased by 5%. O They won by 4 goals to 2. \blacksquare adv past \circ She drove by without seeing us.

(1) **bye** /bai/, **bye-bye** /,bai 'bai/ interj goodbye (informal)

by-election /'baɪ I,lekʃən/, **bye-election** *noun* an election for Parliament when an MP has died or retired

bygone

bygone /'bargon/ adj belonging to the past \circ A painting of a bygone age.

bypass /'balpais/ noun a road round a town \circ Take the bypass if you want to avoid congestion in the town centre. • verb (bypasses, bypassing, bypassed) to go round a town, avoiding the centre \circ It would be better if you could bypass the town centre on market day. \circ The main road bypasses the town centre.

by-product /'bai,prod^kt/*noun* a product made as a result of manufacturing a main product **bystander** /'baistændə/ *noun* a person near where something is happening

byte /bait/ noun a group of eight bits which a computer operates on as a single unit (NOTE: usually used in compounds: **kilobyte**, **megabyte**, etc. Do not confuse with **bite**.)

byway /'baiwei/ noun an unimportant road

byword /'baɪw3:d/ *noun* **1**. somebody or something well known for representing a particular quality **2**. a word or phrase which is in common use

С

c /sii/, **C** *noun* the third letter of the alphabet, between B and D

cab /kæb/ noun 1. a taxi \circ He took a cab to the airport. \circ Can you phone for a cab, please? \circ Cab fares are very high in New York. 2. a separate part of a large vehicle for a driver \circ The truck driver climbed into his cab and started the engine.

cabaret /'kæbəreɪ/ *noun* entertainment given in a restaurant or club, with dancing and singing

cabbage /'kæbIdʒ/ *noun* a vegetable with large pale green or red leaves folded into a tight ball

cabin /'kæbin/ noun 1. a small room on a ship \circ We booked a first-class cabin on the cruise. \circ She felt sick and went to lie down in her cabin. 2. the inside of an aircraft \circ The aircraft is divided into three separate cabins. \circ The first-class cabin is in the front of the plane. 3. a small hut \circ He has a cabin by a lake where he goes fishing.

② **cabinet** /'kæbinət/ noun 1. a piece of furniture with shelves ○ a china cabinet 2. a committee formed from the most important members of a government ○ The cabinet met at 10 o'clock this morning. ○ There's a cabinet meeting every Tuesday morning.

(3) **cable** /'ke1b(ə)!/ noun 1. a wire for carrying electricity or electronic signals o They've been digging up the pavements to lay cables. O He ran a cable out into the garden so that he could use the lawnmower. 2. a thick rope or wire O The ship was attached to the quay by cables. 3. same as **cable television**

cable television /,keɪb(ə)l ,telī 'vīʒ(ə)n/, **cable TV** /,keɪb(ə)l ,tiī'viː/ *noun* a television system where the signals are sent along underground cables

cache $/k \propto \int / noun$ a hidden store \circ *The police found a cache of explosives in the shed.*

cackle $/'kæk(\mathfrak{g})l/$ (cackles, cackling, cackled) verb to make a little high-pitched laugh

cacophony /kə'kɒfəni/ *noun* an unpleasant mixture of loud sounds

cactus /'kæktəs/ (*plural* **cacti**) *noun* a plant with thorns which grows in the desert **CAD** /kæd/ *abbr* computer-aided design

caddie /kædi/ (plural **caddies**) noun a person who carries the clubs for a golfer \circ *Some of the best golf professionals started as caddies.*

caddy /'kædi/ *noun* **1**. a little box for keeping loose tea in **2**. same as **caddie**

cadet /kə'det/ *noun* a young person training for the armed services or the police force

Caesarean /sɪ'zeəriən/, **caesarean sec**tion /sɪ'zeəriən $_{sek}$ fən/ *noun* an operation to deliver a baby by cutting through the abdominal wall into the uterus

café /'kæfeɪ/ noun a small restaurant selling drinks or light meals \circ We had a snack in the station café.

cafeteria/,kæfə'tɪəriə/ *noun* a self-service restaurant

cafetiere /,kæfə'tjeə/ *noun* a coffee pot where you push down a filter to make the coffee

caffeine /'kæfiːn/ *noun* a chemical found in coffee, chocolate and tea which acts as a stimulant

(3) **Cage** /ketd₃/ noun a box made of wire or with metal bars for keeping birds or animals in \circ *The rabbit got out of its cage*.

cagey /'keɪdʒi/ (**cagier**, **cagiest**) *adj* not wanting to share information (*informal*) \circ *They're being very cagey about their relationship.*

② **Cake** /ke1k/ noun food made by mixing flour, eggs and sugar, and baking it \circ a piece of cherry cake \circ She had six candles on her birthday cake. \circ Have another slice of Christmas cake. \circ Would you like some chocolate cake?

caked /keikt/ *adj* covered with something that has become dry and hard

calamity /kə'læmīti/ (plural calamities) noun a disaster calcium

calcium /'kælsiəm/ noun a chemical element which is found in different forms, e.g. in chalk rocks, shells, bones and teeth, water, milk and some plants, and is an important part of a balanced diet o Their diet has a calcium deficiency or is deficient in calcium.

② calculate /'kælkjo,lett/ (calculates, calculating, calculated) verb to find the answer to a problem using numbers [~(that)/~how/what/when etc] ○ The bank clerk calculated the rate of exchange for the dollar. ○ He calculated that it would take us six hours to finish the job. ○ Have you calculated when we'll need to finish?

calculated /'kælkjuleitid/ adj deliberate

calculating /'kælkjolettıŋ/ adj who makes clever plans in a careful way and thinks about all the possible results

(2) **calculation** /,kælkjo'let $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1.** a series of numbers that you obtain when you are calculating something \circ *According* to my calculations, we have enough fuel left to do only twenty kilometres. **2.** the act of calculating

(3) **calculator** /'kælkjolertə/ noun a small electronic machine for doing calculations

calculus /'kælkjuləs/ noun a part of mathematics which is the way of calculating varying rates \circ *Calculus is now taught in sixth forms.*

calendar /'kælındə/ *noun* a set of pages showing the days and months of the year

③ **Calf** /kɑːf/ (*plural* **calves**) noun **1**. a young cow or bull \circ *The cow stood in a corner of the field with her two calves*. **2**. the back part of someone's leg between the ankle and the knee

calibrate /'kælıbreıt/ (**calibrates**, **calibrating**, **calibrated**) *verb* to mark the degrees or measurements on a scale

Calibre /'kælıbə/ noun **1.** the measurement across the inside of a gun barrel \circ *The two bullets come from same calibre guns.* **2.** a quality or ability which something or someone has, particularly when it is of a high standard \circ *It's work which he thinks is beneath a person of his calibre.* (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **calibre**.)

① **Call** /ko:l/ verb (**calls, calling, called**) **1.** to say something loudly to someone who is some distance away \circ *Call the children when it's time for tea.* **2.** to telephone someone \circ *If he comes back, tell him I'll call him when I'm in the office.* \circ *Mr Smith is out – shall I ask him to call you back?* \circ

Call the police – the shop has been burgled! \circ Can you call me a cab, please? **3.** to wake someone o Call me at 7 o'clock. 4. to give someone or something a name \circ They're going to call the baby Sam. \circ His name is John but everyone calls him Jack. • What do you call this computer programme? 5. to be called to have as a name • Our cat's called Felix. 6. to visit someone or somewhere \circ *The doctor called at* the house, but there was no one there. noun 1. a telephone conversation, or an attempt to get in touch with someone by telephone [~for] \circ Were there any calls for me while I was out? \sqcap to make a call to make contact with and speak to someone on the telephone o She wants to make a (phone) *call to Australia.* **I to take a call** to answer the telephone **2**. a telephone call or short conversation to wake someone \circ *He asked* for an early morning call. \Box I want a call at 7 o'clock I want someone to wake me at 7 o'clock 3. a visit to someone's home or place of work [~on] o The doctor made three calls on patients this morning. \Box to make a call to visit someone or somewhere, especially on business \diamond on call available for duty

call for *phrasal verb* to need a particular skill or ability \circ *Rescuing people with a helicopter calls for particular flying skills.*

call in *phrasal verb* **1.** to ask someone to come and give advice or help **2.** to telephone a place of work in order to collect or leave a message **3.** to ask for a sum of money to be paid back **4.** to arrange for or request that something be returned, e.g. goods that are not suitable for sale **5.** to make a short visit to someone, especially without making an arrangement first

call off *phrasal verb* to decide not to do something which had been planned

call on phrasal verb **1.** to visit someone \circ She called on her mother to see how she was. **2.** to ask someone to do something \circ The police have called on everyone to watch out for the escaped prisoner.

call out *phrasal verb* **1**. to ask a person or an organisation to give help **2**. to tell workers to stop work to show they have an official disagreement with the management of the business **3**. to challenge somebody to a duel or fight **4**. to ask somebody, e.g. a doctor or someone whose job is to repair things, to come to your house and deal with an emergency

call round phrasal verb same as **call** verb $\mathbf{6} \circ$ The whole family called round to see

if she was better.

call up phrasal verb to tell someone to join the army, navy or air force \circ Thousands of men were called up at the beginning of the war.

③ **callbox** / kɔ:lbbks/ noun a public telephone box ○ *I'm phoning from the callbox outside the station.*

call centre /'kostl sentə/ noun a business that deals with all the telephone calls that people make to a large organisation, e.g. a bank

caller /'k \mathfrak{S} :l \mathfrak{I} / noun **1**. a person who comes to visit \circ *She can't see any callers today.* **2**. a person who telephones \circ *I picked up the phone and the caller asked for my father.*

calligraphy /kə'lıgrəfi/ *noun* the art of beautiful handwriting, using a special pen

calling /'kɔ:lɪŋ/ *noun* a job which someone does because they have a strong feeling that they should do it, especially because it will help other people

callous / 'kæləs/ adj hard, unfeeling

call-up /'kɔːl ,ʌp/ noun an order to join the army

call waiting /,ko:l 'weitin/ *noun* a service offered by a telephone company that allows somebody to answer an additional call from someone without losing their connection to the current call

(2) calm /kɑ:m/ adj 1. not anxious or excited ○ The sea was perfectly calm and no one was seasick. ○ Keep calm, everything will be all right. 2. not violent or rough ○ The sea was perfectly calm and no one was seasick. ■ noun a period of quiet ○ The calm of the Sunday afternoon was broken by the sound of jazz from the house next door. ■ verb (calms, calming, calmed) also calm down to make someone or a situation more peaceful, or to become more peaceful ○ She stroked his hand to try to calm him (down). ○ After shouting for some minutes he finally calmed down.

calm down phrasal verb **1**. to become quieter and less annoyed \circ After shouting for some minutes he finally calmed down. **2**. to make someone quieter \circ She stroked his hand to try to calm him down.

calmly /'karmli/ *adv* in a way that is not anxious or excited

calorie /'kæləri/ noun a unit of measurement of energy in food \circ She's counting calories to try to lose weight. \circ There are 250 calories in a pint of beer. **calorific** /,kælə'rıfık/ *adj* containing many calories, and so likely to make you fat

camcorder /'kæmkɔ:də/ noun a small portable camera for taking video pictures with sound

1) came /keim/ past tense of come

camel $/'kæm(\Im)l/$ noun a desert animal with long legs and one or two large round raised parts on its back

cameo /'kæmiəu/ noun **1**. a small stone with a design of a head which stands out against a darker background \circ For her birthday, she was given a pair of cameo earrings and a matching brooch. **2**. a small but important part in a play or film \circ The film is worth seeing if only for the cameo role played by Gielgud.

(2) **camera** /'kæm(ə)rə/ noun a piece of equipment for taking photographs \circ He took a picture of the garden with his new camera. \circ They went on holiday and forgot to take their camera. \circ Did you remember to put a film in your camera?

cameraman /'kæm(ə)rəmæn/ (plural **cameramen**) noun the main film camera operator who is in charge of the lighting and filming of a shot

camouflage /'kæməflɑːʒ/ noun a method of using coloured shapes or things such as branches or grass to hide something o *We used camouflage to hide the guns.*

(2) **camp** /kæmp/ noun a place where people live in tents or small buildings in the open air \circ We set up camp halfway up the mountain. • verb (camps, camping, camped) 1. to spend a period of time in a tent \circ They had camped by the side of the lake. 2. to go camping to spend a holiday in a tent \circ We go camping in Sweden every summer.

① **campaign** /kæm'pein/ noun 1. an organised attempt to achieve something [-for/against] ○ a publicity campaign ○ an advertising campaign ○ a campaign against the new motorway 2. an organised military attack [~against] ○ Napoleon's campaign against the Russians ■ verb (campaigns, campaigning, campaigned) to work in an organised way to achieve something [~for/against] ○ The group has been campaigning for a ban on land mines. ○ They campaign against nuclear reactors. **Camper** /'kæmpə/ noun a person who goes camping

③ **camping** /'kæmpɪŋ/ *noun* the activity of going on holiday with a tent or caravan

campsite /'kæmpsaɪt/ *noun* an area for camping, often including buildings with toilets and showers

campus /'kæmpəs/ *noun* land on which a university or college is built, and the buildings on it

() can /kæn/ modal verb 1. to be able to do something \circ *He can swim well but he can't ride a bike.* \circ *She can't run as fast as I can.* Can you remember what the doctor told us to do? \circ I can't bear to watch any longer. 2. to be allowed to do something \circ Children under 18 can't drive cars. • He says we can go in. \circ The policeman says we *can't park here*. **3.** to ask politely \circ *Can we* come in, please? \circ Can you shut the door, please? (NOTE: The negative is cannot or, especially in speaking, can't. The past tense is could. Can and could are usually used with other verbs, and are not followed by to.) **noun** a metal container for food or drink ○ She opened a can of beans. ■ verb (cans, canning, canned) to put food in cans

canal /k \Rightarrow 'næl/ noun an artificial river made between rivers or lakes or from the sea, originally for moving cargo \circ You can take a boat trip round the canals of Amsterdam.

canary /kə'neəri/ (*plural* **canaries**) *noun* a small yellow singing bird

② **Cancel** /'kænsəl/ (**cancels**, **cancel**ling, **cancelled**) verb to stop something which has been planned ○ The singer was ill, so the show had to be cancelled. ○ There is no refund if you cancel less than three weeks before the date of departure.

cancellation $/_k \approx ns \exists let J(\exists)n/ noun 1.$ the act of cancelling something \circ *The event is subject to cancellation if the weather is bad.* 2. a seat, ticket or appointment which is available again because the person who bought it cannot use it \circ *If we have a cancellation for next week I'll call and let you know.*

② **cancer** /'kænsə/ *noun* a serious disease affecting different parts of the body in which cells grow in a way which is not usual

Cancer /'kænsə/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a crab, covering the period 22nd June to 22nd July

candid /'kændıd/ *adj* (of a person) direct or open, saying exactly what you think or feel

candidacy /'kændɪdəsi/ *noun* the state of being a candidate

(2) **candidate** /'kændideit/ noun 1. a person who applies for a job [-for] \circ We interviewed six candidates for the post of assistant manager 2. a person who has entered for an examination \circ Candidates are given three hours to complete the exam. 3. a person who is taking part in an election or competing for a prize \circ She accompanied the candidate round the constituency. 4. someone or something that is likely to be chosen for or be something [-for] \circ a city that is a candidate for the next Olympics

candidature /'kændɪdət ʃə/ *noun* the act of standing as a candidate

(3) **candle** /'kænd(ə)!/ *noun* a stick of wax with a string in the centre, which you burn to give light

candlelight /'kænd(ə)l,laɪt/ noun the light given by candles

candlestick /'kænd(ə)l₁st1k/ noun a holder for a candle

can-do /'kæn duː/ *adj* keen to take on a job or challenge and confident of success

candour /'kændə/ *noun* the personal quality of being open and honest in your behaviour towards other people (NOTE: The US spelling is **candor**.)

③ candy /'kændi/ (plural candies) noun 1. US a sweet food made with sugar o Eating candy is bad for your teeth. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. one piece of this food o She bought a box of candies.

candyfloss /'kændiflos/ *noun* thin pieces of cooked sugar which are spun in a drum and sold as a mass attached to a stick **cane** /kein/ *noun* **1**. a strong stem of a plant, especially of tall thin plants like bamboo \circ *a field of sugar cane* **2**. a walking stick cut from the stem of some types

of plant \circ She was leaning heavily on a cane as she walked up the path. **Canine** /'keinain/ adj referring to dogs \circ Dogs should be vaccinated against various

Dogs should be vaccinated against various canine illnesses.

canister /'kænɪstə/ *noun* a round metal container for gas, etc.

cannabis /'kænəbis/ noun a drug that is usually smoked for pleasure \circ *In some countries, the sale of cannabis has been legalised.*

canned /kænd/ adj preserved in a tin or can

cannibal /'kæn1b(ə)l/ noun a person who eats people

cannon /'kænən/ noun a large $gun \circ The$ sailors hauled a huge cannon across the ship's deck.

() **cannot** /'kænɒt/ *verb* the negative of **can**

③ **canoe** /kə'nu:/ noun a boat with two pointed ends, which is moved forwards by one or more people using long pieces of wood \circ She paddled her canoe across the lake. **•** verb (canoes, canoeing, canoed) to travel in a canoe \circ They canoed down the river.

(3) **can opener** /'kæn ,əʊp(ə)nə/ noun a tool for opening cans

Canopy /'kænəpi/ noun 1. a cloth cover or light roof over a small area such as a door, window or bed \circ *The porch is cov*ered with a glass canopy. \circ *The Queen's* bedroom is furnished with a 17th-century canopy bed. 2. the top parts of a group of trees when considered as a single mass \circ *The trees join to form a canopy over the terrace of the restaurant.*

1) can't /kaint/ contr cannot

cantaloupe /'kæntəluɪp/, **cantaloup** *noun* a type of melon with pink flesh

③ **canteen** /kæn'ti:n/ noun a self-service restaurant for the people who work in a building such as an office block or factory or *The food in the office canteen is awful, I* prefer to bring my own sandwiches.

canter /'kæntə/ noun the movement of a horse when it runs fairly fast \circ The horses were going through the park at a canter. \blacksquare verb (canters, cantering, cantered) to move at a canter \circ My horse doesn't like cantering, it prefers to gallop.

canvas /'kænvəs/ *noun* a thick cloth for making things such as tents, sails or shoes \circ *He was wearing a pair of old canvas shoes*.

Canvass /'kænvəs/ (canvasses, canvassing, canvassed) verb to visit people to ask them to buy goods or to vote or to say what they think (NOTE: Do not confuse with canvas.)

canyon /'kænjən/, **cañon** noun a deep valley with steep sides usually in North America

② **cap** /kæp/ noun **1**. a flat hat with a flat hard piece in front $\circ a$ baseball cap \circ an officer's cap with a gold badge **2**. a lid which covers something $\circ a$ red pen with a black cap \circ Screw the cap back on the medicine bottle.

(3) **capability** $/_keipə'biliti/(plural$ **capabilities** $) noun the practical ability to do something <math>\circ$ We have the capability to produce a better machine than this.

(2) **capable** /'keɪpəb(ə)l/ adj able to work well and to deal with problems \circ *She's an extremely capable secretary.* \Box **capable of** (doing) something able to do something \circ *He isn't capable of running the conference without help.*

(2) **capacity** /kə'pæsıti/ noun 1. an amount which something can hold \circ *This barrel has a larger capacity than that one.* \circ *The cinema was filled to capacity.* 2. the amount of something that a machine or person can produce \Box to work at full capacity to do as much work as possible 3. the mental or physical ability to do something easily [~for] \circ a capacity for hard work 4. the situation that someone is in or the job they have [~as] \Box acting in his capacity as manager acting as a manager \Box speaking in an official capacity speaking officially

cape /ketp/ noun **1**. a long loose piece of clothing like a coat but without sleeves \circ *She wrapped her cape more tightly around her.* **2**. a piece of high land which sticks out into the sea \circ *We rounded the cape on June 21st at 8 a.m.*

capillary /kə'pıləri/ (*plural* **capillaries**) *noun* one of the very small tubes in the body which carry blood and other substances around the body

() **capital** /'kæp:t(ə)l/ noun 1. the main city of a country, usually where the government is \circ The capital is in the eastern part of the country. \circ Madrid is the capital of Spain. 2. money which is invested \circ a company with £10,000 capital or with a capital of £10,000. 3. also capital letter a letter written as A, B, C, D, etc., rather than a, b, c, d, etc.

 $\label{eq:capitalise} $$ Capitalise /'k@pit()]aiz/ (capitalises, capitalising, capitalised), capitalize (capitalizes, capitalizing, capitalized) $$ verb$$ verb$$

capitalism /'kæpɪt(ə)lɪz(ə)m/ noun an economic system in which industries and businesses are owned by people or companies and not by the state

capitalist /'kæpit(ə)list/ noun 1. a person who supports the theory of capitalism • Capitalists are in favour of free enterprise. 2. a businessman who invests money in a business • He's a young capitalist who is only twenty-one, but on the way to becoming a millionaire.

capitalise on *phrasal verb* to take advantage of something

capital punishment /,kæpit(ə)l 'pAnifmənt/ noun the act of killing someone as a punishment for a crime **Capitol Hill** /,kæpɪt(ə)l 'hɪl/ noun the hill on which the Capitol stands, used to mean the US Legislature (*informal*)

capitulate /kə'pitjuleit/ (capitulates, capitulating, capitulated) verb to say that you have lost in a situation such as a competition or a war (NOTE: + capitulation n)

 $\label{eq:cappuccino} $$ cappuccino $$ /_k e^{t} \int in e^{t} o $$ noun an Italian coffee, with hot whipped milk and chocolate on top $$

capricious /kə'prıʃəs/ *adj* not fixed or certain, likely to change

Capricorn /'kæpriko:n/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a goat, covering the period 22nd December to 19th January

capsize /kæp'saIZ/ (**capsizes**, **capsiz**ing, **capsized**) *verb* (*of boats*) to overturn

(3) **Captain** /'kæptIn/ noun 1. a person in charge of a team \circ the England captain \circ The two captains shook hands at the beginning of the match. 2. a person in charge of a ship or aircraft \circ The captain greeted us as we came on board. \circ Captain Smith is flying the plane. 3. a rank in the army above a lieutenant and below a major \circ A lieutenant has to report to his captain. (NOTE: When used as a title before a surname, it is spelt with a capital letter and is often written as Capt.) • verb (captains, captaining, captained) to be the captain of a team \circ He has captained England three times.

captaincy /'kæptInsi/ noun 1. the position of being captain of a sports team \circ Because of the scandal, I don't think he will get the England captaincy. 2. the rank of captain in the army or navy \circ Although he had twenty years of service, he never got his captaincy.

caption /'kæp∫ən/ *noun* a phrase printed under a picture

captivate /'kæptiveit/ (captivates, captivating, captivated) *verb* to attract someone's interest and attention

captivating /'kæptiveitiŋ/ *adj* attracting and holding somebody's attention

Captive /'kæptIv/ noun a prisoner \circ The two captives were kept in total darkness for hours.

captive audience /,kæptīv 'ɔ:diəns/ noun a group of people who have to listen to what someone is saying because they cannot leave

captivity /kæp'tıvıti/ *noun* the situation of being kept in a place and not allowed to leave

captor /'kæptə/ noun a person who captures someone

③ **Capture** /'kæpt $\int \vartheta$ / (**captures**, **capturing**, **captured**) verb 1. to take someone as a prisoner \circ Four soldiers were captured in the attack. 2. to take something by force, especially in war \circ They captured the enemy capital very quickly.

① **Car** /kɑ:/ noun 1. a small private motor vehicle for carrying people \circ She's bought a new car. \circ He drove his car into the garage. \circ He goes to his office every morning by car. 2. US a carriage of a railway train \circ Is there a restaurant car on the train?

carafe /kə'ræf/ noun a glass container for serving wine or water

caramel /'kærəməl/ noun 1. a sweet made with sugar and butter \circ *I'm a dentist,* and *I don't like seeing children eating car*amel. 2. burnt sugar \circ *You can make cara*mel by heating sugar until it melts and burns.

carat /'kærət/ noun **1**. a measure of the quality of gold. Pure gold is 24 carats. $\circ a$ 22-carat gold ring **2**. a measure of the weight of precious stones $\circ a$ 5-carat diamond

Caravan /'kærəvæn/ noun a vehicle which you can live in, especially on holiday, and which, if small enough, can be attached to a car and pulled along \circ We got stuck behind a caravan on a narrow mountain road. \circ We rent a caravan in a caravan park.

(3) **carbohydrate** /,kɑ:bəʊ'haɪdreɪt/ noun a chemical substance containing carbon, hydrogen and oxygen, found in particular in sugar, potatoes and bread; it provides the body with energy

carbon /'ka:bən/ *noun* a substance found in charcoal, soot or diamonds

carbonated /'ka:bəneitid/ adv (of a drink) containing small bubbles of air

carbon copy /,kɑːbən 'kɒpi/ *noun* someone or something that is very similar to another person or thing

car boot sale /ko: 'bu:t seil/ *noun* an event organised in a large car park or sports field, where people bring things to sell in their cars

carburettor /kɑːbə'retə/ *noun* a part in a car engine which mixes fuel with air before it is put into the engine (NOTE: The US spelling is **carburetor**.)

carcass /'ku:kəs/, **carcase** noun the body of a dead animal, especially one ready for the butcher **carcinogen** /kɑː'sɪnədʒən/ *noun* a substance which produces cancer

carcinogenic /,kuːsınə'dʒenik/ *adj* which produces cancer

(1) card /kard/ noun 1. a flat piece of stiff paper with a picture on one side, which you can send with a message \circ They sent us a card from Italy. \circ How much does it cost to send a card to Australia? (postcard 2. a piece of stiff paper, folded so that a message can be written inside \circ She sent me a *lovely card on my birthday.* **3.** a piece of stiff paper with a picture or pattern on it, used to play games 4. a piece of stiff paper with your name and address printed on it o He gave me his business card. \circ I've lost my membership card. 5. a piece of stiff plastic used for payment o Do you want to pay cash or with a card?
plural noun cards the entertainment of playing games with a special set of cards with numbers or patterns on them a game of cards a period of playing with a special set of cards \diamond on the cards fairly likely to happen

cardboard /'ka:dbo:d/ noun thick card, often used for making boxes (NOTE: no plural: some cardboard; a piece of cardboard)

cardiac /'ku:diæk/ adj referring to the heart

cardiac arrest /,ka:diæk ə'rest/ *noun* a serious medical condition in which the heart muscle stops working

cardigan /'kaːdɪgən/ noun a woollen jacket which buttons at the front

cardinal /'kɑ:dɪn(ə)l/ noun **1**. one of the most important priests in the Catholic Church, after the Pope \circ *The cardinals* meet in Rome to elect the Pope. \circ Cardinal Lamont has written an article in today's paper. (NOTE: also used as a title before a surname: Cardinal Wolsey) **2**. a bright red bird, which comes from the southern United States

(1) **Care** /keə/ noun 1. serious and careful attention \circ He handled the glass with great care. \Box to take care to be very careful \circ Take care when you cross the road. \circ He took great care with the box of glasses. \circ Take care not to be late. 2. looking after someone \circ the care of the elderly \Box to take care of someone to look after someone \circ Will you take care of the children for the weekend for me? \blacksquare verb (cares, caring, cared) to be interested in something you think is important [~about/~what/why etc] \circ She cares a lot about environmental issues. \circ I don't care less used to show that some-

one does not worry at all about something \circ Paul couldn't care less about what we think – he's got his own plans.

care for \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1**. to like someone or something $\circ I$ don't care for this music very much. $\circ I$ met her once, but I didn't much care for her. \circ Would you care for another cup of coffee? **2**. to look after people \circ Nurses cared for the injured people after the accident. \circ People who have to care for their elderly relatives need extra help.

(2) **Career** /kə'rɪə/ noun the work someone does throughout their life [~as/~in] \circ *She is starting her career as a librarian.* \circ *He gave up a career in medicine and bought a farm.*

carefree /'keəfri!/ adj without any worries

(1) **careful** /'keəf(\ni)!/ adj 1. showing attention to details \circ We are always very careful to include the most recent information. \circ The project needs very careful planning. 2. taking care not to make mistakes or cause harm \circ Be careful not to make any noise – the baby is asleep. \circ She is very careful about what she eats.

() **Carefully** /'keəf(\ni)li/ adv with great care or thought \circ *The holiday had been carefully planned* or *planned carefully*.

(2) **Careless** /'keələs/ adj without any care or thought \circ *He is careless about his work.* \circ *He made several careless mistakes when he took his driving test.*

carelessly /'keələsli/ *adv* without taking care or thinking carefully

carelessness /'keələsnəs/ *noun* the fact of being careless or not thinking carefully

carer /'keərə/ *noun* someone who looks after an old or sick person, or children

Caress /kə'res/ (caresses, caressing, caressed) verb to touch gently \circ She gently caressed the baby's head. (NOTE: + caress n)

caretaker /'keəteikə/ noun a person who looks after a building

cargo /'kaɪgəu/ noun goods carried on a ship or a plane

caricature /'kærıkət juə/ noun a funny drawing or description which exaggerates a person's appearance \circ He drew a caricature of the Prime Minister. \circ Her description of the office is nothing less than a caricature of the system. (NOTE: + caricature v) (3) caring /'keərıŋ/ adj kind and helpful \circ a very caring person

carjacking

carjacking /'kɑ:dʒækɪŋ/ *noun* the crime of attacking the driver of a car and stealing the car

carnage /'kɑːnɪdʒ/ *noun* a situation in which many people are killed

carnal /'kaɪn(ə)l/ adj referring to the body (formal)

carnation $/k\alpha_1$ 'net $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun a red, pink or white flower with a strong pleasant smell

carnival /'ka: $niv(\vartheta)$ *l* / noun a festival, often with music, dancing and eating in the open air

carnivore /'kɑːnɪvɔː/ noun an animal which eats meat

carnivorous /kɑː'nɪv(ə)rəs/ adj meateating

carol /'kærəl/ noun a traditional song, especially one sung at Christmas

carousel /,kærə'sel/ noun **1**. a circular machine from which passengers collect their bags at an airport \circ *Baggage from flight AC1 is on carousel number three.* **2**. *US* a roundabout (NOTE: The British term is merry-go-round.)

① **car park** /'kɑ: pɑːk/ *noun* a public place where you can leave a car when you are not using it

carpentry /'ka:pintri/ *noun* the art of working with wood

③ **carpet** /'kɑ:pɪt/ noun thick material for covering floors \circ *He spilt his coffee on our new white dining-room carpet.*

carpet-bomb /'kɑ:pɪt bom/ (**carpet-bombs**, **carpet-bombing**, **carpet-bombed**) *verb* to destroy an area by dropping very many bombs on it

③ **carriage** /'kærɪdʒ/ noun 1. one of the vehicles that are joined together to make a train \circ Where's the first-class carriage on this train? 2. a vehicle, especially an old-fashioned one, that is pulled by a horse 3. the cost of carrying goods \circ Carriage is 15% of the total cost. \circ How much do they charge for carriage?

carriageway /'kærɪdʒweɪ/ *noun* the surface of the road on which traffic moves

carried /'kærɪd/ past tense and past participle of **carry**

carrier /'kæriə/ noun **1**. a vehicle that takes people or things from one place to another, or a company with such vehicles **2**. a person who carries the germ of a disease without showing any signs of it, and who can infect others with it \circ a hepatitis

carrier \circ Hepatitis A is transmitted by a carrier through food or drink.

carrier bag / kærið bæg/ *noun* a large paper or plastic bag with handles, for carrying shopping, often given by a shop, with the shop's name on it

carries /'kæriz/ 3rd person singular present of **carry**

carrot /'kærət/ *noun* **1**. a vegetable with a long orange root **2**. something good that persuades you to do something (*informal*) \circ *He was offered the carrot of a big pay rise to take on the new project.*

① **Carry** /'kæri/ (carries, carrying, carried) verb 1. to take something and move it to another place \circ There was no lift, so they had to carry the beds up the stairs. \circ The plane was carrying 120 passengers. \circ That suitcase is too heavy for me to carry. 2. (of sound) to be heard at a distance \circ The sound of the bells carries for miles. \diamond to get carried away to become emotional or excited

carry forward *phrasal verb* (*in bookkeeping*) to take an amount or total on to the next page or column

carry on phrasal verb **1.** to continue doing something \circ When the teacher came in, the students all carried on talking. \circ They carried on with their work right through the lunch hour. **2.** to be very angry \circ He carried on like anything when he saw his car had been towed away.

carry out phrasal verb to do something, especially something that has been planned \circ Doctors carried out tests on the patients. \circ The police are carrying out a search for the missing man.

carte blanche / ka:t 'bla:nt \int / noun permission given to someone to do whatever he or she wants \circ We gave the architect carte blanche to design the bridge. \circ He has carte blanche to act on behalf of the government.

cartel /kɑː'tel/ *noun* a group of companies which try to fix the price of something **cartilage** /'kɑːtɪlɪdʒ/ *noun* the thick substance which lines the joints in your body or which forms part of the structure of an organ

carton /'ka:t(a)n/ *noun* a container made of cardboard

③ **cartoon** /kɑ:'tu:n/ noun 1. a film made of moving drawings $\circ I$ like watching Tom and Jerry cartoons. 2. a funny, often political, drawing in a newspaper \circ He draws a cartoon for the 'Evening Standard'. **cartridge** /'ku:tridʒ/ noun a container for something that fits into a piece of equipment to be used \circ an ink cartridge \circ an explosive cartridge

Carve /k0:v/ (carves, carving, carved) verb 1. to cut up a large piece of meat at a meal \circ Who's going to carve? \circ Father sat at the end of the table, carving a chicken. 2. to make a shape by cutting stone or wood \circ He carved a bird out of wood. \circ Chips of stone flew all over the studio as he was carving the statue.

Carving /'kɑːvɪŋ/ noun 1. the act of cutting up cooked meat 2. the art of cutting stone or wood into shapes \circ *Stone carving is an option at art school.* 3. an object which has been made by carving \circ *He gave me a wood carving for my birthday.* \circ *The stone carvings in the old church date from the 15th century.*

car wash /'kɑː wɒʃ/ *noun* a place where cars are washed automatically

cascade /kæ'skeɪd/ (**cascades**, **cascading**, **cascaded**) *verb* to fall in large quantities \circ *pale pink roses cascading down the brick wall* (NOTE: + **cascade** *n*)

(1) **case**/keis/ noun 1. a box with a handle, for carrying things such as your clothes when travelling \circ She was still packing her case when the taxi came. \circ The customs made him open his case. 2. a special box for an object \circ *Put the gun back in its case*. ○ I've lost my red spectacle case. 3. a large box for a set of goods to be sold \circ He bought a case of wine. 4. a situation, or a way in which something happens \circ It was a case of having made a poor choice. \circ In many cases, we cannot find the owner of *the goods*. **5.** same as **court case** \diamond **in case** because something might happen \circ It's still sunny, but I'll take my umbrella just in *case*. \diamond in any case 1. whatever may happen \circ We could move the cabinet upstairs or into the dining room, but in any case we'll need some help. 2. used to add something to a statement \diamond in that case if that happens or if that is the situation \circ *There is* a strike on the underground – In that case, you'll have to take a bus.

case study /'keis stadi/ noun the study of a certain group or institution or person over a long period of time

(1) **cash** $/k \approx \int /$ *noun* money in coins and notes, not in cheques \circ *We don't keep much cash in the house.* \circ *I'd prefer to use up my spare cash, rather than pay with a credit card.*

cash in phrasal verb to make money from

something \circ The company cashed in on the huge interest in computer games.

cashback /'kæ∫bæk/ *noun* money from your bank account which you can get from a shop when you use your bank card to pay for goods

cash card /'kæʃ kɑ:d/ noun a plastic card used to obtain money from a cash dispenser

③ **cash desk** /'kæ∫ desk/ *noun* a place in a store where you pay for the goods you are buying

cash dispenser /'kæʃ dɪ,spensə/ noun a machine which gives out money when a special card is put in and instructions given **cashew** /'kæʃuː/ noun a type of nut which you can eat

(3) **cash flow** $/'k \approx \int fl_{\Theta U} / noun$ the rate at which money comes into and is paid out of a business

cashier $/kæ' \int I \partial / noun a person who deals$ with money, e.g. in a bank or supermarket $<math>\circ$ Ask the cashier if she can give you change. \circ Please pay the cashier.

cash machine /'kæ∫ mə,∫iːn/ noun same as cash dispenser

cashmere /'kæʃm1ə/ noun a soft wool that comes from goats \circ Cashmere is soft, light and very warm.

cashpoint /'kæ \int_{i} point/ noun a place where there are cash dispensers (NOTE: The US term is **automated teller machine** or **ATM**.)

cash register $/k \alpha \beta$, red31stə/ noun a machine which shows and adds the prices of things bought in a shop, with a drawer for keeping the money received

casing /'keisiŋ/ noun a hard covering which protects something

casino /kəˈsiːnəʊ/ (*plural* **casinos**) *noun* a building where you can gamble

casket /'kɑ:skɪt/ noun 1. a box for keeping jewels in \circ *The thief stole a casket from beside her bed.* 2. mainly US a long wooden box in which a dead person is buried or cremated

casserole /'kæsərəʊl/ noun 1. a covered dish used for cooking food in the oven 2. food cooked in a covered dish in the oven o chicken casserole o casserole of lamb

cassette /kə'set/ noun a plastic case containing magnetic tape which can be used for listening to words or music, or recording sounds \circ Do you want it on cassette or CD? \circ He bought a cassette of folk songs. \circ We recorded the poems onto a cassette.

cassette player

cassette player /kə'set ,ple1ə/ noun a machine which plays cassettes

③ **Cast**/kɑ:st/ noun all the actors in a play or film ○ The film has an all-star cast. ○ After the first night the cast went out to celebrate in a restaurant. ■ verb (**casts, cast**ing, **cast**) to choose actors for a play or film [~as] ○ In his first film, he was cast as a soldier.

cast off phrasal verb **1**. to untie the ropes holding a boat \circ *The boat is ready to cast* off. **2**. (in knitting) to remove the stitches from the needles so that your work is finished \circ *The scarf is long enough, all you* have to do is to cast off.

castaway /'kɑːstəweɪ/ noun a person who has been shipwrecked

caste /kɑɪst/ noun (in Hindu society) a group of people who are born with the same social status

castigate /'kæstɪgeɪt/ (**castigates**, **castigating**, **castigated**) *verb* to punish, to criticise someone strongly (*formal*)

casting vote /,kɑɪstɪŋ 'vəʊt/ noun a vote used by the person in charge of a meeting in a case where the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal

cast iron /,ku:st 'aiən/ noun iron which is shaped in a mould, not bent, and so breaks easily \circ The pipes are made from cast iron, and are very solid. \circ Don't let the cast-iron pan soak in water as it will rust. Compare wrought iron

(3) **Castle** $/^{k}$ dus(\ominus)|/ noun a large building with strong walls built in the past for protection in war \circ *The Queen is spending the week at Windsor Castle.* \circ *The soldiers shut the castle gate.*

castrate /kæ'strent/ (**castrates**, **castrat**ing, **castrated**) *verb* to remove the testicles from a male animal (NOTE: + **castration** *n*) **casual** /'kæʒuəl/ *adj* not formal

Casually $/'kæ_3j\cup 3i'$ adv in an informal way \circ He casually mentioned that he had got married last Saturday.

casualty /'kæʒuəlti/ (plural casualties) noun 1. a person injured or killed in a battle or in an accident \circ Casualties were taken to hospital by ambulance and helicopter. \circ The radio reported that there had been heavy casualties. 2. the Accident and Emergency department in a hospital \circ The accident victim was rushed into casualty.

() **Cat** /kæt/ noun an animal with soft fur and a long tail, kept as a pet \circ She asked her neighbours to feed her cat when she went on holiday. \circ Don't forget to get some tins of cat food. \diamond to let the cat out of the bag to tell a secret (informal)

cataclysm /'kætəklız(ə)m/ noun a sudden event which causes a lot of damage or violence

③ **catalogue** /'kæt(ə)lɒg/ noun a list of things for sale or in a library or museum ○ an office equipment catalogue ○ Look up the title in the library catalogue. ■ verb to make a list of things that exist somewhere ○ She spent months cataloguing the novelist's correspondence.

catalyst /'kætəlist/ noun 1. a substance which produces or helps a chemical process without itself changing \circ an enzyme that acts as a catalyst in the digestive process 2. anything which helps something to take place [~for] \circ The publication of the report acted as a catalyst for change.

catapult /'kætəp Λ lt/ noun a weapon consisting of a piece of strong material which can stretch, attached to a stick shaped like the letter 'Y', used for sending stones through the air \circ *He tried to kill birds with his catapult.*

cataract /'kæt σ a kkt / noun 1. a waterfall on a river \circ the cataracts on the Nile 2. a medical condition in which the lens of the eye gradually becomes covered with a white layer and you lose the ability to see \circ He has developed a cataract in his right eye. \circ The operation to remove the cataract went smoothly.

③ **catastrophe** /kə'tæstrəfi/ noun a sudden violent or harmful event

(1) catch $/kat \int / verb$ (catches, catching, caught) 1. to take hold of something moving in the air \circ *Can you catch a ball with* your left hand? • He managed to catch the glass before it hit the floor. 2. to take hold of something o She caught him by the sleeve as he turned away. \circ As he slipped, he caught the rail to stop himself falling. 3. to get hold of an animal, especially in order to kill and eat it \circ *He sat by the river all day but didn't catch anything*. \circ *Our cat is* no good at catching mice – she's too lazy. **4.** to get on a vehicle such as a bus, plane or train before it leaves o You will have to run if you want to catch the last bus. \circ He *caught the 10 o'clock train to Paris.* **5.** to get an illness \circ *He caught a cold from his colleague.* **6.** to find someone doing something wrong \circ *She caught the boys stealing* in her shop. \circ The police caught the burglar as he was climbing out of the window. **7.** to hear something \circ *I* didn't quite catch what you said. **noun 1.** the action of taking and holding a ball as it moves through the air \circ *He made a marvellous catch*. \circ *I dropped an easy catch*. **2**. a hidden disadvantage \circ *It seems such a good deal, but there must be a catch in it somewhere.*

catch on phrasal verb **1.** to understand \circ She caught on very quickly. **2.** to become fashionable \circ I don't see silver hair catching on here.

catch up *phrasal verb* to move to the same level as someone who is in front of you

catch 22 $/_1$ kæt \int_1 twenti 'tu:/ *noun* a circle of events which you cannot escape from

catch-all /'kæt∫ ɔ:l/ *noun* something that covers a wide range of possibilities, meanings, ideas or situations

catching /'kætʃıŋ/ adj (of an illness) likely to spread from one person to another

catchment area $/^{k}$ & $\int m nt_{e} = 10^{-1}$ *noun* **1.** land from which a river gets its water **2.** an area round a school from which all students must come \circ *We are moving to be in the catchment area of a good school.*

catch phrase /'kæt f freiz/ noun a popular phrase, usually connected with an entertainer or advertisement

categorically /,kætə'gɒrɪkli/ adv definitely

categorise /ˈkætɪɡəraɪz/ (**categorises**, **categorising**, **categorised**), **categorize** *verb* to put into classes or categories

(2) **Category** /'kæt1g(ə)ri/ (plural **categories**) noun one of the groups that people, animals or things are divided into in a formal system \circ We grouped the books into categories according to subject.

③ **catering** /'keitəriŋ/ *noun* the act or practice of supplying food and drink

(3) **caterpillar** /'kætəpilə/ noun a small long insect with many legs, which develops into a butterfly \circ *Caterpillars have eaten most of the leaves on our trees.*

catfish /'kætfɪʃ/ *noun* a fish with long hairs around its mouth

catharsis /kəˈbɑːsɪs/ *noun* a situation or occasion in which you get rid of strong emotional feelings, e.g. through a particular experience

③ **cathedral** /kə'θiːdrəl/ *noun* the largest and the most important church in an area

(3) **catholic** /'kæθ(ə)lık/ adj having an interest in or liking for many different things • *His interests have always been quite catholic.* **Catholic** /' $k \mathfrak{B} \theta(\mathfrak{s}) l_{Ik} / noun$ a member of the Roman Catholic Church

cattle /'kæt(ə)l/ *plural noun* animals such as cows and bulls which farmers keep for milk or meat

catty /'kæti/ *adj* making unpleasant remarks about someone

Catwalk /'kætwo:k/ noun 1. a long raised area down which models walk to show off clothes \circ The model on the catwalk gave a twirl of her skirt. \circ Fashion editors stared at the models on the catwalk. 2. an open metal structure for people to walk on, built along the outside of a ship or tall building \circ He stepped confidently onto the catwalk.

Caucasian /ko:'keizian/ noun somebody who has white skin or who is of European origin

① **caught** /ko:t/ past tense and past participle of **catch**

cauldron /'kɔ:ldrən/ noun a large deep pan for cooking (NOTE: The US spelling is caldron.)

cauliflower /'kɒliflaʊə/ *noun* a vegetable with hard white flowers, which are eaten cooked

① **Cause** $/k_{0:Z}/noun$ **1.** something which makes something else happen \circ *What is the* main cause of traffic accidents? \circ *The po*lice tried to find the cause of the fire. **2.** an aim, organisation or idea which people support \circ *She is fighting for the cause of* working mothers. \blacksquare verb (causes, causing, caused) to make something happen \circ *The* accident caused a traffic jam on the motorway. \circ *The sudden noise caused her to* drop the cup she was carrying.

causeway /'kɔ:zwei/ *noun* a road or path built up on a bank above wet ground or water

Caution /'kɔ: $\int(\Im)n/$ noun **1.** care \circ The steps are very slippery – please proceed with great caution. **2.** a warning not to do something again \circ The magistrate let him off with a caution. **•** verb (cautions, cautioning, cautioned) to warn [~that/~against] \circ He cautioned them that the strategy had several risks. \circ The doctor cautioned him against working too hard.

cautious /'kɔːʃəs/ adj not willing to take risks o She's a very cautious driver.

cavalry /'kæv(ə)lri/ noun soldiers riding on horses

cave /keiv/ noun a large underground hole in rock or earth \circ When the tide went out we could explore the cave.

caveat /'kæviæt/ *noun* a warning, especially against doing something **caveman** /'kervmæn/ (*plural* **cavemen**) *noun* one of the people who lived thousands of years ago in caves

cavern /'kævən/ noun a very large cave

cavernous /'kævənəs/ *adj* with a very large inside space, like a cavern

cavity /'kævīti/ (plural cavities) noun a hole or space \circ *The jewellery was discovered hidden in a cavity in the wall.*

CCTV / si si ti 'vi / *abbr* closed-circuit television

CD a hard, round piece of plastic which can hold a large amount of music or computer information $\circ I$ don't like his new CD – do you? \circ You can get it on CD or cassette.

CD burner /ˌsiː 'diː ˌbɜːnə/ noun alternative for CD writer

CD player / sir 'dir , ple1ə/ noun a machine which plays CDs

(2) **CD-ROM** /,si: di: 'rom/ noun a small plastic disc used as a high capacity ROM storage device which can store 650Mb of data. Full form **compact disc read only memory**

CD-RW / sir dir ar 'dAb(ə)ljur/ abbr compact disc rewritable

CD writer/,sii 'dii ,raitə/ *noun* a piece of equipment used to record data permanently onto a compact disc

③ **Cease** /sits/ (ceases, ceasing, ceased) verb to stop, or to stop doing something (formal) □ to cease to exist to stop being in existence ∘ The pub on the corner ceased to exist some time ago.

ceasefire /'sixfaiə/ noun an agreement to stop shooting in a war

ceaseless /'si:sləs/ *adj* without stopping **cedar** /'si:də/ *noun* **1**. a large tree whose leaves do not fall off in winter \circ *There is a large cedar in front of the house.* **2**. the wood from this tree \circ *a cedar chest* \circ *Cedar wood has a pleasant smell.*

cede /sitd/ (cedes, ceding, ceded) verb to give up something, especially power or land, to someone else (*formal*)

③ **ceiling** /'si:lŋ/ noun the solid part of a room that is above you \circ He's so tall, he can easily touch the ceiling. \circ Flies can walk on the ceiling. \circ He painted the kitch-en ceiling. \circ Watch out when you go into the bedroom – it has a very low ceiling.

celeb /sə'leb/ noun a celebrity (informal)

(3) **celebrate** /'selibreit/ (**celebrates**, **celebrating**, **celebrated**) *verb* to have a party, or do special things because something good has happened, or because of something that happened at a particular time in the past \circ *Our team won, so we're all going out to celebrate.* \circ *They celebrated their wedding anniversary quietly at home with their children.*

celebrated /'selibreitid/ adj very famous

(3) **celebration** /₁sel1'bre1 $\int(3)n/noun$ 1. a party or festival \circ *We had my birthday celebration in the local pub.* \circ *After our team won, the celebrations went on late into the night.* 2. the activity of celebrating something \circ *a time of celebration* \Box **in celebration of something** as an act of celebrating something \circ *an exhibition in celebration of the opening of the new gallery*

③ **celebrity** /s1'lebrəti/ (plural **celebrities**) noun a famous person ○ The theatre was packed with celebrities from the acting world. ○ We hope the new supermarket is going to be opened by a TV celebrity.

celery /'seləri/ *noun* a plant with a white or green stem, eaten as a vegetable or raw in a salad

celestial body /sə,lestiəl 'bɒdi/ *noun* a star, planet, moon or other natural body in the sky

celibate /'selibət/ *adj* not having sex, e.g. for religious reasons

① **cell** /sel/ noun **1**. a small room in a building such as a prison or monastery \circ *He was arrested in the centre of town and spent the night in the police cells.* **2**. the basic unit of a living thing \circ *You can see the cancer cells under a microscope.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **sell**.)

(3) **cellar** /'selə/ *noun* an underground room, or rooms under a house (NOTE: Do not confuse with **seller**.)

cello /'t $\int el_{\partial U}$ (*plural* **cellos**) *noun* a large stringed musical instrument smaller than a double bass (NOTE: + **cellist** *n*)

cellular /'seljulə/ *adj* **1**. relating to the cells of an organism **2**. relating to mobile phones

cellular phone /,seljulə 'fəun/ noun a mobile phone that works from a series of radio stations all over the country

cellulite /'seljolart/ *noun* deposits of fat under the skin, especially in the thighs and buttocks

celluloid /'seljuloɪd/ noun the thin plastic film which was used in the past for making films

(3) **Celsius** /'selsiəs/ noun a scale of temperature where the freezing point of water is 0° and the boiling point is $100^{\circ} \circ The$ temperature outside is only $6^{\circ}C$ (say 'six

degrees Celsius'). \circ What is 75° Fahrenheit in Celsius? (NOTE: used in many countries, but not in the USA, where the Fahrenheit system is still preferred. It is usually written as a **C** after the degree sign: $32^{\circ}C$ (say: 'thirty-two degrees Celsius'). It was formerly called **centigrade**.)

Celt /kelt/ noun one of an ancient people who lived in parts of Western Europe, e.g. in Scotland, Ireland, Wales and Brittany

Celtic /'kelt1k/ *adj* referring to ancient or modern Celts

cement /s1'ment/ noun grey powder used in building, which is mixed with water and dries hard \circ *He was mixing cement to make a path round the house.*

(3) **Cemetery** /'semət(ə)ri/ (*plural* **cemeteries**) *noun* an area of ground where the bodies of dead people are buried

Censor /'sensə/ (**censors, censoring, censored**) verb to read books or plays, to watch films, videos or TV programmes to see if they are fit to be published or shown, or to change them, or to say that they cannot be shown or published \circ *The film was censored before being shown on TV.* \circ *He was accused of censoring the article.* (NOTE: + **censor** n)

censorship /'sensəJip/ *noun* the action to prevent books or newspapers from being published or remove parts of them

Censure /'sen $\int \partial$ / (censures, censuring, censured) vorb to criticise severely (formal) \circ The Opposition put forward a motion to censure the Government. \circ The borough architect was censured for failing to consult the engineers. (NOTE: + censure n)

census /'sensəs/ (*plural* **censuses**) *noun* an official count of a country's population

① **cent** /sent/ noun US a small coin of which there are 100 in a dollar ◦ The stores are only a 25-cent bus ride away. ◦ They sell oranges at 99 cents each. (NOTE: Do not confuse with sent, scent. Cent is usually written c in prices: 25c, but not when a dollar price is mentioned: \$1.25.)

centenary /sen'ti:nəri/ noun a hundredth anniversary

centennial /sen'teniəl/ adj referring to a centenary \circ Our college is getting ready for the centennial celebrations next month.

center /'sentə/ noun, verb US spelling of centre

centilitre /'sentili:tə/ *noun* a unit of volume equal to one hundredth of a litre (NOTE: The US spelling is **centiliter**.)

(3) **Centimetre** /'sentImi:tə/ noun a measure of length equal to one hundredth of a metre (NOTE: The US spelling is **centimeter**.)

centipede /'sentipitd/ noun an insect with a large number of legs

() **Central** /'sentral/ adj **1**. in the middle of something \circ *The hall has one central pillar* **2**. conveniently placed for shops and other facilities \circ *His offices are very central*.

central government /,sentrəl 'gAv(ə)nmənt/ *noun* the main government of a country, as opposed to local government

central heating /,sentrəl 'hi:t1ŋ/ noun a system of providing heating for a whole house from one main heater and radiators in the various rooms

centralise /'sentrəlaız/ (centralises, centralising, centralised), centralize verb to organise from a central point

central nervous system /,sentrəl 'n3:vəs ,sistəm/ *noun* the brain and the spinal cord which link together all the nerves

(1) **Centre** /'sent ə/ noun 1. the middle of something ○ chocolates with coffee cream centres ○ They planted a rose bush in the centre of the lawn. ○ The town centre is very old. 2. a large building containing several different sections ○ an army training centre 3. an important place for something [-for] ○ the regional centre for management training ■ verb (centres, centring, centred) to put something in the middle ○ Make sure you centre the title on the page. (NOTE: The US spelling is center.)

centre around, centre round, centre on, centre upon verb to concentrate on something or someone \circ Our report centres on some aspects of the sales team.

centrepiece /'sentə,pi:s/ noun 1. the main part of a decoration on a table \circ A bowl of fruit will be fine as a centrepiece on the dining table. 2. the main part of a policy \circ The project is the centrepiece of the government's policy on pensions. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **centerpiece**.)

① **century** /'sent $\int \operatorname{sent} / (plural centuries)$ noun one hundred years (NOTE: The number of a century is always one more than the date number, so the period from 1900 to 1999 is the 20th century, and the period starting in the year 2000 is the 21st century.)

CEO *abbr* chief executive officer

ceramic /sə'ræmɪk/ *adj* made from clay which has been baked at a high temperature

ceramics $/s \vartheta' r # Iks/$ noun the art of making objects such as cups or plates from $clay \circ She$ is taking a course in ceramics at the local art college.

③ **cereal** /'sıəriəl/ noun **1**. a food made from wheat or similar plants and eaten for breakfast \circ *How much milk do you want on your cereal*? (NOTE: Do not confuse with **serial**.) **2**. a grain crop such as wheat or corm

cerebral palsy /,serəbrəl 'pɔ:lzi/ *noun* a medical condition of the brain that makes it difficult to control speech and movements of the body

ceremonial /,seri'məuniəl/ adj referring to a ceremony \circ A guard of naval officers carrying their ceremonial swords. \circ The ceremonial coach is used in the Lord Mayor's Parade. \bullet noun a way of performing a ceremony \circ The ceremonial for the burial of the dead is laid out in the prayer book.

Ceremony /'seriməni/ noun an important official occasion when something special is done in public \circ *They held a ceremony to remember the victims of the train crash.* \diamond **to stand on ceremony** to be formal and not relaxed \circ *Don't stand on ceremony.* \diamond **without ceremony** in an informal and often impolite way

① **Certain** /'s3:t(\ni)n/ adj 1. sure about something \circ Are you certain that you locked the door? \circ I'm not certain where she lives. 2. definitely going to happen \circ Our team is certain to win the prize. 3. some \circ There are certain things I feel I need to say to you. \circ Certain plants can make you ill if you eat them. \diamond to make certain that to do something in order that something else will definitely happen \circ He put the money in his safe to make certain that no one could steal it.

① **Certainly** /'s3:t(\ni)nli/ adv 1. (after a question or order) of course \circ Can you give me a lift to the station? – Certainly. \circ Tell him to write to me immediately. – Certainly, sir. \circ Give me a kiss. – Certainly not! 2. definitely \circ She certainly impressed the judges. \circ He certainly knows how to score goals.

③ **certainty** /'s3:t(\Rightarrow)nti/ (plural certainties) noun 1. being certain \circ I can't tell who won with any certainty – it was a photo-finish. \circ There is no certainty that the weather will stay fine for the whole of next week. 2. a sure or certain thing \circ Fine weather in November is not an absolute certainty.

③ **certificate** /sə'tɪfɪkət/ noun an official document which proves or shows something \circ *She has been awarded a certificate for swimming.* \circ *He has a certificate of aptitude in English.*

certify /'s3:t1fai/ (**certifies**, **certifying**, **certified**) verb **1**. to make an official statement in writing \circ The document is certified as a true copy. \circ He was certified dead on arrival at hospital. **2**. to send a patient to a mental hospital (old) \circ His parents had him certified.

cervical /'s3:v1k(\ni)!/ adj 1. referring to the neck \circ *The bones in the neck are the seven cervical vertebrae.* 2. referring to the cervix of the womb \circ *What can be done to prevent cervical cancer?* \circ *In your case, you should have a cervical smear test every year.*

Cervix /'s3:v1ks/ (plural cervixes or cervices) noun the neck of the womb, the narrow lower part of the uterus leading into the vagina \circ Cancer of the cervix may not show any symptoms for a very long time.

cessation /se'sei $\int(a)n/noun$ the process of stopping

CFC *abbr* chlorofluorocarbon, a compound of fluorine and chlorine \circ *CFCs contribute to the destruction of the ozone layer.* \circ *When CFCs are released into the atmosphere, they rise slowly taking about seven years to reach the stratosphere.*

chafe $/t \int e_1 f/$ (chafes, chafing, chafed) *verb* to rub something and make it sore

(2) **chain** /t fein/ noun 1. a series of metal rings joined together \circ *She wore a gold chain round her neck.* \circ *He stopped when the chain came off his bike.* 2. a series of businesses such as shops, restaurants or hotels which belong to the same company \circ *a chain of shoe shops* \circ *a chain of hotels* or *a hotel chain* \blacksquare *verb* (chains, chaining, chained) to attach with a chain \circ *I chained my bike to the lamppost.*

chain reaction /,t fern ri'ækfon/ noun a series of reactions which follow on from an event

chain store /'tfein sto:/ noun one of a series of shops owned by the same company

① **chair** /t $\int e_0 / noun \mathbf{1}$. a piece of furniture with a back, which you can sit on $\mathbf{2}$. the person who is in charge of a meeting \circ *Please address all your comments to the chair*. = **in the chair** the position of controlling what happens at a meeting $\circ Mrs$ Smith was in the chair for our first meeting. \Box to take the chair to be the person controlling a meeting \circ Mr Jones usually takes the chair at the monthly finance meeting. \blacksquare verb (chairs, chairing, chaired) to be the person controlling what happens at a meeting \circ The meeting was chaired by Mrs Smith.

() **chairman** /'tʃeəmən/ (plural chair**men**) noun the person who controls what happens at a meeting \circ Mrs Jones was the chairman at the meeting. (NOTE: Many people prefer to say chair or chairperson because chairman suggests that the person is a man.)

chairmanship /'tʃeəmənʃɪp/ *noun* the position of being a chairman

chairperson /'tʃeəp3:s(ə)n/ (*plural* **chairpersons**) *noun* the person who controls what happens at a meeting

chairwoman /'t∫eəwomən/ (*plural* **chairwomen**) *noun* a woman who controls what happens at a meeting

chalet /' JæleI/ *noun* a small house, usually made of wood, often one where people stay for a holiday

chalk /t $\int 3 k$ / noun **1**. a type of soft white rock **2**. a stick of a hard white or coloured substance used for writing on a board, e.g. in a classroom \circ *He wrote the dates on the board in coloured chalk.*

chalk up *phrasal verb* to achieve a score or a victory

chalkboard /'tʃɔːkbɔːd/ *noun* a dark board which you can write on with chalk, especially on the wall of a classroom

chalky /'tʃɔːki/ adj like chalk in colour or feel, or containing chalk

(2) challenge /'t∫ælındʒ/ noun 1. a difficult test of someone's skill or strength [~for/~to] \circ It's a difficult job, but I enjoy the challenge. \circ The race will be quite a challenge for me. \circ The strike is another challenge to the authority of the govern*ment.* \square to pose or present a challenge to someone to be extremely difficult to do \circ Getting the piano up the stairs will pose a challenge to the helpers. 2. an attempt to win a fight or competition \circ *a challenge for* the world title 3. an action that shows there are doubts about the truth, accuracy or legality of something [~to/over] o a challenge over her claim on the property **u** verb (challenges, challenging, challenged) 1. to issue an invitation to a contest 2. to ask someone to prove that they are right o When challenged, he admitted that he had seen her get into a car. \circ The committee's conclusions have been challenged by other experts. \diamond to take up the challenge 1. to accept an invitation to take part in a contest \circ Our team took up the challenge to play another game. 2. to decide to prove that you are right about something or able to do something difficult \circ She decided to take up the challenge of being the first woman to complete the course.

challenged /'t f almd3d/ adj 1. unable to do a particular activity easily, especially because of physical or mental disadvantages 2. not having a particular quality (humorous) o a scientifically challenged (=not accurate according to science) account of the new cancer treatment

challenging /'tʃælɪndʒɪŋ/ adj 1. difficult to do or achieve but giving a feeling of satisfaction \circ a challenging job 2. refusing to accept someone's authority or the usual way of doing something \circ challenging behaviour

③ **chamber** /'tfembə/ noun 1. an official room 2. an empty space inside the heart \circ Blood collects inside the chambers of the heart and is then pumped out. 3. a space in a part of a machine, especially one of the spaces for bullets in a gun

chambermaid /'tfeImbəmeId/ noun a woman who cleans bedrooms in a hotel

chamber music /'tʃeɪmbə ,mju:zɪk/ *noun* music for a few instruments which can be played in a small room

champ /t∫æmp/ noun the winner of a competition, especially in sport (*informal*) ○ *He's the champ*!

② champion /'t ʃæmpiən/ noun 1. the best one in a particular competition [~in] \circ a champion swimmer \circ He's the world champion in the 100 metres. 2. a person who strongly supports something or someone \circ a champion of free city centre transport **u** verb (champions, championing, championed) to support something or someone strongly \circ They have been championing or championing the cause of children's rights for many years.

(2) **championship** /'t $\int x mpi \sin \int Ip / noun$ a contest to find who is the champion \circ *The tennis* championship was won by a boy from Leeds.

① **chance** /t $\int \alpha$:ns/ noun 1. a possibility [~(that)] \circ There is little chance of rain in August. \circ Is there a chance that we'll get home before 10 p.m.? \Box a chance of doing

chancellor

something a possibility of doing something o Has our team any chance of winning? – Yes, I think they have a good chance. 2. an opportunity [~for] \circ Will there be a chance for a serious talk with her this week?
a or the chance to do something an opportunity to do something $\circ I$ wish I'd had the chance to visit South Africa. 3. luck or accident [~(that)] o The satisfactory outcome owed more to chance than to good planning. \circ It was pure chance that we met at the station. \diamond by chance in a way that was not planned or expected o It was quite by chance that we were travelling on the same bus. \diamond by any chance perhaps \circ Have you by any chance seen my glasses?

(3) **chancellor** $I't \int \alpha:ns(3) |3|$ noun **1**. an important official \circ *He became chancellor of the university last year.* **2**. (in Germany or Austria) the head of the government, equivalent to Prime Minister

③ Chancellor of the Exchequer /,tfg:nsələrəv ði: iks'tfekə/, Chancellor noun the chief finance minister in the British government (NOTE: In most countries, this is called the Minister of Finance; the American equivalent is the Secretary of the Treasury.)

chandelier /, fændə'lıə/ *noun* a light fitting which hangs from the ceiling, with several branches for holding electric bulbs

() change /tfeindz/ verb (changes, changing, changed) 1. to become different, or make something different [~into] o She's changed so much since I last saw her that I hardly recognised her. o He's changed into a successful executive since I last saw him. \circ Living in the country has changed their attitude towards towns. \Box to change your mind to have a different opinion about something \circ *I've changed* my mind about taking the job. \circ You'll change your mind about the charity when you read this article. 2. to put on different clothes [~into/out of] o I'm just going upstairs to change or to get changed. \circ We all changed into our sports gear. 3. to use or have something in place of something else [~for] \circ She's recently changed her job or changed jobs. \circ Can we change our room for one with a view of the sea? 4. to give one country's money for another [~into/out of] \circ We want to change some traveller's cheques. 0 I had to change £1,000 into dol*lars.* **noun 1.** an occasion on which something is changed o There was a sudden change of plan. • We've seen a lot of changes over the years. 2. something different \circ A glass of water is a nice change after all that coffee. We usually go on holiday in summer, but this year we're taking a winter holiday for a change. \circ A change of scenery will do you good. **3.** money in coins \circ I need some change for the parking meter. \circ Have you got change for a £5 note? **4.** money which you get back when you have given more than the correct price \circ It cost £3.50, so that's £1.50 change from £5. \circ The shopkeeper gave me the wrong change. \diamond **a change of clothes** a set of clean clothes

change down *phrasal verb* to move to a lower gear when driving a car

change over phrasal verb **1**. to exchange places, positions, or roles **2**. (*in sports such as football*) to move to opposite ends of a playing field, usually halfway through a match

change up *phrasal verb* to move to a higher gear when driving a car

changeover /'t \int eInd₃, \exists ov \exists / noun **1**. a change from one thing to another [-from/~to] \circ *The changeover from the old system to the new one takes place at midnight*. **2**. (*in sports such as football*) the movement of teams to opposite ends of a playing field **3**. the passing of a baton in a relay race

changing room /'t feind3in ru:m/ noun a room in a public place where you can change into or out of clothes

(2) **channel** /'t $\int an(a) l/noun 1$. a frequency band for radio or TV or a station using this band \circ *Shall we watch the new show on the other channel?* \circ *We're watching Channel 4.* **2.** a way in which information or goods are passed from one place to another \circ *The request will have to be processed through the normal channels.* **3.** a narrow passage along which water can flow **4.** a piece of water connecting two seas \circ *the English Channel* **a** *verb* (**channels, channelling, channelled**) to send something in a particular direction [~into] \circ *They are channelling their funds into research.*

chant /t∫ɑ:nt/ (**chants**, **chanting**, **chanted**) *verb* to sing or shout to a regular beat ○ *The crowds chanted anti-government slogans*. (NOTE: + **chant** *n*)

chaos /'keids/ noun a state of confusion • There was total chaos when the electricity failed.

chaotic /kei'btik/ *adj* confused, without order

(3) **chap** $/t \int xp / noun a man (informal) <math>\circ$ *He's a really nice chap.* \circ *I bought it from a chap at work.*

chapel $/'t \int \exp(\mathfrak{s}) l / \operatorname{noun} \mathbf{1}$. a room used as a church, e.g. in a hospital or airport **2**. a part of a large church

chaplain /'tfæplin/ *noun* a priest attached to a private individual, to a prison or to one of the armed services

() Chapter $/'t \int xpt \partial / noun a division of a book <math>\circ$ *The first chapter is rather slow, but after that the story gets exciting.* \circ *Don't tell me how it finishes – I'm only up to chapter three.*

(1) **character** /'kæriktə/ noun 1. the part of a person which makes them behave differently from all others \circ *He has a strong*, determined character.
a strong character a person with special qualities such as determination or the ability to influence others **2**. a person in a play or novel \circ *The* main character in the film is a woman with a fascinating history. **3.** a set of features that make something different from other similar things **4.** an attractive quality \circ *The* old house was full of character. 5. a letter or symbol used in writing or printing \circ *The* book is printed in Chinese characters. 6. a person with particular qualities \circ He's an or a real character an interesting and unusual person \circ My first head teacher was quite a character.

characterisation /,kærɪktəraɪ 'zeɪ∫(ə)n/, **characterization** *noun* an indication of character

(3) **characterise** /'kærıktəraız/ (**charac**terises, **characterising**, **characterised**), **characterize** verb 1. to be a typical feature of something ○ *The northern coast is char*acterised by tall cliffs and tiny beaches. 2. to describe someone or something as a particular type of person or thing ○ *He didn't like to be characterised as weak and inefficient*.

(2) **characteristic** /,kærıktə'rıstık/ adj typical ○ You can recognise her by her characteristic way of walking. ○ The shape is characteristic of this type of flower. (NOTE: something is characteristic of something) ■ noun a typical feature ○ The two cars have very similar characteristics.

charade $/\int \vartheta' \operatorname{ra:d} / \operatorname{noun} a$ situation which has no meaning or which is simply a pretence \circ Can you make any sense of this charade? \circ Why bother with this charade of consultation when we know that a decision has already been taken? **charcoal** /'t $\int \alpha$:k \neg ol/ *noun* a black fuel formed from wood which has been burnt slowly, used for barbecues and grills \circ *We need a bag of charcoal for the barbecue.*

(1) **charge** /t \ardz/ noun 1. money which you have to pay for something [~for] o There is no charge for delivery. \circ We make a small charge for rental. 2. a statement that someone has done something bad or wrong [~that] \circ I completely reject the charge that I had these facts before I made the decision. 3. a claim by the police that someone has done something wrong \circ *He* was in prison on a charge of trying to shoot a neighbour. 4. a sudden rush towards someone or something, especially as part of an attack o The police stood firm against the charge of the crowd. 5. an electric current \circ *He was killed by an electric charge* from the wires. • verb (charges, charging, charged) 1. to ask someone to pay [~for] o The restaurant charged me £10 for two cups of coffee. \circ How much did the garage charge for mending the car? 2. (of the police) to say that someone has done something wrong [~with] \circ She was charged with stealing the jewels. 3. to attack someone while running \circ *The police charged the ri*oters. 4. to run quickly and without care [~into/around etc] o The children charged *into the kitchen*. **5.** to give someone responsibility [~with] \circ She was charged with the organisation of the society's conference. 6. to put electricity into a battery o You can charge your phone battery overnight. \diamond in charge of something in control of something \circ Who's in charge here? \circ He is in charge of the sales department. \diamond to take charge of something to start to be responsible for something \circ She took charge of the class while the teacher was out of the room.

charge card /'tʃɑ:dʒ kɑ:d/ *noun* a plastic card which you can use to buy things from a particular shop, and pay for them at a later date

charisma /kə'rızmə/ noun personal appeal

charitable $/t\int \text{errt}\partial b(\partial) l/adj$ **1.** referring to a charity \circ *She was famous for her charitable work.* **2.** understanding, or less critical \circ *Commuters ought to be more charitable towards railway staff – they're only doing their best.*

(2) **charity** /'t $\int xriti / noun$ an organisation which collects money to help the poor or to support some cause \circ a medical charity

charity shop

charity shop /'tʃærɪti ʃɒp/ *noun* a shop run by a charity where you can take things such as old clothes and ornaments, which are then sold and the money given to the charity

charm /t Joim/ noun 1. attractiveness \circ the charm of the Devon countryside \circ She has great personal charm. 2. an object which is supposed to have magical powers \circ She wears a lucky charm round her neck. • verb (charms, charming, charmed) 1. to attract someone, or to make someone pleased \circ He always manages to charm someone into helping him. \circ I was charmed by the village and surrounding area. 2. to use magic on someone or something \circ The fairy charmed the trees to grow golden fruit.

③ charming /'t∫ɑːmıŋ/ adj attractive

③ **chart** /tfort/ noun 1. a map of the sea, a river or a lake \circ You will need an accurate chart of the entrance to the river. 2. a diagram showing statistics \circ A chart showing the increase in cases of lung cancer. \blacksquare verb (charts, charting, charted) 1. to make a map of the sea, a river or lake \circ He charted the coast of southern Australia in the 18th century. 2. to describe or make a diagram of something to show information \circ The book charts the rise of the new political party.

(3) **charter** /'tʃɑ:tə/ noun a legal document giving rights or privileges to a public organisation, a group of people, or a town \circ the United Nations charter \circ a shoppers' charter \circ The university received its charter in 1846. • verb (charters, chartering, chartered) to hire an aircraft, bus or boat for a particular trip \circ We chartered a boat for a day trip to the island.

chartered accountant / tfortəd ə 'kaontənt/ noun a qualified accountant

charter flight /'tʃɑːtə flaɪt/ noun a flight in an aircraft which has been hired by the airline for a special occasion

③ **chase** /tfeis/ verb (chases, chasing, chased) 1. to go after someone in order to try to catch him or her \circ *The postman was chased by a dog.* \circ *They chased the burglars down the street.* 2. to find out how work is progressing in order to try to speed it up \circ *We are trying to chase the accounts department for your cheque.* \blacksquare *noun* an occasion on which you run after someone to try to catch them \circ *He was caught after a three-hour chase along the motorway.* \square to give chase to run after someone in order to try to give chase to run after someone in order to give chase to run after someone in order to give chase to run after someone in order to give chase to run after someone in order to give chase to run after someone in order to to give chase to run after someone in order to the source of the source of

try to catch him or her \circ *The robbers escaped and the police gave chase.*

chase up phrasal verb to find out how work is progressing in order to try to speed it up \circ *l'll chase it up for you on Monday.*

chasm /'kæz(\ni)m/ noun **1**. a very big difference of opinion [~between] \circ How can we bridge the chasm between the two sides in the dispute? **2**. a very big crack in the ground \circ The mountaineers were forced to turn back when they reached a chasm in the glacier.

Chassis /' $\int asi$ / *noun* the metal framework of a vehicle, usually including the wheels and engine \circ *The car's chassis was damaged in the accident.*

(2) **chat** $/t \int at / noun an informal, friendly talk [-with/~about] <math>\circ I'd$ like to have a chat with you about your work.

chat room /'tʃæt ruːm/ noun a facility exchanging messages by computer in real time

(2) chat show /'tfæt fəu/ noun a TV show where famous people talk to the host Chatter /'tfætə/ (chatters, chattering, chattered) verb 1. also chatter away or chatter on to talk quickly and not seriously [-about] \circ She was chattering about her holiday on the phone, not realising that the boss was standing behind her. 2. (of top and bottom teeth) to knock together quickly and noisily, because of cold or fear (NOTE: + chatter n)

chatty /'t fæti/ adj 1. liking to talk and share information in a friendly way \circ *She's* a very chatty person, always stopping to gossip with anyone she meets. 2. informal \circ *He has a pleasant chatty style, which* goes down well with readers of Saturday papers.

chauffeur /' $\int \operatorname{ouf} \partial / \operatorname{noun} a$ person who is paid to drive a car for someone else \circ *The chauffeur brought the Rolls round to the door.*

chauvinist /' \int ∂ ∂ ∇ I in I is or who has a strong feeling of pride in his or her native country \circ *Chauvinists insist that British cooking is better than French.*

① **cheap** /t Ji:p / adj not costing a lot of money \circ *If you want a cheap radio you ought to shop around.* \circ *Why do you go by bus?* – *Because it's cheaper than the train.* \circ *Buses are by far the cheapest way to travel.* **a** *dv* at a low price \circ *I bought them cheap in the local market.*

(2) **cheaply** $/t \int i pli / a dv$ **1**. without spending much money \circ *cheaply made fur-*

niture \circ You can live quite cheaply if you don't go out to eat in restaurants. **2.** at a low price \circ They were selling the last few bottles cheaply.

③ **cheat** /t fit:/ verb (cheats, cheating, cheated) to act unfairly in order to be successful \circ They are sure he cheated in his exam, but can't find out how he did it. \blacksquare noun a person who acts unfairly in order to win \circ I won't play cards with him again, he's a cheat.

(1) **check** $/t \int ek / noun 1$. an examination or test [~for/~on] \circ a routine check of the fire equipment \circ The police are carrying out checks for hidden passengers on all lorries arriving at the port. 2. US (in a restaurant) a bill \circ I'll ask for the check. \blacksquare verb (checks, checking, checked) 1. to make sure [~that/~if/whether/~with] \circ Will you go and check that or if I locked the door, please. \circ I'd better check with the office before I make a firm decision. 2. to examine something to see if it is satisfactory [~through/~for/~if/whether/~that] You 0 must have your car checked regularly. 0 Would you just check quickly through this report for any obvious mistakes. \circ I The children were very quiet so I went to check that nothing or if anything was wrong. \diamond in **check** under control \circ We must keep our spending in check.

check in, check into *phrasal verb* **1.** (*at a hotel*) to arrive at a hotel and sign for a room \circ *He checked in at 12.15.* \circ *We checked into our hotel and then went on a tour of the town.* **2.** (*at an airport*) to give in your ticket to show you are ready to take the flight \circ *Please check in two hours before your departure time.*

check out phrasal verb **1**. (at a hotel) to leave and pay for a room \circ We'd better check out before breakfast. **2**. to take luggage out of safe keeping \circ The ticket shows that he checked out his bag at 9.15. **3**. to see if something is all right \circ I thought I heard a noise in the kitchen – I'll just go and check it out.

check up on *phrasal verb* to make sure that something has been done correctly

checked /t fekt/ adj with a pattern of small squares

checkers /'tʃekəz/ *noun US* a game for two people played on a board with black and white squares and round pieces (NOTE: The British term is **draughts**.)

(2) **Check-in** $/t \int ek$ In/ noun **1.** also **check-in desk** a place where passengers give in their tickets and bags for a flight \circ

Where's the check-in? **2.** the procedure of dealing with passengers before a flight \circ Check-in starts at 4.30pm.

checklist /'t feklist/ *noun* a list of things which have to be done or dealt with before something can be done

(2) **checkout** /'t∫ekaut/ noun (in a supermarket) a cash desk in a supermarket where you pay for the goods you have bought ○ *There were huge queues at the checkouts.*

checkpoint/'tʃekpoint/ *noun* a place on a road where the police or army check cars and people passing

(2) **Checkup** $/'t \int ek \Lambda p/noun 1$. a test to see if someone is fit \circ *He had a heart checkup last week.* 2. a general examination of a machine \circ *I'm taking the car to the garage for its six-monthly checkup.*

Cheddar /'tʃedə/ noun a smooth hard light yellow cheese, originally from a village of this name in the west of England

(2) **Cheek** /t fi:k/ noun 1. the part of the face on each side of the nose and below the eye \circ a baby with red cheeks 2. rudeness \circ He had the cheek to ask for more money. \circ I didn't like his cheek. (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

cheekbone /^tfji:kbəun/ *noun* a bone just below the eye which forms the prominent part of the cheek

cheekily /'t firkıli/ adv in a rude way

cheeky /'t∫iːki/ (**cheekier**, **cheekiest**) *adj* rude

(3) **Cheer** $/t \int I \partial / noun$ a shout of praise or encouragement \circ *When he scored the goal a great cheer went up.*

cheer up (3) *phrasal verb* to become happier, or make someone happier $\circ I'm$ sure *I'll cheer up once the treatment is over*. \circ *She made him a meal to try to cheer him up*. \diamond **cheer up!** stop being unhappy \circ *Cheer up! tr'll all be over tomorrow.*

(2) **cheerful** $/t \int I \circ f(\circ) l/adj$ **1**. happy **2**. pleasant \circ *a cheerful smile* \circ *a bright cheerful room*

cheerleader /'tʃɪəliɪdə/ *noun* a person who directs the cheering of a crowd

cheers /'tʃɪəz/ interj (when drinking) **1**. thank you! **2**. good health! \circ *They all lifted their glasses and said* 'cheers!'.

② **cheese** /t ∫irz/ noun a solid food made from milk ∘ She ordered a cheese omelette and chips. ∘ At the end of the meal we'll have cheese and biscuits. ∘ **'say cheese!'** used when asking people to smile when their photo is being taken (*informal*) ∘ The photographer got us all in a line and then told us to 'say cheese!'.

cheeseburger /'tʃi:zb3:gə/ noun a hamburger with melted cheese on top

cheesecake /¹t ji:zke1k/ noun a tart with a sweet pastry base and cooked cream cheese on top, often covered with fruit

cheesy /'t ji:zi/ adj cheap and without style

cheetah /'t \int irt ∂ / noun an animal like a small leopard, with black spots on pale fur, which can run faster than any other animal (3) **chef** / [ef/ noun a cook in a restaurant

③ **Chemical** /'kem1k(a)!/ noun a substance which is formed by reactions between chemicals ○ rows of glass bottles containing chemicals ○ Chemicals are widely used in agriculture. ■ adj relating to chemistry ○ If you add acid it sets off a chemical reaction.

③ chemist /'kemist/ noun 1. a person who prepares and sells medicines o Ask the chemist to give you something for indigestion. 2. a scientist who studies chemical substances o She works as a chemist in a nuclear laboratory.

③ **chemistry** / kemistri/ noun the science of chemical substances and their reactions \circ *She's studying chemistry at university*. \circ *He passed his chemistry exam.*

chemotherapy /,ki:məu'θerəpi/, **chemo** noun the process of using chemical drugs to fight a disease, especially using toxic chemicals to destroy rapidly developing cancer cells

() **Cheque** $/t \int ek/noun$ a form asking a bank to pay money from one account to another [~for] \circ *I paid for the jacket by cheque*. \circ *He made out a cheque for £100 to Mr Smith.*

② **chequebook**/'t∫ekbok/ *noun* a set of blank cheques attached together in a cover (NOTE: The US spelling is **checkbook**.)

cheque card $/'t \int ek k \alpha d/$, **cheque guarantee card** *noun* a plastic bank card that guarantees that a cheque will be paid by the bank

chequered /'t $\int e^{3/4} dj = 1$ laid out in a pattern of squares **2**. varied, with good and bad parts \circ *She had a chequered career in the police force.*

cherish /'t $\int eri f$ / (**cherishes**, **cherishing**, **cherished**) verb **1**. to love \circ The two people he cherished most died during the year. \circ She cherished the old ring given to her by her grandmother. **2**. to cling onto a hope \circ She still cherishes the hope of living in a warmer country. (3) **cherry** /'t∫eri/ (*plural* **cherries**) *noun* a small sweet red or black fruit with a single hard seed in the middle, which grows on a tree

cherub /'tʃerəb/ *noun* a child who looks like an angel

(3) **chess** $/t \int es/noun$ a game for two people played on a board with sixteen different-shaped pieces on each side (NOTE: no plural)

chessman /'tʃesmæn/ (*plural* **chessmen**), **chesspiece** *noun* a piece used in the game of chess

(2) **chest** /t ∫est/ noun 1. the top front part of the body, where the heart and lungs are ○ If you have pains in your chest or if you have chest pains, you ought to see a doctor. ○ The doctor listened to the patient's chest. ○ She was rushed to hospital with chest wounds. 2. a measurement around the top part of the body just under the arms ○ What's his chest size or measurement? ○ He has a 48-inch chest. 3. a piece of furniture, like a large box ○ He keeps his old clothes in a chest under the bed. ◇ to get something off your chest to speak honestly about a problem

chestnut /'tfesnAt/ noun 1. • horse chestnut, sweet chestnut (trees) 2. the wood from a chestnut tree \circ a chestnut table 3. a red-brown colour \circ She has beautiful long chestnut hair. 4. an old joke \circ His speech was just a series of not very amusing old chestnuts.

chew /t \int u:/ (chews, chewing, chewed) *verb* to use your teeth to make something soft, usually so that you can swallow it [-on] \circ *You must chew your meat well, or you will get pains in your stomach.* \circ *The dog was lying in front of the fire chewing on a bone.*

chew up *phrasal verb* to ruin something by chewing it a lot

(2) **chewing gum** /'tʃuːɪŋ gʌm/ noun a sweet substance which you chew but do not swallow

chewy /'t ∫uːi/ *adj* which must be chewed for a long time before being swallowed

chic $/\int i:k/adj$ elegant and fashionable \circ *It's very chic these days to have an all white sports car.* \circ *We took our visitors to a very chic restaurant in Mayfair.*

chick /t $\int Ik$ / noun a baby bird, especially a baby hen

(2) **chicken** /'t $\int IkIn/$ noun **1**. a bird kept for its eggs and meat \circ *Chickens were run*ning everywhere in the farmyard. **2**. meat from a chicken \circ *We* 're having roast chicken for lunch. ○ Would you like another slice of chicken? ○ We bought some chicken sandwiches for lunch. (NOTE: no plural: some chicken; a piece of chicken; a slice of chicken)

chicken out *phrasal verb* to decide not to do something because you are scared (*slang*)

chickpea /'tʃɪkpiː/ *noun* a round, pale yellow seed that can be cooked and eaten

(a) **chief** /t firf/ adj most important \circ He's the chief planner in the local authority. \circ What is the chief cause of air accidents? noun 1. the person in control of a group of people or a business \circ He's been made the new chief of our department. \circ The fire chief warned that the building was dangerous. 2. the leader of a specific group of people who share a culture and social system \circ All the chiefs came together at a meeting.

Chief Executive /,tji:f 1g'zekjut1v/ noun the main director who runs a company

chiefly /'t $\int i:fli/adv$ mainly \circ *The town is famous chiefly for its cathedral.*

chieftain /'t∫i:ftən/ *noun* the leader of a tribe

chiffon /'ʃɪfɒn/ *noun* a type of very thin light silk material

① **child** /t∫aɪld/ (plural **children**) noun **1**. a young boy or girl ○ There was no TV when my mother was a child. ○ A group of children were playing on the beach. **2**. a son or daughter ○ Whose child is that? ○ They have six children – two boys and four girls. ○ We have two adult children.

child abuse /'tʃaɪld ə,bjuɪs/ *noun* bad treatment of a child by an adult

childbirth /'t ʃaɪldbɜːθ/ *noun* the act of giving birth to a child

childcare /'t faildkeə/ *noun* the care of young children

③ **childhood** /'tʃaɪldhud/ *noun* the time when someone is a child

childish /'t∫aɪldı∫/ *adj* **1.** silly or foolish **2.** like a child

childlike /'tʃaɪldlaɪk/ *adj* innocent like a child

childminder /'tʃaɪldmaɪndə/ *noun* a person who looks after children in their own home while the parents are working

childproof /'t∫aɪldpruːf/ *adj* difficult for a child to open or operate

children /'tʃıldrən/ plural of child

child support /'tfaild sə.port/ noun a sum of money paid by a divorced person to

maintain the normal standard of living of his or her children

③ Chill /t∫1l/ noun 1. a short illness causing a feeling of being cold and shivering ○ You'll catch a chill if you don't wear a coat.
2. coldness ○ The sun came up and soon cleared away the morning chill.
3. an atmosphere of gloom ○ The death of the bride's father cast a chill over the wedding.
verb (chills, chilling, chilled) 1. to cool 2. also chill out to relax and be calm (informal)

chill out phrasal verb to relax

chilli /'t $\int Ili$ / noun a dried seed pod of a type of pepper plant, used to make hot sauces (NOTE: The US spelling is **chili**.)

chilling /'tʃılıŋ/ adj frightening

chilly /'t∫ɪli/ (**chillier, chilliest**) *adj* quite cold

chime /t∫aɪm/ noun the ringing of bells ○ The chimes of Big Ben start the BBC News. ■ verb (chimes, chiming, chimed) (of bells, doorbells or clocks) to ring ○ The church clock has just chimed four.

chimney /'tʃɪmni/ *noun* a tall brick tube for taking smoke away from a fire

chimpanzee /t∫impæn'zii/, **chimp** *noun* a type of African ape

(2) **chin** $/t \int In/$ noun the front part of the bottom jaw \circ *She suddenly stood up and hit him on the chin.*

china /'tʃaɪnə/ *noun* things such as cups and plates made of decorated fine white clay (NOTE: no plural)

chink /t $\int i\eta k$ / noun **1**. a very small hole or crack \circ *Even a tiny chink in the curtains will let light into the darkroom.* **2**. a little noise of pieces of something hard hitting each other \circ *the chink of glasses on the waiter's tray*

chinos /'t ji:nəuz/ plural noun smart but casual thick cotton trousers

(2) **chip** /t [1p/ noun 1. a long thin piece of potato fried in oil o He ordered chicken and chips. \Box fish and chips a traditional British food, obtained from special shops, where portions of fish fried in batter are sold with chips o We're having fish and *chips for dinner.* **2.** US a thin slice of potato or other food, fried till crisp and eaten cold as a snack \circ a packet of potato or corn chips 3. a small piece of something hard, such as wood or stone \circ *Chips of wood flew* all over the studio as he was carving the statue. 4. a small piece of silicon able to store data, used in a computer. Same as silicon chip verb (chips, chipping, chipped) to break a small piece off some-

chipmunk

thing hard \circ He banged the cup down on the plate and chipped it. \diamond to have a chip on your shoulder to feel constantly annoyed because you feel you have lost an advantage \circ He's got a chip on his shoulder because his brother has a better job than he has.

chip in phrasal verb **1**. to contribute \circ We all chipped in for the present. **2**. to interrupt \circ My assistant suddenly chipped in with a comment.

chipmunk /'tʃɪpmʌŋk/ noun a small North American animal, like a little striped squirrel

chiropodist /ki'ropədist/ *noun* a person who specialises in looking after feet

chirp /t $\int 3!p/$ (chirps, chirping, chirped) verb (of birds or grasshoppers) to call \circ The little chicks were chirping in their box. (NOTE: + chirp n)

chirpy /'tʃ3ːpi/ adj bright and cheerful (informal)

chitchat /'tʃittfæt/ noun conversations about things which are not important (*informal*)

chivalry /' JIVəlri/ noun politeness or courtesy

chives $/t \int aivz/ plural noun a herb of which the leaves are used to decorate dishes or in soups or salads (NOTE:$ **chives**has no singular.)

chlorinated /'klorrineitid/ *adj* added to or treated with chlorine

chlorine /'klorri:n/ noun a powerful greenish gas, used to sterilise water and to bleach things

(2) **chocolate** /'t $\int pkl t / noun 1$. a sweet brown food made from the crushed seeds of a tropical tree \circ *a bar of chocolate* \circ *Her mother made a chocolate cake.* **2**. a single sweet made from chocolate \circ *There are only three chocolates left in the box.* \circ *Who's eaten the last chocolate* **3**. a drink made from chocolate powder and milk \circ *I always have a cup of hot chocolate before I go to bed.*

① **Choice** $/t\int \Im / noun 1$. something which is chosen $[-for] \circ Paris was our first$ choice for our holiday. 2. the act of choos $ing something <math>\circ We$ give students plenty of advice on their choice of course. 3. a range of things to choose from $[-between] \circ The$ store has a huge choice of furniture. $\circ He$ gave me a choice between full-time or part-time work. \Box I hadn't any choice, I had no choice there was nothing else I could do \blacksquare adj (choicer, choicest) (of food) specially selected \circ choice meat \circ choice peaches

choir /kwaiə/ *noun* a group of people who sing together \circ *He sings in the church choir.*

choke /tfəʊk/ (chokes. chokina. **choked**) *verb* **1**. to stop breathing properly because something such as a piece of food is blocking the throat [~on] o Don't talk with your mouth full or you'll choke. \circ He choked on a piece of bread or a piece of bread made him choke. 2. to block something such as a pipe [~with] \circ The canal was choked with weeds. 3. to squeeze someone's neck so that they cannot breathe \circ *He* felt the tight collar was choking him. \Box to choke someone to death to squeeze someone's throat until they die 4. to find it hard to speak because of emotion [~with] o Her voice was choked with anger.

choked /t joukt/ *adj* overcome by emotion such as sadness or anger

cholera /'kplərə/ *noun* a serious bacterial disease spread through infected food or water

③ cholesterol /kə'lestərol/ noun a fatty substance found in fats and oils, also produced by the liver and forming an essential part of all cells. Excess amounts can cause blocked arteries.

(1) choose $/t \int uz/$ (chooses, choosing, chose, chosen) verb 1. to decide which of several things you want to have [~between/~from/~out of/~which/where/whether $etc/as] \circ I$ chose a book about sailing. $\circ I$ can't choose between the white one or the yellow one. O There were several good candidates to choose from. \circ The girl was chosen out of the thousands of children who applied. O Have you chosen what you want to eat? \circ They chose him as team leader. \circ You must give customers plenty of time to *choose.* **2.** to decide to do one thing when there are several things you could do \circ In the end, they chose to go to the cinema. choice

choosy /'tʃuːzi/ adj difficult to please (informal)

① **chop** /t $\int \text{op} / noun$ a piece of meat with a bone attached \circ *We had lamb chops for dinner.* • *verb* (**chops, chopping, chopped**) to cut something roughly into small pieces with a knife or other sharp tool \circ *He spent the afternoon chopping wood for the fire.* \diamond to do one thing, then another \circ *He keeps chopping and changing and can't make his mind up.*

chop down) phrasal verb to cut down a

chop off *phrasal verb* to cut something off, e.g. with an axe or knife

chop up(1) *phrasal verb* to cut something into pieces

chopper /'t \int ppə/ noun **1.** an axe, especially one for cutting meat \circ A butcher armed with a chopper was cutting up carcasses. **2.** a helicopter (informal) \circ A chopper landed in the middle of the motorway to pick up the accident victims.

choppy /'t∫opi/ *adj* (of water) quite rough **chopsticks** /'t∫opst1ks/ *noun* a pair of small sticks used in China, Japan, etc., to eat food or to stir food when cooking

choral /'kɔːrəl/ adj referring to a choir

(3) **chord** /kɔːd/ noun 1. several notes played together in harmony \circ *He sat down at the piano and played a few chords*. 2. a line which joins two points on a curve \circ *Draw a chord across this circle*. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **cord**.)

chore /t $\int 2!$ / noun a piece of routine work, e.g. cleaning in a house, that you have to do \circ household chores

choreography /_kkpri'pgrəfi/ noun the art of arranging the steps for a dance (NOTE: + **choreographer** *n*)

(3) **Chorus** /'ko:rəs/ noun 1. a part of a song which is repeated later in the song \circ *I'll sing the verses and everyone can join in the chorus*. 2. a group of people who sing together \circ *All the members of the chorus were on the stage*.

chose /t∫əʊz/ past tense of choose

chosen /'t $\int \partial uz(\partial)n/$ past participle of **choose**

③ **Christ** /kraist/ noun Jesus Christ, the person on whose life and teachings the Christian religion is based ■ *interj* used for showing you are annoyed (*taboo*) ○ *Christ!* It's eight o'clock already and I haven't started cooking dinner.

christen $f'kris(\mathfrak{d})n/$ (**christens, christening, christened**) verb **1.** to give a name to something \circ She was christened the 'Iron Lady' by the press. **2.** to use something for the first time \circ Come and help us christen our new set of champagne glasses.

christening /'krɪs(ə)nɪŋ/ *noun* a ceremony in church where a baby is given a name

(3) **Christian** /'krist $\int =n/adj$ relating to the religion based on the teachings of Jesus Christ \circ There are several Christian churches in the town. \circ She practises all the Christian virtues. \blacksquare noun a person who

believes in the teachings of Jesus Christ and in Christianity

Christianity /,kristi'æniti/ *noun* a religion based on the doctrine preached by Jesus Christ and followed by Christians ever since

③ **Christian name** /'krist∫ən neim/ *noun* the special name given to someone as a child after birth or at their christening

① **Christmas** /'krisməs/, **Christmas Day** noun a Christian festival on December 25th, celebrated as the birthday of Jesus Christ, when presents are given o Have you opened your Christmas presents yet?

Christmas card /'krisməs ka:d/ noun a card which is sent to someone at Christmas

Christmas carol /₁krisməs 'kærəl/ noun a special song sung at Christmas

Christmas Day / krisməs 'dei/ noun December 25th, the day on which Christmas is celebrated

③ **Christmas Eve** /,krisməs 'iiv/ noun the evening of December 24th \circ a Christmas Eve party

Christmas tree /'krisməs tri:/ *noun* a fir tree which is brought into the house at Christmas and decorated with coloured lights and ornaments

chrome /krəum/ noun an alloy of chromium and other metals, used to give a shiny silver surface \circ a 1960s chair with chrome legs and a plastic seat

chromosome /'krəuməsəum/ *noun* a rod-shaped structure in the nucleus of a cell, formed of DNA, which carries the genes

chronic /'kronik/ adj 1. (of illness or pain) serious and continuing for a long time \circ She has chronic bronchitis. \circ Chronic asthma sufferers need to use special drugs. Compare **acute 2**. referring to someone who does a particular activity, especially a harmful one, often \circ a chronic smoker 3. very bad (informal) \circ We have a chronic shortage of skilled staff.

chronicle /'krbnik(\Rightarrow)l/ *noun* a record of things which take place \circ *He wrote a chronicle of the war.* (NOTE: + **chronicle** *v*)

chrysanthemum /krr'sænθIməm/ *noun* a type of autumn flower with many small petals

chubby /'t $\int Abi$ / (chubbier, chubbiest) *adj* pleasantly fat

② **Chuck** $/t \int \Lambda k/$ (chucks, chucking, chucked) *verb* to throw (*informal*) \circ *Chuck*

me that newspaper, can you? \circ She chucked the book out of the window.

chuckle $/t \int Ak(a) l$ noun a quiet laugh \circ We all had a good chuckle over the chairman's speech. \blacksquare verb (chuckles, chuckling, chuckled) to give a quiet laugh \circ He chuckled when she said she wanted a good steady job.

chuffed /t f Aft/ adj pleased or proud

chug $/t \int Ag/$ (**chugs**, **chugging**, **chugged**) *verb* to make a regular noise like an engine [~along/up/down etc] (*informal*)

chunk /t $\int A\eta k$ / *noun* a large thick piece of something

chunky /'t∫∧ŋki/ (**chunkier**, **chunkiest**) *adj* made of large or thick pieces

① **church** /tʃ3:tʃ/ noun a building where Christians go to pray \circ We usually go to church on Sunday mornings. \circ The oldest building in the village is St Mary's Church. \circ The times of the church services are given on the board outside.

churchgoer /'tʃ3ːtʃgəʊə/ *noun* a person who goes to church regularly

churchyard /'t $\int 3t \int Jatd/$ noun a cemetery next to a church

churn /t $\int 3:n/$ noun a large metal container for milk \circ *Churns of fresh milk were lined up at the farm entrance waiting to be picked up.* • *verb* (**churns, churnig, churned) 1.** to turn cream to make butter \circ *Do you know of any farm where butter is still churned by hand?* **2.** to buy and sell shares on someone's behalf, in order to earn commission for yourself \circ *Few small investors realise how much money they lose through churning.*

churn out phrasal verb to produce something in a series

chute $/\int$ u:t/ noun **1**. a slide into water in a swimming pool \circ *The kids screamed as they slid down the chute into the pool.* **2**. a slide for sending things down to a lower level \circ *The parcels are wrapped and labelled and then sent down a chute to where the delivery vans are waiting.*

chutney /'tʃʌtni/ *noun* a highly flavoured sauce usually made with tomatoes, onions, vinegar and spices

cider /'saɪdə/ *noun* an alcoholic drink made from fermented apple juice

cigar /sɪ'gɑː/ *noun* a tight roll of dried tobacco leaves which you can light and smoke

② **cigarette** /₁sigə'ret/ *noun* a roll of very thin paper containing tobacco, which you can light and smoke \circ *a packet* or *pack*

of cigarettes \circ The room was full of cigarette smoke.

③ **Cinema** /'sINIMə/ noun a building where you go to watch films \circ We went to the cinema on Friday night.

cinematic / sini'mætik/ *adj* referring to films and the cinema

cinnamon /'sɪnəmən/ noun a spice made from the inner bark of a tropical tree **circa** /'sɜːkə/ prep about (formal; used of dates)

(2) **Circle** /'s3:k(∂)]/ noun 1. a line forming a round shape ○ He drew a circle on the blackboard. 2. anything forming a round shape ○ The children sat in a circle round the teacher. ○ The soldiers formed a circle round the prisoner. 3. a group of people or a society ○ She went to live abroad and lost contact with her old circle of friends. ○ He moves in the highest government circles. 4. a row of seats above the stalls in a theatre ○ We got tickets for the upper circle. ■ verb (circles, circling, circled) to make circular movements [~around/above/over etc] ○ Large birds were circling above the dead animals.

③ **circuit** /'s3:k1t/ noun 1. a fixed or regular way of travelling from one place to another for a particular activity \circ a familiar speaker on the lecture circuit 2. a path on which competitions take place \circ a race circuit 3. a trip around something \circ His first circuit of the track was very slow. 4. the path that electricity flows around \circ He's designed a circuit for a burglar alarm.

circuit board /'s3:kit b5:d/ noun a board composed of a printed circuit

circuit breaker /'s3:kit ,breikə/ *noun* a safety device in an electrical circuit

(2) **circular** /'s3:kjulə/ adj 1. round in shape \circ a circular table 2. sent to a number of people \circ The company sent a circular letter to all employees. (NOTE: only used before a noun) \blacksquare noun a document with one or just a few pages sent to a number of people to inform them about something

③ **Circulate** /'s3:kjulent/(**circulates**, **circulating**, **circulated**) *verb* **1**. to send something round to various people \circ *They circulated a new list of prices to all their customers*. **2**. to move round \circ *Blood circulates round the body*. \circ *Waiters circulated round the room carrying trays of drinks*. **3**. to talk to different people at a party \circ *Let's talk later – I've got to circulate.*

③ **circulation** /_{s3}:kj υ 'lei \int (ə)n/ noun 1. the act of circulating \circ *The circulation of* the new price list to all departments will take several days. **2.** the movement of blood around the body \circ *Rub your hands* together to get the circulation going. \circ He has poor circulation.

circumcise /'s3:kəmsa1Z/ (**circumcises**, **circumcising**, **circumcised**) *verb* to remove the foreskin from a boy's or man's penis (NOTE: + **circumcision** *n*)

circumference /sə'k \wedge mf(ə)rəns/ noun the distance round the outside edge of a circle, an object or an area \circ We walked the dog around the circumference of the field.

circumflex /'s3:kəmfleks/, **circumflex accent** *noun* an accent like an upside down 'v' placed over certain vowels

circumstance /'s3:kəmstəns/ noun the set of conditions that affect a situation \circ *The circumstances surrounding the crash led us to believe it was not an accident.* (NOTE: usually plural) \diamond **in or under the circumstances** if a particular set of conditions exist \circ *It's hard to do a good job under these circumstances.* \circ *In different circumstances, I'd have been willing to stay longer.* \diamond **due to circumstances beyond someone's control** because of something which someone has no power to change \circ *The show had to be cancelled due to circumstances beyond our control.*

circumstantial /₁s3:kəm'stænʃ(ə)l/ adj giving details of particular circumstances

circumvent /,s3:kəm'vent/ (circumvents, circumventing, circumvented) *verb* to avoid something

Circus /'s3:k \Rightarrow s/noun 1. a travelling show, often given under a large tent, with animals, clowns and other performers \circ We went to the circus last night. \circ The circus is coming to town for the bank holiday weekend. 2. a busy road junction in the centre of a large town \circ Oxford Circus is where Oxford Street crosses Regent Street.

cistern /'sistən/ noun a large tank for water

cite /sait/ (**cites**, **citing**, **cited**) *verb* **1**. to quote a reference or a person as proof \circ *She cited several passages from his latest book*. **2**. to call someone to appear in court \circ *He was cited to appear before the magistrates*. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **sight**, **site**.)

② **citizen** /'stItz(\ni)n/ noun a person who comes from a particular country or has the same right to live there as someone who was born there \circ All Australian citizens have a duty to vote. \circ He was born in Germany, but is now a British citizen. (3) **citizenship** /'sɪtɪz(ə)n $\int p/ noun$ the state of being a citizen

citrus fruit /'sɪtrəs fru:t/ *noun* an edible fruit such as an orange, lemon, grapefruit or lime

① **city** /'siti/ (plural cities) noun a large town \circ busy city streets \circ Traffic is a problem in big cities.

city centre / sɪti 'sentə/ *noun* the central part of a town

civic /'sivik/ adj referring to a city

(2) Civil /'sIV(3)!/ adj 1. relating to general public life rather than to the armed forces o He left the air force and became a civil airline pilot. 2. polite o She wasn't very civil to the policeman. 3. in court, relating to cases brought by one person against another, as opposed to being brought by the police because it is criminal

civil engineering /,sIV(ə)l end3I 'nIərIŋ/ *noun* the science of building, especially of roads, bridges and railways

civilian /sə'vıliən/ noun an ordinary citizen who is not in the armed forces \circ *It is certain that ordinary civilians will be affected by the war.* \circ *Many civilians were killed in the air raids.*

(2) civilisation /,sıvılaı'zeı∫(ə)n/, civilization noun a civilised society or civilised way of organising society

civilise /'sıvılaız/ (**civilises**, **civilising**, **civilised**), **civilize** verb to educate people to a higher level of society \circ *Missionaries* went out with the idea that they would civilise local tribes.

civilised /'sivilaizd/, **civilized** *adj* **1**. organised to a high level of social behaviour \circ *How can a civilised nation carry out such barbarous punishments.* **2**. pleasant and polite \circ *We had a very civilised evening, chatting over a good meal.* \circ *Try to greet my parents in a civilised manner if you can.* \circ *It's so good to be in civilised company again.*

civil law /,siv(ə)l 'lɔː/ noun laws relating to people's rights

civil liberties $/_{1}$ siv(\Rightarrow)l 'lib \Rightarrow tiz/ plural noun the rights of ordinary people to act freely within the law \circ a campaign to extend civil liberties \circ Security cameras on buildings can be seen as an infringement of civil liberties. (NOTE: Liberty of the press and liberty of the individual are examples of civil liberties.) **civil rights** / $_{1}$ SIV(\Rightarrow)l 'ratts/ plural noun rights of an ordinary citizen \circ She campaigned for civil rights in the 1980s.

(3) **civil servant** / sIV(ə)l 's3:vənt/ noun a person who works in a government department

③ **Civil war** / siv(ə)l 'wɔː/ noun a war between citizens inside a country

clad /klæd/ adj 1. dressed in a particular way \circ a group of leather-clad dancers \circ The soldiers were clad in winter greatcoats. 2. covered \circ the snow-clad fields \circ a white stucco-clad house

(i) claim /kleim/ noun 1. an occasion on which someone asks for money $[-for] \circ His$ claim for a pay increase was turned down. 2. a statement of something which you believe to be true but have no proof [~that] o His claim that the car belonged to him was correct. 3. a demand for money against an insurance policy o After the floods, insurance companies received hundreds of *claims*. \Box to put in *or* submit a claim to ask an insurance company officially to pay money for something that has been damaged \circ I put in a claim for repairs to the car. \circ She submitted a claim for £250,000 damages against the driver of the other *car.* **4.** a right to something [~on] \circ *He has* a legal claim on the property. \circ Preparing for my exam was a big claim on my leisure time last year. • verb (claims, claiming, claimed) 1. to state something, but without any proof [~(that)] o He claims he never received the letter. \circ She claims that the car belongs to her. 2. to ask for something that you have a right to receive \circ If they charged you too much you must claim a refund. 3. to say you own something which has been left behind or lost o No one has claimed the umbrella found in my office, so I am going to keep it.

③ **claimant** /'kleImant/ noun 1. a person who claims something \circ Benefit claimants will be paid late because of the bank holiday. 2. a person who starts a legal action against someone in the civil courts \circ She's the claimant in a libel action. \circ The court decided in favour of the claimant. (NOTE: The former term was **plaintiff**. The other party in an action is the **defendant**.)

clairvoyant /kleə'vɔɪənt/ *noun* a person who says he or she can see in his or her mind things which are happening elsewhere, or can foretell the future

clam /klæm/ noun a large shellfish found in sand, which is dug out with a spade

clam up phrasal verb to refuse to talk

(informal)

clamber /'klæmbə/ (**clambers**, **clamber**ing, **clambered**) *verb* to climb with difficulty

clammy /'klæmi/ (**clammier**, **clammiest**) *adj* damp and cold

clamour /'klæmə/ noun 1. noise such as shouting \circ The clamour of the crowd at the rugby ground could be heard for miles around. 2. a loud demand [~for] \circ a clamour for democratic elections \blacksquare verb to demand something or to do something loudly or publicly [~for] \circ People are clamouring for tickets. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is clamor.)

clamp /klæmp/ noun a device that holds something tightly and prevents it from moving • verb (clamps, clamping, clamped) 1. to hold something in a fixed position [-to/-on/onto] 2. to prevent an illegally parked car from moving by attaching a clamp to one wheel $\circ I$ parked on a double yellow line and was clamped. 3. to hold something tight with a clamp

clamp down /'klæmp 'daun pn/ verb to try to stop something happening [~on] \circ *Railway staff are clamping down on people travelling without tickets.*

clampdown /'klæmpdaun/ noun an action by someone in authority to stop something from happening [~on] \circ a clampdown on smoking in public places

clan /klæn/ noun a family tribe, especially in Scotland

clandestine /klæn'destin/ adj secret, undercover

clang /klæŋ/ (clangs, clanging, clanged) verb to make a loud ringing noise \circ We were woken up by the bells clanging in the churches round us. (NOTE: + clang n)

clank /klæŋk/ (clanks, clanking, clanked) *verb* to make a noise of metal hitting other metal (NOTE: + clank *n*)

clap /klæp/ (claps, clapping, clapped) verb to beat your hands together to show you are pleased \circ At the end of her speech the audience stood up and clapped. \circ He clapped his hands together in delight.

clarification $/_k \text{lærtft'ket}(3)n/$ noun the act of making something clear

③ **clarify** /'klærtfat/ (clarifies, clarifying, clarified) verb to explain something more clearly [~what/whether/how etc] \circ We will have to clarify the situation before taking any further decisions. \circ Can you clarify what the work will involve?

clarinet /,klær1'net/ *noun* a wind instrument in the woodwind group

clash /klæ [/ noun 1. a fight, especially between people who are not soldiers [~between/~with] \circ There were clashes between supporters of rival football teams. 2. an argument or disagreement [~over] o a clash over whose responsibility it was 3. a game or competition between two teams or two players 4. an occasion when two things you want to do are happening at the same time 5. the shock of two colours seen close together \circ If you wear red tights with an orange dress there will be a colour clash. 6. a loud noise of metal things hitting each other other other verb (clashes, clashing, clashed) **1.** to argue violently [~with/~over] \circ She clashed with her mother over wearing a ring in her nose. \circ The opposition deputies clashed with the government during the debate. 2. to fight [~with] o Rioting fans *clashed with the police.* **3.** to happen at the same time as something else [~with] \circ The party clashes with a meeting I have to go to. \circ Unfortunately, the two meetings clash, so I'll have to miss one. 4. (of colours) to shock when put side by side [~with] • That bright pink tie clashes with your green shirt. 5. to bang things together making a loud noise

(3) clasp /kla:sp/ noun 1. a device for holding something shut o My handbag won't close properly - the clasp is broken.
2. the act of holding something in your hand o I could feel the firm clasp of his hand on my shoulder. • verb (clasps, clasping, clasped) to hold something tight o The child clasped his hand anxiously.

(1) **Class** /kluis/ noun 1. a group of children or adults who go to school or college together \circ There are 30 children in my son's class. 2. a lesson \circ What did you learn in your history class today? 3. people of a particular group in society \circ The college encourages applications from different social classes. 4. a group of things, animals or people that share some features \circ Different standards apply to the five different classes of service you can pay for. 5. a particular level of quality \circ Always buy the best class of product. \circ These peaches are Class 1.

class act /,klɑːs 'ækt/ *noun* a person or thing considered to be an example of excellence

Class A drug / kla:s e1 'drAg/ noun an illegal drug such as heroin, which is considered to be one of the strongest and most dangerous drugs

③ **classic** /'klæsik/ noun a great book, play or piece of music ○ 'The Maltese Falcon' is a Hollywood classic. ○ We have to study several classics of English literature for our course. ■ adj 1. (of a style) elegant and traditional ○ The classic little black dress is always in fashion. ○ The style of the new hotel building is classic, simple and elegant. 2. based on Ancient Greek or Roman architecture 3. typical ○ It was a classic example of his inability to take decisions.

(3) **classical** /'klæsık(∍)*l*/ *adj* **1**. elegant and based on the Ancient Greek or Roman style ○ *a classical eighteenth-century villa* **2**. referring to Ancient Greece and Rome ○ *classical Greek literature* **3**. referring to traditional serious music ○ *a concert of classical music*

classical music /,klæsik(ə)l 'mju:zik/ noun European music such as that written by Mozart or Bach, based on specific structures

Classics /'klæsiks/ plural noun the study of the languages, literature and philosophy of Ancient Greece and Rome \circ She studied Classics at Oxford. \circ He has a Classics degree from Edinburgh.

classification / klæstſ1'ket∫(ə)n/ noun a way of arranging things into categories

classified /'klæsifaid/ *adj* **1**. which has been put into a category **2**. secret

(3) **classify** /'klæstfat/ (**classifies**, **classifying**, **classified**) verb to arrange things into categories \circ The hotels are classified according to a system of stars.

classless /'kla:sləs/ *adj* with no division into social classes

classmate /'klɑ:smeɪt/ *noun* a person who is or was in the same class as you at school or college

③ **classroom** /'klɑːsruːm/ noun a room in a school where children are taught o When the teacher came into the classroom all the children were shouting.

classy /'klasi/ (**classier**, **classiest**) *adj* stylish and expensive-looking (*informal*)

clatter /'klætə/ (clatters, clattering, clattered) verb to make a loud harsh noise \circ The wooden cart clattered across the square. (NOTE: + clatter n)

(2) **clause**/klo:z/ noun a paragraph in a legal document \circ According to clause six, payments will not be due until next year.

claustrophobia /,klo:stro'foubio/ noun a fear of being shut inside a closed place

claustrophobic

claustrophobic /,klɔːstrəˈfəʊbɪk/ adj feeling or causing claustrophobia

claw /klɔ:/ noun a nail on the foot of an animal or bird \circ *The dog dug a hole with its claws*.

③ **clay** $/k le_1 / noun$ thick heavy soil \circ *The soil in our garden has a lot of clay in it.*

① **clean** /kli:n/ adj 1. not dirty \circ Wipe your glasses with a clean handkerchief. \circ The bedrooms must be spotlessly clean. \circ Tell the waitress these cups aren't clean. 2. not used \circ The maid forgot to put clean towels in the bathroom. \blacksquare verb (cleans, cleaning, cleaned) to take away the dirt from something \circ Remember to clean your teeth every morning. \circ She was cleaning the car when she saw the damage. \diamond to come clean to confess to, e.g. a crime (informal) \circ He came clean and owned up to stealing the watch.

clean out *phrasal verb* to make something empty and clean (*informal*)

clean up phrasal verb **1**. to make everything clean and tidy, e.g. after a party \circ *It* took us three hours to clean up after her birthday party. **2**. to remove corruption from a place \circ *The police are going to* have a hard job cleaning up this town. **3**. to make a lot of money \circ *He cleaned up* at the races. \circ *In no time he'd cleaned up* £50,000.

clean-cut /₁kli:n 'kAt/ *adj* neat and tidy \circ *a man in a clean-cut suit*

③ **cleaner** /'kli:nə/ noun 1. a machine which removes dirt \circ a carpet cleaner 2. a person who cleans a building such as a house or an office \circ The cleaners didn't empty my wastepaper basket.

③ **cleaning** /'kli:niŋ/ noun 1. the action of making something clean \circ *Cleaning the* house after the party took hours. 2. clothes which are going to be sent for dry-cleaning or which have been returned after drycleaning \circ *Could you collect my cleaning* for me after work tonight?

cleanse /klenz/ (**cleanses**, **cleansing**, **cleansed**) *verb* to make something very clean

cleanser /'klenzə/ noun a substance which removes dirt, especially from the face

clean-shaven $/_k \lim \int \operatorname{erv}(\mathfrak{d}) n / \operatorname{adj} with$ no beard or moustache

clean-up /'klim Ap/ noun the act of making something clean

① **Clear** / kl_{10} / adj **1.** with nothing in the way \circ You can cross the road – it's clear now. \circ From the window, she had a clear

view of the street. **2**. easily understood \circ She made it clear that she wanted us to go. \circ The instructions on the computer screen are not very clear. \circ Will you give me a clear answer – yes or no?

clear away *phrasal verb* to take something away completely

clear off phrasal verb to go away (informal)

clear out phrasal verb **1**. to empty something completely \circ Can you clear out your bedroom cupboard? **2**. to leave somewhere quickly (informal) \circ It's time for me to clear out of here completely.

clear up phrasal verb **1**. to tidy and clean a place completely \circ The cleaners refused to clear up the mess after the office party. **2**. to solve a problem \circ In the end, we cleared up the mystery of the missing computer disk. **3**. (of weather) to improve \circ I hope the weather clears up because we're going on holiday tomorrow. **4**. (of an illness) to get better \circ He has been resting, but his cold still hasn't cleared up.

Clearance /'kliərəns/ noun 1. the act of removing obstacles such as trees or old buildings from land \circ *The clearance of the slums from the town centre will make land available for building.* \circ *The government has introduced a programme of slum clearance.* 2. a space for something to pass through \circ *The lorry can get through the entrance with clearance of about 20 cm on either side.* 3. permission to do something \circ *The control tower gave the plane clearance to land.*

clear-cut /,kliə 'kʌt/ adj definite or distinct

clearing /'kliprin/ noun 1. the act of removing obstacles \circ We don't want the public to interfere with the clearing of the wreckage from the railway track. 2. an area in a wood where the trees have been cut down \circ They set up camp in a clearing in the middle of the forest.

① **clearly** /'kl1əli/ adv **1**. in a way which is easily understood or heard \circ *He didn't* speak clearly, and I couldn't catch the address he gave. **2**. obviously \circ *He clearly* or *Clearly he didn't like being told he was too* fat.

cleavage /'kli:v1d3/ noun the space between the breasts, especially if it can be seen with a low-cut dress \circ All the ladies were dressed in black and there was not a cleavage in sight. **clef** /klef/ noun a sign at the beginning of a written piece of music which shows how high the range of notes is

clemency /'klemansi/ noun forgiveness shown to someone who has done something wrong

clench $/k lent \int / (clenches, clenching, clenched) verb to close tightly$

③ clergy /'kl3:d3i/ plural noun priests

cleric /'kler1k/ *noun* a priest or other clergyman

clerical /'klerik(\Im)l/ adj **1**. referring to office work \circ A clerical error made the invoice £300.00 when it should have been £3000.00. \circ He's looking for part-time clerical work. **2**. referring to clergy \circ The newspaper story has been talked about in clerical circles.

clerk /klark/ *noun* a person who works in an office

(2) **clever** /'klevə/ *adj* able to think and learn quickly \circ *Clever children can usually do this by the time they are eight years old.*

cleverly / klevəli/ adv in a clever way

cliché /'kli:fei/ noun a saying or phrase which is too frequently used

(3) **click** /klik/ noun 1. a short sharp sound o She heard a click and saw the door han*dle turn.* **2.** the act of pressing a key on a computer keyboard or a mouse button verb (clicks, clicking, clicked) 1. to make a short sharp sound \circ The cameras clicked as the film star came out onto the steps. \circ He clicked his fingers to attract the waiter's *attention.* **2.** to quickly press the button on a mouse to start a computer function \circ Click twice to start the program. 3. to become clear and easily understood o Suddenly something clicked and I realised what his note meant. 4. to realise very quickly that you enjoy being with another person and work well together

① **client** /'klarənt/ *noun* a person who pays for a service

clientele /klippn'tel/ *noun* all the customers of a shop or business

cliff /klif/ noun a high steep area of rock usually by the sea

cliffhanger /'klifhæŋə/ *noun* **1**. an ending to a part of a story which makes you want to know what happens next **2**. a situation in which people are tense because they do not know what will happen next

climactic /klai'mæktik/ *adj* referring to a climax

③ **climate** /'klaɪmət/ *noun* **1**. the general weather conditions in a particular place \circ

The climate in the south of the country is milder than in the north. **2**. a situation with particular features \circ The current economic climate makes an interest rate rise very likely. \circ The explosions created a climate of fear.

climatic /kla1'mæt1k/ adj referring to climate

climax /'klaimæks/ noun the most important and exciting point

 climb /klaim/ (climbs, climbing, climbed) verb 1. to go up, over or down something using arms and legs [~up/down/over/through etc] o The cat climbed up the apple tree. O The boys climbed over the wall. \circ He escaped by *climbing out of the window.* **2.** to go higher $[-to] \circ$ The road climbs to 500m above sea *level.* \circ *House prices have started to climb* again. **3.** to go up mountains as a sport \circ When you have climbed Everest, there is no higher mountain left to climb. \circ He goes climbing every weekend.

climb down phrasal verb **1.** to come down, e.g. a mountain or a ladder \circ He climbed down from the roof. \circ The firemen helped the hotel guests climb down the ladder. **2.** not to do what you had previously insisted on doing \circ In the end, the government had to climb down and admit that a mistake had been made.

climber /'klaimə/ noun **1**. a person who climbs mountains \circ *The climbers roped themselves together and set off up the slope*. **2**. a plant which climbs \circ *We need a colourful climber to cover that wall.*

climbing /'klaimiŋ/ noun the sport of climbing mountains \circ *Climbing is not a sport for young children.* \circ *We had a climbing holiday last Easter.* \circ *She brought her climbing equipment with her.*

climbing frame /'klaımıŋ freim/ *noun* a framework of wooden bars and platforms for children to climb on

③ **clinch** $/k lmt \int /$ (**clinches**, **clinching**, **clinched**) verb **1**. (*in boxing*) to hold each other tightly \circ *The referee tried to stop the two boxers clinching*. **2**. to complete a deal \circ *He offered an extra* 5% *to clinch the deal*.

cling /klm/ (**clings, clinging, clung**) verb to hold tight to something \circ She survived by clinging on a rope. \circ He clung tightly to his mother's arm. \circ The girls clung together with cold.

clingfilm /'klinfilm/ *noun* a thin transparent plastic sheet for covering food

clingy /'klini/ adj emotionally dependent on someone clinic

③ **clinic** /'klinik/ *noun* **1**. a medical centre for particular treatment or advice \circ *an eye clinic* **2**. a private hospital

3 clinical /'klinik(ə)l/ adj medical

clink /kliŋk/ (**clinks, clinking, clinked**) *verb* to make a little noise, like pieces of metal hitting each other (NOTE: + **clink** *n*)

Clip /klip/ noun a small object that holds things together \circ a paper clip \blacksquare verb (**clips**, **clipping**, **clipped**) **1**. to attach things with a clip [~to/onto/~together] \circ She clipped the invoice and the cheque together and put them in an envelope. **2**. to cut something with scissors \circ He carefully clipped the article out of the newspaper.

clipboard /'klipbo:d/ *noun* a stiff board with a clip at the top so that a piece of paper can be attached to it to allow you to write on it easily

clipping /'klipiŋ/ noun **1**. a reference to someone or something in a newspaper or magazine which is cut out \circ *Can you file away all these newspaper clippings*, *please?* **2**. a small piece cut off, e.g. a hedge \circ *Trim the hedge and put the clippings in a black bag.* \circ *Grass clippings can be piled on top of the compost heap.*

clique /kli:k/ noun a small select group of people

clitoris /'klitəris/ *noun* the female sex organ at the top of the vulva

cloak /kləuk/ noun a type of long coat which hangs from the shoulders and has no sleeves \circ She wore a long cloak of black velvet.

cloakroom /'kləokru:m/ noun 1. a place where you leave your coat in a public place \circ I left my coat and briefcase in the cloakroom. 2. a room inside a public building with lavatories and washbasins \circ The ladies' cloakroom is on the first floor.

clobber /'klbbə/ (clobbers, clobbering, clobbered) verb to affect badly, especially financially (informal) \circ The new tax will clobber the middle classes.

clock /klbk/(1) noun an object which shows the time \circ Your clock is 5 minutes slow. \circ The office clock is fast. \circ The clock has stopped.

clockwise /'klbkwaiz/ *adj*, *adv* moving in a circle from left to right, in the same direction as the hands of a clock \circ *Turn the lid clockwise to tighten it.* \circ *He was driving clockwise round the ring road when the accident took place.*

clockwork /'klbkw3:k/ noun a mechanism in a toy, machine, clock, etc which works using a spring which is wound up with a key \diamond **like clockwork** smoothly, with no problems \diamond *The whole evening went off like clockwork.*

clog /klbg/ (clogs, clogging, clogged) verb to block \circ Trafalgar Square was clogged with traffic as the protest march arrived. \circ Dead leaves are clogging the drains.

③ **clone** /kloun/ noun an exact genetic copy of an individual animal or plant ○ A cutting produces a clone of a plant. ○ This sheep was the first mammal to survive as a clone. ■ verb (clones, cloning, cloned) to make an exact genetic copy of an individual animal or plant ○ Biologists have successfully cloned a sheep.

① **close**¹ /kləus/ adj (closer, closest) 1. very near, or just next to something [-to] \odot Our office is close to the station. \circ This is the closest I've ever been to a film star! 2. near in time \circ My birthday is close to Christmas. \blacksquare adv (closer, closest) 1. very near \circ Keep close by me if you don't want to get lost. \circ Go further away - you're getting too close. \circ They stood so close or so close together that she felt his breath on her cheek. \circ The sound came closer and closer. 2. very near in time \circ The conference is getting very close. \blacksquare noun a short road, especially of houses \circ They live in Briar Close.

close² /kl= 0.2 /kl= 0.2

close down *phrasal verb* 1. to shut a business permanently 2. (of a business) to shut permanently

① **closed** /kləuzd/ adj 1. changed from being open by being covered or blocked ○ Make sure all the windows and doors are tightly closed. ○ She sat quietly with closed eyes. ○ The object was in a closed box. 2. not doing business ○ The shop is closed on Sundays. ○ The office will be closed for the Christmas holidays. ○ There was a 'closed' sign hanging in the window.

close-knit / klaus 'nit/ adv consisting of people who know and rely on each other

() **closely** /'kləusli/ adv with a lot of attention \circ She studied the timetable very closely. \circ The prisoners were closely guarded by armed soldiers.

closeness /'kləusnəs/ *noun* the fact of being close to something

closet /'klbzit/ noun US a cupboard Will you get my coat from the closet, honey? \diamond to come out of the closet to say publicly that you are homosexual (informal)

(3) **close-up** /'kləʊs ∧p/ noun a photograph taken very close to the subject □ in **close-up** taken very close to the subject ○ a photo of the leaf in close-up

closing /'kləuZIŋ/ adj final, at the end \circ the closing days of the election campaign **noun** the time when something such as a pub or shop closes

closing date /'kləuziŋ deit/ noun the last date by which something can be done [~for] \circ *The closing date for applications is May 1st.*

③ **closure** /'kləʊʒə/ *noun* the shutting of something, or the fact of being shut

clot /klot/ noun a soft mass of thickened blood in a vein or an artery \circ *The doctor diagnosed a blood clot in the brain.* • verb (**clots, clotting, clotted**) (of blood) to thicken, changing from semi-liquid to semi-solid \circ *In people with haemophilia, blood clots very slowly.*

① **cloth** /klbθ/ noun **1**. soft material made from woven fibres ○ Her dress is made of cheap blue cloth. ○ This cloth is of a very high quality. **2**. a piece of material used for cleaning ○ He wiped up the milk with a damp cloth. **3**. a piece of material which you put on a table to cover it ○ The waiter spread a white cloth over the table.

clothe /kləuð/ (clothes, clothing, clothed or clad) verb to dress someone

clothed /kləuðd/ adj dressed or covered in something

② **clothes** /kləuðz/ plural noun things which you wear to cover your body and keep you warm, e.g. trousers, socks, shirts and dresses ○ *The doctor asked him to take his clothes off.* ○ *The children haven't had any new clothes for years.* □ **with no clothes on** naked

clothing /'kləuðiŋ/ noun clothes o a major clothing manufacturer o Take plenty of warm clothing on your trip to Iceland. (NOTE: no plural: some clothing; a piece of clothing)

() **Cloud** /klaud/ noun 1. a white or grey mass of drops of water floating in the air \circ *Look at those grey clouds* – *it's going to* rain. \circ *The plane was flying above the clouds*. 2. a large amount of gas, smoke or dust floating in the air [-of] \circ *Clouds of smoke poured out of the burning shop.* 3. something that has an unpleasant effect on a situation \Box **under a cloud** suspected of having done something wrong \circ *He was under a cloud for some time after the thefts were discovered.*

cloud over *phrasal verb* to become covered with clouds

(2) Cloudy /'klaudi/ (cloudier, cloudiest) adj 1. with clouds o The weather was cloudy in the morning, but cleared up in the afternoon. 2. not clear o The liquid turned cloudy when I added the flour.

clout /klaot/ noun 1. a blow with the fist \circ He received a clout on the head. 2. power or influence \circ Because she owns so many shares, she wields a great deal of clout in company meetings. \circ Newspaper editors have a lot of political clout.

clove /kl=ov/ noun **1**. a dried flower bud of a tree, used for flavouring $\circ A$ few cloves stuck into an onion can be used to flavour a stew. **2**. one of the parts that make up a bulb of garlic \circ Rub round the salad bowl with a cut clove of garlic.

clover /'kl₂₀_v₂/ *noun* a common weed, used as food for cattle \circ *With so much clover in the fields, the bees produce excellent honey.*

① **Club** /klAb/ noun **1**. a group of people who have the same interest or who form a team \circ a youth club \circ I'm joining a tennis club. \circ Our town has one of the top football clubs in the country. **2**. a stick for playing golf (NOTE: A **golf club** can either mean the place where you play golf, or the stick used to hit the ball.) **3**. a large heavy stick **•** verb (**clubs, clubbing, clubbed**) **1**. to hit with a club \circ She was clubbed to the ground. **2**. \Box **to club together** (of several people) to contribute money jointly \circ They clubbed together and bought a yacht.

clubbing /'klAbin/ noun the activity of going out to discos and nightclubs

clubhouse /'klAbhaus/ *noun* the house where members of a club meet

cluck /klʌk/ (**clucks, clucking, clucked**) *verb* (*of hens*) to make a low noise in the throat

② **clue** /klu:/ noun information which helps you solve a mystery or puzzle [-about/as to/to] \circ We have no clues about where she has gone. \circ The letter gave some vital clues to her state of mind at the time. \diamond **to not have a clue** to not know something $\circ I$ don't have a clue how to get there.

clued up /₁klurd 'Ap/ adj well informed about something

clueless /'klu:ləs/ adj stupid (informal)

clump /klAmp/ noun a group of trees or bushes \circ We'll walk as far as that clump of trees and come back.

clump

clumsy /'klamzi/ (clumsier, clumsiest) adj 1. tending to break things or knock things over 2. not expressed or done in a good way \circ a clumsy apology \circ a clumsy attempt to hide the situation (NOTE: + clumsily adv. clumsiness n)

③ clung /klʌŋ/ past tense and past participle of cling

cluster /'klAstə/ noun a group of objects or people that are close together \circ *a brooch with a cluster of pearls* \circ *He photographed a cluster of stars.*

clutch /klAt $\int / verb$ (**clutches**, **clutching**, **clutched**) to grip something tightly \circ She clutched my arm as we stood on the edge of the cliff. \blacksquare noun a tight grip \circ She felt the clutch of his fingers on her sleeve. \blacksquare plural noun **clutches** the power that a person or group has over someone else \circ You can't escape the clutches of your family so easily. \diamond in the clutches of, in someone's clutches under the control of \circ We want to avoid spending too much and falling into the clutches, of the bank or the bank's clutches.

clutter /'kl∧tə/ noun a mass of things left lying about ○ All this clutter will be cleared away by the weekend. ■ verb (**clutters**, **cluttering**, **cluttered**) to fill a room, etc., with a mass of things ○ Her desk is cluttered with papers and invoices. ○ Don't clutter your mind with useless information. (3) **Cm** abbr centimetre

(3) **Co**. /kəu, 'kʌmp(ə)ni/ *abbr* company o J. Smith & Co.

co-/kəu/ prefix together

③ **C/O** abbr care of (used in addresses) Jane Smith, c/o Mr & Mrs Jonas, 4 Willowbank Road.

(2) **coach** /kəut // noun 1. a large bus for travelling long distances o They went on a tour of southern Spain by coach. \circ There's a coach service to Oxford every hour. 2. one of the vehicles for passengers that is part of a train o The first four coaches are for London. **3.** a person who trains sports players o The coach told them that they needed to spend more time practising. 0 He's a professional football coach. • verb (coaches, coaching, coached) 1. to train sports people \circ She was coached by a former Olympic gold medallist. 2. to give private lessons to someone in a particular sport, subject or activity o He coaches young footballers.

coagulate /kəʊˈæɡjʊleɪt/ (**coagulates**, **coagulating**, **coagulated**) *verb* to change and thicken from semi-liquid to semi-solid (3) **coal** /kəʊl/ *noun* a hard black substance which produces heat when burnt

(3) **coalition** /,kəυə'lɪʃ(ə)n/ *noun* a combination of several political parties forming a government

coalmine /'kəʊlmaɪn/ noun a mine where coal is dug

COARSE /kDIS/ adj 1. consisting of large pieces \circ coarse grains of sand 2. rough and hard \circ coarse cloth 3. (of words or gestures) rude \circ He made a coarse gesture and walked out. \circ Don't make any coarse remarks in front of my mother. (NOTE: COARSEly adv; coarseness n)

(2) **Coast** /k φ oust/ noun parts of a country that are by the sea \circ After ten weeks at sea, Columbus saw the coast of America. \circ The south coast is the warmest part of the country.

coaster /'kəustə/ noun a flat dish or small mat for standing a bottle or glass on \circ He bought a set of 6 coasters in the museum.

coastguard /'kəʊstgɑːd/ *noun* a person who guards a piece of coast, watching out for wrecks, smugglers, etc.

coastline /'kəʊstlaɪn/ *noun* an edge of land along a coast

(2) **Coat** /kout/ noun 1. a piece of clothing which you wear on top of other clothes when you go outside \circ a winter coat 2. a layer of something \circ a coat of paint \circ a thick coat of dust 3. the fur of an animal \circ These dogs have thick shiny coats.

coat-hanger /'kəothæŋə/ *noun* a piece of wood, wire or plastic on which you hang a piece of clothing

coating /'kəutıŋ/ noun a covering of paint, etc.

COAX /kəuks/ (coaxes, coaxing, coaxed) verb \Box to coax someone into doing something to persuade someone to do something \circ He was finally coaxed into paying for two tickets.

cobalt /'kəubɔːlt/ noun a metallic element used to make alloys \circ *Cobalt 60 is* used in radiotherapy.

cobbler /'kpblə/ noun a person who mends shoes \circ Ask the cobbler how much it will cost to put new heels on these shoes. **cobra** /'kəubrə/ noun a large tropical snake with a poisonous bite

cobweb /'kpbweb/ *noun* a net of fine thread made by a spider to catch flies

(3) **cocaine** /kəʊ'keɪn/ *noun* a painkilling drug, which is addictive

cock /kok/ noun a male bird, especially a male domestic chicken \circ We were woken by the cocks crowing.

cockerel /'kbk(ə)rəl/ noun a young cock **cockney** /'kbkni/ (plural **cockneys**) noun **1.** a person from the East End of London o He was born and brought up as a Cockney. **2.** a form of English spoken in the East End of London o She spoke in broad cockney. o 'Let's have a butcher's' is cockney for 'let's have a look'.

cockpit /'kokpit/ *noun* the place where the pilot sits in an aircraft, racing car or boat

cockroach $/k pkr aut \int / noun a black or brown beetle, a common household pest$

cocktail /'koktetl/ noun 1. a mixed alcoholic drink \circ A Bloody Mary is a cocktail of vodka and tomato juice. 2. a mixture of various things \circ She died after taking a cocktail of drugs.

cocktail party /'kɒkteɪl ,pɑːti/ noun a party where drinks and snacks are served, but not a full meal

cock-up /'kpk Ap/ noun work which is badly carried out (*informal offensive*)

cocky /'koki/ adj unpleasantly confident and conceited (*informal*)

③ **COCOA** /'k \Rightarrow uk \Rightarrow u/ *noun* **1**. a brown chocolate powder ground from the seeds of a tree, used for making a drink \circ *a tin of co-coa* \circ *cocoa powder* **2**. a drink made with cocoa and hot water or milk (NOTE: no plural)

coconut /'kəokənAt/ noun 1. a large nut from a type of palm tree $\circ I$ won a coconut at the fair. 2. the white flesh from a coconut $\circ a$ coconut cake $\circ I$ don't like biscuits with coconut in them.

cocoon /kə'ku:n/ noun a case of thread made by a larva before it turns into a moth or butterfly ○ Silk is taken off the cocoons made by silk worms. ■ verb (cocoons, cocooning, cocooned) to wrap something up for protection ○ The baby was cocooned in blankets.

cod /kpd/ (*plural same*) *noun* a large white sea fish

(2) **code** /kəud/ noun **1**. secret words or a system agreed as a way of sending messages ○ We're trying to break the enemy's code. ○ He sent the message in code. **2**. a system of numbers or letters which mean something ○ The code for Heathrow Airport is LHR. ○ What is the code for phoning Edinburgh? **3**. a set of laws or rules of

behaviour \circ The hotel has a strict dress code, and people wearing jeans are not allowed in.

code name /'koud netm/ *noun* a special name or number used instead of a person's or thing's real name, in order to keep this secret

COERCE / $k \partial u' \exists s'$ (coerces, coercing, coerced) verb \Box to coerce someone into doing something to force someone to do something \circ *They coerced her into signing the contract.*

coercion $/k \Im \Im \Im (\Im) n/$ noun the act or practice of forcing someone to do something such as commit a crime

COEXIST / kəuig'zist/ (**coexists**, **coexisting**, **coexisted**) *verb* to exist or to live together (*formal*) (NOTE: + **coexistence** *n*)

① **Coffee** /'kofi/ noun **1**. a hot drink made from the seeds of a tropical plant \circ Would you like a cup of coffee? \circ I always take sugar in coffee. **2**. a cup of coffee \circ I'd like a white coffee, please. \circ Three coffees and two teas, please.

coffee machine /'kpfi mə,ji:n/ noun an automatic machine which gives a cup of coffee or other drink when you put in a coin and press a button

③ **coffee shop** /'kɒfi ∫ɒp/ *noun* a small restaurant serving drinks and light meals

coffee table $/kpfi_1terb(\partial)l/noun$ a low table in a sitting room, for putting things such as cups, glasses and newspapers on

coffer /'kɒfə/ *noun* a chest for holding money (*dated*)

(3) **coffin** /'kpfin/ *noun* a long box in which a dead person is placed before being buried

cog /kbg/ *noun* one of a series of little teeth sticking out from a wheel, which connect with teeth on another wheel to make it turn

cognac /'kɒnjæk/ *noun* a brandy made in western France

cognitive /'kpgnitiv/ *adj* referring to the process of understanding

Cohabit /kəʊ'hæbɪt/ (cohabits, cohabiting, cohabited) *verb* to live together as man and wife, especially when not married (NOTE: + cohabitation *n*)

coherent /kəʊ'hɪərənt/ adj (of a statement) clear and logical

cohesion /kəʊ'hiːʒ(ə)n/ *noun* the fact or quality of sticking together

coil /koll/ noun a roll of rope, or one loop in something twisted round and round \circ *The sailors stacked the rope in coils on the* deck. • verb (coils, coiling, coiled) to twist around something or into a coil \circ The snake had coiled itself up in the basket. \circ The sailor coiled the ropes neatly.

() **Coin** $/k \Im n/n oun$ a piece of metal money \circ *This machine only takes 20p coins.*

coincide / koun'said/ (coincides, coincide, coincided) verb to happen by chance at the same time as something else [~ with] \circ The conference doesn't coincide with my birthday this year. \circ Do our visits to London coincide? – We could meet for lunch.

(a) coincidence $/k \vartheta \sigma' InsId(\vartheta)ns/$ noun two things happening at the same time by chance

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{coincidental} \ /k \mathfrak{z} \upsilon_{\iota} \mathrm{Insi}^{\iota} \mathrm{dent}(\mathfrak{z}) \mathrm{l} / \ \textit{adj} \ \mathrm{not} \\ \mathrm{planned} \end{array}$

coke /kəʊk/ noun same as **cocaine** (informal)

Coke /kəʊk/ *trademark* a type of fizzy soft drink

Col. abbr colonel

 \mbox{cola} /'kəulə/, kola noun a fizzy sweet drink

colander /'kpləndə/ *noun* a bowl with holes in it for draining water from vegetables

① **cold** /kəuld/ *adj* **1**. with a low temperature \circ *It's too cold to go for a walk*. \circ *He had a plate of cold beef and salad*. **2**. not friendly \circ *He got a very cold reception from the rest of the staff*. \circ *She gave him a cold nod*. **=** *noun* **1**. an illness which makes you blow your nose \circ *He caught a cold from his colleague*. \circ *My sister's in bed with a cold*. \circ *Don't come near me – I've got a cold*. **2**. a cold outdoor temperature \circ *He had been waiting in the cold for a bus*. \circ *These plants can't stand the cold*. \diamond **to be left out in the cold** not to be part of a group any more

cold-blooded / kəuld 'blAdıd/ adj with no pity o She's a cold-blooded murderess. **cold-hearted** / kəuld 'ha:tid/ adj lacking kindness

coldly/'kəuldli/ *adv* in an unfriendly way **cold-shoulder** /₁kəuld 'ʃəuldə/ *verb* not to give someone a friendly welcome

coleslaw /'kəulslɔ:/ *noun* a cabbage salad, made with sliced white cabbage and mayonnaise

colic /'kpl1k/ noun a severe pain in the intestines

③ collaborate /kə'læbəreɪt/ (collaborates, collaborating, collaborated) verb 1. to work together with someone else [-with/-in/on] \circ *He's collaborating with her on a new book.* **2.** to help rather than resist an enemy

(3) collaboration $/k_{\vartheta}, l_{\vartheta}b_{\vartheta}'reif(\vartheta)n/$ noun the action of working together on something

collaborative /kə'læb(ə)rətɪv/ *adj* involving people working together

collage /'kbla:3/ *noun* a picture made from small pieces of paper or other materials, stuck onto a backing

(3) **Collapse** /k∂'læps/ verb (collapses, collapsing, collapsed) 1. to fall down suddenly ○ The roof collapsed under the weight of the snow. 2. to fail suddenly ○ The company collapsed with £25,000 in debts. 3. to fall down unconscious ○ The man in front of me in the queue suddenly collapsed. ■ noun 1. a sudden fall ○ The collapse of the old wall buried two workmen. 2. a sudden fall in price ○ the collapse of the dollar on the foreign exchange markets 3. the sudden failure of a company ○ They lost thousands of pounds in the collapse of the bank.

collapsible /kə'læpsəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be folded up

(2) **Collar** /'kolə/ noun 1. the part of a piece of clothing which goes round your neck \circ *I can't wear this shirt* – the collar's too tight. \circ She turned up her coat collar because the wind was cold. \circ He has a winter coat with a fur collar. 2. a leather ring round the neck of a dog or cat \circ The cat has a collar with her name and address on it.

collarbone /'kpləbəon/ *noun* a clavicle, one of two long thin bones joining the shoulders to the breastbone

collateral $/k \vartheta' | at(\vartheta) r \vartheta |$ *noun* a security used to provide a guarantee for a $| oan \circ He$ offered his house as collateral.

② **colleague** /'kpli:g/ noun a person who works with you, especially in the same company or office [~at/in/from] ○ His colleagues at the college gave him a present when he got married.

① **collect** /kə'lekt/ (**collects**, **collecting**, **collected**) verb **1**. to bring things or people together, or to come together \circ We collected information from all the people who offered to help. \circ A crowd collected at the scene of the accident. **2**. to get things and keep them together \circ The mail is collected from the postbox twice a day. \circ I must collect the children from school at 4 p.m. \circ Your coat is ready for you to collect from the cleaner's. **3**. to buy things or bring things together as a hobby \circ He collects *stamps and old coins.* **4.** to gather money to give to an organisation that helps people \circ *They're collecting for Oxfam.*

collected /kə'lekt1d/ adj calm

(1) **collection** $/k \vartheta' lek \int \vartheta n/n oun$ **1.** a group of things that have been brought together \circ *He showed me his stamp collection.* \circ *The museum has a large collection of Italian paintings.* **2.** money which has been gathered $[-\delta \sigma] \circ We're making a collection for a shelter for homeless people.$

(3) **collective** /kə'lektıv/ noun a business run by a group of workers \circ *The owner of the garage sold out and the staff took it over as a workers' collective.*

③ **collector** /kə'lektə/ noun 1. a person who collects things as a hobby ○ *It's an im*portant sale for collectors of 18th-century porcelain. 2. a person who collects things as a job

① **college** /'kbltdʒ/ noun a teaching institution for adults and young people \circ She's going on holiday with some friends from college. \circ He's studying art at the local college. \circ The college library has over 20,000 volumes.

college of further education /,kplid3 əv ,f3:ðə ,edju'keif(ə)n/ noun a teaching establishment for students after secondary school

collide /kə'laɪd/ (**collides**, **colliding**, **collided**) *verb* to bump into something [~with] • *The car collided with a bus*.

colliery /'kɒljəri/ (*plural* **collieries**) *noun* a coalmine

collision $/k \circ 'l_{13}(\circ)n/$ noun **1**. an occasion when someone or something hits against something accidentally [~between/~with] \circ *Two people were injured in the collision between a lorry and the bus.* **2**. a disagreement or difference \circ *a collision of ideas* \diamond **in collision with** involved in hitting into \circ *She was in collision with a bike.*

colloquial /kə'ləʊkwiəl/ adj used in common speech

colloquialism /kə'ləʊkwiəlɪz(ə)m/ noun an expression used in common speech

collusion /kə'lu:3(ə)n/ noun an illegal cooperation or agreement to cheat someone

cologne /kə'ləʊn/ *noun* a type of light perfume. ϕ eau de cologne

(3) **Colon** /'kə υ lon/ noun **1**. the main part of the part inside your body that removes waste \circ *The intestines are divided into two*

parts: the small intestine and the large intestine or colon. **2.** a printing sign (:)

colonel /'k3:n(ə)l/, **Colonel** noun the officer in charge of a regiment, an army rank above lieutenant-colonel (NOTE: also used as a title before a surname: *Colonel Davis*; often shortened to **Col**.: *Col. Davis*. Do not confuse with **kernel**.)

colonial /kə'ləuniəl/ *adj* referring to a colony

colonialism /kə'ləoniəliz(ə)m/ noun the practice of establishing colonies in other lands

colonise /'kplanatz/ (colonises, colonising, colonised), colonize *verb* to take possession of an area or country and rule it as a colony

colonist /'kplanist/ *noun* a person who goes to settle in a new colony

colony /'kpləni/ (plural colonies) noun 1. a territory ruled by another country \circ the former French colonies in Africa \circ Roman colonies were established in North Africa and along the shores of the Black Sea. 2. a group of animals or humans living together \circ a colony of ants \circ an artists' colony

color /'k^lə/ noun, verb US spelling of colour

Colossal /kə'lbs(ə)l/ adj very large, huge ① **Colour** /'k∧lə/ noun 1. the appearance which an object has in light, e.g. red, blue or yellow ○ What colour is your bathroom? ○ I don't like the colour of the carpet. ○ His socks are the same colour as his shirt. 2. not black or white ○ The book has pages of colour pictures. ■ verb to add colour to something ○ The children were given crayons and told to colour the trees green and the earth brown.

colour-blind / $k\Lambda l = bla Ind/adj$ not able to tell the difference between certain colours, such as red and green

() **coloured** /'k Λ ləd/ adj in colour \circ a coloured postcard \circ a book with coloured illustrations

-coloured /kAləd/ *suffix* with a particular colour \circ *She was wearing a cream-coloured shirt.*

(2) **colourful** $/[k_\Lambda]=f(\exists)I/adj$ **1**. with bright colours \circ *She tied a colourful silk scarf round her hair.* **2**. full of excitement and adventure \circ *a colourful account of life in Vienna before the First World War*

colouring /'kAləriŋ/ noun 1. the way in which something or a plant or animal is coloured \circ the bright colouring of parrots \circ the brilliant colouring of woods in autumn 2. complexion, the colour of your skin and hair \circ *Choose a lipstick that goes with your dress and suits your colouring.* (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **color-ing**.)

colt /kəult/ noun a young male horse \circ The Irish colt won the race by two lengths. (NOTE: A young female horse is a **filly**.)

② **column** /'kpləm/ noun 1. a tall post, especially one made of stone 2. a narrow block of printing on a page such as in a newspaper \circ 'Continued on page 7, column 4.' 3. a regular article in a newspaper \circ She writes a gardening column for the local newspaper. 4. a series of numbers, one written or printed under the other \circ to add up a column of figures \circ Put the total at the bottom of the column.

columnist /'kpləmnist/ *noun* a journalist who writes regularly for a paper

com /kpm/ noun a commercial organisation

coma /'kəumə/ *noun* a state of unconsciousness from which a person cannot be awakened

comb /k \oplus om/ noun an object with long pointed pieces that you pull through your hair to make it tidy \circ Her hair is in such a mess that you can't get a comb through it.

• verb (combs, combing, combed) to smooth your hair with a comb \circ She was combing her hair in front of the mirror.

combat /'kpmbæt/ noun fighting o These young soldiers have no experience of combat in the field.

combatant /'kombətənt/ *noun* a person who is fighting

combative /'kpmbətiv/ *adj* who likes to get into quarrels or arguments

(2) **combination** $/_k \text{combined} \int_{\infty}^{\infty} |\nabla h|^2 \ln |\nabla h|^2 \ln$

combine /kəm'baın/ (combines, combining, combined) verb to join together, or consider things together [~with] \circ Let's combine our ideas and then try to work out a plan. \circ The cold weather will be combined with high winds next week and the temperature will drop rapidly.

combined /kəm'baınd/ adj taken to-gether

combustible /k om'bastib(3)l/adjwhich can easily catch fire \circ *The warehouse was full of paint and other combustible substances.*

combustion $/k \Rightarrow m'bAst \int \Rightarrow n/$ noun the process of burning

(i) come $/k_{A}m/$ (comes, coming, came, come) verb 1, to move to or towards a place [~to/into/through etc]
o Some of the children come to school on foot. \circ Come into my room and we'll talk about the problem. She's just coming through the gate now. \Box to come and do something to come in order to do something o Come and see us when you're in London.
□ to come to do something to come in order to do something \circ *He* came to talk to us about the new system. 2. to happen [~to/~about] o It came *about like this...* \circ *How did the door come* to be open? 3. to occur in a particular position [~before/after/~first/second etc] \circ What comes after R in the alphabet? \circ P comes before $O_{\cdot} \circ$ She came second in the test. \diamond **how come?** why?, how? \circ *How come the* front door was unlocked?

come across *ghrasal verb* to find something by chance $\circ I$ came across this old photo when I was clearing out a drawer.

come along *g phrasal verb* **1**. to go with someone \circ *If you walk, the children can come along with us in the car.* **2**. to hurry \circ *Come along, or you'll miss the bus.*

come apart (3) phrasal verb to break into pieces

come back(3) *phrasal verb* to return \circ *They left the house in a hurry, and then had to come back to get their passports.* \circ *They started to walk away, but the policeman shouted at them to come back.*

come down phrasal verb **1**. to get lower \circ The price of oranges has come down. **2**. to come downstairs \circ She was in bed but had to come down to answer the phone. **3**. to get a disease \circ The children have come down with measles.

come in *(*) *phrasal verb* to enter a place

come in for *phrasal verb* to get or receive something unpleasant

come into *phrasal verb* to enter \circ *Three people came into the restaurant.*

come of phrasal verb to happen as a result of

come off *(3) phrasal verb* **1**. to stop being attached \circ *The button has come off my coat.* \circ *I can't use the kettle, the handle has come off.* **2**. to be removed \circ *The paint won't come off my coat.* **3**. to do well or badly \circ *Our team came off badly in the competition.* \circ *She came off well in the exam.*

come on(3) phrasal verb **1**. to hurry \circ Come on, or we'll miss the start of the film. **2**. to arrive $\circ A$ storm came on as we were fishing in the bay. \circ Night is coming on. \circ She thinks she has a cold coming on.

come out phrasal verb **1**. to move outside • Come out into the garden, it's beautifully hot. **2**. (of pictures and photographs) to appear • The church didn't come out very well on the photo. • Something must be wrong with the camera – half my holiday pictures didn't come out. **3**. to be removed • The ink marks won't come out of my white shirt. • Red wine stains don't come out easily. **4**. to appear for sale • The magazine comes out on Saturdays. **5**. to state publicly that you are homosexual • He decided to come out before the newspapers started to print stories about him.

come through phrasal verb **1.** to move through something to get to a place \circ *Come through the kitchen into the dining* room. **2.** (of information) to arrive by phone, fax, etc. \circ *The message came through this morning*. **3.** to recover from an illness \circ *Do you think she's going to come through*?

come to(3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to add up to a particular amount \circ *The bill comes to* $\pounds 10$. **2**. to become conscious again \circ *When he came to, he was in hospital.*

come up phrasal verb to come close to someone \circ The policeman came up to him and asked to see his passport.

comeback /'kAmbæk/ noun 1. a reaction \circ Despite the mistakes in the book there has been no comeback yet from the readers. 2. a return of someone such as a singer or sportsman after retirement \circ She is trying to make a comeback.

comedian /kə'miːdiən/ *noun* a person who tells jokes to make people laugh

comedown /'kAmdaun/ *noun* a situation making you feel unimportant (*informal*)

comedy /'kɒmədi/ (*plural* **comedies**) *noun* **1.** entertainment which makes you laugh **2.** a play or film which makes you laugh

comet /'kpmit/ noun an object which moves in space, and which you can see at night because of its bright tail

③ **comfort** /'kAmfət/ noun **1**. the state of being comfortable ○ They live in great comfort. ○ You expect a certain amount of comfort on a luxury liner. ○ She complained about the lack of comfort in the second-class coaches. **2**. something which helps to make you feel happier [-t0] ○ It was a comfort to me to know that the chil*dren were safe.* **3.** a feeling of being less worried or unhappy than you were before \circ *The long-awaited letter gave me some comfort.* **•** *verb* (comforts, comforting, comforted) to make someone feel happier \circ *She was comforting the people who had been in the accident.*

① **comfortable** /'k Λ mf(ə)təb(ə)l/ adj 1. soft and relaxing \circ *These shoes aren't very comfortable*. \circ *There are more comfortable chairs in the lounge*. 2. \Box **to make yourself comfortable** to relax \circ *She made herself comfortable in the chair by the fire*.

comfortably $/'k_{A}mf(\vartheta)t\varthetabli/adv$ in a soft, relaxed or relaxing way \circ *If you're sitting comfortably, I'll explain to you what we have to do.* \circ *Make sure you're comfortably dressed because it is rather cold outside.*

comfy /'kAmfi/ (**comfier**, **comfiest**) *adj* comfortable (*informal*)

comic /'komik/ noun **1**. a children's magazine with pictures and stories **2**. a person who tells jokes to make people laugh $\circ a$ well-known TV comic **a** adj intended to make people laugh, especially as a performance $\circ a$ comic poem

comical /'kom1k(ϑ)!/ adj strange or silly in a way that makes people laugh \circ He looked rather comical wearing his dad's jacket.

comic strip /'kpm1k str1p/ noun a series of small pictures telling a story or joke, usually printed in a magazine or newspaper

③ **coming** /'kʌmɪŋ/ adj which is about to happen o The newspaper tells you what will happen in the coming week in parliament.

comma /'kpmə/ *noun* a punctuation mark (,) showing a break in a sentence

(2) **command** /kə'mɑ:nd/ noun an order \circ Don't start until I give the command. \circ The general gave the command to attack. \square in command of in control of \circ They are not fully in command of the situation. \blacksquare verb (commands, commanding, commanded) 1. to order someone to do something \circ He commanded the troops to open fire on the rebels. 2. to be in charge of a group of people, especially in the armed forces \circ He commands a group of volunteer soldiers.

commandant /'kpməndænt/ noun the officer in charge of something such as a military base

commandeer /,kpmən'dɪə/ (commandeers, commandeering, commandeered)

commander

verb to take over property to be used by the armed forces

commander /kə'mɑ:ndə/ noun the officer in charge of a group of soldiers or a ship \circ The commander must make sure that all his soldiers know exactly what they must do.

commandment /kə'maːndmənt/ *noun* a rule

commando /kə'mɑ:ndəʊ/ (plural commandos or commandoes) noun 1. a group of soldiers who are specially trained to attack under difficult circumstances \circ *They* planned a commando attack on the harbour. 2. a member of such a group of soldiers \circ *Masked commandos burst in* through the door.

(3) **Commemorate** /kə'meməreit/ (commemorates, commemorating, commemorated) *verb* to celebrate the memory of someone, a special occasion, etc.

commemorative /kə'mem(ə)rətıv/ *adj* which commemorates

③ **Commence** /kə'mens/ (**commences**, **commencing**, **commenced**) *verb* to begin **commencement** /kə'mensmənt/ *noun* the beginning ○ At the commencement of the service, the priest asked everyone to stand.

Commencement /kə'mensmənt/ *noun* US a day when degrees are awarded at a university or college (NOTE: The British term is **degree day** or **degree ceremony**.)

commend /kə'mend/ (commends, commending, commended) *verb* to praise **commendable** /kə'mendəb(ə)l/ *adj* which should be praised

(1) **comment** /'kpment/ noun 1. words showing what you think about something [~about/on] \circ His comments were widely reported in the newspapers. O The man made a rude comment about the food. 2. discussion about a particular issue [~about/on] o The scandal aroused considerable comment in the press. (NOTE: no plural in this meaning) verb (comments, commenting, commented) to say what you think about something [~on/~that] o The film star refused to comment. \circ He commented on the lack of towels in the bathroom. \circ The judges commented that the standard had been very high. \diamond 'no comment' I refuse to discuss it in public

commentary /'komənt(ə)ri/ (plural commentaries) noun 1. a spoken report on a football match, horse race, etc. \circ The match is being shown on Channel 4 with live commentary also on the radio. 2. remarks about a book, a problem, etc. \circ For intelligent commentary on current events you should read the 'Spectator'.

commentator /'komənteitə/ noun a person who reports events as they happen, on the radio or TV

commerce /'kpm31s/ noun the buying and selling of goods and services

(2) **commercial** /kə'mɜ: $\int(9)l/adj$ 1. relating to business \circ *He is a specialist in commercial law.* 2. used for business purposes and not private or military purposes \circ *The company makes commercial vehicles such as taxis and buses.* (NOTE: [all adj senses] only used before nouns) **•** *noun* an advertisement on television \circ *Our TV commercial attracted a lot of interest.*

commercialism $/k \circ^{1}m3: \int (3) l_{1Z}(3)m/$ noun **1**. the principles and methods of buying and selling goods and services **2**. emphasis on making a profit rather than on quality

commiserate /kə'mizəreit/ (commiserates, commiserating, commiserated) verb to sympathise with someone [~with/~about/over] \circ She was commiserating with me about our theft.

(1) commission /k a'm I(a)n / noun 1. a group of people which investigates problems of national importance o The government has appointed a commission to look into the problem of drugs in schools. 2. an order for something to be made or to be used \circ *He received a commission to paint* the portrait of the Prime Minister. 3. the percentage of sales value given to the sales representative \circ She gets 15% commission on everything she sells. \circ He charges 10% *commission.* **4.** an order making someone an officer \circ He has a commission in the Roval Marines. • verb (commissions. commissioning, commissioned) 1. to authorise someone such as an artist or architect to do a piece of work; to authorise a piece of work to be done o The magazine commissioned him to write a series of articles on Germany. O The statue was commissioned by the veterans' association. 2. to make someone an officer o He was commissioned into the guards.

commissioner $/k a'mI \int (a)na/$ noun a representative of authority

② commit /kə'mit/ (commits, committing, committed) verb 1. to carry out a crime o The gang committed six robberies before they were caught. O He said he was on holiday in Spain when the murder was committed. 2. to promise, or make someone promise, something or to do something [-to] \circ They didn't want to commit £5000 all at once. \circ Under my contract I committed to the project three days a week. \circ The agreement commits us to check the machine twice a month.

② **commitment** /kə'mītmənt/ noun 1. a responsibility ○ He has difficulty in meeting his financial commitments. ○ She has no family commitments. 2. an agreement to do something [-to] ○ She made a firm commitment to be more punctual in future. ○ We have the photocopier on one week's trial, with no commitment to buy. 3. determination and enthusiasm ○ He thanked the staff for their commitment during a difficult period.

committed /kə'mɪtɪd/ *adj* firmly believing in

① **committee** /kə'mɪti/ noun an official group of people who organise or discuss things for a larger group \circ The company has set up a committee to look into sports facilities. \circ Committee members will be asked to vote on the proposal.

commodity /kə'mpdrti/ (*plural* **commodities**) *noun* a product sold in very large quantities, especially raw materials such as silver and tin and food such as corn or coffee

() **Common** /'komən/ adj happening often, or found everywhere and so not unusual \circ It's very common for people to get colds in winter. \circ The plane tree is a very common tree in towns.

common ground /,kpmən 'graund/ *noun* the things that two or more people or groups agree upon

common knowledge /,komən 'nolɪdʒ/ *noun* something that is generally known

common law /,kpmən 'lɔ:/ *noun* a law as laid down in decisions of courts, rather than by statute

3 commonly / kpmanli/ adv often

commonplace /'kpmənpleis/ *adj* ordinary, or happening frequently

common room /'komən ru:m/ noun a room in which a particular group of people, e.g. senior students, can relax

common sense /,kpmən 'sens/ *noun* the ability to make sensible decisions and do the best thing

commotion $/k \vartheta' m \vartheta \upsilon \int (\vartheta) n / noun$ noise and confusion

communal /'komjun(ə)l, kə 'mju:n(ə)l/ *adj* belonging to, or able to be used by, several people **commune** /'komju:n/ *noun* a group of people who live together sharing everything \circ What is it like to live in a commune?

③ **COMMUNICATE** /kə'mju:nɪkeɪt/ (communicates, communicating, communicated) verb 1. to send or give information to someone [~with] ○ Communicating with our office in London has been transformed by email. ○ Although she is unable to speak, she can still communicate by using her hands. 2. to be good at sharing your thoughts or feelings with other people [-with] ○ He finds it difficult to communicate with his children.

communication /kə,mjurnı 'keif(a)n/ noun the act of passing information on to other people [~with/~between] o Email is the most convenient means of *communication with our friends abroad.* o There is a lack of communication between the head teacher and the other members of staff. **•** plural noun communications 1. a system of sending information between people or places o an improved communications network o Telephone communications have been restored. 2. the ways people use to give information or express their thoughts and feelings to each other [~with/~between] o There's been a breakdown in communications between the agencies dealing with the case.

communicative /kə'mju:nɪkətɪv/ *adj* friendly and keen to communicate

③ **communion** /kə'mju:niən/ noun fellowship with someone

communiqué /kəˈmjuːnɪkeɪ/ noun an official announcement

communism /'komjon1z(ə)m/, **Communism** *noun* a social system in which all property is owned and shared by the society as a whole and not by individual people

communist /'komjonist/, **Communist** adjreferring to communism \circ The Communist Party is holding its annual meeting this weekend. • noun a person who believes in communism, especially a member of the Communist Party \circ He was a Communist all his life. \circ The Communists have three seats on the city council.

() **community** $/k \circ mju:nti/$ (plural **communities**) noun a group of people living in one area \circ *The local community is worried about the level of violence in the streets.*

community service /kə,mju:niti 's3:VIS/ *noun* unpaid work for the benefit of the local community, usually done as a sentence for some minor crime

(3) commute /k a'miuxt/ (commutes. commuting, commuted) verb 1. to travel to work from home each day \circ *He com*mutes from Oxford to his office in the centre of London. 2. to reduce a legal penalty • The prison sentence was commuted to a fine. \circ His death sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. 3. to exchange one type of payment for another o His pension has been commuted to a lump sum payment.

③ **commuter** /kə'mjuːtə/ noun a person who travels to work in town every day

compact¹ /kəm'pækt/ adj small, especially because parts are arranged close together o a compact storage system

compact² /'kpmpækt/ noun 1. an agreement o The two companies signed a compact to share their research findings. 2. a small family car

compact disc / kpmpækt 'disk/ noun same as CD

(3) companion /kəm'pænjən/ noun a person who is with someone o She turned to her companion and said a few words.

companionship /kəm'pænjən[ıp/ noun friendship

(1) company /'kAmp(ə)ni/ (plural companies) noun 1. an organisation that offers a service or that buys and sells goods \circ She runs an electrical company. \circ He set up a computer company. \circ It is company policy not to allow smoking anywhere in the offices. (NOTE: usually written Co. in names: Smith & Co.) 2. the fact of being together with other people $\circ I$ enjoy the company of *young people.* **3.** a group of people who work together \circ *a theatre company* \diamond **in** company with, in the company of with o She went to Paris in company with or in the company of three other girls from college. to be good company to be a very entertaining person to be with \diamond to keep someone company to be with someone so that they are not alone o Would you like to come with me to keep me company?

comparable /'kpmp(ə)rəb(ə)l/ adi which are similar or which can be compared

comparative /kəm'pærətiv/ adj to a certain extent, when considered next to something else o Judged by last year's performance it is a comparative improvement. • noun the form of an adjective or adverb

showing an increase in level or strength o 'Happier', 'better' and 'more often' are the comparatives of 'happy', 'good' and 'often'.

③ **comparatively** /kəm'pærətıvli/ adv to a certain extent, more than something else

() compare /kəm'peə/ (compares. comparing, compared) verb 1. to look at two things side by side to see how they are different o Compare the front with the back. • The colour of the paint was compared to the sample. **2.** \square to compare something to something else to say how something is like something else \circ He compared his mother's homemade bread to a lump of wood.

() comparison $/k \Rightarrow m'p \approx ris(\Rightarrow)n/$ noun the act of comparing two or more things [/~with/~between] \circ *He made a comparison* of the different methods available. \Box in comparison with when one thing is compared with another o This year, July was *cold in comparison with last year.* \Box **there** is no comparison between them one thing is much better than another

(3) compartment /kəm'partmənt/ noun **1.** a division inside something \circ the freezing compartment of a fridge \circ The box is divided into several compartments. 2. a separate section in a railway carriage, or in a ship \circ There are no compartments in these trains. O The hold is divided into watertight compartments.

(3) **compass** /'kAmpəs/ noun an object with a needle that points to the north \circ They were lost in the mountains without a compass.

compassion $/k = m'p \approx \int (a)n/n oun a$ feeling of sympathy for someone unfortunate

compassionate /kəm'pæf(ə)nət/ adj showing sympathy with someone who is ill, etc.

compatible /kəm'pætib(ə)l/ adi 1. compatible with something able to fit or work with something o Make sure the two computer systems are compatible. 2. compatible with someone able to live or work happily with someone o How their marriage has lasted so long no one knows *– they're not at all compatible.*

compatriot /kəm'pætriət/ noun a person from the same country

3 compel /kəm'pel/ (compels, compelling, compelled) verb to force

compelling /kəm'peliŋ/ adj 1. which forces you to do something \circ He used a very compelling argument against capital *punishment.* **2.** very exciting or interesting

compensate /'komponsett/ (compensates, compensating, compensated) verb 1. to make a bad thing seem less serious or unpleasant [~for] \circ The high salary compensates for the long hours worked. 2. to pay someone for damage or a loss [~for] \circ The airline refused to compensate him for his cancelled flight.

(3) **compensation** /,kompən'se1∫(ə)n/ noun 1. something that makes something bad seem less serious or unpleasant [~for] ○ Working in the centre of London has its compensations. ○ Four weeks' holiday is no compensation for a year's work in that office. 2. payment for damage or loss [~for] • The airline refused to pay any compensation for his lost luggage.

③ **Compete** /kəm 'pi:t/ (**competes**, **competing**, **competed**) verb 1. to try to win a race or a game [~for/~for/~in/~against] ○ Teams come from around the world to compete for the cup. ○ He is competing in both the 100- and 200-metre races. ○ She's competing against some of the best players in the world. 2. to try to be more successful than someone or something in an activity, especially in business [~with] ○ We have to compete with a range of cheap imports.

(3) **competence** /'kompit(ə)ns/ noun 1. the quality of being able to do a job or task well enough ○ Does she have the necessary competence in foreign languages? ○ His professional competence was well above the standard required for the job. 2. the quality of being legally suitable or qualified to do something ○ The case falls within the competence of the tribunal. ○ This is outside the competence of this court.

competent /'kompit(\Rightarrow)nt/ adj 1. efficient \circ She is a very competent manager. 2. legally or officially able to do something \circ The organisation is not competent to deal with this case.

competing /kəm'pi:tiŋ/ *adj* who or which are in competition

① **competition** /,kompə'tıʃ(ə)n/ noun 1. an event in which several teams or people compete with each other \circ France were the winners of the competition. \circ He won first prize in the piano competition. 2. a situation in business in which one person or company is trying to do better than another [~from/~between/among/~for] \circ We have to keep our prices low because of competition from cheap imports. \circ There's strong competition between suppliers for the contract. (NOTE: no plural in this meaning) **3**. people or companies who are trying to do better than you \circ We have lowered our prices to try to beat the competition. \circ The competition is or are planning to reduce their prices. (NOTE: singular in this meaning, but can take a plural verb)

② **competitive** /kəm'petītīv/ adj 1. liking to win competitions ○ *He's very competitive*. 2. having a business advantage, especially by being cheaper ○ *competitive prices* ○ *We must reduce costs to remain competitive*.

competitor /kəm'petitə/ noun 1. a person who enters a competition \circ All the competitors lined up for the start of the race. 2. a company which competes with another in the same business \circ Two German firms are our main competitors.

compilation /,kompi'lei $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1**. the process of putting things together in a list or book \circ *The compilation of a dictionary is a never-ending task.* **2**. a work which has been compiled \circ *His compilation of jokes from 19th-century magazines has just been published.*

③ **compile** /kəm'pail/ (**compiles**, **compiling**, **compiled**) *verb* to draw up a list \circ She compiled a list of all her friends whose names started with the letter 'R'. \circ They have compiled a mass of data on space flights.

complacent /kəm'pleis(ə)nt/ *adj* satisfied with yourself

② complain /kəm'plein/ (complains, complaining, complained) verb to say that something is not good or does not work properly [~to/~about/~(that)] o The shop is so cold the staff have started complaining. She complained to me about the mistake on her bill. o They are complaining that our prices are too high.

② complaint /kəm'pleint/ noun 1. an occasion when someone says that something is not good enough or does not work properly [~about] o She sent her letter of complaint about the standard of service to the directors. 2. an illness o She was admitted to hospital with a kidney complaint.

complement¹ /'kompliment/ noun 1. a thing which adds to or fits in with something else $[-t0] \circ Mint sauce is the perfect complement to roast lamb. 2. a noun or adjective which follows the verbs 'be' or 'become' <math>\circ$ In the sentence 'he's a big boy' the words 'a big boy' are the complement of the verb 'is'.

complement² /'kpmpliment/ (complements, complementing, complemented) verb to fit in with something \circ *The two col*-

ours complement each other perfectly. Her jewellery complemented the colour of her hair. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **compliment**.)

complementary /,kompl1'ment(ə)ri/ adj which fits in with something by offering things which the other thing does not have (NOTE: Do not confuse with **complimentary**.)

① complete /kəm'pli:t/ adj 1. with all its parts ○ He has a complete set of the new stamps. 2. finished ○ The building is nearly complete. (NOTE: used after a verb) 3. used for emphasis ○ The trip was a complete waste of money. ■ verb (completes, completing, completed) 1. to finish something ○ The builders completed the whole job in two days. 2. to fill in a form ○ When you have completed the application form, send it to us in the envelope provided.

() completely /kəm'pli:tli/ adv totally *The town was completely destroyed in the earthquake. O I completely forgot about my dentist's appointment.*

completion /kəm'pli: $\int(\mathfrak{s})n/$ noun the act of finishing \circ With the completion of the Channel Tunnel, travel to France became much easier. \circ The bridge is nearing completion.

② **complex** /*kompleks/ adjcomplicated ○ This really is a complex problem. ○ The specifications for the machine are very complex. ■ noun 1. a group of buildings ○ The council has built a new sports complex. 2. a worry or an unreasonable fear ○ He has a complex about going bald.

complexion $/k \Rightarrow m' plek \int \Rightarrow n/$ noun the colour of the skin on your face

③ **complexity** /kəm'pleksıti/ noun the fact of being complex ○ *The report was delayed because of the complexity of the problems.*

③ **compliance** /kəm'plarəns/ noun agreement to do what is ordered

compliant /kəm'plaɪənt/ *adj* agreeing to do something or to obey the rules

③ **complicate** /'komplikent/ (complicates, complicating, complicated) verb to make things complicated

① **complicated** /'komplikentid/ adj difficult to understand, with many small details \circ *It is a complicated subject.* \circ *It's all* getting too complicated – let's try and keep it simple. \circ Chess has quite complicated rules. \circ The route to get to our house is rather complicated, so *I'll draw you a map.* **complication** /_kkompli'ketf(\circ)n/ noun 1. something that causes difficulties **2**. an illness occurring because of or during another illness \circ *She appeared to be getting better, but complications set in.* (NOTE: usually plural)

complicity /kəm'plisiti/ noun the fact of being involved in a crime as an accomplice **compliment**¹ /'kpmpliment/ noun a nice thing that you say to someone about their appearance or about something good they have done o *I've had so many compli*ments about my new hairstyle today!

compliment² /'kompliment/ (compliments, complimenting, complimented) verb to praise someone or tell them how nice they look [~on] \circ *She complimented me on my work.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with complement.)

 complimentary /,kompli 'ment(3)ri/ adj full of praise o He was very complimentary about her dress. o The reviews of his book are very complimentary.
 component /kam'paonant/ noun a small part of something larger, especially a

small piece of a machine \circ a manufacturer of computer components \circ Each section of the plan is broken down into separate components. • adj forming part of something larger

compose /kəm'pəʊz/ (**composes**, **composing**, **composed**) *verb* to write something, thinking carefully about it \circ *He sat down to compose a letter to his family*. \circ *It took Mozart only three days to compose his fifth piano concerto.*

composed /kəm'pə υ zd/ adj not flustered \circ The accused man sat in the dock looking very calm and composed.

composer /kəm'pəuzə/ *noun* a person who writes music

composite /'kpmpəzit/ *adj* made of several different parts

(3) **composition** /,kompə'zı∫(ə)n/ noun **1**. something which has been composed, e.g. a poem or piece of music ○ We will now play a well-known composition by Dowland. **2**. an essay or piece of writing on a special subject ○ We had three hours to write a composition on 'pollution'.

compost /'kpmppst/ noun rotted leaves, etc., used as a fertiliser

composure /kəm'pəuʒə/ noun calmness

compound /'kompaund/ adj made up of several parts \circ The word 'address book' is a compound noun. **•** noun **1**. a chemical made up of two or more elements \circ Water is a compound of two gases, oxygen and hydrogen. **2**. buildings and land enclosed by a fence \circ Soldiers were guarding the prison compound. \circ Guard dogs patrol the compound at night.

comprehend / kompri hend/ (**comprehends**, **comprehending**, **comprehended**) *verb* to understand (*formal*)

comprehensible /,komprī 'hensəb(ə)l/ adj which can be understood ③ **comprehension** /,komprī'hen∫ən/ noun understanding ◇ beyond someone's comprehension quite impossible for someone to understand ○ His actions are beyond my comprehension.

(3) **comprehensive** /,kpmpr1'hens1v/ noun same as **comprehensive school**

comprehensive school /,komprI 'hensiv sku:l/ *noun* a state school for children of all abilities

compress /kəm'pres/ (compresses, compressing, compressed) verb to squeeze into a small space \circ The garden centre sells peat compressed into large bags. \circ I tried to compress the data onto one page, but couldn't do it.

(3) **COMPrise** $/k \Rightarrow m' praiz/$ (comprises, comprising, comprised) verb to be made up of

compromise /'kpmpromaiz/ noun an agreement between two opposing sides, where each side gives way a little [~on/~with] \circ They reached a compromise on the price after some discussion. \circ There is no question of a compromise with the terrorists. verb (compromises, compromising, compromised) 1. to come to an agreement by giving way little а $[\text{-on/-with}] \circ He asked \pm 15 \text{ for it, } I offered$ £7 and we compromised on £10. \circ The government has refused to compromise with the terrorists. 2. to put someone in a difficult position [~over] o Now that he has been compromised over the issue of trust, he has had to withdraw as a candidate. 3. to do something which reveals a secret \circ *The security code has been compromised.*

compromising /'komprəmaiziŋ/ adj embarrassing

compulsion /kəm'pʌl∫ən/ *noun* a force or urge

compulsive /kəm'pʌlsɪv/ *adj* not able to stop yourself doing something

compulsory /kəm'pAlsəri/ adj essential, or required by a rule or law \circ a compulsory charge for admission \circ It is compulsory to complete all pages of the form.

() **computer** /kəm'pju:tə/ noun an electronic machine which processes and keeps information automatically, and which can be used for connecting to the Internet and sending emails \diamond **on computer** kept in a computer \diamond All our company records are on computer.

computer-aided design /kəm ,pju:tər ,eɪdɪd dɪ'zaɪn/ *noun* the use of computer software in designing things

computer-literate /kəm,pjuːtə 'lɪt(ə)rət/ *adj* able to use a computer

computing /kəm'pju:t1ŋ/ *noun* the use of computers

comrade /'komreid/ noun 1. a friend or companion, especially a soldier \circ We remember old comrades buried in foreign cemeteries. 2. a fellow member of a socialist or communist party \circ All comrades must attend the party meeting.

(3) **CON**/kDN/ noun a trick done to try to get money from someone \circ *Trying to get us to* pay him for ten hours' work was just a con. \diamond **conman** • verb (**cons, conning, conned**) to trick someone to try to get money \circ *They conned the bank into lending them* £25,000. \circ *He conned the old lady out of all her savings.*

concave /'konkeiv/ *adj* (of a surface) rounded inwards like the inside of a spoon **conceal** /kən'si:l/ (**conceals, concealing, concealed**) verb **1**. to hide something or put it where it cannot be seen \circ *He tried to conceal the camera by putting it under his coat.* **2**. to prevent someone from discovering some information \circ *He concealed the fact that he had a brother in prison.*

② CONCEDE /kən'si:d/ (concedes, conceding, conceded) verb 1. to admit that you are wrong [~that] o She conceded that this time she had been mistaken. 2. I to concede defeat to admit that you have lost o With half the votes counted, the presidential candidate conceded defeat.

conceit /kən'sirt/ *noun* a high opinion of yourself

conceited /kən'si:tId/ *adj* thinking that you are better, more intelligent, or more talented than other people \circ *He's the most conceited and selfish person I've ever known.*

conceivable /kən'siːvəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be imagined

② CONCEIVE /kən'si:v/ (conceives, conceiving, conceived) verb 1. to become pregnant o After two years of marriage she was beginning to think she would never conceive. 2. I to be conceived (of a child) to start existence in the mother's body o Our little girl was conceived during a power cut in New York. 3. to think of a plan o

They conceived the idea for a big celebration in several countries at the same time. **4.** to imagine something, or imagine doing something [\sim of/ \sim how/what etc] \circ I can't conceive of any occasion where I would wear a dress like that. \circ It is difficult to conceive how people can be so cruel.

② concentrate /'konsentreit/ verb (concentrates, concentrating, concentrated) 1. to give your careful attention to something [-on] o The exam candidates were all concentrating on their questions when the electricity went off. 2. to put everything together in one place o The enemy guns are concentrated on top of that hill. ■ noun a substance which has been concentrated by extracting some of the water in it o lemon concentrate

② **concentrated** /'konsentrettd/ adj1. from which water has been extracted, so giving a very strong taste \circ a bottle of concentrated orange juice 2. very determined to do something \circ With a little concentrated effort we should be able to do it.

(2) **concentration** / konsen'treif(\ni)n/ noun 1. the act of thinking carefully about something \circ A loud conversation in the next room disturbed my concentration. \circ His concentration slipped and he lost the next two games. 2. a lot of things together in one area \circ the concentration of computer companies in the south of Scotland \circ The concentration of wild animals round the water hole makes it easy for lions to catch their prey.

concentration camp $/_k$ konsen 'trei $\int(9)$ n kæmp/ *noun* a harsh camp, often for political prisoners

concentric /kon'sentrik/ *adj* used for describing circles and spheres of different sizes with the same centre

② **concept** /'konsept/ noun an idea about something or about how something works \circ *I'll quickly explain the basic concepts of safe working in this environment.*

③ conception /kən'sep∫ən/ noun 1. the fact of becoming pregnant ○ Birth takes place about nine months after conception.
2. an understanding of what something is like ○ She has no conception of how long it can take to prepare a good lesson.

① **CONCETN** /kən's3:n/ verb (concerns, concerning, concerned) 1. to have a particular thing as a subject \circ The film concerns or is concerned with children growing up in the 1950s. \Box the letter concerns you the letter is about you \Box that does not concern him it has nothing to do with him

□ as far as something is concerned used for introducing the subject of a comment \circ The end of June is too soon, as far as deliverv is concerned.

to concern vourself with something to deal with something o You needn't concern yourself with cleaning *the shop.* **2.** to make someone worry [~that] • I am concerned that he is always late for *work.* **noun 1.** worry [~about/over/at/~to] • We have a major concern about the late delivery. \circ Her health has been a great concern to her family. 2. interest [~for] o My main concern is to ensure that we all enjoy ourselves. \circ The adults in the group seemed to show no concern at all for the children's safety.
iii is not someone's **concern** it's nothing to do with someone \circ I don't care what they do with the money it's not my concern. 3. a company or business \circ a big German chemical concern

① **Concerned** /kən's3:nd/ adj 1. worried \circ She looked concerned. \circ I could tell something was wrong by the concerned look on her face. \circ We are concerned about her behaviour – do you think she is having problems at school? 2. involved in or affected by something \circ I'll speak to the parents concerned. 3. showing interest in something \circ I'm concerned to know what people thought after the information session.

① **concerning** /kən's3:nɪŋ/ prep about; on the subject of (formal) \circ He filled in a questionnaire concerning holidays. \circ I'd like to speak to Mr Robinson concerning his application for insurance. \circ Anyone with information concerning this person should get in touch with the police.

(2) **concert** /'konsət/ noun an occasion on which music is played in public $\circ I$ couldn't go to the concert, so I gave my ticket to a friend.

concerto /kən'tʃeətəʊ/ (plural concertos or concerti) noun a piece of music for a single instrument and orchestra, or for a small group of instruments

concession /kən'se $\int(\partial)n/noun \mathbf{1}$. the act of allowing someone do something you do not really want them to do $[-on/-to] \circ As$ a concession, we let the children stay out until 11 on Saturdays. \circ We have already made concessions on pay and conditions. \circ They avoided the subject for a while, as a concession to her feelings of disappointment. **2**. \Box to make concessions to someone to change your plans so as to please someone \circ The Prime Minister has said that no concessions will be made to the ter-

rorists. **3.** a licence to do something [~to] \circ *a concession to extract oil* or *an oil concession*

concessionary $/k \circ s \circ (\circ) \circ ($

conciliation /kən,sıli'eı $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the bringing together of the parties in a disagreement with a third party, so that the disagreement can be settled through a series of talks

conciliatory /kən'sɪliət(ə)ri/ *adj* which aims to make people agree to settle a disagreement

concise /kən'saıs/ *adj* short, using only a few words

② **CONCLUGE** /kən'klu:d/ (concludes, concluding, concluded) verb 1. to end, or come to an end [~with] ○ The concert concluded with a piece by Mozart. ○ He concluded by thanking all those who had helped arrange the exhibition. 2. to come to an opinion from the information available [~(that]] ○ The police concluded that the thief had got into the building through the broken kitchen window. 3. □ to conclude an agreement with someone to arrange an agreement with someone

concluding /kən'klurdıŋ/ adj last

② **conclusion** /kən'klu: $\Im(\Im)n/$ noun **1**. the end of something \circ At the conclusion of the trial all the accused were found guilty. **2**. an opinion which you reach after thinking carefully [~that] \circ She came to or reached the conclusion that he had found another girlfriend. \circ What conclusions can you draw from the evidence?

conclusive /kən'kluːsɪv/ *adj* which offers firm proof

concoct /kən'kpkt/ (concocts, concocting, concocted) verb 1. to make up or invent a story \circ However unbelievable the story is, it is not something which he has concocted. 2. to make a dish of food \circ I'm always a bit dubious about the dishes she concocts for us when she invites us to dinner. (NOTE: + concoction n)

concourse /'koŋko:s/ *noun* a large entrance area in a railway station or airport

③ **concrete** /'koŋkri:t/ noun a mixture of a grey powder called cement, and sand, used in building \circ *Concrete was invented* by the Romans. \circ The pavement is made of slabs of concrete. \blacksquare adj 1. made of concrete \circ a concrete path 2. firm or definite, rather than vague \circ The police are sure he is guilty, but they have no concrete evidence against him. \circ I need to see some concrete proposals very soon. **3.** referring to something with a physical structure $\circ A$ stone is a concrete object.

concrete noun /,kɒŋkri:t 'naun/ *noun* a word which gives the name of a physical thing, e.g. 'clock' or 'elephant'

CONCUT /k \exists n'k \exists !/ (concurs, concurring, concurred) verb to agree (formal) \circ I concur with your point of view.

concussion $/k an' k_{\Lambda}(a)n/n oun a shock to the brain caused by being hit on the head$

condemn /kən'dem/ (condemns, condemning, condemned) verb 1. to say strongly that you do not approve of something o She condemned the police for their treatment of the prisoners. 2. to sentence a criminal o She was condemned to death.

condemnation $/_k$ kondem'ne1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun$ saying that you do not approve of something

condensation $/_k$ konden'sei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun$ steam which becomes a film of water on a cold surface

condense /kən'dens/ (condenses, condensing, condensed) verb 1. to reduce the size of something \circ The article was sent back to the author with a note asking her to condense it. 2. to make a liquid become thicker \circ He opened a tin of condensed soup. 3. (of steam) to form drops of water \circ Vapour will condense when it is cooled.

condescending /kond1'send1y/ *adj* behaving in a way which shows you think you are a better person than someone else

① **condition** $/k \exists n'dt f(\exists)n/ noun 1. a state that something or someone is in <math>\circ$ *The car is in very good condition.* \circ *He was taken to hospital when his condition got worse.* **2.** something which has to be agreed before something else is done \circ *They didn't agree with some of the conditions of the contract.* \circ *One of conditions of the contract.* \circ *One of conditions of the costs.* \diamond **on condition that** only if $\circ I$ will come on condition that you pay my fare.

conditional $/k \exists n' di f(\exists)n(\exists)l' adj 1.$ provided that certain things take place 2. **conditional on** subject to certain conditions \circ *The offer is conditional on the board's acceptance.* **n** *n oun* a part of a verb which shows that something might happen \circ 'I would come' is a conditional form of 'to come.'

conditioner $/k \exists n d I (\exists) (\exists) n \exists / n oun a liq$ uid which you use on hair or clothes afterwashing them to make them feel smooth $and soft <math>\circ$ *The hairdresser asked me if I* condolences

wanted some conditioner after the shampoo. \circ I always use a combined shampoo and conditioner.

condolences /kən'dəʊlənsiz/ plural noun expressions of feeling sad, especially at the death of someone \circ He expressed his condolences to the company on the death of their founder. \circ We sent our condolences to his wife, whom we know very well.

condom /'kondom/ *noun* a rubber covering put over the penis before sex as a protection against infection and also to prevent the woman from becoming pregnant

condominium /₁kondə'mıniəm/ noun US **1**. a building where each apartment is owned by the person who lives in it \circ They're building a condominium on the site of the old hospital. **2**. an apartment in a condominium \circ His cousin has just bought an expensive condominium in Malibu. (NOTE: often shortened to **condo**)

condone /kən'dəun/ (condones, condoning, condoned) *verb* to excuse or forgive something such as a fault or crime

conduct¹ /'kondAkt/ noun a way of behaving \circ *His conduct in class is becoming worse.* \circ *Her conduct during the trial was remarkably calm.*

 $conduct^2$ /kən'dAkt/ (conducts, conducting, conducted) verb 1. to do something in an organised or particular way (formal) \circ I don't like the way they conduct their affairs. • They are conducting an experiment into the effect of TV advertising. □ to conduct yourself to behave in a particular way $\circ I$ was impressed by the calm way in which she conducted herself. \circ The children conducted themselves well during the long speeches. 2. to direct or take someone to a place \circ The were conducted to their seats. 3. to direct the way in which a musician or singer performs o The orchestra was conducted by a Russian conductor. 4. to allow electricity or heat to pass through \circ *Copper conducts electricity very* well.

Conductor /kən'dʌktə/ noun 1. the person who sells tickets on a bus 2. the person who directs the way an orchestra plays
a metal or other substance through which electricity or heat can pass o Copper is a good conductor but plastic is not.

③ **cone** /kəun/ noun a shape which is round at the base, rising to a point above \circ *He rolled the newspaper to form a cone.*

cone off *phrasal verb* to cut off part of a road with cones

confectionery $/k \exists n' fek \int \exists n(\exists) ri/ noun$ sweets and cakes

confederation $/k
an_i fed a' rei f(a)n/$ noun a group of states or organisations

③ **Confer** /kən'f3:/ (confers, conferring, conferred) verb 1. to discuss [~with] ○ The leader of the Council conferred with the Town Clerk. 2. to give something such as a responsibility, legal right or honour to someone [~on] (formal) ○ the powers conferred on the council by law

① **Conference** /'konf(ə)rəns/ noun 1. a large meeting where people who are interested in the same thing come together [-on] ○ an international conference on the environment □ to be in conference to be in a meeting 2. a meeting of a group or society [-on] ○ the annual conference of the Green party 3. a meeting to discuss something [-on] ○ The managers had a quick conference on what action to take.

conference call /'konf(ə)rəns ko:l/ noun a telephone conversation involving three or more people using special equipment so that they can all talk to each other **confess** /kən'fes/ (**confesses, confessing, confessed**) verb to admit that you have committed a crime or done something wrong [~to/~(that)] \circ He confessed to six burglaries. \circ She confessed that she had forgotten to lock the door.

confession $/k \exists n' f \in J(\exists) n/$ noun a statement in which someone admits they have committed a crime or done something wrong \circ The prisoner said his confession had been forced from him by the police. $\circ I$ was surprised by her confession of ignorance about the correct procedures to follow. $\circ I$ have a confession to make -I forgot to send the cheque.

confetti /kən'feti/ *noun* small pieces of coloured paper thrown over the bride and bridegroom after a wedding

confidant /'konfidænt/ *noun* a person to whom someone tells secrets

confidante /'konfidænt/ *noun* a woman to whom someone tells secrets

③ **Confide** /kən'faɪd/ (**confides**, **confiding**, **confided**) *verb* to tell someone a secret • *He has always confided in his mother*.

(2) **confidence** /'konfid(\ni)ns/ noun **1**. a feeling of being sure about your own or someone else's abilities [~in/~(that)] \circ He hasn't got much confidence in himself. \circ I have confidence that he'll succeed in persuading them to do it. **2**. the fact of being secret \diamond in confidence as a secret \circ He showed me the report in confidence.

(2) **confident** /'konf1d(ə)nt/ adj sure that you or something will be successful \circ *I am confident (that) the show will go off well.* \circ *She's confident of doing well in the exam.*

(3) **confidential** $/_k \text{confidential}$ / adj secret or private \circ *This information is strictly confidential.*

confidently /'konfidəntli/ adv in a way which shows that you are confident \circ She walked confidently into the interview room. (3) **configuration** /kən,figjə'rei $\int(\partial)n/$ noun 1. the shape or design of something \circ Just looking at the configuration of the wires on a telephone exchange makes the mind boggle. 2. the way in which the hardware and software of a computer system are planned \circ The machine uses RAM to store system configuration information.

③ **Confine** /kən'faın/ (**confines**, **confining**, **confined**) verb **1**. to keep in one small place ○ The tigers were confined in a small cage with no room to move around. **2**. to limit ○ Make sure you confine your answer to the subject in the question.

confinement /kən'faınmənt/ noun the fact of being in prison \circ *He was kept in solitary confinement for seven weeks.*

confines /'konfainz/ *plural noun* **1**. the borders or edges of a place **2**. the limits of something such as an activity or topic of study

② **Confirm** /kən'f3:m/ (**confirms**, **confirming**, **confirmed**) *verb* to say that something is certain [~(that)] \circ *The dates of the concerts have been confirmed by the pop group's manager*. \circ *The photograph confirmed that the result of the race was a dead heat*. \circ *We have been told that she left the country last month* – *can you confirm that*?

confirmed /kən'f3:md/ *adj* permanently in a certain state, and not wanting to change

confiscate /'kpnfiskeit/ (**confiscates**, **confiscating**, **confiscated**) *verb* to take away someone's possessions as a punishment (NOTE: + **confiscation** *n*)

conflict¹/'konflikt/ noun **1**. a strong disagreement or argument [-over] \circ conflict over whose responsibility it was to notify the change **2**. fighting [-with] \circ The government is engaged in armed conflict with rebel forces. \Box **to come into conflict with someone** to start to disagree strongly with someone \circ They soon came into conflict over who should be in charge.

conflict² /kən'flıkt/ (conflicts, conflicting, conflicted) *verb* **1**. to disagree with someone or something [~with] \circ *His version of events conflicts with that of his partner.* **2**. \Box **they gave conflicting advice** different people gave pieces of advice which were the opposite of each other

(3) **Conform** /kən'fɔ:m/ (conforms, conforming, conformed) *verb* to act in the same way as other people

conformist /kən'fɔːmɪst/ *noun* a person who acts in the same way as other people

confound /kən'faund/ (**confounds**, **confounding**, **confounded**) *verb* to make someone feel surprised or confused

confront /kən'frAnt/ (confronts, confronting, confronted) verb 1. to threaten someone by approaching them \circ Don't confront a burglar on your own – he may be armed. 2. to be willing to deal with a difficult situation \circ We need to confront these issues before they get out of control.

confrontation /,konfrAn'tel J(a)n/noun an angry meeting between opposing sides [-with] \circ To avoid confrontation with the fans of the opposing team, the supporters will be kept as far apart as possible.

confrontational /,konfr∧n 'ter∫(ə)n(ə)l/ *adj* always arguing and causing difficulties

confuse /kən'f ju:z/ (confuses, confusing, confused) verb 1. to make someone feel that they cannot understand something \circ She was confused by all the journalists' questions. 2. to mix things or people up \circ The twins are so alike I am always confusing them. \circ I always confuse him with his brother – they are very alike.

(3) **confused** /kən'fju:zd/ adj unable to understand or to think clearly \circ *I'm a bit* confused – did we say 8 p.m. or 8.30? \circ Grandmother used to get rather confused in her old age.

③ **confusing** /kən'fju:zɪŋ/ adj difficult to understand \circ *They found the instructions* on the computer very confusing.

③ **confusion** /kən'fju:ʒ(ə)n/ noun 1. a state of not knowing what to do or how to decide something [~about/over/as to] \circ Her reply just created more confusion over who was responsible. 2. a state in which things are not organised in the correct way or are not clear \circ There were scenes of confusion at the airport when the snow stopped all flights. \diamond in confusion not able to decide what is happening or what to do \circ He was looking at the letter in great confusion.

congeal /kən'dʒiːl/ (congeals, congealing, congealed) *verb* (*of liquid*) to become solid (NOTE: When referring to blood, the usual word to use is **clot**.)

congenial /kən'dʒiːniəl/ adj pleasant or friendly

congenital $/k \Rightarrow n'd \Rightarrow ent(\Rightarrow) l/ adj (of an ill$ ness or other medical problem) which existsat or before birth

congested /kən'd $_3$ est 1d/ adj blocked or crowded \circ Following the accident, all the roads round the station soon became congested. \circ Something has to be done about London's congested road system.

congestion /kən'dʒestʃən/ noun 1. a situation where a place is filled with people or traffic 2. a condition in which a part of your body such as your nose is blocked with mucus \circ *This spray should clear bronchial and nasal congestion.*

conglomerate /kən'glɒmərət/ noun a group of companies, each making very different types of products

conglomeration /kən,glomə'reif(ə)n/ noun a mass of things collected together

congratulate /kən'grætʃulett/ (congratulates, congratulating, congratulated) verb 1. to tell someone that you are very pleased that they have been successful [\sim on] \circ I want to congratulate you on your promotion. 2. to give someone your best wishes on a special occasion [\sim on] \circ He congratulated them on their silver wedding anniversary.

③ **congratulation** /kən,græt ʃu 'leɪʃ(ə)n/ noun praise for someone who has done well [-on] \circ *His grandparents* sent him a letter of congratulation on passing his degree. \blacksquare plural noun **congratulations** an expression of good wishes to someone who has done well or who is celebrating a special occasion \circ a congratulations card \circ Congratulations - you're our millionth customer! \circ Congratulations on passing your exam! \circ The office sent him their congratulations on his wedding.

congregate //kbŋgrigeit/ (congregates, congregating, congregated) verb to gather together

(3) congregation /,kpŋgr1'ge1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun the people who meet together in a church

congress /'koŋgres/ *noun* a meeting of a group

③ **Congress** /'koŋgres/ *noun* the legislative body of the USA, formed of the House of Representatives and the Senate

conical /'kpn1k(ə)l/ *adj* shaped like a cone

conifer /'konifə/ *noun* a tree with long thin leaves called needles which stay green all year, and which produces fruit in the form of cones

conjecture $/k \exists r' d \exists ekt \int \exists / noun the process of guessing something when you do not have all the information you need <math>\circ$ *It was pure conjecture on my part.*

conjugal /'kondʒʊg(ə)l/ *adj* referring to marriage

conjugate /'kond30gett/ (**conjugates**, **conjugating**, **conjugated**) *verb* **1**. to state the forms of a verb **2**. (*of verbs*) to have different grammatical forms

conjunction /kən'dʒʌŋkʃən/ noun a word which connects different sections of a sentence. 'and' and 'but' are conjunctions. \diamond in conjunction with someone or **something** together with someone or something \diamond The icy road in conjunction with fog made driving very difficult.

conjure /'kAnd3ə/ (**conjures**, **conjuring**, **conjured**) *verb* **1**. to do magic tricks with objects such as cards \circ *Here is a picture of a magician conjuring a rabbit out of a hat.* **2**. to produce something as if by magic **3**. *also* **conjure up** to bring an idea or image into someone's mind \circ *His writing about the south of France conjures up scents of lavender and olive oil.*

conjurer /'kəndʒərə/, **conjuror** *noun* a person who does magic tricks with objects such as cards

conman /'konmæn/ (plural conmen) noun a person who tricks people in order to get money, by making them believe something (informal)

 connect /kə'nekt/ (connects, connecting, connected) verb 1. to join one thing to another [~to] o The computer should have been connected to the printer. • Connect the two red wires together. 2. to link one person or thing with another [~with] \circ They found nothing to connect him with the family apart from the fact they had been on holiday in the same hotel. **3.** to make it possible for a telephone or a computer to be used for communicating with others \circ *Has the telephone been connected yet?* **4.** to arrive before another train, plane, bus or boat leaves, so that you can continue your journey easily \circ *The plane from New* York connects with the plane to Athens.

Connection /kə'nekjən/ noun 1. a relationship between things [~between/~with]
 There is a definite connection between smoking and lung cancer. 2. a bus, train or plane which you catch after getting off an-

other means of transport [-to] \circ My train was late and I missed my connection to Birmingham. **3.** a particular way of communicating remotely \circ an Internet connection **4.** a point at which two different pieces of equipment join \circ There is a loose connection somewhere. \blacksquare plural noun connections people you know \circ He has business connections in Argentina. \diamond in connection with relating to \circ I'm writing in connection with your visit.

connector /kə'nektə/, **connecter** *noun* something which connects things, especially two pieces of equipment, or parts of a single object or structure

connoisseur /,kono's3:/ *noun* an expert, a person who knows a lot about something

connotation $/_k pn \vartheta' ter \int (\vartheta) n / noun$ an additional meaning

Conquer /'kɒŋkə/ (conquers, conquering, conquered) verb 1. to defeat people by force \circ *The army had conquered most of the country*. 2. to change a negative emotion or type of behaviour successfully $\circ I$ *eventually conquered my fear of flying.*

conqueror /'kɒŋkərə/ *noun* a person who takes control of a country by force

③ **Conquest** /'kɒŋkwest/ noun 1. the act of taking control of a country or people by force o *the Norman Conquest in 1066* 2. a country or person that has been conquered
③ **Conscience** /'kɒnʃəns/ noun a feel-

ing that you have done right or wrong

conscientious $/_k \text{kon} \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3}$

(2) **conscious** /'kon∫əs/ adj awake and able to know what is happening around you ○ She was conscious during the minor operation on her toe. □ a **conscious decision** a decision which you have thought carefully about ○ Refusing the offer was a conscious decision on his part. ○ He made a conscious decision to try to avoid her in future.

consciously /'kon \int soli/ adv in a deliberate or active way \circ I wasn't consciously ignoring her – I just didn't notice her. \circ He doesn't consciously remember locking the door.

③ **CONSCIOUSNESS** /'kɒn∫əsnəs/ noun the fact of being conscious □ **to lose consciousness** to become unconscious

conscript¹ /'konskript/ noun a person who is made to join the armed services \circ *The conscripts had hardly any time to train before being sent to the front.* **conscript**² /kən'skrıpt/ (conscripts, conscripting, conscripted) verb to order someone to join the armed services $\circ All$ men under 35 were conscripted into the armed forces.

CONSECTATE /'kDNSIKTEIT/ (consecrates, consecrating, consecrated) verb to perform a religious ceremony to make something such as a building or someone such as a king or priest holy \circ *The bishop was consecrated in the cathedral.*

consecutive /kən'sekjutıv/ *adj* following one after the other

③ **consensus** /kən'sensəs/ noun an opinion which most people agree on

③ **consent** /kən'sent/ noun agreement [-to] ○ Doctors must obtain a patient's consent to any operation.

② **Consequence** /'konsikwəns/ noun 1. something which happens because of something else $[/-for] \circ If$ we lose this order, the consequences for the firm will be disastrous. \circ Smoking has serious health consequences. 2. importance (formal) \diamond as a consequence as a result \circ We queued for two hours in the rain, and as a consequence all of us got colds. \diamond of no consequence not important \circ What he thinks about the situation is of no consequence.

consequent /'konsikwənt/ *adj* which follows as a result of something

③ **consequently** /'konsikwəntli/ adv because of this \circ We walked all day in the rain and consequently all caught colds.

(3) **conservation** /,konsə'veı∫(ə)n/ noun the careful use of things such as energy or natural resources ○ The company is spending more money on energy conservation.

(3) **conservationist** /,kDnsə 'vei∫(ə)nist/ *noun* a person who encourages the preservation of the countryside and the careful management of natural resources

conservatism /kən's3:vətiz(ə)m/ noun 1. the fact that someone is conservative \circ the basic conservatism of British farmers 2. the ideas and beliefs of the Conservative political party \circ Conservatism had a great effect on British society during the 1980s.

③ **conservative** /kən's3:vətīv/ adj not wanting to change \circ *He has very conservative views.*

Conservative /kən's3:vət1v/ noun a member of the Conservative Party

conservatoire

conservatoire /kən'sɜːvətwɑː/ *noun* a school or college where music is the only subject of study

conservatory /kən's3:vət(ə)ri/ (plural conservatories) noun 1. a room with large windows, where you keep tropical flowers and plants \circ With its glass roof and windows, our conservatory becomes very hot in the summer. 2. US same as conservatore toire

conserve¹ /kən's31V/ (conserves, conserving, conserved) verb 1. to keep, not to waste \circ a government programme to conserve energy 2. to look after and keep in the same state \circ Our committee aims to conserve the wildlife in our area.

 $conserve^2$ /'kpns3:v/ noun pieces of fruit in a thick sweet liquid \circ peach conserve

(1) consider /kən'sıdə/ (considers, considering, considered) verb 1. to think something carefully about [~that/~what/whether etc]
o Please consider seriously the offer that we are making. \circ We need to consider whether we really need it.
to consider doing something to think about taking a particular course of action $\circ I$ considered training as a teacher. 2. to regard someone or something in a particular way o Do you consider him the right man for the job? o She is considered (to be) one of the best lawyers in town. \diamond all things considered used for saying that you have thought about all aspects of a situation, including the bad ones o All things considered, the party went off quite well.

() **considerable** $/k \Rightarrow n' s Id(\Rightarrow) r \Rightarrow b(\Rightarrow) I/adj$ fairly large \circ *He lost a considerable amount of money at the horse race.*

(1) **considerably** $/k \Rightarrow n'sId(\Rightarrow)r\Rightarrow bli/ adv$ to a fairly large extent

considerate /kən'sıd(ə)rət/ *adj* full of feeling or understanding towards someone ① **consideration** /kən₁sıdə'reıJ(ə)n/ *noun* 1. careful thought \circ *We are giving se rious consideration to the possibility of moving the head office to Scotland.* \Box **to take something into consideration** to think about something when making a decision \circ *The age of the children has to be taken into consideration.* 2. something which has an effect on a decision \circ *The safety of the children is more important than all other considerations.* \diamond **under consideration** being thought about \circ *The matter is under consideration.*

() **considering** /kən'sıd(ə)rıŋ/ *conj*, *prep* used to say that one thing affects another \circ He plays the violin extremely well, considering he's only five. \circ He ought to be more grateful, considering the amount of help you have given him.

consignment /kən'saınmənt/ noun 1. the sending of goods to someone who will sell them for you \circ *The consignment of books to our French distributor was easily organised.* 2. a quantity of goods sent for sale \circ *A consignment of goods has arrived.* • *We are expecting a consignment of cars from Japan.*

(3) **CONSIST** /kən'sıst/ (**consists, consisting, consisted**) verb **1**. to be made up of various parts [~of] ○ The package consists of air travel, six nights in a luxury hotel, and all meals. ○ My day consisted of clearing out bedroom and getting ready to paint it. **2**. to have as the most important element [-in] (formal) ○ Her success consists in her willingness to be flexible.

③ **consistency** /kən'sistənsi/, **consistence** noun **1**. the fact of being the same throughout $[\sim in] \circ I$ wish there was more consistency in his reports. **2**. the degree to which a substance is, e.g., thick or smooth \circ The consistency of the sauce should be that of thick syrup. \circ In order to obtain the desired consistency, it may be necessary to add a little water.

(3) **consistent** /kən'sıstənt/ adj always at the same level \circ *Some of his work is very* good, but he's not consistent.

consolation $/_k \text{konse}' \text{let} \int (\partial)n / noun something which makes you feel less sad or annoyed, e.g. after a loss or a failure$

console¹ /'konsoul/ *noun* **1**. a unit consisting of a keyboard, screen and usually a printer which allows someone to communicate with a computer system \circ *We have a console which contains both the TV and video.* **2**. a surface containing the controls that operate something \circ *The sound engineer at the console controls the sound coming from the stage.*

console² /kən'səʊl/ (**consoles**, **consol**ing, **consoled**) verb to help someone to feel less sad or annoyed \circ The priest wanted to console her for the loss of her father. \circ I tried to console her but she cried herself to sleep. \Box **to console yourself** to do something to make yourself feel less sad or annoyed \circ After hearing he had failed some of his exams, he consoled himself with the thought that his brother had done even worse than he had.

consolidate /kən'spl:dett/ (consolidates, consolidating, consolidated) verb **1.** to make firm or sure \circ Having entered the market, the company spent a year consolidating its position. \circ The team consolidated their lead with a second goal. **2.** to join together to make one single unit \circ The two businesses consolidated to form one group. (NOTE: + consolidation n)

consonant /'konsənənt/ *noun* a letter representing a sound which is produced by partly stopping the air going out of the mouth

consortium /kən'sɔ:tiəm/ (*plural* **consortia**) *noun* a group of companies which work together

conspicuous /kən'spīkjuəs/ *adj* very obvious **- they were conspicuous by their absence** it was very obvious that they were not there

③ **CONSPIRACY** /kən'spirəsi/ (plura/ **conspiracies**) noun a secret plan, especially to do something illegal or bad [~to/~against] o a conspiracy to murder the leader o He's sure there's a conspiracy against him in the office.

conspirator /kən'spirətə/ noun a person who is part of a conspiracy

conspiratorial /kən,spirə'tə:riəl/ *adj* like someone who has a secret plan

conspire /kən'spaɪə/ (**conspires**, **conspiring**, **conspired**) *verb* to make secret plans or to take part in a conspiracy

constable /'kʌnstəb(ə)l/ *noun* a police officer of the lowest rank

constabulary /kən'stæbjuləri/ noun the police force of a district

(2) **constant** /'konstənt/ adj not changing or stopping \circ *The constant noise of music from the bar next door drives me mad.*

■ noun a number or thing which does not change ○ Death and taxes are the only constants in life. ○ The speed of light is a scientific constant.

② constantly /'konstantli/ adv all the time

constellation / konstə'le1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/n$ noun a group of stars in the sky, often forming a pattern

consternation / kpnstə'neı∫(ə)n/ noun a shock or surprise

constipated /'konstipertid/ *adj* unable to pass solid waste out of your body easily **constipation** /_ikonsti'perj(ə)n/ *noun* the condition of being constipated (3) **constituency** /kənˈstɪt juənsi/ (*plu-ral* **constituencies**) *noun* an area of the country which elects a Member of Parliament

constituent /kən'stītjuənt/ noun 1. a part which goes to make up a whole \circ *Be*fore starting the experiment, make sure that all the chemical constituents are ready. **2.** a person who may vote in a constituency \circ A good MP tries to represent the views of his constituents. \circ She has had a mass of letters from her constituents about airport noise.

③ **Constitute** /'konstitjuit/ (constitutes, constituting, constituted) verb to be or form a particular thing ○ Selling the photographs to a newspaper constitutes a serious breach of security. ○ Women now constitute the majority of the committee.

(2) **constitution** /_konstr'tju: $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. the ability of a person to stay healthy \circ She has a very strong constitution. **2**. the laws and principles under which a country is ruled, which give the people rights and duties, and which give the government powers and duties \circ Unlike most states, Britain does not have a written constitution. \circ Freedom of speech is guaranteed by the American Constitution. **3**. the written rules of something such as a society or club \circ Under the society's constitution, the chairman is elected for two years.

(3) **constitutional** /,kpnsti 'tju: $\int (3)n(3)l/adj$ according to a country's constitution \circ Unilateral action by the Minister of Defence is not constitutional.

③ **CONSTRAIN** /kən'strein/ (constrains, constraining, constrained) verb to stop someone doing something which they want to do \circ His movements were constrained by his tight suit. \circ Entrepreneurs feel constrained by the mass of bureaucracy and red tape.

 (3) constraint /kən'streint/ noun something which limits your ability to act [~on]
 o the serious financial constraints on the business

constrict /kən'strikt/ (constricts, constricting, constricted) *verb* to make something tighter or smaller (NOTE: + constriction *n*)

(3) **CONSTRUCT** /kən'str∧kt/ (constructs, constructing, constructed) verb to build or make something ○ *The airport was constructed in 1995.* ○ *The wings are constructed of aluminium.*

(2) **construction** /kən'str Λ k \int ən/ noun 1. the act of building \circ *The construction of* the new stadium took three years. **2.** something which has been built \diamond **under construction** being built \diamond *The new airport is still under construction.*

constructive /kən'strʌktɪv/ *adj* which aims to help or improve

CONSTRUE /kən'stru:/ (construes, construing, construed) *verb* to understand the meaning of words or of a document in a particular way

consul /'kɒnsəl/ *noun* a person who represents a country in a foreign city, and helps his country's citizens and business interests there

consulate /'konsjulət/ *noun* the house or office of a consul

③ **CONSULT** /kən'sAlt/ (**consults**, **consulting**, **consulted**) verb **1**. to ask someone for advice \circ He consulted his bank about transferring his account. **2**. to look at something to get information \circ After consulting the map they decided to go north.

consultancy /kən'sAltənsi/ (plural consultancies) noun the act of giving advice on a subject that you have a lot of knowledge about \circ He offers a consultancy service. \circ She runs a consultancy firm, offering advice on planning. \circ Since he's been made redundant, he's been doing consultancy work.

③ **consultant** /kən'sʌltənt/ noun 1. an expert who gives advice \circ *His tax consult*ant advised him to sell the shares. 2. a senior hospital doctor who is an expert in a particular medical condition or illness \circ *We'll make an appointment for you to see a consultant.*

③ consultation /,konsəl'teı∫(ə)n/ noun
1. the act of consulting someone [~with] ○ a brief consultation with my lawyer ○ After consultations with the police, the government has decided to ban the protest march.
2. an act of visiting a doctor for advice [~with] ○ another consultation with a different eye surgeon

CONSUME /kən'sju:m/ (consumes, consuming, consumed) verb 1. to eat or drink something \circ The guests consumed over a hundred hamburgers. 2. to use something up \circ The world's natural resources are being consumed at an alarming rate. \circ The new model of car consumes about half the amount of petrol of the previous model.

② consumer /kən'sju:mə/ noun a person or company that buys goods or services • Consumers are buying more from supermarkets and less from small shops. • Gas consumers are protesting at the increase in prices.

consuming /kən'sjuːmɪŋ/ adj which takes up all your time and energy

(3) **consumption** /kən'sAmp∫ən/ noun 1. the act of eating or drinking something ○ *The meat was condemned as unfit for human consumption.* ○ *The consumption of alcohol on the premises is not allowed.* 2. the quantity of something that someone eats or drinks ○ *Unless you reduce your consumption of fatty foods, you risk having a heart attack.*

(2) **contact** /'kpntækt/ noun 1. an act of touching [~between/~with] o Avoid any contact between the acid and the skin. \circ Anyone who has been in physical contact with the patient must consult their doctor *immediately.* **2.** the act of communicating with someone [~between/~with] \circ We don't have much contact with our old friends in Australia.

to get in contact with someone to write to someone or talk to them on the telephone **3.** a person whom you know • *He has a lot of contacts in the newspaper* world. • Who is your contact in the ministry? • verb (contacts, contacting, contacted) to write to someone or talk to them on the telephone o He tried to contact his office by phone. \circ Can you contact the ticket office immediately?

contact lens /'kontækt lenz/ noun a small piece of glass or plastic which you wear in the eye to help you see more clearly

contagious /kən'teidʒəs/ adj which can be passed on to someone else \circ He's a great music teacher and his enthusiasm for music is very contagious.

① **Contain** /kən'tein/ (**contains, containing, contained**) verb **1.** to hold an amount, or to have an amount inside \circ The bottle contains acid. \circ The envelope contained a cheque for £1,000. \circ A barrel contains 250 litres. \circ I have lost a briefcase containing important documents. **2.** to limit or prevent something harmful or unpleasant \circ The army tried to contain the advance of the enemy forces. \circ The party is attempting to contain the revolt among its members.

③ **Container** /kən'teɪnə/ noun an object such as a box or bottle which holds something else ○ We need a container for all this rubbish. ○ The gas is shipped in strong metal containers. **containment** /kən'teɪnmənt/ *noun* the process or act of keeping something under control

contaminate /kən'tæmineit/ (contaminates, contaminating, contaminated) *verb* to make something dirty by touching it or by adding something to it (NOTE: + contamination *n*)

③ **Contemplate** /'kontəmplett/ (contemplates, contemplating, contemplated) verb 1. to look at something \circ He stood for several minutes contemplating the painting. 2. \Box to contemplate doing something to plan to do something \circ He's contemplating retiring from his job and buying a shop.

(2) **contemporary** /kən'temp(ə)rəri/ adj 1. of the present time ○ contemporary art 2. existing at the same time as someone or something [~with] ○ Most of the people I was contemporary with at college have already got jobs. ■ noun (plural contemporaries) a person who lives at the same time as someone ○ Shakespeare and his contemporaries ○ He is one of my contemporaries from school.

contempt /kən'tempt/ noun the feeling of not respecting someone [~for] \circ The reviewer had nothing but contempt for the author of the novel.

contemptuous /kən'temptjuəs/ adj showing that you do not respect someone or that you do not believe they are important

③ **contend** /kən'tend/ (**contends**, **contending**, **contended**) *verb* **1**. to state that something is true **2**. to be forced to deal with something unpleasant [-with] ○ We had to contend with rainstorms, floods, and mosquitoes, so the holiday was not a great success. ○ Drugs are yet another problem that schools have to contend with.

contender /kən'tendə/ noun a person who takes part in a competition, especially someone who is likely to win [-for] \circ He's a definite contender for the world title.

content¹ /'kontent/ *noun* the amount of something which is contained in a substance \circ *Dried fruit has a higher sugar content than fresh fruit*. **•** *plural noun* **contents 1**. things which are inside something \circ *The contents of the bottle spilled onto the carpet*. **2**. the list of chapters in a book, usually printed at the beginning

(2) **content**² /kən'tent/ adj **1**. happy with what is happening in your life **2**. satisfied with something [~with] \circ *If you are not content with the way the car runs, bring it back*

and we will look at it again. □ content to do something happy to do something ○ She was content to sit in the sun and wait. ■ noun a feeling of satisfaction □ to your heart's content as much as you want ○ You can play the piano to your heart's content. ○ Living by the sea, they can go sailing to their heart's content.

contented /kən'tent1d/ *adj* satisfied and happy

(3) contention $/k \operatorname{sn}^{-1} \operatorname{en}^{-1} \operatorname{noun} 1$. an argument 2. a statement of what you believe \circ It is his contention that they are trying to ruin our business.

contentious /kən'tenʃəs/ adj which is the cause of a disagreement

contentment /kən'tentmənt/ noun a feeling of being satisfied or happy

contest¹ /'kpntest/ noun any event or situation in which people compete with each other \circ an international sports contest \circ Only two people entered the leadership contest.

contest² /kən'test/ (contests, contesting, contested) verb 1. to compete with other people to achieve a position \circ *There are four candidates contesting the championship.* 2. to say that you disagree with what is written in a legal document

contestant /kən'testənt/ noun a person who takes part in a competition \circ *The two contestants shook hands before the match.*

① **Context** /'kontekst/ noun the other words which surround a particular word in a piece of writing and which help to show its meaning \circ Even if you don't know what a word means, you can sometimes guess its meaning from the context. \Box **taken out of context** showing only part of what someone said or wrote, so that the meaning is changed \circ My words have been taken out of context – I said the book was 'one of the best' not 'the best' I'd read.

continent /'kontinent/ noun one of the seven large land areas in the world, e.g. Africa or Europe

Continent /'kontInent/ noun the mainland area of Europe, as compared with the islands of the United Kingdom \circ They go to the Continent on holiday each year, sometimes to France, sometimes to Switzerland. \Box on the Continent in the main part of Europe

continental /,kpnt1'nent(ə)]/ adj 1. referring to a continent 2. referring to or typical of Europe excluding the United Kingdom

contingency

contingency /kən'tındʒənsi/ *noun* a possible state of emergency when decisions will have to be taken quickly

contingent /kən'tındʒənt/ noun a group of people such as soldiers \circ The army was formed of contingents of freedom fighters from various countries. \circ A large contingent of farmers marched to the Parliament building.

② **continual** /kən'tınjuəl/ adj 1. happening many times in a period of time \circ We have experienced a period of continual change. 2. happening frequently in a way that is annoying \circ The computer has given us continual problems ever since we bought it.

③ **continuation** $/k = n_1 t in_j u' = i_j (=) n/noun 1.$ the process of going on without stopping \circ *How can we ensure the continuation of the peace talks*? 2. something which has been continued \circ *Broad Street is in fact a continuation of the High Street.*

① **Continue** /kən'tınju:/ (**continues**, **continuing**, **continued**) verb to go on doing something or happening [~with] ○ The meeting started at 10 a.m. and continued all afternoon. ○ The show continued with some children's dances. ○ He continued working, even though everyone else had gone home. ○ The engine continued to send out clouds of black smoke.

continuing education $/k \Im n, t in j u i \eta$ edju'kei $\int(\Im)n/n oun$ education of adults after further or higher education

③ **continuity** /,konti'nju:iti/ *noun* the way in which the scenes in a film or television programme continue without a break

(2) **continuous** /kən'tınjuəs/ adj without stopping or without a break \circ *She has been in continuous pain for three days.* $\circ A$ *continuous white line on the road means that you are not allowed to overtake.*

continuously /kən'tınjuəsli/ *adv* without a break

contort /kən'tɔ:t/ (contorts, contorting, contorted) verb to twist something into a position that is not natural [~with] \circ >His face was contorted with pain.

contraception/_kbntrə'sepJən/ noun a way of preventing a woman from becoming pregnant by using a device such as a condom or a particular type of drug

contraceptive / kontrə'septiv/ noun a drug or condom which prevents pregnancy \circ an oral contraceptive such as the pill \circ The chemist sells various types of contraceptives. ① **contract**¹ /'kpntrækt/ noun a legal agreement [~with] \circ *I've signed a contract with a new company.*

contract² /kən'trækt/ (contracts, contracting, contracted) verb 1. to become smaller \circ Metal contracts when it gets cold, and expands when it is hot. 2. to make an official agreement to do some work [-for] \circ to contract for the supply of spare parts \circ to contract to supply spare parts

③ **contraction** /kən'træk∫ən/ noun 1. an act of becoming shorter or smaller ○ Light will provoke the contraction of the pupil of the eye. ○ Cold will cause the contraction of metal rails. 2. the movement of the muscles of the womb when a baby is being born ○ The first strong contractions will come about every twenty minutes. ○ She had two contractions in the car on the way to the maternity hospital.

contractor /kən'træktə/ *noun* a person who does work according to a signed agreement

contradict / kpntrə'dikt/ (contradicts, contradicting, contradicted) verb 1. to say that what someone else says is not true \circ They didn't dare contradict their mother. 2. to be different from what has been said before \circ What you have just said contradicts what you said yesterday.

③ **contradiction** /,kpntrə'dık \int ən/ noun stating or being the opposite [~between] \circ There is a basic contradiction between the government's policies and what it actually does. \diamond a contradiction in terms a phrase which is formed of two parts which contradict each other, and so have no meaning \diamond A truthful politician is a contradiction in terms.

contradictory /,kpntrə'dikt(ə)ri/ *adj* which states or is the opposite

contraption /kən'træp∫ən/ *noun* an unusual machine or device (*informal*)

contrary /'kontrəri/ adj opposite \circ Most people agreed with the speaker, but one or two expressed contrary views. \diamond **contrary** to in opposition to \circ Contrary to what you would expect, the desert gets quite cold at night.

(2) **contrast**¹ /'kontraist/ noun a difference between two things [~between] \circ a big contrast in weather between the north and the south of the country \circ The two cities are in sharp contrast. \diamond in contrast to as opposed to \circ He is quite short, in contrast to his sister who is very tall. \circ The north of the country is green and wooded

in contrast to the south which is dry and sandy.

(2) **contrast**² /kən'trɑ:st/ (**contrasts**, **contrasting**, **contrasted**) *verb* to be obviously different from [~with] \circ His formal letter contrasted with his friendly conversation on the telephone.

contrasting /kən'tra:stiŋ/ adj which are very different

Contravene /,kontrə'vi:n/ (contravenes, contravening, contravened) *verb* to fail to obey a rule or law (NOTE: + contravention *n*)

② **contribute** /kən'trıbju:t/ (contributes, contributing, contributed) verb 1. to help something to happen [~to] \circ *The government's policies have contributed to a feeling of anxiety among teachers.* 2. to give money to help to pay for something, especially when other people are also giving [-to] \circ *We were asked to contribute to a charity.* \circ *Everyone was asked to contribute to the receptionist's leaving present.*

② **contribution** /,kontri'bju: $\int(\Im)n/$ noun **1**. something that someone does to help something to happen [~to] \circ *I* want to thank you for your enormous contribution to the success of the project. **2**. something, usually money, given to help to pay for something [~to] \circ *She makes monthly contributions to the Red Cross.*

contributor /kən'trɪbjutə/ *noun* a person or organisation that contributes to something

contrive /kən'traıv/ (contrives, contriving, contrived) verb to manage to do something

contrived /kən'traɪvd/ *adj* not natural or reasonable

(1) control /kən'trəul/ noun 1. the fact of keeping someone or something in order or being able to direct them \circ *He lost control* of his business and resigned. \circ The club is under the control of three people. 2. the ability to get people to do what you want [~over] \circ The teacher has no control over the class. ■ verb (controls, controlling, **controlled**) 1. to keep something in order, to direct or limit something o The police couldn't control the crowds. O There was nobody there to control the traffic. \circ We must try to control the sales of foreign cars. • The government controls the price of *meat.* **2.** \square **to control a business** to have the power to direct the way a business is run o The business is controlled by a company based in Luxembourg.

control freak /kən'trəol fri:k/ noun a person who wants to be always in control of the situation (*slang*)

controlled /kən'trəuld/ adj kept under control

controller /kən'trəulə/ *noun* a person who controls something

control tower /kən'trəol ,tauə/ *noun* a high building at an airport with the radio station which directs planes

controversial /_k $bntr^{3}v3: \int (3)l/adj$ causing strong disagreements \circ *He made a highly controversial speech.* \circ *Legalisation of drugs is a very controversial issue.* \circ *She has controversial views on abortion.*

controversy /'kontravasii, kan 'trovasi/ (plural controversies) noun a sharp discussion \circ There is a lot of controversy about the funding of political parties.

conurbation /_kkpn3:'bei $\int(\partial)n/$ noun a very large built-up area

CONVALESCE /,kDNVƏ'les/ (**convalesces**, **convalescing**, **convalesced**) *verb* to get back to good health after an illness or an operation

CONVENE /kən'viɪn/ (convenes, convening, convened) *verb* to call a meeting

convenience /k = n'vi:ni = ns/ noun the fact of being convenient $\circ I$ like the convenience of working from home. \circ We bought the house because of the convenience of the area for shopping.

convenience food /kən'vi:niəns fu:d/ *noun* food which is prepared by the shop before it is sold, so that it needs only heating to be made ready to eat

③ **convenient** /kən'vi:niənt/ adj not causing any practical problems \circ Six o'clock in the morning is not a very convenient time for a meeting. \circ A bank draft is a convenient way of sending money abroad.

conveniently /kən'vi:niəntli/ adv in a convenient way

convent /'konvənt/ *noun* a religious establishment where nuns live; the buildings of such a place (NOTE: The equivalent establishment for men is a **monastery**.)

(2) **convention** $/k \sin' v en \int \sin/ noun \mathbf{1}$. the usual way of doing things \circ *It is a convention that the bride wears white to her wedding.* **2**. a contract or agreement \circ *an international convention on human rights* **3**. a general meeting of a group such as a political party \circ *They are holding their annual convention in Chicago.*

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{conventional} & \textbf{weapon} & /k \mbox{-}n \mbox{-}v \mbox{enf}(\vartheta) n(\vartheta) l & 'wep \mbox{-}n \mbox{out} n \mbox{out}$

CONVERGE /kən'v3:d3/ (converges, converging, converged) *verb* to come together at a certain place or point

conversation \bigcirc /konvə'sei ((a)n/ noun an occasion on which two or more people talk to each other about something [~about/~with/~between] \circ We had a long conversation about loans with the bank manager. \circ He heard an interesting conversation between two bus passengers. \Box to carry on a conversation with someone to talk to someone o She tried to carry on a conversation with him while he was working. \circ It's difficult to carry on a conversation with Uncle Harry because he's deaf. \Box to make conversation to talk to someone to be polite rather than because you want to

CONVERSE $/k \exists n' \forall \exists s / (converses, conversing, conversed) verb to talk <math>\circ$ They were conversing seriously in French.

conversely /'kpnv3:sli/ adv in the opposite way

conversion $/k \exists n' \forall \exists : j(\exists)n/ noun 1.$ the act or process of changing one thing into another 2. the turning of a person to another set of ideas or religion [-to] 3. the act of converting a try in the game of rugby

convert¹ /'kpnv3:t/ *noun* a person who has changed his ideas or religion

CONVERT² /kən'v3:t/ (converts, converting, converted) verb 1. to change something into something else [~to/~into] \circ We are converting the shed into a studio. \circ These panels convert the heat of the sun to electricity. 2. to turn or to make someone turn from one set of ideas or religion to another [~to/~into] \circ When she got married she converted to Islam. \circ She tried to convert her husband into a vegetarian. 3. to change money of one country for money of another [~to/into] \circ We converted our pounds into Swiss francs.

convertible $/k \sin v_3 t_{2b}(s) l/$ noun a car with a roof which folds back or can be removed \circ You can hire a small convertible for \$100 a day.

CONVEX /'konveks/ *adj* which has a shape that curves outwards like the back of a spoon

(3) CONVEY /kən'vei/ (conveys, conveying, conveyed) verb 1. to transport, to carry \circ The supplies were being conveyed in lorries. **2.** to give a message or to express something \circ Please convey my congratulations to the team.

conveyor belt /kən've1ə belt/, **conveyor or** *noun* a moving surface in a factory, which takes something from one part of the factory to another

convict¹ /'kDNVIkt/ *noun* a criminal who has been sent to prison \circ *The police are searching for two escaped convicts.*

CONVICt² /k $n'v_1kt'$ (convicts, convicting, convicted) verb to prove in court that someone is guilty \circ She was convicted of theft.

③ **Conviction** /kən'vıkʃən/ noun 1. the fact of being found guilty \circ His lawyers are appealing against his conviction. 2. the fact of being certain that something is true \circ It was a common conviction in the Middle Ages that the earth was flat. \circ Her religious convictions do not allow her to eat shellfish. 3. the fact of being likely or being convincing \circ She gave a string of excuses which completely lacked conviction.

③ **CONVINCE** /kən'vīns/ (convinces, convincing, convinced) verb to persuade someone that something is true \circ The lawyer has to convince the jury of his client's innocence. \circ At an interview, you have to convince the employer that you are the right person for the job.

(3) **convinced** $/k \Rightarrow n'vinst/adj$ very certain \circ She's convinced that she's right.

convincing /kən'vɪnsɪŋ/ *adj* easy to accept or believe to be true

CONVOY /'konvoi/ *noun* a group of vehicles or ships travelling together in a line with armed protection

① **COOk** /kuk/ noun a person who gets food ready \circ He worked as a cook in a pub during the summer. ■ verb (**cooks, cooking, cooked**) to get food ready for eating, especially by heating it \circ It's my turn to cook the dinner tonight. \circ How do you cook cabbage?

cookbook /'kukbuk/ *noun* a book of recipes

(a) **cooker** /'kukə/ noun a large piece of kitchen equipment, used for cooking food

③ cookery /'kuk(ə)ri/ noun the art of cooking

cookery book /'kuk(ə)ri buk/, **cookbook** *noun* a book of recipes

(3) **cookie** /'kuki/ noun **1**. usually US a small, flat hard sweet cake \circ She bought a packet of cookies. (NOTE: The British English term is **biscuit**.) **2**. a computer file sent

to your computer by a website when you visit it. It stores information about you which can be used when you next visit the website.

(3) **cooking** /'kokiŋ/ noun **1**. the action of getting food ready to eat, especially by heating it \circ *He does the cooking, while his wife serves in the restaurant.* **2**. a particular style of preparing food \circ *The restaurant specialises in French provincial cooking.*

(1) cool /kurl/ adj 1. cold in a pleasant way, or colder than you would like or than you expect o It was hot on deck but cool down below. \circ Wines should be stored in a cool cellar. \circ It gets cool in the evenings in September. 2. not friendly or not enthusiastic [~to/towards] \circ I got a cool reception when I arrived half an hour late. \circ Their proposal got a cool response. O She was rather cool to me last time we met. \circ My colleagues were cool towards the plan unfortunately. 3. calm o The nurses remained cool and professional. 4. fashionable (informal) \circ They thought it was cool to wear white trainers. 5. good (informal) $\circ a$ cool party \circ a really cool idea (NOTE: + coolly adv; coolness n)
verb (cools, cooling, cooled) to make something cool; to become $cool \circ She$ boiled the jam for several hours and then put it aside to cool. ■ noun 1. a colder area which is pleasant o After the heat of the town centre, it is nice to sit in the cool of the garden. 2. the state of being calm o As soon as the reporters started to ask her questions she lost her *cool.* \diamond to be cool with something to be satisfied with something (informal) o We can go tomorrow – I'm cool with that.

cool down phrasal verb **1**. to make something cool or to become cool \circ Although it is very hot in the desert during the daytime, it always cools down in the evening. \circ This coffee is too hot – I'm waiting for it to cool down a bit. **2**. to calm someone, or to become calmer \circ He was furious with his secretary, but after a while he cooled down. \circ We tried to cool him down but it just made him more angry.

coolbox /'ku:lbbks/ *noun* a container which you can carry and which is used for keeping food and drinks cool

COOPERATE / $k = 0^{-1} p = 11^{-1}$ (cooperates, cooperating, cooperated) verb to work with someone [-with/-in] \circ Several organisations are cooperating with the government in the fight against international drug smuggling.

(2) **cooperation** $/k \mathfrak{so}_{0} \mathfrak{pp} \mathfrak{s}' \mathfrak{ret} \mathfrak{f}(\mathfrak{s}) \mathfrak{n} / \mathfrak{noun}$ the action of working together with someone else [~with] \circ *Cooperation between team members led to their success.*

(3) **Cooperative** /kəʊ'pp(ə)rətıv/ noun a business which works on a profit-sharing basis \circ a workers' cooperative

coordinate¹ /kə υ 'ɔ:dinət/ noun a set of numbers which fix a point on a map or graph \circ What are the coordinates for that hill? I don't think it is marked on the map. \circ Draw the X-Y coordinates.

coordinate² /kəʊ'ɔ:dineit/ (coordinates, coordinating, coordinated) verb to make people or things work together or fit in with each other \circ His job is to coordinate the work of the various relief agencies. \circ The election campaign was coordinated by the party headquarters.

coordinates /kəʊ'ɔːdɪnəts/ *plural noun* matching pieces of women's clothing

coordinator /kəʊ'əːdɪneɪtə/ noun a person who coordinates

③ COP /kop/ noun a policeman (informal) cop out phrasal verb to stop doing an activity, e.g. because of feeling afraid or not wanting to do it

(2) **cope** /koup/ (**copes**, **coping**, **coped**) *verb* to manage to deal with something o *She can cope perfectly well on her own*. O *We are trying to cope with the backlog of orders*.

copilot /'kəʊpaɪlət/ *noun* a pilot who helps the main pilot to fly an aircraft

copious /'kəupiəs/ *adj* in large amounts, in good supply

cop-out //kop aut/ *noun* a poor excuse or explanation for refusing to face up to something

copper /'kppə/ noun a reddish metal which turns green when exposed to air \circ *Copper is a good conductor of electricity.* \circ *The end of the copper wire should be attached to the terminal.*

copulate /'kppjulett/ (**copulates, copulating, copulated**) *verb* to have sex (NOTE: + **copulation** *n*)

() **COPY** /'kopi/ noun (plural **copies**) **1**. something made to look the same as something else \circ *This is an exact copy of the* painting by Picasso. 2. a particular book or newspaper \circ Where's my copy of today's 'Times'? \circ I lent my old copy of the play to my brother and he never gave it back. \blacksquare verb (copies, copying, copied) 1. to make something which looks like something else \circ He stole a credit card and copied the signature. 2. to do what someone else does

copycat /'kppikæt/ (*informal*) *noun* a person who copies what someone else does **a** *adj* which copies something else \circ *a copycat murder*

copyright /'kopirait/ noun an author's legal right to do something such as publish a book or put on a play and not to have it copied without permission \circ *Who holds the copyright for the play*? \circ *She is being sued for breach of copyright.*

coral /'korəl/ noun a rock-like substance formed of the bones of small animals in the sea

cord /ko:d/ noun a strong thin rope \circ Pull the cord to open the parachute. \circ In an emergency, pull the cord to stop the train.

cordial /'kɔ:diəl/ adj friendly \circ His greeting was not very cordial. \blacksquare noun to do what someone else does \circ Fruit cordials such as lemon, orange or lime are popular summer drinks.

cordless /'kordləs/ *adj* not needing to be connected to an electricity supply

cordon /'kɔ:d(\ni)n/ noun a barrier such as a rope or a line of police or soldiers surrounding an area to prevent people entering or leaving \circ Police formed a cordon round the referee to protect him from the fans. \circ There was a police cordon round the courthouse.

corduroy /'kɔ:dərɔi/ noun a cloth with raised lines on the surface \circ *He was wearing a corduroy jacket.*

③ **Core** /ko:/ noun 1. the central part of an object □ **the core of an apple**, **an apple core** the hard part in the middle of an apple, containing the seeds 2. the most basic or essential part of something \circ *Lack of resources is the core of the problem*. ■ adj most important \circ *These are the core points of the report*. □ **core values** the things that a group of people think are most important \circ *Honesty and reliability are among our core values*.

coriander / kpri'ændə/ *noun* a small herb, whose seeds and leaves are used for flavouring

cork /ko:k/ noun **1**. a small solid tube, used for closing wine bottles **2**. the very light bark of a type of tree, used for making

corks and other things \circ She placed little cork mats on the table to stop the wine glasses marking it. \blacksquare verb (corks, corking, corked) to put a cork into a bottle

corkscrew /'kɔːkskruː/ *noun* a special tool for taking corks out of bottles

③ **COTN** /korn/ noun 1. cereal plants such as wheat or barley \circ a field of corn 2. maize, a cereal crop which is grown in many parts of the world \Box corn on the cob the part of maize that has the seeds, boiled and served hot, with butter and salt

① **Corner** /'ko:nə/ noun a place where two walls, streets or sides meet \circ *The bank is on the corner of London Road and New Street.* \circ *Put the plant in the corner of the room nearest the window.* \circ *The number is in the top right-hand corner of the page.* \circ *The motorbike went round the corner at top speed.* \diamond **to turn the corner 1.** to go from one street into another by turning left or right \circ *She turned the corner into the main street.* **2.** to get better after being ill or in a difficult situation \circ *Our business affairs seem to have turned the corner.*

corner shop /'ko:no Jop/ noun a small general store in a town, sometimes on a street corner

cornflakes /'ko:nfleiks/ plural noun a breakfast food made of small dried pieces of maize \circ *I'll just have a bowl of cornflakes and a cup of coffee for breakfast.*

cornflour /'ko:nflauə/ noun a very smooth type of flour made from maize, used in cooking to make sauces thicker

coronary /'korən(ə)ri/ (plural coronaries) noun a coronary thrombosis (informal) • He had a coronary and was rushed to hospital.

coronation $/_k \text{br} \Rightarrow \text{ne}_1 (\Rightarrow) n/$ noun the official ceremony at which a king, queen or emperor is crowned

(3) **Coroner** /'kprənə/ *noun* a public official, either a doctor or a lawyer, who tries to find out the reason for a sudden or violent death

corporal /'ko: $p(\vartheta)$ r ϑ / *noun* a rank in the army below sergeant \circ *The major ordered the corporal to take down the flag.*

corporal punishment /_ks:p(ə)rəl 'pʌnɪʃmənt/ noun an act of punishment by hitting someone

(2) **corporate** /'ko:p(ə)rət/ adj relating to a company \circ *Corporate responsibility rests* with the whole management. \circ *Corporate* profits are down this year. (2) **corporation** / kɔ:pə'rei $\int(\partial)n/$ noun a large company \circ Working for a big corporation can be rather impersonal.

③ **CORPS** /kɔː/ (*plural same*) *noun* a military group or organised group

corpse /koips/ noun a dead body

COPPUS /'kɔ:pəs/ (plural corpora) noun 1. all the works written by an author or about an author \circ The library has a huge Dickens corpus which is available to students. \circ She is studying references to food in the Shakespeare corpus. 2. the mass of text and words stored in a computer \circ None of the dictionaries in the list state where their corpus comes from.

① correct /kə'rekt/ adj 1. without any mistakes ○ You have to give correct answers to all the questions if you want to win first prize. ○ If the information you gave us is correct, we can finish the work by Thurs-day. 2. right according to rules or standards
 verb (corrects, correcting, corrected) to take away mistakes in something ○ You must try to correct your driving mistakes, or you will never pass the test. ○ The computer keeps switching itself off - can you correct this fault?

correction $/k \Rightarrow rek \int an / noun 1$. an action that makes something correct $[-to] \circ He$ made a few small corrections to the letter. **2.** the process of correcting something \circ We drew up a timetable for the correction of minor faults.

② correctly /kə'rektli/ adv without making any mistakes

③ **Correlate** /'korəleit/ (**correlates, correlating, correlated**) *verb* to match or be the same as something else [~with] o The figures in your report do not correlate with those I got from the warehouse.

(3) **correlation** $/_k \text{br} \vartheta' \text{lei} \int (\vartheta) n / \text{ noun a connection between things}$

correspond / kpri'spond/ verb **1**. to fit with [~to] \circ *The findings correspond to my own research*. **2**. to write letters to someone [-with] \circ *She corresponded for years with this man living in New York whom she had never met.*

correspondence /kprt'spondəns/ noun 1. letters o The sisters had been carrying on a correspondence for years. 2. the fact that one thing matches or is similar to another [~between] o There isn't much correspondence between theory and practice.

correspondence course /,kori 'spondens ko:s/ noun lessons given by post **correspondent** /,kpri'spondent/ noun **1.** a journalist who writes articles for newspapers or reports for television or radio on a particular subject \circ a report from our football correspondent \circ He is the Paris correspondent of the 'Telegraph'. **2.** a person who writes letters \circ A correspondent in Australia sent us an email.

corresponding /,kprI'spondin/ *adj* which relates to something

(2) **corridor** /'kprido:/ noun a long narrow passage \circ The ladies' toilet is straight ahead at the end of the corridor.

corroborate /kə'rɒbəreit/ (corroborates, corroborating, corroborated) verb to support a statement, especially a statement made in court, by giving information that shows it is true

corrode /kə'rəud/ (**corrodes**, **corroding**, **corroded**) *verb* to damage or change a substance, e.g. by the effects of water, air or chemicals

corrosion /kə'rəʊʒ(ə)n/ *noun* the damage caused to metals, e.g. by the effects of water, air or chemicals

corrosive /kə'rəʊsɪv/ *adj*, *noun* which eats away metal, or a substance which does this

corrugated /'kprəgeitid/ *adj* bent into folds like waves

Corrupt /kə'rʌpt/ (corrupts, corrupting, corrupted) verb 1. to make someone dishonest or lacking in morals o 'Power corrupts, absolute power corrupts absolutely.' o He was accused of corrupting young people. o He was corrupted by his rich friends from college. 2. to cause mistakes in computer data o The data on this disk has been corrupted.

corruption $/k \exists rAp \exists n/ noun 1$. the practice of paying money to someone, usually an official, so that he does what you want \circ *Bribery and corruption are difficult to control.* \circ *Corruption in the civil service will be rooted out.* 2. the process of damaging data \circ *You have to watch out for corruption of data.*

cortisone / ko:t12ə0n/ *noun* an artificial hormone used against arthritis and skin problems such as allergies

cos /kəz/ short for also '**cos** because (informal) \circ You've got to do what I say 'cos I'm bigger than you!

cosmetic /kpz'metik/ *adj* which improves someone's or something's appearance

cosmetics /kpz'metiks/ *plural noun* substances which improve someone's ap-

pearance \circ *My* wife keeps all her cosmetics in a little bag.

cosmetic surgery /kpz,met1k 's3:d3əri/ *noun* surgery to improve someone's appearance

cosmic /'kozmik/ adj 1. referring to the universe \circ *Cosmic rays are radiation entering the Earth's atmosphere from outer space.* 2. very large, affecting the whole world $\circ A$ war which might reach cosmic proportions.

cosmopolitan /,kozmə'pplrt(ə)n/ adj **1.** made up of people from different parts of the world \circ *Berlin is a very cosmopolitan city.* **2.** comfortable and confident in different cities or with people of different nationalities \circ *Her cosmopolitan upbringing has made her a very interesting person.* \circ *Born in Canada, brought up in Hong Kong and in England, by the age of ten he was more cosmopolitan than other children.*

① **COST** /kpst/ noun a price which you have to pay for something \circ What is the cost of a return ticket to London? \circ Computer costs are falling each year. \blacksquare verb (**costs, costing, cost**) to have as a price \circ Potatoes cost 20p a kilo. \circ Petrol seems to cost more all the time. \diamond at all costs no matter what happens \circ At all costs, we have to be in Trafalgar Square by 12 o'clock. \diamond to cost an arm and a leg to be very expensive \circ The repairs to his car cost him an arm and a leg.

Co-star / k \Rightarrow u sta:/ *noun* the other leading actor or actress in a film or play \circ *His co-star in the film was an Italian actress.* (NOTE: + **co-star** *v*)

cost-cutting /'kost ,kAtIŋ/ *noun* the process of reducing costs, especially in a business, or the actions taken

cost-effective /,kpsti 'fektiv/ *adj* which gives value when compared with its cost

costing /'kost iŋ/ *noun* a calculation of a selling price, based on the costs of making a product

costly /'kpstli/ adj very expensive

costume /'kostju:m/ noun a set of clothes worn by an actor or actress \circ *The costumes for the film are magnificent.*

costume drama /'kɒstju:m ,drɑ:mə/ *noun* a play set in a previous historical period

costume jewellery /'kɒstjuːm ,dʒu:əlri/ *noun* jewellery that does not contain precious stones or metals **COSY** /'k \Rightarrow uzi/ (**cosier, cosiest**) *adj* comfortable and warm \circ *An open log fire always makes a room feel cosy.* \circ *She wrapped herself up in a blanket and made herself cosy on the sofa.*

cot /kpt/ noun US a folding bed for camping

cot death /'kbt de $\theta/$ *noun* an unexplained death of a sleeping baby (NOTE: The US term is **crib death**.)

cottage /'kpt1d3/ noun a little house in the country \circ We have a weekend cottage in the mountains. \circ My mother lives in the little cottage next to the post office.

cottage cheese / kptid3 't jiz/ noun a very soft lumpy white cheese

cottage industry /,kbt1d3 'Indəstri/ *noun* the practice of making products in the workers' homes

cotton /'kpt ∂n oun **1**. fibres made into thread from the soft seed heads of a tropical plant **2**. cloth made of cotton $\circ I$ bought some blue cotton to make a skirt. \circ He was wearing a pair of cotton trousers.

cotton on *phrasal verb* to understand [~to] (*informal*) \circ *It was some time before he cottoned on to what I meant.*

(3) **cotton wool** /,kptən 'wol/ noun cotton fibres used to clean the skin or wounds or to apply lotion or disinfectant

couch $/kaut \int / noun a low bed \circ She lay down on a couch in the lounge. • verb (couches, couching, couched) to put something in words <math>\circ$ His letter was couched in very formal language.

couch potato /'kaut∫ pə,teitəu/ noun a person who sits watching TV or videos all day (*slang disapproving*)

(3) **cough** /kof/ noun the act of making a noise by sending the air out of your lungs suddenly, e.g. when you are ill ○ *Take some medicine if your cough is bad*. ○ *He gave a little cough to attract the waitress's attention*. ■ verb (coughs, coughing, coughed) to make a noise by sending air out of your lungs suddenly, e.g. because you are ill ○ *The smoke from the fire made everyone cough*. ○ *People with colds usually cough and sneeze.*

cough up phrasal verb **1**. to bring up matter from your throat when coughing \circ She became worried when the little girl coughed up blood. **2**. to pay (informal) \circ When he was late with the rent, we sent some people round to get him to cough up.

(1) **Could** /kəd, kud/ modal verb 1. was or would be able to \circ *The old lady fell down*

and couldn't get up. \circ You could still catch the train if you ran. **2.** was allowed to \circ The policeman said he could go into the house. **3.** used in asking someone to do something \circ Could you pass me the salt, please? \circ Could you shut the window? **4.** might \circ The new shopping centre could be finished by Christmas. **5.** used in making a suggestion \circ You could always try borrowing money from the bank. (NOTE: The negative is could not or, especially in speaking, couldn't. Could is usually used with other verbs and is not followed by to. Note also that could is used as the past tense of can.)

couldn't /'kud(ə)nt/ contr could not

① **Council** //kaonsəl/ noun 1. an elected committee 2. an official group chosen to work on or advise about a specific subject o a council set up to promote the arts in the eastern region

council estate /'kaonsəl 1,steit/ *noun* an area where houses and flats have been built by the local council and are available at low rents

(3) **Councillor** /'kaonsələ/ *noun* an elected member of a town council (NOTE: Do not confuse with **counsellor**.)

council tax /'kaonsəl tæks/ *noun* the tax charged by a local council to help pay for its services

counsel /'kaonsəl/ noun 1. advice $\circ I$ should have listened to his wise counsels. 2. a lawyer \circ counsel for the defence or defence counsel \circ counsel for the prosecution or prosecution counsel \blacksquare verb (counsels, counselling, counselled) to advise \circ She counselled us against buying the house.

counselling / kaonsəliŋ/ *noun* the practice of giving advice about problems (NOTE: The US spelling is **counseling**.)

counsellor /'kaunsələ/ *noun* an adviser (NOTE: The US spelling is **counselor**.)

(1) count /kaunt / verb (counts, counting, counted) 1. to say numbers in order, e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4 [~(up) to] \circ She's only two and she can count up to ten. \circ Count to five and then start running. **2.** to find out a total \circ Did you count how many books there are in *the library*? **3.** to include when finding out a total [~as/~towards] \circ There were sixty people on the boat if you count the children. O Did you my trip to New York count as holiday? • Will this training count towards my degree?
not counting not including o There are three of us, not counting the baby. \circ We have three computers, not counting the old ones that don't work any more. 4. to be important \circ Every small improvement we can achieve counts. \Box to count for a lot to be very important \circ Your appearance counts for a lot in an interview. \Box to count for nothing not to be important \blacksquare noun 1. the action of counting or of adding 2. an amount of something, calculated scientifically \circ Today there is a high pollen count. \diamond to lose count to no longer have any idea of a particular number \circ I tried to add up all the sales figures but lost count and had to start again. \circ I've lost count of the number of times he's left his umbrella on the train.

count down phrasal verb to count backwards, e.g. 9, 8, 7, $6 \circ He$ counted down the seconds to the launch.

count on *phrasal verb* to be sure that someone will do something

countable /'kaontəb(ə)l/adj **1**. which is able to be counted **2**. describing a noun that is able to form a plural

countdown /'kauntdaun/ *noun* the action of counting time backwards, especially before something takes place

(3) counter / kauntə/ noun 1. a long flat surface in a shop for showing goods for sale, or in a bank for passing over money \circ She put her bag down on the counter and took out her cheque book. \circ The cheese counter is over there. 2. a small round disc used in games \circ You've thrown a six – you can move your counter six places. \circ She placed a pile of counters on the board. verb (counters, countering, countered) 1. to act or reply in an opposing way \circ The adverts are designed to counter familiar opinions about home and family. 2. to reply in a way that opposes what has been said \circ He accused her of laziness and she countered with a list of complaints about his own behaviour.

counter- /kauntə/ prefix against, in response

counteract /,kaontər'ækt/ (counteracts, counteracting, counteracted) verb to stop the effects of something

counter-attack /,kaontərə,tæk/ noun an attack against someone who has just attacked you \circ 24 hours after the enemy attack we launched a counter-attack. \blacksquare verb to attack in return \circ the enemy counter-attacked fiercely

counterclockwise /,kaontə 'klɒkwaɪz/ *adv US* in the opposite direction to the hands of a clock

counterfeit /'kauntəfit/ adj (of money, art or documents) false, not real \circ The police have warned shopkeepers that coun-

counterfoil

terfeit £20 notes are in circulation. \circ You can see stands in Oxford Street selling counterfeit jewellery. \blacksquare verb (counterfeits, counterfeiting, counterfeited) to make imitation money \circ Are the new £10 notes more difficult to counterfeit than the old ones? \circ Only very sophisticated printing machines can be used to counterfeit banknotes. \blacksquare noun a thing which has been forged \circ There is something wrong with this passport – in fact it may be a counterfeit.

counterfoil /'kauntəfoil/ noun a slip of paper which you keep after giving someone a cheque

counterpart /'kaontəport/ noun a person who has a similar job or who is in a similar situation

counter-productive / kauntə prə 'dʌktɪv/ *adj* which has the opposite effect to what you want

countess /'kaontis/ noun 1. (in European aristocracy) the wife of a count 2. (in the British aristocracy) the wife of an earl

countless /'kauntles/ adj very many

count noun /'kaont naon/ noun a noun that can be used with 'a' or 'an' and has a plural form

① **Country** /'kAntri/ (plural countries) noun 1. an area of land which is has borders and governs itself \circ the countries of the EU \circ Some African countries voted against the plan. 2. land which is not in a town \circ He lives in the country. \circ We went walking in the country. \circ Road travel is difficult in country areas. (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

country club /₁kAntri 'klAb/ noun a club in the country, usually offering special sports facilities such as golf or horse riding **country house** /₁kAntri 'haus/ noun a large house in the country, with gardens

and a park, and sometimes a farm **COUNTRYMAN** /'kAntrimən/ (*plural* **coun trymen**) *noun* **1**. a person who lives in the country, not in the town \circ *Countrymen are protesting about the new tax.* **2**. a person who comes from the same country as you \circ *He felt ashamed of his countrymen when he saw them fighting at the football stadium.*

country music /,kAntri 'mju:zIk/, **country and western** /,kAntri ən 'westən/ *noun* a style of music popular in the southeastern United States, especially Tennessee

② **countryside** /'kAntrisaId/ noun land which is not in a town \circ *the beautiful Eng*-

lish countryside in spring \circ The countryside is in danger of being covered in new houses. (NOTE: no plural)

① **County** /'kaonti/ (*plural* **counties**) *noun* a district that has some powers of government over local matters

COUP /ku:/, **cowp** noun 1. the act of taking over a government by force [-against] \circ a failed coup against the military regime Full form **coup d'état 2.** a great success, a successful move [-for] \circ Getting the Minister of Education to open the school exhibition was a coup for the organisers.

① **Couple** $/'k_{AP}(\Rightarrow)l/$ noun **1.** two things together **2.** two people together \circ They are a charming couple. \circ Several couples strolled past hand in hand. **•** verb (**couples, coupling, coupled) 1.** to connect two different things \circ High tides coupled with strong winds caused flooding along the coast. **2.** to join two machines together \circ Couple the trailer to the back of the truck. \diamond **a couple 01.** two \circ They've got a couple of children. **2.** a few \circ The film lasted a couple of hours.

coupon /'ku:pon/ *noun* a piece of paper which is used in place of money or in place of a ticket

COURAGE /'kATId3/ noun the ability to deal with a dangerous or unpleasant situation \circ *She showed great courage in attacking the burglar.* \circ *I didn't have the courage to disagree with him.* (NOTE: no plural)

courageous /kə'reɪdʒəs/ *adj* brave **courgette** /kəː'ʒet/ *noun* the young fruit of the marrow

courier /'koriə/ noun 1. a person who carries messages \circ a motorcycle courier 2. a guide for tourists on a package tour \circ We were met at the airport by a courier. \circ The courier tried hard to deal with all our complaints about the hotel.

(1) **course** /kois/ noun 1. a series of lessons [~in] \circ I'm taking a maths course. \circ The hotel offers weekend courses in a variety of arts and crafts. 2. a series of medical treatments o He's taking a course of anti*biotics*. **3.** a separate part of a meal \circ *a five*course meal \circ The first course is soup, and then you can have either fish or roast lamb. 4. the direction in which someone or something, especially a vehicle, is moving in, or will move in \Diamond in due course after a certain amount of time o If you study for several years at college, in due course you will get a degree. \circ Put a coin in the slot and in due course the machine will produce a ticket. \diamond in the course of during a period of

time \circ He's got much richer in the course of the last few years.

coursebook /'kɔːsbuk/ noun a book used by students taking a certain course

coursework /'kɔ:swɔ:k/ *noun* work which students must complete during an academic course

(1) **COURT** /kott/ noun 1. a room with a judge who tries criminals, sometimes with a jury \circ The court was packed for the opening of the murder trial. \circ Please tell the court what you saw when you opened the door. \circ The defendant was in court for three hours. \Box to take someone to court to arrange for someone to come to a court to end an argument 2. an area where sports such as tennis or basketball are played \circ The tennis courts are behind the hotel. \Box to be on court to be playing tennis 3. a group of people living round a king or queen

court case /'kort kers/ noun a legal action or trial

courteous /'ks:tias/ adj polite

courtesy /'k3:t5si/ noun politeness \circ The hotel staff showed us every courtesy. \circ She might have had the courtesy to apologise. \circ Children should show some courtesy towards their grandparents. \diamond (by) courtesy of as a gift from, or with the kind permission of \circ a box of chocolates by courtesy of the management \circ He arrived home two hours late, courtesy of the train service.

court-martial /,kort 'morf(ϑ)*l*/ (*plural* **courts-martial** or **court-martials**) *noun* **1**. a court which tries someone serving in the armed forces for offences against military discipline \circ *He was found guilty by court-martial and sentenced to imprisonment*. **2**. the trial of someone serving in the armed forces by the armed forces authorities \circ *The court-martial was held in the army headquarters*. (NOTE: + **court-martial** *v*)

court order /'kort ,ordə/ *noun* an order issued by a judge

courtroom /'kottrutm/ noun a room where a judge holds a trial

courtship /'kott J Ip/ noun 1. a period when a man and a woman form a romantic relationship before getting married 2. a special display put on by animals to attract the opposite sex

courtyard /'kortjord/ noun a small square area surrounded by buildings

couscous /'ku:sku:s/ *noun* **1**. a food made of small grains of wheat **2**. a dish of meat and couscous

(3) **Cousin** $/'k_{\Lambda Z}(\mathfrak{p})n/$ noun the son or daughter of your uncle or aunt

COVE / $k \neq 0$ / $v \neq 0$ noun a small bay \circ *Do you* remember the small cove where we loved to go swimming?

covenant /'kAvənənt/ *noun* a legal contract

(1) **COVET** $/k_A v_{\theta}$ noun **1**, something that you put over something else to protect it or keep it clean 2. the front and back of a book or magazine o She read the book from cover to cover. 3. a place where you can hide or shelter o They ran for cover when it started to rain.
to take cover to find a place to shelter from something such as rain 0 It started to rain and they took cover under a tree. \circ When the robbers started shooting, the policeman took cover behind a wall. verb (covers, covering, covered) 1. to put something over something else to keep it clean o You should cover the furniture with sheets before you start painting *the ceiling.* **2.** to hide something [~with] \circ He covered the hole in the ground with branches. O She covered her face with her *hands.* **3.** to travel a certain distance \circ *They* made good progress, covering twenty miles a day. \diamond under cover under a roof, not in the open air \circ If it rains the meal will be served under cover.

cover up phrasal verb **1.** to cover something completely \circ *He covered up the* mark on the wall with white paint. **2.** to try to hide something that someone has done wrong [\neg for] \circ *The staff tried to cover up for their boss's absence.*

cover girl /'kAvə g3:!/ *noun* a female model whose picture appears on the front cover of a magazine

covering $/^{k}AV(\partial)rI\eta/$ noun a thing which covers

covering letter /,kAvərıŋ 'letə/ noun a letter explaining what is enclosed with it

covert /'kəuvət, 'kʌvət/ adj hidden or secret

cover-up /'kʌvər ʌp/ *noun* the hiding of a scandal

cover version /'kAvə ,v3: $\int(\partial)n/noun$ a new version of a song, recorded by someone other than the original singer

COVET /'kAvət/ (covets, coveting, coveted) *verb* to want something which belongs to someone else

coveted /'kʌvətɪd/ *adj* which everyone wants

(2) **COW** /kau/ noun a large female farm animal, kept to give milk \circ *a field of cows* \circ *The farmer was milking a cow.*

coward /'kauəd/ noun a person who is not brave

cowardice /'kauədıs/ *noun* the state of not being brave

cowardly /'kauədli/ adj not brave

cowboy hat /'kauboi hæt/ noun a large wide-brimmed hat worn by cowboys

COWET /'kauə/ (cowers, cowering, cowered) verb to crouch down because you are afraid

co-worker /'kəʊ ˌwɜːkə/ *noun* someone who shares their work with one or more people

coy /koi/ adj timid or shy

coyote /kɔi'əuti/ *noun* an American wild animal, like a small wolf

crabby /'kræbi/ adj bad-tempered

③ **Crack** /kræk/ noun 1. a sharp sound \circ the crack of a whip \circ The crack of a twig behind her made her turn round. 2. a long thin break in a surface $\circ A$ crack appeared in the ceiling. \circ Her ring fell down a crack in the floorboards. \circ The field is so dry it is full of cracks. \blacksquare verb (cracks, cracking, cracked) 1. to make a sharp sound $\circ A$ twig cracked as he stepped on it. 2. to make a long thin break in something \circ The stone cracked the glass.

crackdown /'krækdaun/ noun a campaign against something (informal)

cracker /'krækə/ noun **1**. a little firework which makes a series of bangs \circ *Crackers* were going off all round the procession to the temple. **2**. a colourful paper tube which makes a little bang when it is pulled, given at Christmas parties

crackle / kræk(ə)l/ (**crackles, crackling, crackled**) *verb* to make little dry sounds, like something burning \circ *The bonfire crackled away in a corner of the garden.*

crackling /'kræklıŋ/ noun hard baked pork skin

cradle /'kreid(\ni)!/ noun 1. a baby's bed which can be rocked \circ She rocked the baby to sleep in its cradle. 2. a support for a piece of machinery 3. a place where something started \circ Greece is the cradle of Western civilisation. \blacksquare verb (cradles, cradling, cradled) to hold something gently in your arms or hands \circ The little girl was cradling her doll.

craft /kra:ft/ noun **1**. the skill of making something by hand \circ traditional rural crafts such as thatching \circ He learnt the craft of furniture-making as a boy. **2**. a ship \circ The sleek craft slipped out of harbour. \circ All sizes of craft took part in the rescue. **craftsman** /'kro:ftsmən/ (*plural* **craftsmen**) *noun* an artist who is expert at making things by hand

craftsmanship /'kra:ftsmənʃip/ noun the skill of a craftsman

craftswoman /'kra:ftswomən/ (plural **craftswomen**) noun a woman who is expert at making things by hand

③ **Crafty** /'kra:fti/ (**craftier, craftiest**) *adj* good at getting the things you want, often in a way that is not completely honest (NOTE: + **craftily** *adv*)

crag /kræg/ noun a steep cliff

③ **Cram** /kræm/ (**crams**, **cramming**, **crammed**) verb **1**. to squeeze something into a small space \circ *She crammed all her clothes into a little suitcase*. \circ *Don't try to cram so many interviews into one day*. **2**. to learn facts hurriedly before an examination \circ *Everybody's at home cramming for their finals*.

cramp /kræmp/ noun a pain in a tight muscle which will not relax \circ *He went swimming and got cramp in the cold water.* \circ *She woke up with cramp in her right leg.* **cramped** /kræmpt/ *adi* too small or too

close together \circ On some planes, the seats are very cramped.

cranberry /'krænb(ə)ri/ (*plural* **cranber ries**) *noun* a bitter wild red berry, used to make a sharp sweet sauce or drink

crane /krein/ noun a tall metal piece of equipment for lifting heavy things \circ The container slipped as the crane was lifting it onto the ship.

cranium /'kreiniəm/ *noun* the bones covering the top part of the head

crank /kræŋk/ noun 1. a metal arm with a right angle, often mounted on a shaft \circ You'll need a crank to start the engine. 2. a very strange person \circ She's a bit of a crank when it comes to food, because there are so many things she won't eat.

crank out phrasal verb to produce a series of things as if by a machine (*informal*) (3) **Crash** /kræʃ/ noun 1. an accident where vehicles are damaged \circ He was killed in a train crash. \circ None of the passengers was hurt in the coach crash. \circ His car was badly damaged in the crash. 2. a loud noise when something falls over \circ The ladder fell down with a crash. \circ There was a loud crash in the kitchen. 3. the collapse of a company \circ He lost all his savings in the bank crash. 4. the complete breakdown of a computer \blacksquare verb (crashes, crashing, crashed) 1. (of vehicles) to hit something and be damaged [-against/in**crash barrier** /'kræʃ ,bæriə/ *noun* a strong fence to prevent cars from running off the road

crash course /'kræ∫ kɔːs/ noun a course of fast hard study

crash helmet /'kræ∫ ,helmit/ noun a hard hat worn by motorcyclists

crash-landing /kræʃ 'lændɪŋ/ noun the act of landing a plane heavily, without using the wheels

crass /kræs/ *adj* rude, stupid or coarse, not caring about what people think

crate /kreit/ noun **1**. a large wooden box \circ *The dinner set arrived safely, carefully packed in a wooden crate.* **2**. a container for bottles \circ *a beer crate* \circ *The office orders a crate of milk every day.*

Crater /'kreitə/ noun 1. a hole made by a bomb \circ Over the winter, the bomb craters filled up with rainwater. 2. a round hole at the top of a volcano $\circ A$ group of scientists flew over the crater to monitor the activity of the volcano. 3. a round hole on the Moon or a planet, where a meteorite has hit it $\circ A$ map of the craters of the Moon.

Crave /kreiv/ (craves, craving, craved) *verb* to want something very much

craving /'kreivin/ noun a strong desire

crawl /kr5:l/ verb (crawls, crawling, crawled) **1**. to move around on your hands and knees \circ *The baby has just started to crawl.* **2**. to travel along slowly \circ *The traffic was crawling along.* **noun 1**. a very slow speed \circ *The traffic on the motorway was reduced to a crawl.* **2**. a swimming style where each arm goes over your head in turn \circ *He won the 100m crawl.* (NOTE: no plural)

crayon /'kreiDn/ noun a coloured wax stick, used especially by children for drawing

craze /kreiz/ noun a new fashion [~for] \circ the current craze for purple shoes

crazed /kreizd/ adj behaving wildly

(3) **Crazy** /'kreizi/ adj 1. not sensible \circ It was a crazy idea to go mountain-climbing in sandals. 2. very enthusiastic about something or someone [~ about] \circ He's crazy about her. \circ She's crazy about ball-

room dancing. \diamond to drive someone crazy to have an effect on someone so that they become very annoyed \circ The noise is driving me crazy. \circ All this work is driving her crazy.

creak /kri:k/ verb (creaks, creaking, creaked) to make a squeaky noise \blacksquare noun a noise like that of wood moving \circ She heard a creak on the stairs and sat up in bed. (NOTE: Do not confuse with creek.)

(2) **Cream** /kri:m/ noun 1. the thick yellow part of milk, full of fat \circ *I like strawberries* and cream. 2. any soft smooth substance used, e.g. for cleaning or for protecting the skin \circ face cream \circ shaving cream \circ shoe cream 3. the colour of cream \blacksquare adj of a yellow-white colour \circ *He* was wearing a cream shirt. \circ *Do* you like our new cream carpet?

cream cheese /kri:m 't ji:z/ noun a soft white cheese

Crease /kri:s/ noun 1. a mark made in cloth by ironing \circ Trousers should have a crease in front. 2. a mark made by folding accidentally \circ She ironed his shirts to remove the creases. \blacksquare verb (creases, creasing, creased) to make folds accidentally in something \circ After two hours in the car, my skirt was badly creased and had to be pressed.

creased /kriist/ adj showing creases from having been crushed or folded o Hang up your clothes as soon as you arrive otherwise everything will stay creased.

① **Create** /kri'eIt/ (**creates**, **creating**, **created**) *verb* to make or invent something o a government scheme which aims at creating new jobs for young people

(1) **Creation** /kri'e1f(3)n/noun 1. the act of making or inventing something \circ *Our aim is the creation of new jobs for young unemployed people.* **2**. something which has been made, especially something artistic or unusual

③ **creative** /kri'etttv/ *adj* full of ideas, always making something \circ *He's a very creative child*.

creative writing /kri,ettiv 'rattiŋ/ *noun* the writing of stories, poems and other works of the imagination

③ **creativity** /,kri:er'tɪvɪti/ *noun* being full of ideas, always creating things

creator /kri'eɪtə/ noun a person who makes or invents something

③ **creature** /'krist $\int \partial / \operatorname{noun} \mathbf{1}$. an animal, especially one that you don't know a name for \circ Lift any stone and you'll find all sorts of little creatures underneath. \circ We try not

crèche

to harm any living creature. • Some sea creatures live in holes in the sand. **2.** an imaginary animal or living being

crèche /kreʃ/ *noun* a special room or building where babies and small children can be looked after, often on a company's premises

credence /'kritd(ə)ns/ *noun* a belief that something is correct or true

credentials /krɪ'den $\int \partial z$ / plural noun letters or documents which describe a person's qualities and skills \circ *The new production manager has very impressive credentials.*

③ **credibility** /,kred1'b1lti/ *noun* the quality of being able to be believed

credible /'kredib(ə)l/ *adj* which can be believed

② credit /'kredit/ noun 1. praise for something which is well deserved [~for] o The professor took all the credit for the in*vention.* **2.** the length of time given to pay for something \circ We give purchasers six months' credit. 3. the side of an account showing money that you have got or which is owed to you \circ We paid in £100 to the credit of Mr Smith. ■ plural noun credits the list of people who helped to make a film or TV programme o Her name appears in the credits. • verb (credits, crediting, credited) to pay money into an account \circ to credit an account with £100 or to credit £100 to an account \diamond on credit without paying immediately o We bought the dining room furniture on credit.

creditable /'kreditəb(ə)l/ *adj* which does you credit, which should be praised

credit card /'kredit kɑ:d/ *noun* a plastic card which allows you to borrow money and to buy goods without paying for them immediately

credit limit /'kredit ,limit/ noun the maximum amount of money that a customer is allowed to spend on credit or charge to their credit card

(2) **creditor** /'kreditə/ *noun* a person who is owed money

creed /kritd/ noun a statement of what you believe \circ Retraining for the unemployed is one of the government's creeds.

creek /kri:k/ noun US a small river \diamond **up** the creek in a difficult situation (*informal*) \circ If we don't get any money by tomorrow evening we'll all be up the creek.

creep /kri:p/ (creeps, creeping, crept or creeped) verb 1. to move around quietly \circ They crept softly down the stairs. \Box to creep up on someone to come up close behind someone without that person realising it **2.** to move slowly \circ *The traffic was creeping along the motorway because of the fog.* \diamond **to give someone the creeps** to make someone feel nervous and uncomfortable \circ *I don't like that teacher – he gives me the creeps.*

creepy /'kri:pi/ (**creepier**, **creepiest**) *adj* which makes you feel strangely uncomfortable (*informal*)

Cremate /kr1'me1t/ (**cremates**, **cremating**, **cremated**) *verb* to burn a dead body (NOTE: + **cremation** *n*)

crematorium /kremə'tɔ:riəm/ noun a place where the bodies of dead people are burnt (NOTE: The US term is **crematory**.)

crepe paper /kreip 'peipə/, crêpe paper noun slightly crinkly coloured paper

crept /krept/ past tense and past participle of creep

crescendo /krt'fendəu/ noun 1. an increase in sound, especially in music \Box to rise to or reach a crescendo to become much louder \circ The music suddenly rose to a crescendo. 2. a rising to reach a high point \circ A crescendo of complaints came into the office. \circ Protests from the public reached a crescendo with a march on Downing Street.

crescent /'krez(\ni)nt/ noun **1**. a curved shape, like a new moon \circ The new moon hung like a silver crescent over the lake. **2**. a street which forms a semicircle \circ the beautiful 18th-century houses in Bath's famous crescents

crest /krest/ noun **1**. the highest point along the length of a mountain or a wave \circ Follow the path along the crest of the hill – the view is splendid. \circ The crests of some of the waves reached 30 feet. **2**. the highest point of something \circ When the president was elected he was at the crest of his popularity. **3**. the feathers on the head of a bird \circ a striking black cockerel with a red crest \circ A peacock has a tall coloured crest. **4**. a coat of arms \circ His family crest is a red lion. \circ His college crest is still hanging on his bedroom wall.

crevasse /krə'væs/ *noun* a deep crack in hard ground

crevice /'krevis/ *noun* a small crack in a rock or wall

(2) **Crew** /kru:/ noun the people who work on a vehicle such as boat or aircraft \circ The lifeboat rescued the crew of the sinking ship. \circ The plane was carrying 125 passengers and a crew of six. **crewman** /'kruːmən/ *noun* a man who is a member of a ship's crew

crew neck /'kru: nek/ *noun* a sweater with a tight round neck

crib /krib/ noun **1**. US a baby's bed **2**. a model of the scene of the first Christmas displayed in a church at Christmas **3**. a word-for-word translation or list of answers to help a student with homework

crick /krik/ noun a pain in the neck or back

③ **cricket** /'krikit/ noun a game played between two teams of eleven players using bats and a hard ball \circ We haven't played much cricket this year – the weather has been too bad. \circ We are going to a cricket match this afternoon.

cricketer /'krikitə/ noun a person who plays cricket

cried /kraid/ past tense and past participle of cry

cries /kraiz/ 3rd person singular present of cry

(2) **crime** /kraim/ noun 1. illegal behaviour \circ We must try to reduce the levels of crime in the inner cities. \circ The government is trying to deal with the problem of crime on the streets or with the street crime problem. 2. a specific illegal act \circ More crimes are committed at night than during the daytime.

crime wave /'kraım weıv/ *noun* an increase in the number of crimes

(2) criminal /'krimin(ə)l/ adj referring to illegal acts o the criminal justice system o Stealing is a criminal offence.
noun a person who commits a crime

criminalise /ˈkrɪmɪnəlaɪz/ (criminalises, criminalising, criminalised), criminalize verb to make something illegal

criminal law /,krimin(ə)l 'lɔː/ noun laws which deal with crimes against the law of the land, which are punished by the state. Compare **civil law**

criminal record /,krimin(ə)l 'rekɔ:d/ *noun* a police record that lists any crimes that a person has been arrested for

crimson / krimzən/ adj deep bright red

cringe /krindʒ/ (**cringes, cringing, cringed**) verb **1.** to bend to avoid a blow \circ The little boy cringed when he heard his father shouting. **2.** to be embarrassed \circ Seeing the boss trying to make jokes just makes me cringe. \circ She cringed when her son started to play the violin. **crinkle** /'kriŋk(ə)l/ (**crinkles, crinkling, crinkled**) *verb* to fold or crush something, making many small creases

cripple /'krıp(ə)l/ noun a person who is disabled or has difficulty in walking (offensive) \circ Cripples sat outside the hotel, begging for money from tourists. **•** verb (cripples, crippling, crippled) **1**. to disable someone \circ He was crippled in a mining accident. **2**. to prevent something from working \circ The explosion crippled the supertanker and she drifted towards the rocks. \circ The bus and rail strike has crippled the capital's transport system.

(2) **Crisis** /'kraisis/ (plural crises) noun a serious situation where decisions have to be taken very quickly [~in] \circ an international crisis \circ a crisis in education

Crisp /krisp/ adj 1. (of food) hard, able to be broken into pieces and making a noise when you bite it \circ These biscuits are not crisp any more, they have gone soft. \circ Pick an apple off the tree, they're really very crisp. 2. cold and sunny \circ It was a beautiful crisp morning, with frost glinting on the grass. \circ She could see her breath in the crisp mountain air.

criss-cross /'kris krbs/ verb to go backwards and forwards in different directions • We dodged through the cars, bicycles, carts and pedestrians criss-crossing the street.

② **criterion** /krai'tiəriən/ (plural criteria) noun the standard by which things are judged ○ Does the candidate satisfy all our criteria?

③ **Critic** /'kritik/ noun 1. a person who examines something and comments on it, especially a person who writes comments on new plays and films for a newspaper \circ She's the TV critic of the 'Times'. \circ The film was praised by all the critics. 2. a person who says that something is bad or wrong \circ The chairman tried to answer his critics at the meeting.

 Critical /'kritik(ə)l/ adj 1. dangerous and difficult o With the enemy attacking on all sides, our position was becoming critical. 2. extremely important o He made a critical decision to break off the negotiations. 3. very serious o The pilot of the plane was in a critical condition last night.
 The hospital said that her condition was critical. 4. criticising someone or something o The report was highly critical of the minister.

critical mass /,kritik(ə)l 'mæs/ noun the minimum size that something must reach before it can operate successfully, e.g. the number of customers needed before a business can begin to make money

③ **Criticise** /'kritisaiz/ (**criticises**, **criticising**, **criticised**), **criticize** verb to say that something or someone is bad or wrong or She criticised their lack of interest and enthusiasm. or The design of the new car has been criticised.

(2) Criticism /'kritisiz(ə)m/ noun an unfavourable comment or comments o There was a lot of criticism of the government's plan.

③ **critique** /krɪ'tiːk/ *noun* a piece of careful literary criticism

croak /krəuk/ (**croaks**, **croaking**, **croaked**) *verb* to make a deep sound \circ *The frogs started croaking in the pond*. (NOTE: + **croak** *n*)

crochet /'krə υ fe1/ (**crochets**, **crocheting**, **crocheted**) *verb* to make something out of wool, using a hooked needle \circ *Who crocheted the beautiful jumper you are wearing*?

crockery /'krokəri/ *noun* cups, saucers and plates made from pottery

crocodile /'krokədail/ noun a large reptile which lives in or near rivers and lakes and eats other animals \circ *Crocodiles lay on the banks of the river waiting for the animals to come to drink.*

Crocus /'krəukəs/ (*plural* **crocuses** or **croci**) *noun* a little spring flower, in various colours, especially yellow and purple

croissant /'kwæsɒŋ/ *noun* a rolled pastry, made in a curved shape

crony /'krəuni/ (plural **cronies**) noun an old friend (*disapproving*)

cronyism /'krəuniiz(ə)m/ noun giving jobs to your old friends (*disapproving*)

Crook /krok/ noun **1**. a dishonest dealer \circ *I* don't trust the government – they're a bunch of crooks. \circ That secondhand car dealer is a bit of a crook. **2**. a bend \circ She held the baby in the crook of her arm.

crooked /'krokid/ adj bent, not straight \circ *That picture is crooked*.

Croon /kruin/ (croons, crooning, crooned) *verb* to sing in a soft voice

③ **Crop** /krop/ noun plants such as vegetables or cereals grown for food \circ *The bad* weather has set the crops back by three weeks. \circ We had a wonderful crop of potatoes or a wonderful potato crop this year.

crop up phrasal verb to happen suddenly (informal)

croquet /'krəuki/ noun a game played on grass

(2) CrOSS /kros/ verb (crosses, crossing, crossed) 1. to go across something to the other side o She just crossed the road without looking to see if there was any traffic coming. 2. to put one thing across another o He crossed his arms and looked annoyed.
She sat down and crossed her legs. o The road crosses the railway line about 10km from here. • noun a shape made where one line has another going across it [~between/]
Write your name where I have put a cross. • adj angry o The teacher will be cross with you for missing school. o Don't be cross – the children were only trying to help.

cross off, cross out *(i) phrasal verb* to draw a line through something which has been written to show that it should not be there

crossbar /'krosba:/ noun 1. a bar which goes across a space, especially a bar which goes between the posts forming a goal \circ *He kicked the ball over the crossbar and converted the try.* \circ *He almost scored, but the ball hit the crossbar.* 2. a bar which crosses the frame of a man's bicycle, from the seat to the steering column \circ *She sat on his crossbar.* \circ *Girls' bicycles normally don't have crossbars.*

crossbow /'krosbəu/ noun a weapon which fires bolts

crossed cheque /,krost 'tʃek/ *noun* a cheque which has two lines drawn across it and can only be paid into a bank

cross-examination / kros IgzæmI 'neI $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the questioning of witnesses called by the other side in a case (NOTE: + **cross-examine** ν)

cross-eyed /,krps 'aid/ *adj* with eyes that do not face forwards, but look inwards towards the nose (*offensive*)

crossfire /'krosfaiə/ *noun* gunfire from two directions, so that the fire crosses

③ **Crossing** /'krosin/ noun 1. an occasion of going across to the other side of an area of water \circ How long is the crossing from England to Germany? 2. a place where you go across safely \circ Cars have to take care at the railway crossing.

cross-legged /krbs 'legd/ adj, adv with one ankle over the other \circ *He was sitting cross-legged on the floor.*

crossover /'krbsəuvə/ *noun* the situation where one style mixes with another or becomes popular with a different kind of audience \circ *He made the crossover from pianist to conductor without any difficulty.*

cross-reference /,kros 'ref(ə)rəns/ noun a note in a reference book telling the reader to look in another part of the book for further information \circ *Please, check all cross-references for accuracy.* \circ *Cross-references are not only useful to readers but also save time.* \blacksquare *verb* to refer to something in another part of a text

crossroads /'krosrəudz/ *noun* a place where one road crosses another

cross-section /'krps ,sek $\int \exists n / noun \mathbf{1}$. a diagram made to show the inside of something, as if it had been cut through \circ *The picture shows a cross-section of the Channel Tunnel*. \circ *Diagram 4 is a cross-section of a diesel engine*. **2.** a typical group of people \circ *The team consulted a cross-section of the public in the shopping centre.*

cross-trainer /krbs 'treinə/ noun 1. a shoe designed for more than one sporting activity 2. an exercise machine intended to develop many different groups of muscles

cross-training /kros 'treinin/ noun training in different sports such as running and weightlifting, usually in order to improve performance in one of the sports

crosswalk /'kroswork/ *noun US* a place where you can walk safely across a street

crossword /'krosw3:d/, **crossword puzzle** *noun* a puzzle where small squares have to be filled with letters to spell words **crotch** /krot ʃ/ *noun* a place between the tops of your legs

crotchety /'krot jiti/ adj irritable

③ **crouch** /kraut∫/ (**crouches**, **crouching**, **crouched**) *verb* to bend down low ○ *He crouched in the bottom of the boat*. ○ *She crouched down to talk to the child*.

crouton /'krutton/ *noun* a crunchy cube of fried bread used as a garnish

Crow /krəu/ noun a large black bird \circ The crows make such a noise in the trees that it wakes us up. • verb (crows, crowing, crowed or crew, crowed) 1. (of a cock) to make a loud call \circ The sound of the cock crowing woke them all up. 2. to boast about something [~about] \diamond as the crow flies in a straight line \circ It's only a couple of miles as the crow flies, but since there's no bridge over the river, it takes over half an hour to drive there.

crowbar /'krəuba:/ *noun* a heavy metal bar for opening boxes and lifting things

(2) **Crowd** /kraud/ noun a very large number of people together \circ A crowd of schoolchildren went past. \circ Someone in the crowd outside the cinema shouted a warning. ○ Let's get an early train home to avoid the crowds after work. ■ verb (crowds, crowding, crowded) to group together [~round/around/~into] ○ The children were crowding round their teacher. ○ All the rugby fans crowded into the pub.

(2) **crowded** /'kraudid/ adj full of a large number of people \circ The town gets very crowded during the holiday season. \circ The stands were crowded before the game started.

③ **Crown** /kraon/ noun a round metal decoration that a king or queen wears on his or her head • verb (crowns, crowning, crowned) 1. to make someone king or queen by placing a crown on his or her head \circ The Queen was crowned in Westminster Abbey. 2. to be a very good end to a set of things that happen \circ He crowned his career by winning a gold medal. \diamond to crown it all used to refer to the last of several bad things to happen \circ To crown it all, he lost his car keys.

crowning /'kraunin/ *adj* representing outstanding achievement

(2) **crucial** /'kru: $\int(\Im)I/adj$ extremely important $\circ It$ is crucial that the story be kept out of the papers.

crucifix /'kru:s:f1ks/ *noun* a cross with a figure of Jesus Christ on it

crucifixion / kru:s1'f1k∫ən/ *noun* the act of killing a person by nailing him to a cross

Crucify /'kru:stfai/ (**crucifies**, **crucify**ing, **crucified**) verb 1. to nail someone to a cross as a punishment \circ Christ was crucified between two thieves. 2. to criticise someone sharply \circ My brother would crucify me if he knew I had used his car without asking him. \circ I can't call her now, she'd crucify me if I woke her up.

① **Cruel** /'kru:əl/ (**crueller**, **cruellest**) *adj* making a person or animal suffer [~to] ○ You mustn't be cruel to your new puppy.

(2) **crueity** /'kru:əlti/ noun the act of being cruei [~to] \circ *The zoo keeper was accused of crueity to animals.*

cruise /kru:z/ noun a holiday consisting of a long journey in a ship, stopping at different places \circ When he retired they went on a cruise round the Mediterranean. \blacksquare verb (cruises, cruising, cruised) to go in a boat from place to place \circ They spent May cruising in the Mediterranean. \circ The ship cruised from island to island.

cruise missile /,kru:z 'mɪsaɪl/ noun a long-range guided missile

cruiser

cruiser /'kruizə/ noun a large warship, smaller than a battleship \circ How many cruisers can the Navy send to the war zone?

crumb/krAm/ *noun* a small piece that has broken off some dry food such as bread, cake or biscuits

crumble /'krAmbəl/ (**crumbles, crumbling, crumbled**) *verb* **1**. to break up into small pieces, or to break something up into small pieces \circ *If you make it too dry it will just crumble when you eat it.* \circ *He picked up a lump of dry earth and crumbled it between his fingers.* **2.** to collapse \circ *As the witness said what he had seen, the defendant's case crumbled.* \circ *All her confidence began to crumble.*

crumple /'krAmpəl/ (**crumples, crumpling, crumpled**) verb **1.** to crush or to screw something up into a ball \circ *I heard him crumple up the paper and throw it into the wastepaper basket.* **2.** to become full of lines or folds \circ *Her shirt was crumpled because she had been lying on the grass.* \circ *The box was full of crumpled bits of paper.*

Crunch /krAnt \int / verb (crunches, crunching, crunched) **1.** to bite something hard, making a loud noise \circ She was crunching an apple when the phone rang. **2.** to crush something hard or dry \circ The gravel crunched under his boots. \blacksquare noun **1.** the sound of something hard or dry being crushed **2.** a situation when something must happen or be decided (informal) \circ The crunch will come when the firm has no cash to pay the wages. \diamond if or when it comes to the crunch if or when a point of decision is reached \circ When it came to the crunch, the other side backed down.

crunchy /'kr Λ nt Ji/ *adj* which makes a noise when you are eating

crusade /kru:'seid/ noun a strong action to stop or change something [~against] \circ *The government has launched a crusade against drugs.*

Crush /kr Λ J/ noun **1**. a mass of people \circ She was hurt in the crush of people trying to get to the exit. \circ He lost his briefcase in the crush on the train. **2**. \Box **to have a crush on someone** to have a feeling of love for someone you do not know very well (informal) \circ She had a crush on her tennis coach.

crushing /'krʌʃɪŋ/ *adj* which takes away all hope

crust /krAst/ noun 1. a hard outer layer that covers something softer 2. the hard outside layer of bread \circ You can cut the

crusts off the sandwiches. **3.** the layer of pastry on top of a pie **4.** the outer layer of the Earth

crusty /'krAsti/ (**crustier**, **crustiest**) adj**1.** with a hard outside layer \circ We had an excellent salad with a glass of wine and a piece of fresh crusty bread. **2.** getting angry easily \circ The club is full of crusty old men nodding in leather armchairs.

crutch $/kr \wedge t \int / noun a$ strong support for a patient with an injured leg, formed of a stick with a holding bar or a T-bar which fits under the shoulder

crux /krʌks/ *noun* the central point of a problem

() Cry /krai/ verb (cries, crying, cried) 1. to have tears coming out of your eyes \circ The baby cried when her mother took away her toys. \circ Cutting up onions makes me cry. \circ Many people were crying when they left the cinema. 2. to call out \circ 'Hello there,' she cried. \blacksquare noun (plural cries) 1. a loud shout [$\circ of/\sim for$] \circ a cry of pain \circ No one heard her cries for help. 2. a sound made by a bird or other animal

crypt /kript/ noun a cellar under a church **cryptic** /'kriptik/ adj secret and mysterious

crystal /'kristəl/ noun a solid chemical substance with a regular shape \circ *The salt formed crystals at the bottom of the jar.*

crystal ball /,kristəl 'bɔ:l/ *noun* a fortune teller's glass ball, regarded as a means of predicting what will happen in the future **crystal clear** /,kristəl 'kli:ə/ *adj* very clear, simple to understand

crystallise /'kristəlaiz/ (**crystallises**, **crystallising**, **crystallised**), **crystallize** verb 1. to form crystals \circ Water crystallises to form snow. 2. to take shape \circ Following the meeting, our ideas began to crystallise. **cube** /kjuib/ noun 1. a shape like a box, where all six sides are squares of the same size \circ The design for the library consists of a series of cubes. 2. something shaped like a cube \circ He put two cubes of sugar in his tea. \circ The ice cubes chinked in the glasses. 3. (in mathematics) the result when a number is multiplied by itself twice \circ 27 is the cube of 3.

(3) **cubic** //kju:b1k/ *adj* measured in volume by multiplying length, depth and width (NOTE: Cubic is written in figures as ³: $6m^3$ = six cubic metres; $10ft^3$ = ten cubic feet.)

cuckoo /'koku:/ (*plural* **cuckoos**) *noun* a bird which has a cry that sounds like its name and which lays its eggs in other

birds' nests \circ When you hear the first cuckoo you know that winter is over. \circ The cuckoo lays its eggs in the nests of other birds.

cucumber /'kju:k \wedge mbə/ noun a long dark green vegetable used mainly in salads **cuddle** /'k \wedge d(ə)l/ verb (**cuddles, cuddling, cuddled**) to put your arms round someone and hold them close to you **noun** an act of putting your arms round someone and holding them close to you o *She picked up her daughter and gave her a cuddle.*

cuddle up *verb* to stand, sit or lie close to someone $[-to] \circ$ *The children cuddled up to their mother.*

cuddly $/k_{\Lambda}d(a)$ li/ *adj* soft and pleasant to hold or hug

cue /k ju:/ noun 1. something that happens or is said which makes something starts happening [~for] \circ Her announcement was the cue for a general celebration. 2. (in a play) words after which you have to speak or do something \circ The gunshot is your cue to rush onto the stage screaming. 3. a long stick for playing billiards or snooker

cuff /kAf/ noun **1**. the end of the sleeve round the wrist \circ *The collar and cuffs of his shirt were dirty and frayed.* **2**. US a folded part at the bottom of each leg of a pair of trousers \circ *This year, slacks with cuffs are back in fashion.* (NOTE: The British term is **turnup.**) **3**. a hit with an open hand \circ *She* gave him a cuff on the back of the head to *shut him up.* **•** *verb* (cuffs, cuffing, cuffed) to hit someone \circ *The parents said he had cuffed the child on the head.*

cuisine /kwi'zi:n/ noun a style of cooking \circ Chinese cuisine is very different from European. \circ French cuisine is more and more popular in England. (NOTE: From the French word for 'kitchen'.)

cul-de-sac /'kʌl də ˌsæk/ (plural culs**de-sac** or **cul-de-sacs**) noun a small street which is only open at one end

culinary /'kʌlɪn(ə)ri/ adj referring to cooking

cull /kAl/ noun the practice of killing a certain number of animals in order to keep the population under control \circ *The deer cull takes place in early October.* \blacksquare verb (culls, culling, culled) to kill a certain number of animals in order to keep the population under control \circ About 10% of the deer population is culled each autumn.

culminate /'kAlmIneIt/ (culminates, culminating, culminated) *verb* to reach a particular result or conclusion [~in] \circ *The* race culminated in a win for the Canadian driver.

culmination $/_k \Lambda \ln I' \ln I \int (\partial n) n / noun$ a final point, grand ending

culpable /'kʌlpəb(ə)l/ *adj* likely to attract blame

culprit /'kAlprit/ *noun* a person or thing that is responsible for a crime, or for something which has gone wrong

cult/kAlt/ *noun* a small religious group

cultivate /'kAltiveit/ (**cultivates**, **cultivating**, **cultivated**) verb **1**. to dig and water the land to grow plants \circ *Fields are cultivated in early spring*, *ready for sowing corn*. **2**. to grow plants \circ *This field is used to cultivate new strains of wheat*. **3**. to do everything to get someone's friendship \circ *We are cultivating the new director to try to make sure we get the contract*. (NOTE: + **cultivation** *n*)

cultivated /'kAltivertid/ *adj* **1**. who has been well educated in subjects such as music, art and literature \circ *A really cultivated person wouldn't be seen dead in a karaoke bar.* **2**. (of *plant*) which is specially grown and is not wild \circ *Wild strawberries have a more intense flavour than cultivated ones.* **3**. (of *land*) prepared for growing crops \circ *From the air, the cultivated fields were like a brown and green quilt.*

② **cultural** /'kAlt $\int \Im(\Im)$!/ adj relating to culture \circ His cultural interests are very wide-ranging – from Mexican art to 12thcentury Greek paintings. \circ There will be cultural activities available such as a visit to the museum.

① **culture** /'kAlt $\int \partial / noun$ **1**. activities involving things such as music, art and literature \circ *He is taking a course in Russian culture.* **2**. a country's way of thinking or behaving \circ *Is a TV in every home really what we want from Western culture?*

cultured /'kAlt $\int \frac{\partial d}{\partial a}$ **1.** civilised, well educated \circ *Our guide was a very cultured lady from Vienna.* \circ *Such behaviour is not acceptable in cultured society.* **2.** which has been grown artificially \circ *Only an expert can tell the difference between a cultured pearl and a real one.*

cumbersome /'kʌmbəs(ə)m/ adj large and heavy

cumulative /'kju:mjulətıv/ adj 1. which is added gradually, especially each year \circ The interest on this account is cumulative. \circ The cumulative effect of a series of late nights finally caught up with him and he fell asleep during the dinner. **2.** which grows by the addition of new parts \circ A cumulative index is made up of several different indexes put together.

cunning /'kAniŋ/ adj clever at achieving something, especially by tricking people \circ a cunning plan \circ It was cunning of her to ask him to help, as it flattered him. \blacksquare noun cleverness in acting to achieve something \circ He showed cunning in his attempts to hide his mistake.

① **cup** $/k_Ap/$ *noun* **1**. a small bowl with a handle, used for drinking from **2**. the liquid in a cup \circ *He drank two cups of coffee*. \circ *Can I have a cup of tea?* **3**. a large silver or gold container given as a prize for winning a competition

① **cupboard** /'kAbəd/ noun a piece of furniture with shelves and doors \circ *Put the jam in the kitchen cupboard.* \circ *She painted the cupboard doors white.*

cupful /'kʌpfʊl/ *noun* the quantity which a cup can hold

curable /kjuarab(a)l/adj (of disease) which can be cured

curate /'kjuərət/ *noun* a priest who helps a parish priest

curator /kju'reitə/ noun a person in charge of a museum

curb /k3:b/ noun 1. something which holds something back [~on] \circ *The company needs to put a curb on its spending.* 2. US the stone edge to a pavement \circ *He sat on the curb and watched the cars go past.* \circ *Try not to hit the curb when you park.* \blacksquare *verb* (**curbs, curbing, curbed**) to hold something back \circ *She needs to curb her enthusiasm to spend money.*

curd /k3:d/ noun a solid food made from sour milk

curdle $/k3:d(\mathfrak{g})l/$ (curdles, curdling, curdled) verb to become or make something become solid and sour \circ *If you add lemon juice to milk it will curdle it.* \circ *Milk will curdle in hot weather.*

③ **Cure** /kjuə/ noun something which makes a disease better [~for] \circ Doctors are still trying to find a cure for colds. • verb (**cures, curing, cured**) to make a patient or a disease better $\circ I$ don't know what's in the medicine, but it cured my cough very fast.

curfew /'k3:fju:/ *noun* a period when no one is allowed out into the street

curiosity /,kjuəri'bsīti/ (*plural* **curiosities**) *noun* **1**. a feeling of wanting to know about something **2**. a strange object

③ **curious** /'kj υ əri ϑ s/ adj 1. wanting to know things \circ *I'm curious to know what* happened at the meeting. 2. unusual or strange \circ We found a curious object that turned out to be an old kitchen tool. \circ It's curious that no one knew where he lived.

③ **curl** /k3: *l* / verb (curls, curling, curled) to twist, or make something twist \circ My hair curls naturally. \circ Some plants have stems that curl round other plants. \blacksquare noun 1. a piece of hair which grows in a twist 2. a curved shape of a particular substance [$\sim of_1 \circ a$ curl of smoke

curl up *phrasal verb* to bend your body into a round shape \circ *She curled up in the chair and went to sleep.*

curler /'k3:lə/ noun a roller for curling hair

③ **Curly** /'k3:li/ *adj* with natural curves or twists \circ *curly hair*

currant /'kArənt/ noun **1.** a small round fruit \circ *I* have planted some currant bushes. \diamond **blackcurrant, redcurrant 2.** a small dried black grape \circ a currant bun \circ fruit cake with currants, sultanas and raisins in it (NOTE: Do not confuse with **current**.)

(2) **CURPENCY** $/^{l}kArensi/$ (plural currencies) noun the money used in a specific country $\circ I$ want to change my pounds into French currency.

() **current** $/k_{A}r_{9}nt/adi$ 1. relating to the present time o What is the current state of the report – will it be finished on time? \circ Who is the current prime minister of Ja $pan? \circ Do you have a current timetable? -$ Mine is out of date. 2. widely accepted at the present time or at a particular time \circ *current ideas about how to treat children* 0 The idea that the world was flat was cur*rent in the Middle Ages.* ■ *noun* **1.** a flow of water or air \circ Don't go swimming in the *river – the current is very strong.* \circ *A warm* westerly current of air is flowing across the *country.* \circ *Vultures circle in rising currents* of warm air. 2. a flow of electricity o *Switch the current off at the mains.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with currant.)

③ **current account** /'kʌrənt ə,kaont/ *noun* a bank account from which you can take money at any time

current affairs /,kAront ə'feəz/ plural noun the political situation as it is now \circ We are studying current affairs as part of our politics course.

(3) **currently** /'kArəntli/ adv at the present time \circ He is currently the manager of our Paris office. \circ We are currently in the process of buying a house.

(2) **Curriculum** /kə'rıkjuləm/ (plural **cur ricula** or **curriculums**) noun **1**. the set of subjects studied in school \circ *I* am very glad that music and drama have been added to *the curriculum.* **2**. the parts of a particular subject that are studied

curriculum vitae /kə,rıkjoləm 'vi:taı/ (plural curricula vitae) noun full form of CV

(3) **CURTY** /' k_Ari / (plural **curries**) noun an Indian food prepared with spices \circ I would like a mild curry, please. \circ We ordered chicken curry and rice.

(3) **curse** /k3:s/ noun 1. a swear word ○ He threw the letter down with a curse. 2. a magic word to make something unpleasant happen to someone ○ The witch put a curse on the whole family. 3. something which causes you problems ○ Being on call 24 hours a day is the curse of being a doctor. ○ Pollution is the curse of industrialised societies. ■ verb (curses, cursing, cursed) 1. to swear ○ He cursed under his breath and marched out of the room. 2. to wish that something bad should happen to someone

cursor /'k3:sə/ *noun* a small flashing line on a computer screen which shows where the next character will appear

cursory /'kɜːsəri/ adj quick and not very careful

curt /k3It/ adj abrupt in speaking

curtail /k3:'teɪl/ (**curtails, curtailing, curtailed**) *verb* to shorten something; to reduce something

(2) **curtain** $/k_{3:t}(\vartheta)n/$ noun **1**. a long piece of cloth hanging in front of a window \circ Can you close or draw the curtains, please? **2**. a long piece of cloth hanging in front of the stage at a theatre

curtsy /'k3:tsi/ (plural curtsies), curtsey noun a respectful movement made by women or girls, by bending the knees and putting one foot forward \circ She made a curtsy to the queen. \diamond **bow**¹ (NOTE: + **curtsy** ν)

③ **CUrVe** $/k_{3:V}/$ noun a line that is bent like part of a circle \circ the curve of the coast line \circ The road makes a sharp curve to the left. \blacksquare verb (**curves**, **curving**, **curved**) to be in the shape of a curve \circ The road curves round the side of the mountain.

curved /k3:vd/ adj with a rounded shape
 (2) cushion /'k0∫(ə)n/ noun a bag filled with something soft, e.g. feathers, for sitting or leaning on ○ Put a cushion behind your back if you find your chair is too hard.
 verb (cushions, cushioning, cushioned) to make soft something which could be hard or painful ○ The bushes cushioned his fall. □ to cushion somebody or something from something to protect

someone or something from the bad effects of something \Box to cushion the blow or the shock to reduce the bad effect of something that happens \circ *She made no attempt* to cushion the blow, but just told them straight out that they had all lost their jobs.

custard /'kAstəd/ noun (in the UK) a sweet yellow sauce made with milk and a powder containing cornflour \circ stewed rhubarb and custard \circ Would you like some custard with your crumble?

custodial sentence /kA₁stəudiəl 'sentəns/ *noun* the fact of being legally sentenced to prison

custodian /kx'stəudiən/ *noun* a person who is responsible for the care and protection of something or someone

custody /'kAstədi/ noun 1. keeping o The jewels were in the custody of the manager, and he had placed them in the hotel safe. In to take someone into custody to arrest someone o The three fans were taken into police custody. 2. the right of keeping and looking after a child o When they were divorced, she was granted custody of the children. (NOTE: no plural)

③ **custom** /'k∧stəm/ noun 1. something that people usually do, or have done for a long time o the local custom of decorating the wells in spring o It's their custom to invite all their neighbours to a party at New Year. 2. the use of a shop or restaurant o If the assistants are rude to me again I will take my custom elsewhere. □ to lose someone's custom to experience a situation in which a regular customer goes to another place of business, e.g. a restaurant or shop o The little shops will lose a lot of custom when the new supermarket opens.

customary $/'k_{ASt} = m = ri/$ adj usual (formal) \circ He handled the situation with his customary efficiency. \circ It's customary to give taxi drivers a tip.

custom-built /'kʌstəm bɪlt/, **custommade** /_ikʌstəm 'meɪd/ *adj* made to order for a customer

① **customer** /'k∧stəmə/ noun 1. a person who buys something in a shop or restaurant, or from another business ○ The shops are lowering their prices to attract more customers. ○ Customers can order by post on or the Internet. ○ His bar is always full of customers. 2. a person who uses a service such as a train ○ We apologise to customers waiting on Platform 5 for the late arrival of their train.

customise /'kAstəmaiz/ (customises, customising, customised), customize

verb to have something changed to fit your special needs

custom-made /,kAstəm 'meɪd/ adj alternative for custom-built

② **customs** /'kAstəmz/ noun 1. □ H.M. **Customs and Excise** the British government department which organises the collection of taxes on goods coming into the country and also collects VAT ○ He was stopped by customs. ○ Her car was searched by customs. ○ The customs officer asked her to open her bag. 2. an office of this department at a port or airport

(1) Cut $/k_{\Lambda}t/verb$ (cuts, cutting, cut) 1. to divide, reduce or remove something using a sharp tool, e.g. a knife or scissors [~into] \circ The meat is very tough – I can't cut it with mv knife. \circ She cut the cake into six pieces. 2. to damage the skin with something sharp [~on] \circ She cut her finger on the broken glass. 3. to reduce the size of something o We are trying to cut the number of staff. O Accidents have been cut by 10%. • The article is too long, so I asked the author to cut 500 words. • noun 1. a place which bleeds when your skin has been broken [~on] o She had a bad cut on her leg. 2. a mark made in a surface by something sharp 3. the sudden lowering of the amount of something [~in] o price cuts \circ large cuts in spending \circ a cut in working *hours* in he took a cut in salary *or* a salary cut he accepted a lower salary 4. a share of something such as profits o Each salesperson gets a cut of what is sold for cash.

cut across, cut through *phrasal verb* to take a short cut to get somewhere

cut back(3) *phrasal verb* to reduce spending \circ *We are having to cut back on staff costs.*

cut down (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to make a tree fall down with a tool such as a saw \circ *He cut the tree down* or *cut down the tree.* **2**. *also* **cut down on** to reduce something \circ *He needs to cut down the number of cigarettes he smokes.* \circ *I'm trying to cut down on chocolate.*

cut in phrasal verb **1.** to interrupt someone or something \circ He would keep on cutting in while I was telling the story. **2.** to drive suddenly in front of another car \circ Did you see how the little white car cut in in front of the black one?

cut off(3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to take away a small part of something using a sharp tool such as a knife \circ *She cut off a little piece of string.* \circ *He cut off two slices of ham.* **2.** to stop someone from being with

someone else, or from or reaching a place \circ She was cut off from her friends by a crowd of policemen. \circ The village was cut off by the snow. **3.** to stop a phone call before it is finished \circ We were cut off in the middle of our conversation. **4.** to stop electricity or water from reaching someone \circ He didn't pay the bill, so the company cut off his electricity. \circ The lightning hit the generator and caused the power to be cut off.

cut out(3) *phrasal verb* 1. to remove something from something larger \circ *She cut an advertisement out of the newspaper.* 2. to remove a part of something larger \circ *We had to cut out all the extras from our order because they cost too much.* 3. to stop doing or eating something \circ *She's decided to cut out sweet things so as to lose weight.* \diamond **to be cut out for something** to be ideally suited for something \circ *I don't think he's cut out for an office job.* \diamond **cut it out!** stop doing that! (*informal*)

cut up(3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to make something into small pieces by cutting it \circ *She cut the old towel up into little pieces.* \circ *Can you cut up the meat for the children?* **2**. to drive suddenly in front of another car \circ *Did you see how the little white car cut up the black one?*

cutback /'kAtbæk/ noun a reduction in spending

③ cute /kjust/ adj nice

cutlery /'kʌtləri/ *noun* knives, forks and spoons (NOTE: no plural)

cutlet /'kAtlət/ noun **1**. a slice of meat, usually with a bone attached \circ We were served veal cutlets with mushroom sauce. **2**. a fried dish made with minced meat, fish or vegetables formed into the shape of a piece of meat \circ She makes delicious fish cutlets.

cutoff /'kAt Df/ noun something which marks the end of something \circ *The cutoff* point for students going to the next level is 80% marks in the exam. \circ What is the cutoff date for applications?

cut-price /,kAt 'prais/ adj very cheap

cutter /'kAtə/ noun a tool used for cutting **cut-throat** /'kAt θrəʊt/ adj vicious or intense

cutting /'kAtin/ noun 1. a small piece of paper cut out of a newspaper 2. a little piece of a plant which will take root if stuck in the ground \circ *The cuttings I took* from your lavender plant are all growing well. **CV** /,sii 'vii/ noun a summary of someone's qualifications and experience. Full form **curriculum vitae**

cyanide /'saɪənaɪd/ *noun* a strong poison **cybercafé** /'saɪbə,kæfeɪ/ *noun* a café where you can pay to use the Internet

cyberspace /'saɪbəspeɪs/ *noun* an imaginary place which electronic information such as emails passes through

③ **cycle** /'satk(∂)l/ noun **1**. a period during which something works or develops and then returns to its starting point ○ *The* washing machine broke down in the middle of its cycle. ○ Global warming is starting to affect the natural cycle of the seasons. □ a **business or economic or trade cycle** a period during which trade expands, then slows down, then expands again **2**. a bicycle **u** verb (cycles, cycling, cycled) to travel on a bicycle ○ It's hard to cycle into the wind.

③ **cyclist** /'saɪklɪst/ *noun* a person who rides a bicycle

cyclone */*'satkloon/ *noun* a tropical storm in the Indian and Pacific Oceans, where the air moves very fast in a circle

round a central area \circ According to the shipping forecasts, a cyclone is approaching Sri Lanka. (NOTE: In the Far East this is called a **typhoon**; in the Caribbean a **hurricane**.)

cygnet /'signət/ noun a baby swan

cylinder /'sɪlɪndə/ *noun* an object shaped like a tube closed at both ends

cylindrical /sɪ'lɪndrɪk(ə)l/ *adj* shaped like a cylinder

cymbals /'simbəlz/ *plural noun* a pair of round metal plates which are banged together to make a loud noise

cynic /'sInIk/ *noun* a person who doubts that anyone has any good points

cynical /'sɪnɪk(ə)l/ *adj* believing that people only act for their own benefit

cynicism /'sINISIZ(ə)m/ *noun* the fact of being cynical

cyst /sist/ *noun* an unusual growth in the body containing liquid

CZAT /ZQ1/ noun **1**. the title of the former emperor of Russia \circ a photograph of the Czar and his family **2**. the person in overall charge of some official organisation \circ He's the new drugs czar, with complete responsibility for fighting drug traffickers and dealing with drug problems.

D

d /di**ː**/, **D** *noun* the fourth letter of the alphabet, between C and E

③ **DA** *abbr* district attorney

dab /dæb/ verb (**dabs**, **dabbing**, **dabbed**) to give something a light tap \circ *She dabbed her eyes with her handkerchief*. \circ *She dabbed the cut with cotton wool soaked in antiseptic*. \blacksquare *noun* a small quantity \circ *She put a dab of glue on each corner of the poster.*

dabble $/'dab(\mathfrak{g})l/$ (**dabbles**, **dabbling**, **dabbled**) verb to be slightly involved in something [~in] \circ As a young man he dabbled in politics.

dachshund /'dæksənd/ *noun* a breed of small long low dog, originally from Germany

dad /dæd/ noun a father

daffodil /'dæfədɪl/ noun a bright yellow spring flower

daft /doift/ adj silly (informal)

dagger /'dægə/ noun a short knife

(2) daily /'deili/ adj happening every day ○ daily newspapers such as the Times and the Daily Mail ○ The cooker has been in daily use for ten years. ○ There's a daily flight to Washington. ■ adv every day ○ We can deliver milk daily. □ twice daily on two occasions every day ■ noun (plural dailies) a newspaper published every weekday

dainty /'deInti/ (daintier, daintiest) adj delicate and small

dairy /'deəri/ *adj* referring to or involved in producing milk and things made from it such as cream or butter \circ *dairy products* \circ *dairy cattle*

daisy /'deIzi/ (*plural* **daisies**) noun a small white flower with a yellow centre

dam /dæm/ noun a wall which blocks a river to make a lake ○ After the heavy rain people were afraid the dam would burst. ■ verb (dams, damming, dammed) to block a river with a wall ○ When they built the power station, the river had to be dammed. (② damage //dæmtdʒ/ noun 1. the breaking or physical spoiling of something [~to]

○ The storm did a lot of damage. ○ It will take us months to repair the damage to the restaurant. **2.** emotional harm done to a person [-to] ○ I hope the experience of the crash won't cause the children lasting damage. ○ There has been serious damage to public confidence as a result of the attack. ■ verb (damages, damaging, damaged) **1.** to break or partially destroy something ○ A large number of shops were damaged in the fire. ○ These glasses are easily damaged. **2.** to affect someone or something in a negative way

damaged /'dæmɪdʒd/ *adj* broken or spoiled in some way \circ *a damaged book*

damaging /'dæmɪdʒɪŋ/ *adj* causing harm to someone or something

damn /dæm/ verb (damns, damning, damned) 1. used to show annoyance \circ Damn it, we're going to be late! \circ Damn him, he's left the front door open! 2. to severely criticise someone or something \circ The new film was damned by the Sunday papers. 3. to condemn someone or something in a religious situation \circ Galileo was damned by the Church for saying that the Earth turned round the Sun. \blacksquare interj used as a mild swear word to show annoyance \circ Damn! I've left my umbrella on the train.

damning /'dæmɪŋ/ *adj* which clearly proves that someone has done something wrong

③ **damp** /dæmp/ adj slightly wet ∘ She'd just had a shower and her hair was still damp. ∘ The cellar has cold damp walls. ■ verb (damps, damping, damped) to wet something slightly

dampen /'dæmpən/ (dampens, dampening, dampened) verb 1. to make something slightly wet \circ Dampen the cloth before you wipe the floor. \circ She dampened the shirts before ironing them. 2. \Box to dampen someone's enthusiasm to do something to make someone less enthusiastic \circ The bad weather dampened his enthusiasm for sailing.

damper /'dæmpə/ noun something which discourages you o Having just been sacked put a damper on his birthday party. (2) dance /dains/ noun 1. a way of moving in time to music o She teaches dance or is a dance teacher. \circ We learnt a new dance today. • Scottish dances are very lively. 2. an entertainment where people can dance \circ The club is holding a New Year's dance. verb (dances, dancing, danced) 1. to move in time to music [~with/~to] o There he is – he's dancing with that tall girl. $\circ I$ like dancing to this music. 2. to move or jump around happily [~in/into/around etc] o She danced into the room and announced she'd got the job. \circ The football fans were dancing in the streets.

(3) **dancer** /'daɪnsə/ noun a person who dances

dandelion /'dændılaıən/ *noun* a wild plant with yellow flowers which have a mass of little narrow petals

dandruff /'dændrəf/ *noun* small pieces of dry skin which come off your head

(2) **danger** / deind 39/ noun the possibility of something bad happening, e.g. damage, getting failure or hurt [~to/~from/~of/~(that)] \circ danger to health from pollution \circ When it rains, there's a danger of flooding. \circ There's no danger he'll find out. \diamond in danger /'In 'deInd3ə/ likely to be harmed or damaged o Get an ambulance – her life is in danger. \circ I don't think the children are in any danger. \circ The whole building was in danger of catching *fire*. \diamond **out of danger** not likely to die \circ *She* was very ill, but she's off the danger list now.

② dangerous /'derndʒərəs/ adj likely to cause injury or damage ○ Be careful – that old staircase is dangerous! ○ Police warned the public not to approach the man as he was dangerous. ○ Children are warned that it is dangerous to go out alone at night.

dangerously /'deindʒərəsli/ *adv* in a dangerous way

dangle /'dæŋgəl/ (dangles, dangling, dangled) verb 1. to hang freely \circ The fish dangled at the end of his line. \circ Dirty sheets were dangling over the balcony. 2. to make something hang freely \circ She dangled the puppet in front of the baby.

dank /dænk/ adj cold and damp

dappled /'dæp(ə)ld/ *adj* covered with patches of light and dark colour

(2) **dare** /deə/ *verb* (dares or dare, daring, dared) **1.** to be brave enough to do some-

thing $\circ I$ wouldn't dare say no - I might lose my job. \Box to dare not do something to not be brave enough to do something $\circ I$ daren't go any faster. **2.** to try to make someone do something dangerous or unusual in order to see how brave they are $\circ I$ dare you to jump across that stream. **3.** used for telling someone how angry you are \circ Don't you dare do that again! \circ How dare you look in my desk drawers! \blacksquare noun an attempt to persuade someone to do something difficult or dangerous \circ He only climbed on the roof for a dare. \diamond I dare say very probably $\circ I$ dare say you're right.

daredevil /'de \exists dev(\exists)l/ noun a brave person who does not worry about danger \circ He's a daredevil – he flew his plane under Tower Bridge.

daring /'deəriŋ/ noun bravery \circ The helicopter pilot showed great daring in trying to rescue the boy from the cliff.

dark /da:k/ adj 1. with little or no light

 The sky turned dark and it started to rain.
 Can you switch the light on? It's getting too dark to see. ○ In Scotland in the summer it gets dark very late. 2. not a light colour ○ Her eyes are dark. ○ She was wearing a dark blue coat.

darken /'daːkən/ (**darkens, darkening, darkened**) *verb* to become dark

dark horse /₁daːk 'hɔːs/ *noun* a person you know nothing about and who may win something such as an election or a race

darkly /'daːkli/ *adv* in a threatening or frightening way

③ **darkness** /'da:knəs/ *noun* the fact of not having any light □ **the building was in complete** or **total darkness** there were no electric lights on in the building

darling /'darlin/ noun 1. a name used to talk to someone you love \circ Darling! I'm back from the shops. 2. a lovable person \circ Be a darling and fetch me the newspaper. 3. someone who is liked by a particular group \circ the darling of the art world

darn /darn/ (darns, darning, darned) verb to mend holes in clothes \circ She hates darning socks.

dart /dɑ:t/ noun 1. a small heavy arrow with plastic feathers, used for playing the game of darts \circ *Each player takes a turn to throw his or her three darts.* 2. darts a game in which players throw small arrows at a round board on a wall, each trying to make their arrow stick closest to the middle \sim *verb* (darts, darting, darted) to move

• Verb (darts, darting, darted) to move quickly \circ The little boy darted across the street.

Darwinism

Darwinism /'dɑ:winiz(ə)m/ *noun* a theory of evolution developed by the scientist Charles Darwin

dash /dæJ/ noun **1**. a small line in writing or printing, showing a space, or separating items \circ The reference number is one four six dash seven (146–7). **2**. a sudden movement towards a place \circ There was a mad dash to buy tickets. \circ While the policeman wasn't looking she made a dash for the door. \blacksquare verb (dashes, dashing, dashed) to hurry somewhere \circ I can't stop now – I must dash to catch the last post. \circ I dashed home to watch the football on television. \circ She dashed into a shop so that he wouldn't see her.

dashboard /'dæfbɔ:d/ noun the instrument panel in a car

① data /'deitə/ noun information involving figures or results of studies ○ The data is stored in our main computer. ○ We spent months gathering data on hospital waiting times. ○ The data shows that, on average, flowering takes place after two weeks. (NOTE: Data is often used with a singular verb, except in scientific contexts: The data is easily available.)

② **database** /'dettəbets/ *noun* a large amount of information stored in a computer in a way that allows particular pieces of information to be found easily

(3) **data processing** /,dettə 'prəʊsesɪŋ/ *noun* the selecting and examining of data in a computer to produce information in a special form

① date /deit/ noun 1. the number of a day in a month or year, or a day when something will happen or has happened \circ Put today's date on the document. \circ What's the date next Wednesday? \circ The dates of the exhibition have been changed. \circ The date of the next meeting has been fixed for Wednesday, June 10th. \circ Do you remember the date of your girlfriend's birthday? 2. a small sweet brown fruit **u** verb (dates, dating, dated) to write the date on something \circ The letter was dated 15 June. \circ You forgot to date the cheque. \diamond to date from or back to to exist since \circ This house dates from or dates back to the 17th century.

dated /'dett1d/ adj **1**. with a date written on it \circ Thank you for your letter dated June 15th. **2.** old-fashioned \circ That advertisement looks a bit dated now.

date rape /'deit reip/ *noun* the act of raping someone you know, especially on a date

daub /do:b/ (**daubs**, **daubing**, **daubed**) *verb* to put a substance such as paint on a surface in a careless way

() **daughter** /'dɔ:tə/ noun a female child of a parent \circ They have two sons and one daughter. \circ My daughter Mary goes to the local school.

daughter-in-law /'dɔːtər In lɔː/ (plural daughters-in-law) noun the wife of a son

daunting /'dointin/ adj which seems very difficult

dawdle /'dɔːd(ə)l/ (dawdles, dawdling, dawdled) *verb* to do something slowly

dawn /do:n/ noun the beginning of a day, when the sun rises \circ We must set off for the Pyramids at dawn, so you'll have to get up very early. \blacksquare verb (dawns, dawning, dawned) (of day) to begin

dawn on verb to begin to realise \circ The seriousness of the situation finally dawned on him. \Box **it dawned on him that** he began to realise that \circ It gradually dawned on him that someone else was opening his letters.

(1) day /det/ noun 1. a period of time lasting 24 hours \circ There are 365 days in a year and 366 in a leap year. \circ New Year's Day is on January 1st. \circ They went on a ten-day tour of southern Spain. \circ I spoke to him on the phone the day before yesterday. \circ We are planning to meet the day after tomorrow. 2. the period from morning until night, when it is light \circ She works all day in the office, and then looks after the children in the evening. \circ It took the workmen four days to build the wall.

daybreak /'deɪbreɪk/ *noun* a time in the very early morning, when the sun is about to rise

day care /'deI keə/ *noun* the practice of looking after people, e.g. small children or old people during the daytime in a special centre

daydream /'derdri:m/ (daydreams, daydreaming, daydreamt or daydreamed) verb to think about other things; not to concentrate \circ He was sitting at his desk daydreaming about holidays in Greece. (NOTE: + daydream n)

daylight/'derlart/ noun light that you see during the daytime \diamond in broad daylight openly, in the middle of the day \circ *Three* men robbed the bank in broad daylight.

daylight robbery /derlart 'robəri/ noun the practice of charging very high prices (informal)

(3) **daytime** /'dertaim/ noun the period of light between morning and night $\circ I$

watched a lot of daytime television when I lost my job.

day-to-day / det tə 'det/ *adj* taking place as part of normal life; which goes on all the time

day trip /'dei trip/ noun a journey lasting one day

dazed /deizd/ adj confused in the mind

dazzle $/^{d} daz(\mathfrak{s}) l/$ (dazzles, dazzling, dazzled) verb to shine a strong light in someone's eyes so that they cannot see for a moment \circ She was dazzled by the lights of the cars coming towards her.

dazzling /'dæzlıŋ/ adj (of a light) very bright

deactivate /dir'æktīveīt/ (**deactivates**, **deactivating**, **deactivated**) *verb* to make something such as a bomb not active any more

(1) **dead** /ded/ adj 1. not alive any more o His parents are both dead. \circ Dead fish were floating in the water. 2. complete o There was dead silence in the exam room. • The train came to a dead stop. 3. not working \circ We tried to start the car but the *battery was dead.* **4.** not lively, not exciting • Seaside towns can be quite dead in win*ter.* \blacksquare *adv* **1.** completely \circ *He was dead* tired after his long walk. 2. exactly o You're dead right. \circ The train arrived dead on time. <> wouldn't be seen dead in would not ever want to be seen in (informal) $\circ I$ wouldn't be seen dead in a hat like that. \circ A really cultivated person wouldn't be seen dead in a karaoke bar.

deaden /'ded(ϑ)n/ (**deadens, deadening, deadened**) *verb* to make something less intense, e.g. to make a sound quieter or a pain less painful

dead end /₁ded 'end/ *noun* **1**. a street or way which leads nowhere \circ *We drove into a little street and found it was a dead end.* **2**. a point at which you can go no further \circ *All their research has come to a dead end.*

dead-end job /,ded end 'd3pb/ *noun* a job where there is no hope of promotion

dead heat /ded 'hirt/ noun a race where two people arrive first together

deadline I' dedlam/ noun a date by which something has to be done $[-for] \circ The dead$ line for payment of the bill is the end of Ju $ly. <math>\Box$ to meet a deadline to finish something in time $\circ I$ don't think we can meet the deadline. \Box to miss a deadline not to finish something in time \circ They worked as fast as they could but missed the deadline by two days. **deadlock** /'dedlok/ noun a point at which two sides in a dispute cannot agree • The negotiations have reached a deadlock. **to break a deadlock** to find a way to start discussions again after being at a point at which no agreement was possible

(3) **deadly** l' dedli/ *adj* likely to cause people to die \circ *The terrorists turned the car into a deadly weapon.*

deadpan /'dedpæn/ *adj* not showing your feelings in your face

dead wood / ded 'wod/ *noun* people or things that are considered to be of no worth

(2) **deaf** /def/ adj not able to hear, or having difficulty in hearing \circ My grandma is going deaf. \circ He's deafer than he used to be. (NOTE: Some people avoid this term as it can cause offence and prefer **hearing-impaired**.)

deafen /'def(ϑ)n/ (deafens, deafening, deafened) verb to make someone deaf for a time

deafening /'def(ə)nıŋ/ *adj* so loud as to make you unable to hear

deafness /'defnəs/ *noun* the state of being deaf (NOTE: no plural)

① deal /di:l/ noun a business agreement or contract [~with/~to] ○ We've signed a deal with a German firm. ○ They did a deal to supply envelopes. □ a bad or rough or raw deal bad treatment ○ She got a rough deal from the firm. ■ verb (deals, dealing, dealt) to give out playing cards to players ○ It's my turn to deal. ○ He dealt me two aces. ◇ a good or great deal much ○ He's feeling a good deal better after two days off work. ○ She didn't say a great deal. ◇ a good or great deal of a lot of ○ He made a good deal of money from his business. ○ There's a great deal of work still to be done.

deal in verb to buy and sell something \circ She deals in carpets and rugs imported from India.

deal with (3) phrasal verb 1. to do what is necessary to complete a job or solve a problem \circ The job involves dealing with the public. \circ Leave it to the filing clerk – he'll deal with it. \circ We will deal with your order as soon as we can. \circ The government has to deal with the problem of teenage crime. 2. to be about a subject \circ The report deals with travel insurance.

③ **dealer** /'di:lə/ *noun* a person who buys and sells things [~in] \circ *She's a dealer in antiques*.

dealing /'di:ln/ *noun* the practice of buying and selling things **dealt** /delt/ past tense and past participle of **deal**

dean /di:n/ noun 1. a person in charge of priests in a cathedral \circ He was appointed Dean of St Paul's. 2. a person in charge of teachers at a university \circ the Dean of the Arts Faculty

① **dear** /dta/ adj **1**. well liked or loved \circ She's a very dear friend of mine. **2**. costing a lot of money \circ Fresh fruit is always dearer in the winter. \circ That restaurant is too dear for me. \blacksquare interj used when something has gone slightly wrong \circ Oh dear! It's started to rain. \circ Dear me! Is that how late it is! \blacksquare noun a way of referring to someone you like \circ Did you have a good day, dear? \diamond Dear Sir or Madam used at the beginning of a letter to a man or woman whom you do not know

dearest /'diarast/ adj most loved (dated)

dearly /'d1əli/ adv 1. very much \circ I'd dearly like to go to Cuba on holiday. \circ She loved her old cat dearly, and was very sad when he died. 2. at a high cost, especially in terms of pain or suffering \circ She became a highly paid executive, but paid dearly for the privilege.

dearth /d3:0/ noun a shortage of something (formal)

① death /de θ / noun the act of dying or the state of being dead \circ She never got over her mother's death. \circ Road accidents caused over 1,000 deaths last year. \diamond to death completely (informal) \circ He was bored to death sitting watching football on television. \circ I am sick to death of always having to do the housework. \diamond to put someone to death to execute someone

deathbed /'de θ bed/ noun a bed on which someone is dying

death certificate $/^{t}de\theta$ sə,tıfıkət/ noun a paper signed by a doctor which shows that someone has died and what was the cause of death

death rate /'de θ rest/ *noun* the percentage of deaths per thousand of population

death sentence $/'de\theta$, sent ans/ noun a punishment of a court by which a person is sentenced to be executed

death squad /'deθ skwpd/ noun a group of soldiers or other armed people, who are sent to kill enemies of the people in power

death toll /' $de\theta$ t $\exists vol$ / *noun* the number of people who have been killed, e.g. in an accident or an earthquake

deathtrap /'de0træp/ noun a dangerous place (informal)

death wish /'de θ w1 \int / noun \Box to have a death wish to want to die

débâcle /deɪ'ba $\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{a})\mathbf{l}$ / noun a sudden defeat or collapse

debar /dɪ'ba:/ (**debars**, **debarring**, **debarred**) *verb* to prevent someone from doing something

debase /dɪ'beɪs/ (**debases**, **debasing**, **debased**) *verb* to reduce the worth or the quality of something

debatable /dɪ'beɪtəb(ə)l/ adj not absolutely certain

① debate /d1'bett/ noun 1. a discussion [~with/~about/on/over] ○ After his talk the professor had a lively debate with the students about climate change. 2. a formal discussion ending with a vote [~on] ○ a debate on increasing student fees ■ verb (debates, debating, debated) 1. to consider or discuss a subject ○ We sat in the rain and debated what to do next. 2. to discuss something formally before coming to a decision [~what/~whether]

debauchery /dɪ'bɔːtʃəri/ *noun* the fact of living a wild life

debilitating /dɪ'bɪlɪteɪtɪŋ/ *adj* making you weak

debit /'debit/ noun 1. money which is paid out or taken out of an account \circ Your bank statement gives a list of credits and debits at the end of each month. 2. money which is owed \circ a debit balance

debit card /'debit ko:d/ *noun* a plastic card, similar to a credit card, but which automatically debits your account when you buy something

debrief /dir'bri:f/ (**debriefs**, **debriefing**, **debriefed**) *verb* to ask someone for information about an important job which he or she has just done

debriefing /di:'bri:fin/ *noun* a meeting at which someone gives information about an important job which he or she has just done

debris /'debrit/ (*plural same*) *noun* pieces of something, e.g. a demolished building or crashed aircraft

② **debt** /det/ noun money owed to someone ∘ After her great success, she was able to repay all her debts. □ **to be in debt** to owe money ∘ He is in debt to the tune of £2,500. □ **to get into debt** to start to owe money

③ **debtor** /'detə/ *noun* a person who owes money

debt relief /'det r1,litf/ *noun* the practice of a rich country allowing a poor country not to pay back its debt

debug /di:'bAg/ (**debugs**, **debugging**, **debugged**) *verb* **1**. to remove hidden microphones from a place **2**. to remove errors from a computer program

debunk /di:'bʌŋk/ (**debunks**, **debunk**ing, **debunked**) *verb* to show that something is not true

debut /'deɪbjuː/ *noun* the first public appearance of someone such as an actor

(2) **decade** /'deke1d/ noun a period of ten years o during the last decade of the 20th century

decadent /'dekəd(ə)nt/ *adj* which is declining in moral values

decaf /'di:kæf/, **decaff** *adj* which has had the caffeine removed

decaffeinated /dir'kæfineitid/ *adj* with all caffeine removed

decapitate /dɪ'kæpɪteɪt/ (**decapitates**, **decapitating**, **decapitated**) *verb* to cut off someone's head

decathlon /dɪ'kæθlɒn/ *noun* an athletic contest for men, covering ten events, held over two days

decay /d1'ke1/ noun the natural process of going bad or of becoming damaged, e.g. when things are not looked after properly \circ The government has plans to deal with inner city decay. \circ Tooth decay is especially bad in children who eat sweets. \circ You must treat the wood to prevent decay. (NOTE: no plural) **u** verb (decays, decaying, decayed) to go bad or to become damaged in this way \circ Sugar makes your teeth decay. \circ The jungle path was blocked by decaying branches.

deceased /dɪ'siɪst/ noun a person who has died (formal) \circ The deceased's will was read out by the solicitor.

deceit /dɪ'siːt/ *noun* the practice of trying to trick someone into paying money or trying to make someone believe something which is not true

deceitful /dɪ'siːtf(ə)l/ *adj* often tricking people

deceive /dr'si:v/ (deceives, deceiving, deceived) verb to make someone believe something which is not true \circ They had tried to deceive me, but I realised just in time.

① **December** /d1'sembə/ noun the twelfth and last month of the year, after November and before January \circ She was born last December. \circ His birthday is on

December 25 – Christmas Day! \circ They always go on a skiing holiday in December. \circ Today is December 6th. \circ The cheque was dated December 6. (NOTE: December 6th or December 6: say 'the sixth of December' or 'December the sixth' or in US English 'December sixth'.)

decency /'dirs(ə)nsi/ *noun* honour; good morals

(2) **decent** /'di:s(∂)nt/ adj **1**. honest ○ *The* boss is a hard-working decent man. **2**. quite good ○ *She earns a decent salary*. **3**. properly dressed, wearing clothes ○ *You* can't come in yet – I'm not decent.

decentralise /dir!sentrəlaiz/ (decentralises, decentralising, decentralised), decentralized, decentralizes, decentralizing, decentralized) *verb* to move power, authority or action from a central point to local areas

③ **deception** /d1'sep∫ən/ *noun* the practice of telling a lie in order to trick someone, especially into giving you money

deceptive /dɪ'septɪv/ adj not as it seems **decibel** /'desɪbel/ noun a unit for measuring the loudness of a sound

① decide /dɪ'saɪd/ (decides, deciding, decided) verb to make a decision about something [~between/~what/whether/how/when etc/~(that)] ○ I can't decide between the blue one or the green one. ○ Have you decided where to go on holiday? ○ They decided to stay at home and watch TV. ○ He decided the test was too difficult.

decide against() *phrasal verb* to make up your mind not to do something \circ *She decided against spending her money on a new car.*

decided /dɪ'saɪdɪd/ *adj* certain or obvious \circ *There's a decided difference between French and Spanish wines.*

deciduous /dɪ'sɪdjuəs/ adj (of a tree) losing its leaves in the winter. Compare **evergreen**

decimal /'desim(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a number in a system based on ten \circ Three-quarters expressed as a decimal is 0.75.

decimal point /₁desim(ə)l 'pɔint/ noun a dot used to show the division between whole numbers and parts of numbers in decimals, such as 2.05

decimal system /'desim(ə)l ,sistəm/ *noun* a system of counting based on the number 10

decimate /'desimeit/ (**decimates**, **decimating**, **decimated**) *verb* **1**. to kill people in large numbers **2**. to reduce something by a large amount \circ *German forests have been*

decipher

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decimated by acid rain. \circ Our sales have been decimated by the rise in the value of the pound.

decipher /dɪ'saɪfə/ (**deciphers**, **deciphering**, **deciphered**) *verb* to read or make out something which has been badly written or written in code

① **decision** /dI'sI3(\ni)n/ noun an occasion of thinking carefully what to do [~about/on] \circ a decision to train as a teacher \circ I need to make a decision soon about changing my job. \Box to come to or reach or

take a decision to decide to do something \circ They talked for hours but didn't come to any decision. \circ He thought about the job offer, but, in the end, took the decision to stay where he was.

③ **decisive** /dɪ'saɪsɪv/ adj **1**. firm and confident ○ He was nervous but tried to sound decisive. **2**. which brings about a result ○ The second and decisive round of voting takes place next Sunday. ○ Her action was decisive in obtaining the release of the hostages.

deck /dek/ noun a floor of a ship or bus \circ I'll stay on deck because I'm feeling seasick. \circ Let's go up to the top deck – you can see the sights better from there.

decking /'dekin/ *noun* pieces of wood used to make a platform outside a house

(3) declaration / $dekl^{9}rei(3)n/noun$ an official statement

② declare /di'kleə/ (declares, declaring, declared) verb to state something officially [~that] o The Senator declared his intention to run for President. o She was declared dead on arrival at hospital. o It was declared that Mrs Broom would be the new chairperson.

declassified/dir'klæsıfaɪd/*adj(of information*) which has been officially declared to be no longer secret

② decline /dı'klaın/ noun the fact of going downwards [~in] ○ a welcome decline in the number of cases of pollution ○ Sales figures have gone into a sharp or steep decline. ■ verb (declines, declining, declined) 1. to refuse or to turn down an invitation or offer to do something ○ She declined their request. ○ He declined to come to lunch. 2. to become weaker ○ He declined rapidly after he went into hospital.
3. to become less in numbers or amount ○ Our sales declined over the last year. ○ The fish population has declined sharply.

decode /dir'kəud/ (**decodes**, **decoding**, **decoded**) *verb* to translate a coded message into normal writing

decommission $/_1$ di:kə'mı $\int(\partial)n/$ (decommissions, decommissioning, decommissioned) verb to stop using something such as a weapon

decompose /,di:kəm'pəʊz/ (**decomposes, decomposing, decomposed**) *verb* (*of organic material*) to rot

decompress /,di:kəm'pres/ (**decompresses**, **decompressing**, **decompressed**) *verb* **1**. to reduce the pressure in something **2**. to expand a computer file that has been stored in a smaller space to its full size

③ **decorate** /'dekərent/ (**decorates**, **decorating**, **decorated**) *verb* **1**. to put paint or new paper on the walls in a room \circ *She can't come to the phone* – *she's decorating the kitchen*. **2**. to cover something with pretty or colourful things to make it look attractive or to celebrate an occasion \circ *The streets were decorated with flags*.

(3) **decoration** $/_1$ dekə'rei $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun the act of decorating a place \circ *She is in charge of the decoration of the church for the wed- ding.*

decorative /'dek(ə)rətıv/ *adj* pleasant to look at; serving as a decoration

decorator /'dekəreitə/ noun a person who paints the inside and outside of buildings

decorum /dɪ'kɔːrəm/ *noun* the practice of being well behaved

decoy¹ /'dirkor/ *noun* an object or a person that is placed to attract and trap something \circ When they go duck shooting, they use wooden duck decoys which they float on the water. \circ They used a woman police officer to act as a decoy to try to trap the mugger.

decoy² /dɪ'kɔɪ/ (**decoys**, **decoying**, **decoyed**) *verb* to attract and trap something or someone

decrease¹/'di:kri:s/ noun the fact of becoming less [~of/~in] \circ a decrease of 20% in applications to join the club \circ Sales show a 10% decrease on last year. \Box to be on the decrease to be becoming less \circ Road accidents are on the decrease.

decrease² /d1'kri:s/ (decreases, decreasing, decreased) verb to become less \circ The number of road accidents is decreasing. \circ Applications to join have decreased by 20%.

decree /d1'kri:/ noun a legal order which has not been voted by a parliament \circ The President has issued a decree banning short dresses. **decrepit** /dɪ'krepɪt/ *adj* old and falling to pieces

dedicate /'ded1ke1t/ (**dedicates**, **dedicating**, **dedicated**) *verb* **1**. to say that something you have produced or done represents a mark of respect or affection for someone \circ *He dedicated his collection of poems to his wife*. **2**. to spend all your life doing something \circ *She dedicated herself* or *her life to looking after abandoned children*.

dedicated /'dedikertid/ adj **1**. giving a lot of time and effort to achieve something \circ *Her life was saved by the dedicated sur gical team at the hospital.* **2**. reserved for a particular task \circ *There's one dedicated graphics workstation in the network.*

3 dedication / $dedr'ket J(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. spending your life doing something \circ *Her dedication and hard work are admirable.* **2**. a note printed at the beginning of a book or play, where the author offers his or her work to someone as a mark of respect or affection

deduce /dɪ'djuːs/ (**deduces**, **deducing**, **deduced**) *verb* to conclude something from examining the evidence (*formal*)

deduct /dɪ'dʌkt/ (**deducts, deducting, deducted**) *verb* to remove an amount from a sum of money

deduction /d1'dAk \int ən/ noun **1**. a conclusion reached \circ *Their deduction was correct.* \Box **by a process of deduction** by looking at the evidence and reaching a conclusion **2**. a sum of money which is taken away \circ *There is an automatic deduction for insurance.* \circ *Net wages are wages after deduction of tax and social security payments.*

③ deed /di:d/ noun an act, especially a brave one \circ stories of great deeds performed during the war

(3) **deem** /di:m/ (**deems**, **deeming**, **deemed**) *verb* to consider something or someone to be something (*formal*)

① deep /di:p/ adj (deeper, deepest) 1. going a long way down \circ The water is very deep in the middle of the river. \circ This is the deepest lake in North America. \circ In the shallow end of the pool, the water is deep enough to cover your feet. \diamond depth 2. going a long way under the ground \circ a deep mine 3. (of a voice) low, not high \circ Who's been sitting on my chair? said Father Bear in his deep voice. \blacksquare adv a long way down \circ The mine goes deep under the sea.

deepen /'dirpən/ (deepens, deepening, deepened) *verb* **1.** to become deeper \circ *The*

water deepened as he walked out into the lake. **2**. to make something become deeper \circ They're going to deepen the channel so that bigger boats can use the harbour. **3**. to become more difficult to understand \circ The mystery deepened.

deep-fried /,di:p 'fratd/ *adj* which has been cooked in a deep pan of boiling oil or fat

③ **deeply** /'di:pli/ adv 1. very much ○ We deeply regret having to make so many people redundant. 2. □ to sleep deeply to sleep without waking ○ After taking the drug she slept deeply for ten hours.

deep-rooted /_ditp 'ruttld/ adj which you have had for a long time and which you feel strongly

deep-seated /,dirp 'sittid/ *adj* that has lasted a long time and will be difficult to change

deep-set /,dirp 'set/ adj (of eyes) which have deep sockets

deer /dtə/ (*plural same*) *noun* a wild animal, the male of which has long horns called antlers (NOTE: Do not confuse with **dear**. The female is a **doe**, the male is a **stag**, the young are **fawns**. Note also that the meat from a deer is called **venison**.)

deface /d1^tfe1s/ (**defaces**, **defacing**, **defaced**) *verb* to damage the surface of something by writing on or scratching it

default /d1'f o:lt/ noun the situation existing if no change is made \circ The default for the number of copies is 10. \diamond by default 1. happening because someone else fails to do something \circ As they didn't reply by the 15th, the agreement ended by default. 2. to win a game or competition because another person does not play or cannot finish playing \circ His opponent withdrew and he won by default.

default setting /d1'f5:lt ,set1ŋ/ noun the way in which something is organised to happen unless a change is made \circ *The default setting for the heating is on at 8 a.m. and off at 6 p.m.*

(3) **defeat** /dɪ'fi:t/ noun the loss of a fight, game or vote ○ The Government suffered a defeat in Parliament last night. ○ It was the team's first defeat for two years. ■ verb (**de**feats, defeating, defeated) to succeed against someone in a fight, game or vote ○ The ruling party was heavily defeated in the presidential election. ○ Our team has not been defeated so far this season. ○ The proposal was defeated by 10 votes to 3.

defect¹ /'dirfekt/ noun a fault \circ There must be a defect in the computer program.

defect

defect²/dI'fekt/ (**defects**, **defecting**, **defected**) *verb* to leave your country and join the enemy

defective /d1'fekt1v/ adj faulty

① defence /d1'fens/ noun 1. protection against something such as attack or infection \circ Several people ran to her defence when she was attacked. \circ These tablets offer some defence against the disease. 2. protection provided by the armed forces \circ Some countries spend more on defence than on education. 3. (in games) a part of a team whose job is to protect the goal \circ The England defence came under attack from the other team's forwards. 4. (in a law courf) the lawyers acting on behalf of an accused person

defenceless /dɪ'fensləs/ *adj* not able to protect yourself

① **defend** /d1'fend/ (**defends**, **defending**, **defended**) *verb* to protect a person or place that is being attacked \circ *They brought in extra troops to defend the city against attack*.

(2) **defendant** /dɪ'fendənt/ noun (in a law court) a person who is accused of doing something illegal or a person who is sued in a civil case

③ **defender** /d1'fendə/ noun 1. a person who defends a place such as a castle or town \circ *The defenders surrendered after 90* days, when they ran out of food. 2. in team sports, a player who defends the goal \circ *The defenders were continually passing the* ball back to the goalkeeper. 3. someone who supports something strongly and actively [~of]

defense /d1'fens/ noun US spelling of defence

defensive /d1 'fensiv/ noun \Box to be on the defensive about something to feel you need to give reasons for having done something \circ She's always on the defensive about her decision to resign.

defer /d1'f3!/ (defers, deferring, deferred) verb to put something back to a later date, to postpone something \circ to defer payment \circ The decision has been deferred until the next meeting.

deference /'def(ə)rəns/ noun respect

defiance /dɪ'faɪəns/ *noun* a very proud action against an opponent

defiant /dɪ'faɪənt/ *adj* very bold in refusing to obey someone or something

deficiency /dɪ'fɪʃ(ə)nsi/ (*plural* **deficiencies**) *noun* not enough of something needed to make someone or something

healthy or complete \circ *Their diet has a deficiency of iron* or *has an iron deficiency*.

deficient $/d1'f1 \int (3)nt/adj$ lacking something $[-in] \circ$ *The soil is deficient in nutrients.* \circ *Their diet is deficient in calcium.*

deficit /'defisit/ noun an amount by which something is less than it should be \circ *The company announced a deficit of £2 million* or a £2 million deficit in its accounts.

(2) define/d1'fa1n/ (defines, defining, defined) verb 1. to explain something clearly or to give the meaning of something ○ How would you define the word 'environmental'? 2. to indicate the limits of something ○ The police operate within limits that have been clearly defined. ○ The memo tried to define the way in which the two departments should work together.

(3) **definite** I' def(\ominus)n $\ominus I'$ adj very sure $\circ I$ need a definite answer. \circ He was quite definite that he had seen the girl at the bus stop.

definite article $/_1$ def(ϑ)n ϑ t ' α :tIk(ϑ)l/ noun the word 'the' in English, or a word with a similar use in another language

() **definitely** $/' def(\mathfrak{I}) \mathfrak{n} \mathfrak{I} \mathfrak{l} / \mathfrak{a} dv$ certainly \circ *l'll definitely be there by 7 o'clock.* \circ *Are you coming? – Definitely not!*

(2) **definition** $/_{1}$ defi'ni $\int(\partial)n/$ noun an explanation of the meaning of a word $\circ A$ bilingual dictionary doesn't give definitions, only translations. \circ Look up the definition of 'democracy' in the dictionary.

definitive /dɪ'fɪnɪtɪv/ *adj* final, which cannot be improved on

deflate /di:'fleit/ (**deflates**, **deflating**, **deflated**) *verb* to let the air out of something, e.g. of a tyre or balloon \circ *Their hot air balloon began to deflate*.

deflated /di:'fleitid/ *adj* feeling unhappy and lacking confidence in yourself

deflect /d1^tflekt/ (**deflects**, **deflecting**, **deflected**) *verb* to turn aside something, e.g. an arrow or a bullet, so that it goes in another direction

deforestation /dir,fpr1'ste1 $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun the act of cutting down trees from an area of land

deformed /dɪ'fɔːmd/ *adj* having a twisted or unattractive shape

deformity /dɪ'fɔːmɪti/ (*plural* **deformities**) *noun* the fact of being deformed

defragment /,di:fræg'ment/ (**defragments**, **defragmenting**, **defragmented**) *verb* to arrange the storage space in a computer **defraud** /dɪ'frɔ:d/ (**defrauds**, **defrauding**, **defrauded**) *verb* to cheat someone to get their money \circ *He defrauded the old lady of £10,000*.

defrost /di:'frost/ (**defrosts**, **defrosting**, **defrosted**) verb **1**. to remove ice which has formed in a refrigerator or freezer $\circ I$ must defrost the freezer. **2**. (of frozen food) to thaw out $\circ A$ large turkey will take 24 hours to defrost.

deft /deft/ *adj* very agile or clever with your hands

defunct /dɪ'fʌŋkt/ adj no longer functioning

defuse /dir'fjurz/ (**defuses**, **defusing**, **defused**) verb **1**. to take the fuse out of a bomb so that it cannot explode \circ An army unit was brought in to defuse the bomb. **2**. to make a situation less tense \circ The chairman made some jokes to try to defuse the situation. \circ The UN Secretary General has moved to try to defuse the crisis.

defy /d1'faI/ (**defies**, **defying**, **defied**) verb 1. to refuse to obey the law \circ He should never have tried to defy the university authorities. 2. \Box to **defy description**, **belief etc** to be almost impossible to describe, believe, etc \circ His latest film defies description.

degenerate¹ / $d_1'd_3en(\vartheta)r\vartheta t$ / *adj* which has become morally weak or bad \circ *He was shocked by the student art exhibition which he termed 'degenerate scribbling'.*

degenerate² /d1'd3enəre11/ (degenerates, degenerating, degenerated) verb to get worse \circ Her condition degenerated quickly once she went into hospital. \circ The celebrations rapidly degenerated into rioting.

degrade /d1'gre1d/ (**degrades**, **degrad**ing, **degraded**) verb **1**. to make someone do something that is humiliating \circ She had no money but refused to degrade herself by making false social security claims. **2**. to change a chemical compound into a simpler form, to decompose \circ Some plastics will degrade if left in the sun.

degrading /dɪ'greɪdɪŋ/ *adj* which makes a person like an animal

() **degree** /dɪ'ɡri:/ noun **1**. a unit for measuring temperature or angles, shown by the symbol (°) \circ an angle of eighty degrees \circ The temperature of the water is above 20°. (NOTE: With figures, **degree** is usually written as the symbol °: 25° Celsius.) **2**. a qualification from a university [-in] \circ a degree in mathematics **3**. a small amount of something such as a quality or an emotion $[-of] \circ I$ approached the animal with some degree of fear. \circ The degree of public interest in the announcement surprised them. \Box to some or a certain degree partly \circ It's his own fault to a certain degree.

dehydrate /,di:hai'dreit/ (**dehydrates**, **dehydrating**, **dehydrated**) *verb* **1**. to remove water from something **2**. to lose water from the body

dehydrated /,di:hai'dreitid/ *adj* (of food) having lost water

deity /'de11ti/ (plural deities) noun a god

déjà vu/,de13aː 'vuː/ *noun* a feeling that you have already seen something before o When he came into the room, he immediately had a feeling of déjà vu.

dejected /d1'd3ekt1d/ *adj* very unhappy or discouraged

(2) **delay** /dr'ler/ noun the length of time by which something is late [~of/~in] \circ a delay of ten minutes \circ We are sorry for the delay in replying to your letter. \blacksquare verb (**delays, delaying, delayed) 1.** to make someone or something late \circ The train has been delayed by fog. \circ He was delayed because his taxi had an accident. **2.** to put something off until later \circ We will delay making a decision until we see the result of the election. \circ The company has delayed payment of all invoices.

delegate¹ /'deligət/ noun a person who represents others at a meeting \circ *The minister met delegates from the union.*

delegate² /'delə,gett/ (**delegates**, **delegating**, **delegated**) verb to pass authority or responsibility on to someone else \circ *She finds it difficult to delegate*. \circ *He delegated the job of locking up the shop to the junior manager*.

delegation /delr'ger $\int(\Im)n/$ noun **1.** a group of representatives \circ *The minister met a union delegation.* **2.** the act of passing on authority or responsibility to someone else \circ *The secret of good management is delegation.*

(3) **delete** /dɪ'liːt/ (**deletes**, **deleting**, **deleted**) *verb* to cut out part of something, e.g. a document or a computer file

deletion /dt'li: $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1.** the action of deleting something \circ *The court asked for the deletion of several sentences from the magazine article.* \circ *She made several deletions to the original text.* **2.** a word or phrase which has been deleted \circ *In spite of all the deletions, the article is still too long.* **deli** /'deli/ *noun* same as **delicatessen** (*informa*)

deliberate

deliberate¹ /dɪ'lɪb(\Im)r \exists t/ adj **1**. done on purpose \circ It was a deliberate attempt to spoil her birthday party. **2**. slow and thoughtful in speaking or doing something \circ She has a very deliberate way of signing her name.

deliberate² /dr'lıbəreit/ (**deliberates**, **deliberating**, **deliberated**) *verb* to discuss or think carefully about something \circ *The council were deliberating all morning*. \circ *I'll need some time to deliberate on the possible ways of solving the problem*.

③ deliberately $/dI'IIb(\vartheta)r\vartheta Ii'$ *adv* on purpose \circ *It was an accident* – *I didn't hit her deliberately*. \circ *He deliberately left the cage door open.*

deliberation $/dI_1libe$ 'reI $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. great care \circ He moved his king with great deliberation and leant back with a smile. **2**. a discussion \circ After lengthy deliberations the meeting voted on the proposal. \circ Did their deliberations produce any result?

delicacy /'del1k \Rightarrow si/ (plural delicacies) noun 1. sensitivity \circ It is a question which has to be handled with great delicacy. 2. the state of being delicate \circ The delicacy of the glasses means that they have to be handled very carefully. 3. an unusual and tasty thing to eat \circ They bought all sorts of delicacies for the Christmas party.

delicate / del1kət/ *adj* **1**. made from materials that are thin and light and easily damaged \circ *a delicate china vase* **2**. likely to get ill \circ *Little babies are very delicate*. \circ *She was a delicate child*.

delicatessen $/_1$ del1kə'tes(\ni)n/ noun a shop selling cold meats and imported food products

delicious /dɪ'lɪ∫əs/ adj tasting very good ○ *Can I have another piece of that delicious cake?* (NOTE: + **deliciously** adv)

delight /dr'lait/ noun 1. pleasure \circ The news was greeted with delight by the waiting crowd. \Box to take (great) delight in something to enjoy something 2. something which gives someone pleasure \blacksquare verb (delights, delighting, delighted) 1. to give great pleasure to someone \circ His speech delighted the audience. 2. to enjoy something $[-in] \circ$ She delights in teasing her little brother.

② delighted /dr'lattId/ adj very pleased
③ delightful /dr'lattI(ə)l/ adj very pleasant o What a delightful show of flowers!

delirious /dr'lIriəs/ adj 1. suffering from delirium \circ She collapsed and became delirious. 2. very excited and happy \circ They were delirious when they won the lottery. **delirium** /dɪ'lɪriəm/ *noun* a mental state in which a person is confused, restless and very excited and has hallucinations

(2) **deliver** /dr'l1v∂/ (**delivers**, **delivering**, **delivered**) verb **1**. to bring something to someone [-t0] ○ Has today's newspaper been delivered yet? ○ He delivered the letter to her himself so as to be sure she got it. **2**. □ **to deliver a baby** to help a mother when a baby is being born ○ The twins were delivered by the midwife. **3**. □ **to deliver a speech** to make a speech ○ This is the full text of the speech the President delivered at the meeting. ◇ **to deliver the goods** to do what you promised to do ○ You can always rely on him to deliver the goods.

② **delivery** /dr' lrv(3)ri/ (plural **deliver**ies) noun the act of bringing something to someone \circ There is no charge for delivery within the London area. \circ Use the back entrance for deliveries. \circ The next delivery will be on Thursday.

delta /'deltə/ noun 1. a triangular piece of land at the mouth of a large river, formed of silt carried by the river \circ *the Mississippi Delta* 2. the fourth letter of the Greek alphabet. Symbol **δ**;

delude /dɪ'luːd/ (**deludes**, **deluding**, **deluded**) *verb* to make someone believe something which is wrong

deluge /'delju:dʒ/ noun 1. a flood of something, e.g. questions or orders \circ We had a deluge of phone calls after our TV commercial. 2. a heavy rainfall \circ It had been dry for weeks and then last Saturday we had a deluge. ■ verb (deluges, deluging, deluged) 1. to flood a place 2. to overwhelm someone with a flood of something \circ We were deluged with phone calls.

delusion /dɪ'luːʒ(ə)n/ *noun* a false belief which a person holds, which cannot be changed by reason

de luxe /dɪ 'lʌks/ *adj* very expensive or of very high quality

delve /delv/ (delves, delving, delved) verb 1. to investigate something [~into] \circ I remember the case but I might have to delve deeply to get the details. \circ He has been delving into the past history of the family. 2. to look somewhere for something \circ She delved in the drawer and produced a small booklet.

① **demand** /dr'ma:nd/ noun **1**. the act of asking for something [-for] \circ a demand for payment **2**. the need for particular goods or services [-for] \circ We cannot keep up with the demand for our new machine. \Box to meet or fill a demand to supply what is needed \circ

The factory had to increase production to meet the extra demand. \Box there is not much demand for this item not many people want to buy this item \Box this item is in great demand many people want to buy this item \blacksquare verb (demands, demanding, demanded) to ask firmly for something [~(that)/~to] \circ I demand an explanation for your behaviour. \circ They demanded that more information be made available. \circ We demanded to know how long it would be before we received a reply.

③ **demanding** /dɪ'mɑːndɪŋ/ *adj* which takes up much time and energy

demeaning /dɪ'miːnɪŋ/ adj which makes you appear undignified

demeanour /dɪ'miːnə/ *noun* a person's behaviour or manner (NOTE: The US spelling is **demeanor**.)

dementia /d1 mem $\int \partial / noun$ a loss of mental ability and memory, causing confusion and changes to the personality, due to a disease of the brain

demise /di'maiz/ noun a death (formal)

demo /'deməu/ noun same as demonstration

② **democracy** /dɪ'mɒkrəsi/ noun 1. a country governed by politicians who have been elected by the people 2. a system of government in which politicians are elected by the people ∘ *The people want democracy, not a dictatorship.*

③ **democrat** /'deməkræt/ *noun* a person who believes in democracy \circ *All true democrats will unite against the dictator.*

(2) **democratic** /₁demə'krætık/ adj relating to democracy \circ *They promised to restore democratic government.*

(3) **demolish** /d1'mplrJ/ (**demolishes**, **demolishing**, **demolished**) *verb* **1**. to knock something down \circ *We demolished the old church and built a new one.* **2**. to eat something completely \circ *He demolished the whole chocolate cake.* **3**. to show that something is completely wrong \circ *He wrote an article demolishing the professor's theories.*

demolition $/_1$ demə'lı $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the action of knocking down something such as a building

demon /'di:mən/ noun a devil \circ The picture shows red demons throwing people into a fire.

demonstrable /dɪ'mɒnstrəb(ə)l/ adj which can be proved or demonstrated

(2) demonstrate /'demonstrett/ (demonstrates, demonstrating, demonstrated) verb 1. to show something [~(that)/~what/where/how etc] \circ This incident demonstrates that nothing has changed. \circ He demonstrated how the machine worked. **2.** to protest against something in public [~against] \circ A group were demonstrating against the new motorway.

③ **demonstration** $/_1$ demən'stret $J(\exists)n/$ noun 1. the act of showing how something works \circ Can you give me a demonstration of the new machine? 2. a crowd of people who are protesting against something [-against] \circ a demonstration against the policy on student funding

demonstrative /dɪ'mɒnstrətɪv/ adj (of a person) who openly shows his or her feelings o She's not very demonstrative, but I think she appreciated her gift all the same. (3) **demonstrator** /'demənstreɪtə/ noun a person who marches or who forms part of a crowd protesting against something o A crowd of demonstrators blocked the road. o The police used water cannon to clear demonstrators from in front of the Parliament building.

demoralised /dɪ'mɒrəlaɪzd/, **demoralized** *adj* unhappy and discouraged

demoralising /dɪ'mɒrəlaɪzɪŋ/, **demoralizing** *adj* which demoralises you or lowers your confidence

demote / $dr'm \Rightarrow ot/$ (**demotes**, **demoting**, **demoted**) *verb* to give someone a less important job or reduce an employee to a lower rank or grade (NOTE: + **demotion** *n*)

demure /dɪ'mjʊə/ *adj* quiet and serious **den** /den/ *noun* **1**. a place where an animal hides away \circ *a lion's den* **2**. a small room where you can hide away to work \circ *Dad's in his den, so don't disturb him.*

denial /dɪ'naɪəl/ noun a statement that something is not true

denigrate /'denigrent/ (**denigrates**, **denigrating**, **denigrated**) *verb* to say that someone or something is not very good

denim /'den1m/ noun a thick cotton cloth, usually blue

denomination $/dI_1 nDmI'nel J(3)n/$ noun **1**. a unit of money written on a coin, banknote or stamp \circ *Coins of all denomi*nations are put in the church collection box. \circ The bank has run out of small denomination notes. **2**. a religious grouping \circ The Protestant Church is divided into several denominations. \circ What denomination does he belong to?

(a) denounce /di'naons/ (denounces, denouncing, denounced) verb 1. to blame or to accuse someone or something openly
 Someone denounced him to the police.

dense

He was denounced as a racist by a fellow professor. **2.** to say you disapprove of someone or something publicly \circ She denounced the council's policy as short-sighted.

dense /dens/ adj 1. very thick \circ Dense fog closed the airport. 2. with a lot of trees or plants \circ They tried to find their way through dense forest. 3. containing a lot of information \circ 1 find it difficult to read through 100 pages of dense text.

③ **density** /'densiti/ noun 1. (in physics) the amount of mass per unit of volume \circ heavy density oils 2. the number of things in a certain area \circ the high traffic density in the centre of Rome \circ London suffers from high population density.

dent /dent/ noun a mark that curves inwards, especially in metal, made by hitting something \circ Someone has made a dent in my car door: \blacksquare verb (dents, denting, dented) to make a mark like this in something \circ He backed into a tree and dented the car. dental /'dent(\circ)|/ adj referring to teeth

dental floss /'dent(ə)l flos/ *noun* a thin waxed thread for pulling between your teeth to remove pieces of food

(2) **dentist** /'dentist/ noun a person whose job is to look after and provide treatment for your teeth

dentistry /'dent1stri/ *noun* **1**. the profession of a dentist **2**. the branch of medicine dealing with teeth and gums

dentures /'dent∫∂z/ *plural noun* artificial teeth which fit inside the mouth and are used in place of teeth which have been taken out

denunciation $/dI_n nAnsi^{l}eI \int (\partial n) n con a$ public accusation or blame

② deny /dl'nal/ (denies, denying, denied) verb to state that something is not true [~(that)] o He flatly denied stealing the car. o She denied that she had ever seen him.

deodorant /di'əud(ə)rənt/ noun a substance which hides and prevents unpleasant body smells

③ **depart** /dɪ'pɑːt/ (**departs**, **departing**, **departed**) *verb* to go away from a place [~for/~from] ○ *The coach departs for Edinburgh from London at 09.00.*

① **department** /dt'pattment/ noun 1. a section of a large company \circ He is in charge of the marketing department. \circ Write to the complaints department about the service. **2.** one of the sections of the government \circ the Department for Education and Skills \circ the Department of Transport **3.** a part of a large shop \circ *If you want* cheese you'll need to go to the food department. \circ You will find beds in the furniture department.

(3) **department store** /dɪ'pɑ:tmənt sto:/ noun a large shop with several different sections

③ **departure** /d1'pa:t $\int \partial / noun$ the act of leaving a place \circ *The plane's departure* was delayed by two hours. \circ *The departure* time is 3 o'clock. \blacksquare plural noun **departures** the part of an airport terminal which deals with passengers who are leaving. Compare **arrival**

(1) depend /d1'pend/ (depends, depending, depended) verb \square it depends it is linked to something else o 'Are there any seats available for the show?' 'It depends how many people you need tickets for.' \Box to depend on something to happen only because of something else happening first o The success of the book will depend on the publicity campaign. \circ I'd like to come but it depends what time we can leave work. \Box to depend on someone or something to be sure that someone will do what they say they will do, or that something will happen as expected o You can't depend on Jack he's always too busy to help. \circ You can depend on her to do her best. O The company depends on government grants. \diamond it (all) **depends** it is not certain (*informal*) \circ We may go to France on holiday, or Spain, it all depends.

dependable /dɪ'pendəb(ə)l/ *adj* that can be relied on

dependant /dɪ'pendənt/ *noun* a member of the family who is financially supported by another (NOTE: Do not confuse with **dependent**.)

(3) **dependence** /dɪ'pendəns/ *noun* the fact of being dependent on someone or something

(3) **dependent** /di'pendənt/ adj 1. needing money from someone else in order to live o She has five dependent relatives. 2. needing someone else's help in order to live or succeed o The patients become very dependent on the hospital staff: 3. caused or affected by something o The success of the project is dependent on getting a government grant. (NOTE: [all adj senses] Do not confuse with dependant.) ■ noun US spelling of dependant

(3) **depict** /dɪ'pɪkt/ (**depicts**, **depicting**, **depicted**) *verb* to show or describe something [~as] ○ Newspapers like to depict him as a lovable crook.

depleted /dɪ'pli:tɪd/ *adj* containing less of something than before

deplorable /dɪ'plɔ:rəb(ə)l/ adj very bad **deplore** /dɪ'plɔ:/ (**deplores**, **deploring**, **deplored**) verb to say you strongly dislike an action or an attitude (formal) \circ We deplore the violence that is taking place.

(3) **deploy** /dɪ'plɔɪ/ (**deploys**, **deploying**, **deployed**) *verb* to spread out soldiers, etc. ready for action

deport /dr'po:t/ (**deports, deporting, deported**) *verb* to expel someone from a country (NOTE: + **deportation** *n*)

depose /dɪ'pəʊz/ (**deposes**, **deposing**, **deposed**) *verb* to remove a king from the throne or a ruler from office

(3) **deposit** /di⁺ppzIt/ noun 1. money kept in a bank ∘ Her deposits in the bank had grown over the years. 2. a particular amount of money that you give someone as a first payment for something expensive ∘ She had to pay a deposit on the watch. ∘ Can you leave £50 as deposit? ∘ I paid a 30% deposit and don't have to pay anything more for six months. ■ verb (deposits, depositing, deposited) to put money into a bank account ∘ She deposited £100 in her current account. ∘ The cheque arrived at long last, and I deposited it immediately.

deposit account /dɪ'pɒzɪt ə,kaunt/ *noun* an account which pays interest but on which notice usually has to be given to withdraw money

(3) **depot** / dep \Rightarrow 0/ noun **1**. a central warehouse for goods \circ *a freight depot* \circ *a goods depot* \circ *an oil storage depot* **2**. a centre for transport \circ *a bus depot* \circ *a tram depot*

depraved /dɪ'preɪvd/ *adj* wicked or immoral

depreciate /d1 pri: $\int i_i e_{11}/(depreciates, depreciating, depreciated) verb to lose value <math>\circ$ *The pound has depreciated by* 5% *against the dollar.*

③ **depress** /d1'pres/ (**depresses**, **depressing**, **depressed**) verb **1**. to make someone sad or miserable ○ Listening to that particular piece of music always depresses me. **2**. to push down a button ○ To activate the alarm, depress both buttons simultaneously.

③ **depressed** /d1'prest/ *adj* so unhappy that you are not able to enjoy life, especially over a long period of time \circ *She's been feeling depressed since the accident.* ③ **depressing** /dɪ'presɪŋ/ *adj* making you feel sad or unhappy

③ **depression** /dt'pre $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1.** a mental state where you feel miserable and hopeless \circ *He was in a state of depression after the exams.* \circ *She is subject to fits of depression.* **2.** a low pressure area bringing bad weather \circ *The depression coming from the Atlantic will bring rain to most parts of the country.* \circ *Winds move anticlockwise round a depression.* **3.** an economic crisis \circ *Have many companies here been affected by the current world depression?* **4.** a place which is lower than the area round it \circ *A pool of water had formed in a depression in the rocks.*

deprivation /,depri've1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun$ **1**. a state of being deprived of something **2**. a state of not having enough of the things necessary for a normal life, such as food and housing \circ *They suffered dreadful deprivation(s) during the war.*

deprive /d1'pra1v/ (**deprives**, **depriving**, **deprived**) verb to take something away from someone, or not to let someone have something \circ We've been deprived of sunshine all month. \circ Poverty deprived her of all the usual comforts of life.

deprived /dɪ'praɪvd/ *adj* not enjoying many of society's benefits

() **depth** /dep θ / noun a measurement of how deep something is \circ The depth of the lake is 20m. \circ The submarine dived to a depth of 200m.

(2) **deputy** /'depjoti/ (plural deputies) noun 1. a person who makes decisions when the manager or boss is away \circ She's acting as deputy while the managing director is in hospital. 2. a person who helps someone in their job \circ He appointed her as his deputy.

derail /dir'reIl/ (**derails**, **derailing**, **derailed**) *verb* to make a train leave the rails

derby /'da:bi/ (*plural* **derbies**) noun **1**. a bowler hat **2**. a sporting contest between local teams \circ *There are always crowds at the local derby*.

deregulation /di:,regjʊ'le1∫(ə)n/ noun reducing government control over an industry

derelict /'der11kt/ *adj* ruined and abandoned \circ *They plan to build the housing development on derelict land near the city centre.* \circ *They bought a derelict cottage to do it up.*

deride /dr'raɪd/ (**derides**, **deriding**, **derided**) *verb* to laugh at someone or something

derision /dɪ'rɪʒ(ə)n/ *noun* the act of laughing at someone or something because you think they are stupid

derisive /dɪ'raɪsɪv/ *adj* laughing at someone because you think they are stupid

derisory /dɪ'raɪsəri/ *adj* ridiculously small

derivation / deri'vei $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun the origin of a word

derive /dɪ'raɪv/ (**derives**, **deriving**, **derived**) *verb* to get something from something

dermatologist /,d3:m9'tplad31st/ noun a doctor who specialises in the study and treatment of diseases of the skin

derogatory /dɪ'rɒgət(ə)ri/ *adj* showing dislike for someone or something

descend /dr'send/ (descends, descending, descended) verb 1. to go down something such as a ladder \circ *The president* seemed to stumble as he descended the steps from the plane. 2. \Box to be descended from someone to have someone as an ancestor \circ On his mother's side, he is descended from one of William the Conqueror's knights.

(3) **descendant** /dɪ'sendənt/ noun a member of a family with a particular ancestor

③ **descent** /dɪ'sent/ noun **1**. the process of going down [~into/to] ○ *The descent into the mine takes just under three minutes.* **2**. family ancestry ○ *He can trace his descent back to or from William I.* □ **she is of Irish descent** her family is from Ireland **3**. a downhill slope ○ *She successfully completed a tricky descent.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **dissent**.)

① **describe** /dr'skraɪb/ (**describes**, **describing**, **described**) *verb* to say or write what someone or something is like [-how/what/who etc/~as] \circ *Can you describe the car which hit the old lady?* \circ *She described how the bus suddenly left the road.* \circ *He described the man as tall with a black beard.*

① **description** /dɪ'skrɪpʃən/ noun the act of saying or writing what something or someone is like

descriptive /dɪ'skrɪptɪv/ *adj* which says what something is like

desecrate /'desikreit/ (**desecrates**, **desecrating**, **desecrated**) *verb* to treat a place such as a church or a grave in a disrespectful way (NOTE: + **desecration** *n*)

desegregation $/_{disegriget}(a)n/$ noun the act of ending the segregation of a group of people or an institution (NOTE: + **desegregate** *v*)

desert¹ /'dezət/ *noun* a very dry area of the world, usually covered with rocks or sand (NOTE: Do not confuse with **dessert**.)

desert²/dI¹Z3:T/ (**deserts**, **deserting**, **deserted**) *verb* **1**. to leave the armed forces without permission **2**. to leave someone in a difficult situation

deserted /d1'z3:t1d/ adj with no people \circ We walked around the deserted town.

deserter /dɪ'zɜ:tə/ *noun* a person who leaves the armed forces without permission

desert island / dezət 'aılənd/ noun a tropical island with no inhabitants

② **deserve** /dI'Z3:V/ (**deserves**, **deserving**, **deserved**) verb to earn something because of what you have done ○ He didn't deserve to win because he cheated. ○ I've been on my feet all day – I think I deserve a sit-down. ○ He deserves a holiday.

deserving /dɪ'zɜːvɪŋ/ *adj* which should be supported or helped

() **design** /dt'zain/ noun a plan or drawing of something, before it is made or built [~for] ○ the designs for the new opera house ■ verb (designs, designing, designed) to draw plans for the shape or appearance of something before it is made or built ○ He designed the new university library. ○ She designs garden furniture.

designate¹ /'dezigneit/ (**designates**, **designating**, **designated**) verb to appoint someone to a post \circ *He has been designated as our representative at the meeting*.

designate² /'dezIgnət/ *adj* appointed to a particular job but not doing it yet \circ *the chief executive designate* (NOTE: always after a noun)

(3) **designer** /dɪ'zaɪnə/ noun an artist who plans the shape or appearance of things such as goods, clothes or rooms

desirable /dɪ'zaɪərəb(ə)l/ *adj* which a lot of people want

② **desire** /d1'za1ə/ noun something that you want very much [~for] \circ *It's difficult to* satisfy the public's desire for information. \circ She had a sudden desire to lie down and go to sleep. **u** verb (desires, desiring, desired) to want something (formal) \circ *Most* of us desire a large comfortable home. \diamond to leave a lot to be desired not to be of the right standard, not to be acceptable \circ *The* bathrooms in the hotel leave a lot to be desired.

desired /d1'za1əd/ adj wanted or required

② **desk** /desk/ noun **1**. a table, often with drawers, used for writing \circ He put the papers away in his desk drawer. \circ She was sitting at her desk when the telephone rang. **2**. a government department \circ She works on the Central Europe desk in the Foreign Office.

desk tidy /'desk ,taɪdi/ *noun* a small container kept on a desk to keep things such as pens and paper clips tidy

desktop /'deskt pp/ *noun* **1**. the top surface of a desk **2**. a display on a computer screen that shows images representing available programs and files

desktop publishing / desktop 'p∧bli∫iŋ/ *noun* the production of publications using a personal computer

desolate /'desələt/ *adj* bleak and deserted \circ *a desolate mountainside*

despair /di'speə/ noun a feeling that a situation is so bad that there is nothing you can do to make it better o When he lost his iob and his girlfriend left him, he was filled with despair. with despairs, despairing, **despaired**) to give up all hope of achieving something \diamond the depths of despair a situation where there is complete lack of hope (3) desperate / desp(a)rat/ adj 1. having a strong need for something that you are not able to get, and feeling very worried because you do not know how to solve the problem [~for] o Food ran out and the people were becoming desperate. O They were *desperate for news of their son.* **2.** urgent o There is a desperate need for medical supplies.

despicable /dɪ'spɪkəb(ə)l/ *adj* unpleasant, which you despise

despise /d1'spa1z/ (**despises**, **despis**ing, **despised**) *verb* to look down on someone, to think someone is not worth much

() **despite** /dɪ'spaɪt/ prep although something happened or was done \circ *Despite the wet weather we still enjoyed our holiday.*

despondent /dɪ'spondənt/ *adj* discouraged and unhappy

dessert /dɪ'zɜ:t/ noun a sweet dish at the end of a meal \circ The meal will end with a dessert of strawberries and cream. \circ What's for dessert? (NOTE: Do not confuse with **desert**. The word **dessert** is mainly used in restaurants. At home, this part of the meal is usually called **the sweet** or **afters** or **pudding**.)

destabilise /dir'sterbilaiz/ (destabilises, destabilising, destabilised), destabi-

lize *verb* to make a country or government less stable

destination /_idest1'ne1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun the place to which a person or vehicle is going \circ We reached our destination at eight o'clock. \circ The destination is shown on the front of the bus.

destined /'destind/ adj 1. going or being sent to a particular place [~for] \circ All mail destined for Canada is delayed because of the postal workers' strike. 2. certain to have, do or experience something [~for/~to] \circ She's destined for a great career on TV. \circ They were destined to fail in their search for gold.

destiny /'destini/ noun 1. what will happen to you in the future \circ *The war affected the destinies of many people.* 2. a power that controls what happens to you in the future \circ *You never know what destiny has in store for you.*

destitute /'destit jurt/ *adj* with very little money and very few belongings

(2) **destroy** /dI 'stro1/ (**destroys**, **destroying**, **destroyed**) *verb* to damage something so badly that it no longer exists \circ *The bomb destroyed several buildings*. \circ *A lot of private property was destroyed in the war.*

destroyer /dI'stroio/ noun a mediumsized naval ship

(2) **destruction** /d1'strAk∫ən/ noun the action of destroying something ○ the destruction of the village by enemy bombs ○ The volcano caused enormous destruction. ○ After the bomb attack there was a scene of total destruction. (NOTE: no plural)

destructive /dɪ'strʌktɪv/ adj which destroys

(3) detach $/d1'tat \int / (detaches, detach$ ing, detached)*verb*to separate somethingfrom something or someone

detachable $/dI'tæt \int \partial b(\partial l) / adj$ which you can detach

detached $/dI'tact \int t/adj \square$ **detached house** a house which stands alone, not attached to another

detachment /dI'tætfment/ noun 1. indifference, lack of particular interest \circ He glanced at the advancing policemen with an air of detachment. 2. a small group of soldiers \circ Detachments of marines have been sent to the island.

① detail /'ditteil/ noun a small piece of information \circ Send in your CV including full details of your past experience. \circ Can you give me further details of when the accident took place? \circ I can't make out the details in the photo because the light is

detailed

bad. \circ The policeman noted down the details of the incident. \blacksquare verb (details, detailing, detailed) to list all the facts or items \circ He detailed the work which had to be done. \diamond in detail with as much information as possible \circ The catalogue lists all the furniture in detail. \circ Please describe the circumstances of the accident in as much detail as possible.

(2) **detailed** /'di:te1ld/ adj giving a lot of details \circ We need a detailed list of the items which have been stolen. \circ The police issued detailed descriptions of the two men.

detain /dr'tein/ (**detains, detaining, detained**) verb 1. to keep someone in a police station or prison \circ *The police have detained a man for questioning.* 2. to stop someone from leaving \circ *I'm sorry I'm late* – *I was detained by a phone call.*

③ **detect** /dI'tekt/ (**detects**, **detecting**, **detected**) verb 1. to discover something scientifically ○ If breast cancer is detected early enough, it can be cured. 2. to notice ○ I detected some unwillingness to agree to the change.

③ **detective** /d1'tekt1v/ *noun* a police officer whose job is to try to find out who committed crimes \circ *Detectives have interviewed four suspects.*

③ **detector** /dɪ'tektə/ *noun* an instrument which checks whether something is present

(3) **detention** /dɪ'ten∫(ə)n/ noun 1. imprisonment ○ After he was released from detention he committed the same offence again. ○ The internees were kept in detention camps. 2. keeping children at school as a punishment ○ The children were kept in detention after school.

deter /d1't3!/ (deters, deterring, deterred) $verb \Box$ to deter someone from doing something to discourage someone from doing something \circ *The heavy rain didn't deter us from visiting the town*. \circ *We have installed cameras to deter shoplifters.*

detergent /dɪ't 3:dʒənt/ *noun* a cleaning substance which removes grease and bacteria from things such as clothes or dishes

deteriorate /dɪ'tɪəriəreɪt/ (**deteriorates**, **deteriorating**, **deteriorated**) *verb* to go bad; to get worse (NOTE: + **deterioration** *n*)

(2) **determination** $/dI_1t3:mI'neI \int (\partial)n/$ noun a strong wish to do something, and not to let anyone stop you doing it [~in] \circ *The government needs to show more determination in its fight against street crime.* \circ They admired his determination to win the prize.

③ determine /d1't3:m1n/ (determines, determining, determined) verb 1. to fix something such as a date ∘ The meeting will be at a date still to be determined. 2. □ to determine to do something to make a decision to do something (formal) ∘ I determined not to make the same mistake again.
3. to find out the details of something [-what/whether/why/who etc] ∘ The police have to determine in a particular way ∘ His exam results will determine his future.

③ **determined** /d1't3:m1nd/ adj having a strong wish to do something, and not letting anyone prevent you from doing it \circ She's a very determined young woman, and will go far. \circ He had a very determined expression on his face. \circ She is determined to win the prize.

determiner /dɪ'tɜ:mɪnə/ noun a pronoun or article which comes before an adjective or noun, and shows what is being referred to, such as 'this' in 'this old car' (grammar)

deterrent /dr'terənt/ noun something which stops people from wanting to do something \circ *Cameras by the side of the* road act as a deterrent to people who drive too fast.

detest /dr'test/ (**detests**, **detesting**, **detested**) *verb* to dislike someone or something intensely

detonate /'detənett/ (**detonates**, **detonating**, **detonated**) verb **1**. to set off an explosive \circ The police detonated the package found under the car. **2**. to explode \circ A shell landed in their garden but failed to detonate. (NOTE: + **detonation** n)

detonator /'detəneɪtə/ noun a small explosive charge which will set off a large explosion

detox /'dittoks/ noun 1. medical treatment which helps people to stop taking drugs or drinking too much alcohol 2. the process of stopping taking drugs or drinking alcohol **u** verb (detoxes, detoxing, detoxed) to stop taking harmful substances in order to improve your health \circ No thanks, I'm detoxing after last week's excesses.

detract /dr'trækt/ (**detracts**, **detracting**, **detracted**) *verb* to make something less useful, attractive or interesting [~from] \circ *Her rudeness to the judges detracted from the prize-giving ceremony*.

detriment /'detriment/ noun damage

detrimental / detriment(ə)l/ adj which can harm

devalue /di:'vælju:/ (**devalues**, **devalu**ing, **devalued**) *verb* to reduce the value of a currency in relation to that of other countries (NOTE: + **devaluation** *n*)

(3) **devastate** /'devəstert/ (**devastates**, **devastating**, **devastated**) *verb* to wreck something completely

devastated /'devəstert1d/ adj 1. badly damaged o Relief agencies are trying to help the devastated region. 2. upset by something such as bad news o She was devastated when she was made redundant. O When he read the report in the paper he was completely devastated.

devastating /'devəstettıŋ/ adj 1. causing a lot of damage \circ The country has still not recovered from the devastating effects of the storm. 2. shocking, upsetting \circ The news from Paris was devastating.

(1) develop /di'velap/ (develops, developing, developed) verb 1. to grow and change [~from/~into] o Eventually, a caterpillar will develop into a butterfly. \circ A flower develops from a bud. 2. to make something larger \circ *He exercises in order to* develop his muscles. **3.** to get an illness \circ She developed a cold at the weekend. 4. to plan and produce something [~into/~from] o It was eventually developed into a popular game from an idea he'd had as a student. 5. to plan and build something [~as/into] o The company is developing a chain of restaurants. O They are planning to develop *the site as or into an industrial estate.* **6.** to produce a photograph from film \circ We can develop your film in an hour.

developer /dɪ'veləpə/ noun a person or company that plans and builds roads, airports, houses, factories or office buildings or The land has been acquired by developers for a housing estate.

① **development** /dɪ'veləpmənt/ noun **1.** growth ○ *The development of the embryo takes place rapidly.* **2.** the planning and production of a new product **3.** the act of planning and building on an area of land **4.** a group of buildings that have been built together at the same time

deviant /'dirviənt/ *adj* different from normal

deviate /'dirvient/ (**deviates**, **deviating**, **deviated**) verb to be different from what is normal or usual [~from] \circ The celebrations deviated from their normal pattern by being held on a Sunday. \circ He did not deviate from the written version of his speech. **deviation** / dirvi'er∫(ə)n/ *noun* changing from what is usual

② **device** /dr'vais/ *noun* a small tool or piece of equipment that is useful for a particular purpose [-for] ○ *He invented a device for fixing tops on bottles*. ◇ **to be left to your own devices** to be allowed to do whatever you want

devil /'dev(\Im)l/ noun **1**. an evil spirit \circ He believes in ghosts and devils and all that sort of thing. **2**. a person \circ He's won the lottery, lucky devil! \circ Poor devil! I must go and see him in hospital.

devil's advocate /₁dev(ə)lz 'ædvəkət/ noun a person who argues the opposite point of view, in order to stimulate discussion about a widely held opinion

devious /'di:viəs/ adj **1**. not honest or straightforward \circ *It's just a very devious plan to avoid paying the staff more money.* **2**. not going straight \circ *The taxi took us on a very devious route to Piccadilly Circus.*

devise /d1'va1Z/ (**devises**, **devising**, **devised**) *verb* to think up or invent something • *We've devised a new timetable for the summer term*. • *He devised a plan for making more money out of the farm*.

devoid /dɪ'vɔɪd/ adj without something [~of] \circ *The book is devoid of literary merit.* **devolution** /₁di:və'lu: $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the passing of power from a central government to a local or regional authority

devote /d1'voot/ (**devotes**, **devoting**, **devote**) *verb* **do to devote time to something** to spend time on something \circ *Don't you think you've devoted enough time to your model planes*? **do devote yourself to something** to spend all your time on something \circ *She devoted herself to looking after refugee children*.

devoted /dr'v \Rightarrow ot1d/ *adj* **1**. loving [~to] \circ *a devoted father* **2**. showing affection to someone [~to] \circ *He is devoted to his children.* **3**. spending all your time on something [~to] \circ *She's devoted to her flower garden.*

devotion /dr'vəu $\int(\partial n/noun$ 1. love 2. constant work on behalf of someone or something

devour /d1'vauə/ (**devours, devouring, devoured**) *verb* to eat something greedily **devout** /d1'vaut/ *adj* deeply religious

dew /dju:/ noun water which forms at night on objects in the open air (NOTE: Do not confuse with **due**.)

dexterity /dek'steriti/ *noun* skill in using your hands or mind

diabetes /,da1ə'bi:ti:z/ *noun* a condition in which the body cannot control sugar absorption because the pancreas does not produce enough insulin

diabetes

diabetic $/_1$ da1ə'bet1k/ noun a person with diabetes \circ She is a diabetic and has to have regular injections of insulin.

diabolical $/_1$ da1ə'bplik(\ni)l/ adj **1**. evil and wicked \circ They devised a diabolical plot to assassinate the Prime Minister. **2**. very bad \circ The food in the staff canteen is diabolical.

diagnose /'daɪəgnəʊz/ (**diagnoses**, **diagnosing**, **diagnosed**) *verb* to identify a patient's illness by examining him or her and noting symptoms

diagnosis $/_{da19g'n90515}$ (plural diagnoses) noun the identification of an illness **diagonal** /da1'æg9n(9)|/ adj going straight from one corner to another \circ He drew a diagonal line on the floor. \circ Areas of the map shaded with diagonal lines indicate cultivated land. \blacksquare noun a diagonal line \bigcirc **diagram** /'da19græm/ noun a plan or accurate drawing \circ She drew a diagram to show how to get to her house.

(3) dial /'da1əl/ noun a round face of a measuring instrument or an old type of telephone \circ *The pilot sits in front of a display of dials.* • *verb* (dials, dialling, dialled) to call a telephone number using the buttons on a telephone \circ *To call the police you must dial 999.* \circ *Dial 9 to get an outside line.*

(3) **dialect** /'darəlekt/ *noun* a variety of a language spoken in a particular area \circ *They were speaking in a local dialect.*

dialling code /'daɪəlɪŋ kəud/ noun a special phone number for a town or country

dialling tone /'datalin toon/ noun the noise made by a telephone to show that it is ready for you to dial a number

dialog box /'datəlog boks/ *noun* a small area on a computer screen that presents the user with a choice

(2) **dialogue** /'daɪəlɒg/ noun 1. a conversation between two people [~between] ○ *The next exercise on the tape is a dialogue between a shopkeeper and a customer.* 2. the spoken words in a film or TV drama 3. political talks or negotiations [~between/~with] ○ *They are encouraging more dialogue with consumer groups.* (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **dialog**.)

dial-up/'daiəl Ap/adj of a connection between computers that is made by means of a modem and a telephone line **diameter** /dai'æmītə/ *noun* the distance across the centre of a circle

③ **diamond** /'daIəmənd/ noun 1. a very hard, clear, precious stone ○ He gave her a diamond ring. ○ Diamonds sparkled on her crown. 2. one of the red sets in a pack of cards, shaped like a square leaning to one side ○ He held the ten of diamonds. (NOTE: The other red suit is hearts; clubs and spades are the black suits.)

(3) **diaper** /'daɪəpə/ noun US a cloth or thick pad which is wrapped around a baby's bottom

diaphragm /'da1əfræm/ noun 1. a thin sheet which vibrates with noise \circ the diaphragm in a hearing aid 2. a thin layer of tissue which separates the chest from the abdomen, and pulls air into the lungs when you breathe \circ The stomach lies in the left upper part of the abdomen, just under the diaphragm. 3. a contraceptive device for women

diarrhoea /,datə'ri:ə/ *noun* a condition in which a patient frequently passes liquid faeces (NOTE: The US spelling is **diarrhea**.)

③ diary /'da1əri/ (plural diaries) noun 1. a description of what has happened in your life day by day ○ He kept a diary for years. ○ She kept a diary of the places she visited on holiday. 2. a small book in which you write notes or make appointments for each day of the week ○ I've noted the appointment in my desk diary. ○ I can't fix the date immediately because I haven't got my diary with me.

dice /dais/ (plural same) noun a small block with a different number of spots on each side, used for playing games \circ Shake the dice in the cup and then throw them onto the board.

dicey /'da1si/ adj dangerous (informal)

dichotomy /daɪ'kɒtəmi/ *noun* a difference between contradictory things

(3) **dictate** /d1k'te1t/ (**dictates**, **dictating**, **dictated**) *verb* **1**. to say something to someone who writes down your words [~to] ○ *She dictated a letter to her assistant*. **2**. to tell someone what to do [~what/how etc] ○ *She's always trying to dictate how we should run the business*. **3**. to influence what should happen [~that] ○ *His illness dictated that she had to lead a less active life*.

(3) **dictation** /d1k'te1∫(ə)n/ *noun* the act of dictating something to be written down **dictator** /d1k'te1tə/ *noun* a person who rules a country alone **diction** /'dɪkʃən/ noun a clear and understandable way of speaking

dictionary /'dɪkʃən(ə)ri/ (*plural* **dictionaries**) *noun* a book which lists words in alphabetical order, giving their meanings or translations into other languages

did /d1d/ past tense of do

didn't /'dɪd(ə)nt/ contr did not

() die /dai/ (dies, dying, died) verb to stop living. \diamond death \diamond dying for something orto do something wanting something very much \circ We're dying for a cold drink. \circ I'm dying to read his book.

die away phrasal verb to become less noisy \circ The sound of police sirens gradually died away.

die down phrasal verb **1.** to get less strong \circ The wind began to die down. \circ The government is waiting for the street protests to die down. **2.** (of plants) to die and lose their stems and leaves \circ Chrysanthemums will die down during the winter.

die out(3) *phrasal verb* to disappear gradually \circ *If people carry on hunting this animal it will eventually die out.*

diehard /'da1ha:d/ noun a person who resists change or persists in a particular belief or opinion

(3) **diesel** /'di: $z(\Im)$ *l*/ noun **1**. \Box **diesel** (oil) engine fuel which is thicker than petrol \circ My new car runs on diesel. \circ London taxis have diesel engines. **2**. a car with a diesel engine \circ His latest car is a diesel.

② diet /'da1ət/ noun 1. the kind of food you eat \circ *He lives on a simple diet of bread and fruit.* 2. the practice of eating only certain types of food, either in order to become thinner or to cure an illness \circ *The doctor told her to follow a salt-free diet.* □ *to be on a diet* to eat less food or only some types of food \circ *He's been on a diet for some weeks, but still hasn't lost enough weight.* □ to go on a diet to start to eat less food or only some types of food \circ *She went on a diet before going on holiday.* ■ *verb* (diets, dieting, dieted) to eat less food or two weeks before going on holiday.

dietary /'daɪət(ə)ri/ *adj* referring to the food people eat in terms of how it affects their health

③ differ /'dɪfə/ (differs, differing, differed) verb 1. not to be the same as something else [~from] ○ The weather conditions in the two areas differ considerably. ○ This camera differs from the earlier model. **2.** to have a different opinion about something from someone else \circ *Our views on education differ*. \circ *They differ in several ways in their accounts of what happened.* \diamond **I beg to differ** I do not agree

① difference /'dɪf(\ni)rəns/ noun a way in which two things are not the same [~in/~between] \circ What is the difference in price between these two cars? \Box to tell the difference to see what is different between things or people that are similar \circ Can you tell the difference between the original picture and the copy? \diamond it doesn't make any difference or it makes no difference or little difference it's not important \circ You can use any colour you like - it doesn't make any difference.

① different / dɪf(ə)rənt/ adj not the same ○ Living in London is very different from living in the country. ○ I went to three different clothes shops but I couldn't find anything in my size. ○ He looks different now that he has a beard.

differential $/_1 d_1 f_2 \operatorname{ren} f_2 \operatorname{l} / \operatorname{noun}$ (in a motor) the gears between two drive shafts that allow one shaft to turn at a different speed from the other, while still transmitting power

③ differentiate /,dɪfə'ren∫ieɪt/ (differentiates, differentiating, differentiated) verb 1. to recognise the difference between two things [~between] ○ 1 find it hard to differentiate between the two brands of butter. ○ They couldn't differentiate between cheap champagne and really top-quality stuff. 2. to treat two things differently [~between] ○ In this school, we don't differentiate between bays and girls.

① difficult /'dɪfɪk(ə)lt/ adj not easy to do or achieve \circ Finding a parking space is difficult on Saturdays. \circ I find it difficult to work when I'm tired. \diamond to make things or life difficult for someone to create problems for someone \circ His main aim at the office seems to be to make life as difficult as possible for the secretaries.

① difficulty /'dɪfɪk(ə)lti/ (plural difficulties) noun 1. a problem [~with] ○ The difficulty is that nobody in the group can drive. ○ He has financial difficulties. ○ There is a difficulty with the flight reservation. □ to create or make difficulties for someone to create problems for someone ○ She doesn't realise that going on holiday now is going to make difficulties for everyone. 2. the amount of effort or skill needed to do something □ to have difficulty with or in **doing something** to find something hard, or find it hard to do something \circ *We had difficulty with the directions.* \circ *She has difficulty in paying the rent.* \Box **with difficulty** not easily \circ *She walks with difficulty.*

diffident /'dɪfɪdənt/ adj shy; lacking confidence

diffuse¹ /dɪ'f juːs/ adj vague or unclear \circ *His writing tends to be very diffuse.*

diffuse² /dɪ'fju:z/ (**diffuses**, **diffusing**, **diffused**) *verb* to spread something out or to send something out

② **dig** /drg/ verb (**digs**, **digging**, **dug**) to make a hole in the ground with a spade ■ plural noun **digs** a furnished room or rooms let to people such as students (*dated informal*)

dig out phrasal verb **1**. to take someone or something out by digging \circ *He was dug out of the snow after the avalanche.* **2**. to find something after a lot of searching \circ *They dug out some old photographs of the village.*

dig up phrasal verb **1**. to find something by digging \circ We dug up a Roman coin in the garden. **2**. to break a solid surface by digging \circ The workmen had to dig the road up to mend the water main. **3**. to find information with difficulty \circ He managed to dig up some old government statistics.

digest /da1'd3est/ (**digests**, **digesting**, **digested**) verb **1**. to break down food in the stomach \circ *I find this meat difficult to digest*. **2**. to think about something and understand it fully \circ *Give me time to digest this news*.

digestion /da1'dʒest∫ən/ *noun* the process by which food is broken down in the stomach

digestive /dai'dʒestiv/ *adj* relating to the digestion of food

digit /'dɪdʒɪt/ noun 1. a single number $\circ a$ seven-digit phone number 2. a finger or toe **digital** /'dɪdʒɪt(ə)l/ adj 1. storing information in an electronic form $\circ a$ digital radio 2. showing the time as a set of numbers

digital camera /₁dtd3tt(ə)l 'kæm(ə)rə/ noun a camera that stores photographs in digital form so that they can be processed by a computer

digital $\dot{T}V$ /,dId₃It(\Rightarrow)l ti:'vi:/ noun a TV where the picture has been changed into a form which a computer can process

dignified /'dɪgnɪfa1d/ *adj* solemn and important-looking

dignitary /'dɪgnɪt(ə)ri/ (*plural* **dignitaries**) *noun* an important person ③ **dignity** /'dɪgnɪti/ *noun* a solemn or serious way of behaving

digress /da1'gres/ (**digresses**, **digressing**, **digressed**) *verb* to start to talk or write about something else (NOTE: + **digression** *n*)

dilapidated /dɪ'læpɪdeɪtɪd/ *adj* falling into ruin

dilate /dai¹leit/ (dilates, dilating, dilated) *verb* to swell, to become larger

dilemma /dɪ'lemə/ noun a difficult choice which has to be made

diligent /'dılıdʒənt/ adj hard-working

dilute /dar'lu:t/ (**dilutes**, **diluting**, **diluted**) *verb* **1**. to add a liquid, usually water, to another liquid to make it weaker \circ *Dilute the disinfectant with water*. **2**. to make something weaker and less effective \circ *The proposals were thought too radical and were diluted before being announced to the press*.

dim/dim/ adj (**dimmer**, **dimmest**) (of light) weak ○ The lights grew dimmer. ■ verb (**dims**, **dimming**, **dimmed**) to make a light less bright ○ They dimmed the cabin lights before takeoff.

dime /daɪm/ noun US a coin that is worth ten cents

(3) **dimension** /da1'men \int ən/ noun the extent of a problem \circ the international dimension of the refugee problem \circ The task is taking on huge dimensions.

diminish /d1'mIn1 \int / (**diminishes**, **diminishing**, **diminished**) verb **1**. to make something smaller or weaker \circ Nothing diminishes his enthusiasm for flying. **2**. to become smaller or weaker \circ My income has diminished over the last few years.

diminutive /dɪ'mɪnjutɪv/ *adj* very small **dimple** /'dɪmpəl/ *noun* a small hollow in a part of the body such as the chin or cheeks

din /dɪn/ noun a loud noise \circ The children are making such a din I didn't hear the phone ring. \circ What a din! Can't you be a bit quieter, please? \circ I couldn't make out what the guide was saying above the din of the machines.

dine /dain/ (dines, dining, dined) verb to have dinner (formal)

dine out *phrasal verb* to have dinner away from home (*formal*)

diner f' dainə/ noun 1. a person who is eating an evening meal \circ When the restaurant caught fire, the diners ran into the street. 2. the dining car on a train 3. US a small restaurant selling simple hot food

dinghy /'dɪŋi/ (*plural* **dinghies**) *noun* a small boat, either with oars or sails

dingy /'dɪndʒi/ *adj* **1**. gloomy and lacking light **2**. dirty or old-looking

(3) **dining room** /'damm ru:m/ noun a room in a house or hotel where you usually eat. \diamond **bathroom**, **bedroom**, **living room**

① **dinner** /'dinə/ noun 1. the main meal of the day, usually eaten in the evening \circ We were having dinner when the telephone rang. \circ Would you like to come to dinner on Saturday? \circ What are we having for dinner? or What's for dinner? 2. a formal evening meal \circ The club is organising a dinner and dance on Saturday.

dinner jacket /'dɪnə ˌdʒækɪt/ noun a man's formal jacket

dinosaur /'dainəsə:/ noun a large creature that existed on the Earth millions of years ago \circ At the time when dinosaurs roamed the land, England was covered with tropical forests.

diocese /'daiəsis/ *noun* an area under the charge of a bishop

③ **dip** /dɪp/ noun 1. a sudden drop in an area of land 2. a cold sauce into which you can dip biscuits or raw vegetables ■ verb (dips, dipping, dipped) □ to dip something into something to put something quickly into a liquid ○ She dipped the biscuit into her coffee. ○ She dipped her hand into the stream.

diphtheria/dɪf 'θɪəriə/ *noun* a serious infectious disease of children

diploma /dɪ'pləʊmə/ noun a document which shows that a person has reached a certain level of skill in a subject

diplomacy/dɪ'pləuməsi/*noun* the art of negotiating, especially between different countries

diplomat /'diplomæt/ noun a person such as an ambassador who represents his country abroad

diplomatic /₁diplə'mætik/ *adj* **1**. referring to diplomats or diplomacy \circ *We are looking for a diplomatic solution to the crisis, rather than sending in troops.* **2**. careful not to give offence \circ *It wouldn't be very diplomatic to arrive late for the wedding.*

dire /'da1ə/ adj very serious

 ① direct /da1'rekt/ adj straight, without any changes of direction or stops ○ What's the most direct way of getting to London?
 □ direct line a telephone line which takes you straight to the person you wish to contact ○ This phone number will give you a direct line to the minister. ■ verb (directs, directing, directed) 1. to aim something towards a point [~at/to/towards] \circ I hope you're not directing that gun at me! 2. to say something to a particular person [~at/to/towards] 0 He directed his remarks to the person next to him. \circ I hope you're not directing that criticism at me! 3. to tell someone how to get to a place $[-to] \circ Can$ you direct me to the nearest post office? 4. to manage or organise something \circ He directs our London operations. 5. to tell someone to do something o The insecticide has to be used as directed on the bottle. \circ He did as he had been directed, and took the plane to Birmingham. adv 1. straight, without stopping o The plane flies direct to Anchorage. 2. without passing through an operator o You can telephone New York direct from here.

direct debit /da1,rekt 'debit/ noun a system where a customer allows a company to charge costs to his bank account automatically and where the amount charged can be increased or decreased with the agreement of the customer

① **direction** /da1'rek \int on/ noun the point towards which you are going \circ You are going in the wrong direction if you want to get to the station. \circ The post office is in the opposite direction. \blacksquare plural noun **directions** instructions on how to do something \diamond **in all directions** everywhere \circ The wind was blowing bits of old newspapers in all directions.

③ **directive** /daɪ'rekt1v/ *noun* an official instruction

② **directly** /da1'rektli/ adv 1. straight, without anything or anyone between \circ *This door opens directly into the kitchen.* \circ *She reports directly to the managing director himself.* 2. soon \circ *I'll be with you directly.* \circ *conj* as soon as \circ *I will write the letter di rectly I get home.*

direct object /₁daırekt 'bbdʒekt/ noun a noun or pronoun in a sentence representing the person or thing affected directly by the action of the verb

① director /da1'rektə/ noun 1. a person who is in charge of all of, or part of, a company \circ The sales director gave a report on sales to date. \circ There are four directors on the board of the company. 2. a person who organises the making of a film or play, e.g. giving instructions to the actors, or dealing with the lighting or sound \circ Who was the first female director to win an Oscar? Compare producer

(3) **directory** /dai'rekt(ə)ri/ (plural directories) noun a book giving lists of profes-

direct tax

sional people, organisations or businesses with their addresses and telephone numbers

direct tax /dai,rekt 'tæks/ noun a tax based on income

③ **dirt** /d3:t/ noun 1. anything that makes something dirty \circ a washing powder that removes even the worst kinds of dirt 2. mud; earth \circ Children were playing in the dirt. \circ His clothes were covered with dirt from handling potatoes.

dirt cheap $/_{,d3:t}$ 't fi:p/ adv very cheap () **dirty** $/'_{d3:ti}$ / adj (**dirtier**, **dirtiest**) 1. not clean \circ Playing rugby gets your clothes dirty. \circ Someone has to wash all the dirty plates. 2. not honest, or not done according to the rules \blacksquare verb (**dirties**, **dirtying**, **dirt**ied) to make something dirty

disability /,dɪsə'bɪlɪti/ (*plural* **disabilities**) *noun* a condition in which a person is unable to use a part of their body because of some permanent injury or illness

③ **disabled** /dɪs'eɪb(ə)ld/ adj not able to use part of your body, e.g. because of longterm illness o an association for disabled riders o The car crash left him permanently disabled.

disadvantage /,disəd'vɑ:ntidʒ/ noun something which makes someone or something less likely to succeed \circ Her main disadvantage is her lack of experience. \circ It was a disadvantage not to be able to get to the airport quickly. \circ There are certain disadvantages to leaving at 5.30 in the morning. \diamond **at a disadvantage** less able to do or benefit from something than someone else \circ We are at a disadvantage compared with our competitors because we have no sales force.

disadvantaged /,disəd'vɑ:ntidʒd/ adj **1.** suffering a disadvantage \circ She was disadvantaged by her lack of experience. **2.** living in a poor environment, without any facilities \circ state help for schools in disadvantaged areas

disaffected / disə'fektid/ adj discontented or rebellious

(2) **disagree** /,disə'grit/ (**disagrees**, **disagreeing**, **disagreed**) verb to say that you do not have the same opinion as someone else [~with/~about/on/over] \circ We all disagreed with the chairperson. \circ They disagreed about what to do next.

② **disagreement** /,dtsə'gri:mənt/ noun an argument [~over/about/~between/among/~with] ○ They had a disagreement about who should sit in the front row. ○ Nothing could be decided because of the disagreement between the chair and the treasurer. \circ She was upset about the disagreement with her sister.

disallow /,disə'lau/ (**disallows**, **disallowing**, **disallowed**) *verb* to reject something, not to accept something

(2) **disappear** $/_{1}$ disə'piə/ (**disappears**, **disappearing**, **disappeared**) verb 1. to leave a place, often suddenly and without people noticing or knowing where someone or something has gone [~from] \circ Half the guests have disappeared already. \circ A carton of juice has disappeared from the fridge. \circ The figures suddenly disappeared from the screen. \circ The two boys disappeared on their way home from school. 2. to stop existing \circ The stain on the carpet soon disappeared.

(3) **disappoint** /,disə'pɔint/ (**disappoints**, **disappointing**, **disappointed**) *verb* to make someone sad, because things did not turn out as expected

(3) **disappointed** /,disə'pointid/ adj sad, because things have not happened as you hoped \circ She is disappointed with her exam results. \circ He was disappointed because his ticket didn't win a prize. \circ You should have seen the disappointed expression on his face.

(3) **disappointing** /,disə'pɔintiŋ/ *adj* making you sad because things have not happened as you hoped

③ **disappointment** / disə'pɔintmənt/ noun 1. a feeling of sadness that you get when things have not happened as you hoped [-with/-at] \circ She tried hard not to show her disappointment with the result. \circ To his great disappointment, he didn't win anything on the lottery. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. something that disappoints someone [-to] \circ It was a disappointment to his parents when he failed his exam.

disapproval /₁dɪsə'pruːv(ə)l/ noun the act of disapproving

disapprove /_idisə'pru:v/ (**disapproves**, **disapproving**, **disapproved**) *verb* to show that you do not think something is good \circ *The head teacher disapproves of members of staff wearing jeans to school.*

disarm /dɪs'ɑːm/ (**disarms**, **disarming**, **disarmed**) *verb* to remove weapons from someone

disarmament /dɪs'ɑːməmənt/ *noun* reducing the number of arms held by a country

disarming /dɪs'ɑːmɪŋ/ *adj* charming, in such a way that you cannot be annoyed **disarray** /ˌdɪsə'reɪ/ *noun* a lack of order ② disaster /d1'za:stə/ noun a very bad accident ○ The disaster was caused by fog or was due to fog. ○ Ten people died in the air disaster. ○ We're insured against natural disasters such as hurricanes and earthquakes.

disaster area /dɪ'zɑ:stər ,eəriə/ *noun* **1.** a place that has recently undergone a natural disaster **2.** a very untidy or disorganised place, person or situation

disastrous /di'za:strəs/ adj extremely bad

disband /dis'bænd/ (**disbands**, **disbanding**, **disbanded**) verb **1**. to split up an organised group and end their activities \circ After the successful coup, the former army was disbanded. \circ We are disbanding our door-to-door sales team and relying on mail order selling in future. **2**. to stop working together \circ The group disbanded and its members started to go solo.

disbelief /_idisbi'li:f/ noun extreme surprise, not being able to believe something **disbelieve** /_idisbi'li:v/ (**disbelieves**, **disbelieving**, **disbelieved**) verb 1. to not believe someone or something 2. to have no religious belief

(2) **disc** /disk/ noun a round flat object \circ The setting sun was a huge orange disc on the horizon. ϕ **disk**

discard /dɪs'kɑːd/ (**discards**, **discarding**, **discarded**) *verb* **1**. to put something or someone on one side because they are no longer useful **2**. to throw something away

discern /dɪ'sɜɪn/ (**discerns**, **discerning**, **discerned**) verb **1**. to see something, to make something out with difficulty \circ In the fog, we could barely discern the traffic coming in the opposite direction. \circ Can you discern any improvement in her pulse rate? **2**. to understand something, to find out about something \circ It's hard to discern what her motives might be.

discerning /dɪ'sɜ:nɪŋ/ adj with good judgment

discharge¹ /'dɪstʃɑːdʒ/ noun 1. a liquid which comes out of something such as a pipe 2. pus which comes out of a wound 3. payment of a debt 4. the release of a prisoner

discharge² /dts't $\int a:dz'$ (**discharges**, **discharging**, **discharged**) verb **1**. to get rid of waste \circ The factory is discharging waste water into the river. **2**. to send someone away \circ The judge discharged the jury. **3**. to let a prisoner go free \circ The prisoners were discharged by the judge. \circ He was discharged after having served eleven months *in jail.* **4.** to dismiss somebody, to sack somebody \circ *He was discharged for being late.*

disciple /dɪ'saɪp(ə)l/ noun a follower, especially of a religious leader

disciplinarian / disipli'neəriən/ noun a person who believes in strict discipline

disciplinary /_idisi'plinəri/ *adj* which keeps someone under control or which punishes someone

② **discipline** /'dısıplın/ noun 1. the practice of keeping people under control ○ *The* tour leaders are trying to keep discipline among the teenagers. ○ We need to enforce stricter discipline in the school. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. a subject that people study ○ biology and other related disciplines ■ verb (disciplines, disciplining, disciplined) to punish someone ○ As a result of the investigation, one employee was dismissed and three were disciplined. ○ She was disciplined for swearing at her supervisor.

disciplined /'disiplind/ *adj* trained and well controlled

disc jockey /'dısk ,dʒɒki/ *noun* a person who plays music at a disco or on radio. Abbreviation **DJ**

disclaimer /dɪs'kleɪmə/ *noun* **1**. a denial of responsibility **2**. a statement in which a legal right is renounced

③ **disclose** /d1s'kl∋uz/ (**discloses**, **disclosed**) verb to reveal a secret [-that] ○ The bank has no right to disclose details of my account to the tax office. ○ She disclosed that she had been offered money for her story.

disclosure /dɪs'kləʊʒə/ *noun* **1**. a piece of information that had been kept secret before **2**. the action of revealing a secret

disco /'dɪskəʊ/ (*plural* **discos**) *noun* a place or party where people dance to pop music

discomfort /dɪs'kʌmfət/ *noun* a lack of comfort

disconcerted /₁diskən's3:tid/ *adj* uneasy, or confused

disconcerting / diskən'ssitin/ adj worrying or surprising

disconnect /,dIskə'nekt/ (**disconnects**, **disconnecting**, **disconnected**) *verb* to remove the connection to a mechanical or electrical device

discontent / diskən'tent/ noun a state of not being satisfied

discontinue /,diskən'tinju:/ (**discon**tinues, **discontinuing**, **discontinued**) *verb* to stop stocking, selling or making a product

discord /'diskoid/ noun a lack of agreement

③ **discount**¹ /'diskaunt/ noun an amount by which a full price is reduced [~on/-for] ○ The store gives a discount on bulk purchases. ○ We give a discount on summer holidays booked before Christmas. □ to sell goods at a discount or discount price to sell goods below the usual price

discount² /dɪs'kaont/ (**discounts**, **discounting**, **discounted**) *verb* **1**. to reduce the price of goods \circ *We are discounting many items in our January sales*. **2**. not to pay any attention to something \circ *Don't discount all his advice – he is very experienced*.

discourage /dis'kArId3/ (**discourages**, **discouraging**, **discouraged**) verb 1. not to encourage \circ We try to discourage people from coming in without tickets. 2. to take away all hope \circ They were completely discouraged by their results. \circ Don't be discouraged by the small number of people in the audience. (NOTE: + discouragement n) **discouraged** /dis'kArId3d/ adj feeling less confident or optimistic

discouraging /dis'kAridʒiŋ/ adj not encouraging

discourse /'diskois/ noun a talk, a speech

discourteous /dis'k3:tiəs/ adj rude

① **discover** /dɪ'skʌvə/ (**discovers**, **discovering**, **discovered**) *verb* to find something new or to learn something for the first time [~(that)] \circ New stars are still being discovered. \circ The firm discovered some errors in the accounts. \circ We discovered that the estate agent had sold the house twice.

③ **discovery** /dI'skAv(ə)ri/ (plural discoveries) noun 1. the act of finding something new or learning something for the first time [/~that] \circ her discovery that someone had been in her house while she was away \circ They congratulated him on his discovery of a new planet. 2. a new thing which has been found \circ Look at his latest discovery – an antique oak table which he found in a barn.

discredit /dɪs'kredɪt/ (**discredits**, **discrediting**, **discredited**) *verb* to make people doubt or lose respect for someone or something \circ *When stories about his private life appeared in the press he was totally discredited as a minister*. \circ *They set out*

to discredit his research. (NOTE: + **discredit** n)

discreet /di'skri:t/ *adj* **1**. not giving away or trying to find out private information about other people \circ *She never gossips* – *she is very discreet*. **2**. not intending to attract attention \circ *I had a discreet word with the vicar before the service.*

discrepancy /dɪ'skrepənsi/ (*plural* **discrepancies**) *noun* a lack of agreement between figures or stories

discretion /dr'skre $f(\mathfrak{I})n/$ noun **1**. the power to decide or choose what to do \circ at your discretion **2**. wisdom, tact or good sense \circ He showed great discretion in his handling of the family crisis. **3**. the ability to keep a secret, not to give information about someone \circ You can rely on her – she's known for her discretion. (NOTE: no plural)

discretionary $/di'skre f(\vartheta)n(\vartheta)ri/$ adj which can be done if someone wants it

③ discriminate /di'skrimineit/ (discriminates, discriminating, discriminated) verb 1. to be biased against someone or something [~against] \circ She accused the management of discriminating against her because of her age. 2. to be able to see that two things are different

discriminating /dɪ'skrımıneıtıŋ/ adj able to tell the difference between two things, able to tell the value of something

discrimination $/d_1$, skrImI'ne1 $\int(\partial)n/$ noun 1. treating people in different ways because of class, religion, race, language, colour or sex [-against] \circ We try to avoid discrimination against older applicants. 2. good taste \circ The shop sells gifts which appeal to people with discrimination. (NOTE: [all senses] no plural)

discriminatory /dɪ'skrɪmɪnət(ə)ri/ *adj* which shows unfair discrimination

① **discuss** /d1'skAs/ (**discusses**, **discussing**, **discussed**) *verb* to talk about a serious matter or problem [~how/why/whether etc] \circ The point of the meeting is to discuss how to save money.

() **discussion** /d1'sk Λ (\Im)n/ noun an occasion on which people talk about a serious matter or problem [~about/on/~with] \circ The next programme will feature a discussion on climate change. \circ She had a heated discussion with the bus driver. \circ Most problems can be solved by discussion. \Box the **question under discussion** the subject we are talking about

disdain /dis'dein/ noun a feeling that someone or something is inferior \circ She

showed her disdain by refusing to shake his hand.

() **disease** /dɪ'zi:z/ noun a serious illness • Hundreds of people caught the disease. • It is a disease that can be treated with antibiotics.

disembark /,disim'baik/ (**disembarks**, **disembarking**, **disembarked**) *verb* to get off a ship or a plane

disembodied /₁dISIM'bodid/ *adj* without physical presence

disenchanted / disin't forntid/ adj not to be as pleased as you used to be with something [~with] \circ She's very disenchanted with her new job and is thinking of quitting.

disentangle / disin'tæŋgəl/ (**disentangles**, **disentangling**, **disentangled**) *verb* **1**. to straighten out things that are tied or knotted together **2**. to clarify something **3**. to free someone from a complicated situation

disfigure /dis'f1gə/ (**disfigures**, **disfiguring**, **disfigured**) *verb* to change someone's appearance so as to make it less pleasant

③ **disgrace** /dis'greis/ noun 1. the loss of someone's respect because of errors, scandal or corruption ○ *The minister's dis*grace followed the discovery of the papers in his office. 2. a thing which brings shame • He's a disgrace to the teaching profession. • It was a disgrace to see her lying on the pavement like that. (NOTE: no plural) ■ verb (disgraces, disgracing, disgraced) to bring shame on someone • He disgraced all his family by arriving drunk at the tea party. □ to disgrace yourself to do something which brings shame on you • He disgraced himself by throwing sandwiches at the speakers.

disgraceful /dis'greisf(\Rightarrow)l/ *adj* which people should be ashamed of

disgruntled /dɪs'grʌnt(ə)ld/ adj annoyed or discontented

disguise /d1s'ga1Z/ noun a set of clothes or something such as false hair or glasses that a persons wears to make them look like someone else $\circ I$ didn't recognise him as he was wearing a disguise. \blacksquare verb (disguises, disguising, disguised) 1. to dress someone or yourself so as to look like someone else \circ He entered the country disguised as a fisherman. \circ She wore a wig to disguise her hair. 2. to make something look or sound different \diamond in disguise dressed to look like someone else \circ The tramp turned out to be a policeman in disguise.

disgust /dɪs'gʌst/ noun 1. a feeling of dislike that is so strong that you feel angry or slightly ill \circ Seeing the dead animals filled her with disgust. 2. a strong feeling of annoyance \circ To my disgust, the examiner passed my friend and failed me. \blacksquare verb (disgusts, disgusting, disgusted) to give someone a strong feeling of dislike or disapproval \circ The smell of cooking disgusted her. \circ The greediness of these people disgusts me. \diamond in disgust showing that you are upset and annoyed \circ She walked out of the interview in disgust.

disgusted /dɪs'gʌstɪd/ adj feeling shocked

② **disgusting** /dɪs'gʌstɪŋ/ *adj* that fills you with disgust

(2) **dish** /d1 \int / noun **1**. a large plate for serving food \circ *She carefully arranged the slices of meat on a dish.* **2**. food prepared in a particular way \circ *We are trying a new Mexican dish.* **3**. a round aerial, shaped like a plate, used to get signals from satellites

dish out *phrasal verb* to give something out, especially in large quantities (*informal*) \circ *He dished out a piece of bread and a bowl of soup to anyone who asked for it.*

disheartened /dɪs'hɑːt(ə)nd/ *adj* feeling discouraged

disheartening /dɪs'hɑːt(ə)nɪŋ/ adj making somebody lose hope or enthusiasm **dishevelled** /dɪ'ʃev(ə)ld/ adj (of hair or clothes) not arranged neatly (NOTE: The US spelling is **disheveled**.)

dishonest /dis'onist/ adj not honest

dishonestly /dɪs'pnɪstli/ adv not honestly \circ They were accused of dishonestly obtaining bank loans.

dishonesty /dɪs'ɒnɪsti/ *noun* a lack of honesty

③ **dishwasher** /'dɪ∫wɒ∫ə/ *noun* a machine for washing dishes

disillusion $/_1$ dIsI'lu:3(3)n/ (disillusions, disillusioning, disillusioned) *verb* to make someone feel let down, or sad that something has not turned out as expected (NOTE: + disillusionment *n*)

disillusioned /,dIs1'lu:3(0)nd/ *adj* feeling that something has not turned out as expected

disinfect/,disin^tfekt/(**disinfects**, **disinfecting**, **disinfected**) *verb* to remove germs or bacteria from something

disinfectant /_idisin'fektənt/ noun a substance used to kill germs or bacteria **disintegrate** /dis'intigrent/ (disintegrates, disintegrating, disintegrated)

verb to fall to pieces

disinterested /dɪs'ıntrəstɪd/ adj 1. quite impartial, not in favour of one side or the other \circ a totally disinterested observer 2. not interested \circ She seemed quite disinterested in what was going on. (NOTE: This use is common, but regarded as wrong. The correct word to use in this sense is **uninterested**.)

disjointed /dɪs'dʒɔɪntɪd/ *adj* with parts that are not linked together

② **disk** /disk/ noun a round flat piece of metal in a plastic case, used in computers to record information ○ *How much data do these disks hold*? ◊ **disc**

disk drive /'disk draiv/ *noun* a device which holds a disk in a computer and controls the access of information

③ dislike /dis'laik/ noun 1. a feeling of not liking something or someone ○ She had a great dislike of noisy parties. 2. something which you do not like ○ We try to take account of the likes and dislikes of individual customers. ■ verb (dislikes, disliking, disliked) not to like something or someone ○ He particularly disliked the way they spoke to her. ○ I dislike it when the people behind me at the cinema start whispering. ○ My father dislikes having to get up early on Monday mornings.

dislocate /'dısləkeıt/ (**dislocates**, **dislocate**, **dislocate**) *verb* **1**. to displace a bone from its normal position at a joint, or be displaced \circ *He fell and dislocated his elbow*. \circ *The shoulder joint dislocates easily*. **2**. to disrupt something \circ *Train services have been dislocated by the strike*. (NOTE: + **dislocation** *n*)

dislodge /dɪs'lbdʒ/ (**dislodges**, **dislodging**, **dislodged**) *verb* to move something which is stuck

disloyal /dɪs'lɔɪəl/ adj not loyal

dismal /'dɪzm(ə)l/ *adj* bad in a way that make you feel unhappy

dismantle /dɪs'mænt(ə)l/ (dismantles, dismantling, dismantled) verb to take something to pieces

dismay /dɪs'meɪ/ noun great disappointment ○ To the dismay of the supporters, the team played extremely badly. ■ verb (dismays, dismaying, dismayed) to make someone very upset or shocked ○ His reaction to her letter dismayed her. ○ She was dismayed to find that her passport had been stolen.

dismember /dɪs'membə/ (**dismembers**, **dismembering**, **dismembered**) *verb* to cut something up into pieces

③ dismiss /dis^{*}mis/ (dismisses, dismissing, dismissed) verb 1. to tell someone that they can leave ○ At the end of the interview he dismissed her with a brief 'good afternoon'. 2. to refuse to consider an idea ○ Her plan was dismissed as being quite impractical. ○ All his suggestions were dismissed by the MD. 3. □ to dismiss an employee to remove an employee from a job ○ He was dismissed for being late. ○ When they found him taking money from the petty cash he was dismissed instantly.

dismissal /dɪs'mɪs(ə)l/ noun removal from a job

dismissive /dIs'mISIV/ *adj* showing that you do not consider something or someone important

dismount /dɪs'maunt/ (**dismounts**, **dismounting**, **dismounted**) *verb* to get off something such as a horse or bicycle

disobedience / disə'birdiəns/ noun an act of refusing to obey someone

disobedient /,disə'bi:diənt/ adj not obeying

disobey / $_{1}$ diso'bei/ (**disobeys**, **disobeying**, **disobeyed**) verb not to obey someone or something \circ She would never disobey her parents.

(3) **disorder** /dis'5:də/ noun 1. a lack of order \circ The whole office is in a state of disorder. 2. a disturbance in the streets \circ Violent public disorders broke out in the streets. 3. an illness \circ a doctor who specialises in disorders of the kidneys or in kidney disorders \circ She suffers from a stomach disorder.

disordered /dɪs'ɔːdəd/ *adj* **1**. untidy or confused **2**. not working normally

disorderly /dɪs'ɔːdəli/ adj wild and out of order

disorganised /dɪs'əːɡənaɪzd/, **disorganized** *adj* not well organised

disorientate /dɪs'ɔ:riənteɪt/ (**disorientates**, **disorientating**, **disorientated**) *verb* to make someone feel confused, especially so that they do not know where they are (NOTE: The US term is **disorient**.)

disown /dɪs'əʊn/ (**disowns, disownig, disowned**) *verb* to refuse to accept that something is yours

disparaging /dɪ'spærɪdʒɪŋ/ *adj* saying that something is not very good

disparate /'disp(ə)rət/ adj various or different

disparity /dɪ'spærɪti/ noun difference (formal)

dispatch /dr'spæt J/, **despatch** noun 1. sending \circ Dispatch of the goods will be delayed until Monday. 2. a message sent \circ The reporters send regular dispatches from the war zone. \circ We received a dispatch from our Calcutta office. \blacksquare verb (dispatches, dispatching, dispatched) 1. to send something \circ They dispatched the message to all commanding officers. \circ The goods were dispatched to you first thing this morning. 2. to finish doing something quickly \circ She set to work on the files and dispatched most of them by lunchtime.

dispel /dɪ'spel/ (**dispels**, **dispelling**, **dispelled**) *verb* to clear something away

dispensary /dr'spensəri/ *noun* a place where a chemist prepares medicines according to a doctor's prescription

dispensation /_idispen'sei $\int(\partial n)/\partial n$ noun permission not to follow something such as a rule

dispense /dɪ'spens/ (**dispenses**, **dispensing**, **dispensed**) verb to provide something (formal) \circ Local magistrates dispense justice in the villages.

dispenser /d1'spensə/ noun a machine which automatically provides something when money is put in or a button is pushed **dispense with** phrasal verb not to use something any more \circ We've dispensed with the services of an accountant.

dispersal /dɪ'spɜ:s(ə)l/ noun the way in which people or things are spread over an area

disperse /d1'sp3:s/ (**disperses**, **dispers**ing, **dispersed**) verb 1. to clear something away \circ The sun will soon disperse the mist. \circ The police were called in to disperse the crowds of angry fans. 2. to move quickly in different directions \circ The crowd dispersed rapidly once the parade was over.

dispirited /dɪ'spɪrɪtɪd/ *adj* sad or unhappy; feeling disappointed

displace /dɪs'pleɪs/ (**displaces**, **displacing**, **displaced**) *verb* to move something from its usual place (NOTE: + **displacement** *n*)

② **display** /dɪ'spleɪ/ noun a show, an exhibition ○ a display of local crafts ○ They have a fine display of Chinese porcelain. ■ verb (**displays, displaying, displayed**) to put something in a display ○ She is displaying her collection of Persian carpets at the antiques fair.

displeased /dɪs'pliːzd/ adj annoyed or dissatisfied

displeasure /dɪs'pleʒə/ noun a feeling of being annoyed

disposable /d1'spəUzəb(ə)l/ adj which can be used and then thrown away \circ disposable cups

disposable income /dI₁spəuzəb(ə)l 'InkAm/ *noun* an amount of income left after the tax has been taken away

disposal /di'spəuz(ə)l/ noun the act of getting rid of something \circ The disposal of refuse is a problem for large cities. \diamond **at someone's disposal** available for someone to make use of if they want to \circ My car is at your disposal all week. \circ I am at your disposal – what would you like me to do?

dispose /dI'spouz/ (**disposing**, **disposed**) verb \Box **to dispose of something** to get rid of something \circ How are we going to dispose of all this waste paper? \circ His objections are easily disposed of.

disposition $/_{dispairs} J_{\sigma}(a) = \frac{1}{2} J_{\sigma}(a) + \frac{1}{2} J_{$

disproportionate /,disprə'pɔ:∫(ə)nət/ *adj* not of a suitable size or amount for a particular purpose

disprove /dɪs'pruɪv/ (**disproves**, **disproving**, **disproved**) *verb* to prove something is wrong

② **dispute** /dɪ'spju:t, 'dɪspju:t/ noun an argument [~about/over//~between] ○ He tried to mediate in the dispute between the two families. ○ There was some dispute over who would pay the bill. ■ verb (**disputes, disputing, disputed**) to say that you strongly believe that something is not true or correct ○ I dispute her version of what happened. ○ There is no disputing the fact that Sarah is the best player.

disqualification /dɪs,kwplɪfɪ 'keɪʃ(ə)n/ *noun* an action by which someone is disqualified

disqualify /dɪs'kwplɪfaɪ/ (**disqualifies**, **disqualifying**, **disqualified**) *verb* to make someone not able to do something

disquiet /dis'kwaiət/ noun worry

disregard /,disri'ga:d/ noun not feeling that something is important [~for] \circ He showed a complete disregard for public safety. • verb (disregards, disregarding, disregarded) to take no notice of \circ He disregarded the warning signs and went on along the road.

disreputable

disreputable /dɪs'repjotəb(ə)l/ adj with a bad reputation, especially for criminal activity

disrepute /,disri'pju:t/ noun a bad reputation **to bring something or someone into disrepute** to give something or someone a bad reputation \circ *He was accused of bringing the club into disrepute by his extraordinary behaviour.*

disrespect / disri'spekt/ noun a lack of respect towards someone

disrupt /dis'rApt/ (**disrupts**, **disrupting**, **disrupted**) verb **1**. to stop a service running normally \circ The snowstorm has disrupted bus services throughout the country. **2**. to break up or to interrupt a meeting \circ We are not used to having our meetings disrupted by protesters. (NOTE: + **disruption** n)

disruptive /dis'rAptiv/ adj which disrupts

dissatisfaction /dɪsˌsætɪs'fæk∫ən/ noun a lack of satisfaction

dissatisfied /d1s'sæt1sfa1d/ adj not satisfied \circ We were dissatisfied with the service we got from our bank.

dissect /daɪ'sekt/ (**dissects**, **dissecting**, **dissected**) *verb* to cut up a body to examine it (NOTE: + **dissection** *n*)

disseminate /dɪ'semɪneɪt/ (**dissemi**nates, **disseminating**, **disseminated**) *verb* to spread something around (NOTE: + **dissemination** *n*)

dissent/d1'sent/ noun lack of agreement • The chairman wished to avoid dissent. • They received many letters of dissent. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **descent**.)

dissenting /dɪ'sent ıŋ/ adj disagreeing with the beliefs or opinions of a majority

dissertation $/_1$ disə'tei $\int(\partial)n/n cun a$ long essay written as part of a university course

disservice /dis's31vis/ *noun* an action which damages or harms

dissident /'disident/ noun a person who is not in agreement with the state \circ Several dissidents tried to set up an underground newspaper. \circ It was a time when dissidents were being arrested and thrown in jail.

dissimilar /dɪ'sɪmɪlə/ adj not the same

dissipate /'dispert/ (**dissipates**, **dissipating**, **dissipated**) verb 1. to clear something away \circ The hot sun soon dissipated the morning mist. \circ His statement did a lot to dissipate the feeling of annoyance among the members. 2. to waste something such as money, time or skill \circ After win

ning the lottery he dissipated the lot on drink and expensive cars.

dissociate /dr'sousiert/ (**dissociates**, **dissociating**, **dissociated**) verb to **dissociate** yourself from to say that you want nothing to do with $\circ I$ wish to dissociate myself from the opinions expressed by my colleague.

dissolution $/_{dIs}$ dus $(j_0)n/$ noun the ending of a formal relationship, such as a marriage

dissolve /dɪ'zɒlv/ (**dissolves**, **dissolv**ing, **dissolved**) *verb* to make a solid substance become part of a liquid

dissuade /dɪ'sweɪd/ (**dissuades**, **dissuading**, **dissuaded**) verb \Box **to dissuade** someone from something to persuade someone not to do something \circ We tried to dissuade her from entering the beauty competition.

(2) **distance** /'distans/ noun 1. the space from one point to another $[-from/-to] \circ a$ distance of 800 km \circ What is the distance from London to Geneva? O The hotel is only a short distance away.
within walking distance near enough to walk to \circ The hotel is within walking distance of the town *centre.* **2.** \square **from a distance** seen from some way away \circ From a distance, the *mountain looks like a sleeping animal.* \square **in** the distance a long way away $\circ I$ caught sight of the mountain in the distance. \circ We could hear guns firing in the distance. verb (distances, distancing, distanced) to distance yourself from someone or **something** to show that you do not agree

with someone or something distance learning /'distans ,l3:n1,j/ noun studying in your own time away from the place where the course is organised, using radio or TV

(3) **distant** /'distənt/ *adj* 1. far away ○ *We* could hear the sound of distant gunfire. 2. not close in family relationship ○ a distant relative/cousin 3. not very friendly ○ *The* manager was quite helpful but distant.

distaste /dis'teist/ noun dislike

distasteful /dis'teistf(ϑ)l/ adj unpleasant

distil /dɪ'st ɪl/ (**distils**, **distilling**, **distilled**) *verb* to make pure water or alcohol by heating it, and collecting the steam (NOTE: The US spelling is **distill**.)

distillery /dɪ'stɪləri/ (*plural* **distilleries**) *noun* a factory for distilling alcohol

3 distinct /dr'st1ŋkt/ adj **1.** separate \circ There are two distinct varieties of this plant. \circ They keep their printing works quite distinct from their publishing company. **2**. that you can clearly see, hear or feel $\circ I$ got the distinct impression that he was carrying a gun. \circ Did you notice the distinct tone of anger in his voice?

(2) **distinction** /dt'stink \int on/ noun 1. a difference [~between] \circ *There is a distinction between being interested in politics and joining a political party.* 2. the highest mark available in an examination \circ *She got a distinction in her exam.* 3. special excellence \circ *He served in the war with distinction.* \circ *She had the distinction of being the first woman pilot.*

(3) **distinctive** /dɪ'stɪŋktɪv/ *adj* very noticeable, which makes one thing different from others

③ distinctly /dɪ'stɪŋktli/ adv clearly

(3) distinguish /dɪ'stɪŋgwı∫/ (distinquishes, distinguishing, distinguished) verb 1. to see or hear clearly, or to see details \circ We could easily distinguish houses on the other side of the lake. \circ I could distinguish at least two birds calling to each other. 2.
to distinguish between two things to recognise the difference between two things o Children must be taught to distinguish between right and wrong. \circ It's difficult to distinguish by sight between salt and caster sugar.

to distinguish one thing from another to notice that two things are not the same \circ I find it difficult to distinguish the blue from the green in the design. 3.
to distinguish yourself to do something which makes people notice you He distinguished himself on the football field. \circ She distinguished herself by falling into the river.

distinguishable /dɪ'stɪŋgwɪ∫əb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be distinguished

③ **distinguished** /dɪ'stɪŋgwɪʃt/ *adj* important and well known

distort /d1'sto:t/ (**distorts**, **distorting**, **distorted**) verb 1. to twist something \circ His face was distorted with pain. 2. to give a false impression of something \circ He distorted the meaning of my speech.

distract /dr'strækt/ (**distracts**, **distract**ing, **distracted**) verb to worry or disturb someone when they should be doing something else [-from] ○ The noise of the planes is bound to distract the students from their work. ○ He had been distracted by his mother's illness, and had forgotten the meeting. □ to distract someone's attention to make someone look at or consider something different ○ The news of her accident distracted their attention from their holiday preparations.

distracted /dr'strækt1d/ adj feeling extremely worried and unable to think clearly (3) **distraction** /dr'stræk $\int n/ noun 1$. an entertainment \circ We went to London to look for some distraction. 2. a thing which stops you from concentrating \circ How can I do my work properly with all the distractions of the family?

distraught /dt'stro:t/ *adj* feeling extremely worried and unable to think clearly **distress** /dt'stres/ *noun* a sad or painful feeling which is very strong $\circ I$ don't want to cause the family any distress. \circ The whole family was in distress at grandmother's death. \blacksquare verb (distresses, distressing, distressed) to make someone very sad and worried \circ The news of her grandmother's death distressed her very much.

distressing /dɪ'stresɪŋ/ *adj* very sad and worrying

③ **distribute** /dɪ'strɪbju:t/ (**distributes**, **distributing**, **distributed**) verb to share something between people ○ She distributed part of her money to the poor. ○ The flight attendants came round, distributing immigration forms to non-EU passengers. ○ I'll distribute the list to all the committee members.

(2) **distribution** / distribution / distribution / distribution / noun **1.** giving to several people \circ *The staff will organise the distribution of the timetable to the students.* **2.** the act or process of sending out goods from a warehouse to shops

(2) **distributor** /dɪ'strɪbjotə/, **distributer** noun a company which sells goods for another company which makes them \circ Who is the local distributor for this make of lawn mower?

(2) **district** /'distrikt/ noun an area or region \circ It's a district of the town well known for its Italian restaurants.

district attorney /,distrikt ə't3:ni/ noun US a lawyer representing the government in a certain area. Abbreviation **DA**

district council / distrikt 'kaunsəl/ noun a local council

distrust /dɪs'trʌst/ *noun* a lack of trust (NOTE: + **distrust** *v*)

disturb /d1'st 3:b/ (disturbs, disturbing, disturbed) verb 1. to interrupt what someone is doing \circ Sorry to disturb you but there's a phone call. \circ Don't disturb your mother – she's resting. 2. to make someone feel worried \circ It disturbed me to see that the wheel was wobbling. 3. to change the order or arrangement of something \circ The police told us that nothing must be disturbed in the bedroom. \diamond 'do not disturb' a notice placed on a hotel room door, to ask the hotel staff not to come into the room

③ **disturbance** /dɪ'stɜ:bəns/ noun an occasion on which someone is disturbed \circ *I need to work somewhere where there won't be any disturbance.*

disturbed /dr'st3:bd/ adj **1.** worried \circ We are disturbed to hear that the company may be forced to close. **2.** mentally ill \circ In her disturbed state of mind, she may do anything. \circ Some of the patients are mentally disturbed. \circ Highly disturbed children are taught in this special school.

③ **disturbing** /dɪ'stɜ:bɪŋ/ *adj* worrying **disused** /dɪs'ju:zd/ *adj* not used

ditch /dtf/ noun a long narrow hole cut into the ground for taking away water $\circ Af$ ter the storm, the ditches were full of rainwater. \circ He fell into the ditch beside the road.

dither /'dið $_{0}$ / (**dithers**, **dithering**, **dithered**) *verb* not to be able to make up your mind $_{0}$ *Stop dithering and tell me what you want to do*.

diva /'divə/ noun 1. an extremely famous woman opera star 2. a famous woman singer who is thought to behave badly and demand too much attention (*disapproving*)

divan /dɪ'væn/ *noun* a low long chair or a bed with a solid base and no back

dive /daɪv/ (**dives**, **diving**, **dived**) *verb* to jump into water head first [~into/in] \circ *He dived in the pool and swam across under water*.

③ **diver** /'daivə/ noun 1. a person who dives \circ the Australian Olympic diver 2. a person who swims under water, especially as a job \circ Police divers searched the canal.

diverge /da1'v3td3/ (**diverges**, **diverg**ing, **diverged**) verb **1**. to go in different directions \circ The road and the river diverge at the end of the valley. \circ They had shared a flat for some time, then their careers diverged and they saw much less of each other. **2**. to be different from [~ from] \circ This diverges from the plan I was given originally. **divergence** /da1'v3td3əns/ noun difference

diverse /dai'v3:s/ *adj* including many different types or things

diversify /da1'v3:s1faI/ (**diversifies**, **diversifying**, **diversified**) *verb* to do other types of work; to add new types of business to your existing one (NOTE: + **diversifica-tion** *n*)

diversion /dai'v3: $\int(\Im)n/$ noun **1**. a temporary road system that sends traffic another way \circ All traffic has to take a diversion and rejoin the motorway 10 km further on. **2**. an entertainment or an activity that people do for enjoyment \circ Fishing is one of the most popular diversions for people at weekends. \circ It's a quiet country town with very few diversions for teenagers.

diversity /dar'v3:stti/ noun great variety ③ **divert** /dar'v3:stti/ noun great variety ④ **diverted**) verb 1. to send something to another place or in another direction \circ Because of fog in London, flights have been diverted to Manchester. \circ Traffic has been diverted to avoid the town centre. 2. to entertain someone \circ A game of snakes and ladders diverted the children for a little while. 3. □ to divert someone's attention to make someone look away or consider something else \circ His wife's illness diverted his attention from his business plans for a while.

① divide /di'vaɪd/ (divides, dividing, divided) verb 1. to cut something into parts [-between/among/-into/in] \circ The cake was divided among the children. \circ The two companies agreed to divide the market between them. \circ Can you divide the cake into seven pieces? 2. to calculate how many times one number fits in another [~by] \circ Ten divided by two gives five. (NOTE: Dividing is usually shown by the sign \div : 10 \div 2 = 5: say 'ten divided by two equals five'.)

③ **dividend** /'drvIdend/ noun a part of a company's profits shared out among people who own shares in it

dividing line /dɪ'vaɪdɪŋ laɪn/ noun something acting as a boundary

divine /di'vain/ *adj* referring to God \circ *He prayed for divine help.*

diving /'darvin/ noun 1. the sport of jumping into water head first from a diving board, with points from 0 - 10 being awarded by a panel of judges \circ He won a gold medal for diving. 2. swimming underwater with special equipment \circ We went diving in the Red Sea.

() division $/d1^{1}v_{13}(\Rightarrow)n/$ noun 1. an important part of a large organisation \circ *The* sales division employs twenty people. \circ *She* is the head of the production division. 2. a calculation, where one figure is divided by another \circ *My* little sister is just learning how to do division.

divisive /dI'vaISIV/ *adj* which produces disagreements

divorce /d1'vɔ:s/ noun a legal separation of a husband and wife where each is free to marry again \circ Her parents are getting a divorce. \circ Since their divorce, they have both married again. \blacksquare verb (divorces, divorcing, divorced) 1. to break off a marriage legally \circ They divorced last year. 2. to separate from your husband or wife \circ She divorced her husband and married the man next door.

③ **divorced** /dɪ'vɔ:st/ adj no longer married o They're both divorced, with children from their previous marriages.

divorcee /dɪvɔː'siː/ *noun* a divorced person, especially a woman who is divorced

divulge /da1'vAld3/ (**divulges**, **divulging**, **divulged**) *verb* to give away a secret (3) **DIY** *abbr* do it yourself

③ **dizzy** /'dīzi/ adj having a feeling that you might fall down, and that everything seems to turn round ○ *Can we stop the car*, *please*, *I feel dizzy*. ○ *After standing in the sun*, *he became dizzy and had to lie down*. ○ *She has started having dizzy spells*.

DJ abbr 1. dinner jacket 2. disc jockey

DNA /,di: en 'eɪ/ noun the basic genetic material in a cell. Full form **deoxyribonu-**cleic acid

1) do /duː/ (does, doing, did, done) verb 1. used with other verbs to make questions \circ Does this train go to London? \circ Did the doctor give you any medicine for your cough? • Where do they live? • What did you find there? 2. used with other verbs and 'not' to make the negative o They didn't laugh at the film. \circ It doesn't matter any more. \circ His parents don't live in London. 3. used to make a verb stronger o Can I sit down? – Please do! 0 Why don't you work harder? – I do work hard! \circ Why didn't you tell me? - I did tell you! 4. used in place of another verb in short answers to questions using the word 'do' o Do you live in Lon $don? - Yes I do. \circ But your parents don't$ live there, do they? – No they don't. \circ Does the green colour show? – Yes it does. \circ Did you go to the concert after all? – Yes I did. **5.** used in place of another verb at the end of a question or statement \circ The Russians live here, don't they? \circ It looks very nice, doesn't it? \circ It doesn't rain a lot in Spain, does it? \circ Can you run as fast as he does? \circ He speaks German better than I do. \circ She asked me to close the door but I'd al*ready done so.* \circ *They got to the pub before* we did. 6. telling someone not to do something o Don't throw away that letter! o Don't put your coffee cups on the compu*ter*! **7.** with nouns ending in $-ing \circ She$'s doing the shopping. \circ He always does the washing-up. \circ She was doing the ironing. 8. to work at something, to arrange something or to clean something \circ She's doing *her hair.* \circ *Have you done the dishes yet?* \circ I can't do today's crossword. • What have you been doing all day? O They're a difficult company to do business with. 9. to succeed. to continue \circ She's doing very well in her new job. \circ He did badly in the interview. \circ How's your business doing? 10. to finish cooking something o The carrots aren't done yet. 11. to be satisfactory o Will this size do? 12. used when greeting someone \circ *How do you do?* \diamond that will do that's enough \diamond to make do with to accept something which is not as good as you wanted \circ The ordinary plates are all dirty, so we will have to make do with paper ones.

do away with (3) *phrasal verb* to get rid of something

do in phrasal verb **1.** to kill someone \circ What happened to the gang boss? – He was done in and dumped in the river. **2.** to hurt something (informal) \circ I did my back in by digging the garden.

do up *phrasal verb* **1**. to attach something \circ *He's still a baby and he can't do his buttons up properly.* \circ *Can you do up the zip at the back of my dress?* **2**. to repair something and make it like new \circ *They bought an old cottage and did it up.* \circ *He's looking for an old sports car to do up.*

do with *phrasal verb* **1.** to be related or connected to \circ *It has nothing to do with us.* \circ *It is something to do with my new book.* **2.** to put something somewhere \circ *What have you done with the newspaper?* **3.** to need something \circ *After that long walk I could do with a cup of tea.* \circ *The car could do with a wash.*

do without *(*) *phrasal verb* not to have something, to manage without something

doc abbr document

docile /'dousarl/ adj quiet and well behaved

dock /dbk/ noun **1**. \Box **the docks** a harbour where ships are loaded and unloaded \circ *Cars should arrive at the docks 45 minutes* before sailing time. \circ We used to go down to the docks to watch the ships come in. **2**. a place in a law court where the prisoner sits \circ She was in the dock, facing charges of theft. \blacksquare verb (docks, docking, docked) (of a ship) to arrive in a port \circ The ship

docker

docked at 17.00. \circ The cruise liner will dock in Bermuda.

docker /'dɒkə/ *noun* a man who works in a port, loading and unloading ships

docking station /'dokiŋ ,stei $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun a piece of hardware for recharging a portable computer

dockyard /'dɒkjɑːd/ *noun* a place where ships are built or repaired

① **doctor** /'doktə/ noun a person whose job is to look after people who are ill $\circ I$ have a ten o'clock appointment to see the doctor. $\circ If$ you have pains in your chest, you ought to see a doctor. $\circ He$ went to the doctor's last Friday.

doctorate $/^{d} Dkt(\vartheta)r\vartheta t/$ noun the highest degree from a university

③ **doctrine** /'doktrin/ *noun* a statement of what a group of people believe

document¹ //dokjument/ noun **1**. a piece of paper with something official or important printed on it \circ *File all the documents away carefully as we may need them again.* \circ *Please read this document carefully and sign at the bottom of page two.* **2**. a separate file in a computer \circ *The letter was saved as a Word document.*

document² /'dɒkju,ment/ (documents, documenting, documented) verb to note something in official writing \circ Cases of this disease are well documented in Africa.

documentary /,dokjo'ment(ə)ri/ noun (plural documentaries) a film which shows facts about a real subject [~about/on] \circ Did you see the documentary about hippos last night? • adj referring to documents

(3) **documentation** $/_1$ dbk jumen 'ter J(\Rightarrow)n/ noun all the papers referring to something

doddle /'dɒd(ə)l/ noun something that is easy to do (informal)

dodge /dbd3/ noun a clever trick \circ He told me a dodge to avoid paying on the Underground. \blacksquare verb (dodges, dodging, dodged) 1. to avoid something, to get out of the way \circ He ran across the street, dodging the traffic. \circ She dodged behind a parked car hoping he wouldn't see her. 2. to avoid doing something you should do, in a dishonest way \circ to dodge payment of your TV licence fee

dodgy /'dodzi/ adj **1**. not safe, involving risk \circ *The back wheel on your bike looks a bit dodgy to me.* \circ *I wouldn't go hitch-hiking in Russia – it sounds very dodgy.* **2**. probably dishonest, or dishonestly obtained \circ *He*'s *a* bit of *a* dodgy customer. \circ She paid with *a* dodgy ten-pound note.

doe /dəu/ noun a female animal, such as deer or rabbit (NOTE: Do not confuse with **dough**. Male rabbits are called **bucks**, male deer are **stags**.)

does $/d\Lambda z/3$ rd person singular present of **do**

doesn't / $^{\prime}d_{\Lambda}z(\mathfrak{z})nt/\mathfrak{b}$ do

() **dog**/dbg/ noun an animal kept as a pet, or used for hunting \circ Can you take the dog out for a walk? \circ Police with dogs were hunting the gang of escaped prisoners.

dog-eared /'dog iəd/ adj (of a page or book) well used or torn

dogged /'dogrd/ *adj* not giving in easily, continuing to do something, even though people want you to stop

dogma /'dɒgmə/ *noun* an official belief

dogmatic /dog'mætık/ *adj* stating firmly that what you say is right

do-gooder /du: 'godə/ noun a person who tries to do good and help others, but in a way that sometimes annoys people (*informal*)

dogsbody /'dogzbodi/ *noun* someone who is employed by other people to do boring and unpleasant jobs for them

doing /'du111/ present participle of **do**

③ **doll** /dpl/ noun a child's toy which looks like a baby

① dollar /'dolə/ noun 1. the money system used in the United States ○ a 5-dollar bill ○ The country spends millions of dollars on defence. ○ There are two dollars to the pound. 2. a similar money system used in many other countries ○ What is the price in Australian dollars? (NOTE: usually written \$ before figures: \$250. The currencies used in different countries can be shown by the initial letter of the country: Can\$ (Canadian dollar).

dollop /'dpləp/ noun a large lump of something soft (*informal*)

dolphin /'dolfIn/ *noun* a large animal with a long nose, that lives in the sea (NOTE: A group of them is a **school of dolphins**.)

(3) **domain** /dəu'mein/ noun 1. an area of responsibility $\circ I$ don't do the cooking – that's my husband's domain. 2. an area, a group of nodes in a network

domain name /dəu'mein neim/ noun the name of a service provider on the Internet

dome /dəum/ noun a round roof shaped like half of a ball

② **domestic** /də'mestık/ adj **1**. relating to the home ○ She hated having to do all the domestic work. **2**. inside a country ○ Sales in the domestic market have risen. ■ noun a servant in a house (old) ○ When the fire broke out all the domestics ran into the house to rescue the furniture.

domesticated /də'mestıkeıtıd/ adj **1**. (of animals) kept or used for human requirements **2**. (of a person) skilled in doing the work needed to keep a home clean

domesticity /₁dəʊme'stɪsɪti/ noun life at home

③ **dominance** /'dominans/ noun being dominant

3 dominant / dbmInant/ adj **1.** most important \circ *The dominant colour in the room is dark red.* \circ *Safety will be the dominant theme of the discussion.* **2.** very powerful [-in] \circ a dominant personality \circ the dominant force in the country's government

③ **dominate** /'domineit/ (dominates, dominating, dominated) verb 1. to rule somebody or something ○ He is dominated by his wife. ○ The Union party dominates the country's political system. 2. to be very important ○ The conversation was dominated by the subject of the president's wife. 3. to be very clearly seen ○ The volcano dominates the town.

domination $/_{1}$ dbm1'ne1 $\int(3)$ n/ noun control, power, or authority over others or another

domineering / domi'niəriŋ/ *adj* forcing your ideas on someone

dominion /də'mınjən/ *noun* the power of control \circ *to exercise dominion over a country*

domino /'dominou/ (*plural* **dominoes**) *noun* one of a set of small flat blocks used to play a game, each block being divided into two sections, with up to six dots in each section

don /dbn/ noun a university teacher, especially at Oxford or Cambridge \circ His father was an Oxford don. • verb (dons, donning, donned) to put on a piece of clothing \circ Instructions for donning the life jacket are in the pocket in front of your seat. \circ Visitors to the factory have to don protective clothing.

donate /dəu'neit/ (**donates**, **donating**, **donated**) *verb* to give something, especially money, to a charity or similar organisation \circ *He donated a lot of money to a charity for the homeless*. **donation** /d = 0 'nei $\int (=)n/n oun$ a present, especially of money

(1) **done** $/d_{\Lambda n}/$ past participle of **do**

(3) **donkey** /'doŋki/ *noun* a farm animal with long ears, used for riding or pulling carts

donor /'dəunə/ *noun* a person who gives something

1) don't /dəunt/ , do

doodle /'du:d(\ni)l/ (**doodles**, **doodling**, **doodled**) *verb* to draw shapes on paper, usually because you are bored or thinking of something else \circ *She sat at the back of the meeting*, *doodling on the agenda*. (NOTE: + **doodle** *n*)

doom /du:m/ noun an unhappy fate that cannot be avoided

doomed /durmd/ *adj* condemned to end in ruin

① **door** /do:/ noun 1. a solid piece of wood, plastic or metal which closes an entrance \circ He went into his office and locked the door behind him. \circ She opened the car door and hit a passing cyclist. 2. used to show where a building is in a street \circ They live a few doors away from us.

doorbell /'do:bel/ noun a bell by a door which you ring to get someone inside to open the door

doorknob /'doinpb/ *noun* a round handle for opening and shutting a door

doorman /'do:mən/ (*plural* **doormen**) *noun* a man who stands at the door of a building such as a restaurant or hotel

doormat /'do:mæt/ noun a small rough carpet placed in front of or behind a door, on which you wipe your shoes if they are dirty or wet

doorstep /'dɔ:step/ noun a block of a hard substance such as stone or wood at the bottom of a door on the outside of a house **door-to-door** /,dɔ: tə 'dɔ:/ adj going from one house to the next, asking people to buy something, to vote for someone, or asking them questions

doorway /'doiwei/ noun a space where there is a door

dope /dəup/ noun **1**. illegal drugs **2**. a stupid fool (*informal*) \circ *He*'s a dope, he should have asked for twice as much!

dork /do:k/ noun someone who other people think is not intelligent or does not dress in fashionable clothes (*informal*)

dormant /'do:mont/ adj not active \circ The volcano has been dormant for many years, but has suddenly started to send out clouds of smoke.

dormitory

dormitory /'doimitri/ (plural dormitories) noun a long room full of beds

dosage /'dəusidʒ/ *noun* the amount of a drug calculated by a doctor to be necessary for a patient

dose /dəus/ noun **1**. a quantity of medicine \circ Normal daily dose: three tablets. \circ Do not exceed the prescribed dose. **2**. an attack of a disease [~of] \circ I've had a dose of bronchitis.

dosh /db∫/ noun money (informal)

doss /dbs/ (dosses, dossing, dossed), doss down verb to sleep on something such as a chair or on the floor, because there is no bed available

doss down *phrasal verb* to sleep somewhere where there is no bed available, e.g. on the floor

dossier /'dosie1/ noun a file of documents

(2) **dot** /dbt/ noun 1. a small round spot ○ A blue tie with white dots. 2. a printing sign (.) used in email addresses ○ My email address is jane@supertek.com (say 'Jane at Supertek dot com'). ■ verb (dots, dotting, dotted) 1. to mark with a spot 2. to be or be put in many different parts ○ Vases of flowers dotted the room. ○ The wall was dotted with notices.

dot.com /₁dbt'kpm/ *noun* a company that does business on the Internet or that provides Internet services

doting /'doutin/ adj very fond of some-one

dotted line / dbt1d 'la1n/ noun a line made of a series of dots

dotty /'doti/ (**dottier**, **dottiest**) *adj* slightly crazy (*informal*)

① **double** /'dʌb(ə)l/ adj 1. containing two of something \circ The word 'immeasurable' is spelt with a double 'm'. \circ The invoice number is six double five double one. 2. with two parts, for two people \circ double doors \circ a double bed 3. twice the size of that which is considered normal \circ She asked for a double portion of ice cream. \blacksquare plural noun doubles a tennis game for two people on either side \blacksquare verb (doubles, doubling, doubled) to multiply something by two \circ Think of a number and then double it.

double up phrasal verb **1.** to bend because of pain \circ She doubled up in pain when he hit her in the stomach. **2.** to perform two jobs \circ The waiter is doubling up as chef because the chef is on holiday. **double-barrelled** /₁dAb(\circ)I 'bærəld/ adj **1.** used to describe a gun which has two barrels **2**. formed from two names, usually with a hyphen between them

doublebass /,dAb(ə)l'be1s/ *noun* a musical instrument like a very large violin

double bed $/_{dAb}(a)l$ 'bed/ noun a bed for two people

double-breasted $/_1 d_{\Lambda} b(\vartheta) l$ 'brest Id/adj describes a coat or jacket which has two rows of buttons down the front

double-check $/_{dAb}(a)l$ 't $\int ek/verb$ to check something carefully, twice

double-click $/_1 d_{\Lambda} b(a) l$ 'klik/ verb to press a mouse button twice quickly, e.g. to give an instruction to a computer

double-cross $/_1 d_{\Lambda}b(\vartheta) l \ 'krps/ verb to trick someone so that they think you are working with them when in fact you are working against them$

double-decker /,dAb(ə)l 'dekə/ noun a bus with two levels of seats \circ *Double-decker buses are common in London.*

double figures $/_1dAb(3)$ 'f1g $3/_1$ *plural noun* the numbers with two figures, from 10 to 99

double-glazing $/_1 d\Lambda b(3)l$ 'gleIZI η / noun windows made of two pieces of glass, used to keep out noise or to keep heat inside

double life $/_1 d_{\Lambda} b(\Im) l' \ln f / noun a situation in which someone has a separate way of life for some of the time, which they keep secret from other people$

double-sided $/_{i}d_{\Lambda}b(\overline{\varphi})$ 'sardtd/ adj having two sides, both of which can be used

double take $/_{dAb}(a)l$ 'terk/ noun a reaction of surprise, after a slight pause

doubly /'dʌbli/ adv twice

(1) **doubt** /daut/ noun 1. not being sure o Everyone sometimes has doubts about what they really want to do. \Box to have doubts about something to say that you are doubtful about something $\circ I$ have my doubts about the accuracy of the figures. \Box to cast doubt on something to make people feel less sure about something \circ He *cast doubt on the whole proposal.* **D to give** someone the benefit of the doubt to allow someone to continue doing something, because you are not sure that accusations made against him are correct o The referee gave him the benefit of the doubt. 2. there's no doubt about it is a certain fact • There's no doubt about her commitment to the project. \circ There's no doubt that he is guilty. verb (doubts, doubting, doubted) to be sure of something not [~(that)/~whether/if] o Did you ever doubt

that we would win? \circ I doubt whether he will want to go to the funeral. \diamond **no doubt** certainly \circ No doubt they will be asking for more money soon. \diamond in **doubt** not yet known or definite, or not yet sure \circ The result of the game was in doubt until the last minute. \circ I'm in doubt about whether I should take the job or not.

(2) doubtful /'dautf(3)l/ adj not sure that something is right or good, or not likely o I am doubtful about whether we should go. It is doubtful whether the race will take place because of the snow.

doubtless /'dautlas/ adv certainly

dough /dəo/ noun **1**. a mixture of water and flour for making a food such as bread, before it is cooked \circ *The chef was kneading the dough for the pizza*. **2**. money (*informal*) \circ *Hurry up, give me the dough!* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **doe**.)

doughnut /'dəunAt/ *noun* a small round or ring-shaped cake cooked by frying in oil **dour** /duə/ *adj* not attractive or welcoming in appearance or behaviour

douse /daus/ (douses, dousing, doused) verb to throw water on something $dove^1/dAv/$ noun 1. a white domesticated pigeon \circ To celebrate the peace treaty they released hundreds of doves. 2. a person who prefers diplomacy and tries to achieve peace \circ Curiously, it's the military commanders who are the doves while the president and his advisers are the hawks.

dove² /dəuv/ US past tense of dive

dowdy /'daudi/ (**dowdier**, **dowdiest**) *adj* old-fashioned and badly dressed

(1) **down** /daun/ prep 1, towards the bottom of \circ *He fell down the stairs and broke* his leg. \circ The ball ran down the hill. 2. away from where the person speaking is standing \circ He went down the road to the shop. \circ The police station is just down the *street.* **adv 1.** towards the bottom, towards a lower position \circ Put the box down in the corner. \circ I looked in the cellar, but there's no one down there. **2.** in writing \circ Did you note down the number of the car? \circ The policeman took down her address. **3.** used for showing criticism o Down with the gov*ernment!* O Down with exams! (NOTE: down is often used with verbs, e.g. to go down, to fall down, to sit down, to lie down.)

down-and-out /_idaun ən 'aut/ noun a person with no money who lives on the streets (*informal*)

downcast / daunka:st/ adj gloomy, depressed **downer** /'daunə/ *noun* **1.** someone or something that makes you feel depressed **2.** a drug which makes you feel calm

downfall /'daunfo:l/ noun a situation in which someone or something fails or is destroyed

downgrade /'daungreid/ (**downgrades**, **downgrading**, **downgraded**) *verb* to reduce the importance of a person or of a job **downhearted** /_idaun'ha:tid/ *adj* feeling unhappy

downhill /daun'h1l/ adv towards the bottom of a hill \circ *The road goes downhill for a while and then crosses the river.*

Downing Street /'daonin stritt/ noun **1.** a street in London with the houses of the British Prime Minister (No. 10) and the Chancellor of the Exchequer (No. 11) \circ *They took the petition to Downing Street.* **2.** the office of the Prime Minister \circ *Downing Street denied the report.*

download /daun'ləud/ verb (downloads, downloading, downloaded) to load data or a program into a computer **noun** a computer file that can be downloaded

down-market /'daon ,matkit/ adj cheaper, appealing to a less wealthy section of the population

down payment / dawn 'permant/ noun a part of a total payment made in advance

downplay /_idaon'plei/ (**downplays**, **downplaying**, **downplayed**) *verb* to make something seem less important (NOTE: can also be **to play down**)

downpour /'daunpor/ noun a heavy fall of rain

downright /'daonrait/ *adj* complete or clear ○ *That's a downright lie.* ○ *The newspaper story was a downright fabrication.* ■ *adv* completely or extremely ○ *The waitress wasn't just unpleasant, she was downright rude.*

downside /'daunsaid/ *noun* the disadvantages of a situation

downsize /'daonsa1Z/ (**downsizes**, **downsizing**, **downsized**) *verb* to make a business smaller by cutting the number of jobs

Down's syndrome /'daonz ,sindroom/ noun a condition caused by the existence of an extra chromosome that affects a person's physical and mental development

(2) **downstairs** /daon'steəz/ adv on or to the lower part of a building \circ *He heard a noise in the kitchen and went downstairs to see what it was.* \circ *I left my cup of coffee* *downstairs.* **a***dj* on the ground floor of a building \circ *The house has a downstairs bedroom.* \circ *You can use the downstairs loo.* **n***oun* the ground floor of a building \circ *The downstairs has three rooms.* \circ *The downstairs of the house is larger than the upstairs.* Compare **upstairs**

downstream¹ /'daunstri:m/ adj towards the mouth of a river \circ *Downstream communities have not yet been affected.*

downstream² /₁daon'strim/ adv towards the mouth of a river \circ *The silt is carried downstream and deposited in the delta.*

down-to-earth /, dawn tu '3:θ/ adj sensible or matter-of-fact

(2) **downtown** /'dauntaun/ noun the central district of a town \circ *Downtown will be very crowded at this time of day.*

downtrodden /'dauntrod(ə)n/ adj oppressed, badly treated

downturn /'daunt 3:n/ noun a movement towards lower prices, sales or profits

③ **downward** /'daonwəd/ adj towards the bottom ○ a downward trend in the unemployment figures ■ adv US same as **downwards**

③ **downwards** /'daunwədz/ *adv* to-wards the bottom

downwind / daun'wind/ *adv*, *adj* in the direction in which the wind is blowing

downy /'dauni/ *adj* **1.** soft and fluffy **2.** covered with soft hairs

dowry /'daori/ noun money or goods which a bride brings to her husband

doze /dəuz/ verb (dozes, dozing, dozed) to sleep a little (*slang*) \circ *She dozed for a while after lunch*. \blacksquare *noun* a short sleep

(2) **dozen** $I'd\Lambda z(\Im)n/(plural same) noun 1.$ $twelve <math>\circ I$ need a dozen eggs for this recipe. \circ We ordered two dozen (= 24) chairs. 2. \Box **dozens** of a lot of \circ Dozens of people visited the exhibition. $\circ I'$ ve been to New York dozens of times. \diamond half a dozen six \circ half a dozen apples

1) Dr abbr doctor

drab /dræb/ (**drabber**, **drabbest**) *adj* lacking bright colours; brown, grey

(2) **draft** /dro:ft/ noun a rough plan of a document ∘ He quickly wrote out a draft of the agreement. ∘ It's not the final version, it's just a draft. ■ verb (drafts, drafting, drafted) to draw up a rough plan of something

draft in phrasal verb to ask someone to do something \circ The Boy Scouts were drafted in to dig the garden.

(3) **drag** /dræg/ verb (**drags**, **dragging**, **dragged**) to pull something heavy along the ground [~along/across/out etc] ○ She dragged her suitcase across the floor. ○ The police dragged the men away from the gate. ■ noun something boring, which stops you doing things you really want to do ○ It's a drag, having to write all the Christmas cards.

drag on phrasal verb to seem to pass slowly \circ The dinner party seemed to drag on for hours.

dragon /'drægən/ noun an unfriendly woman who seems frightening

dragonfly /'drægənflaı/ (*plural* **dragon flies**) *noun* a long insect with bright transparent wings which often flies near water

drain /drein/ noun a pipe for carrying waste water away \circ In the autumn the drains get blocked by leaves. \circ We had to phone the council to come and clear the blocked drain. \blacksquare verb (drains, draining, drained) to remove a liquid from something

drainage /'dreinidʒ/ *noun* the process of removing water by means of drains

draining board /'dreiniŋ bo:d/ noun a slightly sloping surface next to a sink on which dishes can be placed to dry

drainpipe /'dreinpaip/ *noun* a pipe on the outside of a house which takes water down to the drains

(3) drama /'dra:mə/ noun 1. a serious performance in a theatre ∘ a new TV drama series about life in Glasgow ∘ The 'Globe' has put on an unknown Elizabethan drama. ∘ I'm reading a book on 19th-century French drama. ∘ She's a drama student or She's studying drama. 2. a series of serious and exciting events ∘ a day of high drama in the court ∘ the drama of the rescue by helicopter ∘ He always makes a drama out of everything.

③ **dramatic** /drə'mæt1k/ adj sudden, unexpected and very noticeable ○ the dramatic moment in the film, when the dinosaurs start to attack them ○ The door was thrown open and she made a dramatic entrance. ○ The TV news showed dramatic pictures of the disaster.

dramatics /drə'mætɪks/ *noun* the practice of performing plays, usually by people who are not paid to act

dramatise /'dræmətaɪz/ (**dramatises**, **dramatising**, **dramatised**), **dramatize** verb 1. to adapt a novel for TV or the theatre \circ *The novel was dramatised by J. Smith*. 2. to make something seem much more dramat-

3 drank /drænk/ past tense of drink

drape /dreip/ (drapes, draping, draped) verb 1. to hang cloth around something \circ The statue was draped in a white cloth ready to be unveiled. \circ He wore a long scarf draped over his shoulders. 2. to hang something long over something \circ He draped his legs over the back of the seat.

drapes /dreips/ plural noun US curtains Open the drapes – it's light outside.

drastic /'dræst1k/ *adj* severe, which has a sharp effect

③ **draught** /drat/ *d*rat/ *noun* a flow of cool air into a room \circ *Don't sit in a draught*.

draughts /dra:fts/ noun a board game played with black and white round pieces o Would you like a game of draughts or to play draughts? o Draughts is a much simpler game than chess. (NOTE: not plural, and takes a singular verb. The US term is **checkers**.)

draughtsman /'dra:ftsmən/ (plural **draughtsmen**) noun a person who draws plans for machines or buildings

③ **draughty** /'dra:fti/ (**draughtier**, **draughtiest**) *adj* with cool air flowing into it (NOTE: The US spelling is **drafty**.)

(1) draw /droi/ noun 1. a game or competition which ends with both teams having the same number of points o The match was a *draw:* 2–2. **2.** a competition in which the winner is chosen by a person who takes a ticket out of a container with a name on it \circ The draw is held on Saturdays. \circ We are holding a draw to raise money for the local hospital. verb (draws, drawing, drew, drawn) 1. to make a picture with a pen or pencil \circ He drew a picture of the house. \circ She's drawing a pot of flowers. 2. not to have a winner in a game o The teams drew 2-2. \Box the match was drawn neither side won **3.** to pull curtains open or closed \circ *She* drew the curtains and let in the sun. \circ Can you draw the curtains – I don't want anyone to see us in here.

draw up(3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to come close and stop \circ *As I was standing at the bus stop, a car drew up and the driver asked if I wanted a lift.* **2**. to write down something, e.g. a plan \circ *They have drawn up a plan to save money.* \circ *Have you drawn up a list of people you want to invite to the party*? **3**. to move something closer \circ *Draw your chairs up to the table.* **drawback** /'dro:bæk/ noun a thing which is not convenient or which causes a problem

(3) drawer /'drɔːə/ *noun* a part of a desk or cupboard like an open box which slides in and out when you pull its handle \circ *I keep my cheque book in the top drawer of my desk.*

(2) **drawing** /'dro:11/ noun **1**. a picture that has been drawn \circ *I've bought an old drawing of the church*. **2**. the activity or skill of making pictures with a pencil or pen \circ *He studied drawing in Rome.*

drawing board /'dro:In bo:d/ noun a large board used by designers to work on it's back to the drawing board we'll have to start planning all over again

drawing pin /'dro:11 pin/ noun a pin with a large flat head, used for fixing papers to a surface such as a wall

drawing room /'dro::ŋ ru:m/ noun a sitting room, a room for sitting and talking in, but not eating

drawl /drɔːl/ *noun* a slow way of speaking • *He spoke with a southern drawl*. (NOTE: + **drawl** v)

③ **drawn** /drɔːn/ *adj* tired and ill ○ *She looked drawn after spending all night with her sick baby.* ■ past participle of **draw**

dread /dred/ noun great fear ○ The sound of her voice filled him with dread. ○ She has a dread of meeting him in the street. □ in dread of being very afraid of ○ They lived in constant dread of being arrested. ■ verb (dreads, dreading, dreaded) to fear something very much ○ I'm dreading taking my driving test. ○ She dreads her weekly visit to the doctor.

dreaded /'dred1d/ *adj* awful, frightening (*humorous*)

② **dreadful** /'dredf(ə)l/ *adj* very bad or unpleasant ○ *What a dreadful film!*

(2) **dreadfully** /'dredf(ə)li/ *adv* extremely, in a way that is not good or pleasant

dreadlocks /'dredloks/ plural noun a hairstyle where your hair is plaited into thick strands \circ *He had his hair in dreadlocks*.

(2) **dream** /dri:m/ noun 1. a story or series of events that you think about while you are sleeping [~about] ○ She had a dream about big pink elephants. 2. something which you imagine and hope will happen in the future ○ All his dreams of wealth collapsed when he lost his job. ○ His dream is to appear on Broadway. ■ verb (dreams, dreaming, dreamt or dreamed) to experience a story or series of events while you are sleeping [~of/about/~(that)] \circ He was dreaming of white sand and a blue tropical sea. \circ I dreamt about you last night. \circ Last night I dreamt I was drowning. \blacksquare adj referring to something that is the best you could have \circ They found their dream house in a small town by the sea. \circ Select your dream team for the World Cup.

dreamer /'drixmə/ noun a person who is out of touch with practical things

dreamt /dremt/ past tense and past participle of **dream**

dreamy /'dri:mi/ (**dreamier**, **dreamiest**) *adj* as if you are dreaming

dreary /'driəri/ (**drearier**, **dreariest**) *adj* sad or gloomy; not interesting

dredge /dredʒ/ (**dredges**, **dredging**, **dredged**) verb **1**. to remove dirt or sand from the bottom of a river or lake \circ *They* had to spend weeks dredging the channel so that boats could still get to the harbour. **2**. to cover something with a substance such as sugar or flour \circ When the pie is cooked, dredge it with icing sugar.

dregs /dregz/ plural noun the parts of a drink which are left in a cup or glass when you have finished drinking \circ *He poured the dregs down the sink.*

drench /drent \int / (drenches, drenching, drenched) verb to soak something

② dress /dres/ noun a piece of clothing usually worn by women or girls, covering the body and part or all of the legs \circ *She* was wearing a blue dress. \blacksquare verb (dresses, dressing, dressed) 1. to put clothes on someone [~in/~as] \circ *She dressed her little* girl in a blue dress. \circ *He was dressed as a* prince. 2. to get dressed to put clothes on yourself \circ *He got up, dressed and had* breakfast. 3. to clean an injury and cover it with a bandage

dress up phrasal verb **1**. to put on costumes \circ The children love dressing up as doctors and nurses. **2**. to wear your best elegant clothes \circ Don't dress up – come just as you are.

③ **dressed** /drest/ adj 1. wearing clothes ○ I can't come down to see the visitors – I'm not dressed yet. □ **to get dressed** to dress yourself ○ Get dressed and come downstairs. ○ He got up, got dressed and then had breakfast. 2. dressed in wearing a particular colour or type of clothing ○ She was dressed all in black. ○ He was dressed in a teeshirt and shorts.

dresser /'dresə/ noun 1. a piece of kitchen furniture with open shelves above and cupboards below \circ *Put the plates back in* the kitchen dresser **2**. a person who dresses in a certain way \circ *He's a very smart dresser.*

dressing /'dresin/ noun 1. a sauce for salad 2. a cover for an injury \circ The dressings need to be changed every hour.

dressing gown /'dresin gaon/ noun a long robe worn over pyjamas or a night-dress

dressing room /'dresin ru:m/ noun a room in which you change your clothes, especially a room in a theatre where actors or actresses get dressed in costume, or a room in a sports club where people change into their sports clothes

dressing table /'dressin_terb(ə)l/ noun a piece of bedroom furniture with a mirror or mirrors

dress rehearsal / dres r_1 'h3:(i)l'noun the final practice for an activity such as a play or public event \circ *The attack on the police station was only a dress rehearsal for the coup d'état which took place the following week.*

dressy /'dresi/ *adj* (*of person*) wearing formal and fashionable clothes

drew /dru1/ past tense of draw

dribble /'dr1b(ϑ)|/ (**dribbles**, **dribbling**, **dribbled**) *verb* **1**. to let liquid flow slowly out of an opening, especially out of your mouth \circ *The baby dribbled its food over her dress* **2**. (*of a liquid*) to flow slowly out of an opening [-out/through etc] \circ *Ketchup dribbled onto the tablecloth*. **3**. to kick a football along as you are running, or to move a ball along with one hand as you are running

drier /'dra19/ noun a machine which dries **drift** /drift/ noun 1. a general meaning o Did you follow the drift of the conversation? \circ My Italian isn't very good, but I got the drift of what they were saying. \circ I think she got the general drift of my argument. 2. a pile of snow blown by the wind \circ *Snow* lay in drifts around the farmhouse. • verb (drifts, drifting, drifted) 1. to move with the flow of water, without steering \circ *The* boat drifted down the river for two miles. 2. to move aimlessly o After the match, the spectators drifted towards the exits. 3. (of *snow*) to pile up \circ *The snow began to drift* in the high wind. 4. to behave aimlessly, to avoid taking any decisions o The government lost its sense of purpose and started to drift. 5. to move slowly in a certain direction o Prices drifted downwards.

③ **drill** /dril/ noun **1**. a tool for making holes in a hard substance such as wood or

metal \circ He used an electric drill to make the holes in the wall. 2. the action of practising marching, especially in the armed forces o New recruits spend hours practising their drill.
verb (drills, drilling, drilled) 1. to use a drill to make a hole in something [~in/into/~through] \circ Check how solid the wall is before you drill a hole in it. \circ He drilled two holes for the screws. 2. to do military practice o The soldiers were *drilling on the parade ground*. **3.** to teach someone something by making them do or say it many times [~in/~into] o They were drilled in how to help customers leave the building in an emergency. \circ The rule of not speaking to strangers was drilled into the children from an early age.

① drink /drink/ noun 1. an amount of liquid such as water, juice, tea or coffee which you swallow \circ If you're thirsty, have a drink of water. \circ She always has a hot drink before she goes to bed. 2. an alcoholic drink \circ Would you like a drink? \circ Come and have a drink. \circ I'll order some drinks from the bar. \blacksquare verb (drinks, drinking, drank, drunk) to swallow liquid \circ He drank water out of a bottle. \circ What would you like to drink?

drink up *phrasal verb* to drink all of a liquid \circ *The baby drank all her milk up.* \circ *Come on, drink up – we're leaving now.*

drink-driving /₁drink 'draiving' noun driving a car when drunk

drinker /'drink ϑ / noun a person who usually drinks a particular quantity or type of alcohol, or a person who drinks too much alcohol regularly \circ She's only a light drinker. \circ They're all beer drinkers. \circ Her father was a drinker.

drinking /'drinkin/ *noun* the act or process of drinking a lot of alcohol, especially frequently and over a period of time

drinking water /'drinkin wortə/ noun water which is safe to drink

drip /drip/ noun a small drop of water \circ There's a hole in the tent – a drip just fell on my nose. • verb (drips, dripping, dripped) 1. to fall in small drops \circ Water was slowly dripping from the ceiling. 2. (of e.g. a tap) to produce small drops \circ I must fix that tap – it's dripping.

① **drive** /draiv/ noun 1. a journey, especially in a car \Box to go for a drive to make a short journey in a car for pleasure 2. a part of a computer which makes a disk work \circ *The disk is stuck in the drive.* 3. an energetic way of working \circ *We need someone with plenty of drive to run the sales de-*

partment. 4. a little road leading to a house \circ Visitors can park in the drive. • verb (drives, driving, drove, driven) to make a motor vehicle travel in a particular direction [~along/down/through etc] \circ I never learnt to drive. \circ He was driving a lorry when the accident happened. \Box I'll drive your aunt to the airport I'll take her to the airport in my car \diamond to drive someone crazy or mad to have an effect on someone so that they become very annoyed (informal) \circ The noise is driving me mad. \circ All this work is driving her crazy.

drive away (3) phrasal verb 1. to ride away in a motor vehicle \circ The bank robbers leapt into a car and drove away at top speed. 2. to take someone away in a motor vehicle \circ The children were driven away in a police car. 3. to force something or someone to go away \circ His teaching methods were driving students away. drive back(3) phrasal verb 1. to go back or to come back in a motor vehicle \circ We were driving back to London after a day out. 2. to force someone or something back \circ The police drove the demonstrators back from the square.

drive off(3) phrasal verb same as drive away 1, 3

drive-by /'draɪv baɪ/ *noun* the firing of a gun at somebody from a moving vehicle

drive-in /'draiv in/ adj, noun bank, cinema, restaurant, where cars drive up for service \circ We went to see the movie at the local drive-in. \circ We got a Chinese takeaway at a drive-in restaurant.

drivel /'driv(ə)l/ noun rubbish

① **driver** /'draivə/ noun a person who drives a vehicle such as a car or train \circ He's got a job as a bus driver. \circ The drivers of both cars were injured in the accident.

drive-through /'draɪv θruɪ/, **drive-up** *noun* a business that serves people who wait by a special window in their cars

driveway /'draivwei/ *noun* a short private road leading to a house

③ **driving** /'draivin/ adj (of rain or snow) blown horizontally by the wind \circ They were forced to turn back because of the driving rain. \bullet noun the action of driving a motor vehicle \circ Driving in the centre of London can be very frustrating. \circ She's taking driving lessons.

(2) **driving licence** /'draɪvɪŋ ,laɪs(ə)ns/ *noun* a permit which allows someone to drive a vehicle on public roads drizzle

drizzle l'driz(\ni)l' noun light rain \circ A thin drizzle was falling so we took our umbrellas. • verb (**drizzles, drizzling, drizzled**) to rain a little \circ It's drizzling outside, so you need a raincoat.

drone /droon/ noun 1. a male bee \circ The workers are busy getting pollen, while the drones do nothing. (NOTE: In a bee colony, the females are workers.) 2. a buzz of an insect, of an engine \circ I could hear the drone of a small aircraft in the distance. 3. a monotonous sound \circ The drone of the bagpipes sounded across the lake. • verb (drones, droning, droned) 1. to buzz \circ We could hear a small aircraft droning overhead. 2. to talk slowly and in a monotonous voice \circ The lecturer droned on and on about population statistics.

drool /dru:l/ (**drools, drooling, drooled**) verb **1.** to slobber \circ *a baby drooling in his high chair* **2.** to show excessive pleasure about something \circ *I absolutely drooled over the painting.*

droop /dru:p/ (droops, drooping, drooped) verb to hang down

① drop /drop/ noun a small amount of liquid which falls **•** verb (drops, dropping, dropped) **1**. to fall or let something fall [-from/to/into/down/on etc] \circ He dropped the glass and it broke. \circ The plate dropped onto the floor: **2**. to decrease \circ Prices are dropping. \circ At night the temperature can drop below zero. **3**. to let someone get off a bus or car at a place [-at/~in] \circ I'll drop you at your house. \circ The bus dropped her in the centre of town.

drop in *phrasal verb* to call on someone, to visit someone

drop off phrasal verb **1**. to fall asleep \circ She dropped off in front of the TV. \circ It took me ages to drop off. **2**. to let someone who is a passenger in a car get out somewhere \circ We can drop you off at the station.

drop out phrasal verb **1.** to stop competing or being involved in something \circ He got as far as the semi-finals but dropped out because of a shoulder injury. **2.** to decide to give up your ordinary job or studies, usually because you want to live a more simple life \circ He dropped out and went to live on a beach in India.

drop-down menu /,drop daon 'menju:/ *noun* a list of choices which appears on a computer screen, and stays there until you click on one of them

drop-in centre /'drop In sentə/ noun a place which people can visit without ar-

ranging a time, to get advice or information, or to meet other people

droplet /'droplət/ noun a very small drop of liquid

droppings /'dropinz/ plural noun solid waste matter from animals \circ *The grass was covered with rabbit and sheep droppings.*

③ **drought** /draut/ noun a long period when there is no rain and when the land is dry

1) drove /drouv/ past tense of drive

③ **drown** /draon/ (**drowns, drowning, drowned**) *verb* to die by being unable to breathe in water \circ *He drowned in a shallow pool.*

drowsy /'drauzi/ (**drowsier**, **drowsiest**) *adj* sleepy (NOTE: + **drowsily** *adv*; **drowsiness** *n*)

drudgery /' $dr_A d_3 \Rightarrow ri$ / noun hard boring work \circ Most of the work in the office is sheer drudgery.

① **drug** /drAg/ noun 1. a medicine \circ They have found a new drug for people with arthritis. 2. an illegal substance which affects people physically or mentally when they take it \circ The customs are looking for such things as drugs or alcohol. **•** verb (**drugs**, **drugging**, **drugged**) to give a person or animal a drug, or put a drug in their food or drink, to make them unconscious \circ They drugged him and took him away in a car. \circ The dog's food had been drugged with something to make him sleep.

(3) **drugstore** /'drAgsto:/ *noun US* a shop where medicines can be bought, as well as many other goods such as shampoo, writing paper, etc.

drum /drAm/ noun **1**. a large round musical instrument which you hit with a stick \circ *He plays the drums in the band.* **2**. a large barrel or container shaped like a cylinder \circ *oil drums* **•** *verb* (**drums, drummig, drummed**) **1**. to play on a drum **2**. to hit something frequently \circ *He drummed his fingers on the table.*

drum into phrasal verb \Box to drum something into someone to make someone learn something \circ My grandfather drummed it into me that I had to be polite to customers.

drummer /'drAmə/ *noun* a person who plays the drums

① **drunk** $/dr_{A}\eta k/ adj$ excited or ill from drinking too much alcohol **\bullet** *noun* a person who is drunk **\bullet** past participle of **drink**

drunkard /'drʌŋkəd/ *noun* a person who has a habit of drinking too much alcohol

drunken /'drʌŋkən/ adj who has drunk too much alcohol. o driving

() dry /drai/ adj (drier or dryer, driest or dryest) 1. not wet \circ Don't touch the doorthe paint isn't dry yet. \circ The soil is dry because it hasn't rained for weeks. 2. (of wine) not sweet \circ A dry white wine is served with fish. • verb (dries, drying, dried) 1. to become dry \circ The clothes are drying in the sun. \circ Leave the dishes on the draining board to dry. 2. to wipe something until it is dry \circ He dried himself with a towel.

dry out *phrasal verb* **1**. to become completely dry \circ *Hang up your coat to dry out in front of the fire.* **2**. to try to stop drinking alcohol \circ *He went to a clinic in London to dry out.*

dry up phrasal verb 1. to stop flowing \circ The heatwave has made the rivers dry up. \circ The government grants have dried up and it looks as though the theatre will have to close. 2. to stop talking, because you can't remember what you were going to say \circ He dried up in the middle of his speech, and sat down hurriedly. \circ As soon as she got on the stage she dried up.

dry-clean /₁dra1 'kli:n/ verb to clean clothes or other fabric items with chemicals

dry-cleaner's /drai 'kli:nəz/ noun a shop where clothes are dry-cleaned

dryer /'draiə/ noun another spelling of drier

dry land /dra1 'lænd/ *noun* **1**. the land, not the sea **2**. areas of land prone to severe drought, e.g. deserts and savannas

dual /'dju:əl/ adj existing as a pair

dual carriageway /,dju:əl 'kærɪdʒweɪ/ *noun* a road with two lanes in each direction, with a barrier between the two sides (NOTE: The US term is **two-lane highway**.)

③ **dub** /dAb/ (**dubs**, **dubbing**, **dubbed**) verb 1. to give someone a nickname \circ At college he was dubbed Tom 'Pigpen' Smith because his room was so dirty. 2. to add dialogue to a film in a different language from the original \circ The film has been dubbed into Swedish.

dubious /'dju:biss/ adj thinking that something might not be true or $good \circ Eve$ ryone else seems to believe her story, but personally I'm dubious about it. \circ I'm dubious about getting involved.

duchess /' $dAt \int IS/$ noun the wife of a duke

③ **duck** $/d_Ak/$ noun 1. a common water bird (NOTE: The male is a **drake**, the female a **duck** and the young are **ducklings**.) 2. the meat of this bird \circ We're having roast duck for dinner. **u** verb (ducks, ducking, **ducked**) to lower your head quickly to avoid hitting something \circ She didn't duck in time and the ball hit her on the head. \circ He ducked as he went through the low doorway.

duckling /'dʌklıŋ/ noun a young duck \circ a duck with six little ducklings \circ roast duckling and orange sauce

duct / $d_Akt/$ noun **1**. a tube which carries liquids in the body **2**. a tube which carries air or wires in a building \circ The central heating ducts caught fire.

dud $/d\Lambda d/adj$ (**dudder**, **duddest**) false (*informal*) \circ *He paid me with a dud* £10 *note*. \blacksquare *noun* something which does not work properly \circ *Most of the fireworks in the box were duds.*

dude /dju:d/ noun US **1**. a man who is very interested in clothes \circ *that dude, with his stiff collar and wide pink tie* **2**. a visitor from a city on the East coast to a ranch in the Midwest

(1) **due** /dju:/ adj 1. expected or likely to happen [~for] \circ The plan is due at 10.30. \circ We're due for a thunderstorm after all this hot weather.
□ due to do something expected to do something in future \circ We are due to leave London Airport at 5 o'clock. The children are due to arrive this after*noon.* **2.** owed \circ *This payment is due now.* ■ adv straight ○ The plane flew due west. ■ noun what is deserved \circ The right to answer her critics publicly is her due. \diamond due to because of \circ The problems are due to lack of training. O These worries about health are usually due to not being given *enough information*. \diamond **in due course** later to give someone their due to be fair to someone o To give him his due, he works very hard.

duel /'dju:əl/ noun a fight between two people with weapons such as swords or guns o They fought a duel over a girl. o He challenged the doctor to a duel. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **dual**.)

dues /dju:z/ *plural noun* money owed as a fee or regular payment

duet /djur'et/ noun a piece of music played or sung by two people

③ **due to** /'dju: tu:/ *prep* because of o The trains are late due to fog.

duff /dAf/ verb

duff up phrasal verb to beat somebody up

(slang)

(3) dug /dAg/ past tense and past participle of dig

dugout /'dAgaot/ noun **1**. a hole in the ground which is a shelter for soldiers \circ They sat in a dugout for hours, waiting for the order to advance. **2**. a bench by the side of a football pitch where the managers and extra team members sit \circ The manager was yelling instructions from the dugout.

duke /dju:k/ noun a nobleman of the highest rank. ϕ **duchess**

③ **dull**/dal/ adj 1. not exciting or interesting ○ The story is rather dull. ○ What's so interesting about old churches? - I find them dull. 2. (of weather) grey and cloudy ○ a dull cloudy day 3. (of colours) not bright ○ They painted the sitting room a dull green.

(3) **dumb** / d_{Am} / *adj* unable to speak (NOTE: Some people avoid this term because it causes offence and prefer to say **speechimpaired**.)

dumbfounded /dAm'faundId/ adj greatly surprised

dummy /'dAmi/ (plural dummies) noun a plastic object, given to a baby to suck in order to stop it from crying \circ *The baby sat sucking a dummy*.

(3) **dump** /d∧mp/ noun a large area where rubbish is taken ○ *Take your rubbish to the municipal dump*. ■ *verb* (**dumps**, **dumping**, **dumped**) **1**. to put something heavy on the ground, especially in a careless way ○ *She just dumped her suitcases in the hall*. **2**. to throw something away, to get rid of something ○ *Someone has dumped an old pram in the car park*.

dumpling /'dʌmplɪŋ/ *noun* a small ball of dough served with hot meat

dune /djuin/ noun a hill of sand

dung /dAn/ *noun* solid waste from animals, especially cattle, often used as fertiliser

dungarees / $_i$ dAngə'ri:z/ plural noun working clothes, formed of a pair of trousers and a bib covering the chest, usually of thick blue cloth, and worn over ordinary clothes \circ The workmen came into the café in their dungarees.

dungeon /'dʌndʒən/ *noun* a dark and unpleasant underground prison

dunk /d $\Lambda\eta k$ / (dunks, dunking, dunked) verb to dip a biscuit or other food into a liquid

dunno $(d \vartheta' n \vartheta \upsilon)$ contr don't know (informal) \circ Whose car is that? – I dunno.

duo /'dju:30/ *noun* **1**. two people, usually two performers \circ *a TV comedy duo* **2**. same as **duet**

dupe /dju:p/ noun a person who has been tricked ○ He was the dupe of a Russian businessman. ■ verb (dupes, duping, duped) □ to dupe someone into doing something to trick someone into doing something ○ They duped him into giving them all the cash he had in his wallet.

duplicate¹ /'dju:plikət/ adj made as a copy of something \circ *Put the duplicate invoices in the file*. \blacksquare *noun* a copy \circ *She sent the invoice and filed the duplicate.*

duplicate² /'dju:plikeit/ (**duplicates**, **duplicating**, **duplicated**) verb **1**. to make a copy of a document such as a letter \circ She duplicated the letter and put the copy into a file. **2**. to do again something which has already been done \circ Keep a note of where you got to – I don't want to duplicate your work.

duplication $/_{1}$ dju:pl1'ke1 $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun **1**. the act of copying or repeating something exactly **2**. an exact copy or repeat

durable /'djuərəb(ə)l/ adj staying strong even when used for a long time \circ *You need* a really durable floor covering in a kitchen.

(3) **duration** $/dj\upsilon$ 'rei $\int(\vartheta)n/$ *noun* the period of time for which something lasts

duress /djo'res/ *noun* force or illegal threats of force used to make someone do something

() **during** /'djuərıŋ/ prep while something is going on ○ Conditions were bad during the war.

dusk /dAsk/ noun the period in the evening just before it gets dark

③ **dust** /dʌst/ noun a thin layer of dry dirt ○ The room had never been cleaned – there was dust everywhere. ○ A tiny speck of dust got in my eye. (NOTE: no plural) ■ verb (dusts, dusting, dusted) to remove dust from something ○ Don't forget to dust the Chinese bowls carefully.

③ **dustbin** /'dʌstbin/ *noun* a large container for rubbish, kept outside a house

duster /'dAstə/ noun a cloth for removing dust

dust jacket /'dʌst ˌdʒækɪt/ noun a paper cover round a book

(3) **dustman** /'dʌstmən/ (*plural* **dustmen**) *noun* a person employed by a town to collect rubbish

dustpan /'dAstpæn/ noun a small flat container for brushing dirt into

dusty /'dʌsti/ (dustier, dustiest) adj covered with dust

dutiful /'dju:tif(ə)l/ *adj* who does what should be done

① duty /'dju:ti/ noun (plural duties) 1. something which you are legally or morally expected to do \circ We have a duty to inform the authorities about what we saw. 2. a tax which has to be paid [~on] \circ duty on perfume \blacksquare plural noun duties different jobs that have to be done as part of your official work \circ One of his duties is to see that the main doors are locked at night. \diamond on duty doing official work which you have to do in a job \circ He's on duty from 9.00 to 6.00. \circ She's been on duty all day.

duty-free / djuiti 'frii.' *adj, adv* sold with no tax to be paid \circ *He bought a duty-free watch at the airport* or *He bought the watch duty-free*.

duvet /'duver/ *noun* a bag full of feathers, used as a covering for a bed

DVD/,di: vi: 'di:/ noun an optical disc that can hold images and sound. Full form **dig**ital video disc

dwarf /dworf/ noun a person of smaller than normal height (NOTE: Some people avoid this term as it can cause offence and prefer person of short stature or person of restricted growth.) ■ verb (dwarfs, dwarfing, dwarfed) to make something look very small \circ His house is dwarfed by the office block next door.

dwell /dwel/ (**dwells, dwelling, dwelt** or **dwelled**) verb **1**. to **dwell on something** to keep thinking or talking about a problem \circ It's best not to dwell too much on your financial situation. **2**. to live somewhere (*literary*)

dweller /'dwelə/ noun, suffix a person who lives in a place \circ Many city-dwellers have cottages in the country where they go for weekends. \circ Prehistoric man was a cave-dweller.

② dwelling /'dwelin/ noun a place to live (formal) **dwindle** /'dwind(ə)l/ (dwindles, dwindling, dwindled) *verb* to get less gradually

dye /dai/ noun a substance used to colour cloth \circ synthetic dyes \circ vegetable dyes \blacksquare verb (dyes, dyeing, dyed) to stain with a colour \circ She dyed her hair green. (NOTE: Do not confuse with die.)

(3) dying /'da11ŋ/ present participle of die

dyke /daik/, **dike** noun 1. a long wall of earth to keep water from flooding land \circ They built dykes along the river. \circ With this storm blowing from the east, do you think the dykes will hold? **2.** a long ditch for rainwater \circ It rained all month, and the dykes were full. **3.** a lesbian (offensive)

dynamic /dai'næmik/ *adj* very energetic and with a strong personality

dynamite /'daInəmaIt/ noun 1. a powerful explosive \circ *They used dynamite to blow up the old building.* 2. something or someone that has a very powerful effect \circ *This news is dynamite!*

dynamo /'daInəməu/ noun 1. a small piece of equipment for making electricity o The electric light works by a dynamo attached to the back wheel. 2. a very energetic person

dynasty /'dinəsti/ (plural **dynasties**) noun **1**. a family of rulers, following one after the other \circ The Ming dynasty ruled China from 1368 to 1644. \circ Henry VII founded the Tudor dynasty in 1487. **2**. a period of rule by members of the same family \circ The Great Wall of China was built during the Tsin dynasty.

dysentery /'dɪs(ə)ntri/ *noun* an infection of the intestines, causing bleeding and diarrhoea

dysfunctional /dɪs'fʌŋkʃən(ə)l/ adj 1. unable to relate to other people emotionally and socially 2. failing to work properly

dyslexia /dts'leksiə/ *noun* a medical condition in which a person is not able to read and spell correctly



e/iɪ/, **E** *noun* the fifth letter of the alphabet, between D and F

E abbr 1. east 2. eastern

① each /itt \int adjevery \circ Each five pound note has a number. \circ He was holding a towel in each hand. \circ Each one of us has a separate office. \blacksquare pron 1. every person \circ They have two houses each or Each of them has two houses. \circ She gave them each five pounds or She gave them five pounds each or She gave each of them five pounds. 2. every thing \circ Each of the books has three hundred pages or The books have three hundred pages each.

① **each other** /,i:t $\int \Lambda \delta \vartheta$ / pron the other one of two people or of two things \circ They were shouting at each other. \circ We always send each other presents on our birthdays. \circ The boxes fit into each other.

eager /'i:gə/ adj wanting to do something very much

eagerly /'irgəli/ *adv* in a way that shows that you want something very much

eagle /'iɪg(ə)l/ noun a large bird of prey

eagle-eyed /,i:g(ə)l 'aɪd/ adj with very good eyesight

(1) ear /19/ noun 1. one of the parts on either side of your head which you hear with o Rabbits have long ears. o Have you washed behind your ears? 2. an ability to sense sound \circ *He has a good ear for music*. **to play an instrument by ear** to play without reading the printed notes of music • She can play the piano by ear. 3. the top part of a plant such as wheat or barley with the seeds \diamond to play it by ear to do what you think is right at the time (*informal*) \circ We won't make a plan, we'll just play it by ear and see how it goes. \diamond to be up to your ears in to be very busy with (informal) o He's up to his ears in work. \diamond to have or keep your ear to the ground to follow what is happening and know all about something

earache /'ıəreik/ noun a pain in your ear

eardrum /'IədrAm/ *noun* a part of the ear which vibrates with sound and passes the vibrations to the inner ear

earl /3:1/ noun a nobleman of middle rank, below a marquess and above a viscount. \Diamond countess

earlier I'3:Ii3/adj relating to a time before now or before a time being mentioned \circ an earlier version of the book \circ I'll try to catch an earlier train. \blacksquare adv before now or before a time being mentioned \circ Can't you come any earlier than Tuesday? \circ I tried to phone earlier but you were out.

earliest /'3:liəst/ adj the soonest time that something could happen \circ *The earliest I can deliver it is Tuesday.*

earlobe /'Iələub/ noun the lower part of the outside of the ear

() **early** /'3:11/ adv 1. before the usual time \circ The plane arrived five minutes early. \circ We must get up early tomorrow morning if we want to catch the first boat to France. 2. at the beginning of a period of time \circ We went out early in the evening. \circ The snow came early in the year.

early bird /'3:li b3:d/ *noun* someone who likes to get up early and work before breakfast, and who does not stay up late at night

earmark /'Iəmaːk/ (earmarks, earmarking, earmarked) *verb* to reserve something for a special purpose

(2) **earn** /3:n/ (earns, earning, earned) verb to be paid money for working \circ He earns £20,000 a year. \circ How much does a bus driver earn?

earner /'3:nə/ noun a thing or person that earns money

earnest /'3:n1st/ adj serious \circ They were engaged in earnest conversation. \diamond **in earnest** with serious determination \circ After a slow start the discussions began in earnest in July.

earnings /'3:niŋz/ plural noun a salary, the money which you earn from work \circ *His earnings are not enough to pay the rent.* **earphones** /'Iəfəonz/ plural noun a piece of equipment which you put on your ears to listen to sounds from a machine such as a radio or telephone \circ She took off her earphones when I asked her a question.

earplug /'IəplAg/ *noun* a piece of plastic, rubber or other material which you put in your ears to stop you hearing loud sounds **earring** /'Iərɪn/ *noun* a piece of jewellery

worn attached to part of the ear

earshot /'I∋∫pt/ noun □ within or in earshot near enough to hear something ○ Everyone within earshot heard the details of her divorce. □ out of earshot not near enough to hear something ○ Now that she's out of earshot, you can tell me what really happened.

ear-splitting /'10 ,splitin/ adj extremely loud

① earth /3:0/ noun 1. also Earth the planet on which we live \circ The Earth goes round the Sun once in twenty-four hours. \circ The signals from the spacecraft came back to earth. 2. the brown substance in which plants grow \circ Put some earth in the plant pot and then sow your cucumber seeds. \blacksquare verb (earths, earthing, earthed) to connect an electrical appliance to the ground \circ Household appliances should be properly earthed. (NOTE: The US term is to ground.) \diamond it costs the earth it costs a great deal of money (informal) \circ It wouldn't cost the earth to have the house repainted.

earthenware /'3:0(3)nwe3/ noun objects such as pots and dishes, made of clay earthquake /'3:0kwe1k/ noun an occasion on which the earth shakes, caused by movement of the earth's surface (NOTE: also called simply a quake)

earth science $/_{31}\theta$ 'salans/ noun a science that studies the Earth, e.g. geology

earthy /'3:0i/ (earthier, earthiest) adj (of humour) coarse or rude

ease /i:z/ noun a lack of difficulty \circ He won the first round with the greatest of ease. \circ The bottle has a wide mouth for ease of use. \blacksquare verb (eases, easing, eased) to make less painful \circ A couple of aspirins should ease the pain.

easel /' $izz(\vartheta)l$ / noun a vertical frame on legs to support a blackboard or painting

easier, easiest /'iziə, 'iziəst/ + easy

① **easily** /'irzıli/ adv 1. without any difficulty \circ *I* passed my driving test easily. \circ *I* can easily get there by 9 o'clock. 2. a lot (for emphasis before comparatives or superlatives) \circ Her work was easily better than yours. \circ He is easily the tallest man in the

team. \circ Our shop is easily the biggest in the High Street.

① **east** /i:st/ noun 1. the direction in which the sun rises \circ The sun rises in the east and sets in the west. \circ Germany is to the east of France. \circ The wind is blowing from the east. 2. **East** the countries in the eastern part of the world, e.g. China **a** adj relating to the east \circ The east coast is the coldest part of the country. **a** adv towards the east \circ The kitchen windows face east, so we get the morning sun. \circ Drive east along the motorway for twenty miles.

eastbound /'i:stbaund/ adj travelling towards the east

(3) **Easter** /'iɪstə/ noun a Christian festival, in March or April, celebrating the occasion on which Jesus Christ died and then came back to life again

Easter egg /'istər eg/ noun a chocolate or sugar egg eaten at Easter

easterly /'istəli/ *adj* **1**. towards the east **2**. (*of a wind*) blowing from the east

(2) **eastern** /'iist(∂)n/ adj from, of or in the east \circ *The best snow is in the eastern part of the mountains.*

easterner /'iɪstənə/, **Easterner** noun a person who lives in or comes from the east of a country or region

easternmost /'iɪst(ə)nməʊst/ adj furthest to the east

eastward /'istwəd/ adj, adv towards the east

eastwards /'istwadz/ adv towards the east

① **easy** /'i:zi/ adj not difficult, or not needing a lot of effort \circ The test was easy, in fact much easier than I expected. \circ My boss is very easy to get on with. \diamond **easier said than done** more difficult than you think it will be \circ Finding the right house was easier said then done. \diamond **to take things** or **it easy** to rest and not do any hard work \circ The doctor told him to take things easy for a time after his operation.

easy chair /'iːzi t∫eə/ *noun* a large comfortable armchair

easy-going /,i:zi 'gəʊɪŋ/ adj friendly and not very critical

easy listening /,irzi 'lɪs(ə)nɪŋ/ noun slow or quiet popular music

① eat /i:t/ (eats, eating, ate, eaten) verb
 1. to put food into your mouth and swallow
 it o I'm hungry - is there anything to eat?
 ○ We haven't eaten anything since breakfast. ○ The children ate all the sandwiches.
 ○ Eat as much as you like for £5.95! ○

eatable

You'll get thin if you don't eat. **2.** to have a meal \circ He was still eating his breakfast when I arrived. \circ We are eating at home to-night. \circ Have you eaten yet?

eat away phrasal verb to destroy something by gradually wearing it away

eat out phrasal verb to have a meal in a restaurant

eat up phrasal verb 1. to eat everything \circ She ate it all up in a matter of seconds. \circ Come on, eat up – it's time to go. 2. to use large amounts of something \circ Buying a car has eaten up my savings.

eatable /'irt $\partial b(\partial)l/adj$ which is good enough to eat

eater /'irtə/ noun a person who eats

eatery /'i:təri/ (*plural* **eateries**) *noun US* a restaurant, a place where you can eat (*informal*)

eating disorder /'ittŋ dis,ɔ:də/ noun an emotional disorder manifesting as an obsessive attitude to food

eat into *phrasal verb* to use more of something than expected \circ *The delays have eaten into the time we allowed for visiting London.*

eau de cologne /,əʊ də kə'ləʊn/ noun a type of light perfume

eaves /irvz/ plural noun the edge of a roof which sticks out over the wall beneath it

eavesdrop /'i:vzdrop/ (eavesdrops, eavesdropping, eavesdropped) verb to listen to a conversation which you are not supposed to hear

ebb /eb/ noun the regular process of the level of the sea water at a coast becoming lower \blacksquare verb (ebbs, ebbing, ebbed) 1. (of the sea level at a coast) to become lower \circ Boats at anchor swing round to point upstream when the tide starts to ebb. 2. also ebb away to become weaker or less gradually \circ He couldn't hold on to the rope any longer; his strength was ebbing away. \diamond to be at a low ebb to be in a bad state \circ After his interview, his morale was at a low ebb. \circ The manager asked them to try harder, just when their energy was at its lowest ebb.

e-business /'iɪ ,bɪznəs/ *noun* **1**. business that is conducted on the Internet **2**. a company that uses Internet technology

eccentric /ik'sentrik/ *adj* unusual in a way that is strange \blacksquare *noun* a person who behaves in an unusual way \circ *In his old age, he became something of an eccentric.*

eccentricity / eksen'trisiti/ noun strange behaviour

ecclesiastical /I,kli:zi'æstIk(ə)l/ *adj* referring to the Christian Church

echelon / e_{j} = b_{j} - $b_$

echo /'ekə∪/ noun (plura/echoes) a sound which is repeated such as when you shout in a place such as a tunnel ∘ We could hear the echo of voices in the tunnel. ∘ If you go to the Whispering Gallery in the dome of St Paul's Cathedral you can hear the echo very clearly. ■ verb (echoes, echoing, echoed) 1. (of sound) to make an echo ∘ Their voices echoed down the tunnel. 2. to repeat ∘ The newspaper article echoed the opinions put forward in the minister's speech.

eclectic /I'klekt1k/ *adj* taking ideas from several different sources

eclipse /1'klips/ (eclipsing, eclipsed) verb 1. to hide the sun or moon by passing in front of it \circ *The sun is eclipsed by the* moon. 2. to be more successful than someone else \circ *She was eclipsed by her younger* sister.

eco-friendly /'i:kəʊ ,frendli/ adj intended to have no harmful effect on the natural environment and its inhabitants

ecological /,i:kə'lbd31k(ə)l/ *adj* referring to ecology or the environment

ecology /1'kbladʒi/ *noun* the study of the relationship between plants and animals and their environment (NOTE: + **ecologist** *n*)

e-commerce /'ir ,kom3:s/ noun buying and selling things online, especially over the Internet

① economic /,i:kə'nomik/ adj 1. relating to the economy $\circ I$ don't agree with the government's economic policy. \circ The government has introduced controls to solve the current economic crisis. \circ The country enjoyed a period of economic growth in the 1980s. 2. not costing much money \circ The flat is let at an economic rent. 3. using money well \circ It is hardly economic for us to run two cars.

economical /,i:kə'npm1k(ə)l/ *adj* which saves money or resources

economic migrant /,i:kənomik 'maigrənt/ noun a person who moves to live in another country where living conditions are better

③ **economics** / iːkə'nɒmɪks/ *noun* the scientific study of how money functions in

trade, society and politics \circ *She is studying for an economics degree.*

economise /1'konəma1Z/ (economises, economising, economised), economize verb to try not to waste something by using as little as possible [~on] \circ Our bills are too high so we'll have to economise on electricity this winter.

economist /I'kpnəmist/ *noun* a person who specialises in the study of money and its uses

① **economy** /1'konəmi/ *noun* 1. the way in which a country makes and uses money, or the financial state of a country 2. something you do to avoid wasting money or materials \circ *She tried to make a few economies like buying cheaper brands of washing-up liquid.* • *adj* cheap, often because of being sold in large sizes or quantities \circ *an economy size notepad* \circ *If you travel midweek you can usually get an economy fare.*

economy class /I'konəmi kla:s/ noun an air fare which is cheaper than first class or business class

economy drive /I'konəmi draɪv/ noun an effort to save money or materials

ecosystem /'iːkəʊsɪstəm/ noun a system which includes all the organisms of an area and the environment in which they live

ecotourism //iːkəʊ,tʊərɪz(ə)m/ noun tourism that tries to avoid ecological damage to places visited

ecstasy /'ekstəsi/ noun 1. great happiness o She was in sheer ecstasy over her engagement. o These chocolates are pure ecstasy. 2. a dangerous drug which makes you have hallucinations

ecstatic /ık'stætık/ *adj* very happy or enthusiastic

eczema /'eksImə/ *noun* an uncomfortable skin condition with an itchy rash and blisters, but which is not contagious

eddy /'edi/ (plural **eddies**) noun a circular movement of water or dust \circ Dust eddies were being raised by the wind. \circ He got into an eddy under the waterfall.

① edge /edg/ noun 1. the part around the outside of something \circ *He put his plate down on the edge of the table.* \circ *She lay down on the roof and looked over the edge.* \circ *Can you stand this coin on its edge?* 2. an imaginary line where an area ends $[\sim off] \circ$ *He lived in a house at the edge of the forest.* \circ *The factory is built right on the edge of the town.* 3. the sharp thin part of a knife or tool for cutting 4. an advantage = to have the edge on a rival company to have a

slightly larger share of the market than another company \bullet verb (edges, edging, edged) to move in a slow, careful way \circ He started edging towards the door. \diamond on edge nervous or worried \circ Everyone was on edge, waiting for the telephone call.

edging /'edʒɪŋ/ noun a decoration along the edge of something

edgy /'edʒi/ adj 1. nervous or worried 2. unusual and interesting

(3) **edible** $/|ed_{Ib}(a)|/adj$ good enough or safe to eat

edict /'i:dikt/ noun a public announcement of a law

edifice /'edifis/ noun a large building (formal)

edit /'edit/ (edits, editing, edited) verb 1. to be in charge of a newspaper or magazine \circ He edited the 'Sunday Express' for more than twenty years. 2. to prepare a book for publishing by doing such things as correcting mistakes \circ I am editing a volume of 20th-century poetry. 3. to prepare something such as a film to make it ready to be shown \circ Once the film has been edited it will run for about 90 minutes.

(3) **edition** $/I'dI \int (\partial n/ noun a number of copies of a book or newspaper printed at the same time <math>\circ$ *The book of poems was published in an edition of one thousand copies.*

② editor /'editə/ noun 1. a journalist in charge of a newspaper or part of a newspaper O the wrote to the editor of 'The Times' asking for a job. O She is the sports editor of the local paper. 2. a person who edits books

editorial / edi't oriel/ adj referring to editors or editing \circ *He has overall editorial control of the series.* • noun a main article written by the editor of a newspaper \circ *Did you read today's editorial in 'The Times'?*

educate /'edjokett/ (**educates**, **educating**, **educated**) *verb* to teach someone in a school or college, or give them information that they need \circ *She was educated in Switzerland*. \circ *We need to educate young people about the dangers of alcohol*.

educated /'edjukeItId/ adj having been to school and university

() **education** /,edjo'keɪ∫(ə)n/ noun the system of teaching, or of being taught or given information about something

① educational /,edj σ 'kei $J(\vartheta)$ nəl/ adj relating to education, teaching and schools \circ a campaign to improve educational standards \circ This game for 3- to 5-yearolds is very educational. educator

educator /'edjokeɪtə/ *noun* a person who teaches, especially someone who teaches people how to teach

Edwardian /ed'wo:diən/ *adj* referring to the time of King Edward VII (1901 – 1910) **eel** /i:l/ *noun* a long thin fish which looks like a snake

eerie /'ıəri/ (**eerier**, **eeriest**) *adj* strange and frightening (NOTE: + **eerily** *adv*)

(1) effect /I'fekt/ noun a result or influence [~on/upon] \circ The cuts in spending will have a serious effect on the hospital. \circ The cream has had no effect on her rash. O The effects of the shock took some time to wear off. plural noun 1. sounds, images or displays that are created for a film or event 2. the things that you own (formal) - verb (effects, effecting, effected) to carry something out (formal) \circ She was able to effect a number of changes during her time in *charge*. \diamond **in effect** actually \circ *In effect, he* gave up trying. \diamond or words to that effect or something with that meaning o She said she wouldn't pay, or words to that effect. to come into ortake effect to start to be official or legal o The order comes into effect on 1 January. \diamond with effect from starting from (formal) o Prices will be increased by 10% with effect from January 1st.

① **effective** /I'fektIV/ *adj* **1.** producing the result that is wanted \circ *His method of keeping the children quiet is very effective.* \circ *Advertising on TV is a very effective way of selling.* **2.** taking effect \circ *an order which is effective from January 1st* (NOTE: + effectiveness *n*)

① **effectively** /I'fektIvli/ adv 1. really, although the situation might appear different \circ Although there was another game to play in the series, they had effectively won the gold medal. 2. in a way which produces the result that is wanted \circ The floodlighting worked very effectively.

effeminate /I¹femInət/ *adj* referring to a man who behaves in a feminine way (*disapproving*)

effervescent /,efə'ves(\ni)nt/ adj 1. which makes bubbles \circ *The water will become effervescent if you put this tablet into the glass.* 2. lively and excited \circ *Her effervescent good humour made the party go with a swing.*

③ **efficiency** /1'f1 $\int(\Im)$ msi/ noun being able to produce a good result without wasting time, money or effort \circ *How can we improve the efficiency of our working methods?* \circ *She is known for her extreme efficiency.* ② efficient /1'f1 (\Im) nt/ adj able to work well and do what is necessary without wasting time, money or effort \circ *He needs* an efficient assistant to look after him. \circ *The new system of printing invoices is very* efficient. \Box a fuel-efficient car a car which does not use much petrol

efficiently $/I'fI \int (\partial nt) dv$ in an efficient way

effigy / ef1d3i:/ (*plural* **effigies**) noun a rough model of a person, usually someone unpopular

effluent /'efluənt/ *noun* liquid waste, especially from factories or industrial processes

① effort /'efət/ noun the use of the mind or body to do something \circ Lifting the box took considerable physical effort. \circ He's made a big effort to learn Spanish. \Box an effort to do something an attempt to achieve something \circ The changes are part of an effort to improve productivity. \circ She's already written to three addresses in an effort to contact the owner. \blacksquare plural noun activities for a particular purpose \circ Thanks to her efforts, we have collected more than £10,000 for the children's hospital.

effortless /'efətləs/ adj without needing to use any energy

effrontery /I'frAntəri/ noun rudeness

effusive /ɪ'fju:sɪv/ *adj* showing too much emotion when talking about something

EFL abbr English as a Foreign Language \circ She is an EFL teacher. \circ He's taking an EFL course.

e.g., eg abbr e.g.

egalitarian /I,gælI'teəriən/ *adj* believing in equality or treating all people equally

① egg /eg/ noun 1. a round object with a hard shell, produced by a female bird or, e.g. snake, in which a baby bird develops \circ The owl laid three eggs in the nest. \circ Turtles lay their eggs in the sand. 2. a chicken's egg, used as food \circ You need three eggs to make this cake. \diamond don't put all your eggs in one basket don't risk everything on only one project

egg on *(i) phrasal verb* to encourage someone to do something, especially something naughty

eggplant /'egpla:nt/ noun a dark purple shiny fruit of a small plant, used as a vegetable (NOTE: used mainly in American English. The more common British term is **aubergine**.) **egg white** /'eg wait/ *noun* the clear liquid found in an egg, which turns solid and white when cooked

ego /'i:gəu/ noun your high opinion of yourself

egocentric /,i:gəu'sentrik/ *adj* interested only in yourself, not thinking of anyone else

egoism /'i:gəʊiz(ə)m/ *noun* thinking only about yourself, and not bothering about anyone else

egotism /'iːɡəʊt ɪz(ə)m/ *noun* thinking that you are better than anyone else

egotist /'irgətist/ noun a person who thinks he or she is better than everyone else

egotistic /,egə'tıstık/, **egotistica** /,egə 'tıstık(ə)l/ *adj* thinking you are better than everyone else

ego trip /'i:gəʊ trɪp/ *noun* an activity designed to improve your good opinion of yourself (*informal*)

(3) **eh** /et/ interj used when asking questions \circ What a laugh, eh? \circ What about a drink, eh? \circ Eh? What did he say?

(1) **eight** /eit/ noun the number 8

(1) **eighteen** /,ei'ti:n/ noun the number 18

① eighteenth /er'ti: $n\theta$ /, 18th adj relating to number 18 in a series **noun** number 18 in a series

18-wheeler / erti:n 'wi:lə/ noun a large lorry with 18 wheels

eighth /ertθ/, 8th adj relating to number 8 in a series ■ noun number 8 in a series (NOTE: eighth is usually written 8th in dates: April 8th, 1999; September 8th, 1866 (American style is 8 September 1866), say: 'the eighth of September' or 'September the eighth' (American style is 'September eighth'). For names of kings and queens, eighth is usually written VIII: King Henry VI-II, say: 'King Henry the Eighth'.)

① **eightieth** /'erti $\partial\theta$ /, **80th** *adj* relating to number 80 in a series **noun** number 80 in a series

(1) **eighty** /'erti/ *noun* the number 80 = eighties the numbers between 80 and 89

① either /'aiðə, 'iiðə/ adj, pron 1. one or the other \circ You can use either computer – it doesn't matter which. \circ I don't like either of them. 2. each of two; both \circ There are trees on either side of the road. \circ Some people don't take sugar in their coffee, some don't take milk, and some don't take either. \blacksquare adv used with two negatives to show that two people or things are similar in some way \circ *He* isn't Irish and he isn't Scottish either. \circ She doesn't want to go, and I don't want to go either. \circ The report wasn't on the TV news, and it wasn't on the radio either.

ejaculate /I'dʒækjʊleɪt/ (**ejaculates**, **ejaculating**, **ejaculated**) *verb* **1**. to send out semen from the penis **2**. to exclaim (*literary*) (NOTE: + **ejaculation** *n*)

eject /r'dʒekt/ (**ejects, ejecting, ejected**) *verb* **1.** to throw something out \circ *The chairman called in the police to eject the troublemakers from the meeting.* **2.** to escape from an aircraft using an ejector seat \circ *The pilot ejected safely.* (NOTE: + **ejection** *n*)

eke verb

eke out *phrasal verb* to use something a little bit at a time, in order to make it last longer \diamond **to eke out a living** to earn or live on very little money \circ *She ekes out a miserable existence as a cleaner.*

elaborate¹ /r'læb(ϑ) $r \vartheta t$ / *adj* very detailed, very complicated \circ *an elaborate dessert of cream, fruit and cake*

elaborate² /I'læbəreit/ (**elaborates**, **elaborating**, **elaborated**) verb to go into details \circ It's a very complicated plan so I won't elaborate. \circ He refused to elaborate any further on her reasons for leaving.

elapse /I'læps/ (elapses, elapsing, elapsed) verb (of time) to pass

elastic /1¹læst1k/ noun a material which stretches **a**dj able to stretch and contract o She was wearing tight shorts made of some elastic material.

elastic band /ɪ'læst1k bænd/ noun a thin circle of rubber for holding things together

Elastoplast /ɪ'læstəploɪst/ *trademark* a small strip of cloth which can be stuck to the skin to cover a wound

elated /I'leItId/ adj very excited and pleased

elation $/I' lei \int (\partial n / noun a strong feeling of excitement and pleasure$

(3) **elbow** /'elbəo/ noun the joint in the middle of your arm \circ *He sat with his elbows on the table.* \circ *She nudged him with her elbow.*

elbow-room /'elbəʊ ruːm/ noun space to move about (informal)

elder /'eldə/ adj older o I have two elder brothers. o She brought her elder sister. (NOTE: **elder** is a comparative adjective, used mainly of brothers or sisters. It is never followed by **than**, when **older** should be used.) \blacksquare noun an older person \circ Mary is the elder of the two. \circ Which brother is the elder? \circ The village elders met to discuss the plan. \circ Children should have respect for their elders and betters.

(2) **elderly** /'eldəli/ *adj* a more polite word than 'old' used for describing someone who has had a long life \circ *An elderly man sat down beside her.* \circ *My mother is now rather elderly and doesn't drive any more.*

elder statesman / eldə 'steitsmən/ noun an older and wiser politician

eldest /'eldəst/ *adj* the oldest of a series of people \circ *This is John, my eldest son*.

(2) **elect**/I'lekt/ (elects, electing, elected) verb to choose someone by voting \circ She was elected MP for the town. \circ The president is elected for a term of four years. \circ The chairman is elected by the members of the committee.

-elect /Ilekt/ suffix a person who has been elected but has not yet started the job \circ She is the president-elect.

① **election** /1'lek $\int \partial n / noun$ the process of choosing by voting $[/-fot/-to/-as] \circ$ the election of a new treasurer for the club \circ election to the general council \circ We are holding an election for new representatives. \circ After her election as president, the crowds were celebrating.

electioneering $/_{I_1}$ lek $\int \mathfrak{d}' n \mathfrak{l} \mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{r}' n \mathfrak{oun}$ the process of working for an election campaign, making speeches, writing pamphlets and meeting voters

elective /I'lektIV/ *adj* **1**. requiring to be elected **2**. not obligatory

elector /I'lektə/ *noun* a person who votes or who is able to vote in an election

electoral /r'lekt(ϑ)r ϑ l/ *adj* referring to an election

electoral college /1,lekt(ə)rəl 'kpl1dʒ/ noun a group who elect someone such as a president

electoral register /I,lekt(ə)rəl 'redʒ1stə/, **electoral roll** *noun* an official list of names and addresses of people living in a particular area who are eligible to vote in local or national elections

electorate /1' lekt(ϑ)r ϑ t/ noun all the people in an area who are able to vote

electric /1'lektrik/ adj 1. worked by electricity o Is your cooker electric or gas?
 He plays an electric guitar. o He cut the wood with an electric saw. o She gave me an electric toothbrush for Christmas. 2. making or carrying electricity o Don't touch those electric wires. o Electric plugs in the USA are different from those in Brit-

ain. **3.** very exciting \circ The atmosphere was electric as the votes were being counted.

③ **electrical** /t'lektrik(ə)l/ adj relating to electricity ○ a shop selling electrical appliances ○ The college offers courses in electrical engineering. ○ They are trying to repair an electrical fault.

electric chair /I,lektr1k 't $\int e_{\theta}/noun$ a chair attached to a powerful electric current, used in some states of the United States to kill criminals as a punishment

electrician $/I_1$ lek'tr $I_1(a)n/$ noun a person who works on electrical repairs

(2) **electricity** /I, lek'trISITi/ noun energy used to make light, heat or power \circ We haven't paid the electricity bill this month. \circ The electricity was cut off this morning. \circ The heating is run by electricity. \circ The cottage is in the mountains and doesn't have any electricity. (NOTE: no plural)

electrics /I'lektriks/ *plural noun* the wires and electrical connections in a building or piece of equipment

electric shock /I,lektrIk '∫bk/ *noun* a sudden pain when an electric current goes through your body

electrify /1'lektrifai/ (**electrifies**, **electrifying**, **electrified**) *verb* **1**. to connect to an electric source of power \circ *All the most modern railway lines are electrified*. **2**. to startle and excite someone \circ *She gave an electrifying performance*.

electrocute /I'lektrəkju:t/ (electrocutes, electrocuting, electrocuted) *verb* to hurt or kill someone with an electric shock (NOTE: + electrocution *n*)

electrode /I'lektrəud/ *noun* one of two points on an electric circuit where the current enters or leaves a battery

electron /I'lektron/ *noun* a basic negative particle in an atom

(2) **electronic** /_ielek'tronik/ *adj* using electricity and very small parts which affect the electric current which passes through them \circ *electronic equipment*

electronics /,elek'trbniks/ *noun* the science of the movement of electricity in electronic equipment

electronic tag / elektronik 'tæg/ noun an electronic device attached to someone such as a convicted criminal, so as to be sure where he or she is

elegant /'eligənt/ *adj* very fashionable and stylish

elegy /'elədʒi/ *noun* a sad poem or piece of music about someone who is dead

① **element** /'elimənt/ noun 1. a basic chemical substance \circ Magnesium is a metallic element. 2. a basic part of something \circ I think we have all the elements of a settlement. 3. a small amount of something \circ There was an element of jealousy in her decision. \bullet plural noun the weather, usually bad weather \bullet noun a part which produces heat in a piece of equipment such as an electric heater or cooker \circ I think the element has burnt out. \diamond to be in or out of your element to be happy or unhappy in a particular situation

elemental / eli'ment(ə)l/ adj wild and uncivilised

elementary /,eli'ment(ə)ri/ *adj* basic or simple

elementary school /elr'mentri skuːl/ *noun US* the first school for children up to around eleven years old (NOTE: The British term is **primary school**.)

elephant /'elifont/ *noun* a very large African or Indian animal, with large ears, a trunk and two long teeth called 'tusks'

elevate /'eliveit/(**elevates**, **elevating**, **elevated**) *verb* to lift something or someone into a higher position (*formal*) (NOTE: + **elevation** *n*)

③ **elevator** /'eliveitə/ noun US a machine for moving people up or down from floor to floor inside a building \circ *Take the elevator to the 26th floor.* (NOTE: The British term is **lift**.)

() **eleven** /r'lev(ϑ)n/ noun the number 11 **elevenses** /r'lev(ϑ)nzIz/ noun a snack served in the middle of the morning at about 11 o'clock

eleventh, **11th** *adj* relating to number 11 in a series \Box **at the eleventh hour** at the last minute \circ *The contract was finally signed at the eleventh hour*. \circ *His eleventh-hour decision to stand for election*. \blacksquare *noun* number 11 in a series

elf /elf/ (*plural* **elves**) *noun* a little person in fairy stories

elicit /I'lIsIt/ (**elicits, eliciting, elicited**) *verb* to obtain something (NOTE: Do not confuse with **illicit**.)

eligible /'elidʒib(ə)l/ adj **1**. qualifying as suitable for something under certain rules [-for] \circ *The previous president is eligible for re-election*. \circ *She is not eligible for a grant*. **2**. very suitable for getting married to \circ an eligible bachelor

eliminate /I'lImINEIT/ (**eliminates**, **eliminating**, **eliminated**) *verb* **1**. to remove something that is not wanted \circ *Using a computer should eliminate all possibility*

of error. \circ Smallpox has been eliminated in most parts of the world. **2.** to remove someone from a competition [~from] \circ He came last and so was eliminated from the next round of the contest.

elimination $/I_1$ ImI'neI $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun the act of eliminating

elision/I'lI₃(ə)n/*noun* the omission of an element of a word or phrase

elite /I'lirt/ *noun* a group of people with more privileges than most others

elitism /I'li:t1z(ə)m/ *noun* a system of giving more privileges to a small group of people

elitist /r'li:t1st/ *adj* believing that an elite should have most power in a group or society

Elizabethan /1,11zə'bi: $\theta(\mathfrak{s})n/adj$ referring to the time of Queen Elizabeth I (1558 – 1603)

ellipse /I'lIps/ noun an oval shape

elliptical /1⁻l1pt1k(ə)l/ *adj* **1**. oval \circ *The comet follows an elliptical orbit round the sun.* **2**. difficult to understand because of a missing word or phrase

elm /elm/ noun a large hardwood tree which grows in temperate areas

elocution $/_{ela'kjut}(a)n/$ noun the art of speaking in a clear and elegant way

elongated /'irlongert1d/ adj longer than normal

elope /I'ləup/ (elopes, eloping, eloped) verb to run away to get married

eloquent /'eləkwənt/ adj convincing and persuasive

① **else** /els/ adv other (used after pronouns) \circ What else can I say? \circ Everyone else had already left. \circ Who else was at the meeting? \diamond **or else** or if not \circ We could do it now, or else wait till John comes. \circ You must have a ticket, or else you will be thrown off the train by the inspector.

(2) **elsewhere** /els'weə/ adv somewhere else, in another place \circ *This shop doesn't stock maps, so you'll have to try elsewhere.*

ELT abbr English Language Teaching o She's an ELT specialist.

elucidate /I'lu:sidert/ (**elucidates**, **elucidating**, **elucidated**) *verb* to make something clear or easy to understand

elude /1'lu:d/ (eludes, eluding, eluded) verb 1. (of a fact or word) to be difficult to remember \circ Her name eludes me. 2. to avoid being caught \circ The protestors managed to elude the security guards.

elusive /I'luISIV/ adj difficult to find 'em /əm/ contr them (informal) emaciated /ɪ'meɪ∫ieɪtɪd/ adj extremely thin

emaciation /I,meISi'eIJ(ə)n/ noun being emaciated

email /'i:meil/, **e-mail** noun **1**. a system of sending messages from one computer to another, using telephone lines \circ You can contact me by phone or email if you want. \circ I'll give you my email address. **2**. a message sent by email \circ I had two emails from him this morning. **•** verb (emails, emailing, emailed, emailing; **e-mails**, **e-mail**ing, **e-mailed**, **e-mailing**) to send a message to someone using email \circ I emailed him about the meeting.

emanate /'emanent/ (**emanating**, **emanated**) verb \Box **to emanate from** to come from somewhere (formal) \circ the smell of onions emanating from the kitchen \circ Some of these ideas emanate from the government's own think tank.

emancipation / I_1 ,mænsi'pei $\int(\partial)n/noun$ the process of making someone free, or giving someone the right to equal status (NOTE: + **emancipate** ν)

embalm /Im'ba:m/ (**embalms**, **embalming**, **embalmed**) *verb* to treat a dead body with chemicals to preserve it

embankment /Im'bæŋkmənt/ noun a wall made along a river bank to prevent the river from overflowing \circ *Entire fields were* flooded when the river embankment collapsed.

embargo /im'bo:g $\partial \upsilon$ / (plural embargoes) noun an official ban on trade \circ The oil embargo is still in place. \Box to lift an embargo to allow trade to start again \circ The government has lifted the embargo on the export of weapons. \Box to be under an embargo to be forbidden

③ embark / Im'ba:k/ (embarks, embarking, embarked) verb 1. to go on to a ship or an aircraft ○ The passengers embarked at Southampton. 2. □ to embark on or upon something to start a project ○ The council has embarked on the redevelopment of the town centre. ○ We'd better not embark on something new until we have finished this job.

③ **embarrass** /Im'bærəs/ (**embarrasses**, **embarrassing**, **embarrassed**) *verb* to make someone feel uncomfortable in front of other people, e.g. by talking about something that they would prefer other people not to know about (2) embarrassed /Im'bærəst/ adj uncomfortable or ashamed, and not knowing what to do Oshe gave an embarrassed laugh, and said she had forgotten to bring the present. Othe was so embarrassed that he turned bright red.

(2) **embarrassing** /Im'bærəsiŋ/ adj making a person feel embarrassed o It was very embarrassing when he told everyone about my mistake.

(3) **embarrassment** /Im'bærəsmənt/ noun a feeling of being worried and ashamed

embassy /'embəsi/ (plural embassies) noun the home or offices of an ambassador

embattled /Im'bæt(ə)ld/ adj constantly criticised

embed /Im'bed/ (**embeds**, **embedding**, **embedded**) *verb* to fix something into a mass such as concrete or flesh

embedded /Im'bedId/ adj fixed in a mass of something

embellish /Im'bel1 \int / (**embellishes**, **embellishing**, **embellished**) verb **1**. to add details which are not true \circ *He embellished* the story of the rescue with details of how he had climbed down the cliff. **2**. to decorate something or to make something beautiful \circ *The ceiling was embellished with gold leaf.*

embellishment /Im'bel1fmant/ noun a decoration, an improvement to make something look beautiful \circ *The embellishment of the ceiling with gold leaf.*

embers /'embəz/ plural noun red hot pieces of wood or coal \circ She poured water on the embers of the bonfire.

embezzle / Im 'bez(ə)l/ (**embezzles**, **embezzling**, **embezzled**) *verb* to use money which is not yours, or which you are looking after for someone (NOTE: + **embezzlement** *n*)

embittered /Im'bit od/ adj made bitter

emblazoned /Im'bleIZ(ə)nd/ *adj* decorated in a very noticeable way

emblem /'embləm/ *noun* a design which is used as the symbol of a country, team or town

embodiment /Im'bbdImənt/ noun a physical expression of an idea

embody /Im'bodi/ (**embodies**, **embodying**, **embodied**) verb to show an idea in a physical form \circ She embodies all the best qualities of a children's doctor. **embolism** /'embəliz(ə)m/ noun the blocking of a blood vessel by a blood clot or a bubble of air

embosss /Im'bos/ (**embosses**, **embossing**, **embossed**) *verb* to raise a design above a flat surface by pressing

embrace /Im'breis/ (embraces, embracing, embraced) verb 1. to hold and kiss someone to show affection \circ They embraced for several minutes before he got on the train. 2. to become a convert to a belief (formal) \circ He embraced communism when he was at university. (NOTE: + embrace n)

embroider /Im'broidə/ (embroiders, embroidering, embroidered) verb 1. to make artistic patterns by sewing with coloured threads on cloth \circ She embroidered a tablecloth for her mother. 2. to invent extra details and add them to a story \circ He embroidered the story of his escape from prison with details of how he overpowered three guards and stole their guns.

embroidery /Im'broideri/ noun **1**. the art of sewing decorations on cloth \circ *She went to embroidery classes.* **2**. sewn decorations \circ *We admired the delicate embroidery on the tablecloth.* \diamond **needlework**

embroiled /im/broild/ adj involved in an awkward situation

embryo *l*'embri ∂u / (*plural* **embryos**) noun the first state of a living organism $\circ a$ human embryo

embryology / embri'blədʒi/ noun the study of the development of embryos

embryonic /,embri'on1k/ *adj* at a very early stage of development

emerald /'em(\Im)r \exists d/ noun a green precious stone \circ Her crown was studded with emeralds.

(2) emerge /1'm3:d3/ (emerges, emerging, emerged) verb 1. to come into existence as something [~as] o It was only after the election that he emerged as party leader. 2. to become known [~that] o It soon emerged that the Prime Minister knew nothing about what was happening.

③ **emergence** /I'm3:dʒəns/ *noun* the act of emerging

(2) **emergency** h'm3:d3ənsi/ noun a dangerous situation such as a fire or an accident, where decisions have to be taken quickly \circ *Phone for an ambulance – this is an emergency!*

emergency exit /I,m3:d3ənsi 'egzīt/ *noun* a door used in an emergency

emergency room /I'm3:d3ənsi ru:m/ noun US the department of a hospital which treats emergency cases (NOTE: The British term is A&E.)

emergency services /ɪ'mɜ:dʒənsi ˌsɜ:vɪsɪz/ *plural noun* the police, fire service and ambulance service

emergent /I'm3:d3>nt/ adj in a very early stage of development

emerging /I'm3Id3Iŋ/ *adj* starting to appear, occur or develop

emigrant /'emigrant/ noun a person who emigrates. Compare immigrant

emigrate /'emigrett/ (emigrates, emigrating, emigrated) verb to leave your country to live in another. Compare immigrate (NOTE: + emigration n)

émigré /'emɪgreɪ/ *noun* a person who has emigrated for political reasons

eminent /'eminont/ *adj* important and very highly respected

eminently /'eminantli/ adv extremely (formal)

emission $h'mi \int (\partial n/noun 1)$, the process of emitting \circ *They are trying to reduce the emission of carbon monoxide from vehicles.* **2**. a substance which is emitted \circ *Gas emissions can cause acid rain.*

emit /I'mIt/ (**emits**, **emitting**, **emitted**) *verb* to send out something such as a sound, a signal or smoke

emoticon/I'məotIkon/*noun* a symbolic picture representing an emotion, made from computer keyboard characters such as :(

(3) **emotion** $/I'm = u \int (=)n/n$ noun a strong feeling \circ Hatred and love are two of the most powerful emotions. \circ He tried to hide his emotions when he made his speech.

(3) **emotional** /r'mə υ (ə)n(ə)l/ adj causing you to feel emotion, or showing emotion \circ Saying goodbye was an emotional time for us all. \circ The music made her feel very emotional and she started to cry.

emotive /I'məutIV/ *adj* likely to cause strong feeling

empathise /'empəθaɪz/ (empathises, empathising, empathised), empathize (empathizing, empathized) verb to feel empathy

empathy /'empəθi/ *noun* the ability to share the feelings of another person, by imagining yourself as that person

emperor /'emp(ə)rə/ *noun* the ruler of an empire

(2) **emphasis** /'emfəsis/ noun **1**. the act of showing the importance of something, usually in speech [~on] ○ Don't put too much emphasis on his age. ○ She banged

emphasise

the table for emphasis as she spoke. **2.** how loud your voice is when you pronounce a word or phrase \circ Everyone noticed the emphasis he gave to the word 'peaceful'.

② emphasise /'emfəsaiz/ (emphasises, emphasising, emphasised), emphasised, emphasised verb to show how important you feel something is, by saying it more loudly or slowly \circ Please emphasise that the meeting must start on time. \circ He emphasised the importance of everyone working together. \circ She kept on emphasising the same point over and over again.

emphatic /Im'fætIk/ *adj* using emphasis **emphysema** /₁emfI'si:mə/ *noun* a condition where the surface of the lungs is reduced, making it difficult to breathe

③ **empire** /'empaiə/ noun a group of separate countries ruled by a central government \circ We're studying the history of the British Empire. \circ The Soviet empire covered a huge area from the Pacific Ocean to the middle of Europe.

empirical /Im'pIrIk(a)l/adj based on practical experiment and not on theory

(2) **employ** /im'ploi/ (**employs**, **employ**ing, **employed**) verb 1. to give someone regular paid work \circ He is employed as a gardener by the duke. \circ She is employed in the textile industry. 2. to use something (formal) \circ If we were to employ more up-todate methods, would we make more money? \circ How can we best employ our free time on Sunday?

employed /Im'ploId/ *adj* in regular paid work \circ *Please state the occupations of the employed members of your household.*

() **employee** /Im'ploii!/ noun a person who is employed \circ *The company has decided to take on twenty new employees.*

① **employer** /Im'pl5Iə/ *noun* a person or organisation that gives work to people and pays them \circ *Her employer was a Hong Kong businessman.* \circ *The car factory is the biggest employer in the area.*

① **employment** /ɪm'plɔɪmənt/ noun regular paid work

emporium /Im'pɔ:riəm/ noun a large shop

empower /Im'pauə/ (empowers, empowering, empowered) *verb* to give someone the power to do something

empowerment /Im'pauəmənt/ noun the act of giving power to someone

empress /'empris/, **Empress** noun **1**. a woman who rules an empire \circ *Queen Victoria was Empress of India.* **2**. the wife or

widow of an emperor \circ When the emperor died, the empress decided to rule the country.

① **empty** /'empti/ adj (**emptier**, **emptiest**) with nothing inside, or with no people present \circ When we opened it, the box was empty. \circ Take an empty pot and fill it with soil. \circ The fridge is empty – we'll have to go out to eat. \circ The ski resorts are empty because there is no snow. \bullet verb (**empties**, **emptying**, **emptied**) to make something empty \circ She emptied the clothes out of the suitcase. \circ He emptied the bottle into the sink. \circ They emptied the contents of the petty cash box into a bag.

empty-handed / empti 'hændɪd/ adj having obtained nothing

emu /'iːmjuː/ *noun* a large Australian bird which cannot fly

emulate /'emjulent/ (**emulates**, **emulating**, **emulated**) *verb* to try to do as well as or better than someone else (*formal*)

emulsify/I'mAlsIfaI/ (**emulsifies, emulsifying, emulsified**) *verb* to mix two liquids which cannot unite completely, such as oil and water

emulsion /I'mAlʃən/ *noun* a mixture of two liquids which do not unite completely, such as oil and water

() **enable** $/\text{In}^{\text{e}Ib}(\Im)I/$ (enables, enabling, enabled) verb to make it possible for someone to do something \circ *The dictionary should enable you to understand English better.*

enact /in'akt/ (enacts, enacting, enacted) verb to make a law

enamel /I'næm(ϑ)l/ noun 1. a very hard covering of colour \circ The enamel of the painting had begun to crack. 2. the hard coating on the teeth \circ If the enamel of a tooth gets damaged the tooth will soon start to discolour.

en bloc /oŋ 'blok/ adv all together as a group

encampment /In'kæmpmənt/ noun a large camp

encapsulate /in'kæpsjoleit/ (**encapsulates**, **encapsulating**, **encapsulated**) *verb* to summarise something; to put something in a shorter form

encase /In'keIS/ (encases, encasing, encased) *verb* to completely surround something with a substance \circ *encased in concrete*

enchant/In't∫ɑ:nt/(**enchants**, **enchanting**, **enchanted**) *verb* to delight and attract someone enchanted /In't∫ɑːntɪd/ adj very pleased

enchanting /In't forntin/ adj very beautiful

enchantment /In'tfaintment/ noun a mysterious and magic feeling

encircle /In's3:k(ə)l/ (**encircles**, **encircling**, **encircled**) *verb* to surround something completely

enclave /'eŋkleıv/ *noun* a small group of people or small area completely surrounded by another quite different and larger group or area

③ enclose /m'kl∋oz/ (encloses, enclosing, enclosed) verb 1. to put something inside an envelope with a letter ○ I am enclosing a copy of our current catalogue. ○ Please find our cheque enclosed herewith.
2. to put a wall or fence round an area of land ○ The garden is enclosed by high brick walls.

enclosed /In'kləuzd/ *adj* surrounded on all sides o *an enclosed space*

enclosure /In'kl=02=/ noun a document enclosed with a letter \circ Please find details in the accompanying enclosure.

(3) **encode** /In'kəud/ (**encodes**, **encoding**, **encoded**) *verb* to write something in a code so that it cannot be read or used by other people

encompass /In'kAmpəs/ (**encompasses, encompassing, encompassed**) *verb* to include something (*formal*)

encore /'bŋkb:/ noun 1. a call by the audience for a performer to repeat a song or a piece of music \circ The crowd's cries of 'Encore' were simply deafening. 2. a song or a piece of music repeated at the request of the audience \circ At the end of the concert she played or sang two encores.

(3) **encounter** /in 'kaont ⇒/ (**encounters**, **encountering**, **encountered**) verb to meet someone or something ○ On the journey we encountered several amusing people. ○ I have never encountered such hospitality anywhere else.

() **encourage** /in'kAridʒ/ (**encourages**, **encouraging**, **encouraged**) verb 1. to make it easier for something to happen ○ *Leaving your credit cards on your desk encourages people to steal* or *encourages stealing*. 2. to help someone to do something by giving them confidence ○ He en*couraged me to apply for the job*. ○ I always felt encouraged by his interest in what I was doing. encouragement /In'kArId3mənt/ noun the act of giving someone the confidence to do something

(2) **encouraging** /In'kArId3Iŋ/ *adj* which encourages

encroach /In'krəot J/ (encroaches, encroaching, encroached) verb to take over someone else's space [-on/upon] \circ Their new wall had encroached on our land. \circ She accused the professor of encroaching upon her area of study.

encrusted /In'krAstId/ *adj* covered with a hard substance

encumbrance /In'kAmbrəns/ *noun* a thing which prevents you from moving or doing something

encyclopedia /InsaIklə'pirdiə/, **encyclopaedia** *noun* **1**. a reference book containing articles on many subjects of human knowledge, usually presented in alphabetical order **2**. a reference book containing articles on a single subject, arranged usually in alphabetical order \circ *a gardening encyclopedia* \circ *the encyclopedia of sport*

encyclopedic /InsaIklə'piIdIk/, encyclopaedic *adj* like an encyclopedia

(1) **end**/end/ noun **1**. the last part of something \circ She tied the two ends of the ribbon together. \circ The telephone rang and I missed the end of the TV programme. \circ Go down to the end of the road and then turn *right.* \square to come to an end to be finished \bigcirc The work should come to an end next month. 2. the final part of a period of time • Can you wait until the end of the week? verb (ends, ending, ended) when something ends, it reaches the point when it stops happening \circ The film ends with a wedding. • The meeting ended with everyone fighting on the floor. \circ The concert should end at about 10 o'clock. o The game ended in a draw. \diamond in the end finally, at last \circ In the end the teacher let him go home. \circ In the end the shop had to call in the police. \diamond to make ends meet to have just enough money to live on $\circ I'm$ having trouble making ends meet. \diamond no end of very many (informal) \circ The car's caused us no end of problems.

end up *phrasal verb* to finish in a particular situation

endanger /In 'deInd3ə/ (endangers, endangering, endangered) verb to put someone or something in danger

endangered species /In₁deInd33d 'spirJirZ/ *noun* a species of animal or plant at risk of dying completely 212

endear /In'dIə/ (**endears**, **endearing**, **endeared**) *verb* \Box **to endear someone to someone** to make someone loved \circ *The old teacher endeared herself to generations of children*.

endearing /In'diarin/ *adj* liked by other people \circ *an endearing manner*

endearment /In'dIəmənt/ noun something that you say that shows that you like or love someone

endeavour /In'devə/ (endeavours, endeavouring, endeavoured) verb to try very hard to do something (formal) \circ He endeavoured to contact her by both phone and fax. (NOTE: The US spelling is endeavor.)

endemic /en'demik/ adj **1**. (of a pest or disease) very common in certain places \circ This disease is endemic to Mediterranean countries. **2**. (of a plant or animal) existing in a certain area

③ ending /'ending/ noun the way a story finishes $\circ I$ like films which have a happy ending. \circ He told us so much of the story that we could guess the ending.

endless /'endləs/ adj with no apparent end

endorse /in'do:s/ (endorses, endorsing, endorsed) *verb* **1**. to officially mark or sign the back of a document (NOTE: + endorsement *n*) **2**. to show approval of \circ *I heartily endorse what has just been said.* \circ *They asked us to endorse Mrs Martin as the local candidate.*

endow /In'dau/ (**endows**, **endowing**, **endowed**) verb to give money which will provide a regular income for an organisation such as a school or hospital \circ *In her will*, *she left money to endow a new ward in the children's hospital*.

end product /,end 'prodAkt/ noun the result at the end of a process or discussion \circ He works hard, but the end product isn't always satisfactory.

end result /end rɪ'zʌlt/ *noun* the result at the end of a process or discussion

endurance /In 'djoərəns/ *noun* the ability to accept and live with something difficult or unpleasant

endure $/\ln^{d}j_{0} = /$ (endures, enduring, endured) verb 1. to accept and live with something difficult or unpleasant \circ The prisoners had to endure great hardship. \circ The pain was more than she could endure. 2. to last \circ The memory of that day will endure for ever in my mind.

enduring /in'djuəriŋ/ adj which continues for a long time

(2) **enemy** *I*'enəmi*I* (*plural* **enemies**) *noun* a person or country that is not on friendly terms with another, and may try to harm them \circ *Did your husband have many enemies*?

energetic / enə'dʒetɪk/ *adj* active and lively

energise /'enədʒaɪz/ (energises, energising, energised), energize verb to make someone more energetic

① **energy** /'enədʒi/ noun **1**. the force or strength of a person \circ He used up a lot of energy rushing around doing the Christmas shopping. \circ She put all her energies into her art gallery. **2**. a power which makes something work \circ the use of atomic energy or nuclear energy to make electricity \circ We try to save energy by switching off the lights when the rooms are empty. \circ Trams are an energy-efficient method of public transport.

energy-saving /'enədʒi ,seɪvɪŋ/ adj designed to use less energy

enforce /In'fo:s/ (enforces, enforcing, enforced) verb to make sure a rule is obeyed (NOTE: + enforcement n)

enfranchise $/\text{In'fremt} \int aIZ/$ (enfranchises, enfranchising, enfranchised) *verb* to give someone the right to vote in elections

③ **engage** /in'geidz/ (engages, engaging, engaged) verb **1**. to employ a worker (formal) \circ We have engaged a lawyer to represent us. \circ The company has engaged twenty new salesmen. **2**. to make parts of a machine fit into each other \circ The gears aren't properly engaged.

(3) **engaged** /in'geid3d/ adj **1**. having officially stated your intention to marry ○ She was engaged to Tom and then broke it off. ○ John and Sue are engaged: they got engaged last week. **2**. busy or occupied ○ You can't speak to the manager – his line is engaged.

③ engagement / In 'geId3mənt/ noun 1. a statement that you intend to get married $[-to] \circ My$ son has announced his engagement to Pam. \circ Their engagement was announced in the local paper. 2. an appointment $\circ I$ have no engagements for the rest of the day. \circ She noted the appointment in her engagements diary. \Box to have a prior engagement to already have an appointment at the same time as one that is being suggested $\circ I$ can't meet you tonight - Ihave a prior engagement.

engaging /in'geidʒiŋ/ adj charming

engender /In'dʒendə/ (**engenders, engendering, engendered**) *verb* to produce something such as a feeling (*formal*)

① **engine** /'end3In/ noun **1**. a machine which powers or drives something \circ *The car may need a new engine, I'm afraid.* \circ *Early industrial equipment was powered by steam engines.* **2**. a vehicle which pulls a train

(3) **engineer** /,endʒ1'n1∂/ noun **1**. a person who looks after and repairs technical equipment ○ *There are not enough telephone engineers in the area.* ○ *The photocopier's broken down again – we'll have to call the engineer.* **2**. a person whose job is to design mechanical, electrical or industrial equipment ■ *verb* (**engineers, engineering, engineered**) to arrange something secretly ○ *She engineered the dismissal of one of her colleagues.*

(2) **engineering** / end31'n1911ŋ/ noun the science or study of the design of technical equipment \circ *The college offers courses in electrical engineering.*

England /'ıŋlənd/ *noun* a country in the southern part of the island of Great Britain, the largest country in the United Kingdom (NOTE: **England** is often used instead of Great Britain, and this is a mistake, as England is only one part of Great Britain; note also the capital: **London**; people: **the Eng-lish**; language: **English**; currency: **pound sterling**)

() **English** /'Iŋglɪʃ/ *adj* relating to England (NOTE: **English** is often used instead of British and this is a mistake as England is only one part of Great Britian. Do not say the **English Prime Minister**, say the **British Prime Minister**.) • noun the English language as a subject of study in school or university \circ *She's good at maths but not so good at English*. \circ *As well as teaching English, he also teaches drama.* \circ *Mr Smith is our English teacher.* \circ *She gives English lessons at home in the evenings.* \circ *There are twenty students in my English class.*

English breakfast /,Iŋglɪʃ 'brekfəst/ noun a cooked breakfast with bacon, eggs, sausages, mushrooms and tomatoes

Englishman /'ıŋglı∫mən/ (plural Englishmen) noun a man from England

Englishwoman /'ıŋglı∫womən/ (plural Englishwomen) noun a woman from England

engrave /In'greIV/ (engraves, engraving, engraved) *verb* to cut a pattern or letters onto a hard surface (NOTE: + **engraver** *n*)

engraving /In'greIVIŋ/ *noun* a picture made by printing from a plate that has been engraved

engrossed /In'groust/ adj totally interested in something

engrossing /in'grousin/ adj very interesting

engulf /in'gAlf/ (**engulfs, engulfing, engulfed**) verb **1**. to completely cover and kill or destroy someone or something \circ *Two villages were engulfed in mud.* **2**. to overwhelm someone or something \circ *She was engulfed by feelings of remorse.*

(3) **enhance** /in 'hains/ (enhances, enhancing, enhanced) verb to increase the value or power of something \circ *Slot in this new memory board to enhance your computer memory.* \circ *He took drugs to enhance his performance as an athlete.*

enhancement /In'ha:nsmənt/ noun an improvement in something such as quality or value

enigma /ı'nıgmə/ noun a mystery or puzzle

enigmatic / enig'mætik/ adj mysterious and difficult to understand

① enjoy /In'dʒɔi/ (enjoys, enjoying, enjoyed) verb 1. to get pleasure from something \circ Have you enjoyed the holiday so far? \circ When he asked them if they had enjoyed the film they all answered 'no'. \circ She doesn't enjoy sailing because it make her seasick. \Box to enjoy yourself to have a good time \circ We enjoyed ourselves so much that we're going to the same place for our holiday next year. 2. to have a good feature or quality (formal) \circ The house enjoys beautiful views of the mountains.

(2) enjoyable /ın'dʒɔɪəb(ə)l/ adj giving pleasure

③ enjoyment /ɪnˈdʒɔɪmənt/ noun pleasure

enlarge /m'lɑːdʒ/ (**enlarges**, **enlarging**, **enlarged**) *verb* to make something bigger \circ *Could you enlarge this photograph?*

enlargement /In'la:d3mənt/ noun a bigger photograph than the original

enlightened /In'laIt(ə)nd/ *adj* without any prejudice; holding modern ideas

enlightenment /In'laIt(\ni)nm=nt/ noun knowledge, absence of ignorance \circ In his search for enlightenment he visited the Buddhist monks of the Himalayas.

enlist /In'list/ (enlists, enlisting, enlisted) *verb* to join up voluntarily as a member of the armed forces \circ *He left school at 18 and enlisted as a soldier for five years.*

enliven $/\text{In'larv}(\hat{a})n/$ (enlivens, enlivening, enlivened) verb to make someone or something more lively

en masse /on 'mæs/ *adv* all together in a crowd

enmity /'enmrti/ *noun* hatred towards someone (NOTE: You experience enmity **towards** someone.)

enormity /I'no:miti/ *noun* the large size of something which is bad or wrong

enormous /i'nɔ:məs/ adj of an extremely large size o The house is absolute-ly enormous. o He ate an enormous lunch.
 The present was an enormous surprise.

③ enormously /I'nɔːməsli/ adv very much

① **enough** /i'nAf/ adj as much as is needed \circ Have you got enough money for your fare or to pay your fare? \circ There isn't enough light to take photographs. \blacksquare pron as much of something as is needed \circ I had £20 in my purse to pay the taxi, but it wasn't enough. \circ Have you all had enough to eat? \blacksquare adv as much as is needed \circ This box isn't big enough for all these books. \circ He doesn't work fast enough.

③ **enquire** /ıŋ'kwaɪə/ *verb* another spelling of inquire

enquiry /In'kwaIri/ (*plural* enquiries) *noun* another spelling of inquiry

enrage /in'reidʒ/ (**enrages**, **enraging**, **enraged**) *verb* to make someone very angry

enrich /in 'rit $\int /$ (enriches, enriching, enriched) verb **1**. to make someone or something richer \circ *He has no scruples about enriching himself at other people's expense.* **2.** to make something more fertile \circ *Learning French has enriched his life.* \circ *Some crops, such as beans, enrich the soil.* (NOTE: + enrichment *n*) **3.** to benefit someone or something

enrol /In'rəʊl/ (**enrols, enrolling, enrolled**) *verb* to admit or be admitted as a new member or new student (NOTE: The US spelling is **enroll**.)

enrolment /In'rəolmənt/ *noun* the action of admitting new members or new students o *Enrolment starts next Saturday.* (NOTE: no plural in this meaning. The US spelling is **enrollment**.)

en route /pn 'ru:t/ adv on the way $[\sim to] \circ$ We'll eat en route. \circ The tanker sank en route to the Gulf. **ensemble** /on'sombəl/ noun 1. a small group of musicians or singers \circ a jazz ensemble \circ An ensemble played music by Mozart. 2. a set of women's clothes which match \circ She lost the hat that went with her ensemble and couldn't find another one to match. 3. a group of things which go together to form a whole \circ The whole ensemble of church, cottages and pub looks just like a postcard.

enshrine $/\text{In'}\int ram/$ (enshrines, enshrining, enshrined) verb to make something a legal right that cannot be taken away

enslave /In'sleIV/ (**enslaves**, **enslaving**, **enslaved**) *verb* **1**. make someone into a slave **2**. to control someone, taking away their freedom

ensue /in'sju:/ (ensues, ensuing, ensued) *verb* to follow, or happen as a result of something

ensuing /In'sjuIII/ adj which follows

en-suite / pn 'switt/ adj, adv attached to a bedroom \circ a bedroom with an en-suite shower room

(2) **ensure** /in¹∫0³/ (ensures, ensuring, ensured) verb to make sure of something [~(that)] ○ When taking a shower, please ensure that the shower curtain is inside the bath. (NOTE: Do not confuse with insure. Note also: ensures – ensuring – ensured.) entail /in¹teil/ (entails, entailing, entailed) verb to involve having or doing something (formal)

entangle /in'tæŋgəl/ (**entangles**, **entangling**, **entangled**) verb **1**. to catch or tie up something in \circ Her dress became entangled in the machinery. \circ The propeller was entangled in seaweed. **2**. to put someone in a situation from which it is difficult to escape \circ He became emotionally entangled with a colleague. \circ The country is in dangler of getting entangled in the war.

① enter /'entə/ verb (enters, entering, entered) 1. to go into or to come into a place \circ He took off his hat as he entered the church. \circ Did they stamp your passport when you entered the country? 2. to decide to take part in a race or competition \circ She has entered the 2,000 metres. 3. to write information on a book or a form, or to type information into a computer system \circ We will just enter your name and address on the computer. \blacksquare noun the key on a keyboard which you press when you have finished keying something, or when you want to start a new line \circ To log on to the system, type your password and press enter. ϕ entrance¹, entry

(2) **enterprise** /'entəpraız/ noun **1**. a business venture, especially something that involves some risk ○ *Their latest enterprise is importing carpets from Turkey.* **2**. a method of organising business ○ *The state should not interfere with free enterprise.* **3**. a commercial firm, a business organisation ○ *They have merged with another huge industrial enterprise.*

enterprising /'entəpraiziŋ/ adj using initiative

entertain / entə'teın/ (entertains, entertaining, entertained) verb 1. to perform, e.g. by telling stories to people or making them laugh \circ He entertained us with stories of his life in the army. \circ We hired a clown to entertain the children. \circ The tourists were entertained by the local dance troupe. 2. to have someone as a guest and offer them a meal and drinks, and sometimes a place to sleep \circ They're entertaining some Swedish friends this evening.

entertainer / entə'teinə/ noun a person who entertains people, especially as a job

③ entertaining / entə'teɪnɪŋ/ adj amusing

(3) **entertainment** /,entə'ternmənt/ noun things such as films and shows that people enjoy watching o She sang for their entertainment. O There's not much entertainment in the village – the nearest cinema is 25km away.

enthral /In'tro:I/ (enthrals, enthralling, enthralled) *verb* to keep someone's attention (NOTE: The US spelling is enthrall.)

③ **enthusiasm** / $\ln'\theta$ ju:ziæz()m/ noun great interest and liking [-for] \circ We succeeded, thanks to the enthusiasm and hard work of a small group of members. \circ She showed a lot of enthusiasm for our new project.

enthusiast /ɪn'θjuːziæst/ *noun* a person who shows great interest in something

(3) **enthusiastic** $/\ln, \theta$ ju:zi'æstik/ adj showing great interest and approval \circ *The editor was very enthusiastic about my book.* \circ *There were enthusiastic cheers at the end of the performance.*

entice /In'tais/ (entices, enticing, enticed) *verb* to attract or to tempt someone to do something

(2) **entire** /In'tai *adj* whole \circ *We spent* the entire day gardening. \circ *The entire cast* came on the stage and bowed to the audience.

(2) **entirely** /In'tarəli/ adv completely $\circ I$ agree with you entirely. \circ This is an entirely separate problem.

entirety /In'taiəriti/ *noun* a full amount in its entirety completely \circ *He read the book in its entirety.*

(2) **entitle** $/ \ln^{t} \tan(\mathfrak{g}) l'$ (entitles, entitling, entitled) verb 1. to give someone the right to $\circ I$ am entitled to five weeks' holiday a year. 2. to give a title to something \circ Tolstoy wrote a book entitled 'War and Peace'.

entitlement /In'tart(ə)lmənt/ noun a right to have something

③ **entity** /'entiti/ (*plural* **entities**) noun a thing which exists as a separate unit

entourage /'pnturd:3/ noun a group of people such as secretaries, assistants and advisers surrounding an important person

entrance¹/'entrans/ noun a door for going in \circ Let's meet at the side entrance of the museum, near the café.

entrance² /in'trains/ (entrances, entrancing, entranced) verb to make someone very interested and happy \circ *His singing entranced his audience.*

entranced /in'troinst/ *adj* giving all your attention to something enjoyable

entrant /'entrant/ noun a person who takes part in a race, examination or competition \circ There are over a thousand entrants for the race.

entrepreneur /, ontrapra'n3:/ noun a person who directs a company and takes risks commercially

entrust /In'trAst/ (entrusts, entrusting, entrusted) verb \Box to entrust something to someone, to entrust someone with something to give someone the responsibility for looking after something \circ She entrusted the care of her children to her brother. \circ He was entrusted with the keys to the office safe. \circ Why did she entrust him with all her money?

(2) **entry** /'entri/ (plural entries) noun 1. the act of going into a place [-to/into] \circ Her entry into the hall was greeted with applause. \circ The sign on the door said 'No Entry'. 2. the door or opening where you go into a place [-to/into] \circ The entry to the cave was blocked by rocks. 3. a piece of information in something such as a dictionary, or in a computer system [-to/into] \circ She looked up the entry on 'roses' in the gardening encyclopedia.

entwine /in'twain/ (**entwines**, **entwining**, **entwined**) *verb* to twist two things together **envelop** /In'veləp/ (**envelops, enveloping, enveloped**) *verb* to cover something; to surround something with a covering

③ **envelope** /'envələop/ noun a folded paper cover for sending letters in \circ She wrote the address on the envelope and sealed it. \circ She wrote down all the information on the back of an envelope.

enviable /'enviəb(ə)l/ adj causing envy **envious** /'enviəs/ adj feeling or showing in an unhappy way that you would like to have something that someone else has

① **environment** /in'vairənmənt/ noun 1. the conditions in which we live and work ○ an urban/rural environment ○ The environment in the office is stuffy and hot. □ the working environment the general surroundings in which a person works 2. the natural features and resources of the earth, including animals and plants ○ The action plan is designed to prevent future damage to the environment.

() **environmental** /ın,vaırən'ment(ə)l/ adj relating to the environment ○ measures taken to protect against environmental pollution ○ She's joined an environmental group.

environmentalist /ɪn,vaɪrən 'ment(ə)lɪst/ *noun* a person who is concerned with protecting the environment

environmentally friendly /ın ,vaırənment(ə)li 'frendli/ adj minimising harm to the natural environment

③ **envisage** /In'vIZId3/ (**envisages**, **envisaging**, **envisaged**) *verb* to imagine something in your mind which could possibly happen in the future

envision /In'v13(ϑ)n/ (envisions, envisioning, envisioned) verb US same as envisage

③ **envoy** /'envoi/ *noun* a person sent officially by one country to another

envy /'envi/ noun an unhappy feeling that you would like to have something which someone else has ○ Her beautiful long dark hair filled us all with envy. ■ verb (envies, envying, envied) to have the unhappy feeling that you would like to have something that someone else has ○ I don't envy him with a job like that! □ to envy someone something to want to have something which someone else has ○ We all envy Sue her new car.

③ **enzyme** /'enzaIm/ *noun* a protein produced by living cells which makes other substances change, as when digestion takes place **ephemeral** /I'femərəl/ *adj* not lasting for a long time

epic /'epik/ noun a long poem or film, especially about war \circ There's an old Hollywood epic on TV this afternoon. \circ The reading was an extract from Homer's epic, the 'Iliad'.

epidemic /,epi'demik/ noun **1.** the spread of an infectious disease quickly through a large number of people **2.** a sudden increase in something $[\sim of] \circ an$ epidemic of car thefts \blacksquare adj affecting very many people

epilepsy /'epilepsi/ *noun* a disorder of the nervous system in which a person suffers convulsions and loss of consciousness **epileptic** /_iepi'leptik/ *noun* a person who has epilepsy (NOTE: Many people avoid using this word, as it causes offence, and prefer to say a person with epilepsy.)

epilogue /'epilog/ noun a short text at the end of a long book or play. Compare prologue (NOTE: The US spelling is epilog.) episode /'episoud/ noun 1. a short section of a longer story, especially one part of a TV series \circ Do you remember the episode where the ghost appears? \circ The hero's father returns in the third episode. 2. a short period of your life \circ It's an episode in his marriage which he would rather forget. epitaph /'epito:f/ noun words written on a gravestone

epitome /ɪ'pɪtəmi/ noun a person or thing that shows a particular quality very strongly [~of] \circ the epitome of good manners

epoch /'ippk/ *noun* a long period of time o an important epoch in European history (1) **equal** /'i:kwəl/ adj having exactly the same amount as something else [~to/~in] o *His share is equal to mine.* \circ *Male and fe*male employees must have equal pay. 0 The two sticks are of equal length or are equal in length. \blacksquare verb (equals, equalling, equalled) 1. to be exactly the same as something else o His time for the 100 metres equals the existing record. 2. to give a particular result o Two plus two equals four. \circ Ten take away four equals six. *noun* a person who is on the same level as someone else o *I don't consider him your* equal. \circ We're all equals here. \diamond equal to the task able to carry out the job required • He was put in charge of the prison, but was quickly found not to be equal to the *task.* \diamond all things being equal assuming nothing else has changed o All things being equal, I'd prefer to go on holiday in June.

equalise /'i:kwəlaız/ (**equalises**, **equalising**, **equalised**), **equalize** verb **1**. (*in a game*) to make a score equal \circ *They equalised just before half-time*. **2**. to make different things equal \circ *We are trying to equalise the availability of medical supplies throughout the region*.

equality /1'kwpliti/ noun a situation where people are equal \circ Policies to ensure equality in the workplace.

() **equally** /'i:kwəli/ adv in exactly the same way \circ They are all equally guilty. \circ Here men and women are paid equally badly. \circ They were both equally responsible for the mistake.

equal opportunity /,i:kwəl ppə 'tju:nīti/ noun a situation where everyone, regardless of sex, race, class, etc., has the same opportunity to get a job

equals sign /'i:kwəlz saɪn/ noun a printed or written sign (=) showing that one thing is the same as another

equate /i'kweit/ (equates, equating, equated) verb to consider one thing to be the same as another thing [~with] \circ They equate lack of complaints with satisfaction.

③ **equation** /1'kwe13(∂)n/ noun a mathematical or chemical formula showing that two parts are equal ○ Let me show you how this equation can be solved. ○ He formulated the equation for converting mass to energy.

equator /1'kweitə/ *noun* the imaginary line running round the circumference of the earth at an equal distance from the North and South Poles

equestrian /I'kwestriən/ adj relating to riding horses \circ The Olympic equestrian events have been postponed because of an outbreak of flu among the horses.

(3) **equilibrium** /,i:kwi'libriəm/ noun 1. the state of being perfectly balanced \circ The electromagnetic forces are in a state of equilibrium. \circ We do not want to disturb the present political equilibrium in the region. 2. the state of being calm \circ During the argument, she struggled to retain her equilibrium.

equip /1'kw1p/ (**equips**, **equipping**, **equipped**) verb to provide someone or something with something [~with] \circ a holiday flat equipped with a washing machine and dishwasher \circ The course will equip you with all the skills you need to practise scuba-diving.

(2) **equipment**/1'kw1pm=>nt/ noun all the things such as tools, arms and machines which are needed for something \circ *Do you*

really need all this equipment for a short climb? • He brought all his camera equipment with him. (NOTE: no plural: for one item say a piece of equipment.)

equitable /'ekwitəb(ə)l/ adj fair or just (formal)

equity /'ekwiti/ noun a fair system of justice \circ She complained about the lack of equity in the company's pay structure.

(3) **equivalent** /1'kwrvələnt/ adj having the same value or the same strength as something else [~to] o Two pints and a litre are roughly equivalent. • She handed me the equivalent amount in Swiss francs. • A litre is roughly equivalent to two pints. • noun something which has the same value, strength or importance as something else [~of/~to] • What is the American equivalent of the Chancellor of the Exchequer? • Her salary is more or less equivalent to mine. • I gave him \$2000 and he paid me the equivalent in euros.

er /3**:**/ *interj* used for showing that you are hesitating

era /'Iərə/ noun a long period of time o That was an era when there was little public education.

eradicate /1'rædikeIt/ (**eradicates**, **eradicating**, **eradicated**) *verb* to remove something completely (NOTE: + **eradication** *n*)

(3) erase /I' reIZ/ (erases, erasing, erased) verb 1. to rub out writing 2. to remove recorded material from a tape, or data from a disk $\circ I'$ ve erased your recording of the concert by mistake.

③ **eraser** /I'reIZə/ noun US a piece of rubber for removing writing in pencil

erect /1'rekt/ adj standing vertical or sticking up straight \circ She held herself erect as she walked to the front of the hall. • verb (erects, erecting, erected) to put up something vertically, such as a mast or a building \circ They are planning to erect a monument to the princess. \circ The civilians rushed to hide in hastily-erected bomb shelters.

erection /1'rek \int on/ noun **1**. a state where the penis becomes stiff and swollen from sexual excitement **2**. the action of putting up (formal) \circ The erection of the tent took about 5 minutes.

ergonomics /,3:gə'nɒmɪks/ *noun* the study of how tools or furniture can be best designed to make them easy and comfortable to use

erode /1'rəud/ (**erodes, eroding, eroded**) *verb* to wear away gradually (NOTE: + **erosion** *n*) erotic /I'rotIk/ adj strongly sexual

err /3:/ (**errs**, **erring**, **erred**) verb to make a mistake (*formal*) \square **to err on the side of something** to use more of something or do more than is necessary, as a precaution \circ We erred on the side of caution and ordered 20 course books.

errand /'erənd/ noun a short trip out to buy something

erratic /I'rætIk/ adj irregular or wild

erroneous /I'rəuniəs/ adj wrong (formal)

② **error** /'erə/ noun something that is wrong, especially a mistake in writing or speaking [-in] \circ There isn't a single error in the whole document. \circ The waiter made an error in calculating the bill. \diamond in error by mistake \circ The parcel was sent to our Edinburgh office in error.

erupt /ɪ'rʌpt/ (**erupts, erupting, erupted**) *verb* (*of a volcano*) to throw out fire and other very hot substances \circ *The volcano last erupted in 1968*.

ESC /I'skeip/ *abbr* ESCAPE key

escalate /'eskəleit/ (**escalates**, **escalating**, **escalated**) verb **1**. to get worse or more violent \circ Our financial problems have escalated. \circ The conflict escalated into an all-out war. **2**. to increase steadily \circ Prices escalated during the year. (NOTE: + **escalation** n)

escalator /'eskəleɪtə/ noun a moving staircase

escapade /'eskəpeɪd/ noun an exciting adventure

② escape /1'ske1p/ verb (escapes, escaping, escaped) 1. to get away from prison or from a difficult situation [~from] ○ He escaped from the prison by sawing through the bars. 2. to get out of a container [~from] ○ the sound of air escaping from the tyre ■ noun the act of getting away from prison or from a difficult situation [~from] ○ There were three escapes from this jail last year. ○ A weekend by the sea was a wonderful escape from the office.

ESCAPE key /I'skeIp ki:/ *noun* the key which stops what is happening on a computer and returns to the main program. Abbreviation **ESC**

escapism /I'skeIpIZ(\ni)m/ noun the activity of thinking about something marvellous or fantastic in order to forget about your ordinary daily existence

escapist /ɪ'skeɪpɪst/ *adj, noun* a person who thinks about something marvellous or fantastic in order to forget about his or her ordinary daily existence **escort**¹ /'esko:t/ *noun* **1**. a person or group of people accompanying someone \circ *The president had a police escort to the airport.* **2**. a person who accompanies someone else to a social event

escort²/I'skort/ (**escorts, escorting, escorted**) verb to accompany someone \circ The police escorted the group into the hotel. \circ I was escorted around by our local MP. \circ The liner entered harbour escorted by a flotilla of yachts.

Eskimo /'eskiməo/ (plural **Eskimos** or same) noun one of a native people living in the north of Canada and Greenland \circ *Eskimos* hunt seals and polar bears. (NOTE: They are generally called by the name they use themselves: **the Inuit**.)

ESL *abbr* English as a Second Language

ESOL /'issol/ *abbr* English for Speakers Of Other Languages

esoteric / esou'terik/ *adj* understood by very few people

ESP *abbr* English for Special Purposes

① **especially** /I'spe $\int(\Im)$ li/ adv **1**. used for showing that something is the case to a great degree \circ *This suitcase is especially heavy*. **2**. used for showing that something is more important or true \circ *She does get tired, especially on school day.*

espionage /'espianaiz/ noun the practice of spying

espouse /I'spauz/ (**espouses**, **espousing**, **espoused**) *verb* to support a cause (*archaic*)

espresso /e'spresəu/ *noun* strong black Italian coffee, served in very small cups

(2) **essay** *l*'ese1*l* noun a piece of writing on a specific subject [~on/about] \circ a collection of the writer's most famous essays \circ For our homework, we have to write an essay on pollution.

essence /'es(\ni)ns/ noun **1**. a pure extract taken from something \circ custard flavoured with vanilla essence **2**. the central part of an argument \circ The essence of what she had to say was very clear. \diamond in essence basically \circ His plan is in essence the same as the one which we discussed last year.

② essential /ɪ'sen∫əl/ adj very important or necessary ○ You can survive without food for some time, but water is essential. ○ It is essential that we get the delivery on time. ■ noun something which is very important or which you cannot do without ○ Sun cream is an essential in the desert. ■ plural noun essentials the things that you must have ○ We've got all the basic essentials – food, water and fuel. □ the bare es**sentials** the most important basic things that are needed $\circ I$ just packed the bare essentials for my holiday.

② **essentially** h'sen $\int \partial i/dv$ used for saying what is the most true, or the most important fact $\circ My$ new job is essentially not so very different from my old one. $\circ Al$ though he's essentially a kind man, he does lose his temper sometimes.

 establish /1'stæbl1ʃ/ (establishes, establishing, established) verb 1. to start something or make something happen o We need to establish a good working relationship with our colleagues. 2. to start a company or business activity o The business was established in Scotland in 1823.
 to discover or prove something [-(that)/~whether/how/who etc] o If only the police could establish where the car was parked that evening. o It's difficult to establish what her reasons are for resigning.

(3) **established** /I' stæbli $\int t/adj$ which has been shown to be true

(2) **establishment** /ɪ'stæblɪʃmənt/ noun 1. the act of creating something \circ She helped them with the establishment of the local drama society. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. a business or organisation \circ II's an establishment which imports radios from China. \circ He runs an important teaching establishment. 3. the Establishment the most important people in society, especially those who are in authority \circ He spent a lot of his life fighting against the Establishment.

(2) **estate** /1'steit/ *noun* **1**. a large area of land belonging to one owner \circ *He owns a 250-acre estate in Norfolk.* **2**. a group of houses on one piece of land, usually all built at the same time

estate agent /I'stert ,erdʒənt/ noun a person who sells buildings and land

esteem /1'sti:m/ noun respect (formal) \circ The staff seem to have very little esteem for the directors.

esteemed /1'stixmd/ adj admired and respected

esthetic US spelling of aesthetic

② estimate¹ /'estimat/ noun a calculation or guess which shows the amount of something you think there is, or its worth or cost \circ I wasn't in when they came to read the gas meter, so this bill is only an estimate. \circ Your estimate of two dozen visitors proved to be correct. \square she gave me a rough estimate she gave me an approximate calculation ① estimate² /'estimat/ (estimates, estimating, estimated) verb to calculate or guess how much you think something will cost or is worth $\circ I$ estimate that it will cost £100,000. \circ He estimated costs at £50,000.

estimation $/_{est1'me1}(a)n/$ noun an opinion or judgment (formal)

estuary /'est \int uəri/ (*plural* estuaries) *noun* a part of a river where it meets the sea, composed of fresh and salt water

() **etc.** /et'setərə/, **etcetera** *adv* and so on, and other things like this o Fruit such as peaches, apricots, etc.

etch $/et \int / (etches, etching, etched)$ verb to engrave on metal with acid

eternal /I't3:n(ə)l/ *adj* lasting for ever or for a long time

eternity /I't3:nIti/ *noun* a never-ending period of time

ethic /' $e\theta_{Ik}$ / *noun* a principle of good and moral behaviour \circ *the Christian ethic*

ethical /'e01k(ə)l/ adj morally right

(3) **ethnic** $/'e\theta nik/adj$ relating to ethnic group \circ *The census shows the ethnic make-up of the population.*

ethnic cleansing /,eθnik 'klenzin/ noun killing people, or removing people from an area, because of their race or religion

ethnic group *noun* a group of people with the same background and culture

ethnicity /eθ'nIsIti/ (*plural* **ethnicities**) *noun* the fact of belonging to a particular ethnic group

ethnic minority /_leθnik mar'noriti/ *noun* a small part of a population which is of a different ethnic group to the majority

ethos /'i:0ps/ noun beliefs or characteristics, especially those of a group of people

etiquette /'etiket/ noun a correct way of behaving in society

etymological /,etimə'lodʒik(ə)l/ adj referring to etymology

etymology /,et1'mplad3i/ (*plural* **ety-mologies**) *noun* the study of the ways in which words and their meanings have developed

③ **EU** abbr European Union (NOTE: formerly called the **European Community**)

eulogy /'ju:lədʒi/ (*plural* **eulogies**) *noun* a speech, especially one given at a funeral praising someone

euphemism /'ju:fəmɪz(ə)m/ noun a word or phrase used in place of a more offensive or unpleasant word

euphoria /juː'fɔːriə/ *noun* a burst of extreme happiness () **euro** /'juərəu/ (plural **euros** or same) noun the unit of money used by most countries in the European Union ○ Many articles are priced in euros. ○ What's the exchange rate for the euro? (NOTE: written Ä before numbers: Ä250: say: 'two hundred and fifty euros')

Euro- /juərəu/ *prefix* referring to Europe or the European Union

() **Europe** /'juərəp/ proper noun 1. the continent of Europe, the part of the world to the west of Asia, extending from Russia to Ireland \circ Most of the countries of Western Europe are members of the EU. 2. Europe not including the UK \circ Holidays in Europe are less popular than last year. 3. the European Union \circ Canadian exports to Europe have risen by 25%. Abbreviation EU

(1) **European** / juərə'pi: adj relating to Europe

European Union /,juərəpi:ən 'ju:n.jən/*noun* an organisation which links 25 European countries together based on the four freedoms of movement: movement of goods, of capital, of people and of services. Abbreviation **EU** (NOTE: was formerly called the **European Community** or **EC**)

Eurozone /'juərəuzəun/ *noun* the countries in Europe which use the euro as currency

euthanasia /,ju:θə'neɪziə/ *noun* mercy killing, the killing of a sick person in order to put an end to his or her suffering

③ **evacuate** /I'vækju,ett/ (evacuates, evacuating, evacuated) *verb* to make people leave a dangerous place

evacuee /I, væk ju'iː/ *noun* a person who has been evacuated

evade /I'veId/ (evades, evading, evaded) *verb* to avoid or escape something

③ evaluate $/1^{val}juett/$ (evaluates, evaluating, evaluated) verb to make a judgement about something after thinking carefully about it \circ The students were asked to evaluate the usefulness of the lessons.

 $(\mathfrak{S} evaluation / I_v w lju'e I_J(\mathfrak{S})n/ noun the act of evaluating something, or the judgement made in this way (NOTE: no plural)$

evangelical /,i:væn'dʒelɪk(ə)l/ *adj* referring to certain Protestant churches and their teaching of the Bible

evangelism /I'vændʒəlız(ə)m/ *noun* **1**. the act of spreading the teachings of Christ **2**. the enthusiastic promotion of something **evangelist** /1'vændʒəlist/ noun 1. one of the four men who wrote the Christian Gospels; Matthew, Mark, Luke or John 2. someone who tries to persuade people to become Christians \circ The American evangelist is coming to England as part of his world tour.

evaporate /1'væpəreit/ (evaporates, evaporating, evaporated) verb (of liquid) to turn into steam by being heated \circ Water gradually evaporates from the soil.

evasion /I'ver3(a)n/ *noun* the act of avoiding something

evasive /I'veISIV/ adj trying to avoid something

eve /i:v/ noun \square on the eve of on the day or night before an event, or a short time before \circ On the eve of the election, the result already seemed clear. \circ The flights were cancelled on the eve of our departure.

(1) even /'iv(φ)n/ adj 1. flat, level \circ The road has a smooth, even surface. 2. not changing o They kept up an even pace for *miles*. \circ *The temperature is an even* 28° *all through the day.* **3.** equal in a competition • At the end of the competition three teams were even with 96 points. adv used for showing surprise or making an expression stronger o He doesn't even like strawberries. \circ Even the cleverest businessperson can make mistakes. O She's tall, but her sis*ter is even taller.* \Box **even now** in spite of the passing of time \circ Even now, he won't admit *he was wrong*. \Box even then in spite of what has happened
even worse worse than before o That film was bad, but this one is even worse. \diamond to get even with someone to try to have your revenge on someone \diamond even if it doesn't matter if \circ We'll try and *drive there, even if it's snowing.* \diamond **even so** in spite of something \circ *It was pouring with* rain, but even so they decided to go ahead with the village fête. \diamond even though in spite of the fact that \circ *He didn't take an* umbrella, even though it was raining quite hard.

even out *phrasal verb* to make something even or regular with fewer differences \circ *He tried to even out the payments over a period of twelve months.*

even up *phrasal verb* to make something fairer or more balanced \circ *This group needs two more members to even it up.*

① **evening** /'i:vniŋ/ noun the late part of the day, when it starts to get dark $\circ I$ saw her yesterday evening. \circ The accident took place at 8.30 in the evening. \circ We arrived in London at breakfast time, having left New York the previous evening. \circ We always go to a restaurant on Sunday evenings. \circ They took an evening flight to Madrid. \circ The evening meal is served from 7.30 to 10.30. \Box **this evening** today in the evening \circ We'll all meet this evening after work.

evening class /'i:vniŋ kla:s/ *noun* one of a series of lessons held in the evening, mainly for adults

evening dress /'iɪvnɪŋ dres/ noun clothes worn on special occasions in the evening, consisting of a long dress for women, and a black suit with a black or white bow tie for men

evenly /'irv(ə)nli/ adv in an equal way

(1) event /I'vent/ noun 1. something important which happens o the events leading up to the war $\circ A$ baby's first birthday is always a very happy event. \Box in the normal course of events as things usually happen • In the normal course of events, the winner should get a silver cup. 2. a party, meeting or other organised occasion o They're planning a dance event in October. 3. a sporting competition, or a part of a sporting competition \circ It's the biggest golf event of the year. \circ The last event was the 100 me*tres hurdles*. \diamond **in the event** as it happened • In the event, the party went off very well. In the event of if something should happen \circ In the event of his refusing the job then we will advertise it again. \diamond in the event, at all events whatever may happen or may have happened o I don't know exactly what happened – in any event, it doesn't matter.

eventful /I' ventf(ϑ)l/ adj with a lot of events taking place

eventual /I'vent Juəl/ adj in the end

① **eventually** /1'vent \int uəli/ adv after a long time \circ After weeks of hesitation he eventually decided to sell the cottage.

① **ever** /'evə/ adv at any time (used with negatives, in questions and in conditional sentences) \circ Nothing ever happens here. \circ Did you ever meet my brother? \circ If you ever want to borrow my car again, just phone me. \Box **than ever** used for emphasis after comparatives \circ She is singing better than ever. \circ He went on playing the trumpet louder than ever. \diamond ever since (then) from that time on \circ She was in a road accident and has been afraid to drive ever since. \diamond ever so, ever such (a) extremely (informal) \circ She's been ever so ill. \circ I'm ever so grateful. \circ He's ever such a kind man. \diamond for ever always \diamond hardly ever almost never \circ *I* hardly ever go to the theatre. **evergreen** /'evəgri:n/ noun a tree which keeps its leaves all winter \circ Holly and other evergreens can be used as decorations in winter. \blacksquare adj (of a tree or bush) keeping its leaves all winter \circ We need an evergreen climber to cover that wall. Compare deciduous

everlasting / evə'la:stiŋ/ adj going on for ever

① **every** /'evri/ adj 1. each \circ It rained every day during the holidays. \circ We have a party every New Year's Day. \circ Every Wednesday, he goes for a swim in the local pool. \circ Every house in the street has a garden. 2. with a particular amount of time or distance in between \circ The medicine is to be taken every four hours. \circ Have your car checked every 10,000 kilometres. \diamond every other each alternate one

everybody /'evribodi/ pron same as everyone

everyday /'evridei/ adj ordinary or very common

① **everyone** /'evriwAn/ pron all the people involved in a particular situation \circ Everyone has to die some day. \circ If everybody is here, we can start. \circ Everyone must show their passport. (NOTE: everyone and everybody are followed by they, their, themselves, etc., but the verb stays singular: Is everyone enjoying themselves? Not everybody likes pop music, do they?) \Box everybody likes pop music, do they?

① everything /'evri θ in/ pron 1. all things \circ Did you bring everything you need? \circ The burglars stole everything of value. \circ Everything he says annoys me. 2. things in general \circ Everything was dark in the street. \circ Everything is under control.

① everywhere /'evriwe₀/ adv in all places ○ There were papers lying about everywhere. ○ We've looked everywhere for the key and can't find it.

evict /I'vIkt/ (**evicts, evicting, evicted**) *verb* to force someone, especially a tenant, to leave a property (NOTE: + **eviction** *n*)

① evidence /'evid(\Im)ns/ noun a fact which proves that something really exists or has happened [~of/~for/~that] \circ Scientists are still looking for evidence of life on Mars. \circ There's no evidence for the existence of dragons. Have you any evidence that he was ever planning to come.

evident /'evid(ə)nt/ adj obvious

③ evil /'i:v(ə)l/ adj morally very bad ○ She's considered to be an evil woman. ○ His evil intentions were evident as soon as he locked the door.

evocative /I'vokətIV/ *adj* producing a memory or feeling

evoke //'vəuk/ (evokes, evoking, evoked) verb to produce something in your memory (formal)

(3) evolution / $iv \vartheta' lu f(\vartheta)n/$ noun a gradual development

evolve /1'vplv/ (evolves, evolving, evolved) verb 1. to work out gradually a scientific theory or a way of working \circ *The* research team has evolved its own methods of testing. 2. to develop gradually \circ *Mod*ern dance evolved from classical ballet. \circ *Birds originally evolved from reptiles.*

ewe /ju:/ *noun* a female sheep (NOTE: Do not confuse with **yew**, **you**. The male sheep is a **ram**.)

ex /eks/ noun a former boyfriend or girlfriend, or husband or wife (*informal*) \circ *She won't talk to her ex about money.* \circ *How do you get on with your ex?*

ex- /eks/ prefix used for showing that a person used to have a particular job or relationship \circ an ex-soldier \circ Tom's my exboyfriend.

exacerbate /Ig'zæsəbeɪt/ (exacerbates, exacerbating, exacerbated) *verb* to make something worse or more painful

① **exact** /ig'zækt/adj as specified and not different in any way \circ *What is the exact time of arrival?* \circ *The sales assistant asked me if I had the exact sum, since she had no change.*

exacting /Ig'zæktIŋ/ *adj* demanding a lot of effort

① **exactly** /1g'zæktli/ *adv* not more, not less \circ *That comes to exactly ten dollars and fifty cents.* \circ *The time is exactly 16.24.*

exaggerate /Ig'zædʒəreIt/ (**exaggerates**, **exaggerating**, **exaggerated**) verb to make things seem worse, better, bigger etc than they really are \circ *The wide black belt exaggerates her small waist.* \circ *She exaggerated the importance of my contribution.*

exaggerated /1g'zædʒəre1t1d/ *adj* bigger or more important than usual

exaggeration /1g, zæd3ə're1 $\int(3)n/noun$ a statement making things seem worse, better, bigger etc. than they really are \Box without exaggeration quite truthfully \circ *It* was, without any exaggeration, the most perfect summer's day. **exalted** /1g'zo: It_1d / adj in a high position in authority \circ In his exalted position he should be able to afford a larger car.

() **exam** /Ig'zæm/ noun same as **exami**nation 1 \circ The exam was very difficult – half the students failed. \circ She passed all her exams.

examination /ig.zæmi'nei((a)n/ n noun 1. a written or spoken test \circ The examination was very difficult – half the students failed. \circ He did badly in his English examination. \circ She came first in the final examination for the course. (NOTE: often shortened to exam in this sense) 2. an occasion on which someone looks at something to see if it works properly, or to see if something is wrong \circ *He had to have an Xray examination.* \circ *The examination of the* car showed that its brakes were faulty. \Box on examination when something is examined • On further examination, the newspaper report was shown to be quite untrue.

① **examine** /ig'zæmin/ (**examines, examining, examined**) verb **1.** to look carefully at something to see what is in it, or what it is like \circ The doctor examined her throat. \circ We will have to examine the shop's scales to see if they show the correct weight. \circ The customs officials wanted to examine the inside of the car. \circ The water samples were examined in the laboratory. **2.** to test a student \circ They examined everyone in mathematics and computer skills.

examiner /Ig'zæmInə/ *noun* a person who conducts an exam

(i) example /ıg'zaımpəl/ noun something chosen to show something \circ *This is a* good example of French architecture of the *eleventh century*. **I** to set an example to do things well or properly yourself, so that other people can copy you o He sets everyone a good example by getting into the office before 8.00 every morning.
□ to make an example of someone to punish someone so that others will learn not to do what that person did o Her teacher made an example of her by making her miss the class *trip.* \diamond **for example** as a typical case \circ *She* is keen on getting her weight down – for example, she's stopped eating bread. \circ Why don't we sell anything to Eastern Europe – to Poland, for example?

exasperated /Ig'zoIspəreItId/ adj extremely annoyed with someone or at something [\sim at/with] \circ They were exasperated with the waiter who kept bringing them the wrong dishes. \circ He was exasperated at getting the engaged tone all the time. exasperating /Ig'zoIspəreIIIŋ/ adj very annoying

exasperation $/Ig_z \alpha sp = rei \int (a)n/annovance and frustration$

excavate /'ekskəvett/ (**excavates, excavating, excavated**) verb **1.** to dig a hole in the ground \circ In order to reinforce the foundations they had to excavate to a depth of 10m. **2.** to carry out an archaeological investigation of a place \circ Howard Carter excavated the tomb of Tutankhamen. (NOTE: + **excavation** n)

③ **exceed** /Ik'si:d/ (exceeds, exceeding, exceeded) verb to go beyond something o The car was exceeding the speed limit. o Our expenses have exceeded our income for the first time. o Did the UN troops exceed their mandate?

exceedingly /ɪk'si:dɪŋli/ adv very (formal)

excel /tk'sel/ (**excels, excelling, excelled**) verb to be very good at something [-at/-in] $\circ At$ school, she excelled in mathematics.

③ **excellence** /'eksələns/ noun very good quality

① **excellent** /'eksələnt/ adj very good ○ We had an excellent meal in a Chinese restaurant. ○ Her handwriting is excellent – it is much clearer than mine.

() except /ik'sept/ prep not including ○ She's allowed to eat anything except milk products. ○ Everyone was sick on the boat, except (for) me. ○ VAT is levied on all goods except books, newspapers, food and children's clothes. ■ conj other than; apart from ○ He doesn't do anything except sit and watch football on the TV. ○ Everything went well, except that James was sick. ○ Everyone enjoyed the birthday party, except (that) there wasn't enough to eat. (NOTE: [all senses] Do not confuse with accept.)

② **exception** /ik'sep \int an/ noun something that is not included [/-to] \circ All the students failed, with one exception. \circ All the books are here, with the exception of the English dictionary. \circ Are there any exceptions to this spelling rule?

exceptional / $ik'sepJon(\partial)l'$ adj 1. extremely good \circ She's an exceptional athlete. \circ His debating skills are really exceptional. 2. being an exception \circ In exceptional cases, the fee may be waived.

exceptionally /ik'sep $\int \Im(\Im) li$ / *adv* to a very great degree, often so great as to be surprising

excerpt /'eks3:pt/ *noun* a small part of a larger piece of music or writing

excess noun too much of something \circ He had an excess of alcohol in his bloodstream. \blacksquare plural noun **excesses** bad behaviour such as eating or drinking too much \circ On Monday mornings he always feels guilty about the weekend's excesses. \blacksquare adj more than necessary \circ The factory has excess capacity and may sell off some of its machines. \diamond in **excess of** more than \circ quantities in excess of 25 kilos \diamond to **excess** too much \circ She diets to excess.

excessive /Ik'sesIV/ *adj* more than is usual

exchange /iks't∫eindʒ/ verb (exchanges, exchanging, exchanged) 1. to give one thing and to get another thing back ○ The footballers from the two teams exchanged shirts at the end of the match. 2.
 to exchange something for something else to give one thing and get something else in return ○ Goods can be exchanged only on production of the sales slip. ○ If the trousers are too small you can take them back and exchange them for a larger pair.
 noun the act of giving one thing for another ○ the exchange of rings during the wedding ceremony

③ **exchange rate** /ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ reɪt/ *noun* the rate at which the money of one country can be changed for another

excise /Ik'saIZ/ (excises, excising, excised) verb to cut something out \circ *The surgeon decided to excise the growth.*

excitable /Ik'saItəb(ə)l/ *adj* easily excited

excite /ik'sait/ (**excites**, **exciting**, **excited**) verb **1**. to make someone lively and happy \circ His speech excited the crowd. **2**. to cause a particular feeling \circ The thought of going to work in Kuala Lumpur excited his imagination. \circ The case has excited a lot of interest in the press.

(2) **excited** /ik 'sattid/ adj lively and happy because you think something good is going to happen \circ She's excited at or by the thought of going on holiday. \circ The children are excited because it's the Christmas holidays. \circ What's everyone so excited about? \circ It was lovely to see the children's happy and excited faces.

(2) **excitement** /Ik'saItmont/ noun the feeling of being excited \circ What's all the excitement about? \circ The children are always in a state of excitement before the holidays.

exciting

(2) **exciting** /ik'sait in/ adj **1**. making you feel excited \circ *The news about the house is really exciting.* **2**. full of activity, sometimes making you a little scared because you do not know what is going to happen \circ *I couldn't sleep after watching an exciting film on TV.*

③ **exclaim** /ik'skleim/ (**exclaims, exclaiming, exclaimed**) *verb* to say something loudly and suddenly

exclamation $/_{e}kskl \exists mei \int (\exists n/noun the action of shouting out$

exclamation mark / $ekskl \circ mei (\circ) mark/ noun a written or printed sign (!) which shows surprise (NOTE: The usual US term is$ **exclamation point**.)

② **exclude** /ik'sklu:d/ (**excludes**, **excluding**, **excluded**) verb **1**. not to include someone or something ○ Damage by fire is excluded from the insurance policy. ○ Don't exclude his name from your list. **2**. to stop a child going to school because of bad behaviour ○ Ten children had to be excludeed last term.

③ **excluding** /Ik'sklu:dIŋ/ prep not including

③ **exclusion** /1k'sklu:3(∂)n/ noun 1. the act of shutting someone or something out [-from] ○ She was hurt at her exclusion from the guest list. 2. the act of being stopped from going to school because of bad behaviour ○ The school only considers exclusion as a last resort. ◊ **exclude**

exclusive /Ik'sklu:sIV/ adj not available to everyone \circ an exclusive Caribbean holiday resort \circ The new health club is very exclusive.

excrement /'ekskriment/ noun solid waste matter produced by the body (technical)

excrete /ik'skritt/ (excretes, excreting, excreted) verb to produce waste matter (formal)

excruciating /ɪk'skruːʃieɪtɪŋ/ adj extremely painful

excursion / $Ik'sk3: \int(a)n/$ noun a short pleasure trip

(2) **excuse**¹ /ik'skju:s/ noun a reason given for doing something wrong, or for not doing what was expected \circ *His excuse for not coming was that he forgot the date.*

(2) **excuse**²/1k'skjurz/ (excuses, excusing, excused) verb to forgive someone for making a small mistake ○ *Please excuse* my arriving late like this. ◇ excuse me used for attracting someone's attention ○ *Excuse me*, is this the right bus for Oxford Circus? ◇ excuse me used meaning 'please forgive me' ○ Excuse me for arriving so late. ○ Excuse me for interrupting, but could you repeat what you have just said?

execute /'eksikjuit/ (**executes**, **execut**ing, **executed**) verb **1**. to kill someone as a punishment \circ The government's political enemies were executed. **2**. to do something that has been planned or agreed (formal) \circ As part of the test, drivers are asked to execute an emergency stop. **3**. in computing, to carry out instructions \circ Press ENTER to execute the program.

③ **execution** $/_1$ eksı'kju: $\int(\mathfrak{I})n/noun$ **1.** the legal killing of person sentenced to death \circ *In the 19th century there were still public executions.* **2.** the act of carrying something out \circ *The execution of the manoeuvre was more complicated than we imagined.* \Box **to put a plan into execution** to carry out a plan \circ *The new government wants its financial strategy to be put into execution as soon as possible.*

executioner / eksi'kjui(ə)nə/ noun a public official who executes people

(2) **executive** /1g'zek jut1v/ noun a businessperson who makes decisions \circ You can't leave a decision like that to the junior executives. \circ Top executives usually earn very high salaries.

exemplary /ɪg'zempləri/ adj excellent (formal)

exemplify /Ig'zemplifaI/ (**exemplifies**, **exemplifying**, **exemplified**) *verb* to show something as an example, or be an example of something

exempt /1g'zempt/ adj not forced to obey certain laws or rules ■ verb (exempts, exempting, exempted) to allow someone not to do something that other people have to do [~from] ○ Children are exempted from entry charges. □ to exempt someone from doing something to allow someone not to do something that other people have to do ○ Children and retired people are exempted from paying these charges.

exemption / $Ig'zemp \int (\partial n) / noun$ the act of exempting someone from something

① **exercise** /'eksəsaiz/ noun practice in using physical or mental powers ○ She does her piano exercises every morning. □ to take exercise to do physical movements, like walking or running, in order to keep fit ○ You should take some exercise every day if you want to lose weight.

exercise bike /'eksəsaiz baik/, **exercise bicycle** *noun* a machine like a bicycle,

but which does not move, which you can pedal on as exercise

exercise book /'eksəsaiz bok/ noun a notebook with lines on each page for writing school work in

③ **exert** /Ig'z3It/ (exerts, exerting, exerted) *verb* to use force or pressure

exertion /Ig'z3:∫(ə)n/ noun an effort

exhale /eks'heIl/ (**exhales**, **exhaling**, **exhaled**) *verb* to breathe out

exhaust /ig'zoist/ verb (**exhausts**, **exhausting**, **exhausted**) **1**. to wear someone out \circ *The uphill climb had exhausted him.* **2**. to finish a supply of something \circ *We've exhausted our supplies of food*. \blacksquare *noun* **1**. same as **exhaust pipe 2**. gas which is produced by a car engine and is released into the air through the exhaust pipe \circ *We live in the city centre and the children are breathing car exhaust all day*.

exhausted /ɪg'zɔɪstɪd/ adj very tired o I'm exhausted after running three miles. o They staggered back home very late, with three exhausted children.

exhausting /Ig'zɔ:stɪŋ/ adj extremely tiring

exhaustion /Ig'zɔɪst∫ən/ noun the state of being very tired

exhaustive /Ig'zɔːstIV/ *adj* very thorough

exhaust pipe /ig'zo:st paip/ noun the tube at the back of a motor vehicle from which gases produced by the engine are sent out into the air (NOTE: The US term is **tailpipe**.)

exhibit /1g'zıbıt/ noun an object displayed in court or at an exhibition \circ Exhibit A is the murder weapon. \circ The museum has loaned several exhibits to foreign galleries. \circ The buyers admired the exhibits on our stand. \blacksquare verb (exhibits, exhibiting, exhibited) to display something \circ They are exhibiting at the Motor Show. \circ They have rows of vases exhibited on the shelves of the shop. \circ She is exhibiting three paintings in the local art show.

(2) **exhibition** /,eksi'bi $J(\Im)n$ / noun a public show of things such as paintings or flowers \circ The exhibition is open from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. \circ We stood in line for half an hour waiting to get into the Picasso exhibition.

exhibitor /Ig'zIbItə/, **exhibiter** *noun* a person or company that displays something at an exhibition

exhilarated /Ig'zIləreItId/ *adj* extremely excited and happy **exhilarating** /ɪg'zɪləreɪtɪŋ/ *adj* which makes you full of energy

exile /'eksail/ noun 1. the state of being sent away from your home country ○ The ex-president went into exile in Switzerland.
2. a person who is sent away from his or her own country ○ The former king is now an exile in New York. ○ The coup was mounted by exiles living across the border.

■ *verb* (exiles, exiling, exiled) to send someone away from his or her home country as a punishment \circ *The new government exiled the former dictator to Europe.*

(1) **exist** /Ig'ZISt/ (**exists, existing, exist-ed**) *verb* **1.** to be real or present ○ *When I* was a child, colour TV didn't exist. ○ *I* don't believe the document exists any more –*I* think it has been burnt. **2.** to live in a difficult situation [~for/~on] ○ They managed to exist for several weeks on berries and roots.

① **existence** /tg'ztstans/ noun 1. the state of existing \circ *Is there anything which proves the existence of life on Mars*? \Box **in existence** still existing \circ *The original painting is no longer in existence.* \circ *Only one version of this car is still in existence in a museum in Geneva.* 2. a way of living \circ *They lived a miserable existence for a few days without heat or light.*

() **existing** /ig'zistin/adj available at this time \circ Can we modify the existing structure in some way? \circ Existing regulations do not allow the sale of food in the street.

① exit /'egztt/ noun 1. a way out of a building or area ○ The customers all rushed towards the exits when the fire alarm rang. ○ A car bumped into ours at the exit to the car park. 2. a road that leads off a motor-way, big main road or roundabout ○ Take the third exit and continue for two miles. ■ verb (exits, exiting, exited) 1. to leave a computer system ○ Press ESC to exit the system. 2. to leave a place (formal) ◇ No Ex-it! a sign showing that you must not go out this way

exodus /'eksədəs/ *noun* the departure of a crowd of people

exonerate /ig'zonəreit/ (exonerates, exonerating, exonerated) *verb* to state that someone who was previously blamed for something was not responsible for it

exorbitant /Ig'zɔːbɪtənt/ adj (of prices) very high

exorcise /'ekso:satz/ (exorcises, exorcising, exorcised), exorcize verb to say prayers to force evil spirits to leave some-

one's body, or ghosts to leave a haunted house

exotic /Ig'zptIk/ *adj* **1**. unusual **2**. referring to a strange or foreign place

(2) **expand** /Ik'spænd/ (**expands, expanding, expanded**) verb to increase the size or extent of something \circ We have plans to expand our business.

expanse /Ik'spæns/ *noun* a large surface covered by something

② **expansion** / $ik'spæn \int an / noun an increase in size$

expansive /Ik'spænsIV/ adj **1.** (of a person) who wants to talk freely about things \circ She was in a very expansive mood when she met the TV reporters. \circ You would expect someone who works in public relations to be a bit more expansive than she is. **2.** covering a wide area \circ He waved his arms in an expansive gesture of greeting.

expatriate /eks'pætriət/ *noun* a person who is not living in his or her home country (NOTE: often shortened to **expat**; *expats living in the Far East*)

① **expect** /ik'spekt/ (**expects**, **expecting**, **expected**) verb **1**. to think or guess that something is the case [~(that)] \circ I expect you are tired after your long train journey. **2**. to think that it is right that someone should do something \circ He expects me to do all the housework. **3**. to be waiting for someone \circ I can't talk for long – we're expecting visitors. **4**. **be expecting** to be pregnant \circ My sister's expecting twins.

expectant /Ik'spektont/ *adj* expecting; hopeful

② expectation / ekspek'tet∫((i)n/ noun a feeling that something will happen ○ The performance lived up to our expectations.
 ○ We thought our team would do well, but in the end they exceeded all our expectations.

(2) **expected** /lk'spekt1d/ adj **1**. which you think or hope will happen **2**. due to arrive \circ Our guests are expected at 10 o'clock.

expedient /Ik'spitdient/ noun a convenient way of doing something \circ Registering as a student was a simple expedient to avoid military service. \blacksquare adj convenient \circ Colleges find it expedient to have students from other countries because they pay higher fees than local students.

expedition / eksp1'dt $\int(\partial n)/\partial n$ a journey to explore a place \circ *He set off on an expedition to the South Pole.*

expel /Ik'spel/ (**expels, expelling, expelled**) *verb* **1.** to make someone leave an

organisation, school or country \circ As soon as the generals came to power they expelled all their former allies. **2.** to send a child away from school \circ He was expelled for taking drugs. \diamond expulsion

expend /Ik'spend/ (**expends, expending, expended**) *verb* to spend time or energy doing something (*formal*)

expendable /Ik'spendəb(ə)l/ *adj* which is not worth keeping; which can be thrown away

(2) **expenditure** /Ik'spendIt $\int \partial /$ *noun* an amount of money spent

(2) **expense** /ik'spens/ noun an amount of money that you have to pay $\circ I$ can't afford the expense of a holiday just now. \circ The expense of running a household seems to increase every week. \Box at great expense having spent a lot of money \circ The house has been redecorated at great expense. \Box plural noun money spent to do something \Box all expenses paid with all costs paid by someone else \diamond at someone's expense paid for by someone else \diamond at the expense of something in a way which has a bad effect on something else \circ She brought up her three children at the expense of her career.

① **expensive** /ik'spensiv/ adj costing a lot of money \circ Fresh vegetables are more expensive in winter. \circ Send your furniture to Australia by sea – it would be much too expensive by air.

(1) **experience** /ɪk'spɪəriəns/ noun 1. knowledge obtained by working or living in various situations [~of/with] o You must write down the full details of your past experience in your CV. o I have no experience with children. \circ Some experience of selling is required for this job. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. something that happens to you \circ *Going to the top of the Eiffel* Tower was a wonderful experience. \circ He wrote a book about his experiences in the desert. verb (experiences, experiencing, **experienced**) to live through something o I'm surprised she's so cheerful after all she experienced in hospital. 0 I have experienced a great deal of pleasure and frustration in my career. \circ He is experiencing sharp pains in his tooth.

① **experienced** /ik'spiriinst/ adj good at something because you have learnt a lot from particular experiences you have had o She's a very experienced doctor. o He's the most experienced member of our staff. o The police are experienced in crowd control. **experiment**¹ /ik'speriment/ noun 1. a scientific test \circ to carry out scientific experiments 2. a way of finding out about something \circ We're offering our customers free samples as an experiment.

experiment² /ik'speriment/ (**experiments, experimenting, experimented**) *verb* **1.** to try something new [~with] \odot *We've been experimenting with a new look for our shop window* **2.** to carry out a scientific test [~with/~on] \odot *They are experimenting with a new treatment for asthma.* \circ *The laboratory does not experiment on live animals.*

(3) **experimental** /Ik,sper1'ment(a)]/ *adj* **1.** different from what has been done before **2.** relating to scientific experiments and testing

experimentation //ɪk,sperɪmen 'teɪʃ(ə)n/ *noun* the process of carrying out experiments

② expert /'eksp3:t/ noun 1. a person who knows a great deal about a subject [~in/on] ○ a leading expert in or on tropical diseases ○ A rose expert was the judge at the flower show. 2. a person who is very good at doing something [~at] ○ He's an expert at getting the children to go to bed. ■ adj 1. knowing a lot about a subject ○ They can give you expert advice on DIY. 2. very good at doing something [~at] ○ I'm not very expert at making pastry.

③ **expertise** /ekspə'tiːz/ noun special knowledge

expire /ik'spaio/ (expires, expiring, expired) verb 1. to come to an end \circ The lease expires next year. \Box my passport or visa has expired I need a new passport or visa 2. to die (formal)

expiry /1k'spa1əri/ *noun* the fact of coming to an end

expiry date /Ik'sparəri deIt/ noun the last date on which something can be used

() **explain** /ik'splein/ (**explains, explain**ing, **explained**) verb **1**. to give reasons for something [~(that)/~how/when/what etc] ○ *Can you explain why the weather is cold in winter and warm in summer?* **2**. to make something clear [~to] ○ *He tried to explain the new pension scheme to the staff.*

explain away *phrasal verb* to give excuses for something

② explanation /,eksplə'neif(ə)n/ noun 1. a reason for something [~of/~for] o The police officer asked him for an explanation of why the stolen car was in his garage. o The company has given no explanation for the change of plan. 2. information about something [~of/about] \circ The leaflet gives an explanation of how to apply for a place on the course.

explanatory /Ik'splænət(ə)ri/ *adj* explaining something. ϕ self-explanatory

expletive /ik'splitiv/ noun a swear word

explicit /ik'splisit/ adj **1**. straightforward and clear \circ *Could you please be more explicit*? \circ *Their intention to sell the shop was not explicit in the letter*. **2**. showing sex or violence very clearly \circ *The film contains explicit sex scenes.*

explode /Ik'spləud/ (**explodes**, **exploding**, **exploded**) verb **1**. (of bombs, etc.) to blow up \circ A bomb exploded in a crowded train. **2**. to make a bomb go off \circ The army cleared the area and then exploded the bomb. **3**. to increase rapidly

exploit¹ /'eksploit/ noun a great or daring achievement \circ He told us of his exploits during the war.

exploit2 /ik'sploit/ (**exploits, exploiting, exploited**) verb **1**. to take commercial advantage of something \circ We are hoping to exploit the mineral resources of the North Sea. **2**. to make unfair use of someone, usually by paying them very low wages \circ The company was accused of exploiting children by employing them in its shoe factories.

③ **exploration** /,eksplə'ret $\int(3)n/noun$ **1.** the act of travelling and discovering unknown parts of the world \circ *the exploration of the Antarctic in the early 20th century* \circ *He is famous for his exploration of the Himalayas.* **2.** a careful investigation \circ *We recommend further exploration of possible alternative solutions to the problem.*

exploratory /ɪk'splɒrət(ə)ri/ *adj* forming part of an exploration of something

(2) explore /ik'sploi/ (explores, exploring, explored) verb 1. to travel and discover place and things that you have not seen before o It is a part of the jungle which has never been explored before. O We spent our holidays exploring Holland by canal. 2. to investigate something carefully [-how/what/why etc] o We are exploring the possibility of moving the office to London. O We want to explore how we can improve our service.

explorer /Ik'splorrə/ *noun* a person who explores unknown parts of the world

(3) **explosion** /1k'spləu3(ə)n/ noun an occasion on which something such as a bomb explodes \circ Several explosions were

explosive

heard during the night as the army occupied the city.

explosive /ik'splausiv/ adj **1.** likely to blow up \circ *The containers held an explosive* mixture. \circ *The police found an explosive* device in the car. **2.** likely to cause difficulties \circ *The situation in the office was explosive, with the clerical staff demanding to see the manager.* \circ *The paper is running an explosive story about the minister.* **•** *noun* a substance used for destroying things by making them explode \circ *Tests revealed traces of explosive on his hands.* \circ *The box contained explosives.* \circ *Police explosives experts defused the bomb.*

exponent /ik'spoonent/ noun a person who practises a certain belief or a certain art

② **export**¹ / 'ekspo:t/ noun **1**. the business of selling products in other countries ○ They make cars for export. ○ There is a big export trade in wine. **2**. a product sent to a foreign country to be sold ○ The country's major export is tea. ○ Exports to Africa have increased by 25%.

③ **export**² /tk'spot/ (exports, exporting, exported) verb to send goods to a foreign country for sale \circ The company exports half of what it produces.

exporter /Ik'sport*a*/ *noun* a person or company that sells goods to foreign countries

(3) **expose** /ik'spəuz/ (**exposes**, **exposing**, **exposed**) verb **1**. to show something which was hidden ○ He pulled off his shirt, exposing a huge scar across his chest. ○ The plastic coating had rubbed off to expose the metal beneath. **2**. to let light go onto a photographic film ○ You didn't expose the film for long enough. **3**. to reveal a shocking fact ○ He was exposed as the person who wrote the letters. ○ The newspaper has exposed several government scandals.

exposé /Ik'spouzer/ (plural exposés) noun a report which exposes something wrong

③ **exposed** /Ik'spəuzd/ *adj* open and not protected

③ **exposure** /ik'spəʊʒə/ noun **1**. the act of putting someone under the influence of something [~of/~to] ○ the exposure of young children to violence on television ○ the exposure of some workers to radiation **2**. the state of not being protected, e.g. from cold ○ The survivors of the crash were all suffering from exposure after spending a night in the snow. **3**. the time and amount of light needed for a picture to be taken on film \circ You need a short exposure to photograph a racing car. **4.** the act of revealing something, e.g. corruption \circ the newspaper's exposure of the actor's involvement in the scandal \circ The council was embarrassed by a string of exposures of irregular financial transactions.

expound /Ik'spaund/ (**expounds, expounding, expounded**) *verb* to explain something in detail

① **express** /ik'spres/ verb (expresses, expressing, expressed) to show thoughts or feelings in words, pictures or actions [-in/] ○ His paintings express his inner thoughts. ○ His grief was expressed in fierce anger and constant activity. ○ He expressed his gratitude in a short speech. □ to express yourself to make your thoughts or feelings known to other people □ to express itself to be shown ○ His grief expressed itself in fierce anger and constant activity. ■ noun a fast train

() **expression** /ik'spre $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. a word, or group of words \circ 'Until the cows come home' is an expression which means 'for a very long time'. **2**. a look on a person's face which shows a feeling $[-of/-on] \circ$ His expression showed how miserable he was. \circ Everyone noticed the expression of surprise on her face. **3**. the act of expression ing thoughts and feelings

expressionless /Ik'spre $\int(\partial)n(\partial)l\partial s$ / *adj* showing no feeling

expressive /Ik'spresIV/ *adj* showing feeling

expressly /ık'spresli/ *adv* clearly and definitely

expresso /ek'spresou/ noun another spelling of espresso

expressway /Ik'spreswei/ noun US a fast road with few exits

expulsion /lk'sp∧l∫ən/ noun the act of making someone leave or sending someone away from an organisation, school or country. ◊ **expel**

exquisite /Ik'skwIZIt/ *adj* very finely made and beautiful

extended family /ɪk,stendɪd 'fæm(ə)li/ noun a family which includes relatives such as aunts and uncles outside the central family group. Compare **nuclear** family

② **extension** /tk'stenfən/ noun **1**. the act of extending something $[\sim of] \circ I$ have applied for a short extension to my visa. **2**. something that makes something bigger or longer \circ We're building an extension onto our house. **3**. a telephone in an office which is connected to the company's main line \circ Can you get me extension 21? \circ The manager is on extension 23.

(3) **extensive** /Ik'stensiv/ *adj* covering a large area or amount \circ *The grounds of the house are very extensive.* \circ *The church roof needs extensive repair work.*

① **extent** / Ik'stent/ noun the degree, size or area of something \circ The extent of the earthquake damage was only revealed later. \circ He opened up the map to its full extent. \Box to some extent, to a certain extent partly; in some way \circ To some extent, the weather was the cause of the failure of the village fair.

③ **exterior** /ik'stiəriə/ noun the outside parts \circ *The exterior of the house is painted pink.*

exterminate /ik'st3:mIneIt/ (exterminates, exterminating, exterminated) verb 1. to kill all the living things in a place 2. to kill a person or a group of people (NOTE: + extermination n)

(2) **external** /ik'st3:n(a)l/adj on the outside \circ *The external walls of the house are quite solid.* \circ *Her injuries were all external.*

extinct /ik'stijkt/ adj **1**. (of a type of animal or plant) no longer in existence, because all of the same kind have died o These birds are in danger of becoming extinct. **2**. ((of a volcano)) no longer active o The mountain is an extinct volcano. Compare **dormant**

③ **extinction** /ik'stinkfon/ noun 1. (of a species) the process of dying out \circ The last remaining pairs of birds were taken to a zoo for breeding purposes, so as to save the species from extinction. \Box to face extinction, to be threatened with extinction to be likely to die out \circ The tiger is facing extinction unless measures are taken to protect it. 2. the act of putting out a fire \circ The firefighters will stand by until the complete extinction of the blaze. (NOTE: no plural)

extinguish /ik'stingwif/ (extinguishes, extinguishing, extinguished) verb to put out a fire

extinguisher /ɪk'stɪŋgwɪ∫ə/ noun same as fire extinguisher

extol /Ik'stəul/ (**extols, extolling, extolled**) *verb* to praise someone or something very highly (*literary*) (NOTE: The US spelling is **extoll**.)

extort /ik'sto:t/ (extorts, extorting, extorted) verb \Box to extort something from someone to get money or promises from someone by threats \circ The secret police extorted very valuable information from him. \circ The gang extorted money from small shopkeepers by threatening to burn down their shops.

extortion /Ik'sto: $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the practice of getting money from someone by threats

extortionate /Ik'sto: $\int(\partial n\partial t) df$ (of a price) very high or excessive

① **extra** / 'ekstrə/ adj more than usual; additional \circ We need an extra four teachers or four extra teachers for this course. \circ The charge for delivery is extra. \circ Staff get extra pay for working on Sundays.

extract¹ /'ekstrækt/ noun **1**. a thing reduced from something larger \circ *He will be reading extracts from his latest novel.* **2**. something which is reduced to a concentrated form \circ *soup made from meat extract* \circ *Add a drop of vanilla extract to the custard.*

extract² /tk'strækt/ (**extracts, extract**ing, **extracted**) verb **1**. to pull something out \circ The dentist extracted two teeth. \circ We managed to extract £10 from him. \circ The police extracted a confession from the accused. **2**. to produce something from something else \circ It is no longer viable to extract tin from Cornish mines. \circ The oil is extracted from lavender flowers.

extraction /ik'stræk $\int \frac{\partial n}{\partial u} n \frac{\partial 1}{\partial u}$. the act of pulling out a tooth $\circ An$ extraction will cost you £40. **2.** the production of something from something else \circ The extraction of iron ore from this mine is becoming too costly. \diamond of German or Japanese or etc extraction belonging to a family originally from Germany or Japan or etc

extracurricular / ekstrəkə'rık julə/ adj outside the normal course of study

extradite /'ekstrədait/ (**extradites**, **extraditing**, **extradited**) *verb* to bring an arrested person back from another country to stand trial for a crime committed in his or her home country (NOTE: + **extradition** *n*)

extraordinarily /ık'strɔ:d(ə)nərəli/ adv extremely o Her action was extraordinarily brave.

extraordinary

① **extraordinary** /ik'strɔ:d(ϑ)n(ϑ)ri/ adj **1**. wonderful \circ Seeing her again gave him an extraordinary thrill. \circ A peacock's feathers are quite extraordinary. **2**. very unusual \circ It's extraordinary weather for June.

extrapolate /ik'stræpəleit/ (**extrapolates**, **extrapolating**, **extrapolated**) *verb* to calculate something unknown on the basis of available information (NOTE: + **extrapolation** *n*)

extraterrestrial / ekstrətə'restriəl/ adj from a planet other than Earth

extravagance /ik'strævəgəns/ noun unnecessary expense

extravagant /ik'strævəgənt/ adj 1. spending a lot of money \circ *They are extravagant when it comes to buying presents for their children.* 2. expensive and not necessary \circ *an extravagant purchase* 3. unusual and unreasonable \circ *The company has made some extravagant claims for its new soap powder.*

extravaganza /ik₁strævə¹gænzə/ noun an expensive and luxurious party, show, film or event

(2) extreme /ik'striim/ adj 1. very great o The device is made to withstand extreme cold. \circ He showed extreme reluctance to get involved.
at the extreme end right at the end **2.** very unusual or serious \circ an ex*treme case* **3.** considered unreasonable by some people ○ He holds extreme views. noun something very unusual or very great ○ You get extremes of temperature here – very hot summers and very cold winters. to go from one extreme to the other to change to something completely different • She can go from one extreme to the other - from being happy and excited one minute to being gloomy and depressed the next. \diamond to go to extremes to do everything in an excessive way

① **extremely** /tk'stri:mli/ adv to a very great degree \circ It was extremely hot in August. \circ The film is extremely long, and some people left before the end. \circ It is extremely difficult to spend less than \$50.00 a day on meals in New York.

extreme sport/Ik_istrim 'sport/ noun a sport which is very dangerous and exciting, e.g. snowboarding

extremist /ik'stri:mist/ noun a person who has very strong opinions, usually about politics, that many other people regard as unreasonable \circ left-wing extremists (NOTE: + extremism n) adj having strong, unusual opinions \circ Members of an extremist group have taken over the post office.

extremity /ik'stremiti/ noun an end point \circ the northern extremity of the island \blacksquare plural noun **extremities** the fingers, toes, nose and ears \circ Her extremities became numb in the cold. (NOTE: plural is **extremi**ties)

extricate /'ekstrikeit/ (**extricates**, **extricating**, **extricated**) verb **1**. to get someone out of a difficult situation \circ She asked her father to help extricate her from the awkward situation she found herself in. **2**. to remove something with difficulty \circ The surgeons extricated the bullet which had lodged itself behind her eye.

extrovert /'ekstrəv3:t/, **extravert** noun a person who is very friendly and likes to be with other people

exuberant /ɪg'zjuːbərənt/ *adj* lively and energetic

exude /ɪg'zju:d/ (**exudes, exuding, exuded**) *verb* to send out or to give off a strong smell or a strong feeling

(1) eve $|a_1|$ noun 1. the organ in the head which you see with \circ *He has brown eyes*. • Close your eyes and count to ten while we all hide. \circ I've got a bit of dust in my *eye.* \square **as far as the eye can see** for a very long distance \circ Grasslands stretch as far as the eye can see. \Box to keep your eyes open for something to watch out for something \circ Keep your eyes open for burglars! 2. a small hole in the end of a needle, through which the thread goes • verb (eyes, eyeing or eying, eyed) to look at something carefully \circ She sat in a corner, eveing the arrivals indicator. \diamond to catch someone's eye to look at someone who is looking at you \circ She caught his eye and nodded towards the door. \diamond to keep an eye on someone or something to watch someone or something carefully to see that it is safe \circ Can you keep an eye on the house while we are away? \diamond to keep an eye out for someone or something to watch to see if someone or something is available or nearby \circ *I* must keep an eye out for Seville oranges to make some marmalade. \circ Can you keep an eye out for the traffic warden while I go into the bank? \diamond to turn a blind eye to something not to pay any attention to something bad, even if you know it exists \diamond **not to see eye to eye** not to agree with someone \circ *He doesn't see eye to eye* with the boss. \diamond to have your eye on **someone** to think someone is very good, very attractive or not to be trusted \circ She's

got her eye on her best friend's brother. \circ The police have had their eye on him for ages.

eye up verb to look at someone showing that you think them attractive (*informal*) \circ *He was eyeing up one of the girls on the other side of the room.*

eyeball /'aib5il/ noun a part of the eye, the round ball of tissue through which light passes and which is controlled by various muscles ○ The retina is a light-sensitive membrane at the back of the eyeball. ■ verb (eyeballs, eyeballing, eyeballed) to stare at someone closely (informal) ◇ eyeball to eyeball facing each other closely ○ He had an eyeball-to-eyeball confrontation with the referee.

③ **eyebrow** /'aɪbraʊ/ *noun* the line of hair above each of your eyes ◊ **to raise your eyebrows** to look surprised

eye-catching /'ai ,kætʃiŋ/ *adj* very noticeable and attracting attention eye contact /'ar kontækt/ noun the act of looking at someone who is looking at you

③ **eyelash** $/|aIl \approx \int / noun$ one of the hairs growing round the edges of your eyes

③ **eyelid** /'aɪlɪd/ *noun* a piece of skin which covers the eye

eyeliner /'aɪlaɪnə/ *noun* a substance used for drawing a coloured line round your eye

eye-opener /'aɪəʊp(ə)nə/ noun something which surprises you (*informal*)

eyeshadow /'aı∫ædəʊ/ noun make-up for colouring the skin round your eye

③ eyesight /'aisait/ noun the ability to see

eyesore /'aɪsɔ:/ *noun* an unpleasant sight **eyewitness** /'aɪwɪtnəs/ *noun* a person who has seen something happen

e-zine /'ir zirn/ noun a magazine which appears in a website on the Internet

F

 ${\bf f}$ /ef/, ${\bf F}$ noun the sixth letter of the alphabet, between E and G

fable / feIb(ə)l/ *noun* a moral story, usually about animals, making them seem like human beings

fabled /'feIb(ə)ld/ adj well-known in stories

③ **fabric** /'fæbrik/ noun **1**. cloth used for making things such as clothes and curtains ○ *The curtains are made of an expensive fabric*. ○ *We need a fireproof fabric for the chairs*. **2**. the basic structure of society or of an organisation [-of] ○ *During the revolution, the whole fabric of society collapsed.*

fabricate /'fæbrikeit/ (fabricates, fabricating, fabricated) verb to invent an untrue story

fabrication / fæbri'kei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun an invented story that is not true \circ *The newspaper story was a complete fabrication from start to finish.*

fabulous //fæbjoləs/ *adj* **1**. imaginary, as in fairy stories \circ *unicorns and other fabulous animals* **2**. marvellous or wonderful \circ *It was a fabulous party.*

(1) face /feis/ noun 1. the front part of your head o Don't forget to wash your face before you go to the party. 2. the front part of something \circ a clock face \circ She put the photograph face down on the desk. • verb (faces, facing, faced) to have the face or front towards o Can everyone please face the camera? \circ The house faces north. \diamond to show your face to come to or be in a place where there are other people o After what he said about my mother he doesn't dare show his face here. \diamond to lose face to be embarrassed by being shown to be wrong or weak \circ She can't bear being told off in front of the class – it makes her lose face. \diamond to make a face to make a strange expression \circ He made funny faces and all the children laughed. \diamond to try to keep a straight face to try not to laugh

face up to (3) phrasal verb to accept an unpleasant situation and try to deal with it faceless /'feisləs/ adj anonymous and threatening

facelift/^ffeislift/ *noun* **1**. an operation to make your face look younger **2**. the fact of working to make something appear newer • *Our website needs a facelift*.

face-saving /'feis ,seiviŋ/ *adj* which avoids causing someone to feel embarrassed and ashamed

facet/'fæsit/ noun one of many aspects of something, e.g. a problem \circ The problem presents many different facets. \circ The film explores several fascinating facets of his life in Africa.

facetious $/f \circ 'si: \int \circ s / adj$ funny or joking in a way that other people think unsuitable **face to face** $/_1$ fers to 'fers/ adv looking at each other \circ He turned a corner and came face to face with a police officer. $\circ I$ don't like doing business on the phone – I prefer to make deals face to face.

face value / feis 'vælju:/ \diamond to take something at (its) face value to believe that what something appears to mean is true \circ When we booked our holiday we took what the tour company said about the hotel at face value – but it turned out not to be true.

facial /'feI $\int(\mathfrak{g})$ l/ noun a beauty treatment in which your face is cleaned and massaged \circ *She's having a facial.*

facile /'fæsail/ adj too simple and not carefully considered

(3) facilitate /fə'sılıteıt/ (facilitates, facilitating, facilitated) verb to make something easy

① **facility** $f \Rightarrow sılıti/ (plural facilities) noun 1. an ability to do something easily <math>\circ$ She has a facility for languages. (NOTE: no plural) 2. a means of doing something \circ We offer facilities for payment. 3. a large building that enables people to do or have something \circ We have opened our new warehouse facility.

facsimile /fæk'sımıli/ noun 1. a perfect copy \circ This is not the real Magna Carta – it is a facsimile. \circ They have published a facsimile edition of one of the earliest printed books. **2.** a fax; a copy of a document or picture sent by telephone \circ *Can* you confirm the booking by facsimile?

① fact /fækt/ noun something such as a piece of information that is true \circ He faced up to the fact that he wasn't fit enough for the race. \circ Did you check all the facts before you wrote the article? \diamond in fact, in actual fact really; the truth is that \circ He told the police he had seen a man steal a car but in fact he made the whole story up. \circ It rained a lot last month – in fact it rained all month. \diamond as a matter of fact actually; used for saying what is really true, especially when it is surprising \circ Have you seen John recently? – as a matter of fact I met him yesterday.

faction /'fæk \int an/ *noun* a group of people linked together in opposition to a leader or to a government

(1) **factor** /'fæktə/ noun 1. a thing which has influence or importance $[~in/~for] \circ The$ key factor in our decision is the price. \circ The crucial factor for the success of the village fair is the weather. 2. one of the numbers which produce a certain other number when multiplied \circ Four and two are factors of eight.

① **factory** /'fækt(ə)ri/ (plural **factories**) noun a building where things are made in large quantities using machines \circ She works in a shoe factory. \circ He owns a furniture factory. \circ The factory makes computer terminals.

factory farm /'fækt(ə)ri fɑ:m/ noun a farm where large numbers of animals are kept in small spaces, using modern methods to produce food quickly

factual /'fækt∫uəl/ adj referring to facts

faculty /'fæk(\ni)lti/ (plura/faculties) noun **1.** a natural ability **2.** a main division of a university \circ the Faculty of Arts or the Arts Faculty **3.** US the teaching staff of a school, university or college \circ There is a meeting of the faculty tomorrow.

fad /fæd/ noun a strange temporary craze for something

fade /feid/ (fades, fading, faded) verb 1. to lose colour \circ The more you wash your jeans, the more they'll fade. \circ This teeshirt has faded. 2. to become less bright or light \circ As the light faded, bats came out in the garden. \circ The light from the torch began to fade as the batteries ran out. \circ The islands faded away into the distance. 3. to become less noisy \circ The sound of the music faded away. **faeces** /'fi:si:z/ plural noun solid waste matter passed from the body \circ *The patient's faeces are not solid.* (NOTE: The US spelling is **feces**.)

fag f (fæg/ noun a cigarette \circ *He cadged a fag off me.* \circ *I bought a packet of fags at the kiosk.*

Fahrenheit /'færənhaɪt/ noun a scale of temperatures where the freezing and boiling points of water are 32° and 212° . Abbreviation **F**. Compare **Celsius** (NOTE: used in the USA, but less common in the UK and not usually used in other countries. It is usually written as **F** after the degree sign: $32^{\circ}F$: say: 'thirty-two degrees Fahrenheit'.)

① fail /feil/ (fails, failing, failed) verb 1. not to succeed [~on] \circ The examination was very difficult – half the students failed. \circ He passed his maths exam but failed English. \circ She failed in her attempt to become a contestant in the TV game show. 2. \Box to fail to do something not to do something that should be done \circ The car failed to stop at the red light. 3. not to work properly \circ The brakes failed and he couldn't stop the car. \diamond if all else fails if you can't do anything else \circ If all else fails you can always borrow my car.

failing¹ /'feilin/ noun a weakness or bad point of something or someone \circ She has only one failing – she goes to sleep in front of the TV every night. \circ In spite of his failings, we still think he is a wonderful father. failing² \Box failing that if that does not work \circ Try some tape to seal the joint or, failing that, call a plumber.

② failure /'fe1ljə/ noun 1. a situation in which something stops working \circ *The accident was caused by brake failure.* \circ *The failure of the plane's engine caused the crash.* 2. an occasion on a person or event is not successful \circ *His attempts to balance on one leg were a complete failure.* 3. a person who does not succeed at things \circ *I'm no good at anything – I'm a failure.*

faint /feint/ adj difficult to see or hear \circ They could hear a faint tapping under the wreckage. \circ We could just see the faint outline of a man in the fog. (NOTE: + faintly adv) = verb (faints, fainting, fainted) to become unconscious for a short time \circ She fainted when she saw the blood.

fair /fe∂/ adj 1. (of hair or skin) light-coloured ○ Her hair is quite fair. ○ People with fair skin should use a stronger sun cream.
 not very good ○ Her work is only fair. 3. right, giving someone what they deserve ○ That's not fair – you must let other children

play with the ball too. \circ It isn't fair if you go on holiday when we have so much work to do. **4.** (of weather) bright and warm \circ According to the TV the weather will be fair tomorrow. \blacksquare noun **1.** a group of machines for riding on and stalls where you can win things, set up in one place for a short time \circ The fair is coming to the village for the Easter Bank Holiday. \circ He went to the fair and won a prize for shooting. **2.** an exhibition for selling and advertising goods \circ We are going to the car fair tomorrow. (NOTE: Do not confuse with fare.)

fair game /feə 'geim/ noun a person or thing which it is fair to criticise

fairground /'feəgraund/ *noun* a place in the open air where a fair is held

① fairly //feəli/ adv 1. in a way that is right; giving people what they deserve \circ She complained that she had not been treated fairly in the interview. 2. to some degree \circ I'm fairly certain I have seen this film before. \circ She had been working there a fairly short time. \circ The hotel is fairly close to the centre of town. (NOTE: The order of words for fairly and quite is different: He's a fairly good worker but He's quite a good worker.)

fairness /'feənəs/ noun a tendency or ability to do things in a fair way \circ Everyone acknowledged her fairness in dealing with staff complaints.

fairway /'feəwei/ *noun* a part of a golf course where the grass is cut, though it is not very short

fairy /'feəri/ (*plural* **fairies**) *noun* a small imaginary creature who can perform magic

fairytale /'feoriteIl/ noun a children's story about fairies, princes, princesses and giants

(2) faith /fet0/ noun 1. confidence or trust $[-in] \circ I$ don't have much faith in these new teaching methods. 2. a religious belief \circ We must respect people of other faiths. \diamond in good faith honestly, even though perhaps wrongly $\circ I$ sold him the car in good faith -I didn't know it would break down the next day.

faithful /'fe1 θ f(ϑ)]/ adj (of a person or an animal) trusting or loyal \circ his faithful old dog \circ We must be faithful to father's last wishes.

fake /fe1k/ noun something which is made or designed to look like something else that is, e.g. more valuable \circ That picture isn't by Picasso, it's a fake. \blacksquare adj not real \circ She was wearing a fake fur coat. **falcon** /'fo:Ikən/ *noun* a small bird of prey, sometimes trained to catch other birds as a sport

(1) fall /f oxl/ verb (falls, falling, fell, fallen) 1. to drop to а lower level [~down/off/through/into/out of etc] o Snow fell all night \circ She fell down the stairs. \circ *He fell off the ladder.* \circ *Did he fall into the* river or did someone push him? 2. [~by/~into/onto/~of/~off/through/out of etc/~on/~to/~with]
to fall asleep to go to sleep • We all fell asleep after dinner. noun 1. an amount of something which has come down o There was a heavy fall of snow during the night. 2. the process of going to a lower level [~in] \circ a welcome fall in the price of oil \circ the fall in the exchange *rate* **3.** the act of losing your balance [~of] \circ *He had a fall and hurt his back.* \circ *She had* a bad fall while skiing.

fall apart phrasal verb 1. to come to pieces ○ My shoes are falling apart. ○ The porcelain dish just fell apart in my hands.
2. to come to an end (in its present form) ○ When they showed him the letters, his life simply fell apart. ○ When our German partners withdrew, the deal fell apart.

fall away phrasal verb to become less

fall back on *phrasal verb* to do or use something only after all other things have failed

fall behind *phrasal verb* to be late in doing something

fall down phrasal verb 1. to drop to the ground \circ She fell down and hurt her knee. 2. to become broken down through age \circ The place has been deserted for so long it's falling down.

fall for phrasal verb 1. to fall in love with someone \circ She always falls for intelligent men. 2. to be tricked by something \circ Don't fall for his sales talk.

fall off phrasal verb to become fewer o The number of customers starts to fall off after 4 o'clock.

fall out phrasal verb **1.** to drop to the ground after having been in something \circ We put cushions on the floor next to the bed in case she fell out. **2.** to have an argument \circ They fell out over the bill for drinks.

fall over phrasal verb to fall down after having been upright

fall through *phrasal verb* not to take place as planned

fallacy /'fæləsi/ (plural fallacies) noun a false argument

fallible /'fælıb(ə)l/ *adj* capable of being wrong

falling-out / fo:In 'aut/ (*plural* fallings**out**) *noun* the act of having an argument with someone

fallout /'fo:laot/ noun an unfortunate result 0 the fallout from the arrest of the party treasurer

(2) **false** /fo:ls/ adj not real; designed to look like something real \circ a set of false nails

false alarm /fo:ls ə'lɑːm/ noun a signal for an emergency when there isn't one

falsehood /'fɔ:lshud/ noun a lie (*literary*) • *It appears that he had told several falsehoods under oath.*

false start / foils 'stort/ *noun* a start of a race which is not allowed by the judge

falsify /'fɔ:ls:fai/ (falsifies, falsifying, falsified) verb to change something to make it wrong or not real

falter /'fɔ:ltə/ (falters, faltering, faltered) verb 1. to stop happening or working effectively \circ The engine faltered and then stopped. \circ Progress in the talks faltered. 2. to speak nervously with pauses \circ As she ended the speech her voice faltered for a moment.

fame /feim/ noun the fact of being famous or well-known

famed /feimd/ adj well-known

② familiar /fə'mıliə/ adj heard or seen before; that you know \circ The dog wagged its tail as it heard its master's familiar voice at the door. \circ He looked round the room, and saw a couple of familiar faces.

familiarity /fə,mıli'ærıti/ noun 1. a good knowledge of someone or something [-with] \circ His familiarity with London makes him an excellent guide. 2. a very informal way of speaking to someone \circ The manager told him off for familiarity with the customers.

① **family** /'fæm(\Im)li/ (plural families) noun 1. a group of people who are related to each other, especially mother, father and children \circ He grew up in a big family of five brothers and sisters. 2. a group of animals or plants which are closely related \circ Lions and tigers are members of the cat family.

family name /'fæm(ə)li neɪm/ *noun* the name of someone's family, shared by all people in the family

family planning /,fæm(ə)li 'plænıŋ/ noun the practice of controlling the number of children in a family by preventing unwanted pregnancies

family tree /₁fæm(ə)li 'tri:/ *noun* a table showing a family going back over many generations

famine /'fæmin/ noun a very serious lack of food

famished /'fæmi∫t/ adj very hungry

① **famous** /'feiməs/ adj known to many people, especially most people in a place or country \circ a famous department store \circ He's a famous footballer. \circ This tea shop is famous for its cakes.

② fan /fæn/ noun 1. a piece of equipment for moving air to make people or things cooler \circ We put electric fans in the office to try to keep cool. 2. an enthusiastic supporter of something or someone, e.g. a team or a pop group \circ There was a crowd of fans waiting for him outside the theatre.

fanatic /fə'nætık/ *noun* a person who is extremely enthusiastic about something

fanciful /'fænsɪf(ə)l/ *adj* imaginative or unlikely

fan club /'fæn klhb/ *noun* an organised group of supporters of someone, e.g. a pop star or an actor

③ fancy /'fænsi/ verb (fancies, fancying, fancied) 1. to want to have something (informal) ○ I fancy an ice cream - anyone else want one? ○ Do you fancy sharing a taxi to the airport? 2. to like someone in a sexual way ○ I'm sure that guy fancies you.
 adj (fancier, fanciest) attractive or deco-

rated \circ *He wore a fancy tie to the party.*

fancy dress / fænsi 'dres/ noun an unusual costume worn to a party

fanfare /'fænfeə/ noun a short piece of music, played especially on trumpets, when an important person arrives or a show starts

fang /fæŋ/ noun an animal's long tooth

fantasise /'fæntəsaiz/ (fantasises, fantasising, fantasised), fantasize verb to imagine

(3) **fantastic** /fæn'tæst Ik/ adj **1**. wonderful o We had a fantastic time on holiday. **2**. strange; like a dream o His stories are full of fantastic creatures.

fantasy /'fæntəsi/ (plural **fantasies**) noun an invented story \circ Her story of meeting a rich man in Paris was pure fantasy.

FAQ /fæk, ef ei 'kjui' abbr frequently asked questions

1) far /fu:/ adv 1. a certain distance away

• The railway station is not far from here.

○ How far away is Paris from London? ○

faraway

The road was blocked by cars as far as we could see. **2.** used with comparatives to mean 'much' \circ It is far cheaper to go by bus than by train. \circ Restaurant food is far nicer than the food at college. \blacksquare adj(farther or further, farthest or furthest) a long way away; distant \circ The shop is at the far end of the High Street. \diamond as far as I know or can tell I think, but I am not completely sure \circ As far as I know, the train is on time. \circ As far as I can tell, the engine is working normally.

faraway / forrə'wei/ *adj* which is a long way away

farce /fɑ:s/ noun **1**. a funny play based on silly situations \circ We went to see a 19th-century French farce. **2**. a silly situation \circ The meeting rapidly became a farce.

farcical /'forsik(ə)l/ adj silly

③ **fare** /feə/ noun a price which you have to pay for a journey \circ *Rail fares have been* increased by 10%. \circ *The tourist-class fare* is much less than the first class one. \circ If you walk to work, you will save £5 a week on bus fares. (NOTE: Do not confuse with fair.)

fare dodger /'feə dod3ə/ *noun* a person who travels on public transport without a ticket

farewell /feə'wel/ interj, noun goodbye o It's time to say farewell. adj at which you say goodbye o We gave a farewell party for our neighbours who were going to live in Canada.

far-fetched /,fɑː 'fet∫t/ adj difficult to believe

far from /'fo: from/ adv not at all \circ The food here is far from cheap.

(2) farm /fɑ:m/ noun an area of land used for growing crops and raising animals \circ He runs a pig farm. \circ We're going to work on a farm during the holidays. \circ You can buy eggs and vegetables at the farm shop. \blacksquare verb (farms, farming, farmed) to grow crops or raise animals on a farm \circ He farms dairy cattle in Devon.

farm out(3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to hand over work to another person to do **2**. to hand over a child for someone else to look after \circ *The children were farmed out to their grandparents for a week.*

(2) **farmer** /'fɑːmə/ noun a person who manages or owns a farm

farmhouse /'farmhaus/ noun the house where a farmer and his or her family live

farming /'fɑ:mɪŋ/ *noun* the work of managing a farm, e.g. growing crops or keeping animals for sale **farmland** /'fo:mlænd/ noun land which is used for growing crops or raising animals for food

farmyard /'fɑːmjɑːd/ *noun* an area around farm buildings, where tractors are sometimes kept

(3) **far off** /₁**f**a:**r** '**b**f/ adv a long way away • We could see the house far off beside the lake.

far-off /'forr of/ adj which is a long way away

far-reaching/₁fo: 'ri:t J1ŋ/ *adj* which has wide effects or results

far-sighted /,for 'sattid/ adj **1**. having the ability to make wise plans for the future • They were far-sighted enough to save money for their children's tuition fees. **2**. US unable to see clearly things that are a short distance away

fart /fort/ (**farts**, **farting**, **farted**) *verb* to pass wind from the intestines through the anus (*vulgar*)

farther /'fuːðə/ adv at or to a longer way away

(3) **fascinate** /'fæsineit/ (**fascinates**, **fascinating**, **fascinated**) *verb* to make someone very interested

fascinated /'fæsineitid/ adj very interested

③ **fascinating** /'fæsineitin/ adj very interesting ○ A microscope gives you a fascinating glimpse of life in a drop of water. ○ The book gives a fascinating description of London in the 1930s. ○ It was fascinating to hear her talk about her travels in India.

fascination / fast'net $\int (\partial n) / n \partial u n$ great interest or attraction

fascism $/f \mathfrak{m} \int IZ(\mathfrak{p}) m / noun$ an extreme right-wing political movement

fascist /'f \mathfrak{a} Jist/ noun a person who supports fascism \circ when the fascists came to power

② **fashion** /'fæ(i)n/ noun the most popular style at a particular time [~for] \circ the fashion for short skirts worn worn boots \Box in fashion popular; following the current style \circ High heels are in fashion this year. \Box out of fashion unpopular; not the current style \circ Red cars are out of fashion at the moment.

fashionable /'f $\mathfrak{as} f(\mathfrak{s}) \mathfrak{nsb}(\mathfrak{s}) l$ / *adj* **1**. of a style which is popular at a particular time \circ *These loose trousers are really fashionable at the moment*. **2**. popular with rich or glamorous people \circ *She lives in the fashionable West End of London*. \circ *It's a fash-* ionable restaurant for film stars and journalists.

(2) **fast** /fa:st/ adj **1**. quick \circ *I just love* driving fast cars. **2**. not stopping anywhere \circ This is the fast train to London. **3**. (of a clock) to show a time which is later than the correct time **a** adv **1**. quickly \circ Walk faster if you want to catch up with the children in front. \circ Don't go so fast – you almost hit that man on the zebra crossing. **2**. tightly fixed in a particular position \circ The window was stuck fast and I couldn't open it. **•** verb (**fasts, fasting, fasted**) to eat nothing for religious or health reasons \circ Many people fast during Lent. \circ He fasted for a week.

fasten /'fa:s(∂)n/ (fastens, fastening, fastened) verb to close or attach something tightly \circ Please fasten your seatbelts. \circ These shoes fasten with a buckle.

fastener /'fɑːs(ə)nə/, **fastening** *noun* an object which fastens something such as a piece of clothing

fastening /'fɑːs(ə)nɪŋ/ noun a device which fastens something

③ **fast food** /fɑːst 'fud/ noun food which is prepared and served quickly

fast-forward /fast fo:wəd/ (**fast-forwards**, **fast-forwarding**, **fast-forwarded**) *verb* to make something such as a DVD or a videotape move forward quickly

fastidious /fæ'st1diəs/ *adj* hard to please, careful about tidiness and cleanliness

fast-track /, faist 'træk/ adj (of a process) which is faster than normal \circ They have started a fast-track application scheme.

① fat /fæt/ adj (fatter, fattest) having too much flesh or weighing too much \circ Two fat men got out of the little white car. \circ You'll have to eat less – you're getting too fat. \circ He's fatter than me. \blacksquare noun a part of meat which is yellowish-white \circ If you don't like the fat, cut it off.

fatal /'fett(\Im)l/ adj causing people to die \circ There were three fatal accidents on this road last year.

fatalism /'feɪt(ə)lɪz(ə)m/ noun the belief that fate decides what happens to you and that you cannot change this

fatality /fə'tælıti/ (plural fatalities) noun a death in an accident

fat cat /fæt 'kæt/ noun a rich person (informal)

fate /feit/ noun **1**. destiny; what is certain to happen to you \circ *They met by chance in a bar in New Zealand, and got married – it must have been fate!* **2**. what happens to someone, especially in the end \circ *The people of the country have the right to decide their own fate.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **fete**.) \diamond **to tempt fate** to do something which could have bad results \circ *It's tempting fate to ask him to look after your girl-friend while you are away.*

fateful /'fertf(ə)l/ *adj* important because of its serious results for the future

() father //fa: $\delta \partial$ / noun a man who has a son or daughter \circ Ask your father if he will lend you his car. \circ She is coming to tea with her mother and father.

(3) **Father Christmas**/₁fɑ:ðə 'krısməs/ noun a man in a long red coat, with a big white beard, who is supposed to bring presents to children on Christmas Day

father figure /'fɑːðə ,fɪɡə/ noun a man who helps and advises a younger person who is not his child

fatherhood /'faːðəhud/ noun the fact of being a father

father-in-law /'fo:ðər in lə:/ (plural fathers-in-law) noun the father of your wife or husband

fatherly /'fɑːðəli/ adj like a father

fathom /'fæðəm/ (fathoms, fathoming, fathomed) verb also fathom out to understand something or someone

fatigue f_{Θ} 'ti:g/ noun the fact of being tired (formal) \circ After a long day walking in the mountains, the group were showing signs of fatigue.

fatten /'f α t(ϑ)n/; /₁f α t(ϑ)n ' Λ p/ (fattens, fattening, fattened) *verb* to give animals more food to make them fat for slaughter

fatten up *phrasal verb* to give animals more food to make them fat for slaughter

fattening /'fæt(ə)nıŋ/ adj which makes you fat

fatty /'fæti/ (fattier, fattiest) adj (of food or tissue) which has a lot of fat in it $\circ I$ don't like fatty bacon.

fatuous /'fætjuəs/ adj silly and thoughtless

③ **faucet** /'fɔ:sɪt/ noun US an object which, when you twist it, lets liquid or gas come out

② fault /fo:lt/ noun 1. the fact of making a mistake or of being to blame for something going wrong \circ It isn't my fault if there's nothing in the fridge. \circ It's all your fault – if you hadn't stayed in bed all morning we would be at the seaside by now. 2. an instance of something not working properly [~in] \circ The invoice was wrong because of a fault in the computer system. \circ

faultless

The engineers are trying to mend an electrical fault. **3.** a mistake in serving in tennis \circ He served two double faults. \diamond **at fault** having made a mistake \circ The shop is at fault if they sent you the wrong table.

faultless /'fo:ltləs/ adj perfect

③ **faulty** /'fo:lti/ adj **1**. not working correctly or not made correctly \circ *The lights are flickering – there must be a faulty connection somewhere*. **2**. with mistakes in planning or judgment \circ a faulty argument

fauna /'fɔ:nə/ (*plural* **faunas** or **faunae**) *noun* wild animals, or all the wild animals of a specific area. Compare **flora**

faux pas /,fəu 'pɑː/ noun an embarrassing mistake, especially in something you do (*literary*)

favor /'feivə/ noun, verb US spelling of favour

favorable /'feIv(ə)rəb(ə)l/ adj US spelling of favourable

favorite /'feɪv(ə)rət/ noun, verb US spelling of favourite

(1) **favour** /'feivə/ noun **1**. a friendly act done to help someone o Can I ask a favour - will you look after my bike while I'm in *the post office?* **to do someone a favour** to do something to help someone \circ He won't charge for it – he did it as a favour. \circ Will you do me a favour and look after my cat when I'm away? 2. approval or popularity \circ She tried to win the favour of the *committee*. \Box in favour liked or approved of **out of favour** disliked **verb** (favours, favouring, favoured) 1. to like or prefer something \circ *The managers favour moving* to a bigger office. 2. to make things easier for someone o The conditions favour Australian bowlers. \diamond in favour of something preferring something o We were all in in favour of a change of venue.

favourable /'feɪv(ə)rəb(ə)l/ adj good

(3) **favourite** /'feIV(\ni)rət/ adj which you like best \circ Which is your favourite TV programme? (NOTE: The US spelling is **favorite**.) **•** noun **1**. something or someone you like best \circ Which ice cream is your favourite? \circ This game is a favourite with the children. \circ The singer was a favourite in the fifties. (NOTE: The US spelling is **favorite**.) **2**. someone who is treated better than other people by a particular person \circ She was always her father's favourite.

favouritism //feIv(ϑ)r ϑ Iz(ϑ)m/ noun the practice of showing support for one group or one person at the expense of others (NOTE: The US spelling is **favoritism**.) **fawn** /fo:n/ noun a young deer \circ a female deer with two little fawns **a** dj of a brown-ish-cream colour

(3) fax /fæks/ noun a copy of a document or picture sent to someone using telephone lines \circ Post it to me, or send a fax. \circ Can you confirm the booking by fax? \blacksquare verb (faxes, faxing, faxed) to send a document or picture by telephone \circ I will fax the design to you or I will fax you the design as soon as it is ready.

faze /feiz/ (**fazes**, **fazing**, **fazed**) *verb* to surprise or shock someone

() fear /f1ə/ noun the feeling of being afraid [~of/~that] \circ Fear of the dark is common in small children. \circ She had a real fear that she would not recover fully from the illness. • verb (fears, fearing, feared) 1. to be afraid of something (formal) \circ What do you fear most? 2. to worry that something bad might happen [~(that)/~for] \circ The family feared homelessness and hunger. \circ Climate experts fear that the ice will melt making the sea level rise. \Box to fear for someone or something to worry about someone or something \circ Most parents fear for for their child's safety.

fearful /'f1əf(ə)l/ adj terrible

fearless /'fiələs/ adj with no feeling of fear

fearsome /'fiəs(ə)m/ adj frightening (literary)

feasible /'fi:zıb(ə)l/ adj which can be done

feast /first/ noun 1. a very large meal for a group of people, especially one eaten to celebrate a special occasion 2. a special religious day \circ Today is the Feast of St Nicholas.

feat /fi:t/ *noun* an particularly difficult act (3) **feather** /'feðə/ *noun* one of many light soft parts which cover a bird's body

feathery /'feðəri/ *adj* light and delicate like a feather

(1) feature /'firt $\int \partial / noun$ 1. a part of the face such as the nose or mouth \circ *His unusual features make him easy to recognise.* 2. an important part or aspect of something \circ *The main feature of the castle is its huge tower.* \circ *Fjords are a feature of the coastline of Norway.* 3. an important story or article in a TV news programme or in a newspaper \circ *a feature on nuclear power* **userb (features, featuring, featured)** 1. to have someone as the main performer of a film, a TV programme or a play \circ *The film feature Charlie Chaplin as the tramp.* \circ *The circus features Russian clowns.* 2. have something as the most important part \circ *The tour features a visit to the Valley of the Kings.* \circ *The next programme will feature a discussion between environmental experts.* **3.** to appear as the main actor in, or as the subject of a film or a TV programme [-in] \circ *She has featured in many TV series.* **feature film** /'firtf \circ film/ noun a full-length film

① **February** /'februəri/ *noun* the second month of the year, between January and March ○ *My birthday is in February*. ○ *He died on February 17th.* ○ *We are moving to new offices next February*. (NOTE: **February 17th**: say 'the seventeenth of February' or 'February the seventeenth', or in US English 'February seventeenth'.)

feckless /'fekləs/ adj having no determination or strength of character

3 fed /fed/ past tense and past participle of feed

③ **federal** /'fed(∋)r∋l/ *adj* **1**. relating to the central government of the United States ○ *Most federal offices are in Washington*. ○ *Federal law is more important than state law.* **2**. relating to a system where a group of states exist under a central government ○ *the former Federal Republic of Germany*

federalism /'fed(ə)rəliz(ə)m/ noun a type of government in which the state is a group of provinces or states with a central government

federation $/_1$ fedə'rei $\int(\partial)n/noun$ a group of states or organisations which have joined together

③ **fed up** /, fed ' Λ p/ adj feeling bored and unhappy [~with] (*informal*) \circ She went back to school last Tuesday and she's already fed up. \circ I'm fed up with watching TV – let's go out.

(2) **fee** /fi:/ noun money paid to someone such as a doctor or lawyer for work done \circ *Private school fees are very high.* \circ *The lawyer's fee for two days' work was more than I earn in a month!*

feeble /'fi:b(ϑ)l/ (**feebler**, **feebles**) adj **1**. physically weak, especially because of illness or age \circ *He gave a feeble wave with his hand.* \circ *The voice on the phone sounded feeble.* **2**. not strong or able to be seen or heard well \circ *She replied in a feeble voice.*

 feed /fi:d/ verb (feeds, feeding, fed) 1.
 to give food to a person or an animal ○ I'd better just feed the baby before we go out.
 Could you feed the cat while we're away? 2. to take milk from its mother ○ Please don't disturb the baby while she's *feeding.* \blacksquare *noun* food given to animals \circ *a bag of cattle feed*

① **feedback** /'fi:dbæk/ *noun* information or comments about something which has been done [~on/~from]

feel /fixl/ verb (feels, feeling, felt) 1, to touch something, usually with your fingers • Feel how soft the bed is. 2. to seem soft, cold, etc., when touched \circ The bed feels hard. • The stone floor felt cold. 3. to experience something with your body or mind [~(that)/~about] o Did you feel the table move? \circ I felt the lift go down suddenly. \circ Do you feel warmer now that you've had a *cup of tea?* \circ *They felt happy when they* saw that all was well. \circ By twelve o'clock she was feeling hungry. 4. to think something [~(that)] • He feels it would be wrong to leave the children alone in the house. \circ The police felt that the accident was due to fog. **noun** how something seems when touched \circ the rough feel of the wooden *floor* \circ *Velvet has a soft feel.*

feel for phrasal verb to be sympathetic towards someone

feel up to *phrasal verb* to be strong or well enough to do something

feel-good /n, 'fixl gud/ adj causing people to feel happy

① feeling / fi:ln/ noun an opinion that you have formed about something [/~against/~on/about//~about/~that] \circ a feeling of security \circ a feeling that someone is watching you \circ What is your feeling about the idea? **•** plural noun feelings someone's emotions **•** to hurt someone's feelings to upset someone \circ I didn't want to hurt her feelings.

③ feet /firt/ plural of foot

feign /fein/ (feigns, feigning, feigned) *verb* to pretend to feel an emotion

feisty /'faisti/ adj energetic and brave (informal)

feline /'fixlam/ adj like a cat

3 fell /fel/ (fells, felling, felled) past tense of fall

③ fellow / felə∪/ noun 1. a man ○ A young fellow came up to me and asked me the time. ○ Who's that fellow with a beard? 2. a person who belongs to the same group ○ I was OK on the boat, but several of my fellow passengers were sick.

③ **fellowship** /'feləuʃıp/ noun 1. a friendly feeling \circ *He developed a feeling of fellowship with the other hostages.* 2. a grant to continue studying \circ *She has a fellowship to research into the causes of skin cancer.*

③ **felt** /felt/ noun a thick material made of wool fibres pressed together

felt-tip /'felt tɪp/ noun a pen which has a tip made from felt

② **female** /'fi:meil/ adj **1.** relating to women or girls \circ a female athlete **2.** relating to the sex of an animal, insect or bird which gives birth to young or produces eggs \circ a female kitten **3.** relating to a flower which produces seeds

③ **feminine** /'feminin/ *adj* like a woman or suitable for a woman \circ *Her long white silk dress was very feminine.*

femininity / femi'niniti/ noun female qualities

feminism /'feminiz(ə)m/ noun the fact of being a feminist

③ **fence** /fens/ noun a type of wall made of wood or wire, used to keep people or animals in or out of a place \circ The fence was blown down. \circ The boys looked through the hole in the fence. \circ The builders put up a fence round the construction site. \diamond **to sit on the fence** to avoid giving a definite answer to a question or giving support to one particular side \circ He never takes sides – he just sits on the fence.

fencing /'fensin/ noun 1. material which makes a fence \circ The crowd surged forward and flattened the fencing around the football ground. 2. the sport of fighting with swords \circ Fencing is one of the sports in the pentathlon.

fend /fend/ (fends, fending, fended) verb \Box to fend for yourself to look after yourself \circ We went to Spain and left the children to fend for themselves.

fend off phrasal verb to push someone away \circ He spent the morning fending off newspaper reporters.

③ **fender** /'fendə/ noun 1. a low guard around a fireplace to stop coal or wood falling out into the room \circ *She sat by the fender, poking the fire.* 2. *US* a guard over the wheels of a car or bicycle, to prevent mud splashing \circ *She ran into a tree and bent a fender.*

feng shui /,fAŋ 'ʃweɪ/ noun a way of arranging buildings and the furniture in them to bring happiness and good luck, according to the principles of a Chinese system based on energy flow

ferment¹ /'f3:ment/ *noun* a disturbance or upset \circ *The university was in a ferment.* **ferment**² /f ϑ 'ment/ (**ferments, fermenting, fermented**) *verb* to change into alcohol by the effect of yeast on sugar \circ *Cider* has to ferment for at least ten weeks before it is ready to drink.

fern /f3:n/ noun a green plant with feathery leaves which does not have flowers or seeds

ferocious /fə'rəʊ∫əs/ adj wild and angry ○ a ferocious dog

ferocity /fə'rɒsɪti/ noun the fact of being fierce

ferret /'ferrt/ noun a small animal similar to a weasel, which is half-tamed and used to drive rabbits or rats from holes $\circ As$ boys we used to go rat-catching with ferrets.

③ **ferry** /'feri/ (*plural* **ferries**) noun a boat which carries cars and trucks or people across a stretch of water \circ *We are going to take the night ferry to Belgium.* \circ *There's a ferry across the Rhine here.*

fertile /'f3:tail/ adj **1**. ((of land)) able to produce good crops **2**. (of a female or an egg) able to produce young \circ The zoo hopes the female panda is fertile, so that she can have cubs. \circ The eagle laid several eggs but only two were fertile. **3**. producing many good ideas

fertilise /'f3:t3la12/ (fertilises, fertilising, fertilised), fertilize verb 1. to spread fertiliser on land \circ *The soil is poor and needs to be heavily fertilised.* 2. to join male and female cells together, so that a new animal or plant will be made \circ *The sheep was fertilised in the laboratory.*

(3) **fertiliser** /'f3:təlaızə/, **fertilizer** noun a chemical or organic material spread over the soil to make it richer and more able to produce crops

③ **fertility** /f3:'t1lti/ *noun* the fact of being fertile, or of being able to produce crops or young

fervour /ˈfɜːvə/ noun a strong enthusiasm (NOTE: The US spelling is fervor.)

fester /'festə/ (**festers**, **festering**, **festered**) verb **1**. (of a wound) to become infected \circ His legs were covered with festering sores. **2**. to become worse and more bitter \circ The resentment of the staff continued to fester.

(3) **festival** /'fest $IV(\partial)I/$ noun 1. a religious celebration which is celebrated at the same time each year and is usually a public holiday \circ The tour will visit Hong Kong for the Lantern Festival. 2. an event, often lasting several days, where entertainment is provided \circ We saw some excellent plays at the Edinburgh Festival this year.

festive /'festiv/ adj referring to a celebration **festoon** /fe'stu:n/ (**festoons**, **festooning**, **festooned**) verb to hang a place with decorations \circ The streets were festooned with flags.

(2) fetch $/\text{fet} \int /$ (fetches, fetching, fetched) verb to go to a place and bring someone or something back \circ *It's your turn to fetch the children from school.* \circ *Can you fetch me the atlas?*

fete /feit/, **fête** noun a small public event, usually in the open air, with stalls, sideshows and competitions $\circ I$ hope it doesn't rain for the village fête. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **fate**.)

fetish // fet I // noun **1**. a strong sexual interest in a certain object or material $\circ a$ rubber fetish **2**. a very strong interest in or liking for something

feud /fju:d/ noun a bitter quarrel \circ I don't want to get involved in their family feud. (NOTE: + feud v)

feudal /'f ju:d(ϑ)l/ *adj* referring to the feudal system

fever /'fi:və/ noun a state in which the body's temperature is higher than normal \circ *You must stay in bed until the fever goes down.*

feverish /'fi:vərı∫/ adj 1. suffering from fever ○ He felt feverish and took an aspirin.
2. nervously quick or excited ○ In a burst of feverish activity he finally finished writing the book on time.

① few /fju:/ adj (fewer, fewest), noun not many ○ She has very few friends at work. ○ We go to fewer concerts than last year. ◇ few and far between not very frequent ○ Trains are few and far between on Sundays.

fiancé /fɪ'bnset/, **fiancé** noun a man or woman who is engaged to be married \circ Her fiancé is a French lawyer. \circ He brought his fiancée to the party.

fiasco /fi'æskəu/ (plural fiascos) noun a total failure

fib /fib/ noun a lie about something unimportant (*informal*) \circ *That was a little fib, wasn't it?*

fibre /'faɪbə/ noun **1**. a small thread of material \circ From the fibres left at the scene of the murder, the police could work out what the murderer had been wearing. **2**. thin threads in foods such as vegetables and bread, which cannot be digested, but which helps food to pass through your body \circ You need to eat more fibre.

fibreglass /'faibəgla:s/ *noun* a material made from glass fibres, used to make boats and car bodies \circ *He's bought a new fibre*- *glass boat.* (NOTE: The US spelling is **fiber-glass**.)

fickle /'fIk(ə)l/ *adj* likely to change often; not steady

fiction /'ftk \int on/ noun novels \circ fiction writers such as Graham Greene \circ To find the latest novels you must look in the fiction section of the library.

fictional $/[f_1k] \ni n(\ni)]/$ adj **1.** (of a character) who exists in fiction $\circ Mr$ Pickwick, Sam Weller and other fictional characters from Dickens may have been based on real people. **2.** written as a novel \circ The book is a fictional account of a real murder. **fictitious** /f_1k't_1] \ni s/ adj not true or not real

(3) fiddle / f1d(\Rightarrow)l/ verb (fiddles, fiddling, fiddled) to keep information about money in a dishonest way \circ The company caught him fiddling his expense account. \circ She tried to fiddle her tax return. \blacksquare noun dishonest or illegal dealings (informal) \circ The whole thing's a fiddle to get money from the EU. \diamond on the fiddle trying to make money illegally

fiddly /'fidli/ adj small and awkward to use (informal)

fidelity /f1'del1ti/ noun 1. the fact of being faithful \circ He was rewarded for his fidelity to the president. 2. the quality of the sound produced by an electronic machine such as a CD player \circ a high fidelity CD player

fidget / fId3It/ (**fidgets, fidgeting, fidgeted**) verb to move all the time \circ After an hour he started to fidget in his seat. \circ Sit still and stop fidgeting!

① **field** /fi:ld/ noun **1**. a piece of ground on a farm, used for keeping animals or growing crops \circ a field of potatoes \circ The sheep are in the field. **2**. a piece of ground for playing a game \circ a football field \circ The two teams ran onto the field.

field day /'fixld dei/ noun a busy and exciting time

fielder /'fi:ldə/ *noun* a member of a cricket side which is not batting

field event // fi:ld I, vent/ *noun* a sport involving throwing or jumping, e.g. the high jump or the javelin

field marshal /,fi:ld 'mo: $\int(\Im)l/$ noun an officer of the highest rank in the army (NOTE: can be used as a title with a name: *Field Marshal Haig*)

field test /'firld test/ *noun* a test of a new piece of equipment in a real environment

field trip /'fi:ld trip/ noun a trip taken in order to study a subject

fieldwork

fieldwork /'fi:ldw3:k/ *noun* the practice of doing some work in a real environment as part of a course of study

fiend /fi:nd/ noun **1**. an evil person \circ the fiend who attacked the old lady **2**. a person who is very enthusiastic about something \circ He's a car fiend. \circ She's a health-food fiend.

fiendish /'findi \int / adj 1. very unpleasant 2. very difficult \circ You have to pass a fiendish exam to become an accountant.

fierce /f13s/ adj very angry and likely to attack \circ Watch out – that dog looks fierce. **fiercely** /'f13sli/ adv strongly \circ She is

fiercely independent. **fiery** /fai ari/ adj **1**. burning \circ a fiery chariot **2**. fierce or angry \circ She has a fiery temper.

(1) **fifteen** /f if 'ti:n/ noun the number 15

① **fifteenth** /fɪf'ti:n θ / adj relating to number 15 in a series ■ *noun* number 15 in a series

① **fifth** /fɪ θ / adj relating to number 5 in a series **■** noun **1**. number 5 in a series **2**. one part of five equal parts

① fiftieth /'fiftiəθ/ adj relating to number 50 in a series ■ noun number 50 in a series ① fifty /'fifti/ noun the number 50

fifty-fifty /₁fifti 'fifti/ adj, adv divided into two equal amounts

fig /fig/ noun the juicy sweet fruit of the fig tree \circ We sat under the tree and ate figs and goat's cheese.

(1) fight /fait/ noun 1. an occasion on which people try to hurt each other or knock each other down [~with/~between] o He got into a fight with boys who were bigger than him. \circ Fights broke out between the demonstrators and the police. \Box to pick a fight with someone to start a fight with someone 2. a situation in which people do everything they can to stop something from happening [~against/for] o a fight against the new developments **u** verb (fights, fighting, fought) 1. to be involved in a situation in which people try to hurt each other or knock each other down $\circ Ri$ val gangs fought in the street. 2. to do everything you can try to stop something from happening \circ We are committed to fighting *crime.* \circ *Doctors are fighting to control the* disease.

fight off *phrasal verb* to get rid of an attacker or an illness

(3) **fighter** / t faɪtə/ noun 1. a person who fights \circ The referee stopped the fight when one of the fighters had a cut eye. 2. a person who is strong \circ She's a real fighter – she'll pull through this illness. **3.** a fast attacking aircraft \circ Two fighters went up to attack the enemy bombers.

figment /'figmont/ noun
a figment of someone's imagination something which a person has imagined but which is not real

figurative /figsrətiv/ adj 1. (of art) which shows something as it really is \circ *He's a well-known figurative artist.* 2. which is not the literal meaning of a word \circ *Calling him a 'lump of jelly' was a figurative use of the phrase.* \circ *You didn't mean that literally, did you? – No, I was speaking in a figurative sense.*

(1) figure /'f1gə/ noun 1. a written number, e.g. $35 \circ I$ can't read the figure on the order - is it 250? \circ He added up the figures on the bill. \circ Cheques have to be made out in both words and figures. b double, single 2. the shape of a person \circ the figures at the front of the painting \circ We could see some figures through the mist. • verb (figures, figuring, figured) especially US to consider or think something $[~(that)/] \circ We figured$ that you'd be late because of the show. $\circ I$ figure the costs will be high.
□ to figure on **doing something** to plan to do something • Had you figured on being there before *two o'clock?* \diamond **that figures** that makes sense (informal)

figure out phrasal verb to try to think of an answer to a problem \circ Try to figure out the answer yourself, instead of asking someone else.

figurehead /'f1g3hed/ noun a person who seems important but who has no real power \circ The President is just a figurehead; the Minister of the Interior has the real power.

(1) file /fail/ noun 1. a metal tool used for making rough surfaces smooth \circ Use a file to round off the edges of the metal. 2. a set of records or information about something or someone [~on] \circ *The police have a file* on him. 3. a container similar to an envelope, used for keeping documents in o When you have finished with the papers, put them back in the file. 4. a set of information held in a computer o *Type the name* of the file and then press 'enter'. 5. a line of people **in single file** one standing behind the other \circ *The children entered the hall in* single file. ■ verb (files, filing, filed) 1. to put papers away in a file o File that letter under SALES. 2. to walk in a line [~in/out/past/through etc] o They filed past the place where the boy had been shot. 3. to

make an official request or complaint **4.** to smooth a surface with a file \circ *File down the rough edges.*

file extension /'fail ik,stenʃən/ noun the second part of a computer file name,e.g. '.doc', which shows what type of file it is.

filing cabinet /'faɪlıŋ ,kæbɪnət/ *noun* a piece of office furniture; a tall box with drawers for putting files in

filings /'faɪlıŋz/ plural noun small pieces of metal removed by using a file \circ You can demonstrate magnetic fields with iron filings and a magnet.

① fill /fil/ (fills, filling, filled) verb to make something full; to become full \circ He filled the bottle with water. \circ She was filling the boxes with presents. \circ The bucket filled slowly.

fill in phrasal verb 1. to fill up a hole \circ He dug a hole in the garden, put the box inside, and then filled it in. 2. to write in the empty spaces on a form \circ Just fill in your name and address. \circ To win the prize you have to fill in the missing words. 3. \Box to fill in for someone to do something which someone else normally does but cannot do \circ I'm filling in for the manager who is on holiday. 4. \Box to fill someone in on something to tell or to inform someone about something (informal) \circ Just fill me in on what happened at the meeting.

fill out phrasal verb 1. to write in all the empty spaces on a form \circ Could you please fill out this form? 2. (of a person) to become less thin

fill up phrasal verb 1. to make something completely full; to become completely full \circ He filled the bottle up with fresh water. 2. US to write in all the empty spaces on a form \circ Fill up the form and send it back to this address.

fillet / fIllt/ noun 1. a piece of good-quality meat, with no bones \circ She bought a fillet of lamb. 2. a piece of fish from which the bones have been removed \circ We ordered fried fillet of sole. • verb (fillets, filleting, filleted) to remove the bones from a fish \circ Ask the fishmonger to fillet the fish for you.

filling / filin/ noun **1**. metal put into a hole in your tooth by a dentist \circ *I* had to go to the dentist because one of my fillings came out. **2**. food used to put into something such as a sandwich or cake \circ a cake with a jam filling

① film /film/ noun 1. moving pictures shown at a cinema or on TV \circ Have you seen this old Laurel and Hardy film? \circ

We've seen the film already on TV. 2. a roll of material which you put into a camera to take photographs or to record moving pictures \circ I must buy another film before the wedding. \circ Do you want a colour film or a black and white one? 3. a thin layer of something [~of] \circ A film of moisture formed on the cold metal surface. \circ Everywhere was covered with a film of dust. \circ A film of grease had formed on the walls around the oven. \blacksquare verb (films, filming, filmed) to take pictures of something or someone with a camera \circ Security cameras filmed him robbing the bank. \circ 'Star Wars' was filmed in 1977.

filming /'fɪlmɪŋ/ *noun* the action of making a film

film-maker /'film ,meikə/ noun a person who makes films

③ **film star** /'fɪlm stɑː/ noun a wellknown film actor or actress

filter / filt ∂ / noun 1. a piece of equipment or material through which liquids or air can pass in order to remove any substances which are not wanted \circ *The filters in the swimming pool have to be cleaned regularly*. 2. a piece of glass on a camera which allows only certain colours or levels of light to pass through \circ *I use an orange filter to give a warm colour to the picture*. 3. material at the end of a cigarette, used to remove nicotine

filth /f1 θ / noun **1.** dirt \circ They were horrified at the filth in the streets. **2.** offensive words or pictures, especially because they deal with sex in an unpleasant way (informal) \circ I don't want you to read any more of this filth.

③ **filthy** /'fɪlθi/ adj very dirty \circ Your hands are absolutely filthy!

fin /fin/ noun a thin part on the body of a fish which sticks out and helps it to swim \circ From the beach they could see a shark's fin in the sea.

① final /'faın(ə)l/ adj last; coming at the end \circ This is your final warning – if your work doesn't improve you will have to go. \circ The competition is in its final stages. noun the last competition in a series between several teams or competitors \circ I thought they would win a couple of rounds, but I never imagined they would get to the final.

finale /fɪ'nɑ:li/ *noun* the last part of a piece of music or of a show

finalise /'faməlaiz/ (finalises, finalising, finalised), finalize (finalizes, finaliz-

finalist

ing, finalized) verb to finish making plans for something

finalist /'fain(ə)list/ *noun* a person taking part in the final of a competition

finally /'fain(ə)li/ adv at last; in the end
 The police finally cleared up the mystery.
 The little boy finally turned up in Edinburgh.

(2) **finance** /'famæns/ noun money, especially money which belongs to the public or to a company \circ How are you going to raise the finance for the project? \circ My finances are in a poor state at the moment. werb (finances, financing, financed) to provide money for something \circ How are you going to finance your course at university if you don't have a grant? \circ The redevelopment of the city centre is being financed locally.

① **financial** /faɪ'næn $\int \partial l$ / adj relating to money \circ What is our financial position? \circ The company has got into financial difficulties.

financial year /fai,næn $\int \exists 'ji \exists / noun$ the 12-month period for which accounts are calculated

financier /fai'nænsiə/ noun a person who deals with money on a large scale

finch /fint $\int /noun$ a small seed-eating bird () find /faind/ (finds, finding, found) verb 1. to see where something hidden or lost is after looking for it \circ 1 found a £2 coin behind the sofa. \circ Did she find the book she was looking for? 2. to discover something which was not known before [~(that]) \circ No one has found a cure for the common cold yet. \circ She found that she was allergic to tomatoes.

find out phrasal verb to discover information $\circ I$ found out something very interesting last night. \circ Where can I find out about my family's history?

② findings /'famdingz/ plural noun 1. facts discovered \circ The two companies signed an agreement to share their research findings. 2. actions which someone suggests should be done \circ The findings of the committee of inquiry will be published next week.

① fine /fain/ adj (finer, finest) 1. (of the weather) dry and sunny \circ We'll go for a walk tomorrow if the weather stays fine. \circ Let's hope it's fine for the village fair next week. 2. healthy $\circ I$ was ill in bed yesterday, but today I'm feeling fine. 3. with no problems \circ How are things at home? – Fine! 4. acceptable $\circ II's$ fine to wear casual clothes for this meeting. 5. very thin or very small \circ Use a sharp pencil if you want to draw fine lines. \circ I can't read the notice – the print is too fine. \blacksquare adv satisfactorily or well \circ It's working fine. \blacksquare noun money which you have to pay as a punishment for having done something wrong \circ I had to pay a £25 fine for parking in a No Parking area. \circ He was found guilty of embezzlement and got off with a fine. \blacksquare verb (fines, fining, fined) to make someone pay money as a punishment for having done something wrong \circ He was fined £25 for parking on double yellow lines.

fine art /₁fain 'a:t/ noun art such as painting or sculpture

finely /'fain(ϑ)li/ adv **1**. in very small pieces \circ Cook some finely chopped onions in a little butter. **2**. in a beautiful and delicate way \circ She bought some finely carved ivory figures.

finesse/f1'nes/ *noun* skill in dealing with awkward situations

fine-tune /fain 'tju:n/ (fine-tunes, finetuning, fine-tuned) verb 1. to make changes to the way an engine works, in order to improve its performance 2. to get something just right

① finger /'fingə/ noun 1. one of the parts at the end of your hand, sometimes not including the thumb \circ He wears a ring on his little finger. \circ He pressed the button with his finger. 2. one of the parts of a glove that cover the fingers \circ I must mend my glove – there's a hole in one of the fingers. \circ Gloves without fingers are called 'mittens'. 3. a piece of food shaped like a finger \circ a box of chocolate fingers \diamond to keep your fingers crossed to hope that something will happen as you want it to happen \circ Have you heard the exam results yet? – No, but I'm keeping my fingers crossed.

fingernail /'fɪŋgəneɪl/ *noun* the hard thin part covering the end of a finger

fingerprint /'fingəprint/ noun a mark left by a finger when you touch something fingertip /'fingətip/ noun the end of the finger D to have information at your fingertips to know all about something

finicky /'fɪnɪki/ *adj* **1**. (*of a person*) too concerned with details **2**. (*of an object*) too detailed

finish /'fini∫/ (finishes, finishing, finished) verb 1. to do something completely

 Haven't you finished your homework
 yet? ○ Tell me when you've finished read ing the paper. ○ You can't go out until
 you've finished doing the washing up. 2. to

come to an end \circ *The game will finish at about four o'clock.*

finish off *phrasal verb* to do something completely

finish up phrasal verb 1. to be somewhere in the end \circ We got lost and finished up miles from our hotel. 2. to eat something completely \circ You must finish up all your vegetables.

finish with phrasal verb to finish using something

finite /'fainait/ adj with an end; with a limit \circ *The world's coal resources are finite and are forecast to run out soon.*

fir /f3:/ noun \Box **fir tree** a tree with needleshaped leaves \circ *Fir trees are often used as Christmas trees.*

(1) fire /faiə/ noun 1. something which is burning and gives off heat o They burnt the dead leaves on a fire in the garden. \Box to catch fire to start to burn because of something else which is burning o The office block caught fire. \circ Take those papers away – they might catch fire. \Box to set fire to something to make something start burning \circ His cigarette set fire to the carpet. 2. something which heats o We have an electric fire in the living room. 3. an emergency in which something such as a building burns o They lost all their belongings in the fire. 4. shooting with guns \circ The soldiers came under fire. ■ verb (fires, firing, **fired**) **1.** to shoot a gun [~at/on/upon] \circ *The* gunmen fired at the police car. 2. to tell someone that they must leave their job because of something wrong they have done \circ She was fired for being late. \diamond on fire burning \circ *Call the fire brigade – the house* is on fire!

fire away phrasal verb to ask someone questions (informal)

(3) **fire alarm** / faiər ə, lɑ:m/ noun a bell or siren which gives a warning that a fire has started

(3) **fire brigade** /'fa1ə br1,ge1d/ noun a public service organisation for preventing or putting out fires

firecracker /'faɪəkrækə/ *noun* a small tube containing chemicals which explode with a loud noise and bright lights when you light it

fire drill /'faiə dril/ *noun* a practice to escape from a burning building

fired-up /,faiəd 'Ap/ adj feeling very excited or eager to do something

③ **fire engine** /'faɪər ,endʒɪn/ *noun* the large red truck used by firefighters, together with all the equipment they need

fire escape /'faIər I,skeIp/ *noun* stairs or a ladder which can be used by people to get out of burning buildings

fire extinguisher /'farər ık₁stıŋgwıJə/ noun a large metal container, usually painted red, containing chemicals which can be sprayed on to a fire to put it out

firefighter /'faɪə,faɪtə/ noun someone whose job is to put out fires and save people from dangerous situations (NOTE: + **firefighting** *n*)

firefly /'faɪəflaɪ/ (*plural* **fireflies**) *noun* a type of little insect which glows in the dark **fire hydrant** /'faɪə ,haɪdrənt/ *noun* a large pipe in a street which provides water for fighting fires

firelight / farəlatt/ noun the light which a fire makes

fireplace /'faiəpleis/ *noun* a hole in the wall of a room where you can light a fire for heating

fireproof /'farəpru:f/ adj which will not burn

fire service /'faIə, s3IVIS/ *noun* the organisation that deals with fires and other emergency situations

fireside /'faiəsaid/ *noun* the area around a fireplace in a room

(3) fire station /'faiə ,stei $\int(\partial)n/n \partial n$ a centre where fire engines are based

firewall /'faiəwo:l/ noun a piece of software that prevents unauthorised people from getting access to a computer system

firewood /'faiəwud/ noun wood for making fires

(3) **firework** /'faɪəw3:k/ noun a small tube holding chemicals which will shine brightly or explode when lit

firing squad /'farərıŋ skwpd/ *noun* a group of soldiers who kill someone by shooting

① firm /f3:m/ adj 1. solid or fixed \circ Make sure that the ladder is firm before you climb up. \circ My back hurts – I think I need a firmer mattress. 2. strong and definite \circ There is no firm evidence that he stole the money. \circ She is a firm believer in hard work. ■ noun a business or company \circ When he retired, the firm presented him with a watch. \circ The firm I work for was taken over last year.

firmly /'f3:mli/ adv in a firm way

firmness /'f3:mnəs/ noun 1. the quality of being strong or firm 2. determination

① **first** /f \exists st / noun number 1 in a series \circ Our house is the first on the left. \blacksquare adj relating to number 1 in a series \circ That was the

first aid

first time I ever saw him. (NOTE: As a number can be written 1st.) \blacksquare adv 1. at the beginning \circ She came first in the exam. 2. before doing anything else \circ Wash your hands first, and then you can eat. \diamond at first at the beginning \circ At first he didn't like the work, but later he got used to it. \diamond first come, first served dealing with things such as requests in the order in which they are received \circ Applications will be dealt with on a first come, first served basis.

③ **first aid** / f3:st 'e1d/ noun the help given to a person who is hurt before a doctor or the emergency services arrive

first aid kit /,f3:st 'eId ,kIt/ *noun* a box with bandages and dressings kept to be used in an emergency

first class noun travel in the most expensive seats on a train or plane \circ First class is always much more comfortable than tourist or business class.

first-class /₁f3:st 'klu:s/ adj **1**. very good quality \circ You can get a first-class meal in that hotel. **2**. using the most expensive seats on a plane or train \circ Can I have a first-class return to Paris, please?

first cousin /f3:st ' $k_{\Lambda Z}(a)n/$ noun someone who is the child of your uncle or aunt

first-degree burn / f3:st d1,gri: 'b3:n/ adj the least serious type of burn

first-degree murder /,f31st dI,gri: 'm3:də/ *noun* in the USA, the most serious type of murder

firsthand /'f3:sthænd/ *adj* which comes directly from someone who has experienced something \circ *We have some firsthand reports of the coup from our reporter in the capital.*

first language /f3:st 'læŋgwidʒ/ noun **1.** the first language that you learn to speak **2.** a country's main language

2 firstly /'f3:stli/ adv to start with

③ first name /'f3:st neim/ noun someone's personal name, as opposed to their surname or family name

first-rate / f31st 'reit/ adj excellent

fiscal /'fiskəl/ *adj* referring to tax or to government revenues

① **fish** $/f_{IJ}/$ noun (plural same or **fishes**) an animal which lives in water and swims; it has fins and no legs, $\circ I$ sat by the river all day and only caught two little fish. **u** verb (**fishes**, **fishing**, **fished**) to try to catch a fish \circ We often go fishing in the lake. \circ They fished all day but didn't catch anything. (3) **fishing** /'f1 \int 1ŋ/ *noun* the sport or industry of catching fish

fishing rod /'fɪʃɪŋ rɒd/ *noun* a long stick with a line attached, used for fishing

fishmonger /'fɪʃmʌŋgə/ *noun* a person who sells fish in a shop

fishy /'f1 \int i/ adj **1**. like a fish \circ These eggs have a fishy taste. **2**. strange or unusual \circ There's something fishy about the whole business. \circ What was she doing there at 2 \circ 'clock in the morning? – It's very fishy if you ask me.

fissure /'fɪʃə/ *noun* a crack or split, especially in a rock or in the ground

fist /fist/ noun a tightly closed hand

(1) fit /fit/ adj (fitter, fittest) 1. healthy and having a lot of physical energy \circ He isn't fit enough to go back to work. • You'll have to get fit if you're going to run in that race. 2. suitable for something o These containers aren't fit for the purpose. \Box fit to do something in good enough condition to do something o That car isn't fit to be driven - its brakes don't work and the tyres are worn. \circ He looks very tired – is he fit to *drive?* • *noun* a sudden sharp occurrence of illness, of an emotion such as anger, or of activity [~of] \circ She had a coughing fit or a fit of coughing. \circ In a fit of anger he threw the plate across the kitchen. • She's having one of her periodic fits of efficiency. • verb (fits, fitting, fitted) to be the right size or shape [~into/~with/] \circ He's grown so tall that his jackets don't fit him any more.

 \circ These shoes don't fit me – they're a size too small.

fitful /'fɪtf(ə)l/ *adj* happening several times, but only for short periods of time

(3) **fitness** /'f1tnəs/ noun 1. being physically fit ○ She does fitness exercises every morning. ○ Physical fitness is important in the marines. 2. being suitable [~for] ○ Doubts were expressed about her fitness for the job.

③ **fitted** /'fɪtɪd/ *adj* made to fit into a certain space

fitting /'fitin/ adj suitable; right \circ It's fitting that grandmother should sit at the head of the table – it's her birthday party, after all.

fitting room /'fitin ru:m/ noun a small room in a shop where you can try on clothes before you buy them

1) five /faiv/ noun the number 5

fiver /'faivə/ noun a five pound note (informal)

() fix /f1ks/ (fixes, fixing, fixed) verb 1. to fasten or to attach one thing to another \circ

Fix one end of the cord to the tree and the other to the fence. **2.** to organise a time for something such as a meeting \circ We'll try to fix a time for the meeting. **3.** to repair something \circ Someone's coming to fix the telephone this afternoon. \circ Can you fix the dishwasher? \circ Does anyone know how to fix the photocopier? **4.** US to prepare a drink or some food for someon \circ Let me fix you something to drink. \circ She fixed them some tuna sandwiches.

fixation $/f_1k'se_1(a)n/$ noun a state of only thinking about one thing

③ **fixed** /f1kst/ adj attached firmly \circ The sign is fixed to the post with nails.

fixture /'f1kst $\int \partial /$ noun a sports match \circ Their next fixture is against Liverpool on Saturday. \circ Season ticket holders are sent a list of fixtures at the beginning of the season.

fizz /fIZ/ noun a sound like that made by bubbles \circ the fizz of the rocket as it went up into the air

fizzle $/^{t}fiz(a)l/$ (**fizzles**, **fizzling**, **fizzled**) *verb* **1**. to make a hissing sound **2**. to gradually become less strong or successful after a good start

fizzle out *phrasal verb* to come to nothing **fizzy** /'fızi/ *adj* full of small balls of gas (NOTE: Drinks which are not fizzy are **still**. A drink which is no longer fizzy is **flat**.)

fjord /'fito:d/, **fiord** *noun* a long arm of the sea among mountains in Norway

flab /flæb/ noun excess flesh on your body (informal)

flabbergasted /'flæbəgɑːstɪd/ adj extremely surprised (informal)

flabby /'flæbi/ (flabbier, flabbiest) adj soft and fat (*informal*)

flag /flæg/ noun a piece of brightly coloured material with the symbol of a country or an organisation on it \circ *The French flag has blue, red and white stripes.* \circ *The ship was flying the British flag.* \circ *The flags were blowing in the wind.*

flagpole /'flægpəʊl/, **flagstaff** noun a tall pole on which large flags are flown

flagrant /'fleigrant/ adj clear, obvious and shocking

flagship / \overline{f} læg \int Ip/ noun the most important or best thing in a group \circ the flagship of the range \circ the company's flagship store

flail /fleil/ (**flails, flailing, flailed**) verb to wave your arms about \circ *He lay on his back flailing with his arms at his opponent.*

flair /fleə/ noun a natural ability for doing something, especially in a skilful or inter-

esting way [~for] \circ She has a distinct flair for dress design. \circ He has a flair for languages. (NOTE: Do not confuse with flare.)

flak /flæk/ noun strong criticism \circ The play has taken a lot of flak from the reviewers. \circ He came in for a lot of flak for missing the penalty.

flake /fle1k/ noun **1**. a small, very thin piece of something \circ *The paint came off in little flakes*. **2**. a small piece of snow which falls from the sky \circ *Snow fell in large soft flakes all night*.

flaky /'fle1ki/ *adj* **1**. made up of thin loose pieces **2**. not sensible or reliable

flamboyant /flæm'bɔiənt/ *adj* very noticeable and unusual in a way that attracts attention

flame /fleIm/ noun a brightly burning part of a fire, or the light that burns on a candle \circ Flames could be seen coming out of the upstairs windows.

flamenco /flə'meŋkəʊ/ noun a fast Spanish dance, to guitar music

flamingo /flə'mıŋgəʊ/ (*plural* **flamingos** or **flamingoes** or *same*) *noun* a tropical water bird with long legs and neck, often with pink feathers

flammable /'flæməb(ə)l/ adj easily set on fire (NOTE: means the same as inflammable)

flan /flæn/ *noun* an open pastry case with a filling of food such as eggs and fruit

flank/flænk/ noun a side, especially of an animal or of an army \circ He patted the horse's flank. \circ The right flank of the army moved forward.

flannel /'flæn(\ni)l/ *noun* a small square of soft material for washing the face or body \circ *He put his flannel under the hot tap and wiped his face.*

flap /flæp/ noun a flat part which is attached to an object and has a special type of fastening allowing it to move up and down \circ The pilot tested the wing flaps before taking off. \blacksquare verb (flaps, flapping, flapped) to move up and down like a bird's wing \circ Flags were flapping in the breeze. \circ The swans stood by the edge of the water, flapping their wings.

③ **flare** /fleə/ noun an object which gives a sudden burst of light, especially as a signal \circ The lifeboat sent up flares. \circ We knew the ship was in distress when we saw the flares.

flare up *phrasal verb* **1.** to suddenly start burning \circ *The bonfire flared up when he poured petrol on it.* \circ *The flames died down and then flared up again.* **2.** to get angry suddenly \circ She flared up when he suggested it was her fault.

flared /fleəd/ *adj* with a shape that becomes wider at one end

flare-up /'fleər Ap/ noun a sudden return, sudden beginning (*informal*)

③ **flash** /flæʃ/ noun **1**. a short sudden burst of light ○ Flashes of lightning lit up the sky. **2**. a piece of equipment used for making a bright light, allowing you to take photographs in the dark ○ People sometimes have red eyes in photos taken with a flash. ■ verb (**flashes**, **flashing**, **flashed**) **1**. to light up quickly and suddenly [-across/through/into] ○ Lightning flashed over the hills. **2**. to move or to pass by quickly [-across/by/on/past] ○ The champion flashed past to win in record time.

flashback /'flæʃbæk/ *noun* a scene in a film, showing what happened at an earlier date

flashcard /'flæʃkɑːd/ *noun* a card that has words or numbers printed on it, used to help someone to learn something

flash flood /flæ∫ 'flʌd/ noun a sudden flood after heavy rain

③ **flashlight** /'flæʃlaɪt/ *noun* a torch; a small electric light that you can carry

flashpoint / 'flæʃpɔɪnt/ noun the stage in something such as a process or situation at which violence or some other serious problem is likely to develop

flashy /'fl $\mathfrak{a}\mathfrak{f}i$ / (flashier, flashiest) *adj* showy and bright but of poor quality

flask /flask/ noun a small glass bottle for liquids

(2) **flat** /flæt/ *adj* (**flatter**, **flattest**) **1**. level, not sloping or curved \circ *a house with a flat roof* **2**. (*of a battery*) with no electric power left \circ *The car wouldn't start because the battery was flat.* **•** *noun* a set of rooms on one floor, usually in a building with several similar sets of rooms \circ *They live in the block of flats next to the underground station.* \circ *Their flat is on the ground floor.*

flatly /'flætli/ adv in a firm way

flat-mate /'flæt meɪt/ noun a person who shares a flat with you

flat-pack /'flæt pæk/ noun furniture which is sold as a set of pieces packed flat for the customer to put it together

flatten /'flæt(ə)n/ (flattens, flattening, flattened) verb to make flat

flatter /'flætə/ (flatters, flattering, flattered) verb to praise in order to please them \circ Just flatter the boss a bit, tell him how good his golf is, and he'll give you a rise.

flattered /'flætəd/ adj feeling honoured flattery /'flætəri/ noun praising someone too much

flaunt /flo:nt/ (**flaunts, flaunting, flaunt-ed**) *verb* to show something in a deliberate way because you want to attract people's attention

flautist /'flortist/ noun a person who plays the flute

flavor /'fleivə/ noun, verb US spelling of flavour

flavour / fleivə/ noun a particular taste \circ The tomato soup had an unusual flavour. \circ What flavour of ice cream do you want? verb (flavours, flavouring, flavoured) to add things such as salt or pepper to food, to give it a special taste \circ soup flavoured with herbs \circ Use rosemary to flavour lamb.

flavoured /'fleivəd/ adj which tastes of something (NOTE: The US spelling is flavored.)

flavouring //fleivəriŋ/ *noun* a substance added to food to give a particular taste (NOTE: The US spelling is **flavoring**.)

flaw /flo:/ noun 1. a fault in something which makes it appear less attractive or causes a problem \circ The expert examined the Chinese vase, looking for flaws. \circ There must be a flaw in the computer program. 2. a mistake in an argument \circ There's a flaw in your reasoning. \circ There was a fundamental flaw in their calculations.

flawed /flord/ adj with mistakes

flawless /'floxlos/ adj perfect

flea /fli:/ noun a very small insect that jumps and sucks blood (NOTE: Do not confuse with **flee**.)

flea market /'fli: ,mɑ:kɪt/ *noun* an openair market for objects which have been owned by other people

fleck /flek/ noun a small spot \circ She tried to brush the flecks of powder off her dress. \circ He had flecks of plaster in his hair.

flecked /flekt/ *adj* marked with a pattern of small stripes or spots

fled /fled/ past tense and past participle of **flee**

flee /fli:/ (**flees**, **fleeing**, **fled**) verb to run away from something \circ As the fighting spread, the village people fled into the jungle. \circ She tried to flee but her foot was caught in the rope. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **flea**.)

fleece /flits/ noun a coat of wool covering a sheep \circ After shearing, the fleeces are taken away to market.

fleet /flitt/ noun 1. a group of ships belonging together \circ When the fleet is in port, the pubs are full of sailors. 2. a collection of vehicles \circ the airline's fleet of Boeing 747s \circ The company replaces its car fleet or fleet of cars every two years.

fleeting / 'flittn/ adj lasting for a very short time only \circ She only caught a fleeting glimpse of the princess.

③ **flesh** /fle $\int / noun \mathbf{1}$. a soft part of the body covering the bones $\mathbf{2}$. a soft part of a fruit $\circ a$ melon with pink flesh (NOTE: no plural) \diamond in the flesh not on TV or in photographs, but here and now $\circ I$ was strange to see the TV newsreader in the flesh.

fleshy /'flesi/ adj fat or soft and thick

3 flew/flu:/past tense of fly (NOTE: Do not confuse with flu, flue.)

flex /fleks/ noun a plastic covered wire that bends easily, used for carrying electricity \circ He tripped over a flex. \circ We bought a roll of flex to rewire the office. \blacksquare verb (flexes, flexing, flexed) to bend something, or be bent

(3) **flexibility** /,fleksi'biliti/ *noun* the ability to change when your situation changes

flexible /'fleks1b(\ni)l/ adj **1**. easy to bend \circ Soft rubber soles are very flexible. **2**. able to change easily \circ My timetable is very flexible – we can meet whenever you want. **flick** /fl1k/ noun a little sharp blow or movement (informal) \circ He shook off the wasp with a flick of his hand. **•** verb (**flicks**, **flicking**, **flicked**) to hit or move something gently, with a short quick movement \circ The horse flicked its tail to get rid of the flies.

flick through *phrasal verb* to look quickly at the pages of a newspaper or book

flicker /'flik ∂ / noun 1. a movement of something such as a light which seems to shake or to burn for only a short time \circ They saw the flicker of a light in the forest. 2. a small amount \circ There is still a flicker of hope that someone may still be alive under the ruins. \blacksquare verb (flickers, flickering, flickered) to shake; to burn unsteadily \circ The candles flickered in the draught. \circ We could see the flickering lights of the old harbour in the distance.

flier /'flaıə/, flyer noun another spelling of flyer

③ flies /fla1z/ 3rd person singular present of fly

② **flight** /flatt/ noun a journey in a plane ○ Go to gate 25 for flight AB198. ○ All flights to Paris have been cancelled. ○ She sat next to me on a flight to Montreal. flight attendant / 'flaɪt ə,tendənt/ noun a person whose job is to look after passengers on a plane

flimsy *l'*flimzi*l adj* likely to break because of being badly made \circ *The shelter was a flimsy construction of branches covered with grass and leaves.*

flinch /flint f/ (flinches, flinching, flinched) verb to move back in pain or fear \circ The reporters flinched at the sight of the corpses. \diamond not to flinch from to do something, even though it is extremely difficult or painful \circ He didn't flinch from his duty. fling fling fling fling hurd verb to

fling /fling/ (flings, flinging, flung) verb to throw something carelessly and with a lot of force \circ *He flung the empty bottle into the sea.*

flint /flint/ noun a very hard type of rock which was used to make tools in the past \circ *Flints are found in chalky soil.* \circ *Prehistoric people used flints to make knives.*

flip /flip/(flips, flipping, flipped) verb 1. to hit something such as a control on a machine without using a lot of force \circ *She flipped a switch and the lights went off.* 2. to get very angry (*informal*) \circ *He flipped when they told him how much the bill came to*.

flipchart /'fliptfo:t/ noun a stand with large sheets of paper fixed together at the top, used for showing pictures or writing when speaking to a group of people

flippant / flippant / adj not taking seriously things which should be taken seriously

flipper /'flipə/ noun **1**. a long flat piece of rubber which you can attach to your foot to help you swim faster \circ You need flippers and a snorkel to go scuba diving. **2**. the flat arm or leg of a sea animal, used for swimming \circ The seal walked across the rock on its flippers.

flip side /'flip said/ *noun* the side of a record which has the less popular piece of music on it

flirt /fl3tt/ noun a man or woman who often behaves in a way that shows sexual interest towards another person \circ *His new* secretary is a bit of a flirt. • verb (flirts, flirting, flirted) to behave in a way that shows sexual interest towards another person \circ *He flirted a lot at the office party.*

flirt with phrasal verb 1. to behave in a way that shows sexual interest towards another person \circ She flirted with all the boys at the party. 2. to consider a course of action in a way that is not serious \circ We've been flirting with the idea of going to live in the States. 3. to be close to

flirtation

flirtation /fl3:'te1 $\int(\partial)n$ / noun a love affair which is not serious and lasts for only a short time

flit/flit/(flits, flitting, flitted) verb to move quickly and quietly $\circ A$ thought flitted through my mind. \circ Bats were flitting around the church tower.

③ **float** /fləut/ (**floats**, **floating**, **floated**) verb **1**. to lie on the top of a liquid [~on/in] ○ Dead fish were floating in the river. **2**. to put something on the top of a liquid [~on] ○ He floated a paper boat on the lake. **3**. to stay in the air without any effort [~in] ○ little white clouds floating in the sky

flock /flok/ noun a group of similar animals together \circ a flock of birds \circ A flock of sheep were grazing on the hillside. (NOTE: **flock** is usually used with sheep, goats, and birds such as hens or geese. For cattle, the word to use is herd.) **u** verb (flocks, flocking, flocked) to move in large numbers \circ *Tourists flocked to see the changing of the* guard. \circ Holidaymakers have been flocking to the resorts on the south coast.

flog /flog/ (**flogs**, **flogging**, **flogged**) verb **1**. to sell (*informal*) \circ *I* flogged my car to my brother. \circ *They* ve been trying to flog the boat for months. **2**. to beat hard, usually with a whip \circ When he was a little boy he was often flogged at school.

flogging /'flogin/ *noun* the act of beating someone as a punishment

(3) flood /flAd/ noun 1. a large amount of water over an area of land which is usually dry \circ The floods were caused by heavy rain. 2. a large amount of something, e.g. tears or letters [~of] o The TV station received a flood of complaints after the ad was shown. \circ She was in floods of tears when they told her that she had to leave her house. verb (floods, flooding, flooded) **1.** to cover something with water \circ *They* are going to build a dam and flood the valley. \circ Fields were flooded after the river burst its banks. \circ He forgot to turn the tap off and flooded the bathroom. 2. to become covered with water [~in/out/down etc/~into/out of/across etc/] o She left the tap on and the bathroom flooded. 3. to come in large numbers [~with] \circ The office was flooded with complaints.

flooding /'flAdIŋ/ noun a situation in which an area is covered with water

floodlight /'flAdlatt/ noun a strong electric light used to light an area in the open air \circ They switched on the floodlights for the evening match.

floodlit /'flAdlIt/ adj lit by floodlights

① **floor** /flo:/ noun 1. the part of a room on which you walk \circ He put the books in a pile on the floor. \circ If there are no empty chairs left, you'll have to sit on the floor. 2. all the rooms on one level in a building \circ The bathroom is on the ground floor. \circ His office is on the fifth floor. \circ There is a good view of the town from the top floor.

floorboard /'flo:bb:d/ noun a long flat piece of wood used for making wooden floors

flooring /'flo:rin/ noun material used to make a floor

flop /flop/ noun something that is not successful \circ His new play was a complete flop and closed after only ten performances. \circ The film was a big hit in New York but it was a flop in London. • verb (flops, flopping, flopped) 1. to fall or sit down suddenly, with your body relaxed \circ She got back from the sales and flopped down on the sofa. 2. to be unsuccessful \circ The play was a big hit on Broadway but it flopped in London.

floppy /'flopi/ (**floppier**, **floppiest**) *adj* which hangs down loosely \circ *a floppy red hat* \circ *a white rabbit with long floppy ears*

③ **floppy disk** /,flopi 'disk/ *noun* a small disk which can be put into a computer and removed

flora /'flo:rə/ (plural floras or florae) noun the wild plants that grow in a particular area. Compare fauna

floral /'flo:rol/ adj referring to flowers

florist / florist/ noun a person who sells flowers

flotation /flou'tei $\int(\partial)n/noun$ an act of selling shares in a company on the stock exchange for the first time

(3) **flour** /flauə/ noun wheat grain crushed to powder, used for making food such as bread or cakes

flourish /'flAr1 \int / (flourishes, flourishing, flourished) verb 1. to grow well; to be successful \circ Palms flourish in hot countries. 2. to wave something in the air \circ She came in with a big smile, flourishing a cheque.

flout /flaut/ (flouts, flouting, flouted) *verb* to pay no attention to something such as a rule

(2) **flow** /flou/ verb (flows, flowing, flowed) to move along smoothly [~into//] ○ *Traffic on the motorway is flowing smooth*-

ly. \circ The river flows into the sea. \blacksquare noun the movement of things such as liquid or air, or of people [\sim of] \circ She tried to stop the flow of blood with a tight bandage. \circ There was a steady flow of visitors to the exhibition. (NOTE: Do not confuse with floe.)

flow chart /'flou t fort/, flow diagram noun a drawing which shows all the different operations in a process

② **flower** /'flauə/ noun the colourful part of a plant, which attracts insects and produces fruit or seeds \circ a plant with bright yellow flowers **u** verb (flowers, flowering, flowered) to produce flowers \circ a plant which flowers in early summer \circ The cherry trees flowered very late this year. \diamond in flower covered with flowers \circ Go to Japan when the cherry trees are in flower.

flowerbed /'flauəbed/ noun a piece of ground where flowers grow

flowery /'flauəri/ adj **1**. decorated with a pattern of flowers \circ a flowery dress \circ She chose some very flowery wallpaper. **2**. using literary or emotional language \circ He wrote the most flowery thank-you letter. (NOTE: Do not confuse with floury.)

3 flown /floun/ past participle of fly

③ **flu** /flu:/ noun a common illness like a bad cold, often with a high temperature (NOTE: Do not confuse with **flew**, **flue**. Note also that the full word is **influenza**.)

fluctuate /'flʌkt∫ueɪt/ (**fluctuates**, **fluctuating**, **fluctuated**) *verb* to rise and fall (NOTE: + **fluctuation** *n*)

fluent /'flu:ont/ adj able to speak easily; spoken easily

fluff /flAf/ noun a soft mass of fibres or hair \circ She pulled the sofa away from the wall and saw all the fluff which had collected under it. \blacksquare verb (fluffs, fluffing, fluffed) to do something badly (informal) \circ He fluffed his speech, and everyone laughed.

fluffy /'flʌfi/ *adj* like fluff; covered with fluff

fluid /'fluxId/ noun a liquid \circ You need to drink plenty of fluids in hot weather.

fluid ounce /, flu:1d 'aons/ noun **1**. a US unit of liquid measurement equal to ⅟₁₆ of a US pint or 29.57 ml **2**. a UK unit of liquid measurement equal to ⅟₂₀ of an imperial pint or 28.41 ml

fluke /flu:k/ noun a chance; lucky event \circ It was a pure fluke that I happened to be there when the phone rang.

flung /flʌŋ/ past tense and past participle of fling

flunk /fl $_{\Lambda\eta}k$ / (flunks, flunking, flunked) *verb US* to fail an examination or to make someone fail an examination (*informal*)

fluorescent /fluə'res(ə)nt/ adj 1. giving off light when electric current is applied \circ *We have fluorescent lighting in the office.* 2. which seems to glow \circ *She's bought a fluorescent pink tracksuit.*

fluorescent light /fluə'res(ə)nt ,laɪt/ noun a very bright light consisting of a long glass tube containing fluorescent gas

fluoride /'fluoraid/ noun a chemical substance which is sometimes added to water or to toothpaste because it can protect your teeth

flurry /'flAri/ (plural flurries) noun 1. hurried excitement \circ In his flurry to leave he forgot to take his keys. 2. a sudden small fall of snow when there is a strong wind blowing \circ There will be snow flurries during the morning.

flush $f \ln 5 / noun 1$. a red colour on the face \circ a flush of anger 2. a quick flow of water 3. (at cards) a hand in which all the cards are of the same suit \circ She is holding a flush. \blacksquare verb (flushes, flushing, flushed) 1. to go red in the face \circ She flushed with pleasure when she heard the results. 2. \square to flush the toilet or a lavatory to wash it out by moving a handle which makes water rush through \circ She told the children not to forget to flush the toilet. \blacksquare adj level [-with] \circ The door must be flush with the wall.

flushed $/fl_{\Lambda}ft/adj$ red in the face

flustered /'flAstəd/ adj confused

flute /flu:t/ noun a tall narrow wine glass on a stem, used for serving champagne

flutter /'flAtə/ (flutters, fluttering, fluttered) verb 1. to move wings quickly but with not a lot of force \circ *The little bird fell* out of its nest and fluttered to the ground. 2. to move softly and quickly \circ *Dead* leaves fluttered from the trees. \circ *The flags* fluttered in the breeze. (NOTE: + flutter n)

flux /flAks/ noun a situation which is not settled \circ The company seems to be in a state of flux.

() fly/flai/ noun (plura/flies) a small insect with wings which eats food and spreads diseases \circ Cover the food to protect it from flies. • verb (flies, flying, flew, flown) 1. to move through the air using wings \circ When the cat came into the garden, the birds flew away. \circ Some birds fly to Africa for the winter. 2. to travel in a plane $\circ I'm$ flying to China next week. \circ He flies across the Atlantic twice a month. 3. to be quick |-around/about/~at/~by/~in-

flyer

to/along/through/out/~past/~past/over/up etc//] \circ I must fly if I want to get home by 6 o'clock. \diamond time flies time passes quickly \circ His daughter is already two – how time flies!

flyer / fla1 ∂ / noun **1**. a person who flies an aircraft \circ He was one of the first flyers to cross the Atlantic. **2**. a paper advertising something \circ They sent us a flyer about their home delivery service.

③ **flying** /'fla111/, *adj* flying in the air \circ flying ants \bullet noun the act of travelling in a plane \circ He has a fear of flying.

flying saucer / flam 'sorso/ noun a flying object which people claim to see and which they think comes from another planet

flying start /,fla11ŋ 'stɑ:t/ *noun* a good beginning to something such as a race, game or piece of work

flying visit / fla11 η 'v121t/ noun a very short visit

fly-on-the-wall /,flar on ðə 'wo:l/ adj filmed in a way that shows something as it really is or as it actually happens

flyover /'flarəuvə/ noun a road which passes over another

foal /fəul/ noun a young horse \circ The mare gently nudged her foal.

foam /foum/ noun a mass of small bubbles o This soap makes a large amount of foam.

fob off verb to persuade someone to accept something which they do not really want [~with] \circ *They fobbed her off with an out-of-date model.*

focal point /'fəuk(ə)l point/ noun a point which everything is focused on

(2) focus /'fəukəs/ noun (plural focuses or foci) 1. a point where rays of light from an object meet \circ The focus of the beam is a point 20 metres from the spotlight. 2. (of a photograph) a point where the details of the photograph are clear and sharp \circ Adjust the focus so as to get a clear picture. \Box in focus clear \square out of focus not clear 3. the centre of attention \circ *The director brought the star* actress to the front of the stage, so that the focus of the audience's attention would be on her. • verb (focuses or focusses, focusing or focussing, focused or focussed) 1. to change something so as to be able to see clearly \circ *He focused his tele*scope on a ship on the horizon. 2. to concentrate on something [~on] o The paper is focusing on the problems of the TV star's marriage. \circ The editorial focuses on the economic situation. 3. to point a camera at something [~on] \circ There were cameras focussed on all the exits.

focused /'fəukəst/ adj concentrating on one thing and giving it all your attention

focus group /'foukas gru:p/ noun a representative group of people who are questioned about their opinions as part of political or market research

fodder /'fpdə/ noun plants such as grass which are grown and given to animals as food

foe /fəu/ noun an enemy or opponent (formal)

foetus /'fi:təs/ *noun* a baby human or animal which has not been born but is developing from an embryo inside the womb (NOTE: The US spelling is **fetus**.)

③ **fog** /fog/ noun a thick mist made up of many tiny drops of water

foible $/{}^{t}foib(\vartheta)l/$ noun a particular way of behaving which someone has and which may seem unusual or annoying to other people

foil /foil/ noun **1**. a thin metal sheet **2**. a person who is quite different from another and so makes the other's qualities stand out \circ Laurel and Hardy were perfect foils for each other. \blacksquare verb (foils, foiling, foiled) to stop a plan from being put into effect \circ The bank robbery was foiled by the police.

foist /foist/ (foists, foisting, foisted) *verb* **to foist something on someone** to force someone to accept something which they do not want

① fold /fould/ noun a piece of something such as cloth or skin which hangs down loosely \circ She wanted the surgeon to remove the folds of skin under her chin. verb (folds, folding, folded) to bend something such as a piece of paper so that one part is on top of the other \circ Fold the piece of paper in half. \circ He folded the newspaper and put it into his briefcase.

fold up *phrasal verb* to bend something over to make it take up a smaller area than before

-fold /fəuld/ suffix times o twofold

folder /'fooldo/ *noun* an envelope made of thin card or plastic and used for holding papers

foliage /'foulidz/ noun leaves on a tree or plant

(2) **folk** /fouk/ noun people (NOTE: **Folk** takes a plural verb. The plural form **folks** is also used.)

folklore /'fəuklə:/ noun traditional stories and beliefs

folk music /'fəuk ,mju:zɪk/ noun the traditional music of a people

() follow /'fpləu/ (follows, following, followed) verb 1. to come after or behind someone or something o What letter follows B in the alphabet? \circ The dog followed me all the way home. 2. to walk or drive behind someone, e.g. in order to see where they are going [~with/] o I had the impression I was being followed. 3. to do what someone tells you to do o She followed the instructions on the tin of paint. \circ He made the cake following a recipe in the newspa*per.* **4.** to be certain because of something [~(that)] \circ Just because I lent you money yesterday, it doesn't follow that I will lend *you some every time you ask.* \circ *If the owner* of the shop is arrested by the police, it follows that his business is likely to close. 5. to understand $\circ I$ don't quite follow you – you want me to drive you all the way to Ed*inburgh?* 6. to go along a certain route o Follow the path and turn left at the crossroads.
I to follow a career in medicine to train as a doctor \diamond **as follows** ... as in the information given next \diamond follow suit to do what someone else does o She jumped into the pool and everyone else followed suit.

follow up phrasal verb to find out more about something or to research something further \circ The police followed up their enquiries by interviewing the woman's husband. \circ That's an interesting idea – it might be worth following it up.

follower /'fpləuə/ noun a supporter

① following / folooin/ adj which comes next ○ They arrived on Friday and the following day she became ill. ○ Look at the following picture. ■ prep after ○ Following his death, his son sold the family house.

follow-up /'folou Ap/ adj which follows something sent earlier

folly /'foli/ (plural **follies**) noun **1**. silly behaviour \circ It was utter folly to go out in a small boat in a storm like that. **2**. a strange building, built to create an effect and with no practical use \circ He built a gothic folly on the hill overlooking his house.

(3) **fond** /fond/ adj liking someone or something \circ *I'm fond of my sister's children*. \circ *Michael's very fond of playing golf.*

fondle /'fond(a)l/ (fondles, fondling, fondled) verb to stroke someone or something in a loving way

fondly /'fondli/ *adv* in a way which shows you are fond of someone or something

font /font/, **fount** noun **1**. a bowl holding holy water for the ceremony of baptism in a church \circ *The church has an 11th century font*. **2**. (*in printing*) a set of characters all of the same size and appearance

① food /fu:d/ noun things which you eat ○ This hotel is famous for its food. ○ Do you like German food? ◇ to give someone food for thought to make someone think carefully

food chain /'furd t \int em/ noun a series of living things which pass energy from one to another as each is eaten by the next. For example, grass is eaten by small animals, which are then eaten by larger animals, and so on.

food poisoning /'fu:d ,pɔiz(ə)niŋ/ *noun* an illness caused by eating food which is contaminated with bacteria

food processor /'fu:d ,prəusesə/ *noun* a machine used in preparing food, e.g. for cutting or mixing it

fool /fu:I/ noun a stupid person \circ You fool! Why didn't you put the brakes on? \circ I was a fool to think that I could make her change her mind. • verb (fools, fooling, fooled) to trick someone \circ They fooled the old lady into letting them into her house. \circ You can't fool me – I know you're not really ill. \diamond to make a fool of yourself to behave in a silly way \diamond you could have fooled me I find it hard to believe \circ She says she did her best – well, you could have fooled me!

fool about, fool around phrasal verb to act in a silly way \circ Stop fooling around with that knife – you're going to have an accident.

foolhardy /'fuːlhuːdi/ *adj* brave, but taking unnecessary risks

foolish /'fu:li \int / adj showing a lack of intelligence or good judgment \circ *That was a rather foolish thing to do.* \circ *I felt rather foolish.*

foolproof /^tfu:lpru:f/ *adj* extremely simple, so that anyone could use it safely and successfully

① foot /fot/ (plural feet) noun 1. the part at the end of your leg on which you stand \circ She has very small feet. \circ Watch out, you trod on my foot! 2. the bottom part; the end \circ There is a door at the foot of the stairs. \circ There are traffic lights at the foot of the hill. \circ Sign the document at the foot of the page. 3. a unit of measurement equal to about 30 centimetres \circ The table is four foot or four feet long. \circ She's almost six foot tall. \circ I'm five foot seven (5' 7''). \diamond inch (NOTE: As a measurement foot often has no

footage

plural form: six foot tall; three foot wide. With numbers foot is also often written with the symbol ' a 6' ladder; he is 5' 6: say 'he's five foot six'.) \diamond on foot walking \circ They completed the rest of the journey on foot. \diamond to find your feet to become confident (informal) \circ She's been with us three months now and has really found her feet. \diamond to put your foot in it to say something embarrassing \circ He really put his foot in it when he said that the mayor's wife was fat. \diamond to put your feet up to rest

footage /'futId₃/ *noun* a piece of film showing an event (NOTE: no plural)

① **football** /'fotbo:l/ noun **1**. a game played between two teams of eleven players with a round ball which can be kicked or headed, but not carried \circ They went to a football match. \circ The children were playing football in the street. \circ Let's have a game of football. \circ He spends all his time watching football on TV \circ He's got a new pair of football boots. **2**. a ball used for kicking; the ball used in the various games of football \circ They were kicking a football around in the street.

footballer /'futbo:lə/ noun a person who plays football

footbridge /'futbridʒ/ noun a small bridge for people to walk across, and not for vehicles

foothills /'futhilz/ *plural noun* the lower slopes of a group of mountains

foothold /^tfothould/ noun **1**. a place where you can put your foot when climbing \circ *He hung in the air at the end of a rope, trying to get a foothold.* **2**. a small position on which you can build \circ *They gained a foothold in the Spanish market.*

footing / fotin/ noun a safe place for your feet \circ She lost her footing on the cliff path, and fell fifty feet into the sea. \diamond to be on an equal footing with someone to be at the same stage or level as someone \circ All applicants are on an equal footing. \diamond to put things on a firm footing to make things solid \circ We want to make sure the business is on a firm footing.

footlights /'futlants/ plural noun a row of lights along the front of the stage in a theatre

footnote /'futnout/ noun an explanation at the bottom of a page, referring to something on the page

footpath /'futpa:0/ *noun* a path for people to walk on, but not to ride on

footprint /'futprint/ noun a mark left by someone's foot on the ground \circ *They fol-*

lowed the footprints in the snow to the cave.

footstep /'futstep/ noun a sound made by a foot touching the ground \circ We heard soft footsteps along the corridor.

footstool //fotstu:// *noun* a small piece of furniture in the shape of a box on which you can rest your feet

footwear /'futweə/ noun articles of clothing worn on your feet, such as boots or shoes

footwork /'fotw3:k/ *noun* a way of using your feet, especially in sports

(1) for /fo, fo:/ prep 1. showing the purpose or use of something \circ This plastic bag is for the apples. \circ What's that key for? **2.** showing the occasion on which or the reason why something is given \circ *What did you* get for your birthday? • What did you win for coming first? 3. showing the person who receives something o There was no mail for you this morning. \circ I'm making a cup of tea for my mother. 4. showing how long something takes o He has gone to *France for two days.* \circ *We've been waiting here for hours.* **5.** showing distance \circ *You* can see for miles from the top of the hill. \circ The motorway goes for kilometres without any service stations. 6. showing where someone or something is going \circ *Is this the* plane for Edinburgh? • When is the next bus for Oxford Circus? 7. in the place of someone o Can you write this letter for me?

forage /^hfpridʒ/ (**forages, foraging, foraged**) *verb* to search for food or supplies \circ *They spent the day foraging for food in the jungle.*

foray /'forei/ noun a sudden attack

forbade /fə'bæd/ past tense of forbid

forbid /fə'bid/ (**forbids, forbidding, forbade, forbidden**) *verb* to tell someone that they are not allowed to do something \circ *The staff are forbidden to use the front entrance.*

forbidden / $f \exists bid(\exists)n/adj$ which is not allowed \circ Father's new rock garden is forbidden territory to the children.

forbidding /fə'bidiŋ/ *adj* which looks frightening or dangerous

① force /f 5:s/ noun 1. strength or power ○ The force of the wind blew tiles off the roof. ○ The police had to use force to restrain the crowd. 2. an organised group of people ○ He served in the police force for twenty years. ■ verb (forces, forcing, forced) to make someone do something ○ He was forced to stop smoking. \circ You can't force me to go if I don't want to.

forced /foist/ adj 1. done because someone made you do it \circ *His lawyer said that his confession was forced*. 2. artificial; not real \circ *He gave a rather forced laugh*.

forceful /'fɔ:sf(ə)l/ adj strong or powerful

forceps /'fo:seps/ plural noun a medical tool consisting of two long flat pieces joined together, used by doctors in medical operations \circ *He needed forceps to deliver the baby.*

forcible /'fɔ:sıb(ə)l/ adj done by or with force

forearm /'foiraim/ noun the part of the arm between the hand and the elbow \circ *The dog put his paw on her forearm.*

forebears /'fo:beəz/ plural noun all the people in your family who have lived before you (formal) \circ His forebears came from Russia in the 18th century.

foreboding /fo:'boudin/ noun a feeling that something bad will happen

forecast /'fo:ka:st/ noun what you think will happen in the future \circ His forecast of sales turned out to be completely accurate.

■ verb (forecasts, forecasting, forecast) to say what will happen in the future ○ They are forecasting storms for the south coast. ○ They forecast a rise in the number of tourists.

forecaster /'fo:ku:stə/ noun a person who says what will happen in the future, especially what sort of weather there will be

foreclose /fo:t'kləuz/ (**forecloses**, **foreclosing**, **foreclosed**) *verb* to take away property because the owner cannot pay back money which he has borrowed to buy it (*formal*)

forecourt /'forkort/ *noun* an open area in front of a building

forefinger /'forf1ŋgə/ *noun* the index finger; the first finger next to the thumb

forefoot /'fo:fut/ noun the front foot of an animal

foregone conclusion /,fɔ:gon kən 'klu:3(ə)n/ noun something which will definitely happen as a result of something else

foreground /'fo:graund/ *noun* a part of a picture which seems nearest the front

forehand /'fo:hænd/ *adj* played with the palm of the hand facing forwards, in sports such as tennis

forehead /'fo:hed/ *noun* the part of the front of the head above the eyes and below the line of the hair

① **foreign** /'fprin/ adj not from your own country \circ There are lots of foreign medical students at our college.

foreign body /₁form 'bodi/ *noun* something which should not be there, such as a piece of dust in your eye

foreigner /'fprinə/ *noun* a person who does not come from the same country as you

foreign exchange /,forən Iks 'tʃeIndʒ/ *noun* the process or practice of changing the money of one country for money of another

Foreign Secretary /,form 'sekrtt(a)ri/ *noun* the British government minister in charge of the Foreign Office (NOTE: In other countries this is **the Foreign Minister**, and in the USA **the Secretary of State**.)

foreleg /'forleg/ noun the front leg of an animal

foreman /'fɔ:mən/ (plural **foremen**) noun (in a factory) a skilled worker in charge of several other workers \circ *The foreman came* to make a complaint to the manager.

foremost /'formoust/ adj, adv first; most important \diamond **first and foremost** first of all, the most important thing is \diamond *First and foremost we need to get the costs under control.*

forensic /fə'rensık/ *adj* referring to the scientific solving of crimes

forensics /fə'rensıks/ *noun* scientific methods used for solving crimes

forerunner /'fo:rAnə/ noun a person or thing coming earlier than another more important or advanced one

foresee /fo:'si:/ (foresees, foreseeing, foresaw, foreseen) verb to have a strong feeling that something will happen in the future although you cannot be sure that it will

foreseeable $/f_{32}$ 'si:b(a) d_j which can be foreseen \diamond for the foreseeable future as far in the future as you can imagine \circ I will certainly stay here for the foreseeable future.

foreshadow /fo:'jædəu/ (foreshadows, foreshadowing, foreshadowed) verb to be a warning or sign of something that may happen

foresight //fɔ:saɪt/ *noun* the ability to see what will probably happen in the future; the ability to plan for emergencies

foreskin

foreskin /'fɔːskɪn/ *noun* the fold of skin covering the tip of the penis

(2) **forest** /'f prist/ noun a large area covered with trees \circ The country is covered with thick forests. \circ In dry weather there's a danger of forest fires. \circ In winter bears come out of the forest to search for food.

forestall /fɔː'stɔːl/ (**forestalls**, **forestalling**, **forestalled**) *verb* to think about what someone may do and try to stop them

forestry /'foristri/ noun the work of looking after a forest

foretell /fo:'tel/ (**foretells, foretelling, foretold**) *verb* to say what will happen in the future (*literary*)

forethought /'fo:00:t/ noun the practice of planning for the future; thinking ahead

forever /fo:r'evə/, **for ever** /fər 'evə/ adv **1.** always in the future \circ *I will love you forever*. **2.** a very long time \circ *It took us forever to get to the hotel.*

forewarn /fo:'wo:n/ (forewarns, forewarning, forewarned) *verb* to warn about something that is going to happen

foreword /'fo:w3:d/ *noun* a short section at the beginning of a book, usually written by a person who is not the author, introducing the book and its author to the reader

forfeit /'fo:fit/ noun a thing taken away as a punishment \circ You have to pay a forfeit if you answer wrongly. \blacksquare verb (**forfeits, forfeiting, forfeited**) to lose something, especially as a punishment \circ She forfeited her deposit.

③ forgave /fə'geIV/ past tense of forgive forge /fɔ:dʒ/ (forges, forging, forged) verb to copy something illegally \circ He forged the signature on the cheque. \circ The new design of the banknotes makes them difficult to forge.

forge ahead *phrasal verb* to go forward or make progress quickly \circ *The wind blew harder and the yacht forged ahead.* \circ *We are forging ahead with our new project.*

forger /'fordʒə/ noun a person who copies something illegally

forgery /'fo:dʒəri/ (plural forgeries) noun 1. the action of making an illegal copy \circ He was sent to prison for forgery. 2. an illegal copy \circ The signature proved to be a forgery.

① forget /fə'get/ (forgets, forgetting, forgot, forgotten) verb 1. not to remember [/~how/why/where/when etc/~about/~(that)] ○ He's forgotten the name of the restaurant. ○ I've forgotten how to play chess. ○ She forgot all about her doctor's appoint. ment. \circ Don't forget we're having lunch together tomorrow. **2.** to leave something behind \circ When he left the office he forgot his car keys.

 $\textit{forgetful} \ /f \ensuremath{\mathfrak{o}}\ 'getf(\ensuremath{\mathfrak{o}}\)l/ \ \textit{adj} \ often \ unable \ to \ remember$

(2) forgive /fə'gıv/ (forgives, forgiving, forgave, forgiven) verb to stop being angry with someone \circ Don't worry about it – I forgive you! \circ Will she ever forgive me for forgetting her birthday?

forgiveness /fə'gɪvnəs/ noun the act of forgiving

forgiving /fə'gɪvɪŋ/ *adj* **1**. having a tendency to forgive **2**. allowing for some imperfection

forgo /fo:'gəʊ/ (forgoes, forgoing, forwent, forgone), forego verb to do without something

forgot /fə'got/ past tense of forget

forgotten /fə'g<code>pt(ə)n/</code> past participle of forget

③ **fork** /fo:k/ noun an object with a handle at one end and several sharp points at the other, used for picking up food and putting it in your mouth \circ *Don't try to eat Chinese* food with a knife and fork. \circ It's polite to use a fork to eat cake – don't use your fingers. \blacksquare verb (forks, forking, forked) to become two parts \circ The railway line forks at Crewe and one branch goes to the coast.

forked /fo:kt/ adj divided, particularly into two branches

forlorn /fə'lɔ:n/ *adj* left alone and feeling sad \circ *She stood all forlorn on the platform, watching the train leave.*

(1) **form** /f orm/ noun **1**. an official paper with spaces, in which you are asked to write information such as your name and address \circ Could you please fill in this form with your details? 2. a state or condition o *Their team wasn't in top form and lost.* \Box **in good form** in a good mood; well \circ *She's in* good form today. \Box off form. out of form not performing very well \circ *He's off form at* the moment – he needs more practice. **3.** a class, usually in a secondary school o She's in the third form. • verb (forms, forming, formed) 1. to sit or stand with others so as to make a particular shape \circ *The children* formed a circle. O Form a queue here, *please.* **2.** \square **formed of** made of \bigcirc *The team* is formed of ex-students.

(2) formal /'fo:m(\Rightarrow)l/ adj 1. done according to certain rules \circ *The formal opening ceremony was performed by the mayor.* 2. serious in style; suitable for special or official occasions \circ 'Good afternoon' is a formal way of saying 'Hello' in the afternoon.

③ **formality** /fo:'mælɪti/ (*plural* **formalities**) *noun* a thing which has to be done to obey the law or because it is the custom

formally /'fɔːməli/ *adv* according to rules; done or spoken in a serious way

(3) format /'fo:mæt/ noun a shape, size or style that something is made in \circ What format do you want your invitations printed in? • verb (formats, formatting, formatted) to arrange the way text appears in a computer file \circ Style sheets are used to format documents.

(2) **formation** /for'mer $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the act of forming something \circ *The formation of ice occurs at temperatures below zero.*

formative //fo:mətɪv/ adj important for the development of someone or something

① **former** /'fo:mə/ adj referring to a person's or a thing's job or position at an earlier time \circ a former army officer \circ The former champion came last in the race.

formerly / fo:məli/ adv at an earlier time • He was formerly head of our department.

formidable /'fɔːmɪdəb(ə)l/ *adj* causing admiration but also a little fear

③ **formula** /'formjolə/ (plural formulae) noun 1. a statement of a scientific fact, often shown by means of symbols \circ The chemical formula of carbon dioxide is CO_2 . \circ The drug is made to a secret formula. 2. a set of plans for achieving something [~for]

formulaic /,f5:mj0'le11k/ *adj* **1.** expressed as, or having the nature of, a formula **2.** created according to existing models or ideas, and therefore not very original or exciting

③ formulate /'fo:mjuleit/ (formulates, formulating, formulated) verb 1. to express an idea clearly \circ *He had some difficulty in formulating his ideas.* 2. to develop carefully something such as a plan or way of doing something

forsake /fə'seik/ (forsakes, forsaking, forsook, forsaken) *verb* to leave someone or something behind. \Diamond god-forsaken

fort /fo:t/ noun a strong army building which can be defended against enemy attacks \circ *The soldiers rode out of the fort.* \circ *He was posted to a fort in the desert.*

forte /'fo:te:/ noun a particular ability, or the subject you are best in \circ *History is not my forte.*

② forth /f ɔ:θ/ adv forwards

forthcoming $/f_{2:}\theta'_{AMIII}$ adj **1**. soon to come \circ His forthcoming novel will be about London. \circ No government grant is forthcoming. **2**. talkative; full of information \circ She wasn't very forthcoming about her plans.

forthright /'fɔ:θraɪt/ *adj* direct and blunt **forthwith** /fɔ:θ'wɪθ/ *adv* immediately

fortieth /'fo:t1 ∂ / *adj* relating to the number 40 in a series **noun** number 40 in a series

fortifications $/_1f_0:t_1f_1'ke_1J(0)n_Z/ plural noun walls or towers built to defend a city <math>\circ$ Archaeologists have uncovered remains of the Roman fortifications.

fortify /'fo:tifai/(fortifies, fortifying, fortified) verb 1. to make a place strong, so that it can be defended against attack 2. to fortify yourself with something to eat or drink something to make you able to continue

fortitude /'fo:titju:d/ noun bravery and determination (*formal*)

③ **fortnight** /'fo:tnait/ *noun* two weeks (NOTE: not used in US English)

fortnightly /'fortnattli/ adj, adv once every two weeks o a fortnightly visit to the doctor

fortress /'fortres/ noun a strong castle

fortuitous /foː'tjuːɪtəs/ adj happening by chance and having a good result

(3) **fortunate** / $fort \int adj$ having better things happen to you than happen to other people \circ *You are very fortunate to have such a lovely family.*

(2) **fortunately** /'fo:t∫ənətli/ adv by good luck ○ Fortunately, he had remembered to take an umbrella. ○ He was late getting to the airport, but fortunately the flight had been delayed.

③ fortune /'fort Jon/ noun 1. a large amount of money \circ He won a fortune on the lottery. \circ She made a fortune on the stock market. \circ She left her fortune to her three children. 2. what will happen in the future \circ She claims to be able to tell your fortune using cards. \diamond to cost a fortune to cost a lot of money \circ That shop has shoes that cost a fortune. \diamond to tell someone's fortune to say what will happen to someone in the future \circ She tells fortunes from cards.

fortune-teller /'fortJon ,telə/ noun a person who says what will happen in the future, e.g. by looking at cards or lines on your hand

() **forty** /'fo:ti/ *noun* the number 40 □ **forties** the numbers between 40 and 49 **.45** / forti 'farv/ noun a gun with a .45 calibre.

③ **forum** /'fɔ:rəm/ noun an occasion when matters of general interest can be discussed

forward /'fo:wod/ adj confident ○ She was always very forward as a child. ■ adv
 in the direction that someone or something is facing ○ She bent forward to hear what he had to say. ○ He took two steps forward. ○ The policeman made a sign with his hand and the cars began to go forward.
 towards the future ○ We need to do some forward planning. ■ noun a player in a team whose job is to attack the other side ○ The England defence came under attack from the other team's forwards.

forwarding address /'fo:wədiŋ ə ,dres/ noun an address to which mail can be sent

forward-looking /'fɔːwəd ,lukıŋ/ adj planning for or thinking about the future

forwards /'fo:wədz/ adv in the direction that someone or something is facing \circ She bent forwards to hear what he had to say. \circ He took two steps forwards. \circ The policeman made a sign with his hand and the cars began to go forwards.

forward slash /'fo:wəd slæʃ/ noun an ordinary slash used in printing or writing text

fossil /'f $\mathbf{ps}(\mathbf{a})$ l/ *noun* the mark of an animal or plant left in a rock, formed over millions of years

fossil fuel //fps(a)l, fju:al/ noun a fuel which has developed from the ancient remains of plants or animals over many centuries

fossilised /'fosəlaızd/, **fossilized** *adj* referring to something which has become a fossil

foster /'fostə/ (**fosters**, **fostering**, **fostered**) *verb* **1**. to bring up a child who is not your own, without adopting it \circ *They have fostered several children*. **2**. to encourage an idea, etc. \circ *Tourism fosters interest in other countries*. \circ *We are trying to foster the children's interest in the history of the village*.

③ **fought** /fo:t/ past tense and past participle of **fight**

foul /faul/ adj **1.** smelling or tasting unpleasant \circ A foul-smelling drain ran down the centre of the street. **2.** very unpleasant \circ What foul weather we're having! \circ The boss has been in a foul temper all day. **a** noun an action which is against the rules of a game \circ The referee gave a free kick for a

foul on the goalkeeper. \circ Look at the action replay to see if it really was a foul. (NOTE: Do not confuse with fowl.) • verb (fouls, fouling, fouled) to do something to another player which is against the rules of a game \circ He was fouled inside the penalty box so the ref gave a penalty.

foul play /faul 'plei/ noun murder

foul-up / faul Ap/ noun a bad situation which has happened because of a mistake someone has made

① **found** /faund/ verb (**founds, founding, founded**) to establish something; to begin something ○ *The business was founded in 1900.* ■ past tense and past participle of **find**

(2) **foundation** /faon'de1 $\int(3)n/noun$ 1. the act of establishing something or of setting something up \circ Ever since its foundation in 1892, the company has been a great success. 2. a charitable organisation which provides money for certain projects \circ a foundation for educational research

foundation course $/faon'dei J(\vartheta)n$ k5:s/ noun a basic course at a university, which allows you to go on to a more advanced course

founder /'faundə/ noun a person who establishes or sets up something \circ *He was one of the founders of the National Trust.*

foundry /'faundri/ *noun* a place for melting and moulding metal or glass

fountain /'faunt In/ *noun* an object or a structure with a pump which makes a stream of water come out, usually found in a street or a large garden

fountain pen /'faontin pen/ noun a pen which can be filled with ink

4 /foi/ prep for (informal)

() **four** /fo:/ noun the number $4 \diamond$ on all fours on hands and knees \circ He was creeping around under the desk on all fours.

four-by-four /,fo: bai 'fo:/, 4x4 noun a four-wheel-drive vehicle. Abbreviation 4x4

four-poster /fo: 'pousto/, **four-poster bed** *noun* an old-fashioned bed with a post at each corner, that can be used to support a canopy or curtains

foursome /'fo:s(ϑ)m/ noun a group of four people \circ *The foursome stole a car and drove to Las Vegas.*

() fourteen / for tim/ noun the number 14

① **fourteenth** /,for'ti:n θ / adj, noun relating to the number 14 in a series **noun** number 14 in a series

Fourth of July / fo: θ ov d30'lai/ noun the national day in the United States \circ *We're having a Fourth of July party.*

4WD noun a vehicle with four-wheel drive

four-wheel drive $/_1$ for wirl 'drarv/ noun **1**. a system in which engine power drives all four wheels of a vehicle **2**. a vehicle working by this system. Abbreviation **4WD**

fowl /faol/ noun a domestic bird which is kept for its eggs or to be killed for food, such as a chicken, duck, turkey or goose

(3) **fox** /fpks/ *noun* a wild animal with reddish fur and a long thick tail. Compare **vixen**

foyer /'foiei/ *noun* a large entrance hall at the front of a hotel, restaurant or theatre

fracas /'fræku:/ noun a noisy disturbance

fraction /'fræk $\int \frac{\partial n}{\partial n}$ *noun* **1**. (*in mathematics*) a unit that is less than a whole number \circ 0.25 and 0.5 are $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ expressed as fractions. **2**. a small part or amount \circ Only a fraction of the stolen money was ever found. \circ Sales are up a fraction this month. \circ Move the camera a fraction to the right, and you'll all get in the picture.

fracture /'frækt $\int \partial / noun$ a break, especially in a bone \circ *The X-ray showed up the fracture clearly.* **•** *verb* (fractures, fracturing, fractured) to break a bone \circ *He fractured his leg in the accident.* \circ *They put her fractured leg in plaster.*

fragile /'frædʒaɪl/ adj made from materials that are easily broken \circ *Be careful when you're packing these plates – they're very fragile.*

fragment¹ /'frægmənt/ noun a small piece \circ When digging on the site of the house they found fragments of very old glass.

fragment² /fræg'ment/ (**fragments**, **fragmenting**, **fragmented**) *verb* to separate into small pieces \circ *As soon as the founder died the whole organisation fragmented.*

fragrance /'freigrəns/ *noun* **1**. a pleasant smell **2**. a pleasant-smelling liquid which is put on the skin

fragrant /'freigrənt/ adj with a sweet smell

frail /freil/ adj physically weak, especially because of age \circ *His grandmother is now rather frail.*

frailty / freilti/ (plural frailties) noun being weak \circ the frailty of human existence \circ the frailty of my father's health

② frame /freim/ noun a border around something such as a pair of glasses, a picture, a mirror or a window \circ He has glasses with gold frames. \circ I think the frame is worth more than the painting. \blacksquare verb (frames, framing, framed) to put a frame round a picture \circ The photograph has been framed in red.

③ **framework** /'freimw3:k/ noun 1. the structure supporting a building, etc. \circ *The framework of the shed is sound – it just needs some paint.* 2. the basis of a plan \circ *They are working within the framework of the United Nations resolution.* \circ *They are negotiating the framework of the agreement.*

③ **franchise** / frænt $\int aiz / noun 1$. a right to vote \circ *In some countries women do not have the franchise.* **2.** a permit to sell a company's products in a certain region or to trade using a well-known brand name \circ *He bought a pizza franchise.*

frank / fræŋk/ adj saying what you think \circ To be really frank with you – I think the plan stinks. \circ He gave her some frank advice. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **franc**.) \blacksquare verb (**franks, franking, franked**) to stamp a letter with a special machine, instead of using a postage stamp \circ The letters were all franked before they left the office.

frankfurter /'fræŋkfɜːtə/, **frankfurt** *noun* a long sausage which is boiled and sometimes eaten inside a roll. ϕ **hot dog**

③ **frankly** /'fræŋkli/ *adv* telling the truth **frantic** /'frænt1k/ *adj* wild, worried and doing things fast

fraternal /fro't3:n(\mathfrak{I})// adjbrotherly \circ He started going out with his brother's girl-friend – there's fraternal feeling for you!

fraternise //frætənaiz/ (fraternises, fraternising, fraternised), fraternize verb to spend time with other people socially, especially people who are considered unsuitable

fraternity /frə't3:n1ti/ noun 1. a group of people with similar interests or occupations \circ Members of the banking fraternity have criticised the Chancellor of the Exchequer 2. a brotherly feeling \circ The slogan of the French state is 'Liberty, Equality, Fraternity'.

fraud /froid/ noun **1**. obtaining money by making people believe something which is not true \circ *He is facing trial for fraud*. **2**. a person pretending to be something which

he or she is not \circ She's a fraud – she has no legal qualifications. \circ He's an old fraud – he didn't build that car himself.

fraudulent /'frɔːdjʊlənt/ adj dishonest

fraught /fro:t/ adj **1.** full of problems or danger \circ *The whole building project has been fraught with problems.* **2.** worried, or causing anxiety

frayed /freid/ *adj* having a worn edge, with loose threads

freak /fri:k/ noun **1**. an unusual type of person, animal or plant \circ A white whale is a freak of nature. **2**. a person who is extremely interested in something (*informal*) \circ My brother's a computer freak.

freckles /'frek(\ni)lz/ plural noun small brown marks on the skin, often caused by the sun \circ You'll recognise her at once, she's tall with fair hair and freckles. \circ She was trying to get rid of the freckles on her arms.

(1) free /friz/ adj (freer, freest) 1. not costing any money o Send in four tokens from cereal boxes and you can get a free toy. $\circ I$ got a free ticket for the exhibition. 2. not busy; available o Will you be free next Tuesday? \circ There is a table free in the corner of the restaurant. O Do you have any free time next week? 3. able to do what you want; not forced to do anything \circ *He's free* to do what he wants. 4. not in prison or a cage o After six years in prison he's a free man again.
in to set someone or something free to allow someone to leave prison, or to let an animal out of a cage \circ *The* young birds were raised in the zoo and then set free in the wild. \blacksquare verb (frees, freeing, freed) to release someone who is trapped o It took the fire service some time to free the passengers in the bus.

free agent /fri: 'eɪdʒənt/ noun someone who is able to do what they want

freebie /^tfri:bi/ noun something supplied free of charge, especially as a gift to a customer or journalist (*informal*)

(2) **freedom** /'fri:dom/ noun 1. the state of being free, rather than being forced to stay somewhere or being in prison \circ *She felt a sense of freedom being in the country after working all week in the city.* \circ *His lawyer pleaded for his client's freedom.* 2. the state of being allowed to do what you want \circ *They are trying to restrict our freedom of movement.*

freedom fighter /'fri:dəm ,faɪtə/ *noun* a guerilla fighting against an oppressive government

free enterprise /,fri: 'entəpraız/ *noun* a system of business where there is no interference from the government

free-for-all /'fri: fər ɔ:l/ noun a general fight or argument among several people (*informal*)

free kick /fri: 'kık/ *noun* a kick which a footballer is allowed to make without anyone opposing him, to punish the other side for something which they have done

freelance /'friilains/ (**freelances**, **freelancing**, **freelanced**) *verb* to work independently \circ *She freelances for several newspapers*.

freelancer / fri:la:nsə/ noun a freelance worker

freely /'fri:li/ adv in an open manner, without being forced

free market / fri: 'mɑːkıt/ *noun* a situation in which trade takes place without government control

Freemason /'fri:meis(\ni)n/ noun a member of a secret society whose members help each other and protect each other (NOTE: also simply called **Masons**)

free-range /,fri: 'reind3/ *adj* (*of animals, birds*) kept in the open, not in cages or boxes

free speech /_ifri: 'spi:tʃ/ *noun* the ability to say what you think without danger of being prosecuted

③ **free trade** /,fri: 'tre1d/ noun a system where goods can go from one country to another without any restrictions

freeware /'fri:weə/ noun free computer software

(2) freeway /'fri:wei/ noun US a fast motorway with few junctions

free will /frix 'wil/ noun the ability to choose your own actions

③ freeze /fri:z/ (freezes, freezing, froze, frozen) verb 1. to become solid because of the cold ○ The winter was mild, and for the first time ever the river did not freeze over.
○ It's so cold that the lake has frozen solid.
2. to make food very cold so that it does not decay ○ We froze the raspberries we picked this morning. 3. to become very cold ○ The forecast is that it will freeze tonight. ○ Put a hat on or you'll freeze!

(3) **freezer** /'fri:zə/ noun a piece of equipment like a large box, which is very cold inside, used for freezing food and keeping it frozen

③ **freezing** /'fri:zɪŋ/ adj very cold, or close to the temperature at which water freezes

freezing point /'fritzin point/ noun a very low temperature at which a liquid becomes solid

freight /freit/ noun 1. the action of transporting goods by air, sea or land \circ We sent the order (by) air freight. 2. goods transported \circ The government is encouraging firms to send freight by rail.

freight car /'freit ka:/ noun US a goods wagon on a train

freighter /'freitə/ noun an aircraft or ship which carries goods

① **French** /frent ∫/ *adj* referring to France ■ *noun* the language spoken in France

French horn /frent $\int \frac{d}{dt} \frac{dt}{dt}$ horn / frent $\int \frac{dt}{dt} \frac{dt}{dt}$ horn a brass musical instrument with a tube which is coiled round

frenetic /frə'net1k/ adj wildly excited

frenzied /'frenzid/ adj wild and uncontrollable

frenzy /'frenzi/ noun a wild excitement

(3) **frequency** /'fri:kwənsi/ noun the number of times that something happens over a particular period of time \circ *The government is becoming alarmed at the frequency of accidents in the construction industry.* (NOTE: no plural)

frequent¹ /'fri:kwənt/ *adj* happening or appearing often \circ *He was a frequent visitor to the library.* \circ *Skin cancer is becoming more frequent.* \circ *How frequent are the planes to Birmingham?*

frequent² /fr1'kwent/ (**frequents**, **frequenting**, **frequented**) *verb* to go somewhere very often \circ *He frequents the bar at the corner of the street*.

(2) **frequently** / fri:kwəntli/ adv often o The ferries don't run as frequently in the winter. o She could frequently be seen walking her dog in the park.

fresco /'freskəu/ (*plural* **frescoes** or **frescos**) *noun* a painting done on wet plaster on a wall or ceiling

(2) **fresh** /fre \int / *adj* **1**. not used or not dirty \circ *l'll get you a fresh towel.* **2**. made recently \circ *a basket of fresh rolls* \circ *Let's ask for a pot of fresh coffee.* **3**. new and different \circ *The police produced some fresh evidence.* **4**. not in a tin or frozen \circ *The fishmonger sells fresh fish.* \circ *Fresh fruit salad is better than tinned.* \circ *Fresh vegetables are difficult to get in winter.*

fresh air /, fre \int 'eə/ noun the open space outside buildings where the air flows freely \circ After ten hours in the office they were glad to come out into the fresh air. **freshen** /'fre $\int(\Im)n/$ (**freshens**, **freshening**, **freshened**) *verb* **1**. to make something fresh \odot *The hot air in the valley was freshened by a mountain breeze*. **2**. to become cooler or fresher \odot *The wind freshened as night came on*.

freshen up verb to wash your hands and face, and tidy your hair $\circ I$ must just go to freshen (myself) up before the guests arrive.

fresher /'frejə/ noun a new student in his or her first year at college or university (*informal*)

freshman /'fre∫mən/ (*plural* **freshmen**) *noun* a new student in his or her first year at college or university. Compare **senior**

freshwater /'fre∫wortə/ adj referring to river or lake water, not salt water

fret /fret/ (**frets**, **fretting**, **fretted**) *verb* to worry or be unhappy \circ *She*'s *fretting about her exams*.

fretful /'fretf(ə)l/ *adj* always complaining and unhappy

friar /'fra1ə/ noun a member of a Christian religious order who went out to collect money or to preach

friction /'frik $\int \operatorname{sn}/\operatorname{noun} 1$. one thing rubbing against another \circ You need more oil to reduce friction in the motor. **2**. a disagreement between two or more people \circ There has been a good deal of friction between the members of the board.

① **Friday** /'fraidei/ noun the fifth day of the week, the day between Thursday and Saturday ○ We all had a meal together last Friday. ○ We always go to the cinema on Friday evenings. ○ We normally have our meetings on Fridays. ○ Friday is a day of rest for Muslims. ○ Today is Friday, June 20th.

(2) **fridge** /fridʒ/ noun a kitchen machine for keeping things cold \circ *The fridge is empty* – we must buy some more food. \circ *Shall I put the milk back in the fridge*?

fridge-freezer /fridʒ 'fri:zə/ noun a kitchen machine consisting of both a fridge and a freezer in a single unit

③ **fried** /fraid/ past tense and past participle of **fry a***dj* cooked in oil or fat

① friend /frend/ noun a person that you know well and like ○ She's my best friend.
 ○ We're going on holiday with some friends from work. □ to make friends with someone to get to know and like someone ○ We made friends with some French people on holiday.

② friendly /'frendli/ (friendlier, friendliest) adj pleasant and kind, wanting to make

friendship

friends \circ Don't be frightened of the dog – he's very friendly. \circ We're not on friendly terms with the people who live next door.

③ **friendship** /'frend $\int Ip$ / noun the state of being friends \circ *He formed several lasting friendships at school.*

fries /fraiz/ 3rd person singular present of fry

frieze /fri:z/ noun a decorated band around a room just below the ceiling

frigate /'frigət/ noun a small fast-moving naval ship

fright /frait/ noun fear

frighten / frait(ϑ)n/ (**frightens, frightening, frightened**) verb to make someone afraid \circ Take off that horrible mask – you'll frighten the children. \circ The cat has frightened all the birds away.

(2) **frightened** /'frattn(ϑ)d/ adj afraid [~of] \circ The frightened children ran out of the building. \circ Don't be frightened of the dog – he won't hurt you.

③ **frightening** /'frart(\ni)nıŋ/ adj making you feel afraid \circ a frightening sound of footsteps in the corridor \circ He had a frightening thought – what if no one heard his cries for help?

frightful /'frattf(\Rightarrow)l/ *adj* terrible or awful **frightfully** /'frattf(\Rightarrow)li/ *adv* extremely (*dated or humorous*)

frigid /'frid3id/ adj 1. unfriendly, not showing any warm feelings \circ *His frigid response did not give us much hope.* 2. (of a *woman*) not responsive in sexual relations (*insulting*) \circ *After his marriage he discovered that she was frigid.*

frill /fril/ *noun* a piece of material gathered together and sewn onto a dress, etc.

fringe /frindʒ/ noun 1. the hair lying over the forehead 2. the edging of something such as a shawl or carpet, consisting of loose threads hanging down \circ a lampshade with a yellow fringe 3. an outer edge of an area \circ Round the fringe of the crowd people were selling souvenirs.

fringe benefit /'frind3 ,benifit/ *noun* an additional advantage which someone gets from doing a particular job or activity

frisk /frisk/ (**frisks**, **frisking**, **frisked**) verb **1.** to search someone by running your hands over his or her body \circ When they frisked him at the airport, they found a knife hidden under his shirt. **2.** to jump about happily \circ little lambs frisking in the field

frisky /'friski/ *adj* feeling lively, or behaving in a lively way

fritter verb

fritter away verb to waste time, money, etc. on unimportant things \circ *He inherited a fortune from his grandfather but had frittered it all away by the time he was thirty.*

frivolity /fri'voliti/ noun silliness; lack of seriousness

frivolous /'frɪvələs/ adj silly; not serious frizzy /'frɪzi/ adj (of hair) in a mass of tight curls

③ **frog** /frog/ noun a small greenishbrown animal with long legs, which jumps, and lives both on land and in water \circ He kept some tadpoles in a jar hoping they would turn into frogs. \circ Can you hear the frogs croaking round the pond?

frogman /'frogmən/ (plural frogmen) noun a diver working underwater

frolic /'frolik/ (frolics, frolicking, frolicked) verb to play happily \circ The lambs were frolicking in the fields.

(i) from /from, from/ prep 1. away 2. showing the place where something starts or started \circ *He comes from Germany*. \circ *The* bees went from flower to flower. \circ We've had a letter from the bank. \circ He read the book from beginning to end. \circ Take three *from four and you get one. O I took a book* from the pile on his desk. 3. showing the time when something starts or started $\circ I'll$ *be at home from 8 o'clock onwards.* \circ *The* hours of work are 9.30 to 5.30, from Monday to Friday. \circ From now on I'm going to get up early. **4.** showing distance \circ It is not far from here to the railway station. 5. showing difference o Can you tell butter from margarine? • His job is totally different from mine. 6. showing a cause \circ He died from the injuries he received in the accident. \circ She suffers from coughs every winter.

frond /frond/ noun a large leaf divided into many thin sections, as, e.g., on a palm tree

() front /frAnt/ noun a part of something which is furthest forward \circ The front of the house is on London Road. \circ She spilt coffee down the front of her dress. \blacksquare adj which is in front \circ She sat in the front seat, next to the driver. \diamond in front further forwards \circ Her mother sat in the back seat and she sat in front. \diamond in front of someone or something before or further forwards than something \circ Don't stand in front of the car – it may start suddenly. \circ There are six people in front of me in the queue. \circ You can park your car in front of the shop. **frontal** /'frAnt(ϑ)l/ adj of or in the front \circ a frontal attack on the enemy

(3) front door $/_1$ frAnt 'do:/ noun the main door to a house or building

frontier $fr_{\Lambda n}$ 't 1 ∂ / noun the boundary line between two countries \circ The customs men at the frontier didn't even bother to look at our passports.

front line /, frAnt 'laɪn/ noun the line where two armies meet in war

front page /frAnt 'peidʒ/ noun the first page of a newspaper or magazine

front-runner /frAnt 'rAnə/ noun the person who is currently first in a race or contest (*informal*)

frost /frost/ noun **1**. a white covering on the ground that appears when the temperature is below freezing \circ *The garden was* white with frost. **2**. an occasion on which the temperature outside is below freezing \circ *There was a hard frost last night.* \circ *There's a touch of frost in the air.* \circ *A late frost can damage young plants.*

frostbite /'frostbatt/ noun an injury caused by very severe cold which freezes your flesh

frosted glass /,frostId 'gla:s/ noun glass with a rough or textured surface which makes it opaque

frosting /'frostin/ noun icing on a cake

froth /fro θ / noun a mass of bubbles on top of a liquid \circ Wait until the froth has settled before drinking your beer. \blacksquare verb (froths, frothing, frothed) to make masses of bubbles \circ He was lying on the floor, frothing at the mouth.

frown /fraon/ verb (frowns, frowning, frowned) to make lines in the skin on your forehead because you are concentrating or worried \circ He frowned as he tried to do the calculation. In noun pulling your eyebrows together as a sign that you are angry or worried \circ Take that frown off your face – everything's going to be all right.

frown on phrasal verb to disapprove of something \circ The teachers frown on singing in the corridors. \circ The company frowns on people who bring food into the office.

③ froze /frəuz/ past tense of freeze

(3) **frozen** /'fr= 02(9)n/ past participle of **freeze** adj 1. very cold \circ *Come inside* – you must be frozen out there. 2. at a temperature below freezing point \circ *We went skating on the frozen lake.*

frugal /'frug(a) // *adj* **1**. small and plain \circ *He had a frugal meal of bread and cheese.*

2. careful when you spend money or use resources \circ *He lived a frugal life and died a millionaire.* \circ *The frugal use of the heating system will cut down on your electricity bills.*

(2) **fruit** /fru:t/ noun a food that grows on trees or plants, which is often eaten raw and is usually sweet \circ You should eat five pieces of fruit every day. \circ He has six fruit trees in his garden.

fruitful /'fru:tf(ə)l/ *adj* which produces good results

fruition /fru:' $IJ(\Im)n/$ noun \Box to come to fruition to be finished with good results \odot After ten years' work, the project finally came to fruition. \Box to bring something to fruition to finish something with good results

fruitless /'fru:tləs/ adj producing no result

fruit salad / fruit 'sæləd/ noun pieces of different fruit, cut up and mixed together

fruity /'fru:ti/ adj **1**. tasting of fruit \circ a dark fruity red wine **2**. (of a voice or laugh) deep and attractive

frustrate /frA'streit/ (**frustrates**, **frustrating**, **frustrated**) *verb* **1**. to make someone annoyed because they cannot do what they want to **2**. to prevent someone or something from being successful

frustrated /frA'strentid/ adj 1. annoyed because of not being able to do something \circ She was frustrated in her attempt to get an honest answer. 2. having the desire to be something, but not having the talent or the opportunity \circ a frustrated artist \circ When he gets behind the wheel of his car you can see the frustrated Grand Prix driver coming out.

frustrating /frA'streitin/ *adj* annoying, because someone or something stops you doing what you want to do

(3) **frustration** $/fr_{\Lambda}'strei \int (\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun a feeling of anger and impatience when you cannot do what you want to do

(3) **fry** /frai/ (fries, frying, fried) verb to cook something in oil or fat \circ Fry the onions over a low heat so that they don't burn. \circ Fry the eggs in some fat.

③ **frying pan** /'frain pæn/ noun an open pan with low sides, used for frying

③ ft /fut/ abbr foot or feet

fuchsia //fju: $\int \partial /$ *noun* a garden plant with colourful bell-shaped hanging flowers **fudge** /fAd3/ *noun* **1**. a soft sweet made from butter, sugar and milk **2**. an informal way of avoiding a problem \circ *The report on* the scandal was a fudge. \blacksquare verb (fudges, fudging, fudged) to avoid giving a clear answer or making a definite decision about something \circ We can't wait for those details to arrive, we'll have to fudge it. \Box to fudge the issue to avoid making a clear decision about a difficult situation (informal) \circ For years, they have been fudging the issue of legalising drugs.

② **fuel** /'fju:əl/ noun a substance such coal, gas, oil, petrol or wood which can be burnt to give heat or power ○ What fuel do you use to heat the house? ○ What's the fuel consumption of your car? ○ We ran out of fuel on the motorway. ◊ to add fuel to the flames to make matters worse ○ Just to add fuel to the flames the union leader sent the minister's letter to the newspapers.

fugitive /'fju:dʒɪtɪv/ noun a person who is running away \circ *The two fugitives were captured by the police.*

③ **fulfil** /ful'fil/ verb to complete something in a satisfactory way ○ He died before he could fulfil his ambition to fly a plane. ○ We are so busy that we cannot fulfil any more orders before Christmas. (NOTE: The US spelling is **fulfil**.)

fulfilled /fol'fild/ *adj* satisfied with what you are doing, or happy because of the things you have achieved

fulfilling /ful'filiŋ/ adj which gives satisfaction

fulfilment /ful'filment/ noun carrying something out in a satisfactory way (NOTE: The US spelling is **fulfilment**.)

① full /fol/ adj 1. with as much inside as is possible \circ Is the box full? \circ The bag is full of potatoes. \circ We couldn't get on the first bus because it was full. \circ All the hotels were full. 2. complete \circ You must give the police full details of the accident. \circ Write your full name and address at the top of the paper. ■ adv completely \circ The story has never been told in full. \diamond to be full of yourself to think a lot of yourself, or to be always talking about how successful you are

full-blown /,ful 'bləon/ adj **1.** (of a flower) completely open \circ a full-blown rose **2.** fully qualified **3.** (of a disease) complete; with all the symptoms \circ He developed full-blown AIDS.

full board / ful 'botd/ noun a rate for bedroom and all meals in a hotel

full-fledged / ful 'fled3d/ adj US fully-fledged

full-grown / ful 'groun/ adj same as fully-grown **full house** /,ful 'haus/ *noun* an audience for a theatre or cinema performance that fills all the seats

full-length /,fol 'len θ / adj 1. covering or showing the whole of someone \circ a fulllength evening gown \circ a full-length portrait 2. referring to a long film or novel \circ It was his first full-length film, made when he was 21.

full moon / ful 'mu:n/ noun the time when the moon appears as a complete circle

full-on /,ful 'pn/ *adj* having a particular quality to the highest degree

(3) **full-scale** /'fol skell/ adj **1**. the same size as in real life \circ a full-scale model of a dinosaur **2**. complete \circ It started as a dispute over a few islands and soon developed into a full-scale war.

(3) **full stop** /₁ful 'stop/ *noun* a punctuation mark like a small dot, showing the end of a sentence or an abbreviation

③ **full-time** /'fol tarm/ adj, adv working for all the usual working time, i.e. about seven hours a day, five days a week ○ She is in full-time work. or She works full-time. ○ We have eight full-time and two part-time teachers at our school. Compare **part-time** ② **fully** /'foli/ adv completely ○ He was fully aware that he had made a mistake. ○ She still hasn't fully recovered from her accident. ○ The hotel is fully booked for the Christmas week. ○ When fully grown, an elephant can weigh several tons.

fully-fledged / fuli 'fled3d/ *adj* experienced or qualified

fully-grown / fuli 'groun/ adj adult-sized

fumble /'fʌmbəl/ (fumbles, fumbling, fumbled) *verb* to touch or feel clumsily

③ **fume** /fju:m/ (fumes, fuming, fumed) verb to be angry \circ After he had read the report he was absolutely fuming.

fumes /fju:mz/ plural noun smoke or gas • They must have inhaled the fumes from the gas cooker.

fumigate /'fju:m1 gett/ (fumigates, fumigating, fumigated) verb to clean a building or a room by burning chemicals to produce smoke which kills germs and insects (2) fun /fAn/ noun enjoyment from an activity \circ Having to stay in bed on my birthday is not much fun. \Box to have fun to enjoy yourself \circ We had a lot of fun on the river. \diamond to make fun of someone, to poke fun at someone to laugh at someone \circ Don't make fun of her – she's trying her best. \circ He poked fun at the Prime Minister. \diamond for

fun as a joke or for enjoyment \circ She poured water down his neck for fun. \circ Just for fun, he drove the car through town dressed as a gorilla. \circ Why did you do that? – Just for the fun of it!

① function / 'fAŋk [an, noun 1. a party, or a gathering of people \circ We have two wedding functions in the main restaurant this weekend. \circ The Prime Minister busy up with official functions all week. 2. the work done by someone or something \circ The function of a goalkeeper is to stop the ball going into the net. \circ What's the function of that red switch? \blacksquare verb (functions, functioning, functioned) 1. to work \circ The computer is still functioning well after years of use. 2. to serve as something [-as] \circ The sofa functions as a bed if we have visitors.

functional $/[f_A\eta_k] = n(\Im) l/adj 1$. useful but not decorative \circ *These old saucepans are not works of art but they're functional.* **2.** working properly \circ *The heating system will be functional again in an hour or so.*

function key $/f_{\Lambda\eta}kJ_{\Theta}n$ ki:/ *noun* one of a row of keys along the top of a computer keyboard which activates a set of instructions

() fund /fAnd/ noun an amount of money intended for a particular purpose \circ She contributes to a pension fund. \blacksquare verb (funds, funding, funded) to provide money for a special purpose \circ We have asked the government to fund the building of the new library. \circ The company is funding her manager's course.

(2) **fundamental** /,fAndə'ment(ə)l/ adj basic; essential \circ The fundamental difference between us is that I apologise for my mistakes and you don't. \circ Good air quality is fundamental for children's health.

fundamentalism /,fʌndə 'ment(ə)lɪz(ə)m/ *noun* an approach to religion which involves following religious rules very strictly

fundamentalist /,fAndə'ment(ə)list/ noun a person who follows religious rules very strictly

(3) **funding** /'fʌndɪŋ/ noun money for something

fundraiser //fAndreIZə/*noun* **1**. a person who raises money for a charity or voluntary group **2**. a money-raising activity or event for a charity or voluntary group

fund-raising / fAnd , reizin/ noun the activity of raising money for a charity or voluntary group

funds /fAndz/ noun money which is available for spending \circ He started a

course at college and then ran out of funds. • The company has the funds to set up the research programme. • Funds are available to get the project off the ground.

(3) **funeral** /'fjuin(∂)r∂l/ noun a ceremony at which a dead person is buried or cremated ○ The church was packed for her funeral. ○ The funeral will take place on Friday morning.

funeral director /ˈfju:n(ə)rəl daı .rektə/ noun a person who arranges funerals in return for payment

funfair /'fAnfeə/ noun a group of amusements, sideshows, food stalls, etc., set up in one place for a short time

fungus / $f_{\Lambda\eta g \Rightarrow s}$ / (*plural* **fungi**) *noun* a plant which has no green leaves or flowers and which lives on decaying matter or on other plants

funk/fAnk/ noun a style of African dance music with a strong rhythm \circ The crowd of teenagers were dancing to funk music.

funky /'fʌŋki/ (funkier, funkiest) adj fashionable, modern (*informal*)

funnel /' $f_{An}(a)$]/ noun a tube with a wide opening and a narrow tube, used when pouring liquids from one container into another

① **funny** /'fAni/ adj 1. making people laugh \circ He made funny faces and all the children laughed. \circ That joke isn't funny. 2. strange \circ She's been behaving in a funny way recently. \circ There's a funny smell in the bathroom.

fur /f3:/ noun the soft covering of an animal's body \circ This type of cat has very short fur. \circ She was wearing a fur coat. \circ Have you got any fur-lined boots? (NOTE: Do not confuse with **fir**.)

furious /'fjuəriəs/ adj very angry

furl /f3:1/ (**furls**, **furling**, **furled**) *verb* to roll up a flag or sail when it is out of use, or to become tightly rolled up

furlong //f $\mathfrak{sl}\mathfrak{b}\mathfrak{g}$ / noun a measure of length, equal to 220 yards (NOTE: It is only used when referring to the length of a track for horse-racing.)

furnace /'f3:n1s/ *noun* **1**. a large brick or metal oven which can be heated to a very high temperature **2**. a heater which warms the water for central heating

furnish /'f3:n1J/ (**furnishes, furnishing, furnished**) verb **1.** to put furniture into a house, office, etc. \circ His house is furnished with antiques. **2.** to provide with something \circ He furnished the police with a complete list of addresses. \circ The town council furnished details of the improvement plan.

furnishings

furnishings / $f_{3:\Pi_{J}\Pi_{J}}$ / $f_{1:\Pi_{J}}$ / $f_{2:\Pi_{J}}$ / $f_{3:\Pi_{J}}$ /

② **furniture** /'f3:nit∫ə/ noun objects in, e.g. a house or an office such as tables, chairs, beds and cupboards ○ *The burglars* stole all our office furniture. ○ You should cover up all the furniture before you start painting the ceiling. (NOTE: no plural: some furniture; a lot of furniture; a piece of furniture)

furore /fjʊ'rɔːri/ *noun* an outburst of anger or excitement (NOTE: The US spelling is furor.)

furrow /'fAT30/ noun **1**. a long trench cut in the soil by a plough \circ Seagulls followed the plough, looking for food in the furrows. **2**. a deep line in the surface of something \circ As he grew older, the furrows on his face deepened.

furry /'f3:ri/ adj covered with fur

① further /'f3:ðə/ adv at or to a greater distance \circ Can you all move further back – I can't get you in the picture. \circ The police station is quite close, but the post office is further away. \circ Edinburgh is further from London than Newcastle. \blacksquare adj more \circ The bank needs further information about your salary. \circ Please send me further details of holidays in Greece.

③ **furthest** / f3:ðəst/ adv, adj at or to the greatest distance \circ Some of the staff live quite close to the office – James lives furthest away. \circ The furthest distance I have ever flown is to Hong Kong.

furtive /'f3:t1v/ adj as if trying not to be noticed

fury /'fjuəri/ noun very strong anger \circ He shouted at us in fury.

③ **fuse** /fju:z/ noun a small piece of wire in an electrical system which breaks if too much power tries to pass through it, so preventing further damage ○ *The plug has a 13-amp fuse.* ○ *If the lights go out, the first thing to do is to check the fuses.*

fuselage /'fju:zəla:3/ *noun* the body of an aircraft

(3) fusion /'fju:3(a)n/ noun 1. the melting together of two pieces of metal 2. the join-

ing together of two or more groups, such as political parties \circ *The new party has been formed by the fusion of two existing parties.*

③ **fuss** /fAs/ noun unnecessary excitement or complaints [~about/over] \circ What's all the fuss about? \Box to make a fuss or to kick up a fuss about something to complain for a long time about something which is not important \circ Don't make such a fuss – it's only a little scratch. \blacksquare verb (fusses, fussing, fussed) to worry about things that are unimportant [~over] \circ Don't fuss -everything's ready and there are no problems. \circ Stop fussing over your hair. \diamond to make a fuss of someone to pay great attention to someone \circ The children made a fuss of their mother on her birthday.

fussy /'fAsi/ (**fussier**, **fussiest**) *adj* **1**. too concerned about details or unimportant things \circ *She's fussy about what she eats* or *She's a fussy eater*. **2**. with too many small decorations \circ *I don't like the fussy pattern on this carpet*.

futile /'fju:tail/ adj certain to fail, and therefore not worth doing

futon /'fu:ton/ *noun* a thick mattress that can be folded, used as a seat or simple bed, on the floor or on a folding wooden frame

① **future** / 'f ju:t $\int \partial / noun$ a time which has not yet happened \circ What are his plans for the future? \circ You never know what the future will bring. \circ Can you imagine what London will be like in the future? **a** adj which is coming; which has not happened yet \circ They are spending all their time preparing for their future retirement. \circ I try to save something each week for future expenses.

futuristic /,fju:t∫ə'rɪstɪk/ adj very modern, or relating to the future

fuzz $/f_{\Lambda Z}/$ noun **1**. a mass of short hair **2**. **the fuzz** the police (*dated slang offensive*)

fuzzy /'fAzi/ (**fuzzier**, **fuzziest**) adj **1**. fluffy and curly \circ *She's got dark fuzzy hair*, which is difficult to comb. **2**. blurred; not clear \circ *The security camera produced a fuzzy photograph of the bank robbers*.

FYI/, ef wai 'ai/ abbr for your information

G

g /dʒiː/, **G** noun the seventh letter of the alphabet, between F and H

gabble $/'gab(\mathfrak{d})$!/ (gabbles, gabbling, gabbled) verb to speak very quickly \circ He gabbled a few words in Spanish.

gable /'geIb(ə)// noun the top part of a wall where it forms a triangle with the roof **gadget** /'gædʒIt/ noun a small useful tool **Gaelic** /'geIlk/; in Scotland /'gælk/ noun a Celtic language spoken in some parts of Scotland, Ireland and the Isle of Man

gag /gæg/ noun **1**. something put into or over a person's mouth to stop him or her speaking \circ *The burglars tied him up and put a gag in his mouth* **2**. a joke \circ *The audience laughed at most of his gags.* • veb (gags, gagging, gagged) **1**. to put something over a person's mouth to try to stop him or her talking \circ *He was gagged and put into the boot of the car.* **2**. to try to stop someone talking or writing \circ *The government tried to gag the press.* **3**. to choke; to try to vomit but be unable to do so \circ *Every time the doctor tries to examine her throat, she gags.* \circ *He gagged on the hamburger.*

gaggle /'gæg(ə)l/ *noun* a flock of geese, or a group of noisy people

② **gain** /gein/ verb (gains, gaining, gained) 1. to achieve something, or get it with some work or effort \circ The army gained control of the country. \circ She gained some useful experience working for a computer company. 2. (of a clock or watch) to move ahead of the correct time \circ My watch gains five minutes a day. \blacksquare noun 1. an increase in weight, quantity or size [\sim in] \circ There was no gain in weight over three weeks 2. benefit or profit \circ He doesn't do the job for financial gain.

gait /geIt/ noun a way of walking (NOTE: Do not confuse with **gate**.)

gala /'ga1lə/ noun a festive public occasion or performance

galaxy /'gæləksi/ (plural **galaxies**) noun an extremely large group of stars \circ There are vast numbers of galaxies in the universe. **Galaxy, the** /'gæləksi/ noun the large group of stars and planets that the Earth forms part of

gale /geIl/ noun a very strong wind

gallant /gə'lænt, 'gælənt/ adj 1. brave 2. polite to women o *It was very gallant of him to offer to take her home.* (NOTE: **Gallant** is used only of men.)

gall bladder /'go:l ,blædə/ *noun* a sac underneath the liver, in which bile produced by the liver is stored

③ gallery /'gæləri/(plural galleries) noun 1. □ (art) gallery a place where objects such as pictures and sculptures are shown to the public 2. the highest rows of seats in a theatre or cinema ○ We managed to get two seats in the gallery.

gallon /'gælən/ noun a measure of quantity of liquid, equal to 4.55 litres \circ The car was empty and I had to put in seven gallons of petrol. \circ An economical car does 40 miles to the gallon.

③ **gallop** /'gæləp/ verb (gallops, galloping, galloped) to go fast, especially on horseback ■ noun the fastest running speed of a horse \circ The horse went off at a gallop.

gallows /'gæləʊz/ (plural same) noun a wooden support from which criminals are executed by hanging

galore /gə'lɔ:/ adj in large quantities *This autumn we had pears galore*. (NOTE: always follows the noun)

gambit /'gæmbit/ noun something said or done which should give you an advantage in an argument

gamble /'gæmbəl/ noun a risk \circ This investment is a bit of a gamble. \circ He took a gamble with the weather in planning his picnic for the beginning of March. \blacksquare verb (gambles, gambling, gambled) to bet money on cards, horses, etc. \circ He lost all his money gambling on dog races. (NOTE: + gambling n) \Box to gamble on something happening to do something, hoping that something will happen \circ We're gambling on fine weather for the village fête.

① **game** /geIm/ noun 1. an activity in which people compete with each other using skill, strength or luck \circ She's not very good at games like chess. 2. a single match between two opponents or two opposing teams \circ Everyone wanted to watch the game of football. \circ Do you want a game of snooker? \circ Our team have won all their games this year. 3. a single session in an activity or sport such as tennis or cards \circ She's winning by six games to three. 4. wild animals and birds such as deer, rabbits and pheasants, which are killed for sport or food **_** plural noun **Games** a large organised sports competition \circ the Olympic Games

gamekeeper /'geImki:pə/ noun a person working on a private estate who protects wild birds and animals so that they can be hunted

game show /'geIm $\int \partial \upsilon / noun$ a TV show, where teams play games

gammon /'gæmən/ noun meat from the lower part of a side of bacon

gamut /'gæmət/ noun the complete range of things of the same type

gander /'gændə/ noun a male goose (NOTE: The females are **geese** and the young are **goslings**.)

③ gang /gæŋ/ noun 1. a group of criminals ○ a drugs gang 2. a group of young people who do things together, especially one that causes trouble ○ Gangs of football fans wandered the streets after the match.
3. a group of workers ○ Gangs of men worked all night to repair the railway track.

gangster /'gæŋstə/ noun a criminal belonging to a violent gang

gangway /'gæŋwei/ noun 1. (in a theatre, cinema, etc.) a passage between rows of seats \circ Don't block the gangway. 2. a little movable bridge for going on board a ship \circ We went up the gangway carrying our cases.

gaol /dʒeɪl/, **gaoler** /'dʒeɪlə/ another spelling of **jail**, **jailer**

(2) gap /gæp/ noun a space between two things or in the middle of something [~between/~in] o There's a gap between the two planks. o The sheep all rushed through the gap in the hedge.

gape /geIp/ (gapes, gaping, gaped) verb **1.** to open your mouth wide in surprise or shock **2.** to be wide open \circ *The entrance to the cave gaped before us.*

gaping /'geipiŋ/ adj wide

② **garage** /'gærɪdʒ, 'gærɑːʒ/ noun 1. a building where you can keep a car \circ *He put*

the car into the garage overnight. \circ She drove the car out of the garage. \circ Don't forget to lock the garage door. \circ The hotel has garage space for thirty cars. **2**. a place where petrol is sold and where cars are repaired or sold \circ Where's the nearest garage? I need some petrol. \circ I can't drive you to the station – my car is in the garage for repair. \circ You can hire cars from the garage near the post office.

garb /garb/ noun clothes worn by a particular category of person

③ garbage /'ga:bid3/ noun 1. nonsense ○ I don't believe a word of what he said – it's just garbage. 2. (mainly US) household waste

garbled /'gaɪb(ə)ld/ *adj* confusingly expressed and difficult to understand

① garden /'gotd(ə)n/ noun an area of land near a house, used for growing such things as vegetables and flowers \circ We grow all the vegetables we need in the back garden. \circ Your sister's outside, sitting in the garden.

garden centre /'ga:d(ə)n ,sentə/ *noun* a place which sells things such as plants, seeds and equipment for gardening

gardener / gard(a)na / noun a person who looks after a garden either as a hobby or as a job

gardening /'goːd(ə)nɪŋ/ *noun* the activity of looking after a garden

garden party /'gɑ:d(\Rightarrow)n ,pɑ:ti/ noun a social occasion held in a garden or in a house's grounds

garden shed /,gɑːd(ə)n 'ʃed/ noun a small building where tools, equipment, and supplies for gardening are kept

gargle /'gɑ:g(ə)l/ (gargles, gargling, gargled) *verb* to clean your mouth by taking liquid into your mouth and blowing air through it before spitting it out

garish /'geəri / adj too colourful

garland /'ga:lənd/ noun a circle of flowers or paper decorations \circ She wore a garland of flowers in her hair. \circ The room was decorated with paper garlands.

③ **garlic** /'gorlik/ noun a round white vegetable with a strong smell, which can be separated into sections and used to give flavour to food

garment /'gaimont/ noun a piece of clothing (formal)

garnish /'ga:n1 \int / noun something used to decorate food \circ ham with a garnish of pickled cucumbers (NOTE: + **garnish** v) **garrison** /'gærIs(ϑ)n/ noun soldiers defending a castle or town \circ The attackers promised the garrison safe passage if they surrendered.

(1) **gas** /gæs/ noun 1. a chemical substance which has no form and which becomes liquid if it is cooled \circ Air is made up of several gases, mainly nitrogen and oxygen. \circ Rubbish gives off a type of gas called methane as it rots. 2. a chemical substance which is burnt to make heat, e.g. for cooking

gas chamber /'gæs ,tʃeɪmbə/ *noun* a room where people are killed using poison gas

gash /gasf / noun a deep cut \circ He received a gash on his forehead. (NOTE: + **gash** v)

gasoline /'gæsəli:n/ noun US a liquid, made from petrol, used to drive a car engine (NOTE: usually shortened to **gas**)

gasp /go:sp/ verb (gasps, gasping, gasped) to take a short deep breath \circ He gasped when he saw the bill. \blacksquare noun a sudden loud breath that you take when you are surprised or in pain \circ She gave a gasp when she saw the face at the window.

gas station /'gæs sterf(\Im)n/ noun US a place where you can buy gasoline

gastric /'gæstrik/ *adj* referring to the stomach

② gate /gett/ noun 1. a low outside door made of bars of wood or metal \circ Shut the gate – if you leave it open the sheep will get out of the field. \circ There is a white gate leading into the garden. 2. a door which leads to an aircraft at an airport \circ Flight AZ270 is now boarding at Gate 23.

gâteau /'gætəʊ/ (*plural* **gâteaux**) *noun* a large cake with several layers decorated with cream, chocolate etc.

gatecrash /'gentkræ \int / (gatecrashes, gatecrashing, gatecrashed) verb to get into a party without being invited $\circ A$ group of students tried to gatecrash or gatecrash her party.

gateway /'geitwei/ noun 1. an opening where a gate is fitted 2. a place which leads to a larger area \circ Washington, gateway to the south

(2) gather /'gæðə/ (gathers, gathering, gathered) verb 1. to bring things or people together ○ He gathered his papers together after the lecture. ○ She has been gathering information on the history of the local school. 2. (especially of people) to come together in one place, or be brought together by someone ○ Groups of people gathered outside the government building. ○ They gathered together a team of experienced people for the new project. **3.** to understand from what someone has told you $\circ I$ gather that his father is in hospital. \circ We gather he has left the office. **4.** to pick plants, flowers or fruit \circ The children were gathering blackberries. \circ The grape harvest has been gathered.

(2) gathering /'gæðərıŋ/ noun a group of people who have come together $\circ A$ speaker from another association will address the gathering.

gaudy /'gɔːdi/ (gaudier, gaudiest) adj very brightly coloured (NOTE: + gaudily adv)

(2) **gauge**/geid₃/ noun **1**. an instrument to measure depth, pressure, etc. **2**. the distance between the two rails in a railway line

gaunt /goint/ adj very thin

gauntlet /'gɔːntlət/ *noun* a strong glove **gauze** /gɔːz/ *noun* a thin material

3 gave /geIV/ past tense of give

gawp /go:p/ (gawps, gawping, gawped) verb to gaze stupidly or rudely at something

③ **gay** /ge1/ adj **1.** attracted to people of the same sex, or relating to people like this \circ It's a club where gay men and women meet. \circ They met in a gay bar. **2.** bright and lively (dated) \circ The houses along the street are all painted in gay colours. \blacksquare noun a person who is attracted to someone of the same sex \circ a club for gays

gaze /geIZ/ verb (gazes, gazing, gazed) to look steadily \circ She gazed into his eyes. \circ He stood on the cliff, gazing out to sea. \blacksquare noun a steady look \circ She refused to meet his gaze.

GCSE *noun* a British school exam taken at the age of around 16. Full form **General Certificate of Secondary Education**

(3) **gear** /g1 \Rightarrow / noun 1. equipment for a particular purpose \circ He took all his climbing gear with him. \circ She was carrying her painting gear in a rucksack. 2. clothing for a particular purpose \circ She was putting on her tennis gear. 3. a part of an engine that makes it possible to change the amount of work the engine has to do to turn the wheels

gear up phrasal verb to get someone or something ready, or get yourself ready

gearbox /'grəboks/ *noun* a case for gears in a car

geek /gi:k/ noun a person who is a proud or enthusiastic user of computers or other technology, especially one who is interested in few other things or is socially awkward (*informal*)

3 geese /girs/ plural of goose

gel /dʒel/ noun a thick substance similar to a jelly \blacksquare verb (gels, gelling, gelled) to become more certain or more clear \circ The details of the plan began to gel.

gelatine /'dʒeləti:n/, **gelatin** noun a substance made from boiling animal bones, and used to make foods such as jelly

gem /dʒem/ noun 1. a precious stone \circ She wore a crown set with pearls and gems. 2. an amusing or interesting item \circ Here are some gems from yesterday's paper. 3. a person who is very useful and important to you

Gemini /'dʒemɪnaɪ/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like twins, covering the period 21st May to 21st June

gender /'d3endə/ noun 1. the fact of being male or female \circ Everyone has the same rights, regardless of race, religion or gender. 2. (in grammar) a system where nouns and adjectives have different forms to show if they are masculine, feminine or neuter

② **gene** /dʒi:n/ *noun* a set of chemicals in a cell which carries information about features that are passed from parent to child

① general /'dʒen(ə)rəl/ adj not specific; covering a wide range of subjects \circ *He had* a good general education, but didn't specialise in any particular field. \blacksquare noun an army officer of high rank \circ *He has only re*cently been promoted to general. \diamond in general normally \circ *In general, the weather is* warmer in the south.

general anaesthetic /,d3en(ə)rəl ænəs'θet1k/ noun a substance given to make a patient lose consciousness so that a major surgical operation can be carried out

general election /,d3en(3)ral I 'lek $\int an / noun$ an election where all voters can vote for a new government

generalise $/'d_3en(\vartheta)r\vartheta larz/$ (generalises, generalising, generalised), generalize verb to make a general statement about something

() generally /'dʒen(∂)rəli/ adv usually ○ The office is generally closed between Christmas and the New Year.

general strike /,dʒen(ə)rəl 'straɪk/ *noun* a strike of all or many of the workers in a country ② generate /'dʒenəreɪt/ (generates, generating, generated) verb to produce something such as power o We use wind to generate electricity.

② generation /,dʒenə'reı∫(ə)n/ noun 1. the production of something such as power ◦ the generation of electricity from waves 2. all people born at about the same time ○ The 1960s generation had an easier life than we did. ○ Many people of my father's generation cannot understand computer technology. 3. members of a family born at about the same time 4. a series of machines made at about the same time ○ They are developing a new type of engine for the next generation of aircraft.

② generator /'dʒenəreɪtə/ noun a machine which makes electricity

generic /dʒə'nerɪk/ *adj* referring to a range or class of things

generosity /₁dʒenə'rɒsɪti/ *noun* willingness to give money or your time to help someone

generous /'dʒen(ϑ)r ϑ s/ adj 1. giving more money or presents than people usually do \circ Thank you! You're so generous! 2. large \circ a generous helping of pudding

generously /'dʒen(ə)rəsli/ adv in a generous way

② genetic /dʒə'netīk/ adj relating to those things that are controlled by genes

genetic engineering /dʒə,netık endʒı'nıərıŋ/ *noun* techniques used to change the genetic composition of a cell so as to change certain characteristics

geneticist /d₃ə'net1s1st/ *noun* a person who specialises in the study of genetics

genetics /dʒə'netiks/ noun the science and study of the way genes are involved in passing features from parents to children

genial /'dʒiːniəl/ adj cheerful and friendly

③ genius /'dʒi:niəs/ noun 1. a very intelligent person; a person who has great ability o She's a chess genius. O Napoleon was a military genius. O She came top of the class – she's a real genius. 2. great ability O He has a genius for keeping people amused.

genocide /'dʒenəʊsaɪd/ *noun* the killing of an entire racial group

genome /'dʒi:nəum/ noun 1. all the genes in an individual 2. a set of genes which are inherited from one parent

genre / 1 3Dnrə/ *noun* a type of something artistic such as art, literature or theatre \circ

the three main literary genres of prose, poetry and drama

genteel /d3en'ti:l/ adj refined and respectable

③ gentle /'dʒent(ə)l/ (gentler, gentlest) adj 1. soft and kind ○ The nurse has gentle hands. 2. not very strong ○ After a little gentle persuasion, she agreed to the plan.
○ He gave the door a gentle push. 3. not very steep ○ There is a gentle slope down to the lake.

(2) gentleman /'dʒent(ə)lmən/ (plural gentlemen) noun a man, especially a wellbehaved or upper-class man \circ *He's such a gentleman; he always opens the door for me.*

③ **gently** /'dʒentli/ adv **1**. softly and carefully ○ *He gently put the blanket over her.* ○ *She rocked the cradle gently.* **2**. not steeply ○ *The path rises gently to the top of the hill.*

gentrification $/_1$ d3entrifi'kei $\int(\vartheta)n/$ *noun* the action of making a poor part of a town more popular with rich people

3 **genuine** *('dʒenjuɪn/ adj real; true o The painting was not a genuine Picasso. o A genuine leather purse will cost a lot more than that.*

genus /'dʒi:nəs/ (*plural* **genera**) *noun* a group of related species of animals or plants

③ **geography** /dʒi'ɒgrəfi/ *noun* the study of the earth's surface, its climate and the plants and animals that live on it

③ **geology** /dʒi'blədʒi/ *noun* the science and study of the rocks that form the earth's crust

(3) **geometry** /dʒi'ɒmətri/ *noun* the mathematical science of lines, surfaces and solids

geranium /dʒə'reɪniəm/ *noun* a brightly coloured summer flower, usually red or pink

geriatric /,dʒeri'ætrɪk/ *adj* referring to old people, or old age o *geriatric medicine* **geriatrics** /,dʒeri'ætrɪks/ *noun* the study

of old people and their health

③ **germ** /dʒ3:m/ noun an organism which causes disease \circ Wash your hands after emptying the dustbin so you don't spread any germs.

① **German** /'dʒ3:mən/ *adj* referring to Germany or its inhabitants ■ *noun* 1. the language spoken in Germany, Austria and parts of Switzerland and Italy 2. a person from Germany **German measles** /,d33:mən 'mi:z(ə)lz/ *noun* a usually mild disease which gives a red rash but which can affect an unborn child if caught by a pregnant woman

germinate /'d33:mineit/ (germinates, germinating, germinated) verb (of a plant seed) to start to grow (NOTE: + germination n)

gerund /'dʒerənd/ noun a noun formed from the present participle of a verb (NoTE: In English, gerunds are formed from the 'ing' form of verbs, as in *Cycling is good ex*ercise; *Choral singing is very popular in Wales.*)

gestation /dʒe'steɪ $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1**. a period when a baby is carried in its mother's womb **2**. a period when something such as a book is being worked on \circ *The gestation period is almost over and the book should be published next month.*

gesticulate /dʒe'st1kjole1t/ (**gesticulates**, **gesticulating**, **gesticulated**) *verb* to make signs with your hands or arms

③ gesture /'dʒest∫ə/ noun a movement of a part of the body such as the hands to show feeling ○ She made a slight gesture of impatience with her hand. ■ verb (gestures, gesturing, gestured) to make a movement with your hands [~at/to/towards] ○ He gestured to the audience to sit down.

1) get /get/ (gets, getting, got) verb 1. to receive something \circ We got a letter from the bank this morning. \circ She gets more money than I do. 2. [~from/to/~how/what etc/~into/out of/on/off/~off/~on/~on/onto/~to/~without]
to get to a place or situ**ation** to arrive at a place or situation \circ We only got to the hotel at midnight. O When *does your train get to London?* \circ *The plane* gets to New York at 4 p.m. O When you get to my age you'll understand! 3. to start to be in a particular state \circ *I'm getting too old* for rugby. \circ He's got much fatter over the last year or so. \circ The sun got hotter and *hotter.* \circ *The carpet's getting dirty.* **4.** to have something done \circ I must get my suit cleaned. \circ We got the car mended in time to go on holiday. 5. to make someone do something o Can you get the garage to mend the brakes? \circ I'll try and get her to bring some CDs.

get across(2) phrasal verb 1. to manage to cross something \circ They got across the river on rafts. 2. to make someone understand something \circ I'm trying to get across to the people in the office that they all have to work harder. \circ We just can't seem to get our message across.

get along(2) *phrasal verb* to manage \circ *She got along quite well when her mother was away on holiday.* \circ *We seem to get along very happily without the telephone.* \circ *How are you getting along?*

get around phrasal verb 1. to move from place to place \circ Since he had his accident he gets around on two sticks. 2. (of news) to be heard by a lot of people \circ The news soon got around that they were married.

get at(3) phrasal verb 1. to reach something \circ You'll need to stand on a chair to get at the books on the top shelf. 2. to criticise someone all the time (informal) \circ She thinks she's being got at. 3. to suggest or try to say something \circ What was he really getting at when he said that some people were not working hard enough?

get away phrasal verb to escape \circ The robbers got away in a stolen car.

get back phrasal verb **1**. to return \circ They got back home very late. \circ When did they get back from the cinema? **2**. to get something again which you had before \circ I got my money back after I had complained to the manager. **3**. to phone back or reply by post \circ I'll find out what the situation is and get back to you as soon as I can.

get by(3) phrasal verb 1. to manage to do something with difficulty $\circ I$ can just get by in German. \circ How are you going to get by without a car? 2. to manage to live $\circ I$ is difficult for them to get by in New York on only \$30 a day.

get down? phrasal verb 1. to go back down onto the ground \circ The cat climbed up the tree and couldn't get down. \circ He got down off the ladder. 2. to bring something down \circ Can you get my suitcase down for me? 3. to make someone sad \circ Rainy weather always gets me down.

get going(2) phrasal verb to start doing something, or to leave \circ Come on, let's get going!

get in \bigcirc phrasal verb 1. to go inside a place or a vehicle \circ Get in! – the train's going to leave. \circ The burglars must have got in through the bathroom window. 2. to arrive home or at the office \circ What time did you get in last night? \circ Because of the train strike, we didn't get in until eleven o'clock. 3. to ask someone to come to do a job \circ We'll get a builder in to mend the wall. get into \bigcirc phrasal verb to go inside a place or a vehicle \circ They got into the back of the car. \circ I was just getting into bed when the phone rang. \circ The burglars got into the building through a window on the ground floor.

get off() phrasal verb 1. to come down from or out of a form of transport such as a car, bus, train or plane \circ She got off her bicycle at the red light. \circ If you want the post office, you should get off at the next stop. \circ You have to get off the Underground at South Kensington. 2. not to be punished, or only receive a light punishment \circ She was lucky to get off so lightly. \circ He was found guilty of embezzlement and got off with a fine.

get on () phrasal verb 1. to go onto a form of transport such as a car, bus, train or plane \circ They got on the bus at the bank. \circ The policeman got on his bike and rode away. 2. to become old \circ He's getting on and can't work as hard as he used to. 3. to manage \circ How's your new assistant getting on? 4. to be friendly with someone \circ They don't get on at all well.

get out phrasal verb **1**. to take something out \circ *I'll get the book out of the library*. \circ *She's getting the car out of the garage*. **2**. to go out of a place or a vehicle \circ *The bus stopped and the driver got out. The burglars got out through the front door.*

get over (2) *phrasal verb* **1**. to climb over something \circ *They got over the wall into the garden*. **2**. to recover from an illness \circ *He's got over his flu*. **3**. to recover from a shock \circ *She never got over the death of her father*.

get round phrasal verb to persuade someone to like you or to do what you want \circ She got round the boss by giving him a bottle of wine.

get through (3) phrasal verb 1. to manage to go through something \circ The cows got through the hole in the fence. 2. to be successful \circ He got through his exams, so he is now a qualified engineer.

get to③ phrasal verb to arrive at or reach a place

get up *(*) *phrasal verb* **1**. to get out of bed \circ *He went to bed so late that he didn't get up until 11 o'clock.* **2**. to make someone get out of bed \circ *You must get everyone up by 7.30 if we are going to leave on time.* **3**. to stand up \circ *When he had finished his meal, he got up from the table and walked out of the room.* **get up to**(3) *phrasal verb* to reach something \circ *Stop reading when you get up to page 23.*

getaway /'getəwei/ noun an escape get rid of i rid

get-together /'get tə,geðə/ noun a meeting of friends (*informal*)

geyser /'gi:zə/ noun a natural spring of hot water \circ *There are famous geysers in Yellowstone National Park.*

ghastly /'gaːstli/ (**ghastlier, ghastliest**) *adj* horrible

ghetto /'getəu/ (*plural* **ghettos** or **ghettos**) *noun* a poor area in a city in which people of a particular race, religion or nationality live

ghost /g=oust/ noun an image of a dead person which some people believe they have seen \circ They say the house is haunted by the ghost of its former owner. \circ Her face is white – she looks as if she has seen a ghost.

ghostly /'gəustli/ adj like a ghost

ghost town /'goust taun/ noun an abandoned town where no one lives

ghoul /gu:l/ *noun* **1**. a person who is interested in unpleasant things **2**. an evil and frightening spirit

GI / d3it 'ai/ noun an American soldier

giant /'dʒa1ənt/ noun (in fairy tales and myths) a very large man \circ a story about a giant who lived in a castle at the top of a mountain \blacksquare adj very large \circ He's grown a giant cabbage. \circ They are planning to build a giant car factory in South Wales.

gibberish /'dʒibəriʃ/ *noun* nonsense; words that do not seem to mean anything

gibe /dʒatb/ noun a nasty remark \circ He went on with his experiments, disregarding the gibes of the press.

giddy /'gidi/ (**giddier**, **giddies**t) *adj* feeling that everything is turning round, and that you could lose your balance

② gift /gift/ noun 1. something given to someone as a present ○ The wedding gifts were displayed on a table. ○ She was wrapping up gifts to put under the Christmas tree. 2. a natural ability for doing something well [~for] ○ She has a gift for making people feel welcome. ○ He has a gift for maths.

gifted /'gIftId/ adj with a special talent \circ *He was a gifted musician.*

gift token /'gift ,təukən/, **gift voucher** /'gift ,vaut $\int \partial$ *noun* a card bought in a shop which is given as a present and which must be exchanged in that shop for goods

gift-wrap /'gift ræp/ verb to wrap something in coloured paper to give as a present **gift-wrapped** /'gift ræpt/ adj (of a gift) packaged in attractive paper

③ **gig** /g1g/ noun a performance of pop music (informal)

gigabyte /'gigəbait/ *noun* a unit of computer data equal to 1,024 megabytes

gigantic /dʒaɪ'gæntɪk/ *adj* extremely large

(2) **giggle** /'g1g(\ni)!/ noun a little laugh, often showing you are embarrassed \blacksquare verb (**giggles, giggling, giggled**) to laugh in an embarrassed way [~about/at] \circ The girls were giggling about the letter.

gild /gild/ (**gilds, gilding, gilded**) *verb* to cover something with a layer of gold (NOTE: Do not confuse with **guild**.)

gill /dʒɪl/, **ghyll** *noun* a measure of liquids, equal to a quarter of a pint

gilt /g1lt/ adj covered with gold \circ a picture in a gilt frame (NOTE: Do not confuse with **guilt**.)

gimme /'gimi/ verb give me (informal)

gimmick /'gImIk/ *noun* a thing which is intended to attract attention

gin $/d_{3IN}/$ noun a colourless alcoholic drink, flavoured with juniper \circ a cocktail made with gin

ginger $/\sqrt{d_{31}d_{39}}$ *noun* a plant whose root has a sharp burning taste and is used in cooking \circ Fry the meat with spring onions and slices of ginger. \circ Add a pinch of powdered ginger to the cake mixture. \blacksquare adj (of hair) orange in colour \circ She has ginger hair and green eyes. \circ A ginger cat lay sleeping in the sun.

gingerly /'dʒɪndʒəli/ adv carefully, in case you might get hurt

gipsy /'dʒɪpsi/ another spelling of **gypsy** (3) **giraffe** /dʒɪ'rɑːf/ *noun* a large African animal with a very long neck

girder /'g3:də/ *noun* a strong metal beam to hold up a wall or roof

girdle $/[g_3:d(\mathfrak{z})]/$ noun **1**. a belt round a dress **2**. a tight piece of underwear worn by women in the past to support their bodies

① **girl** /g3:l/ noun a female child \circ a crowd of girls waiting at the bus stop \circ They have four children – two boys and two girls. \circ My sister goes to the local girls' school.

(3) **girlfriend** /'g3:lfrend/ noun 1. a girl or woman that someone is having a romantic relationship with \circ He's broken up with his girlfriend. 2. a friend who is a girl \circ On Saturdays she always has lunch with a group of girlfriends. girth /g3: θ / noun a measurement round something, especially round your stomach

git /git / noun an annoying person (informal insult)

(1) give /giv/ (giving, gave, given) verb 1. to pass something to someone $[~(to)] \circ I'll$ give the letter to her tonight or I'll give her *the letter tonight.* \circ *Can you give me some* information about holidays in Greece? 2. to send or pass something to someone as a present [~(to)] \circ We gave her flowers for *her birthday.* \circ *What are you going to give* him when he gets married? • We gave ten pounds to the Red Cross. 3. to do something to someone or something $[-to] \circ He$ gave me a broad smile. \circ He gave her a kiss. \circ She gave the ball a kick. 4. to organise something such as a party o They gave a reception for the visiting Foreign Minister. • We gave a party to celebrate her twenty-first birthday.

give away() phrasal verb 1. to give something as a present \circ We are giving away a pocket calculator with each £10 of purchases. 2. to throw things out by giving them to charity 3. to lead the bride to the bridegroom at a wedding \circ She was given away by her father. 4. to reveal something which you are trying to keep secret \circ His accent gave him away. \circ She gave herself away by saying that she had never been to France.

give back() phrasal verb to hand something back to someone

give in③ *phrasal verb* to agree to do something that you had refused to do earlier

give off *phrasal verb* to produce something such as steam or a smell

give out(3) phrasal verb 1. to give something to everyone \circ She gave out presents to all the children. 2. to come to an end \circ The battery has given out so I can't use my watch.

give up \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1.** to stop doing something \circ *She's trying to give up smoking.* **2.** \Box **to give yourself up** to surrender to an enemy, the police, etc. \circ *He gave himself up to the police.* \circ *They shouted to the gang to come out of the store and give themselves up.*

give way(3) phrasal verb 1. to let someone go first \circ Give way to traffic coming from the right. 2. to break under a heavy weight \circ The chair gave way when he sat on it. 3. to stop opposing something \circ In the end, our dad gave way and let us go camping by ourselves.

giveaway /'givəwei/ noun 1. a gift which is given to a customer 2. a thing which reveals something \circ Her beaming smile was an absolute giveaway that she'd got the job.

② given /'gıv(ə)n/ adj (of a specific time) already arranged or specified \circ There is no given time for departure. \Box at any given time at any particular time \blacksquare conj considering [-that] \circ He plays the violin very well given his age. \circ Given that it's his birthday, it's a shame he couldn't get to the party.

glacial /'gle1 $\int(\partial)$ l/ *adj* **1**. referring to glaciers **2**. very cold **3**. very unfriendly

glacier / glæsiə/ *noun* a mass of ice like a frozen river which moves slowly down a mountain

(2) glad /glæd/ adj pleased o Aunt Jane was glad to get your postcard. o After shopping all day, she was glad to find somewhere to sit down.

glade /gleId/ noun an open grassy place in a wood

gladiator /'glædieɪtə/ noun an ancient Roman fighter

gladly /'glædli/ adv with great pleasure

glamorise /'glæməraız/ (glamorises, glamorising, glamorised), glamorize verb to make something seem to be more attractive or glamorous than it really is

glamorous /'glæmərəs/ *adj* attractive; enchanting

glamour /'glæmə/ *noun* an attractive, dazzling appearance (NOTE: no plural. Another US spelling is **glamor**.)

③ **glance** /gla:ns/ noun a quick look \circ She gave him an admiring glance. ■ verb (glances, glancing, glanced) to look quickly \circ He glanced over his shoulder to see who was following him. \circ She glanced suspiciously at the waiter. \diamond at a glance after a quick look at something \circ At a glance, I'd say these rugs are Chinese.

gland /glænd/ *noun* an organ in the body which produces a chemical substance

glandular fever /,glændjulə 'fi:və/ noun an infectious disease, where the body has an excessive number of white blood cells

glare /gleə/ noun 1. a very bright light \circ The glare of the sun on the wet road blinded me. 2. an angry look \circ He gave her a glare and walked on. \blacksquare verb (glares, glaring, glared) to look angrily \circ She glared at me and went on reading her book. **glaring** /'gleəriŋ/ adj **1**. very bright \circ *the* glaring headlights of the cars **2**. obvious \circ The book is full of glaring mistakes.

(1) **glass** /glass/ noun 1. a hard, smooth material which you can see through, used to make things such as windows, vases and bowls $[\sim of] \circ a$ bowl made of glass or a glass bowl o They found some very old pieces of glass in the earth. (NOTE: no plural) 2. a container to drink out of, usually made of glass o She put the dirty glasses in the dishwasher. \circ We took plastic wine glasses on the picnic. 3. the liquid contained in a glass o Would you like a large glass or a small glass? \circ He was so thirsty he drank three glasses. \circ Add a glass of red wine to the sauce.
I plural noun glasses two plastic or glass lenses in a frame which you wear in front of your eyes to help you see better \circ She has to wear glasses for reading. (NOTE: no singular: for one item, say 'a pair of glasses'.)

glass ceiling /gla:s 'si:IIŋ/ noun a system which prevents certain people, especially women, from progressing in their career

glasshouse /'glasshaus/ noun a large greenhouse

glassware /'glassweə/ noun things made of glass

glassy /'gla:si/ adj **1**. resembling glass **2**. (of eyes) dull \circ a glassy stare

glaze /gleiz/ noun a shiny surface on pottery \circ The pot has a green-blue glaze. (NOTE: + **glaze** v)

glazed /gleIZd/ adj 1. with a shiny surface \circ a floor of glazed tiles 2. with glass windows \circ We have built a glazed porch.

gleam /gli:m/ noun 1. a small light \circ He saw the gleam of a flashlight in the distance. 2. a slight sign \circ He saw a gleam of recognition in the boy's eyes. \circ There was a wild gleam in her eyes. \blacksquare verb (gleams, gleaming, gleamed) to shine as if polished \circ a line of gleaming black cars

glean /glin/ (gleans, gleaning, gleaned) *verb* to collect scraps of information

glee /gli1/ noun great happiness

glen /glen/ noun (in Scotland) a narrow valley

glib /gl1b/ adj easily said, but insincere

③ **glide** /glaid/ (glides, gliding, glided) verb to move in a smooth way \circ Skaters were gliding across the ice. \circ A bird went gliding past.

glider /'glaɪdə/ noun an aircraft which flies without a motor

gliding /'glaɪdɪŋ/ *noun* the sport of flying a glider

glimmer /'glimə/ noun 1. a small weak light ○ There was a glimmer of light in one of the upstairs windows. 2. a very small amount ○ The news brought a glimmer of hope to the families of the trapped miners. ■ verb (glimmers, glimmering, glimmered) to shine weakly ○ A light glimmered some distance away in the trees.

glimpse /glimps/ noun a quick sight of something \circ We caught a glimpse of the princess as she drove past. \circ There was a brief glimpse of the sun during the afternoon. \blacksquare verb (glimpses, glimpsing, glimpsed) to catch sight of someone or something \circ We only glimpsed the back of her head as she was leaving.

glint/glint/ (**glints**, **glinting**, **glinted**) verb to flash \circ The soldiers' swords glinted in the sunshine. (NOTE: + **glint** n)

glisten /'glIs(a)n/ (glistens, glistening, glistened) verb to shine brightly, as if wet glitch /gl $It \int$ /noun a small problem which suddenly arises

glitter /'glɪtə/ (**glitters**, **glittering**, **glittered**) verb to shine brightly with small points of light, as the stars in the sky seem to shine \circ The jewels in her crown were glittering in the light of the candles. \circ Her eyes glittered hopefully as she spoke.

glittering /'glittering/ adj 1. which shines brightly \circ a glittering diamond crown 2. very brilliant; very successful \circ They threw a glittering reception at the golf club. \circ He had a glittering career in the Foreign Office.

glitz /glits/ noun a quality which makes something seem to be very exciting and glamorous

gloat /glaut/ (gloats, gloating, gloated) *verb* to be happy about something, especially someone else's bad luck

(3) **global** /'glə υ b(ə)l/ adj 1. relating to the whole world \circ *We offer a global parcel de-livery service.* 2. relating to the whole of something \circ *We are carrying out a global review of salaries.*

globalisation $/_{i}$ globbaliziton $/_{i}$ globbalization noun the process by which world economy and culture merge, as a result of telecommunications and multinational companies

(3) **global warming** /,gləub(ə)l 'wɔ:mɪŋ/ *noun* a gradual rise in temperature over the whole of the earth's surface, caused by the greenhouse effect globe

globe /gloub/ noun 1. \Box the globe the world \circ *He is trying to be the first person to fly round the globe in a balloon.* 2. a map of the world on a ball \circ *He spun the globe round and pointed to Canada.*

globule /'globju:l/ noun a small round drop, especially of oil or another thick liquid

gloom /glu:m/ noun 1. darkness \circ It was difficult to see in the gathering gloom. 2. deep despair \circ A feeling of deep gloom came down on the family. \circ When the exam results came out everyone sank into gloom.

③ gloomy /'glu:mi/ (gloomier, gloomiest) adj 1. unhappy \circ She was gloomy about her chances of passing the exam. \circ He's very gloomy about his job prospects. 2. dark \circ a gloomy Sunday afternoon in November

glorified /'glo:r:faid/ *adj* seeming more important or special than it really is

glorify /'glo:rrfat/ (glorifies, glorifying, glorified) verb to make something seem more important or special than it really is (NOTE: + glorification n)

glorious /'glorrios/ adj splendid

glory /'glo:ri/ (plural glories) noun 1. fame $\circ I$ did it for the glory of the school, not for myself. 2. a wonderful sight $\circ It$ is one of the glories of ancient Rome.

gloss /glos/ noun 1. a shine on the surface of something \circ The metal is polished to give a brilliant gloss. 2. a note which explains or gives a meaning to a word, phrase or whole text \circ his glosses on the plays of Shakespeare

gloss over phrasal verb to try to hide a mistake or fault \circ She tried to gloss over the fact that they had failed. \circ The report glosses over the mistakes made by officials.

glossary /'glosəri/ (plural glossaries) noun a list of specialist words and their meanings or translations

gloss paint /'glos peint/ noun a paint which is shiny when dry

glossy /'glosi/ (glossier, glossiest) adj shiny \circ the glossy coat of a horse

glove /glAv/ noun a piece of clothing worn on your hand

glove compartment /'glav kəm ,pa:tmənt/ *noun* a little cupboard with a door in front of the passenger's seat in a car

glow $/gl_{\Theta U}$ verb (glows, glowing, glowed) to shine in a dull way \circ The logs glowed in the fireplace. \circ Her face glowed

with pride. • *noun* a soft bright light \circ *the warm glow of the fire*

glower /'glauə/ (glowers, glowering, glowered) *verb* to look angrily

glowing /'gləuŋ/ adj 1. bright; shining with fire \circ *the glowing charcoal in the barbecue* 2. full of praise or enthusiasm \circ *He had a glowing report from his boss.*

glucose /'gluːkəʊz/ noun a widely occurring simple sugar

③ **glue** /glu:/ noun a substance which sticks things together ○ She spread the glue carefully onto the back of the poster. ○ The glue on the envelope doesn't stick very well. ■ verb (glues, gluing, glued) to stick things together ○ He glued the label to the box.

glum /glʌm/ (glummer, glummest) adj miserable (NOTE: + glumly adv)

glut /glʌt/ *noun* too much of something o *There's a glut of poultry on the market.*

glutinous /'gluxtinəs/ *adj* unpleasantly thick and sticky

glutton $/'glAt(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun a person who eats too much \circ He's just a glutton – look at him finishing off that trifle!

gluttony $/'gl_{\Lambda t}(\mathfrak{s})ni/$ noun eating and drinking too much

GM *abbr* genetically modified

GMO *abbr* genetically modified organism **GMT** *abbr* Greenwich Mean Time

gnat /næt/ noun a small fly which bites

gnaw /no:/ (gnaws, gnawing, gnawed, gnawed or gnawn) *verb* to bite something again and again

gnawing /'noiiŋ/ adj (of worries) persistent and troubling

gnome /nəum/ noun a little man with a beard and pointed hat, in children's fairy stories

(1) go /gau/ verb (goes, going, went, **gone**) **1.** to move from one place to another [////] \circ The plane goes to Frankfurt, then to Rome. \circ She is going to London for the weekend. \circ It's time the children went to *bed.* \circ *He has gone to work in Washington.* • They are going on a tour of southern Spain. O She was going downstairs when she fell. **2.** to leave $[////] \circ$ Get your coat, it's time to go. \circ The last bus goes at half *past two.* **3.** to work \circ *Can you phone the* garage? – the car won't go. \circ He's trying to get his motorbike to go. **4.** to fit \circ It's too big to go into the box. \circ This case won't go into the back of the car. 5. to be placed \circ The date should go at the top of the letter. 6. to become \circ Her face went red from sitting in the sun. \circ He went pale and rushed out of the room. \circ You have to shout, my father's going deaf. \circ She's going grey, but it suits her. **7.** to happen in a particular way \circ The party went very well. \circ Things are going badly at work. **8.** to make a particular sound \circ The balloon landed on a candle and went 'pop'. \circ Do you remember the song that goes: 'There's no place like home'? \blacksquare noun (plural **gos**) a try; an attempt \circ He won the lottery at the first go. \circ She had three goes at the test and still didn't pass. \circ We'll give it one more go, and if the car doesn't start I'll call the garage.

go about phrasal verb to deal with something

go ahead phrasal verb to take place as planned \circ The project went ahead even though there were not enough staff.

go along with phrasal verb to agree with someone or something

go away phrasal verb to leave

go back phrasal verb to return

go back on *phrasal verb* not to do what has been promised

go down① *phrasal verb* **1.** to go to a lower level ○ *There are thirty-nine steps* which go down to the beach. ○ Be careful when going down the hill. ○ After having a rest in her bedroom, she went down to the hotel bar. ○ Prices have gone down. **2.** to catch a disease ○ Half the crew went down with flu. **3.** to be received in a particular way ○ The speech went down well today.

go in phrasal verb to enter a place \circ You don't need to knock – just go in.

go in for phrasal verb **1**. to take an examination \circ She went in for her proficiency exam. **2**. to take something up as a career \circ He's going in for medicine.

go into \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1.** to enter a place \bigcirc *She went into the bedroom.* **2.** (*in maths*) to be able to divide a number to give a figure \bigcirc *Seven into three won't go.* **3.** to examine something; to look at something carefully \bigcirc *The bank wants to go into the details of his account.* **4.** to explain something in detail \bigcirc *She said she had a job offer but wouldn't go into any details.*

go off) phrasal verb **1**. to go to another place \circ He went off to look for a parking space. \circ She went off muttering something about buying cheese. **2**. (of an alarm) to start making its noise \circ The burglar alarm went off in the middle of the night. **3.** to explode \circ The bomb went off when there were still lots of people in the building. \circ Fireworks were going off everywhere on Bonfire Night. **4.** to become rotten \circ Throw that meat away – it's gone off. \circ Fish goes off quickly in hot weather. **5.** not to like something any more \circ I've gone off modern music. \circ She went off her new boyfriend quite quickly.

go on phrasal verb **1**. to continue \circ Please go on, I like hearing you sing. \circ They went on working in spite of the fire. \circ She went on speaking for two hours. **2**. to happen \circ What's been going on here? **3**. to base your opinion and actions on something \circ The police investigating the murder don't have much to go on. \circ We have to go on the assumption that the festival will start on time. **4**. to talk all the time about something [-about] \circ She will keep going on about her operation. **5**. used for showing you do not believe someone \circ Go on! She's not as old as that!

go out \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1**. to leave a building $\circ I$ don't go out often at night. \circ He forgot to lock the door when he went out. **2.** to go to parties \circ We used to go out every Friday and Saturday night. **3.** not to be burning or lit any more \circ The fire went out and the room got cold. \circ All the lights in the building suddenly went out. **4.** \Box **to go out of business** to stop trading \circ The firm went out of business last week. **go over** phrasal verb **1.** to cross to the other side \circ Go over the bridge and turn left. **2.** to examine something carefully \circ She went over the contract with her solicitor.

go round phrasal verb **1**. to turn \circ The merry-go-round went round and round. **2**. to turn round something \circ We went round the roundabout and took the third road on the left. \circ We didn't go far, we just went round the block. **3**. to visit a place \circ You'll need at least two hours to go round the museum. **4**. to be enough for a particular number of people \circ There wasn't enough ice cream to go round all twelve of us. **5**. to go to somewhere near \circ Let's go round to public \circ a drink.

go up() phrasal verb 1. to go to a higher place \circ Take the lift and go up to the fourth floor. 2. to increase; to rise to a higher level \circ The price of bread has gone up.

go with (1) *phrasal verb* **1.** to match something \circ *Blue shoes won't go with a green*

goad

dress. \circ Red wine goes best with meat. **2**. to be linked to something \circ That remote control goes with the TV. \circ He has a big house that goes with his job. **3**. to accompany someone \circ Who are you going to the party with?

go without() *phrasal verb* not to have something which you usually have \circ *We often went without lunch.*

goad /gəud/ (**goads**, **goading**, **goaded**) verb to take pleasure in making someone feel upset \circ She goaded him with taunts of his failure. \Box **to goad someone into doing something** to push someone into doing something by making them upset \circ Her laughter goaded him into action.

② go-ahead /'gə∪ ə,hed/ noun □ to give something the go-ahead or get the goahead to give or get permission for something to start (informal) ○ We got the council's go-ahead to build the new supermarket.

① **goal** /goul/ noun **1.** (in games) two posts between which you have to send the ball to score a point \circ *He was unlucky to* miss the goal with that shot. **2.** (in games) a point scored by sending the ball between the posts \circ *He scored a goal before being* sent off. \circ *Our team scored three goals.* **3.** an aim \circ *Our goal is to open a new pizza* restaurant every month. \circ *He achieved his* goal of becoming a millionaire before he was thirty.

goalie /'gəʊli/ noun a goalkeeper (informal)

goalkeeper /'gəʊlki:pə/ noun a player who stands in front of the goal to stop the ball going in

goalpost /'gəulpəust/ noun one of the two posts between which you have to send the ball to score a point

goat /gout/ noun a small farm animal with horns and a beard, giving milk and wool \circ a herd of goats

goatee /gəu'tir/ noun a small pointed beard

gobble $f'gpb(\mathfrak{g})I'$ (**gobbles**, **gobbleg**, **gobbled**) verb **1**. to eat something greedily \circ He gobbled up his dinner. **2**. to make a noise like a turkey \circ We could hear the turkeys gobbling away in the farmyard.

gobbledegook /'gpb(ə)ldi,guːk/ *noun* nonsense or technical language that you do not understand

go-between /'gəʊ bī,twi:n/ noun a person who takes messages between two people **goblet** /'goblet/ noun a large wine glass with a long stem, or a similar container made of metal or pottery

goblin /'gpblin/ noun an ugly little man in fairy stories

god /gpd/ noun a being with special powers that humans do not have, who is believed in and worshipped by some people o Bacchus was the Roman god of wine.

① **God** /gpd/ noun the spiritual Christians, Jews and Muslims believe in and worship \circ *Do you believe in God?* \circ *We pray to God that the children will be found alive.* **•** *interj* used for showing that you are surprised or annoyed \circ *God, what awful weather!* \circ *My God, have you seen how late it is?*

godchild /'gpdtfaɪld/ (*plural* **godchildren**) *noun* a child who has a godparent

goddess /'godes/ noun a female god

godfather /'gpdfɑːðə/ noun 1. a male godparent \circ He was godfather to four children. 2. the head of a mafia gang \circ The godfather's word is law.

god-forsaken /'gpd fə,seikən/ adj desolate

godmother /'gpdm Λ ðə/ noun a female godparent

godparent /'godpeərənt/ *noun* a person who promises to take a special interest in a child at his or her baptism

godsend /'gpdsend/ noun a helpful thing which arrives just in time

goes /gəuz/ 3rd person singular present of **go**

go-getter /gəʊ 'getə/ *noun* a person who works hard and is determined to succeed

goggles /'gpg(ϑ)lz/ plural noun close-fitting glasses worn to protect your eyes \circ You should wear goggles when you use a drill. \circ He wore goggles when going scuba diving.

() going /'goon/ present participle of go going concern /,goon kən's3:n/ noun a business that is operating successfully and is likely to continue to do so \circ The business is being sold as a going concern.

going-over /,gəuŋ 'əuvə/ (plural goings-over) noun a thorough check

goings-on /,gəʊɪŋz 'ɒn/ plural noun strange things that happen (*informal*)

going to /'goun tu:/ phrase used for showing future \circ We're going to win. \circ I hope it's going to be fine tomorrow. \circ When are you going to wash your hair? \circ He's going to be a great tennis player when he's older. \circ Is she going to sing at the concert?

go-kart /'gəu ka:t/ *noun* a little racing car made of a simple metal frame with an engine

② **gold** /gəuld/ noun a very valuable yellow-coloured metal ○ *That ring isn't made* of gold. ○ Gold is worth more than silver. ○ *He wears a gold ring on his little finger.* (NOTE: no plural: *some gold, a bar of gold*) ■ *adj* of the colour of gold ○ *a gold carpet*

(3) **golden** /'gəuld(ə)n/ *adj* coloured like gold; made from gold \circ *She has beautiful golden hair*.

golden age /'gəʊld(ə)n eɪdʒ/ noun a period of wealth or success

golden opportunity /ˌgəʊld(ə)n ɒpə 'tju:nɪti/ *noun* a marvellous chance to do something which may not happen again

golden rule /,gəʊld(ə)n 'ruɪl/ noun an important rule that must be obeyed

golden wedding /,gəuld(ə)n 'wedıŋ/ noun a day when you have been married for fifty years \circ It's my parents' golden wedding next Tuesday.

goldfish /'gəʊldf1ʃ/ (*plural same* or **goldfishes**) *noun* a small orange fish, kept as a pet

3 gold medal /gəold 'medl/ noun the medal given to someone who finishes first in a race or competition

gold medallist /gəʊld 'med(ə)lɪst/ noun the person who wins the gold medal in a race or competition

goldmine /'gəuldmaın/ noun a mine which produces gold

② **golf** /gplf/ noun a game played on a large open course, by hitting a small ball into 18 separate holes with a variety of clubs, using as few attempts as possible \circ *He plays golf every Saturday.* \circ *Do you want a game of golf?*

golf ball /'golf bo:l/ noun a small hard white ball used when playing golf

③ **golf club** /'gplf klhb/ noun **1**. an organisation for people who play golf together \circ *He's joined his local golf club*. **2**. a place with a golf course and a restaurant and bar, where people go to play golf and meet socially

golf course /'golf kois/ noun a large area of ground for playing golf

③ gone /gpn/ past participle of go gonna /'gpnə/ contr going to (informal) ○ I'm gonna get you before you get me! goo /gu:/ noun sticky stuff (informal) (i) **aood** /gud/ adi (better, best) 1, sensible, enjoyable or of a high standard \circ We had a good breakfast and then started work. O Did you have a good time at the party? \circ It would be a good idea to invest in these shares. \circ Her Spanish is better than his. 2. skilful at doing something [~with/~at] o She's good with young children \circ He is good at football. \circ He's good at making things out of wood. 3. well-behaved \circ Be a good girl and I'll give you a sweet. \circ Have you been good while we've *been away?* • *noun* advantage or benefit o The medicine didn't do me any good. \circ He decided to give up smoking for the good of his health. \circ What's the good of having a big garden if you don't like gardening? o Governments should work for the good of the people.

① **good afternoon** /,god ,a:ftə'nu:n/ *interj* used when meeting or leaving someone in the afternoon

① **goodbye** /,god'bai/ noun, interj used when leaving someone ○ Say goodbye to your teacher. ○ Goodbye! We'll see you again on Thursday. (NOTE: often shortened to **bye**)

① **good evening** /,god 'i:vnɪŋ/ *interj* used as a greeting when meeting someone or sometimes when leaving someone in the evening

good-for-nothing /'gud fə ,nʌθιŋ/ noun a lazy person

good-humoured / god 'hju:məd/ adj cheerful and friendly (NOTE: The US spelling is **good-humored**.)

goodies ('gudiz/ plural noun 1. sweet food \circ The children looked at all the goodies on the table. 2. presents \circ What goodies did Father Christmas bring you?

good-looking $/_{1}$ god 'lokin/ adj (of a person) having an attractive face \circ His sister is a very good-looking girl. \circ He's not especially good-looking.

good looks /,gud 'luks/ plural noun pleasing and beautiful appearance \circ *His good looks and charm attracted many women.*

() **good morning** /,god 'mɔ:nɪŋ/ interj used when meeting someone, or sometimes when leaving someone in the morning

good-natured / gud 'nert Jəd/ adj with a pleasant and cooperative character

goodness /'gudnəs/ noun being good ○ She did it out of pure goodness of heart. ■ interj used for showing surprise ○ Goodness! is that the time? ◇ thank goodness!

good night

used for showing relief \circ Thank goodness the ambulance arrived quickly! \diamond for goodness' sake used for showing you are annoyed, or that something is important \circ What are you screaming for? – It's only a little mouse, for goodness' sake. \circ For goodness' sake try to be quiet, we don't want the guards to hear us!

① **good night** /,gud'naɪt/ *interj* used when leaving someone late in the evening

(2) **goods** /gudz/ plural noun 1. things that are produced for sale \circ *The company sells* goods from various European countries. 2. possessions; things which you own \circ *She* carried all her worldly goods in a bag.

goodwill/god'wil/ noun 1. a kind feeling \circ The charity relies on the goodwill of people who give money regularly. 2. a value given to things such as the customers of a business, its reputation and its site \circ He paid £10,000 for the goodwill of the restaurant and £40,000 for the fittings.

goody /'gudi/, **Goody** interj I'm glad (dated informal)

goody-goody /'godi, godi/ *adj* a person who is not liked because they are always trying to please people such as their teacher or their boss

gooey /'guxi/ adj soft and sticky

goofy /'gu:fi/ adj stupid (informal)

③ **goose** /guts/ (*plural* geese) noun a large bird, living near water, which can be eaten (NOTE: The males are ganders, the young are goslings.)

gooseberry /'guzb(ə)ri/ noun a little green hairy fruit, with a sharp taste

gore /gɔɪ/ noun blood ○ The final scene of the play was very violent, with lots of gore. ■ verb (gores, goring, gored) to wound

with a horn \circ He was gored by a bull. **gorge** /go:dʒ/ noun a rocky valley \circ The walkers climbed down into the gorge. \blacksquare verb (gorges, gorging, gorged) to eat too much \circ Look at her gorging herself on cakes.

③ gorgeous /'gɔ:dʒəs/ adj magnificent gorilla /gə'rɪlə/ noun a large black African ape (NOTE: Do not confuse with guerrilla.)

gorse /gois/ noun a wild prickly shrub with bright yellow flowers

gory /'gɔ:ri/ *adj* **1**. covered in blood **2**. terrible; awful (*humorous*) \circ *She told me all the gory details of her interview*.

gosh /gpʃ/ interj used for showing surprise (dated informal)

gosling /'gozlin/ noun a baby goose

gospel /'gospəl/ *noun* the part of the Bible which tells the life of Jesus Christ

② gossip /'gosip/ noun stories or news about someone, which may or may not be true o Have you heard the latest gossip about Sue? ■ verb (gossips, gossiping, gossiped) to talk about people's private lives o They spent hours gossiping about the people working in the office.

③ **got** /gpt/ past tense and past participle of **get**

gotta /'gpt ə/ contr got to (informal) \circ I'm sick – I've gotta go to the doctor.

③ gotten /'gpt(ə)n/ US past participle of get

gouge /gaud₃/ (gouges, gouging, gouged) verb to cut something out \circ He gouged out a hole in the plank. \circ The waves have gouged out a cave in the cliff. (NOTE: + gouge n)

gourd /guəd/ noun a round fruit of a climbing plant, dried and used as a bottle or as a decoration

gourmet/'goomet/noun 1. a person who knows about and appreciates good food and drink 2. referring to good food \circ We had a gourmet dinner in a three-star restaurant. \circ This recipe comes from a gourmet cookbook.

(3) **govern** $/'g_{AV}(\partial)n/$ (governs, governing, governed) verb to rule a country \circ The country is governed by three generals.

governess /'gʌvənəs/ *noun* a private female teacher

① **government** /' $g_{AV}(\vartheta)$ nm ϑ nt/ noun the people or a political party which rules a country \circ The president asked the leader of the largest party to form a new government. \circ The government controls the price of bread. \circ He has an important job in the government.

(3) **governor** $/^{t}g_{\Lambda V}(\hat{\sigma})n\hat{\sigma}/noun$ a person who runs a state, a colony or an institution **gown** /gaon/ noun **1**. a woman's long formal dress \circ a ball gown **2**. a robe worn by someone such as a judge or a person with a degree

(3) **GP** /₁dʒi: 'pi:/ noun a family doctor who does not specialise in any particular branch of medicine. Full form **general practitioner**

(3) grab /græb/ (grabs, grabbing, grabbed) verb 1. to pick something up suddenly ○ He grabbed his suitcase and ran to the train. 2. to get something quickly (informal) ○ Let's grab some lunch before the meeting starts. **grace** /greis/ noun 1. elegance and attractiveness \circ We admired the grace of the deer as they ran off into the woods. 2. a prayer before a meal \circ Father always says grace before dinner. 3. extra time to pay \circ We gave the creditors two weeks' grace to pay. • verb (graces, gracing, graced) to honour

• She graced the ceremony with her presence.

graceful /'greisf(ϑ)l/ adj moving in a smooth and beautiful way \circ She crossed the stage with graceful steps. \circ We admired the swimmer's graceful strokes across the pool.

graceless /'greisləs/ adj 1. not elegant 2. not dignified

gracious /'greijes/ interj used for showing surprise \circ Gracious! Is that the time?

gradation /grə'der $\int(\partial)n/noun \mathbf{1}$. a series of degrees or stages $\mathbf{2}$ one of a series of degrees or stages $\mathbf{3}$. the act of arranging things according to size, or quality

③ grade /greid/ noun 1. a level of quality \circ I always buy grade 2 eggs. \circ What grade of vegetables do you sell most of? 2. an examination mark \circ She got top grades in maths. 3. US a class in school \circ students in fifth grade \circ She's a fifth-grade student. \blacksquare verb (grades, grading, graded) to sort things according to size or quality \circ a machine for grading fruit \circ Hotels are graded with two, three, four or five stars. \diamond to make the grade to succeed; to do well

gradient /'greidiant/ noun a slope in a road or railway,

③ **gradual** /'grædʒuəl/ *adj* which changes a little at a time

(2) **gradually** /'grædʒuəli/ adv little by little \circ *His condition improved gradually day by day.* \circ *She gradually learnt how to deal with customers' complaints.*

graduate¹ /'grædʒuət/ *noun* a person with a degree from a university or college \circ *He's a graduate of London University.* \circ *She's a physics graduate.*

graduate² /'græd₃u₁ent/ (graduates, graduating, graduated) verb to get a degree \circ She graduated from Edinburgh University last year.

graduated /'grædʒueɪtɪd/ adj 1. rising in stages \circ graduated income tax 2. with quantities marked on it \circ a graduated measuring jar

graduation /,grædʒu'eɪ $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1**. the ceremony at which you get a degree from a university or college \circ *Graduation will take place on June 10th.* **2**. *US* leaving high school or college with a diploma **3.** a mark showing quantities

graffiti /grə'fiːti/ *noun* words which have been written or painted on walls in public places

graft /gra:ft/ noun very hard work that needs a lot of physical energy (informal) \circ She has succeeded through sheer hard graft.

grain /grein/ noun 1. a crop such as wheat or corn \circ a field of grain \circ the grain harvest 2. a very small piece \circ a grain of sand ③ **gram** /græm/, **gramme** noun a unit of weight; there are 1000 grams in a kilogram (NOTE: usually written **g** after figures: 50 g.)

③ grammar /'græmə/ noun 1. the rules of a language ○ I'm finding Russian grammar very difficult. ○ He's been learning English for years, and still makes basic grammar mistakes. 2. a book of rules of a language ○ I'll look it up in my new German grammar.

grammar school /'græmə skuːl/ *noun* a secondary school where students have to pass an exam to enter

grammatical /grə'mætık(ə)l/ *adj* referring to correct grammar

gran /græn/ noun a grandmother (informal)

granary /'grænəri/ *noun* a place where grain is stored

grand /grænd/ adj 1. big and important

 his grand plan for making a lot of money
 impressive o We went to a very grand
 wedding.

grandad /'grændæd/ *noun* **1**. a grandfather (*informal*) **2**. a common name used for addressing a grandfather

(3) grandchild /'græntfalld/ (plural grandchildren) noun a child of a son or daughter

③ **granddaughter** /'grændɔːtə/ noun the daughter of a son or daughter

grandeur /'grændʒə/ noun splendour

③ grandfather /'græn,fɑ:ðə/ noun the father of your mother or father o Tomorrow is grandfather's hundredth birthday. O My grandfather always tells us fascinating stories about his childhood. (NOTE: often called grandad or grandpa by children)

grandfather clock /'grænfɑ:ðə klok/ noun a tall clock which stands on the floor grandiose /'grændiəus/ adj impressive, but too big and complicated

grandma /'grænmaː/ noun a grandmother (informal)

grandmother

grandpa /'grænpaː/ *noun* a grandfather (*informal*)

grandparent /'grænpeərənt/ noun the mother or father of one of your parents

grand piano /grænd pi'ænəʊ/ noun a large horizontal piano (NOTE: A smaller piano, with a vertical body, is called an upright.)

Grand Prix /gron 'pri:/ noun a race for large and powerful racing cars

grand slam /grænd 'slæm/ noun winning a series of competitions, such as all the main tennis competitions held in a year

(3) grandson /'græns Λ n/ noun the son of a son or daughter

grandstand /'grændstænd/ noun a stand with seats for spectators at games or races

grand total / grænd 'təʊt(ə)l/ noun a final total made by adding several items

granite /'grænit/ noun a hard grey stone

granny /'græni/ (plural **grannies**) noun a grandmother (informal)

() **grant**/grgint/ noun an amount of money given to help someone to pay for something, or to live while they are doing something such as studying o Not many students get a full grant. \circ My grant only pays for a *few books.* \circ *We have applied for a grant to* plant trees by the side of the road. • verb (grants, granting, granted) to give somesomething, especially one officially (formal) \circ The council has granted the school permission to build a new hall. \diamond to take someone for granted to accept what someone does for you without showing them that you are grateful \diamond to take something for granted to assume that you will get something, or will keep something, and so not to appreciate it o The children seem to take it for granted that I will give them big presents every birthday.

granule /'grænju:l/ noun a very small particle

grape /gre1p/ noun a small green or red fruit which grows on low plants, often used to make wine

③ **grapefruit** /'greipfruit/(plural grapefruits or same) noun a large yellow citrus fruit, like an orange but not as sweet **grapevine** /'greIpvaIn/ *noun* a plant on which grapes grow \Box **I heard it on the grapevine** someone told me about it when gossiping

graph /gra:f/ noun a chart showing how amounts rise and fall in the form of a line

graphic /'græfik/ adj 1. drawn in symbols or letters \circ *The results are shown in graphic form.* 2. vivid \circ *He gave a graphic description of the accident.*

graphic design /,græf1k d1'za1n/ noun the art or practice of designing things involving images and text

③ **graphics** /'græfiks/ plural noun pictures on a computer screen or designed on a computer \circ The graphics on this game are brilliant.

graphite /'græfait/ noun natural carbon grapple /'græp(∂)// (grapples, grappling, grappled) verb 1. to fight \circ The two men were grappling on the floor. 2. \Box to grapple with something to struggle to solve something difficult \circ He's grappling with the company accounts.

grasp /gra1sp/ noun an understanding \circ She has a good grasp of physics. \blacksquare verb (grasps, grasping, grasped) to understand something \circ They didn't seem to grasp my meaning.

(2) **grass** /gra1s/ noun a low green plant, which is eaten by sheep and cows in fields, or used in gardens to cover the area that you walk or sit on \circ *The grass is getting too long* – *it needs cutting*.

grasshopper/'gro:shopə/ noun a green insect which jumps and makes a rubbing noise

grassland /'grasslənd/ noun an area of land covered in wild grass

grate /greit/ noun a metal frame for holding coal in a fireplace ■ verb (grates, grating, grated) to make something into small pieces by rubbing against a grater \circ She grated nutmeg over the pudding. \circ Sprinkle grated cheese over your pasta. \circ We made a salad of grated carrots and spring onions. (NOTE: Do not confuse with great.)

③ **grateful** /'greitf(\Rightarrow)l/ adj feeling that you want to thank someone for something that they have done for you \circ We are most grateful to you for your help.

grater/'greitə/ *noun* a kitchen instrument with a rough surface and little holes for grating

gratify /'grættfai/ (gratifies, gratifying, gratified) verb (formal) 1. to satisfy someone \circ It gratifies her need for luxury. 2. to please someone \circ We were gratified to see that our work was prominently displayed.

grating /'greating/ noun a metal frame which covers a hole \circ They lifted up the grating to look into the drain.

gratitude /'grætɪtjuːd/ noun thankfulness

gratuitous /grə'tju11təs/ adj unnecessary; unjustified

grave /grave /grave / noun a hole in the ground where a dead person is buried ○ At the funeral, the whole family stood by the grave. ■ adj serious ○ She looked at him with a grave expression.

gravel /'græv(ə)l/ noun small stones

gravestone /'greivstəun/ noun a large stone placed on a grave with the name of the dead person written on it

graveyard /'greivjaid/ noun a cemetery

gravitate /'græviteit/ (gravitates, gravitating, gravitated) verb to move in a particular direction [~towards] \circ In the evening the students gravitate towards the bars.

③ **gravity** /'grævtti/ noun the force which pulls things towards the ground o Apples fall to the ground because of the earth's gravity.

gravy /'greIvi/ *noun* sauce made from the juices of cooked meat (NOTE: no plural)

gray /grei/ noun, adj US spelling of grey

graze /gre1z/ noun a slight skin injury \circ He had a graze on his knee. \blacksquare verb (grazes, grazing, grazed) (of animals) to feed on grass \circ The sheep were grazing on the hillside.

grease /gri:s/ noun thick oil \circ Put some grease on the hinge. • verb (greases, greasing, greased) to cover with oil \circ Don't forget to grease the wheels. \circ She greased the pan before cooking the eggs.

greasy /'griisi/ (greasier, greasiest) adj covered with oil or grease \circ *He wiped his* greasy hands on a piece of rag. \circ I don't like the chips they serve here – they're too greasy.

① great /greit/ adj 1. large \circ She was carrying a great big pile of sandwiches. \circ The guide showed us into the Great Hall. 2. important or famous \circ the greatest tennis player of all time \circ New York is a great city. \circ Picasso was a great artist. 3. wonderful; very good \circ We had a great time at the party. \circ What did you think of the film? – It was great! \circ It was great that they could all get to the picnic.

great-grandchild /greit 'græntʃaild/ *noun* the son or daughter of a grandchild ③ **greatly** /'greitli/ *adv* very much

greatness /'greitnəs/ noun importance or respect

greed /gri:d/ noun too much love of food, money or power

greedy /'gri:di/ (greedier, greediest) *adj* wanting more food or other things than you need (NOTE: + greedily *adv*)

① green /gri:n/ adj 1. of a colour like the colour of grass ○ He was wearing a bright green shirt. 2. relating to, interested in or concerned about the environment ○ She's very worried about green issues. ○ He's a leading figure in the green movement. ■ noun 1. a colour like that of grass and leaves ○ The door was painted a very dark green. 2. an area of public land covered with grass in the middle of a village ○ They were playing cricket on the village green.

green bean /grin 'bin/ noun a long thin green vegetable

green belt /'gri:n 'belt/ *noun* an area of farming land or woods and parks, which surrounds a town, and on which building is restricted or completely banned

green card /,gri:n 'ka:d/ *noun* a work permit for someone who is going to live in the USA

greenery /'gri:nəri/ noun the leaves of trees and plants

greenfield site /'gri:nfi:ld satt/ noun a site for a factory which is in the country, and not surrounded by other factories

greengrocer /'gringrouso/ noun a person who sells fruit and vegetables

(3) greenhouse /'gri:nhaus/ (plural greenhouses) noun a glass building for growing plants

green light /gri:n 'laɪt/ *verb* to give approval or permission for something to proceed

② greet /grit/ (greets, greeting, greeted) verb to meet someone and say hello

greeting /'grittn/ noun the words that people say to each other when they meet

gregarious /grɪ'geəriəs/ *adj* enjoying the company of other people

grenade /grɪ'neɪd/ *noun* a small bomb, usually thrown by hand

③ **grew** /gruː/ past tense of **grow**

(2) **grey** /gre1/ noun a colour that is a mixture of black and white \circ He was dressed all in grey. \blacksquare adj of a colour that is a mixture of black and white \circ Her hair has turned quite grey. \circ She was wearing a grey area

light grey suit. • *Look at the grey clouds* – *I think it is going to rain.* (NOTE: The US spelling is **gray**.)

grey area /'grei ,eəriə/ *noun* a situation, subject, or category of something that is unclear or hard to define

greyhound /'greihaund/ noun a racing dog

③ **grid** /gr1d/ noun 1. a set of parallel bars \circ We have fitted a metal grid over the top of the well. 2. the numbered squares on a map \circ What's the grid reference of the church?

gridlock /'gridlok/ noun a traffic jam

② grief /gri:f/ noun a feeling of great sadness \diamond to come to grief to have an accident; to fail \circ His horse came to grief at the first fence. \circ The project came to grief when the council refused to renew their grant.

grievance /'grixv(ə)ns/ noun a reason for complaint

grieve /gri:v/ (grieves, grieving, grieved) verb 1. to be sad, especially because someone has died \circ She is grieving for her fiancé who was killed in the war. 2. to make someone sad (formal) \circ It grieves me to say this, but we are going to arrest your daughter.

grievous /'grizvəs/ adj severe; very bad (formal)

grievous bodily harm /'gri:vəs 'bbdili ha:m/ *noun* the crime of causing serious physical injury to someone. Abbreviation **GBH**

③ **grill**/gril/ noun a part of a cooker where food is cooked under the heat ○ Cook the chops under the grill. ■ verb (**grills, grill**ing, grilled) to cook something in this part of the cooker ○ We're having grilled sardines for dinner.

grille /gril/ *noun* a structure of metal bars in front of a window or on the front of a car, with the radiator behind

(2) grim /grim/ adj 1. serious and not smiling \circ His expression was grim. \circ He gave a grim laugh and went on working. 2. grey and unpleasant \circ The town centre is really grim.

grimace /'grimas/ (grimaces, grimacing, grimaced) verb to make a twisted expression \circ She grimaced as the dentist started up his drill. (NOTE: + grimace n)

grime /graim/ noun black dirt

grimy /'graimi/ adj covered with old dirt that is difficult to remove \circ *The furniture was broken and the windows were grimy.*

(2) grin /grin/ verb (grins, grinning, grinned) to smile widely ○ He grinned when we asked him if he liked his job. ■ noun a wide smile ○ She gave me a big grin.

(2) grind /graind/ (grinds, grinding, ground) verb 1. to crush something to powder \circ to grind coffee \circ a cup of ground coffee 2. to rub surfaces together

grip /grip/ noun a firm hold \circ He has a strong firm grip. \circ Radial tyres give a better grip on the road surface. • verb (grips, gripping, gripped) 1. to hold something tight \circ She gripped the rail with both hands. 2. to be very interesting to someone \circ The story gripped me from the first page.

gripe /graip/ noun a complaint \circ his list of gripes about the work (NOTE: + gripe v)

gripping /'gripiŋ/ *adj* which holds your interest or attention

grisly /'grizli/ (**grislier**, **grisliest**) *adj* horrible (NOTE: Do not confuse with **grizzly** or **gristly**.)

grit /grit/ (grits, gritting, gritted) verb to put sand on a road that is covered with ice • Lorries have been out all night, gritting the motorway.

gritty /'griti/ adj full of strength

grizzled /'griz(ə)ld/ adj with lots of grey hairs

groan /groun/ (groans, groaning, groaned) verb to make a long low noise \circ She groaned when she saw how much work had to be done.

grocer /'grəusə/ noun a person who sells goods such as sugar, butter and tins of food **groceries** /'grəusəriz/ plural noun things you buy at a grocer's o a heavy bag of groceries

groggy /'grogi/ adj not having a clear head

groin /groin/ noun the place where the legs join the body

groom /gru:m/ (grooms, grooming, groomed) verb 1. to make someone or a horse look smart \circ a well-groomed young man \circ She was grooming her horse. 2. to train someone for a particular role \circ He is being groomed to take his father's place in the family business.

groove /gruːv/ noun a wide line cut into a surface

grope /grəup/ (gropes, groping, groped) *verb* to feel with your hands

③ **gross** /grəus/ *adj* total; with nothing taken away ○ What's your gross salary? ■

adv with nothing taken away \circ His salary is paid gross.

gross domestic product /grəʊs də ,mestīk 'prodʌkt/ *noun* the value of goods and services paid for inside a country. Abbreviation **GDP**

gross national product /grous ,næ $\int(\partial)$ nd 'prodAkt/ *noun* the value of goods and services paid for in a country, including income earned in other countries. Abbreviation **GNP**

gross profit /grəus 'profit/ *noun* a profit calculated as income from sales less the cost of the goods sold, before paying for any other expenses

grotesque /grəʊ'tesk/ adj 1. strange and ugly \circ We got a really grotesque present from our Spanish landlady. 2. unnatural and unpleasant \circ It was grotesque to see her at the funeral. \circ Grotesque abuses of justice were commonplace during the civil war.

(1) **ground** /graund/ noun 1. the surface of the earth o The factory was burnt to the ground. \circ There were no seats, so we had to sit on the ground. \circ She lay down on the ground and went to sleep. 2. soil or earth o You should dig the ground in the autumn. \circ The house is built on wet ground. \circ It has been so dry that the ground is hard. 3. an area of land used for a special purpose $\circ a$ football ground \circ a sports ground \circ a cricket ground \circ a show ground \blacksquare plural noun grounds 1. a large area of land around a big house or institution o The police searched the school grounds for the weapon. \circ The village fair is held in the grounds of the hospital. **2.** reasons \circ Does he have any grounds for complaint? o What grounds have you got for saying that? \circ Do they have sufficient grounds to sue us?

groundbreaking /'graundbreikin/ adj involving new ideas

③ **ground floor** /,graund 'flo:/ *noun* a floor in a building which is level with the street

grounding /'graundin/ noun basic instruction

groundless /'graundles/ adj without any reason

groundswell /'graundswel/ noun a general feeling

groundwork /'graundw3:k/ noun preliminary work

ground zero /,graund 'zıərəu/ noun **1**. the point just above or below a nuclear explosion **2**. the most basic possible level or starting point **3**. the huge debris field left following the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center towers in New York City on 11 September 2001

() group /gru:p/ noun **1.** a number of people together \circ a group of houses in the valley \circ Groups of people gathered in the street. \circ She is leading a group of businessmen on a tour of Italian factories. \circ There are reduced prices for groups of 30 and over. **2.** a way of classifying things \circ These drugs belong to the same group. **3.** people playing music together \circ He plays in a jazz group. \circ She's the lead singer in a pop group.

groupie /'gruːpi/ noun a girl follower of a singer or pop group (*informal*)

grouping /'gru:piŋ/ noun the process of putting things or people together in a group

grouse /graus/ noun (plural grouses or same) **1.** a complaint $\circ All$ we heard at dinner were his grouses about the office. **2.** a small dark game bird, found in the north of England and Scotland \circ We had grouse for supper. \circ They shot six brace of grouse yesterday. \circ Grouse shooting starts on August 12th. (NOTE: Two of the birds are called **a** brace of grouse.) **u** verb (grouses, grousing, groused) to complain [~about] (informal) \circ He's always grousing about his salary.

grove /grəuv/ noun a small group of trees

grovel $/^{1}$ grbv(\Rightarrow)l/ (**grovels, grovelling, grovelled**) *verb* to behave towards someone in a way that shows respect or admiration too obviously

① **Grow** /grəu/ (**grows**, **growing**, **grew**, **grown**) verb 1. (of plants) to live and develop \circ There was grass growing in the middle of the road. \circ Roses grow well in our garden. 2. to make plants grow \circ He grows all his vegetables in his garden. \circ We are going to grow some cabbages this year. 3. to become taller or bigger \circ He's grown a lot taller since I last saw him. \circ The profit has grown to $\pounds Im$. \circ The town's population is growing very fast.

grow into phrasal verb to become

grow out of phrasal verb **1**. to become bigger so that something such as an item of clothing does not fit \circ He's grown out of his coat. **2**. to become older, and so stop some bad habit \circ He plays the drums all day long, but we hope it's something he'll grow out of.

grow up(3) phrasal verb to become an adult

growing /'groun/ adj 1. becoming bigger in size or amount 2. becoming stronger or more extreme \circ growing fear of war

growl /graol/ (growls, growling, growled) verb to make an angry sound \circ The dog growled when he tried to take away its bone. \circ When we asked the doorman if we could go in, he just growled 'yes'. (NOTE: + growl n)

③ **grown**/grəon/ adj full size o What silly behaviour from a grown man! (NOTE: Do not confuse with **groan**.)

③ **grown-up**/₁grəon '∧p/ noun, adj adult ○ a grown-up taste in books ○ The family consists of three grown-ups and ten children. ○ She has a grown-up daughter. ○ The grown-ups had wine with their meal.

(2) **growth** /grəv θ / noun an increase in size [~in] \circ The table showed the rapid growth in population since 1980. \circ They measured the tree's growth over the last fifty years.

growth industry /'grəυθ ,ındəstri/ noun an industry that is expanding

grub /grAb/ noun 1. a little worm which is a young insect \circ Birds were searching for grubs under the bushes. 2. food (informal) \circ The grub in the canteen is so awful that I take sandwiches to work.

grubby /'grAbi/ (grubbier, grubbiest) adjso dirty as to be unpleasant \circ *Grubby children were playing in the street.* \circ *He was wearing a grubby old shirt.*

grudge /grAdz/ noun = to have or bear a grudge against someone to have bad feelings about someone because of something they did to you in the past o Since her bag was snatched in Rome, she has a grudge against Italians. \circ He has been nursing a grudge against his boss for the last six . verb (grudges, grudging, vears. grudged)
to grudge someone something to be unwilling to give someone something or be angry that they have something \circ I grudge having to pay so much for so-called expert advice. \circ No one grudges him his success in the tennis championship.

grudging /'grʌdʒɪŋ/ adj unwilling gruelling /'gruːəlɪŋ/ adj tiring

gruesome /'gru:s(ə)m/ adj horrific and shocking in the way violence or death is shown

gruff /grʌf/ *adj* rough and unfriendly **grumble** /'grʌmbəl/ (**grumbles, grumbling, grumbled**) *verb* to complain in a bad-tempered way, especially regularly and often about unimportant things \circ *He's always grumbling about the music from the flat above.*

grumpy /'grAmpi/ (grumpier, grumpiest) adj bad-tempered (NOTE: + grumpily adv)

grunt /grAnt/ (grunts, grunting, grunted) verb 1. (of a pig) to make a noise \circ The pigs were grunting and squealing in their pen. 2. to make a bad-tempered noise \circ I asked if we could have a glass of water and the waiter just grunted. \circ She grunted something and slammed the door. (NOTE: + grunt n)

② guarantee /,gærən'ti:/ noun 1. a legal document in which someone states that something is going to happen $[~(that)//] \circ$ *The travel agent could not give a guarantee that we would be accommodated in the hotel mentioned in the brochure.* 2. a promise $[//~of] \circ I$ can't give you any guarantee of success. • verb (guarantees, guaranteeing, guaranteed) to give a firm promise that something will work, that something will be done [~(that)] $\circ I$ can guarantee that the car will give you no trouble. \circ We can almost guarantee good weather in the Caribbean at this time of year.

② **guaranteed** / gærən'tiːd/ *adj* which has been promised legally

② guard /ga:d/ noun 1. [~against/~over] □ to catch someone off guard to catch someone by surprise, when they are not expecting it 2. a person who protects, often a soldier ○ Security guards patrol the factory at night. ○ Our squad is on guard duty tonight. 3. the man in charge of a train ○ The guard helped my put my bike into his van.
■ verb (guards, guarding, guarded) to watch someone or somewhere carefully to prevent attacks or escapes ○ The prison is guarded at all times. ◊ to be on your guard to try to be ready for an unpleasant surprise ○ You always have to be on your guard against burglars.

guard against verb to try to prepare for something or prevent it happening [~against] \circ I need to guard against the likelihood that prices will rise.

guarded /'ga:dId/ *adj* reluctant to share information

(2) **guardian** /'gɑːdiən/ noun a person who protects, especially a person who legally looks after someone else's child

guardian angel /,gɑ:diən 'eɪndʒəl/ *noun* a person who looks after and protects someone **guerrilla** /gə'rɪlə/, **guerilla** *noun* a soldier who is not part of a regular national army (NOTE: Do not confuse with **gorilla**.)

① **guess** /ges/ noun an attempt to give the right answer or amount $[-\alpha t] \circ Go$ on -make a guess at the answer! \circ At a guess, I'd say it weighs about 10 kilos. \blacksquare verb (guesses, guessing, guessed) 1. to try to give the right answer or amount $[-(that)///-what/how etc] \circ I$ would guess that it's about six o'clock. \circ Neither of them guessed the right answer. \circ He guessed right. \circ I've bought you a present - shut your eyes and guess what it is. 2. especially US to have an opinion about some-thing \circ I guess the plane's going to be late.

guessing game /'gesin geim/ noun an annoying situation which could end in different ways

guesstimate /'gestImat/ noun an estimate based on a guess

guesswork /'gesw3:k/ noun the process or end result of guessing

guesthouse /'gesthaus/ noun a private house which takes several guests, like a small hotel

3 guidance /'gaid(ə)ns/ noun advice

2 guide /gaid/ noun 1. a person who shows you the way o They used local farmers as guides through the forest. 2. a person who shows tourists round a place \circ The guide showed us over the castle or showed us round the castle. \circ The museum guide spoke so fast that we couldn't understand what she was saying. 3. a book which gives information [~to] \circ a guide to Athens \circ a guide to the butterflies of Europe **uverb** (guides, guiding, guided) 1. to show someone the way to somewhere o She guided us up the steps in the dark. 2. to show tourists round a place \circ He guided us round the castle and told us about its history.

③ **guidebook** /'gaɪdbʊk/ noun a book with information about a place

guide dog /'gaɪd dɒg/ noun a dog which has been trained to lead a blind person

guidelines /'gaɪdlaɪnz/ plural noun general advice on what to do \circ If you follow the government guidelines, you should not have any trouble. \circ The minister has issued a new set of guidelines about city planning.

guild /gɪld/ noun an association of craftsmen (NOTE: Do not confuse with **gild**.)

guile /gail/ noun the use of trickery to deceive people

guillotine /'g1ləti:n/ noun **1**. a machine which was used in France for punishing criminals by cutting off their heads **2**. a machine for cutting paper

guilt /gilt/ noun 1. the state of having committed a crime \circ The prisoner admitted his guilt. 2. a feeling of being responsible for doing something bad \circ The whole group bears the guilt for his death. (NOTE: Do not confuse with gilt.)

② guilty /'gilti/ (guiltier, guiltiest) adj 1. who has committed a crime \circ *He was* found guilty of murder. \circ *The jury decided* she was not guilty. **2.** feeling unhappy because you have done something wrong $\circ I$ feel very guilty about not having written to you.

guinea pig /'gini pig/ noun 1. a little furry animal, kept as a pet \circ She keeps guinea pigs in a hutch in the garden. 2. a person used in an experiment \circ The hospital is advertising for guinea pigs to test the new drug. \circ We're using her as a guinea pig to see if the instructions for making the cake work.

guise /gaiz/ noun an appearance, which is sometimes misleading

③ **guitar** /gɪ'tɑː/ noun a musical instrument with six strings, played with the fingers \circ *He plays the guitar in a pop group*.

③ **gulf** /gAlf/ noun an area of sea partly surrounded by land \circ *the Gulf of Mexico*

gull /gAl/ noun a large common white seabird

gullibility /,gAl1'biliti/ *noun* a willingness to believe something or trust someone very easily

gullible /'gAlib(ə)l/ adj ready to believe anything

gully /'gAli/ noun a small narrow valley

gulp /gAlp/ (gulps, gulping, gulped) verb to swallow fast \circ She gulped and went onto the stage. \circ He gulped down his drink and ran for the bus. (NOTE: + gulp n)

③ **gum** /gAm/ noun **1**. glue ○ She spread gum on the back of the photo and stuck it onto a sheet of paper. **2**. the flesh around the base of your teeth ○ Brushing your teeth every day is good for your gums. ■ verb (gums, gumming, gummed) to stick

gumption

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something with glue \circ She gummed the pictures onto a sheet of paper.

gumption /'gAmpJən/ noun 1. good common sense 2. the courage to take action

② gun /gAn/ noun 1. a weapon which shoots bullets ○ The robber pulled out a gun. ○ She grabbed his gun and shot him dead. 2. a small piece of equipment which you hold in your hand to spray a substance such as paint or glue ○ A spray gun gives an even coating of paint. ◇ to jump the gun to start too quickly ○ The new law comes into effect in a month's time, but some shops have already jumped the gun.

gunboat /'gAnbout/ noun a small ship with guns on it

gun control /'gAn kən,trəul/ noun legal measures to control the ownership of guns by members of the public

gunfire /'gAnfaiə/ noun the shooting of guns

gunge /gAnd3/ *noun* an unpleasant sticky substance

3 gunman I'gAnman/(plural gunmen)noun a man armed with a gun \circ The gunman pulled out a revolver and started shooting.

gunpoint /'gAnpoint/ noun a **t gunpoint** with a gun being pointed at you \circ *He* was held at gunpoint by robbers.

gunshot /'gAnfpt/ noun the firing of a gun

gurgle ('g3:g(a))/ (gurgles, gurgling, gurgled) verb to make a bubbling sound \circ The water gurgled in the pipes. \circ The baby was gurgling in his pram. (NOTE: + gurgle n)

guru /'goru:/ noun 1. a respected teacher, often a religious or spiritual teacher \circ He was the great guru of the civil disobedience movement. 2. a person who gives advice \circ She's one of the Prime Minister's media gurus.

gush /gAJ/ noun 1. a sudden fast flow of liquid \circ A sudden gush of water came out of the pipe. 2. lots of praise \circ I can't stand all this gush about babies. \blacksquare verb (gushes, gushing, gushed) 1. to flow out very quickly and suddenly \circ Oil gushed from the hole in the pipeline. 2. to speak in a very enthusiastic way \circ She tends to gush over babies.

gushing $/'g_{\Lambda} \int I\eta / adj$ **1.** flowing fast or in large quantities **2.** speaking or behaving in

an extremely enthusiastic or emotional way that embarrasses other people

gust/gAst/ (gusts, gusting, gusted) verb to blow in gusts \circ *The wind was gusting at up to 70 miles an hour.*

gusto /'gʌstəʊ/ noun energy and enthusiasm

③ **gut** / g_At / noun the tube in which food is digested as it passes through the body \circ He complained of a pain in the gut.

gut reaction /g∧t ri'æk∫ən/ noun an instinctive reaction

guts /gAts/ plural noun courage (informal) • She had the guts to tell the boss he was wrong.

gutsy /'gAtsi/ adj brave

gutter I'gAta/ noun **1**. the side of a road where water can flow \circ *Pieces of paper* and leaves were blowing about in the gutter. **2**. an open pipe under the edge of a roof for catching rain \circ *It rained so hard the* gutters overflowed.

① **guy** /gai/ noun 1. a man (informal) \circ She married a guy from Texas. \circ The boss is a very friendly guy. \circ Hey, you guys, come and look at this! 2. a model of a man burnt on Bonfire Night, November 5th \circ The children are collecting clothes to make a guy. \circ Penny for the guy!

guzzle /' $g_{\Lambda Z}(\mathfrak{d})$ l/ (guzzles, guzzling, guzzled) verb to eat or drink greedily (informal)

(3) **gym** /d₃Im/ noun **1**. a place with special equipment, or a large hall as in a school, for indoor sports and physical training $\circ I$ go to the gym twice a week to exercise. **2**. physical exercises, especially as an activity at school

gymnasium /dʒɪm'neɪziəm/ *noun* a hall for indoor sports and athletics

gymnast /'d31mnæst/ *noun* an athlete who is expert at gymnastics

gymnastics /dʒɪm'næstɪks/ *noun* physical exercises, as a competitive sport

gynaecology /,gaInI'kblədʒi/ *noun* the study of female sex organs and the treatment of diseases of women in general (NOTE: The US spelling is **gynecology**.)

gypsy /'d31psi/ noun someone who travels a lot

gyrate /dʒaɪ'reɪt/ (**gyrates**, **gyrating**, **gyrated**) *verb* to turn round and round fast

Η

h /ert \int /, **H** *noun* the eighth letter of the alphabet, between G and I

(3) **ha** /ha:/ interj an expression showing surprise \circ Ha! There's a mistake on page one of the book!

③ habit /'hæbīt/ noun something that someone does regularly ○ He has the habit of biting his fingernails. □ to develop or get into the habit of doing something to start to do something regularly ○ He's getting into the habit of playing football every week. □ to break the habit to stop doing something which you used to do regularly ○ I haven't had a cigarette for six months – I think I've broken the habit!

habitable /'hæbitəb(ə)l/ adj fit to live in

habitat /'hæbitæt/ *noun* a place where an animal or plant lives

habitation $/_h \text{abi'ter} \int (\partial n / n \text{oun a place}) defined where someone lives$

habitual /hə'bɪtʃuəl/ adj regular, who does something by habit \circ a habitual liar \circ a habitual offender

hack /hæk/ noun a badly paid journalist \circ *A bunch of hacks followed her everywhere.*

■ verb (hacks, hacking, hacked) 1. to cut something roughly \circ He hacked at the tree with an axe. 2. to enter a computer system illegally \circ He hacked into the bank's computer.

hacker /'hækə/ *noun* a person who enters a computer system illegally

hackles $/'hæk(\Im)|z/\Diamond$ feel or make your hackles rise to begin to feel or to make you feel angry

hackneyed /'hæknid/ *adj* used too often **had** /əd, həd, hæd/ past tense and past participle of **have**

haddock /'hædək/ noun a white sea fish hadn't /'hæd(ə)nt/ abbr for had not

haemophilia /,hi:mə'fɪliə/ noun a blood disorder, usually of men, that can lead to death from the smallest cut because the bleeding will not stop quickly enough **haemophiliac** /,hi:mə'fɪliæk/ noun a person who has haemophilia (NOTE: The US spelling is **hemophiliac**.)

haemorrhage /'hem(\exists)rid \exists / noun 1. bleeding where a large quantity of blood is lost, especially bleeding from a burst blood vessel \circ She had a haemorrhage and was rushed to hospital. \circ He died of a brain haemorrhage. 2. loss of money, members or other resources \circ We are trying to stem the haemorrhage of the company's resources. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is hemorrhage.)

haggard /'hægəd/ adj thin and tired

haggis /'hægɪs/ noun a Scottish dish, made of the inner parts of a sheep cooked in a bag made from the sheep's stomach

haggle /'hæg(ə)l/ (haggles, haggling, haggled) verb to argue about prices and terms to try to reduce them (NOTE: You haggle with someone over something.)

ha ha /ha: 'ha:/ *interj* **1**. showing that you find something funny \circ *Ha ha*! *What a funny hat*! **2**. showing that you find something surprising \circ *Ha ha*! *I've caught you stealing from the cash box again*!

hail /heil/ noun frozen rain $\circ I$ thought the hail was going to break the windscreen. verb (hails, hailing, hailed) to fall as frozen rain $\circ It$ hailed for ten minutes and then the sun came out.

(1) hair /he∋/ noun 1. a mass of long fibres growing on your head ○ She has long brown hair or her hair is long and brown. ○ She always brushes her hair before washing it. ○ You must get your hair cut. ○ He's had his hair cut short. ○ Use some hair spray to keep your hair in place. 2. one of the fibres growing on the body of a human or animal ○ Waiter; there's a hair in my soup! ○ The cat has left hairs all over the cushion. ○ He's beginning to get some grey hairs. ◇ to split hairs to try to find very small differences between things when arguing ○ Stop splitting hairs, you know you're in the wrong. ③ **haircut** /'heəkʌt/ *noun* **1**. the cutting of the hair on your head ○ *You need a haircut*. ○ *He went to get a haircut*. **2**. a style of cutting hair ○ *Have you seen his new haircut*?

hairdo /'heədu:/ (*plural* **hairdos**) *noun* a hairstyle (*informal*) (NOTE: usually refers to a woman's hair)

③ **hairdresser** /'heədresə/ noun a person who cuts and washes your hair

hair grip /'heə grip/ noun a small bent metal or plastic pin, used to keep the hair in place

hairline /'heolain/ noun **1**. the line where your hair meets your forehead \circ *He's very* worried about his receding hairline. **2**. a very thin line or crack \circ *Hairline cracks* appeared in the metal.

hairpin /'heəpin/ noun a piece of bent wire used to keep your hair in place

hairpin bend /,heəpin 'bend/ noun a sharp bend on a mountain road

hair-raising /'heə ,reiziŋ/ adj frightening

hair's breadth /'heəz bred0/ noun a very small distance

hairstyle /'heəstaɪl/ *noun* the way in which your hair has been cut or arranged

hairy /'heəri/ (hairier, hairiest) adj 1. covered with hairs \circ a hairy dog \circ He's got hairy arms. 2. frightening and dangerous (informal) \circ Driving across that mountain road in a snowstorm was the hairiest ride I've ever had.

halal /hə'lɑːl/ adj describes meat from animals killed according to Islamic law

① half /ha:f/ (plural haives) noun 1. one of two parts which are the same in size \circ She cut the orange in half. \circ One half of the apple fell on the carpet. \circ Half of six is three. 2. (in sport) one of two parts of a match \circ Our team scored a goal in the first half. \circ We thought we were going to win, and then they scored in the final minutes of the second half.

half-baked /hɑːf 'beɪkd/ *adj* not properly planned and therefore not practical

half board /hɑːf 'bɔːd/ noun a rate for breakfast and dinner at a hotel, but not lunch

half-brother //hɑ:f _brʌðə/ noun a brother who has only one parent the same as another brother or sister

half-hearted / hasf 'hast Id/ adj not very enthusiastic

(2) **half-hour** /, harf 'auə/ *noun* a period of thirty minutes

half-hourly /,haif 'aoəli/ adj, adv every thirty minutes \circ We have a half-hourly bus service to town.

half measures /hɑːf 'meʒəz/ plural noun an plan or action which is begun but not completed

(2) half past/,harf 'parst/phrase 30 minutes after an hour

half-sister /'hɑːf ,sɪstə/ *noun* a sister who has only one parent the same as another brother or sister

(2) **half-term** /,hɑːf 'tɜːm/ noun a short holiday in the middle of a school term. Compare **midterm**

half-time /,harf 'taim/ noun a rest period in the middle of a game

(3) halfway /, hatf'wei/ adv in the middle
 Come on, we're more than halfway there!
 The post office is about halfway between the station and our house. <> to meet some-

one halfway, to go halfway to meet some one to compromise \circ *I'll meet you half*way: I write the report and you present it at the meeting.

halibut / hælɪbət/ noun a large flat white fish

① hall /ho:l/ noun 1. a room just inside the entrance to a house, where you can leave your coat \circ Don't wait in the hall, come straight into the dining room. \circ She left her umbrella in the hall. 2. a large room where large numbers of people can come together \circ The children have their dinner in the school hall.

hallmark /'ho:lmo:k/ noun a mark put on gold or silver items to show that the metal is of the correct quality \circ The hallmark on this old silver spoon has almost been worn away.

(3) hallo /hə'ləʊ/ another spelling of hello hallucinate /hə'lu:sıneɪt/ (hallucinates, hallucinating, hallucinated) verb to imagine seeing or hearing someone or something

hallway /'ho:lwei/ *noun* a hall; a passage at the entrance to a house or flat

halo /'heIl ∂U / noun the ring of light round the head of a holy person in a painting $\circ A$ painting of an archbishop with two saints, each with a golden halo.

③ halt /ho:lt/ noun (plural same) a complete stop □ to come to a halt to stop completely ○ The lorry came to a halt just before the wall. □ to call a halt to something to make something stop ○ He tried to call a halt to arguments inside the party. □ to grind to a halt to stop working gradually ○ The whole plan ground to a halt for lack

halting /'hɔːltɪŋ/ adj not sure

halve /haiv/ (halves, halving, halved) verb to reduce something by half \circ Because the town has no cash, its budget has been halved.

③ halves /havz/ plural of half

ham /hæm/ noun meat from a pig which has been treated, e.g. with salt \circ *She cut three slices of ham*. \circ *We had a ham and tomato salad*. \circ *She had a ham sandwich for lunch.*

(3) **hamburger** /'hæmb3:gə/ noun a piece of minced beef grilled and served in a toasted roll

hamlet /'hæmlət/ noun a little village

(3) hammer /'hæmə/ noun a tool with a heavy head for knocking nails \circ *She hit the nail hard with the hammer*. \blacksquare verb (hammers, hammering, hammered) 1. to knock something such as a nail into something such as a piece of wood with a hammer \circ *It took him a few minutes to hammer the tent pegs into the ground*. 2. to hit something hard, as with a hammer \circ *He hammered the table with his fist.* \circ *She hammered on the door with her stick.*

hammer out verb to go through long and difficult discussions in order to reach agreement on something

hammock /'hæmək/ noun a bed made from a piece of fabric hanging between two hooks

hamper /'hæmpə/ noun a large basket We packed the hamper with food for the picnic. • verb (hampers, hampering, hampered) to prevent something from happening or moving normally *Lack of funds is* hampering our development project. The heavy bags hampered her progress.

hamstring /'hæmstriŋ/ *noun* the group of tendons behind the knee, which connect the thigh muscle to the bones in the lower leg

hamstrung /'hæmstrʌŋ/ *adj* not able to do what you want to

(1) hand /hænd/ noun 1. the part of the body at the end of each arm, which you use for holding things ○ *She was carrying a cup of tea in each hand.* ○ *She held out her hand, asking for money.* □ **they walked along hand in hand** they walked holding each other by the hand 2. one of the two long parts on a clock which move round and show the time. The minute hand is longer than the hour hand. • verb (hands, handing, handed) to pass something to someone \circ Can you hand me that box? \circ She handed me all her money. \diamond to give or lend someone a hand with something the lend someone with something \circ Can you lend a hand with moving the furniture? \circ He gave me a hand with the washing up. \diamond to shake hands to hold someone's hand to show you are pleased to meet them or to show that an agreement has been reached \circ The visitors shook hands and the meeting started.

hand down phrasal verb 1. to pass something from one generation to a younger one \circ This is one of those folk tales which have been handed down over the centuries. \circ The house has been handed down from father to son since the sixteenth century. 2. to announce something publicly \circ The judge handed down his verdict.

hand in () phrasal verb to give something to someone such as a teacher or a policeman \circ We handed in the money we had found.

hand out *phrasal verb* to distribute something \circ *Protesters were handing out leaflets at the station.*

hand over ① phrasal verb to give something to someone \circ She handed over all the documents to the lawyers.

(3) **handbag** /'hændbæg/ *noun* a small bag which a woman carries to hold small things such as money or make-up

hand baggage /'hænd ,bægɪdʒ/ noun small cases carried by passengers onto a plane

handbook /'hændbuk/ noun a book which gives instructions on how to use or repair something

handbrake /'hændbre1k/ *noun* a lever in a vehicle which works the brakes

handcuff /'hændkʌf/ (handcuffs, handcuffing, handcuffed) *verb* to attach something with handcuffs

handcuffs /'hændk Λ fs/ plural noun two metal rings connected by a chain, which are locked round the wrists of someone who is being arrested \circ *He came out of the court house in handcuffs*.

③ handful /'hændfol/ noun 1. as much as you can hold in your hand ○ She paid with a handful of loose change. 2. a very few ○ Only a handful of people came to the wedding. 3. a difficult child ○ Their son is a bit of a handful.

hand grenade /'hænd grɪ,neɪd/ noun a small bomb usually thrown by hand

handgun /'hændgʌn/ *noun* a small gun which is carried in the hand

hand-held /₁hænd 'held/ *adj* which can be held in the hand

(3) handicap /'hændikæp/ noun 1. a physical or mental condition which makes ordinary activities difficult (*dated*) ◊ disability 2. something which puts you at a disadvantage ○ Not being able to drive is a handicap in this job. ■ verb (handicaps, handicapping, handicapped) to cause someone difficulty ○ She was handicapped on the trip by not being able to speak Russian.

③ **handicapped** /'hændikæpt/ adj not able to use part of the body or mind because of a permanent illness or injury o a school for handicapped children (NOTE: Many people avoid this term as it can cause offence and prefer to say **disabled**.)

handiwork /'hændiw3:k/ noun work done or made by yourself

③ handkerchief /'hæŋkət∫ıf/ (plural handkerchieves) noun a piece of cloth or thin paper for wiping your nose

(2) **handle** /'hænd(\ominus)l/ noun a part of something which you hold in your hand to carry something or to use something $\circ I$ turned the handle but the door didn't open. \circ Be careful, the handle of the frying pan may be hot. \circ The handle has come off my suitcase. \circ He broke the handle off the cup.

• verb (handles, handling, handled) to move by hand \circ Be careful when you handle the bottles of acid.

handlebars /'hænd(ə)lbɑ:z/ plural noun a bar for steering a bicycle or motorcycle o The handlebars are too low, can you alter their height?

handling /'hændlıŋ/ noun 1. the way in which a person deals with something $\circ a$ situation that needs careful handling 2. the way in which something can be controlled or used 3. the transport and packaging of goods 4. the buying or selling of goods known to be stolen \circ convicted of handling stolen goods

hand luggage /'hænd ,l<code>hgIdʒ/</code> noun same as hand baggage

handmade /'hændmeɪd/ adj made by hand, without using a machine

handout /'hændaot/ noun **1**. a gift such as clothes or money, given to poor people \circ The support group exists on handouts from the government. **2**. a printed information sheet \circ You will all get handouts after the lecture. handover /'hændəuvə/ noun the passing of power to someone else

handpicked / hænd'pikt/ adj carefully chosen

handset /'hændset/ *noun* the part of a telephone which you hold in your hand

hands-free /,hændz 'frit/ *adj* able to be used or operated without the use of the hands

handshake /'hændʃeɪk/ *noun* the act of shaking hands when meeting someone

handsome /'hæns(\ni)m/ adj a handsome man or boy has an attractive face \circ *Her boyfriend is very handsome*. (NOTE: usually used of men rather than women)

hands-on /,hændz 'on/ adj practical and done by yourself

hand-to-mouth /,hænd t $\Rightarrow mau\theta / adv$ with only just enough money or food for what is necessary to live each day

③ **handwriting** /'hændraɪtɪŋ/ noun writing done by hand

handwritten /,hænd'rɪt(ə)n/ *adj* written by hand

(3) **handy** /'hændi/ adj practical and useful ◊ **to come in handy** to be useful ○ *The knife will come in handy when we are camping.*

handyman /'hændimæn/ (*plural* **handymen**) *noun* someone who is skilled at doing small jobs such as repairs

() hang /hæŋ/ (hangs, hanging, hung) verb to attach one thing to another so that it does not touch the ground [~from/on/over etc] \circ Hang your coat on the hook behind the door. \circ He hung his umbrella over the back of his chair. \circ We hung the painting in the hall. \circ The boys were hanging upside down from a tree.

hang around(3) *phrasal verb* to wait in a certain place without doing anything much

hang back(3) phrasal verb to stay behind when others go on

hang on (3) phrasal verb 1. to wait \circ If you hang on a few minutes you will be able to see her. 2. to hold something tight [-to] \circ Hang on to the ladder and don't look down. 3. to keep something [~to] (informal) \circ I've decided to hang on to my shares until the price goes up.

hang out(3) phrasal verb 1. to hang things outside on a string \circ They hung out flags all around the square. \circ Mother's hanging out her washing to dry. 2. to wait in a certain place without doing anything much (informal) \circ Teenagers like to hang out round the internet café. hang up(3) phrasal verb 1. to put something on a hanger or on a hook \circ Don't leave your jacket on the back of your chair – hang it up! 2. to stop a telephone conversation by putting the telephone back on its hook \circ When I asked him when he was going to pay, he hung up.

hangar /'hæŋə/ noun a large shed for keeping aircraft in (NOTE: Do not confuse with **hanger**.)

hanger /'hæŋə/ noun a device for hanging things on

hang-glider /'hæŋ ,glaɪdə/ noun **1**. a large cloth wing stretched over a light frame, under which a person hangs, holding onto a bar which is used for steering (NOTE: + hang-gliding n) **2**. a person who flies a hang-glider

hanging /'hæŋɪŋ/ *noun* the act of killing someone by hanging them off the ground o *The hangings took place in front of the prison.*

hangover /'hæŋəuvə/ noun **1**. an unpleasant feeling after having drunk too much alcohol \circ Last night's party was good but I've got a dreadful hangover this morning. **2**. a thing which is left over from the past \circ This is a hangover from the old days when inns always provided stables for horses.

hang-up /'hæŋ ʌp/ *noun* a worry or anxious feeling (*informal*)

hanker /'hæŋkə/ (hankers, hankering, hankered) *verb* to want something over a long time

hanky-panky /,hæŋki 'pæŋki/ *noun* **1**. activity which is strange or suspicious **2**. sexual behaviour

Hanukkah /'huːnəkə/ noun a Jewish religious festival in November or December haphazard /hæp'hæzəd/ adj done without any plan

() happen /'hæpən/ (happens, happening, happened) verb 1. to take place \circ The accident happened at the traffic lights. \circ How did the accident happen? \circ Something happened to make all the buses late. \circ He's late – something must have happened to him. 2. \Box to happen to someone or something to have an effect on someone or something \circ What's happened to his brother since he left school? \diamond as it happens, as it happened completely by chance \circ As it happens I have the car today and can give you a lift. \circ It so happened that my wife bumped into her at the supermarket. (2) **happening** /'hæp(ə)nɪŋ/ noun an event

happily /'hæpɪli/ adv in a happy way

happiness /'hæpinəs/ *noun* a feeling of being happy

① **happy** /'hæpi/ adj **1**. (of people) very pleased \circ I'm happy to say we're getting married next month. \circ I'm so happy to hear that you are better. \circ She's very happy in her job. **2**. (of events) pleasant \circ It was the happiest day of my life.

happy-go-lucky / hæpi gəu 'lʌki/ adj without any worries

happy hour /'hæpi auə/ noun a period when drinks are cheaper in a bar

happy medium /,hæpi 'mi:diəm/ *noun* an agreement that includes something for everyone

harangue /hə'ræŋ/ (harangues, haranguing, harangued) verb to make a loud speech to someone \circ The president harangued the crowd for three hours. (NOTE: + harangue n)

harass /'hærəs, hə'ræs/ (harasses, harassing, harassed) verb to bother and worry someone

harassed /'hærəst/ adj bothered and worried

harassment /'hærəsmənt, hə 'ræsmənt/ noun pestering and worrying

harbour /'hɑ:bə/ noun a place where boats can come and tie $up \circ The ship came$ into harbour last night.

① hard /ha:d/ adj 1. not soft \circ If you have back trouble, you ought to get a hard bed. \circ The ice cream is rock hard or hard as a rock. \circ The cake she made is so hard I can't bite into it. 2. not easy \circ Some of the questions were very hard. \circ It's hard to stay happy when bad things happen. \blacksquare adv strongly \circ He hit the nail hard. \circ It's snowing very hard. \diamond it's hard to say it's difficult to know \circ It's hard to say if it's going to rain or not.

hardback / ha:dbæk/, hardcover noun a book bound in stiff card. Compare paperback

hardboard /'hɑ:dbɔ:d/ noun artificial board, made of little bits of wood mixed with glue and pressed together

hard-boiled /,ha:d 'boild/ adj **1**. (of an egg) which has been boiled until the inside is solid \circ Do you prefer your egg hardboiled or soft-boiled? **2**. tough; not showing any emotion \circ She's pretty hard-boiled, that sort of thing doesn't bother her. hard copy /,hard 'kppi/ noun computer data which has been printed on paper

hard core /'ha:d ko:/ noun a central group \circ Most of the guests left before eleven, but the hard core of drinkers stayed till two.

hard currency /,hɑ:d 'kʌrənsi/ *noun* the currency of a country with a strong economy, which can be changed into other currencies easily

hard disk /,ha:d 'disk/, hard drive noun a disk which is fixed inside a computer

harden / ha:d(\ni)n/ (hardens, hardening, hardened) verb 1. to become hard \circ Leave the cement for a couple of days to harden. \circ Attitudes are hardening as the transport strike continues. 2. to make something harder \circ We use specially hardened steel in the construction. 3. to make someone more experienced \circ a hardened criminal

hardened /'ho:dənd/ adj so experienced that something that most people would find unpleasant or difficult seems ordinary

hard-headed /,ha:d 'hedId/ *adj* practical or sensible

hard-hearted /,ho:d 'ho:ttd/ adj cruel hard-hitting /,ho:d 'hitiŋ/ adj very critical

hardline /'ha:dla:n/ adjstrict over policy (2) **hardly** /'ha:dli/ adv almost not \circ *Do* you know her? – Hardly at all. \circ We hardly slept a wink last night. \circ She hardly eats anything at all.

hard-nosed /'haːd nəʊzd/ adj tough; determined

hard-pressed / hord 'prest/ *adj* acting under a lot of pressure

hard sell / hard 'sel/ noun aggressive selling

hardship /'haːdʃɪp/ noun difficult conditions, suffering

hard shoulder /,hɑːd 'ʃəuldə/ noun a hard strip along the edge of a motorway, used for stopping in an emergency

(3) **hard up** / ha:d 'Ap/ adj with very little money (*informal*)

hardware /'ha:dweə/ noun tools and pans used in the home \circ *I* bought the paint in a hardware shop.

hard-wired /hɑːd 'waɪəd/ *adj* physically connected to a computer system or network

hard-won /'hard wAn/adj achieved after a big effort

hardwood /'hɑ:dwʊd/ noun a slowgrowing tree, such as oak or teak, which produces a hard wood hardworking /,hu:d'w3:kiŋ/ adj who works hard

hardy /'hordi/ *adj* able to survive in cold weather

hare /he = / noun a wild mammal like a large rabbit \circ *In the spring mountain hares lose their white winter coats.*

harebrained /'heəbreInd/ *adj* not serious; not concentrating on essential things

harem /'hɑ:ri:m/ noun **1**. a group of women who are the wives of the same man in some Muslim societies, especially in the past **2**. the part of a Muslim house where only women live

harlot /'ha:lət/ noun a woman who has sex for money (dated)

(3) harm /hoim/ noun damage done to people or animals ○ He didn't mean to do any harm or He meant no harm. ○ There's no harm in having a little drink before you go to bed. ■ verb (harms, harming, harmed) to physically affect something or someone in a bad way ○ Luckily, the little girl was not harmed. ○ The bad publicity has harmed our reputation.

(3) **harmful** /'hɑːmf(ə)l/ *adj* which causes damage

③ **harmless** /'haɪmləs/ *adj* which does not upset or hurt anyone

harmonica /hɑː'mɒnɪkə/ noun a mouthorgan; a small musical instrument which you play by blowing and sucking, and moving across your mouth to get different notes

harmonious /hɑː'məʊniəs/ adj 1. sounding or looking good together 2. friendly and cooperative \circ a harmonious discussion between the heads of state.

harmonise /'ha:mənaiz/ (harmonises, harmonising, harmonised), harmonize verb to go well together \circ Make sure the colours of the curtains harmonise with the carpet.

harmony /'hɑːməni/ (plural harmonies) noun 1. agreeable musical sounds \circ The group sang in harmony. 2. agreeable colours, etc. \circ We are aiming to create a pleasant harmony in the decoration of the room. 3. a general peace \circ They want to live in harmony with their neighbours.

harness /'ha:nis/ noun 1. straps used to hold a horse to a cart 2. straps used to attach something to a person \circ a parachute harness \circ Make sure that you buy a pushchair with a reliable baby harness.

harp /hɑːp/ noun a musical instrument shaped like a large triangle, played by the fingers plucking the strings \circ She plays the harp in the local orchestra.

harpoon /ha:'pu:n/ noun a long sharp weapon used to kill whales (NOTE: + harpoon v)

harrowing /'hærəuŋ/ adj which causes mental pain

harsh /harsf / adj 1. severe \circ The prosecutor asked for a harsh sentence to fit the crime. 2. rough \circ He shouted in a harsh voice.

harvest /'ha:vist/ noun picking crops o The corn harvest is in August. • verb (harvests, harvesting, harvested) to pick crops o The corn will be ready to harvest next week. o They have started harvesting the grapes in the vineyard.

has /əz, həz, hæz/ 3rd person singular present of have

has-been /'hæz bin/ *noun* a person no longer as well-known or important as before (*informal*)

hash /hæʃ/ noun 1. a dish prepared from chopped meat and vegetables 2. hashish

hasn't /'hæz(ə)nt/ short for has not

(3) **hassle** /'hæs(\Rightarrow)*I*/ (informal) noun irritating trouble \circ *It was quite a hassle getting tickets.* \circ *I got to the station early to avoid all the hassle with the luggage.* \blacksquare *verb* (hassles, hassling, hassled) to bother someone \circ *Her boss is always hassling her to work faster.*

haste /heist/ noun the speed of doing something (formal)

hasten /'heis(\ni)n/ (hastens, hastening, hastened) verb 1. to go fast \circ The chief of police hastened into the room. 2. to do something fast \circ The government has hastened to deny the report in the paper. 3. to make something go faster \circ Several weeks' rest after your operation will hasten your recovery.

hasty /'heisti/ (hastier, hastiest) adj carelessly fast (NOTE: + hastily adv)

(2) **hat** /hæt/ noun a piece of clothing which you wear on your head \circ *Take your* hat off when you go into a church. \circ *He's* bought a Russian fur hat for the winter.

hatch /hæt \int / noun an opening in the deck of a ship, or a cover for this opening \circ He opened the hatch and went down into the cabin. • verb (hatches, hatching, hatched) to plan \circ They hatched a plot to kidnap the Prime Minister's daughter.

hatchback /'hæt $\int bæk/$ noun a type of car where the back opens upwards as a door

hatchet /'hætʃɪt/ noun a small axe

① hate /hert/ verb (hates, hating, hated) to dislike someone or something very much $\circ I$ think she hates me, but I don't know why. $\circ I$ hate being late. \blacksquare noun a very strong feeling of not liking someone \circ Her eyes were full of hate.

hateful /'hertf(\Im)l/ *adj* which makes people dislike it

hate mail /'heIt meIl/ noun letters showing that the writer hates someone

hatred /'hettrid/ noun a very strong feeling of not liking someone or something $\circ a$ campaign against racial hatred \circ She had a hatred of unfair treatment.

hat trick /'hæt trik/ noun a score of three
goals or wins by the same person in a sport
haughty /'ho:ti/ (haughtier, haughtiest)
adj extremely proud and unpleasant (NOTE:
+ haughtily adv; haughtiness n)

haul /ho:l/ (hauls, hauling, hauled) verb to pull something with effort \circ *They hauled the boat up onto the beach.*

haunt /ho:nt/ noun a place which you visit frequently \circ *I* went back to some of my old haunts. \circ The pub is a favourite haunt of actors. \blacksquare verb (haunts, haunting, haunted) (of ghosts) to visit something frequently \circ The castle is supposed to be haunted by the ghost of a soldier.

haunted /'ho:nt1d/ adj visited by ghosts haunting /'ho:nt1ŋ/ adj sad and wonderful

(i) have /hav, av, hæv/ (has, having, had) verb 1. to own something \circ She has a lot of money. \circ They have a new green car. \circ She has long dark hair. \circ The house has no telephone. \circ Do you have a table for *three, please?* **2.** to take or eat something o Have you had any tea? \circ She has sugar in *her coffee.* \circ *They had a meal of bread and* cheese. \circ She had her breakfast in bed. \circ They had a game of tennis. \circ I had a long walk. 3. to arrange for something to be done for you $\circ I$ must have my hair cut. \circ She's having the house painted. 4. used to form the present and past perfect form of verbs \circ Have they finished their work? \circ She has never been to Paris. O They had finished supper when we arrived. \circ I haven't seen him for two days. \circ If she had asked me I would have said no. 5. used to introduce good wishes to someone \circ *Have* a nice day! \circ Have a good trip!

have got phrasal verb 1. to own something \circ She's got dark hair. \circ Have you got a table for three, please? \circ They've got a new green car. \circ The house hasn't haven

got a telephone. \circ They haven't got enough to eat. **2.** used to mean 'must' \circ Why have you got to go so early? \circ She's got to learn to drive.

have on phrasal verb 1. \Box to have or have got something on to be wearing something \circ What did she have on at the party? 2. \Box to have something on to have something planned (informal) \circ I haven't anything on tonight so I'll be able to finish painting the bathroom. 3. \Box to have someone on to trick someone (informal) \circ I think he's having you on.

haven /'heIV(ə)n/ noun a safe port or safe place

(3) **haven't** /'hæv(ə)nt/ *short for* have not **havoc** /'hævək/ *noun* damage

hawk /ho:k/ noun a person who prefers military action to diplomacy \circ *Curiously, it's the military commanders who are the doves and the president and his advisers are the hawks.*

(3) **hay** /he1/ noun dried grass used to feed animals such as cows

hayfever /'herfi:və/ noun an inflammation of the nose and eyes caused by an allergy to flowers, pollen, scent or dust

hazard /'hæzəd/ noun a dangerous situation ○ Don't leave those cardboard boxes in the passage – they're a fire hazard. ■ verb (hazards, hazarding, hazarded) to risk something

hazardous / hæzədəs/ adj risky or dangerous

haze /heIZ/ noun **1**. mist, smoke or dust suspended in the atmosphere, reducing visibility **2**. not being able to think or remember clearly \circ He was in a haze when he came round after the operation.

hazy /'heIzi/ (**hazier**, **haziest**) adj **1**. misty o It was too hazy for us to get a good view from the top of the cliff. **2**. vague o I have a hazy recollection of the party. o He reported the accident to the police but was very hazy about some of the details.

() he /hi, hi:/ pron referring to a man or boy, and some animals \circ He's my brother. \circ He and I met in Oxford. \circ He's eaten all my pudding. \circ Don't be frightened of the dog – he won't hurt you. \diamond him, his (NOTE: When it is the object, he becomes him: He hit the ball or The ball hit him. When it follows the verb to be, he usually becomes him: Who's that? – It's him, the man who borrowed my knife.)

① **head** /hed/ noun **1**. the top part of the body, where your eyes, nose, mouth and brain are \circ *He says he can relax by stand*-

ing on his head. \circ She hit her head on the cupboard door. 2. your brain; intelligence • She has a good head for figures. • He tried to do the sum in his head. \circ If we all put our heads together we might come up with a solution. **3.** the first place \circ An old lady was standing at the head of the aueue. • His name comes at the head of the list. 4. the most important person \circ She's head of the sales department. O The head waiter showed us to our table. 5. one person, or one animal, when counting \circ She counted heads as the children got onto the coach. \circ There are fifty head of sheep in the flock. verb (heads, heading, headed) to go towards something o She headed immediately for the manager's office. \circ The car headed east along the motorway. \circ He's heading towards the Channel ports. o She's *heading for trouble.* \diamond **to shake your head** to move your head from side to side to mean 'no' o She asked him if he wanted any more coffee and he shook his head.

head off phrasal verb **1**. to prevent something from taking place \circ They offered the staff more pay in order to head off a strike. **2**. to go away in a certain direction \circ They headed off into the jungle.

headache /'hede1k/ noun a pain in your head \circ *I've got a bad headache*.

headcount /'hedkaont/ *noun* the process of counting the people in a group one by one

header /'hedə/ noun **1**. the act of hitting a ball with your head \circ *He scored with a header* **2**. a dive \circ *He took a header into the waves*. **3**. words or page numbers at the top of a page of a book or document

head-first /,hed 'f3:st/ adv 1. with your head first \circ *He tripped and fell head-first* down the stairs. 2. hastily \circ Don't rush head-first into a deal with someone you hardly know.

headgear /'hedg1ə/ noun something which is worn on the head

headhunter /'hedhAntə/ noun a person or company that looks for top managers and offers them jobs in other companies

heading /'hedɪŋ/ noun words at the top of a piece of text. \Diamond subheading

③ **headline** /'hedlan/ noun words in large letters on the front page of a newspaper \circ Did you see the headlines about the accident?

headlong /'hedloŋ/ adj rushing \circ the headlong flight of the people of the villages in front of the advancing army \blacksquare adv rushing \circ The soldiers rushed headlong into the crowd.

(3) **headmaster** /hed'mɑɪstə/ noun a man who is in charge of a school

headmistress /hed'mistrəs/ noun a woman who is in charge of a school

head office / hed 'bfis/ noun the main office where the directors work and meet

(2) **head-on** /hed 'pn/ adj, adv **1**. with the front first; direct \circ We had a head-on confrontation with the police. **2**. directly \circ He decided to meet the objections head-on.

headphones /'hedfəonz/ plural noun equipment which you put on your ears to listen to sounds privately

headquarters /hed'kwo:təz/ noun the main offices of a large organisation \circ Several people were arrested and taken to police headquarters. Abbreviation **HQ**

headrest /'hedrest/ *noun* a cushion on top of a car seat against which you can lean your head

headroom /'hedru:m/ *noun* the amount of space needed to be able to sit or walk upright

headset /'hedset/ noun a set of headphones for listening to something such as the telephone, the radio or a CD, which fits over your ears with a band across the top of your head, and sometimes has a microphone attached

headstone /'hedstəun/ noun a piece of stone standing at the end of a grave with the name of the dead person written on it

headstrong /'hedstron/ adj determined to do what you want

head teacher / hed 'tirt Jə/ noun a man or woman who is in charge of a school

head-to-head /,hed tə 'hed/ adv, adj competing directly with someone or something \circ a head-to-head contest \circ The winner of this game will go head-to-head with the reigning champion.

headwind /'hedwind/ noun a wind blowing towards you

heady /'hedi/ (headier, headiest) adj strong and likely to affect your senses, such as making you drunk or excited

heal /hi:1/ (heals, healing, healed) verb to make someone or something healthy again, or to become healthy again \circ *She claims to be able to heal people through touch.* \circ *This should help the wound to heal.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with heel.)

healing /'hi:lin/ *noun* the action of making something or someone healthy \circ *The healing of the sick is her vocation.*

() **health** $/hel\theta/$ noun the fact of being well or being free from any illness \circ He has enjoyed the best of health for years. \circ Smoking is bad for your health.

health care /'hel@kea/ *noun* the services which take care of people's health, e.g. doctors and dentists

health centre /'hel θ ,sent ϑ / noun a building with various doctors and specialists

health club /'hel0 klab/ *noun* a club for people who want to improve their health, e.g. by taking exercise and dieting

health insurance /'hel0 In, Joprans/ noun insurance which pays the cost of medical treatment if you are ill

health service /'helθ ,s3:v1s/ *noun* an organisation in a district or country which is in charge of providing health care to the public

(3) healthy /'hel θ i/ adj 1. not ill \circ He's healthier than he has ever been. 2. making you stay fit and well \circ the healthiest place in England \circ She's keeping to a healthy diet.

heap /hi:p/ noun a pile \circ a heap of coal \circ Step over that heap of rubbish. \blacksquare verb (heaps, heaping, heaped) to pile things up \circ A pile of presents were heaped under the Christmas tree. \circ Boxes were heaped up on the station platform.

hear /h1∂/ (hears, hearing, heard) verb
 to notice sounds with your ears ○ He heard footsteps behind him. ○ You could hear the sound of church bells in the distance. ○ I heard her drive up in the car. ○ Can you hear him singing in the bath? 2. to listen to something ○ Did you hear the talk on the radio? ○ I heard it on the BBC news.
 to get information [~(that)/~about/~from/] ○ I hear he's got a new job. ○ Have you've heard about Joe's promotion? ○ We have not heard from them for some time.

hear of (3) phrasal verb to know about something \circ I've heard of a new restaurant in the High Street. \circ She's never heard of the Rolling Stones.

(2) hearing /'h1 \neg 11ŋ/ noun the ability to hear \circ Bats have a very sharp sense of hearing. \circ She has hearing difficulties.

hearing aid /'hɪərɪŋ eɪd/ *noun* an electric device put in your ear to make you hear better

hearing-impaired /,hiəriŋ im'peəd/ *adj* not able to hear properly

hearsay /'hɪəsei/ noun what people say, rather than what is true

hearse /h3:s/ *noun* a vehicle for carrying a coffin

() heart /hut/ noun 1. a main organ in the body, which pumps blood around it \circ She isn't dead – her heart's still beating. \circ The doctor listened to his heart. \circ He has had heart trouble for years. 2. your feelings and emotions \circ My heart sank when I realised that he hadn't read my letter. 3. a centre or middle \circ The restaurant is in the heart of the old town. 4. one of the red sets in a game of cards, with a symbol shaped like a heart \circ My last card was the ten of hearts. (NOTE: The other red suit is diamonds; clubs and spades are the black suits.)

heartache /'ho:teIk/ noun great sadness and worry

() heart attack /'ho:t $\Im_t tack / noun$ a condition where the heart suffers from a reduced blood supply because an artery has become blocked

heartbeat /'ha:tbi:t/ noun a regular noise made by the heart as it pumps blood heartbreak /'ha:tbreik/ noun great sadness and worry

heartbreaking /'hostbreaking/ adj very sad and worrying

heartbroken /'hu:tbrəukən/ adj very sad and upset

heartburn /'haɪtbɜːn/ noun indigestion causing a burning feeling in the stomach

(3) **heart disease** /'hart di,zirz/ noun any disease affecting the heart

heartened /'hartənd/ adj feeling more cheerful or encouraged

heart failure /'hort ,feiljə/ *noun* a dangerous condition when the heart has stopped beating

heartfelt / hortfelt/ adj sincere

hearth /hɑ:0/ noun a hole in the wall of a room where you can light a fire for heating **heartland** /'hɑ:tlænd/ noun a region where certain activities are concentrated

heartless /'hartləs/ adj cruel; not having any pity

heartrending /'hattrendin/ adj very sad for someone

heart-stopping /'hoit stopin/ adj very frightening or shocking

heart-to-heart /,hait tə 'hait/ noun a serious private talk \circ *I* will have a heart-to-heart with him.

heartwarming /'hu:two:miŋ/ adj making you feel happy

hearty /'ha:ti/ (heartier, heartiest) adj big (NOTE: + heartily adv) (2) heat /hi:t/ noun 1. the state of being hot
The heat of the sun made the ice cream melt. 2. one part of a sports competition o
There are two heats before the final race. verb (heats, heating, heated) to make something hot o Can you heat the soup while I'm getting the table ready? o The room was heated by a small electric fire. o
Heat the milk to room temperature.

(2) heated /'hittd/ adj 1. made warm o The car has a heated rear window. 2. angry o There was a heated discussion after the meeting. o The students became very heated during the debate.

(2) **heater** /'hittə/ noun a machine for heating a room

heath /hi: θ / noun an area of dry sandy acid soil with low plants such as heather and gorse growing on it

heather /'heðə/ noun a low plant with mainly purple or pink flowers common in hilly areas

(2) **heating** /'hittn/ noun a way of keeping a place such as a house or an office warm

heatwave /'hittweIV/ *noun* a period of very hot weather

③ heave /hi:v/ noun a strong hard pull ○ One more heave, and we should pull down the tree. ■ verb (heaves, heaving, heaved)
1. to pull something hard ○ They heaved on the anchor to pull it up. 2. to throw something ○ He heaved a brick through the window. 3. to breathe heavily ○ She heaved a sigh, and picked up the phone. ○ We all heaved a collective sigh of relief when he left.

(3) heaven /'hev(∋)n/ noun 1. a beautiful place believed by some people to be where good people go after death ○ She believes that when she dies she will go to heaven. 2. □ good heavens an expression showing you are surprised ○ Good heavens! It's almost 10 o'clock! ◇ for heaven's sake an expression showing you are annoyed, or that something is important ○ What are you screaming for? - It's only a little mouse, for heaven's sake. ○ For heaven's sake try to be quiet, we don't want the guards to hear us! ◇ good heavens an expression showing you are surprised ○ Good heavens an expression showing you are surprised ○ Good heaven's showing you are surprised

(3) heavily /'hevili/ adv 1. with force \circ He sat down heavily on the little chair. 2. to a great extent; very much \circ The company was heavily criticised in the press. \circ She is heavily in debt. \circ It rained heavily during the night.

 ① heavy /'hevi/ adj 1. weighing a lot ○ This suitcase is so heavy I can hardly lift it. She's heavier than I am. 2. in large amounts ○ There has been a heavy demand for the book. ○ There was a heavy fall of snow during the night. ○ The radio says there is heavy traffic in the centre of town. □ to be a heavy smoker to smoke a lot of cigarettes □ to be a heavy drinker to drink a lot of alcohol

heavy-duty / hevi 'dju:ti/ *adj* made for rough work

heavy-handed /,hevi 'hændɪd/ *adj* not delicate

heavy industry /,hevi 'Indəstri/ *noun* industry which makes large products such as steel bars, ships or railway lines

heavy metal /,hevi 'met(ə)l/ noun a type of loud music with electric guitars

heavyweight /'heviweit/ noun 1. the largest and heaviest class of boxer \circ the heavyweight champion \circ a heavyweight title fight 2. a person who has a lot of influence \circ He's the director of the National Theatre – a heavyweight in the theatre world.

Hebrew /'hi:bru:/ *noun* **1**. the official language of Israel **2**. a Jewish person who lived in Israel in ancient times

heckle /'hek(\ni)l/ (heckles, heckling, heckled) verb to call out and interrupt a public speaker (NOTE: + heckler n)

(3) **hectare** /'hekteə/ *noun* an area of land measuring 100 metres by 100 metres, i.e. 10,000 square metres, or 2.47 acres

hectic /'hekt1k/ adj very active

he'd /hid, hi:d/ short form **1**. he had **2**. he would

hedge /hedʒ/ noun a row of bushes planted and kept in an even shape to form a screen round a field or garden \circ *There is a thick hedge round the churchyard.*

hedgehog /'hedzhog/ noun a small animal with its back covered in spines

hedgerow /'hedʒrəʊ/ *noun* a line of bushes forming a hedge round a field or along a country road

hedonist /'hird(ə)n1st/ noun a person who only lives for pleasure

heed /hi:d/ (heeds, heeding, heeded) verb to pay attention to something \circ She didn't heed the doctor's warning.

heel /hi:l/ noun **1**. the back part of the foot \circ After walking, she got sore heels. **2**. the back part of a sock or shoe \circ He's got a hole in the heel of his sock. \circ She always

wears shoes with high heels or high-heeled shoes.

hefty /'hefti/ (heftier, heftiest) adj 1. strong \circ We need a couple of hefty lads to move the table. 2. large \circ He had a hefty pay increase. \circ You'll pay a hefty fine if you get caught.

heifer /'hefə/ noun a young cow which has not had a calf

(2) **height** /haɪt/ noun **1**. a measurement of how high something is or how tall someone is ○ *The height of the bridge is only three metres.* **2**. the highest point ○ *looking down on the city from the heights around*

heighten /'haɪt(\mathfrak{i})n/ (heightens, heightening, heightened) verb to increase something

heinous /'heinəs/ adj very bad (formal)

heir $/e_{\Theta}/$ noun a man or woman who will inherit something from someone after that person's death \circ He's the heir to the banking fortune. \circ Her heirs divided the estate between them.

heiress /'eores/ *noun* a woman who will inherit something from someone after that person's death

heirloom /'eəlu:m/ *noun* a valuable object which has belonged to a family for a long time

③ **held** /held/ past tense and past participle of **hold**

helicopter /'helikoptə/ *noun* an aircraft with a set of large flat blades on top that spin round, making it rise straight up in the air

helium /'hiːliəm/ *noun* a light inert gas, often used in balloons

① hell /hel/ noun 1. a place where some people believe bad people are sent after they die \circ Medieval pictures show hell as a burning place. 2. a very unpleasant place or experience \circ It's hell working in the office these days. 3. used to emphasise what you are saying (informal) \circ What the hell's been going on here? \circ Am I going to lend you £50? Am I hell! (NOTE: Using expressions that include the word hell is offensive to some people.)

he'll /hil, hiːl/ short form he will

() **hello** /hə'ləu/ interjused as a greeting She called hello from the other side of the street. Hello Mary! I'm glad to see you. When you see her, say hello to her from me. (NOTE: also spelled **hallo**, **hullo**.)

heim /helm/ noun a wheel or bar with which a ship or boat is steered \circ He put the

helm hard to starboard as soon as he saw the iceberg.

helmet /'helmɪt/ *noun* a solid hat used as a protection

(1) help /help/ noun 1. something which makes it easier for you to do something $[-with/-in] \circ Do you need any help with$ moving the furniture? O She finds the wordprocessor a great help in writing her book. **2.** the act of making it easier for someone to do something \circ *People were calling for* help from the ruins of the house. \circ The nurses offered help to people injured in the accident. verb (helps, helping, helped) to make it easier for someone to do something o The government wants to help small businesses. • Your father can help you with your homework.
to help some**body** (to) do something to do something with somebody else so that it is easier for them \circ One of my friends helped me move the piano into the bedroom.

help out *phrasal verb* to help someone in an emergency

help desk /'help desk/ noun a service which helps people with computer problems

helper /'helpə/ *noun* a person who helps someone do a particular job or task, especially without being paid

(2) **helpful** /'helpf(\ni)l/ adj useful or giving help to someone \circ She made some helpful suggestions. \circ They were very helpful when we moved house.

(3) **helping** /'helpiŋ/ noun an amount of food for one person \circ The helpings in this restaurant are very small. \circ Children's helpings are not as large as those for adults.

② **helpless** /'helpləs/ *adj* not able to do anything to make a bad situation better

helpline /'helplaɪn/ *noun* a special phone number for people to call when they need help

hem /hem/ noun the sewn edge of a piece of clothing, e.g. a skirt or dress \circ She was wearing a long skirt, with the hem touching the floor: **•** verb (hems, hemming, hemmed) to make the hem of a piece of clothing, e.g. a skirt or dress \circ I've almost finished the skirt, it just needs to be hemmed.

hemisphere /'hemisfiə/ *noun* half of a sphere

hemp /hemp/ noun a plant used to make ropes and sacks

hen /hen/ noun an adult female chicken \circ The hens were scared by the fox. \circ Look, one of the hens has laid an egg!

(2) **hence** /hens/ adv in the future \circ *Five* months hence, the situation should be better.

henchman /'hent∫mən/ (*plural* henchmen) *noun* a political assistant or bodyguard; a person who assists or protects an important person

hen night /'hen naɪt/, **hen party** noun a party for women only (NOTE: A party for men only, is a **stag party** or **stag night**.)

hepatitis /,hepə'tartıs/ noun an infectious disease of the liver

(1) her / \Rightarrow , h \Rightarrow , h \exists :/ object pronoun referring to a female \circ There's a parcel for her in reception. \circ Did you see her? \circ He told her to go away. \blacksquare adj belonging to a female, a ship or a country \circ Someone has stolen all her luggage. \circ Have you seen her father? \circ The dog doesn't want to eat her food. \circ France is helping her businesses to sell more abroad.

herald /'herald/ (heralds, heralding, heralded) verb to be a sign of something coming \circ dark clouds that herald stormy weather \circ The statistics seem to herald an end to the recession.

herb /h3:b/ noun a plant used to give flavour to food, or as a medicine

herbicide /'h3:b1sa1d/ *noun* a chemical which kills plants, especially weeds

herbivore /'hɜːbɪvɔː/ noun an animal which eats plants

herd /h3:d/ noun a group of animals, especially cows \circ Herds of cattle were grazing on the hillside. (NOTE: Do not confuse with heard. The word herd is usually used with cattle; for sheep, goats, and birds, the word to use is **flock**.)

() here /h1ə/ adv 1. in this place \circ I'll sit here in the shade and wait for you. \circ Here are the keys you lost. \circ I'll put the book down here next to your computer. \circ They have been living here in England for a long time. 2. to this place \circ Come here at once! \circ Can you bring the chairs here, please? \circ Here comes the bus! \diamond here you are take this \circ Here you are, today's newspaper!

hereditary $/h \Rightarrow$ 'redit(\Rightarrow)ri/ adj 1. passed from parent to child biologically 2. passed from parent to child as a legal right \circ a hereditary title

heredity /hə'redɪti/ *noun* the occurrence of physical or mental characteristics in children which are inherited from their parents **heresy** /'herəsi/ *noun* a wrong opinion or belief, especially wrong religious belief

heretic /'herət1k/ *noun* a person who holds wrong religious beliefs

heritage /'heritidʒ/ noun the national treasure passed from one generation to the next

hermit /'h3:mit/ noun a person who chooses to live alone outside the community

hernia /'h3:niə/ noun a medical condition in which an organ bulges through a hole or weakness in the wall which surrounds it

③ hero /'h1ərəu/ (plural heroes) noun 1. a brave man \circ The hero of the fire was the man who managed to rescue the children from an upstairs room. 2. the main male character in something such as a book, play or film \circ The hero of the story is a little boy. heroic /h1'rəuk/ adi like a hero

heroice /hi rootk/ adj like a hero

heroics /hi'rəuiks/ *plural noun* very brave actions

heroin /'herəUIN/ *noun* a strong addictive illegal drug made from poppies (NOTE: Do not confuse with **heroine**.)

heroine /'heroun/ noun 1. a brave woman \circ The heroine of the accident was a passing cyclist who pulled the children out of the burning car. 2. the main female character in something such as a book, play or film \circ The heroine of the film is a school teacher. (NOTE: Do not confuse with heroin.)

heroism /'herəuɪz(ə)m/ noun bravery **heron** /'herən/ noun a tall, usually grey, water bird with a long neck and long legs

herpes /'h3:pi:z/ noun a disease caused by a virus, which causes small blisters

herring /'herin/ noun a small silver sea fish \circ She had grilled herrings for dinner.

(1) **hers** /h31Z/ pron belonging to her \circ That watch is hers, not mine.

① **herself** / ϑ 'self, h ϑ 'self/ pron used for referring back to a female subject \circ The manager wrote to me herself. \circ Did your sister enjoy herself? \circ She's too young to be able to dress herself.

hertz /h3:ts/ *noun* the standard unit of frequency of radio waves (NOTE: no plural)

(3) **he's** /hiz, hi:z/ short form 1. he has 2. he is

hesitant /'hezɪt(ə)nt/ adj slow and cautious

hesitate /'heziteit/ (hesitates, hesitating, hesitated) verb to be slow to speak or make a decision \circ He hesitated for a moment and then said 'no'. \circ She's hesitating about whether to accept the job. **hesitation** $/_{i}hezi'tei \int (a)n/noun$ the act of waiting and not deciding

heterosexual /,hetərəʊ'sekʃuəl/ adj, noun sexually attracted to people of the opposite sex. Compare **bisexual**, **homosexu**al

heterosexuality /,hetərəusekʃu'ælɪti/ *noun* the fact of being heterosexual

hexagon /'heksəgən/ noun (in geometry) a shape with six sides

hey! /he1/ interj showing a greeting or surprise \circ Hey, you! What are you doing there? \circ Hey! That's my chair!

heyday /'heɪdeɪ/ *noun* a time of greatest success, popularity or power

③ **HGV** *abbr* heavy goods vehicle

hi /hai/ interj showing a greeting \circ Hi! I'm your tour leader. \circ Hi, Mary! How are you today? \circ Say hi to her from me.

hiatus /hai'eitəs/ (*plural* hiatuses or *same*) *noun* a gap or interruption

hibernate /'haibəneit/ (**hibernates**, **hibernating**, **hibernated**) verb (of an animal) to sleep during the winter, either completely unconscious or semi-conscious (NOTE: + **hibernation** n)

hiccup /'h1k∧p/, hiccough noun 1. a sudden high sound that you sometimes make in your throat, e.g. if you have been eating too quickly ○ She had an attack of hiccups. ○ He got the hiccups from laughing too much. 2. a small thing which goes wrong ○ There has been a slight hiccup in the delivery of our supplies. ■ verb (hiccups, hiccupping, hiccupped) to make a hiccup ○ She patted him on the back when he suddenly started to hiccup. ○ He hiccupped so loudly that everyone in the restaurant stared at him.

1 hid /hid/ past tense of hide

() hidden /'hɪd(ə)n/ adj which cannot be seen or found easily \circ There's a hidden safe in the wall behind his desk. \circ They say there's some hidden treasure in the castle. \diamond hide

hidden agenda /,hɪd(ə)n ə'dʒendə/ *noun* a secret reason for doing something which will be to your advantage

① hide /haɪd/ (hides, hiding, hid, hidden or hid) verb 1. to put something where no one can see or find it [~behind/under/in etc] ○ She hid the presents in the kitchen. ○ Someone has hidden my car keys. 2. to put yourself where no one can see or find you [~behind/under/in etc/~from] ○ The children hid from us behind the bushes.

hide away phrasal verb to go to a place

where you can be away from other people

hide-and-seek /,haɪd ən 'siːk/ noun a children's game, in which one person hides and the others try to find him or her

hideous /'h1diəs/ *adj* extremely unpleasant to look at \circ *Where did she get that hideous dress?*

hide-out /'haɪdaʊt/ *noun* a secret place where you cannot be found

(2) hiding /'hardıŋ/ noun a situation in which you have put yourself where no one can find you \circ He stayed in hiding for three days until the soldiers left the village. \circ They decided to go into hiding for a time until the police called off their search.

(3) **hierarchy** /'haiəra:ki/ noun 1. arrangement in ranks \circ *There is a strict hierarchy in the army*. 2. the people in the upper ranks of an organisation \circ *The party hierarchy met to elect a new leader.* \circ *The church hierarchy has condemned the attack.*

hi-fi /,ha1'fa1/ (*plural* **hi-fis**) *noun* **1**. a very accurate reproduction of sound by equipment such as a CD player and amplifier \circ *The company is a leading manufacturer of hi-fi audio equipment*. **2**. a set of equipment for playing CDs or cassettes or for listening to the radio \circ *He played the CD on his hi-fi*.

1) high /hai/ adj 1. far above other things • Everest is the highest mountain in the world. \circ The new building is 20 storeys high. \circ The kitchen has a high ceiling. \circ The door is not high enough for us to get the wardrobe into the bedroom. • height (NOTE: High is used with figures: the mountain is 1,000 metres high. High also refers to things that are a long way above the ground: a high mountain, high clouds. For people and narrow things like trees use tall: a tall *man.*) **2.** large in quantity \circ *the high level of* unemployment in the country \circ He earns a high income. \circ High prices put customers off. \circ The car shakes when going at high speeds. \circ The price of petrol is higher every year. \blacksquare adv above; up in the air \circ The sun rose high in the sky. \circ The bird flew higher and higher.

highbrow /'haɪbrau/ adj with a high intellectual content

high chair /haɪ 'tʃeə/ noun a baby's chair at a level with a table, sometimes with a tray in front of the baby

high-class /,hai 'kla:s/ adj of very good quality

Higher /'ha1ə/ noun (in Scotland) an examination in various subjects taken in fifth or sixth year at secondary school

(3) **higher education** /,haıər edju 'keı∫(ə)n/ *noun* education in universities and colleges

high five /haɪ 'faɪv/ *noun* a greeting in which two people each raise an arm and slap palms

high-flyer /hai 'flaiə/ *noun* a person who has great potential and ambition

high-grade /'hai greid/ adj of a very good quality

high-handed / hai 'hændid/ adj with no respect for other people or customs

high heels /hai 'hi:lz/ plural noun very high thin heels, on women's shoes \circ You are not allowed to walk on the polished floor of the museum in high heels.

highlands /'haıləndz/ plural noun a mountain region \circ the Malaysian Highlands \circ the Scottish Highlands

high-level /'haɪ ,lev(ə)l/ *adj* important; composed of important people

(3) highlight /'haılaıt/ noun the most important or interesting event ○ The highlight of our tour of Greece was our visit to the Parthenon. ■ verb (highlights, highlighting, highlighted) 1. to draw attention to something ○ The report highlights various problems. 2. to make part of a text stand out from the rest ○ The headings are highlighted in bold. ○ The report highlights various problems.

(3) **highlighter** /'haılaıtə/ noun a marker pen; a coloured felt pen used to highlight text

highlights /'harlarts/ *plural noun* **1**. a selection of the best parts of a sporting event which are repeated on $TV \circ highlights$ of *this afternoon's game* **2**. streaks in your hair which have been dyed a pale colour **3**. characters which stand out from the text on a screen by being brighter than the rest

(2) **highly** /'ha1li/ adv used before some adjectives to mean 'very well' ○ highly priced meals ○ The restaurant has been highly recommended. ○ Their employees are not very highly paid.

high-pitched / haɪ 'pɪt∫t/ adj making a shrill sound

high point /'hai point/ noun the best moment

high-powered /,hai 'pauəd/ adj very powerful

high-profile / hai 'prəufail/ adj who is often in the news

high-rise /'hai raiz/ adj with many storeys

high school /'hat sku:l/ noun 1. a secondary school for children aged from 11 to 18 2. US a secondary school, from grade 9 to grade $12 \circ He$'s in grade 10 or tenth grade at high school.

high season $/_1$ hai 'sit $Z(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun a period when there are lots of travellers and when fares are high, usually the period from July to September. Compare **low season**

() high street /'haɪ stri:t/, High Street noun the most important street in a village or town, where shops and banks are (NOTE: often written High St. The US term is Main Street.)

③ **high tech** /,haɪ 'tek/ *adj* referring to high technology

high technology /,haɪ tek'nɒlədʒi/ noun advanced technology as used in industry, e.g. the use of electronics and robots

high tide /,haɪ 'taɪd/, **high water** *noun* the points when the level of the sea is at its highest or at its lowest

(2) **highway** /'haɪwei/ noun a main public road \circ A footbridge was built over the highway.

hijack /'haɪdʒæk/ (hijacks, hijacking, hijacked), highjack verb to take control of a vehicle by force o The men hijacked the lorry and left the driver by the road. o They hijacked an aircraft and ordered the pilot to fly to Moscow. (NOTE: + hijacker n)

hike /hatk/ noun 1. a vigorous walk \circ We went for a 10-mile hike in the mountains. 2. an increase \circ a price hike \blacksquare verb (hikes, hiking, hiked) 1. to go for a vigorous walk \circ They were hiking in the Pyrenees when the accident happened. 2. to increase prices \circ Petrol companies have hiked up their prices.

hiking /'haɪkɪŋ/ *noun* the practice of going for long walks for pleasure

hilarious /hɪ'leəriəs/ adj very funny $\circ I$ thought the play was hilarious.

(2) hill /hil/ noun a piece of high land (informal) \circ The hills are covered with spring flowers. \circ If you climb to the top of the hill you will get a good view of the valley.

hillside /'hɪlsaɪd/ noun the sloping side of a hill

hilltop /'hiltop/ noun the top of a hill

hilt /hılt / noun a sword handle \circ He stood for the photograph with his hand on the hilt of his sword.

① **him** /Im, hIM/ *object pronoun* referring to a male ○ *Tell him there's a letter waiting* for him. ○ *Have you spoken to him today?* ○ *That's him! – The man with the beard.*

① **himself** /Im'self, him'self/ *pron* used for referring back to a male subject $\circ I$ was served by the manager himself. \circ The doctor has got flu himself. \circ Did your brother enjoy himself?

hinder /'hındə/ (**hinders, hindering, hindered**) verb to make it difficult for someone to do something \circ Snow hindered the efforts of the rescuers. \circ This hostile situation is hindering plans for peace in the region.

hindrance /'hindrəns/ *noun* something which hinders

hindsight /'handsatt/ *noun* the act of realising something too late, after it has happened

Hinduism /'hınduız(ə)m/ *noun* the main religion of India, in which people worship several gods

hinge /hɪndʒ/ noun a piece of metal used to hold something, e.g. a door, window or lid, so that it can swing open and shut o That hinge squeaks – it needs some oil. o They lifted the door off its hinges.

hint/hint/ noun 1. something you say that reveals information in an indirect way $\circ He$ didn't give a hint as to where he was going on holiday.
in to drop a hint to make a suggestion \circ She's been dropping hints about what she wants for her birthday.
□ to take **a hint** to accept a suggestion \circ *He took the* hint and offered to pay for the lamp he broke. 2. a piece of advice or a suggestion • She gave me some useful hints about painting furniture. \circ I don't know what to give her for her birthday – have you any *hints?* • *verb* (hints, hinting, hinted) to say something in a way that makes people guess what you mean o She hinted that her sister was pregnant.

hinterland /'hintəlænd/ noun an area inland from a sea port or around a large town hip /hip/ noun the part of the body where your legs join your waist \circ The tailor measured him round the hips. \blacksquare adj (hipper, hippest) very fashionable (slang) \circ That's a very hip shirt she's wearing.

hip hop/'hip hop/ *noun* a kind of popular culture which started among African-Americans and which involves rap and graffiti art hippo /'hɪpəʊ/ (plural hippos) noun same as hippopotamus

hippopotamus /hipə'potəməs/ (plural hippopotamuses or hippopotami) noun a large heavy African animal which spends most of its time submerged in water, but comes onto dry land to graze

(3) hire /'hai∍/ verb (hires, hiring, hired) 1. (of a borrower) to pay money to use something for a time ○ She hired a car for the weekend. ○ He was driving a hired car when the accident happened. 2. to employ someone to work for you ○ We've hired three more sales assistants. ○ They hired a small company to paint their offices. ■ noun the act of paying money to rent something such as a car, a boat or a piece of equipment

() his /IZ, hIZ/ adj belonging to him \circ He's lost all his money. \circ Have you met his mother? \circ Our dog wants his food. \blacksquare pron belonging to him \circ That watch is his, not mine.

③ hiss /his/ (hisses, hissing, hissed) verb 1. to make a hissing sound \circ The snake hissed as we came nearer. 2. to show disapproval of someone or something by making an 's' sound \circ The audience began to hiss. \circ She was hissed off the stage.

③ **historian** /hɪ'stɔːriən/ noun a person who studies or writes history

③ **historic** /hɪ'storɪk/ *adj* important in the life of a person or place and likely to be remembered (NOTE: can be preceded by **an** in formal style: *The opening of the new bridge was an historic event for the town.*)

(2) **historical** /h1'storik(ϑ)l/ adj relating to history \circ *He likes books of historical interest.*

① **history** /'hist(\ni)ri/ noun 1. the study of the past \circ He is studying Greek history. \circ She failed her history exam. \circ She teaches history at London University. 2. a book which tells the story of what happened in the past \circ He wrote a history of the French Revolution.

① hit /hɪt/ noun someone or something that is very popular, e.g. a song, a film or a performer [~with] \circ The song rapidly became a hit. \circ She was a hit with the old people's club. • verb (hits, hitting, hit) 1. to knock something or someone [~at/~for/~with] \circ The car hit the tree. \circ She hit him on the head with a bottle. \circ She hit the ball so hard that we couldn't find it. \circ I hit my head on the cupboard door. 2. to cause someone to realise something [-(that)] \circ It suddenly hit her that now she was divorced she would have to live alone. hit back(3) phrasal verb 1. to hit someone who has hit you \circ They hit him so hard that he was unable to hit back. 2. to do something as a reaction to something \circ When the supermarket chain lowered their prices, the other chains hit back by lowering prices too. \circ He hit back at the inspectors, saying that their report was biased.

hit-and-run /_hIt \exists n 'rAn/ *noun* an accident in which a driver knocks someone down and does not stop to give help

hitch /htt \int / noun an unexpected temporary problem \circ There's a hitch, and the wedding has been postponed. \blacksquare verb (hitches, hitching, hitched) to attach one thing to another \circ The caravan was hitched to the car.

HIV *noun* the virus which causes AIDS. Full form **human immunodeficiency virus hiya** /'haɪə/ *interj* showing a greeting

hm, **hmm** *interj* showing a pause while the speaker thinks about something

hoard /ho:d/ noun a store of something such as food or money, which has been collected \circ They discovered a hoard of gold coins in the field. • verb (hoards, hoarding, hoarded) to buy and store supplies of something essential that you think you will need in a crisis \circ Everyone started hoarding fuel during the strike. (NOTE: Do not confuse with horde.)

hoarding /'ho:dɪŋ/ *noun* **1**. the act of buying stocks of something, e.g. food or money, in case supply may be difficult **2**. a large advertising board in a street

hoarse /ho:s/ adj (of a voice) which sounds rough (NOTE: Do not confuse with **horse**.)

hoax /həuks/ noun a trick played on someone as a joke or to annoy him or her \circ *The police and fire brigade arrived but the bomb was just a hoax.* \circ *The ambulance answered a hoax telephone call.*

hob /hob/ noun a flat top on a cooker \circ Our new cooker has a ceramic hob. \circ Do not use abrasive cleaner on the hob.

hobble /'hbb(∂)l/ (hobbles, hobbling, hobbled) verb 1. to walk with difficulty \circ He hobbled into the room on crutches. 2. to attach a horse's legs together \circ The horses were hobbled so that they couldn't run away.

(3) **hobby** /'hobi/ (plural hobbies) noun an enjoyable activity which you do in your spare time **hockey** /'hoki/ *noun* a team game played on grass, where you try to hit a small ball into your opponents' goal using a long stick which is curved at the end \circ *He played in the hockey team at school.*

hoe /h ∂v / noun a garden tool with a long handle and small sharp blade, used to break up the surface of soil or cut off weeds \circ Use a sharp hoe to remove the weeds between your peas. (NOTE: + **hoe** v)

hog /hog/ noun 1. a castrated male pig 2. US any pig ○ Hogs are traded on the Chicago exchange. ■ verb (hogs, hogging, hogged) to monopolise something; to take more of something than you should (informal) ○ He was hogging the middle of the road. ○ Stop hogging the biscuits – we'd like some too! ○ She's always hogging the limelight.

hoist /hoist/ (hoists, hoisting, hoisted) verb to lift something or someone using special equipment or a lot of force \circ The box was hoisted up on a rope. \circ It's time to hoist the flag.

(1) hold /həuld/ verb (holds, holding, held) 1. to keep something or someone tight, especially in your hand o She was holding the baby in her arms. \circ She held her ticket between her teeth as she was carrving suitcases in both hands. \circ Hold tight – the machine is going to start. \circ He held the bag close to his chest. 2. to be large enough to contain a certain quantity of things or people \circ The bottle holds two litres. \circ The box will hold four pairs of shoes. \circ Will the car hold eight people? \circ The plane holds 250 passengers. 3. to make an event happen o They are holding a party for their wedding anniversary. \circ The meeting will be held next Tuesday in the town hall. \circ We are holding the village *fete next week.* **4.** to own something \circ *She* holds a valid driving licence. \circ He holds the record for the 2000 metres. 5. to keep someone inside o The prisoners were held in police cells overnight.

to hold your breath to keep air in your lungs, e.g. in order to go under water o She held her breath under water for a minute. \circ We're all holding our breath to see if he wins a gold medal. **noun 1.** the bottom part of a ship or an aircraft, in which goods or luggage are stored \circ You can't take all that luggage with you – it has to go in the hold. 2. the act of keeping something tightly in your hand \circ He lost his hold on the ladder. \circ Keep tight hold of the bag, we don't want it sto*len.* **to get hold of someone** to manage to

contact someone by telephone $\circ I$ tried to get hold of the doctor but he was out. \Box to get hold of something to find something which you want to use \circ Do you know where I can get hold of a ladder? \Box to take hold to take control \circ The fire took hold rapidly. \Box to take hold of something to grip something \circ Take hold of my hand.

hold back (3) phrasal verb 1. not to go forwards, or stop someone or something from going forwards \circ *Most of the crowd held back until they saw it was safe.* 2. not to tell someone something \circ *She held back important information from the police.*

hold down (3) *phrasal verb* to keep something at a low level \circ *We are holding our prices down*.

hold on \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1.** to hold something tightly \circ *She held on to the rope with both hands.* \circ *Hold on to your purse in the crowd.* \circ *Hold on tight, we're turning!* **2.** to wait \circ *Hold on a moment, I'll get my umbrella.* \circ *Do you want to speak to the manager? Hold on, I'll find him for you.*

hold out (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to move something towards someone \circ *Hold out your plate to be served.* \circ *He held out his hand but she refused to shake it.* **2**. to manage to be strong enough \circ *The castle held out for ten weeks against a huge enemy army.* **hold over** *phrasal verb* to postpone something

hold up *(*) *phrasal verb* **1.** to lift someone or something \circ *He held up his hand.* \circ *He held the little boy up so that he could see the procession.* **2.** to support something \circ *The roof is held up by those pillars.* **3.** to make someone or something late \circ *The planes were held up by fog.* \circ *Government ministers are holding up the deal.* **4.** to use a gun to make someone give up all their money \circ *Six gunmen held up the security van.*

holdall /'həuldɔ:l/ noun a soft bag for carrying things such as clothes when travelling

(2) holder /'houldo/ noun 1. something which holds things o Put the pen back into its holder.
(2) a person who holds something o She is a British passport holder or the holder of a British passport. o He is the world record holder in the javelin.

(3) **holding** /'həʊldɪŋ/ noun an investment owned

holding company /'həuldıŋ ,kʌmp(ə)ni/ *noun* a company which owns shares in other companies

(3) **hold-up** /'həuld Ap/ noun 1. a delay; an occasion on which something is later than planned \circ Long hold-ups are expected because of road works on the motorway. \circ There's been a hold-up and the goods won't arrive till next week. 2. an occasion on which a person with a gun steals money from someone \circ The gang carried out three hold-ups in the same day.

① **hole** /houl/ noun an opening or a space in something $[-in] \circ You've got a hole in$ $your sock. <math>\circ$ We all peeped through the hole in the fence. \circ Rabbits live in holes in the ground.

hole up *phrasal verb* to hide from someone (*slang*)

hole-in-the-wall / həul in ðə 'wɔ:l/ (*plural* **holes-in-the-wall**) *noun* a machine in the outside wall of a bank where customers can get money from their account

① holiday /'holidei/ noun 1. a period when you do not work, and sometimes go and stay in a different place \circ When are you taking your holiday or When are you planning to go on holiday? \circ He's going to Spain on holiday. \circ We always spend our holidays in the mountains. \circ How many days' holiday do you have each year? 2. a day on which most people do not work because of laws or religious rules \circ The office is closed for the Christmas holiday.

holidaymaker /'hɒlɪdeɪmeɪkə/ noun a person who is on holiday

holistic /h \Rightarrow u'lıstık/ *adj* dealing with a medical or social problem as a whole rather than only looking at one aspect of it \circ *The committee has been calling for a more holistic approach to learning.*

hollow /'hplou/ adj with a hole inside \circ a hollow log \circ If you tap the box it sounds hollow.

hollow out *phrasal verb* to remove the inside part of something so as to make it hollow

holly /'holi/ noun a small evergreen tree with shiny dark green prickly leaves and bright red berries

Hollywood /'hpliwod/ noun a town in California, the centre of the American film industry

holocaust /'holəkoist/ noun total destruction, especially by fire or nuclear war o A nuclear holocaust would cause unimaginable suffering. **Holocaust** /'hbləkoist/ *noun* the mass killing of the Jews during the Second World War (NOTE: always written with **the**)

hologram /'holəgræm/ *noun* a three-dimensional picture made using laser beams **holster** /'həulstə/ *noun* a leather holder for a revolver

(3) **holy** /'həuli/ adj relating to religion or the church o *They went to ask a holy man his advice.*

homage /'hom I_3 / noun **1**. respect for someone **2**. an action or work of art that is made to show respect to someone \circ *This song is a homage to my parents.*

(1) **home** /həum/ noun 1. the place where you live or where your parents live \circ *Their* home is a flat in the centre of London. \circ Will you be at home tomorrow evening? 0 When do you leave home for work in the morning? \circ I like to go home for the holi*days.* \square to make yourself at home to behave as if you were in your own home \circ *He* lav down on my sofa, opened a bottle of beer, and made himself at home. 2. a house • They are building fifty new homes on the *edge of the village*. **3.** a house where people are looked after o My aunt has moved to an old people's home. 4. [~for/~of] □ at home (*in sports*) on the local sports ground $\circ Our$ team is playing at home next Saturday. *adv* towards the place where you usually live \circ We've got to go home now. \circ He usually gets home by 7 o'clock. O Don't send it - I'll take it home with me. \circ If you don't want to walk, you can always take the bus home. (NOTE: used without a preposition: He went home or She's coming home.) adj referring to where you live or where you were born \circ *My* home town is Birmingham. • Send the letter to my home address, not to my office.

homecoming /'həumkʌmɪŋ/ *noun* the act of coming home

homegrown /'həumgrəun/ adj grown in your own garden

home improvement /həom Im 'pru:vmənt/ *noun* a change which you make to your home to make it better

homeland /'həumlænd/ *noun* the home of a people

home language /həom 'læŋgwɪdʒ/ noun the language which you first learn to speak as a child (US)

homeless /'hourlos/ adj with nowhere to live \circ *The council has a duty to house homeless families.*

homely /'həumli/ adj 1. simple but pleasant \circ *The accommodation was homely and* unpretentious. \circ The pub serves good homely food. **2.** US (of a person) not attractive \circ She's a homely girl.

homemade /,həum'meid/ adj made at home and not bought

(3) **home page** /'hourn perdʒ/ noun the first page of a website, which gives details of the person or organisation that the website belongs to

home rule /,houm 'ru:l/ *noun* a system of government in which a country is ruled by itself rather than by another country

Home Secretary /,həom 'sekrət(ə)ri/ noun the British government minister in charge of the Home Office (NOTE: In other countries, this minister is usually called the Minister of the Interior. In the USA, he is the Secretary of the Interior.)

homesick /'həumsık/ *adj* feeling sad because you are away from home

homestead /'houmsted/ noun a farmhouse and land

home town /həum 'taun/ noun the town where you live or where you were born

home truths /həom 'tru: δz / plural noun unpleasant facts about someone, which someone else tells him or her $\circ I$ had to tell her a few home truths.

② **homework** /'həumw3:k/ noun work which you take home from school to do in the evening ○ Have you finished your maths homework? ○ I haven't got any homework today, so I can watch TV. (NOTE: no plural)

homicidal /,hom1'sa1d(ə)l/ *adj* likely to kill someone

homicide /'homisaid/ noun murder, the killing of someone

homogeneous /,həuməu'dʒi:niəs/ adj all of the same type

homonym /'homənim/ *noun* a word spelled and pronounced the same as another but which has a different meaning

homophobia /,həuməu'fəubiə/ noun a fear of and hostility towards homosexuals

homophone /'hpməfəun/ noun a word which is pronounced the same as another, but which is spelt differently or has a different meaning

homosexual /,həuməu'sekʃuəl/ adj sexually attracted to people of the same sex. Compare **bisexual**, **heterosexual**

hone /h \Rightarrow un/ (**hones, honing, honed**) verb **1.** to improve something over a long period \circ *His technique has been honed through years of practice.* **2.** to sharpen and smooth something ① **honest** /'bnist/ adj 1. telling the truth \circ He was honest with the police and told them what he had done. 2. tending to tell people the truth; treating people fairly $\circ I$ wouldn't buy a car from that garage -I'mnot sure they're completely honest.

() **honestly** /'pnistli/ adv 1. in an open and honest way 2. used to express a feeling of being annoyed ○ Honestly, you might have told me sooner!

honesty /'pnisti/ noun the quality of being honest \circ *I* admire him for his honesty in saying the job was too difficult for him.

(3) **honey** /'hAni/ noun a sweet substance produced by bees $\circ I$ like honey on toast. \circ Greek cakes are often made with honey.

③ **honeymoon** /'h∧nimu:n/ *noun* a holiday taken immediately after a wedding ○ *They went on their honeymoon to Corsica.*

honk /honks/ (honks, honking, honked) verb to make a noise like a goose or with a car horn \circ Geese flew overhead, honking loudly. \circ He honked as he drove past. (NOTE: + honk n)

honor /'onə/ noun, verb US spelling of honour

honorary /'pnərəri/ adj **1**. not paid a salary \circ She's the honorary secretary of the society. **2**. a title which shows respect \circ He's the honorary president of the company.

(3) **honour** /'bnə/ noun 1. the practice of acting according to what you think is right \circ He's a man of honour. 2. something that you are proud of \circ It is an honour for me to be invited here today. \blacksquare verb 1. to show your respect for someone \circ to honour the dead 2. to give someone an award to show that you respect them \circ He was honoured by the university. 3. to do what you promised \circ He honoured the agreement and gave the staff a pay rise.

honourable /'pn(ə)rəb(ə)l/ adj **1**. who or which can be respected \circ *He lived the rest of his life in honourable retirement.* \circ *He did the honourable thing and resigned.* (NOTE: The US spelling is **honorable**.) **2**. a title used when one MP addresses another in Parliament \circ *The honourable Member for Putney would do well to remember the conditions in his constituency.* (NOTE: usually shortened to **Hon.** in this meaning)

honoured /'pnəd/ *adj* pleased and proud (NOTE: The US spelling is **honored**.)

Hons abbr honours degree

hood /hud/ noun **1**. a loose piece of clothing to cover your head \circ *He has a blue coat with a hood*. **2**. a folding roof on something

hoof

such as a car or pram \circ Let's put down the hood, it's very hot. **3.** US a metal cover for the front part of a car, covering the engine \circ He lifted the hood to see what was wrong with the motor.

hoof /hu:f/ (*plural* **hooves**) *noun* the part of the foot of a horse, cow and many other animals

(3) **hook**/huk/ noun **1**. a bent piece of metal for hanging things on \circ Hang your coat on the hook behind the door **2**. a very small piece of thin bent metal, attached to a line for catching fish \circ The fish ate the worm but didn't swallow the hook.

hooker /'hukə/ noun 1. a player in the centre of a rugby scrum, who has to try to kick the ball backwards \circ *The English* hooker got the ball and from there they scored a try. 2. a prostitute; a woman who receives money for sexual intercourse \circ hookers standing on street corners

hooligan /'huːlɪgən/ noun a wild young man (informal)

hoop /huːp/ *noun* a ring, often a large one (NOTE: Do not confuse with **whoop**.)

hooray! /hu'reI/ interj showing enthusiasm \circ Hooray, it's the first day of the holidays! \circ Hip, hip, hooray!

hoot /hurt/ noun 1. a call made by an owl \circ the ghostly hoot of the owl in the night 2. the sound of a car horn \circ The sudden hoot of a car horn made her jump. \blacksquare verb (hoots, hooting, hooted) 1. (of an owl) to make a loud cry \circ An owl hooted in the distance. 2. to sound a car horn \circ He hooted at the sheep to get them to move.

Hoover /'hu:və/ trademark a type of vacuum cleaner \circ We need a bigger Hoover – this one isn't powerful enough.

hooves /huːvz/ plural of hoof

(3) hop /hop/ verb (hops, hopping, hopped) 1. to jump on one leg \circ He hurt his toe and had to hop around on one foot. 2. (of a bird or animal) to jump with both feet together \circ Magpies were hopping across the grass. \circ The frog hopped onto the lily pad. \blacksquare noun 1. a little jump \circ Magpies walk in a series of little hops. 2. a short flight \circ It's only a short hop from London to Paris.

() hope /həup/ verb (hopes, hoping, hoped) to want and expect something to happen [~(that)] \circ We all hope our team wins. \circ She's hoping she will soon be able to drive a car. \circ I hope it doesn't rain. \Box to hope for something to want something to happen \circ We are hoping for better weather next week. \Box to hope to do something to

expect to do something o The chairman hopes to be at the meeting tomorrow. \circ They said they hoped to be back home by 6 o'clock. \circ I had hoped to go to the party but in the end I couldn't. I noun the fact of wanting and expecting something to happen [~(that)/] \circ They have given up all hope of rescuing any more earthquake victims. They expressed a hope that past disagreements could be forgotten. in the hope that something happens wanting something to happen $\circ I$ rang in the hope that *you might have a table free for tonight.* \diamond **I** hope so I want it to happen o Are you coming to the party? – Yes, I hope so. \diamond I hope **not** I don't want it to happen \circ It's going to rain tomorrow, isn't it? – I hope not!

(2) **hopeful** /'h \circ upf(\circ)l/ *adj* confident that something will happen \circ *We are hopeful that the company will accept our offer.*

() **hopefully** /'h = opf(=)li/ adv **1**. confidently \circ *He looked hopefully at the list of lottery winners.* **2**. let us hope \circ *Hopefully, the rain will stop in time for the picnic.*

(2) **hopeless** / hopplos/ adj 1. unlikely to get better; impossible to improve \circ *The invoices are in a hopeless mess.* 2. not at all skilful at something \circ *She's hopeless at tennis.* \circ *He's hopeless when it comes to mending cars.*

hopelessly /'həupləsli/ adv very much • The company is hopelessly in debt.

horde /hord/ noun a large crowd (NOTE: Do not confuse with **hoard**.)

(3) **horizon** $/h \Rightarrow raiz(\Rightarrow)n/$ noun the line in the distance where the earth and the sky meet

horizons /hə'raız(ə)nz/ plural noun \Box to broaden someone's horizons to increase someone's range of interests and experiences \circ Travel broadens your horizons

(3) **horizontal** / horizont(ə)l/ adj flat; level with the ground

hormone /'hɔ:məun/ noun a substance produced by glands in the body and carried to other parts of the body by the bloodstream to stimulate certain cells into action (3) **horn** /hɔ:n/ noun 1. a sharp pointed bone growing out of an animal's head \circ *That bull's horns look very dangerous*. 2. a piece of equipment on a car that makes a loud noise to warn people of something 3. a metal musical instrument which you blow into \circ a piece of music for horn and orchestra

horoscope /'hprəskəup/ *noun* a forecast of what will happen, according to the stars horrendous /ho'rendəs/ adj horrible and unpleasant

(2) **horrible** /'horib(ə)!/ adj extremely unpleasant \circ *The victims of the fire had horrible injuries*. \circ *He's a horrible little boy*. \circ *We had a horrible meal at the restaurant.*

horrid /'horid/ adj bad and unpleasant

③ horrific /hp'rɪfɪk/ adj which makes you shocked

③ **horrified** /'horifaid/ *adj* frightened or shocked

horrify /'horrifai/ (**horrifies**, **horrifying**, **horrified**) *verb* to frighten or shock someone

(3) **horror** /'hprə/ noun the fact or feeling of being very frightened \circ *He couldn't hide his horror at hearing the news.* \circ *She has a horror of spiders.* \circ *Everyone watched in horror as the planes collided.*

() horse /hois/ noun a large animal used for riding or for pulling vehicles \circ She was riding a black horse. \circ The coach was pulled by six white horses. \circ He's out on his horse every morning.

horse around, horse about *phrasal verb* to play roughly

horse chestnut /hors 't fesnAt/ noun a tree with large leaves and upright white or pink flowers that produces large shiny brown seeds

horsepower /'hoːspaʊə/ *noun* a unit for measuring the power of a motor engine

horse-riding /'hoisraidiŋ/ noun the practice of riding horses for pleasure

horseshoe /'ho:s \int u:/ *noun* an iron shoe nailed to the hard part of a horse's hoof, also used as a sign of luck

horticulture /'ho:t1kAlt $\int \partial$ / noun the practice of growing fruit, flowers and vegetables for food or decoration

hose /h \Rightarrow uz/ noun a long flexible tube, either of rubber or plastic \circ *There is a ban on* using garden hoses during the summer. \circ *The firefighters turned their hoses on the* burning building.

hosiery /'həʊziəri/ noun (in a shop) stockings, socks and tights

hospice /'hpsp1s/ noun a hospital which cares for terminally ill patients

hospitable /hp'spitəb(ə)l/ adj welcoming and friendly to guests

① **hospital** /'hospit(\ni)l/ noun a place where sick or hurt people are looked after \circ She was taken ill at work and sent to hospital. \circ When is she due to go into hospital? \circ He was in hospital for several days after the accident. **hospitalise** /'hbspit(ə)laiz/ (hospitalises, hospitalising, hospitalised), hospitalize verb to put someone in hospital

③ **hospitality** /,hospi'tæliti/ noun a welcome to guests

(3) **host** /houst/ noun 1. a person who has invited guests ○ The host asked his guests what they wanted to drink. 2. the landlord of a hotel or inn, also sometimes of a restaurant 3. the person who introduces and talks to the guests on a TV or radio show ○ He had been a host on a Saturday evening TV show. 4. □ a host of a large number of ○ We face a host of problems. ■ verb (hosts, hosting, hosted) 1. to act as host at a party ○ The company hosted a reception for two hundred guests. 2. to be the centre where something takes place ○ Barcelona hosted the Olympic Games. 3. to organise and manage websites for other people

hostage /'hostId3/ noun a person who is captured and held by someone or an organisation, which threatens to kill him or her unless their demands are met \circ *Three of the hostages will be released tomorrow.* \diamond to keep someone as a hostage \circ *He was held hostage for more than a year by the rebels.*

hostel /'hpst(ϑ)l/ noun a cheap place where people can live

hostess /'həustis/ noun a woman who has invited guests

hostile /'hostail/ adj **1**. referring to an enemy \circ Hostile forces are moving towards the airport. **2**. showing a dislike of someone \circ The crowd seemed hostile, so the President decided not to go on his planned walkabout.

(3) **hostility** /hp'st1ltti/ (plural **hostilities**) noun opposition [/~to/towards] o The board's hostility towards the plan.

() hot / hot / adj 1. very warm; with a high temperature \circ The weather is very hot in June, but August is the hottest month. \circ If you're too hot, take your coat off. \circ Plates should be kept hot before serving the meal. \diamond heat 2. (of food) full of spices, giving you a burning feeling in your mouth \circ This curry is particularly hot. \circ He chose the hottest dish on the menu.

hot-air balloon /hot 'eə bə,lu:n/ noun a very large balloon which rises into the air as the air inside it is heated, with people travelling in a basket attached underneath

hotbed /'hotbed/ noun a place where a lot of some activity takes place \circ a hotbed of crime

hot chocolate /hot 't∫oklət/ *noun* a drink made from chocolate powder and hot milk

③ **hot dog** /'hot dog/ *noun* a snack consisting of a hot sausage in a long piece of bread

① **hotel** /h=u'tel/ noun a building where travellers can rent a room for the night, eat in a restaurant or drink in a bar \circ *They are* staying at the Grand Hotel. \circ I'll meet you in the hotel lobby. \circ All the hotel rooms in the town are booked. \circ It's the only fivestar hotel in town.

hotelier /həu'telie1/ noun a person who owns or manages a hotel

hot key /'hot kir/ *noun* a computer key that you press as a quick way to perform a set of actions

hotline /'hotlaın/ noun a phone line for giving urgent messages or for placing urgent orders \circ We get thousands of orders on our Christmas hotline. \circ Call the ticket hotline for reservations.

hotly *i*hotli/ adv **1**. angrily \circ *He hotly denied the reports which had been published in the newspapers*. **2**. close behind \circ *The enemy fled, hotly pursued by government troops.*

hotplate /'hotpleit/ noun a flat heated surface on a cooker

hot potato /hot pə'teɪtəʊ/ noun a subject which is difficult to deal with

hot spot /'hot spot/ noun **1**. a place which is exciting \circ *This café is one of the hottest spots in town.* **2**. a place where fighting is taking place \circ *He was sent to report from one of the hot spots in the Middle East.*

hot-water bottle /hpt 'wa:tə ,bpt(ə)l/ noun a container filled with hot water which is placed in a bed to warm it

hound /haund/ noun a dog used for hunting \circ He has a pack of hounds for hunting.

• verb (hounds, hounding, hounded) to attack or victimise someone \circ When he came out of prison he was hounded by the press.

() hour /a υ a υ / noun a period of time which lasts 60 minutes \circ The train journey takes two hours. \circ It's a three-hour flight to Greece. \circ The train travels at over 150 miles an hour.

hourly /'auəli/ adj, adv happening every hour

house¹ /haus/ noun **1**. a building in which someone lives \circ He has bought a house in London. \circ He has a small flat in town and a large house in the country. \circ All

the houses in our street look the same. **2.** a part of a Parliament \circ The British Parliament is formed of the House of Commons and the House of Lords. \circ The American Congress is formed of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

house² /haoz/ (houses, housing, housed) verb to provide a place for someone or something to stay or be kept \circ *His* collection of old cars is housed in a barn. \circ We have been asked if we can house three students for the summer term.

houseboat /'hausbaut/ noun a boat moored on a river, arranged for living in, not for travelling

housebound /'hausbaund/ *adj* not able to leave your house

(2) **household** /'haushəuld/ noun the people living together in a house

householder /'haushəuldə/ *noun* a person who owns a private house

house husband /haoz 'hAzbənd/ noun a man who does not go out to work but stays at home to look after his house and family

housekeeper /'hauski:pə/ noun **1**. a person who looks after a house \circ *He employs a housekeeper, a chauffeur and two gardeners.* **2**. a person employed to look after the rooms in a hotel, being responsible for the people who do the cleaning, and for providing clean sheets, etc. \circ *The housekeeper is responsible for the cleanlineness of the rooms.*

housekeeping /'hauski:piŋ/ noun the work of looking after a house

housemate /'haosment/ noun a person who is not a member of your family, but who shares a house with you

houseproud /'hauspraud/ *adj* taking great pride in the appearance of your house, and very concerned with keeping it tidy

house-to-house / haus tə 'haus/ adj going from one house to the next, in order to ask people to buy something or vote for someone, or to ask them questions o *The police carried out house-to-house checks to try to find the gunman.* O *He has a job selling cleaning products house-to-house.*

house-trained /hauz treind/ adj (of animals) having been taught not to urinate or defecate on the floor in houses

housewarming //hauswo:miŋ/, housewarming party noun a party that people have when they move into a new house (3) **housewife** /'haoswarf/ (*plural* **housewives**) *noun* a woman who looks after the house, and does not go out to work

housework /'hausw3:k/ noun the work of keeping a house clean (NOTE: no plural)

(2) **housing** /'hauz1ŋ/ noun houses o Public housing has to meet certain standards.

housing estate /'hauziŋ I, steit/ noun a large group of flats or houses of a similar type built at the same time \circ She lives on the Bellevue Estate.

hover /'hovə/ (hovers, hovering, hovered) verb to hang in the air without moving forward \circ flies hovering over the surface of a pool

hovercraft /'hovəkra:ft/ *noun* a type of boat which moves over the surface of the water on a cushion of air

(1) how /hau/ adv 1. showing or asking the way in which something is done \circ How do you switch off the cooker? \circ Can you tell me how to get to the railway station from here? \circ I don't know how he does it. 2. showing or asking about things such as the age, size or quantity of something \circ How big is their house? \circ How many people are there in your family? \circ She showed us how good she was at skiing. \circ How old is your little boy? \circ How far is it to the church? 3. showing surprise \circ How cold it is outside! \circ How different it is from what I remember!

() **however** /hao'evə/ adv but ○ We never go out on Saturdays – however, this week we're going to a wedding. ■ conj in whatever way ○ Do it however you like.

howl /haul/ verb (howls, howling, howled) to make a long loud high sound like a wolf \circ The wolves howled outside the cabin. \circ The wind howled in the chimney. \blacksquare noun a long loud cry \circ Howls of disappointment came from the fans.

HQ abbr headquarters

hr abbr hour

HTML /,et∫ ti: em 'el/ *noun* a system of codes used to prepare a document for the World Wide Web

hub /hAb/ noun **1**. the centre of a wheel \circ The spokes of a wheel meet at the hub. **2**. the centre of some activity, especially business activity \circ Frankfurt is hoping to take the place of the City of London as the financial hub of Europe. **3**. a central airport, where domestic flights connect with international flights \circ Chicago is the airline's American hub.

hubbub /'hʌbʌb/ noun the confused sound of voices

huddle $/hAd(\partial)l/$ (huddles, huddling, huddled) verb to crowd together, or to be crowded together \circ *The refugees huddled in the shade of some trees.* \circ *The children were huddled together in one room.*

hue /hju:/ noun a colour (formal) \circ The garden is filled with flowers of every hue. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **hew**.)

hue and cry /,hju: ən 'kraı/ noun a loud protest

hug /hAg/ noun the act of putting your arms round someone and holding them close to you \circ She ran to the little girl and gave her a hug. \blacksquare verb (hugs, hugging, hugged) to throw your arms around someone \circ The players hugged each other when the goal was scored.

(2) **huge** /hju:dʒ/ adj of a very large size o Huge waves battered the ship. o The concert was a huge success. o Failing the test was a huge disappointment for him.

huh/hA, h \ominus / *interj* **1**. used for showing that you did not hear or understand what someone has just said **2**. used for showing a reaction such as surprise or disgust \circ *Huh*, *you think you can sneak out without paying, do you?*

hulk /hAlk/ noun **1**. a big and awkward person or thing \circ Watch where you're treading, you lumbering great hulk! **2**. a rotten old ship \circ Rusting hulks blocked the approaches to the harbour.

hull /hAl noun the main body of a ship \circ The liner is in dry dock for repairs to her hull.

hum /hAm/ (**hums, humming, hummed**) verb **1.** to make a low sound like a bee \circ Bees were humming around the hive. **2.** to sing without words \circ If you don't know the words of the national anthem, you can always hum the tune.

() **human** /'hjuːmən/ adj relating to people

humane /hjuː'meɪn/ *adj* kind to people or animals

human error /,hju:mən 'erə/ *noun* a mistake made by a person, and not by a machine

human interest /,hju:mən 'Intrəst/ *noun* the power to make people interested or sympathetic

humanitarian /hjuːˌmænɪ'teəriən/ adj helping other human beings

humanity /h ju: 'mænīti/ noun 1. all people \circ a crime against humanity 2. great kindness \circ She showed great humanity to the refugees. **humankind** /,hju:mən'kaınd/ *noun* all human beings

human nature /,hju:mən 'neɪtʃə/ *noun* natural feelings which are found in all people

human resources /,hju:mən rī 'sɔ:sız/ *plural noun* the employees of a company, seen as a group

① human rights /,hju:mən 'raɪts/ plural noun rights which each member of society should enjoy, such as freedom of speech and freedom of movement \circ Demonstrators are protesting against abuses of human rights in various parts of the world.

humble / hAmbəl/ adj feeling or acting as if you are not as important as other people or Seeing how much work she does for charity makes me feel very humble. If **pie**

humdrum /'hʌmdrʌm/ adj dull and boring

humid /'hjuːmɪd/ adj (of the air) warm and damp

③ **humidity** /hju:'mɪdɪti/ *noun* a measurement of how much water vapour is contained in the air

humiliate /hjuː'mɪlieɪt/ (**humiliates**, **humiliating**, **humiliated**) *verb* to make someone feel unimportant or stupid (NOTE: + **humiliation** *n*)

humiliating /hju:'mɪlieɪtɪŋ/ *adj* which makes you feel embarrassed, unimportant or stupid

humility /hjuː'mɪlɪti/ *noun* the quality of being humble

humor /'hjuːmə/ noun US spelling of humour

humorous /'hju:mərəs/ adj funny in a quiet way, making people smile rather than laugh \circ humorous stories \circ Some of her comments were rather humorous.

humorously /'hjuːmərəsli/ adv in a humorous

humour /'hju:mə/ noun **1**. the ability to make situations seem funny \circ *He has a* good sense of humour. \circ *She has absolutely* no sense of humour. \circ *Want to meet male,* aged 30 – 35, with a good sense of humour (GSOH). **2**. a general feeling or mood \circ *I* am in no humour to talk about holidays just now. \circ *His good humour lasted until the* end of the party.

humourless /'hju:mələs/ *adj* lacking an ability to find things funny (NOTE: The US spelling is **humorless**.)

hump /hAmp/ noun **1**. a raised part on the back of a person or animal \circ *One type of camel has only one hump, while another*

type has two. **2.** a small raised part in the ground \circ *They have built humps in the road to slow down the traffic.*

hunch /hAnt \int / noun a feeling that something is going to happen \circ Γ ve got a hunch that we will win. \circ The detective acted purely on a hunch. \blacksquare verb (hunches, hunching, hunched) to bend forwards \circ We hunched down behind the wall to get out of the wind.

hunchback /'h∧nt∫bæk/ *noun* a person with a hunched back (*offensive*)

① hundred /'hAndrəd/ noun the number 100 (NOTE: In numbers above one hundred, hundred does not become 'hundreds' and is followed by and when speaking: 491 =four hundred and ninety-one; 102 = a hundred and two. Note also: a hundred and one (101), three hundred and six (306) but the hundred and first (101st), the three hundred and sixth (306th), etc.) \Box in the hundreds less than 1000 \circ The visitors were numbered in the hundreds. \circ They came in their hundreds to visit the grave. \diamond hundreds of very many \circ Hundreds of birds were killed by the cold weather.

hundredth /'hAndrəd θ / adj relating to number 100 in a series **noun** number 100 in a series

hundredweight / hAndrədweit/ noun a weight of dry goods, equal to 112 pounds or approximately 50 kilos

(1) **hung** /hʌŋ/ past tense and past participle of **hang**

hunger /'hʌŋgə/ noun the state of wanting or needing to eat

hunger strike /'hʌŋgə straɪk/ noun a continuing refusal to eat, as a form of protest

hungover /hʌŋ'əʊvə/ *adj* feeling ill as a result of having been drunk a few hours earlier

(2) **hungry** /'hAŋgri/ adj feeling that you need to eat \circ You must be hungry after that game of football. \circ I'm not very hungry – I had a big lunch. \circ Hurry up with the food – we're getting hungry.

hunk $/h\Lambda\eta k/$ noun **1**. a rough piece of something \circ We each had a hunk of bread and a bowl of soup. **2**. a strong athletic man (informal) \circ Sophie came to the party with that gorgeous hunk of hers.

hunt /hant/ verb (hunts, hunting, hunted) 1. to try to find someone or something [-for] \circ We're hunting for a cheap flat \circ The police are hunting for the driver of the car. 2. to chase wild animals for food or sport \circ Our cat is not very good at hunting mice. \circ They go to Scotland every year to hunt deer. (NOTE: You hunt animals, but you hunt for things.) \blacksquare noun a search \circ The hunt for new offices has just started.

hunter /'hʌntə/ *noun* a person who hunts animals

③ **hunting** /'hʌntɪŋ/ *noun* **1**. the sport of chasing wild animals and killing them ○ *Many people are opposed to fox hunting*. **2**. the action of looking for something

hurdle $/h3:d(\vartheta)l/$ noun **1**. a small fence which you have to jump over in a race \circ She fell at the first hurdle. **2**. an obstacle in the way of something \circ Only one more hurdle to clear and the house will be ours.

hurl /h3:l/ (hurls, hurling, hurled) verb to throw something

hurricane /'hArIkən/ *noun* a tropical storm with strong winds and rain (NOTE: In the Far East called a **typhoon**; in the Indian Ocean called a **cyclone**.)

③ **hurried** /'hʌrid/ *adj* done in a rush, or too quickly

③ **hurry** /'hAri/ (**hurries, hurrying, hurried**) verb to go somewhere or do something fast ∘ She hurried across the room. ∘ You'll have to hurry if you want to catch the last post. ∘ There's no need to hurry – we've got plenty of time.

hurry up(3) phrasal verb to go or do something faster \circ Hurry up – we'll be late for the film. \circ Can't you get the cook to hurry up? I'm getting hungry!

(2) hurt /h3:t/ (hurts, hurting, hurt) verb 1. to have pain, or to cause someone to feel pain \circ My tooth hurts. \circ No one was badly hurt in the accident. \circ Where did you hurt yourself? 2. to harm or damage something \circ The bad publicity did not hurt our sales. \circ This news report will surely hurt his reputation.

hurtful /'h3:tf(ϑ)l/ *adj* which is upsetting, and which makes someone sad

hurtle /'h3:t(ə)l/ (hurtles, hurtling, hurtled) *verb* to go dangerously fast

() **husband** /'hAzbənd/ noun a man to whom a woman is married \circ Her husband is Scottish. \circ He's the doctor's husband.

hush $/h\Lambda \int /$ (**hushes**, **hushing**, **hushed**) *verb* to make someone quiet \circ *She eventually managed to hush the children to sleep*.

hushed $/h \wedge \int t/a dj$ quiet, so as not to make too much noise

hush-hush $/h\Lambda \int 'h\Lambda \int / adj$ secret (*informal*)

hush up *phrasal verb* to hide something so that no one knows about it \circ *They tried to hush up the scandal.*

husky l hAski/ (plural huskies) noun a dog used to pull sledges \circ Each sled was pulled by a team of huskies.

hustle /'hAS(\ni)l/ noun a movement of people \circ the hustle of the commuters trying to get home on the Underground \blacksquare verb (hustles, hustling, hustled) to hurry someone along roughly \circ The police tried to hustle the crowd of protesters away. \circ Don't hustle me – I'm going as fast as I can!

(3) **hut** $/h\Lambda t/$ *noun* a small rough wooden house

hutch /hAt \int / *noun* a box or cage for animals such as rabbits

hyacinth /'haɪəsɪn θ / *noun* a bulb which produces spikes of bright pink, white or blue scented flowers

hybrid /'haibrid/ noun a cross between two varieties of plant or animal \circ She is well known for growing hybrid roses.

hydraulic /haɪ'drɔːlɪk/ *adj* worked by fluid pressure

hydrofoil /'haidrəofoil/ noun a type of boat which skims fast over the surface of the water

hydrogen /'haɪdrədʒən/ *noun* a common gas which combines with oxygen to form water

③ **hygiene** /'haɪdʒiːn/ *noun* the science of being and keeping things clean

hygienic /hai'dʒiːnik/ *adj* clean and safe because all germs have been destroyed

hype /haip/ noun an excessive claim in advertising \circ No one really believes all the hype surrounding the pop group. \circ There was a lot of hype about the festival and in the end it turned out to be very small. • verb (hypes, hyping, hyped) to make excessive claims in publicity \circ The show was hyped (up) in all the newspapers.

hyper- /haipə/ *prefix* higher, or to a greater degree

hyperactive / haipər'æktiv/ adj very active

hyperbole /hai'p3:bəli/ noun an exaggerated statement

hyperlink / haɪpəlɪŋk/ noun a link in hypertext

hypermarket /'haɪpəmɑːkɪt/ *noun* a very large supermarket, usually on the out-skirts of a large town

hypersensitive /,haipə'sensitiv/ adj 1. very easily upset or insulted 2. having a

hypertension

strong physical reaction to a drug or other substance

hypertension /,haɪpə'tenʃən/ noun high blood pressure; a condition where the pressure of the blood in the arteries is too high

hypertext /'haɪpətekst/ noun a system of storing computer files that gives the user direct access to related electronic information

hyperventilate /,haɪpə'ventīleɪt/ (**hyperventilates**, **hyperventilating**, **hyperventilated**) *verb* to breathe so fast or deeply that you start to feel dizzy

(3) **hyphen** /'hatf(∂)n/ noun a printing sign (-) used to show that two words are joined

hyphenated /'haifəneitid/ adj (of a word) spelled with one or more hyphens

hypnosis /hip'nəusis/ noun a state like sleep, but caused artificially, where the patient can remember forgotten events in the past or will do whatever the hypnotist tells him or her to do

hypnotise /'hɪpnətaɪz/ (**hypnotises**, **hypnotising**, **hypnotised**), **hypnotize** *verb* to make someone go into a state where he or she appears to be asleep and will do anything the hypnotist suggests

hypnotist /'hipnətist/ noun a person who practises hypnosis (NOTE: + **hypnotism** *n*)

hypoallergenic /,haɪpəʊələ'dʒenɪk/ *adj* unlikely to start off an allergic reaction **hypochondriac** /,haɪpəʊ'kondriæk/ *noun* a person who is always worried about his or her health

hypocrisy /hɪ'pɒkrɪsi/ *noun* pretending to be what you are not

hypocrite /'hɪpəkrɪt/ *noun* a person who says one thing and acts in a different way

hypocritical /,hIpə'krItIk(ə)l/ *adj* referring to hypocrisy

hypothermia /,haɪpəʊ'θɜ:miə/ *noun* a state where the temperature of the body is dangerously low

(3) hypothesis /har'pp0əsis/ (plural hypotheses) noun something which is probably true, though it cannot be proved

hypothetical /,haɪpə'θetɪk(ə)l/ adj suggested as possible, but not an actual happening

hysterectomy /,hIstə'rektəmi/ noun the surgical removal of a woman's womb, either to treat cancer or because of some other problem

hysteria /hɪ'stɪəriə/ noun a neurotic state, where the patient is in a fit of panic or excitement

hysterical /hɪ'sterɪk(ə)l/ *adj* **1**. very excited and emotional in an uncontrolled way **2**. very funny

hysterics /h1'steriks/ plural noun laughter which you cannot control \circ The children were in hysterics as they watched the clown tearing up pieces of paper.



i /aɪ/, I *noun* the ninth letter of the alphabet, between H and J

① $|\mathbf{1}|$ /ai/ pron used by a speaker when talking about himself or herself \circ She said, 'I can do it', and she did it. \circ He told me I could go home early. \circ She and I come from the same town. \circ I said I was going to be late. (NOTE: When it is the object of a verb, I becomes me: I gave it to him – he gave it to me; I hit him – he hit me. When it follows the verb **be**, I usually becomes **me**: Who is it? – It's me!)

(1) $l^2 /aI / noun$ the Roman numeral for one or first \circ King Charles I

② **iCe** /ais/ noun water which is frozen and has become solid ○ When water freezes, it turns into ice. ○ Would you like ice in your drink? (NOTE: no plural: some ice, a lump of ice)

ice up③ phrasal verb to become covered with ice

iceberg /'aɪsb3:g/ *noun* a huge block of ice floating on the sea

icebox /'aisboks/ noun US same as refrigerator (dated)

ice-breaker /'ars ,brerkə/ *noun* a game at the start of a party or other event with a lot of people, to help everyone to get to know one another

ice cap/ais kæp/ *noun* a thick layer of ice and snow that never melts, such as at the North and South Poles or on the top of some high mountains

ice-cold /ais kould/ adj extremely cold

(2) **ice cream** /aɪs 'kriːm/ *noun* a frozen sweet food made from cream and fruit, chocolate, nuts, etc.

ice cube /'ais kjuib/ *noun* a little block of ice, used to cool a drink

ice hockey /'als hoki/ noun a form of hockey played on ice using a hard rubber disc called a puck (NOTE: The US term is **hockey**.)

ice lolly /'aɪs ,lbli/ *noun* a mixture of water and flavouring, frozen until solid with a stick in it (NOTE: The US term is **popsicle**.) **ice pack** /'ais pæk/ *noun* a bag of ice placed on your forehead to cure a head-ache, etc.

ice rink /'ais riŋk/ *noun* a special area for ice skating, or for playing ice hockey, etc.

ice skate /'ais skeit/ *noun* a boot with a steel blade fitted to the sole for skating on ice

icicle /'aISIK(ə)l/ *noun* a long piece of ice hanging from a roof, etc., formed by water dripping in freezing weather

(3) **icing** /'aɪsɪŋ/ *noun* a covering of sugar and flavouring, spread over a cake or biscuits

③ **icon** /'atkon/ noun **1**. a little picture used as a symbol on a computer screen \circ *Click twice on the icon of a key to enter the* program. \circ To print your text, point your cursor at the printer icon and click twice. **2**. a picture of Christ or a saint in the Eastern Christian Church \circ There is an exhibition of Russian icons in the British Museum. \circ The icon of the Virgin Mary is carried in procession round the church. **3**. a person who is admired as a good example of a certain type \circ She has become something of a feminist icon.

icy /'aisi/ adj covered with ice \circ Be careful, the pavement is icy.

ID card /'aɪ 'di: kɑ:d/ *noun* an identity card; a card which shows a photograph of the holder, with their name, date of birth and other details, carried by citizens of a country or members of a group to prove who they are

① idea /a1'd1∂/ noun 1. a thought or opinion which you have about something [-about/on/~of] ○ I like his ideas about cooperation and working as a team. ○ He has unusual ideas on food and diet. ○ The description gave us no idea of what the hotel was really like. □ to have an idea to think of something ○ She had a good idea for a new specialist course. ○ I've had an idea about how to change our presentation. ○ I've had an idea - let's all go for a picnic! □ to have no idea, not to have the faintest

ideal

idea not to know ○ Where's your brother? – I've no idea or I haven't the faintest idea. ○ I had no idea it was as late as that. 2. a plan which you make in your mind [~for] ○ Free entry for children – that's a good idea! ○ Her ideas for the new hotel were unusual and exciting. □ it's a good idea to do something you should do something (used to give someone advice) ○ It's a good idea to book a ticket in advance at busy times.

(2) **ideal** /aɪ'dɪəl/ adj extremely suitable \circ *This is the ideal site for a factory.* \circ *The cottage is an ideal place for watching birds.* **•** *noun* the highest point of perfection, which people try to reach \circ *My ideal would be to work for six months of the year and travel for the other six months.*

idealise /a1'd1əla1Z/ (idealises, idealising, idealised), idealize verb to make someone or something seem perfect

idealism /aɪ'dɪəlɪz(ə)m/ noun aiming at achieving an ideal

idealist /a1'd1əl1st/ noun **1**. a person who aims at achieving an ideal \circ *She's an idealist, and is upset when anyone suggests a solution which is less than perfect.* **2**. an impractical person \circ *He's too much of an idealist to be a government minister.*

idealistic /aI,dIə'lIstIk/ adj aiming at an ideal; too perfect

③ **ideally** /aɪ'dɪəli/ adv 1. in an ideal way ○ She is ideally suited to the job of chef. 2. if everything were perfect ○ Ideally, I'd take three weeks' holiday, but there's too much work at the office.

identical /ar'dent $Ik(\Im)I$ / adj exactly the same [~to] \circ The twins wore identical clothes for the party. \circ Her political opinions are identical to mine.

identifiable /aɪ'dentɪfaɪəb(ə)l/ adj which can be identified

identification /aɪ,dentifi'keɪ $J(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. the act of saying who someone is by giving their name, personal details, etc. \circ The formal identification of the body was made by the victim's sister: **2**. a document which shows who someone is \circ The bank manager asked him for identification.

① **identify** /ar'dentrfar/ (**identifies**, **identifying**, **identified**) verb 1. to recognise a person or thing and to be able to say who or what they are \circ Can you identify what sort of rock this is? \circ She was able to identify her attacker. 2. to state that something belongs to you \circ Each person was asked to identify his or her baggage.

identify with phrasal verb to have the

same feelings as someone, or to have a feeling of sympathy for someone or something [~with] \circ *I can identify with the heroine who spends her life trapped in a small rural town.*

(2) **identity** /a1'dent1ti/ noun someone's name and personal details \circ He changed his identity when he went to work for the secret services.

identity card /aɪ'dentīti ,koːd/ noun a card which shows a photograph of the holder, with the name, date of birth and other details, carried by citizens of a country or members of a group to prove who they are

(3) **ideology** /,ardi'blədʒi/ (*plural* **ideologies**) *noun* a theory of life based not on religious belief, but on political or economic philosophy

idiocy /'Idiəsi/ noun total stupidity (offensive)

(3) **idiom** /'Idiəm/ noun **1**. an expression which means something different as a whole from what the individual parts of it usually mean \circ 'It's raining cats and dogs' is an idiom meaning 'it is raining hard'. **2**. a characteristic way of speaking or of writing \circ 'How now, what news?' was a common greeting in the idiom of Shakespeare's England.

idiomatic /,Idio'mætIk/ adj referring to a natural colloquial way of speaking a language

idiosyncrasy /,Idiəʊ'sɪŋkrəsi/ noun a particularly odd way of behaving

idiosyncratic /,IdiəusIŋ'krætIk/ adj odd or peculiar; particular to one person

③ **idiot** /'Idiət/ noun a person who behaves in a stupid way (*insult*)

idiotic /,Idi'DtIk/ adj stupid

idle /'ard(\Im)*I*/ *adj* (**idler**, **idlest**) **1**. not doing anything \circ *He's the idlest man I know* – *he never does any work at all.* **2**. not operating \circ *The machines lay idle for days when the factory closed.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **idol.**) **•** *verb* (**idles, idling, idled**) (of a machine) to run at a low speed \circ *He waited for her in the car with the engine idling.*

idol /'atd(\mathfrak{P})*l* noun **1**. someone such as a star performer or sportsperson who is very popular and admired \circ *The England captain is many boys' idol.* **2**. the statue of a god which is worshipped

idolise /'aɪdəlaɪz/ (idolises, idolising, idolised), idolize verb to admire someone very much

idyllic /I'dIlIk/ adj happy and pleasant in a romantic way

(1) **if** /if/ conj 1. showing what might happen \circ If it freezes tonight, the paths will be slippery tomorrow. \circ If I'm in London, I'll come and see you. \circ If he had told me you were ill, I'd have come to see you in hospital. \circ If I won the lottery, I would take a long holiday. 2. used in asking questions \circ Do you know if the plane is late? \circ I was wondering if you would like to have some tea.

iffy /'Ifi/ adj doubtful, not at all certain

igloo /'Iglu:/ noun a dome-shaped shelter built out of blocks of snow

ignite /Ig'nait/ (**ignites**, **igniting**, **ignited**) verb 1. to catch fire \circ There was a loud explosion as the gas ignited. 2. to set fire to something \circ The teacher showed us how to ignite the Bunsen burner.

ignition $/Ig'n1J(\Im)n/$ *noun (in a car)* the process which starts the burning of the compressed air-fuel mixture

ignominious /,Ignə'mIniəs/ *adj* shameful (*formal*)

ignorance /'Ignərəns/ *noun* a state of not knowing

ignorant /'Ignərənt/ *adj* not knowing anything

(2) **ignore** /ig'no:/ (**ignores**, **ignoring**, **ignored**) verb not to notice someone or something deliberately \circ She ignored the red light and just drove straight through. \circ When we met he just ignored me.

iguana /ɪg'wɑːnə/ *noun* a large type of plant-eating lizard

(1) **ill** /**il**/ adj sick; not well ○ Stress can make you ill. ○ If you're feeling ill you ought to see a doctor: □ **to fall ill** to become ill ○ She fell seriously ill and we thought she was going to die. □ **to be taken ill** to become ill suddenly ○ He was taken ill while on holiday in Greece.

③ I'll /aɪl/ short for I will

ill-advised /,Il əd'vaIZd/ adj not sensible, or not a good idea

ill-conceived /Il kən'sixvd/ *adj* foolish or badly planned

illegal /1'li:g(ϑ)*I*/ *adj* against the law \circ *It is illegal to serve alcohol to people under 16.* **illegal immigrant** /1,li:g(ϑ)*I* 'ImIgr ϑ *I*/ *noun* a person who has entered a country illegally and wants to settle there

illegally /1'li:gəli/ adv in an illegal way **illegible** /1'led31b(ə)l/ adj (of writing) which cannot be read **illegitimate** /,III'dʒ1t1mət/ adj 1. born to parents who are not married to each other \circ He failed in his attempt to hide his illegitimate child from the press. 2. forbidden by certain rules; against the law \circ We should all be concerned at the illegitimate use of certain prescription drugs. \circ The government is cracking down on the illegitimate ownership of firearms.

ill-equipped /Il I'kwIpt/ *adj* not having the right equipment or preparation

ill-fated /₁Il 'feItId/ *adj* unlucky and bound to fail

ill-fitting /Il 'fItIŋ/ adj which fits badly

ill-gotten gains $/_1$ I got(\ni)n 'geInZ/ plural noun money made illegally or dishonestly (humorous) \circ Thinking of them sitting there with their ill-gotten gains makes me envious.

illicit /I'lISIT/ *adj* against the law (NOTE: Do not confuse with **elicit**.)

ill-informed /ıl ın'fɔːmd/ *adj* having a lack of knowledge in a particular area

illiteracy/I'llt(ϑ)r ϑ si/(*plural* **illiteracies**) *noun* the state of being unable to read or write

illiterate /I' $IIt(<math>\Im$) $r \Im t/adj$ not able to read or write \Im *With so few schools or teachers it is hardly surprising so many children are illiterate.*

ill-mannered /Il 'mænəd/ adj rude

(2) **illness** /'ılnəs/ *noun* a medical condition which makes you unwell \circ *She developed a serious illness.* \circ *A lot of the staff are absent because of illness.*

illogical /I'lbdʒIk(ə)l/ *adj* not sensible; not reasonable

ill-treat /₁I 'tri:t/ *verb* to treat a person or animal badly

illuminate /i'lu:minert/ (**illuminates**, **illuminating**, **illuminated**) verb **1**. to make something bright with lights \circ The pitch was illuminated by giant floodlights. \circ The town looked magical, illuminated with strings of lights along the edge of the sea. **2**. to explain something to make it clearer \circ His talk illuminated several points which I hadn't understood before.

illuminating /1'lu:mineitin/ *adj* interesting and educational, particularly in the case of something that explains or emphasises facts that were previously difficult to understand

illumination $/I_1$ lu:mr'net $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. the state of being brightly lit, or the act of lighting something brightly **2**. the action of giving information about something $\circ I$ turned to the encyclopedia for illumination. **3.** a coloured illustration in a manuscript \circ *The chapter illuminations are real* works of art.

illusion /I'lu:3(a)n/ noun an impression which is not true

illusory /I'luIsəri/ adj not real; which is an illusion

(2) **illustrate** /'iləstreit/ (**illustrates**, **illustrating**, **illustrated**) *verb* to put pictures into a book \circ *The book is illustrated with colour photographs of birds*.

③ **illustration** /, Ile'streI(e)n/ noun a picture in a book \circ *The book has 25 colour illustrations.*

illustrator /'IləstreItə/ noun a person who draws the pictures for a book

illustrious /I'lʌstriəs/ adj very famous (formal)

ill will /Il 'wIl/ noun dislike and unpleasantness towards someone

③ l'm /aim/ short for I am

① **image** /'ImIdʒ/ noun **1**. the opinion which other people have of a person or of an organisation \circ They are spending a lot of money to improve the company's image. **2**. a picture produced by something such as a computer or television screen \circ Can this software handle images in that format? \circ Can you adjust the projector? The image on the screen is out of focus. **3**. a picture of someone or something, especially one that you have in your mind \circ He suddenly had an image of her saying goodbye the last time they had met.

③ **imagery** /'ImIdʒəri/ *noun* the use of comparisons or symbols in writing as a way of making people imagine things

imaginable /ɪ'mædʒɪnəb(ə)l/ *adj* which you can imagine

imaginary /ɪ'mædʒɪn(ə)ri/ *adj* not real; part of a story

(3) **imagination** $/I_1 \mod 3I' \operatorname{ner} \int (\mathfrak{d}) n/$ noun the ability to think of things that are not part of your own immediate life \circ *She let her imagination run riot in her stories for children.*

imaginative /I'mædʒInətIv/ *adj* having or showing a lot of imagination

(2) **imagine** /1'mædʒ1n/ (**imagines, imagining, imagined**) *verb* **1**. to think of something that is not part of your own immediate life [~(that)/~what/why/how etc] \circ *Imagine yourself sitting on a beach in the hot sun.* \circ *He had never imagined that cooking could be so enjoyable.* \circ *I can't imagine why she said that to you.* **2**. to think that something exists when it does not \circ *She* thought she had heard footsteps, and then decided she had imagined it.

imaging /'ImId3Iŋ/ *noun* a technique for creating pictures using scanners attached to computers

imbalance /Im'bæləns/ noun a lack of balance

imbecile ("Imbəsi:I! noun a person who behaves in a stupid way (insult) \circ You imbecile, you threw the envelope with the cheque in it into the rubbish! (NOTE: not used by doctors)

imbue /Im'bjuː/ (**imbues**, **imbuing**, **imbued**) *verb* to fill someone with a feeling

imitate /'ImiteIt/ (imitates, imitating, imitated) verb 1. to copy something or someone o The company imitates its competitors by making very similar products.
2. to behave as someone else does, often to make other people laugh o He made us all laugh by imitating the head teacher's way of walking.

imitation /,ImI'teIJ(\Im)n/ noun **1**. a copy made of something **2**. an act of copying someone's behaviour in order to make other people laugh \circ She does a very good imitation of the Queen. **a** adj made to appear to be something else more valuable \circ a necklace of imitation pearls \circ The bag is made of imitation leather.

immaculate /t'mækjuJət/ adj 1. extremely clean or tidy \circ *The car looked ab*solutely immaculate – there wasn't a spot of dirt on it. \circ *The nurses all wore immac*ulate white uniforms. \circ *The last house we* visited was in immaculate condition, while all the others needed a lot of repairs. 2. perfect; with no errors \circ *She did an immac*ulate driving test.

immaterial /,Imə'tIəriəl/ adj not relevant

immature /₁ Im **o**'t $\int \operatorname{Uo}$ / *adj* **1**. not mature; still developing \circ *Two immature swans followed their parents across the lake.* **2**. not sensible; not adult \circ *I wish she would grow up and stop being so immature!*

immeasurable /I'meʒ(ə)rəb(ə)l/ adj too enormous to be measured

(2) **immediate** /1'mi:diət/ adj 1. very soon \circ He wrote an immediate letter of complaint. \circ You didn't expect an immediate reply, did you? \circ Your order will receive immediate attention. 2. closest, or right next to you \circ He had to share his book with his immediate neighbour.

() **immediately** $/I'mi:dI \Rightarrow li/adv$ very soon, or very soon after an event \circ He got

my letter, and wrote back immediately. • As soon as he heard the news he immediately phoned his wife.

immense /I'mens/ adj very big; enormous

immensely /I'mensli/ adv very much

immensity /1'menstti/ noun a huge size **immerse** /1'm3:s/ (**immerses, immersing, immersed**) verb 1. to plunge something into a liquid \circ He lowered the box into the water until it was completely immersed. \circ To sterilise the bottle, immerse in water and boil for four minutes. 2. to be completely involved in something you are doing [~in] \circ She was immersed in her book and didn't hear me come in. \Box to immerse yourself in something to concentrate on, or get fully involved in, something \circ He immersed himself in the study of Latin literature.

immigrant /'ImIgrant/ noun a person who comes to a country to live

immigrate /'ImIgrett/ (immigrates, immigrating, immigrated) verb to come to live in a new country

immigration $/_{i}$ ImI'greI $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun the process of settling in a new country \circ The government is encouraging immigration because of the shortage of workers in key industries.

imminent /'ImInənt/ *adj* which is about to happen

immobile /I'məubaIl/ *adj* not moving; not able to move

immoral /I'mprəl/ *adj* not following the usual principles of good behaviour

immortal /I'mo:t(ϑ)I/ adj very famous; which will always be remembered \circ that immortal line from 'Casablanca': 'play it again, Sam' \circ And now, another song from the immortal Frank Sinatra.

immortalise /ɪ'mɔ:t(ə)laɪz/ (**immortalises**, **immortalising**, **immortalised**), **immortalize** *verb* to make someone or something be remembered for ever

immovable /I'muːvəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be moved

immune /I'mju:n/ adj 1. protected against infection \circ I seem to be immune to colds – I just never have any. \circ This injection should make you immune to yellow fever. 2. legally protected against, or not liable to, something \circ She believed she would be immune from prosecution. (NOTE: You are immune to a disease, and from prosecution.) **immune system** /ɪ'mju:n ˌsɪstəm/ noun a complex network of cells which protects the body from disease

immunisation $/_1$ Imjuna1'ze1 $\int(9)$ n/, **immunization** noun injections, etc., to make a person immune to a disease

immunise /'ImjonaIZ/ (**immunises**, **immunising**, **immunised**), **immunize** *verb* to give someone immunity to a disease (NOTE: You immunise someone **against** a disease.)

③ immunity /I'mju:nti/ noun 1. the ability to resist attacks of a disease because of antibodies produced in your body 2. protection from something such as following a rule or being punished for a crime

imp/Imp/ noun a small devil \circ When you go into the cathedral, look out for the little imp carved high up near the choir.

impact¹ /'impækt/ noun 1. a strong effect \circ The TV documentary had an strong impact on the viewers. 2. an instance of two things coming together with force \circ The car was totally crushed by the impact of the collision. \diamond on impact as soon as contact is made \circ The plane burst into flames on impact with the ground.

impact² /Im'pækt/ (**impacts**, **impacting**, **impacted**) verb to have a strong effect on something [~on] \circ The fall in the value of the currency will impact strongly on businesses.

impair /Im'peə/ (**impairs, impairing, impaired**) *verb* to damage something so that it does not work properly

impaired /Im'peəd/ *adj* damaged or not very good, either temporarily or permanently

impairment /Im'peəmənt/ noun damage to or poor functioning of something, particularly a physical or mental ability

impale /im'peil/ (**impales**, **impaling**, **impaled**) *verb* to jab a sharp object through the body

impart /Im'put/ (**imparts, imparting, imparted**) verb to pass on information to someone; to communicate something to someone \circ The news imparted a sense of excitement to the meeting.

impartial /Im'porf(ə)l/ *adj* not biased **impassable** /Im'porsəb(ə)l/ *adj* which you cannot go through or across

impasse /æm'pais/ *noun* a state where two sides cannot agree

impassioned /Im'pæ∫(ə)nd/ *adj* showing very deep feelings

impassive /Im'pæsIV/ *adj* showing no expression of feelings

impatience / $Im'peif(\vartheta)ns/$ noun a lack of the ability to wait for things in a calm way

impatient /Im'peI $\int(\mathfrak{s})$ nt/ adj unable to wait for something in a calm way; in a hurry to do something \circ We were all impatient for the film to start. \circ He's very impatient with anyone who works slowly.

impatiently /ım'peı∫(ə)ntli/ *adv* in an impatient way

impeccable /Im'pekəb(ə)l/ *adj* perfect

impede /Im'pitd/ (**impedes**, **impeding**, **impeded**) *verb* to make it difficult for someone or something to go forwards or make progress (*formal*)

impediment /tm'pedImont/ noun an obstacle; a situation which stops something happening \circ *Is there any just impediment why these two people should not be joined together in matrimony?* \circ *He finds that not having a car is no impediment to his job as a salesman.*

impel /ım'pel/ (**impels, impelling, impelled**) *verb* to force someone to do something (*formal*)

impending /Im'pendIŋ/ *adj* which will happen soon

imperative /Im'perətIV/ noun 1. a thing which has to be done \circ *Profitability is an imperative with most companies.* 2. (*in grammar*) the form of a verb when used as a command \circ '*Come here!*' *is an example of a verb used in the imperative.*

imperceptible /,Impə'septIb(ə)l/ adj which you cannot notice

imperfect /Im'p3:fikt/ adj not perfect, or not complete ○ It's an imperfect world we live in. ○ We only have an imperfect understanding of the origins of the universe. ■ noun (in grammar) the form of a verb which shows that something was not finished in the past ○ 'He was cycling' is the imperfect past of 'to cycle'.

imperialism /Im'piəriəliz(\ni)m/ noun 1. (often as a criticism) the idea or practice of having an empire formed of colonies 2. control of other countries as if they were part of an empire \circ Multinational businesses are accused of economic imperialism.

imperil /Im'perəl/ (**imperils, imperilling, imperilled**) *verb* to put someone or something in danger (*formal*)

impersonal /Im'p3Is(ϑ)n(ϑ)l/ adj not personal; without any personal character \circ Just stick to the facts and keep the inter-

view impersonal. \circ The waiting-room was cold and impersonal.

impersonate /Im'p3:səneɪt/ (**impersonates**, **impersonating**, **impersonated**) *verb* to dress like someone, or to pretend to be that person (NOTE: + **impersonation** *n*)

impertinent /Im'p3:tInənt/ adj rude and lacking respect

impetuous /Im'pet Juəs/ *adj* referring to an action done without thinking

impetus /'ImpItəs/ *noun* energy which encourages rapid progress

implacable /Im'plækəb(ə)l/ *adj* strong; which cannot be satisfied or changed

implant¹ /Im'pla:nt/ noun a thing which has been fixed inside a person's body \circ *She has had silicone breast implants.*

implant² /'Impla:nt/ (**implants**, **implanting**, **implanted**) verb **1**. to fix something inside a person's mind very deeply $\circ A$ love of his native country was implanted in him from a very early age. **2**. to fix something inside a person's body \circ Surgeons implanted a pacemaker in his chest.

implausible /Im'plɔ:zɪb(ə)l/ adj difficult or impossible to believe

implement¹ /'impliment/ noun a tool or instrument \circ *The plumber brought an implement for bending pipes.*

implement² /'ImplI,ment/ (implements, implementing, implemented) verb to put something into effect \circ *The changes must be implemented immediately.*

implicate /'ImplikeIt/ (implicates, implicating, implicated) verb \Box to implicate someone in something to suggest that someone is connected with a crime or something morally wrong \circ The documents seemed to implicate his boss in the scandal.

(2) **implication** /, ImplI'ke1∫(ə)n/ noun 1. the possible effect of an action [~of/~for] ○ What will be the implications of the election results for public spending? **2.** the fact of being involved in a crime or something that is morally wrong [~in] ○ The newspaper revealed his implication in the affair of the stolen diamonds. **3.** a suggestion that something such as a criticism is true although it has not been expressed directly [~that] ○ I resent the implication that I knew anything about the report in advance.

implicit /Im'plisit/ adj **1.** referring to something which is not definitely said, but is suggested \circ It was implicit in his tone of voice that he wasn't going to agree. \circ Implicit in the inspectors' report was the possibility that the restaurant might have to close permanently. **2.** complete and unquestioning \circ *He has implicit faith in his teacher's advice.*

implode /Im'pləud/ (**implodes**, **imploding**, **imploded**) *verb* to burst inwards

implore /Im'plo:/ (**implores**, **imploring**, **implored**) *verb* to ask someone in an emotional way to do something (*formal*)

(2) **imply**/Im'plaI/ (**implies**, **implying**, **implied**) *verb* to suggest something without saying it directly [~(that)] ○ He implied that he knew where the papers had been hidden. ○ The lawyer implied that the witness had not in fact seen the accident take place.

impolite /, Impə'laɪt/ *adj* rude; not polite **import**¹ /'Impɔ:t/ *noun* a product that has come from another country (NOTE: usually plural) **a** *adj* relating to products from another country \circ *import controls*

import² /Im'po:t/ (**imports**, **importing**, **imported**) verb to bring goods into a country \circ The company imports television sets from Japan. \circ This car was imported from France.

① **importance** /Im'poitons/ noun the fact of being important $[/-for] \circ He$ recognized the importance of her contribution to the success of the deal. \circ This decision has great importance for everyone here.

() **important** /Im'po:tont/ adj 1. having a great effect; mattering very much \circ It's important to be in time for the interview. \circ I have to go to London for an important meeting. \circ He left a file containing important papers in the taxi. 2. (of a person) in a high position \circ He has an important job. \circ She's an important government official. \circ He was promoted to a more important position.

importantly /Im'po:tontli/ adv referring to something that is important \circ *He understood the facts, and, more importantly for a teacher, he was able to explain them.*

(2) impose /Im'pəuz/ (imposes, imposing, imposed) verb 1. to put something into action officially [~on] o They have tried to impose a ban on smoking. 2. to ask someone to pay a tax or because they have done something wrong [~on] o The government imposed a tax increase on electrical items. o The judge imposed a fine on the shoplifter. 3. to cause someone trouble or inconvenience [~on] o I hope it's not imposing on you too much, but I need to have the report today.

(3) **imposing** /Im'pəuziŋ/ adj grand or solemn

imposition /, $\operatorname{imp} \operatorname{sl}(\operatorname{\mathfrak{g}})$ /, *noun* **1**. the action of making people pay a tax or of laying down conditions \circ *the imposition of a tax on tea* **2**. an unfair duty or punishment \circ *She felt it was something of an imposition.*

(2) **impossible** / Im 'pps1b(\mathfrak{o})*I*/ *adj* which cannot be done \circ *It's impossible to do all this work in two hours.* \circ *Getting skilled staff is becoming impossible.*

impossibly /Im'posibli/ *adv* to such an extent that something is impossible

impotent /'Impət(ə)nt/ adj **1**. not able to do anything \circ We were impotent in the face of the typhoon. **2**. (of a man) physically unable to have sexual intercourse

impound /Im'paond/ (**impounds**, **impounding**, **impounded**) *verb* to take something away and keep it until the owner claims it

impoverished /Im'povərift/ adj made poor

impractical / $Im'prækt_1k(\vartheta)l/adj$ **1**. which is not easy to put into practice $\circ It$ is quite impractical to expect three people to move all the furniture in two hours. **2**. not good at doing things with your hands \circ He's totally impractical – he can't even change a light bulb.

imprecise / ImprI'sais/ *adj* not precise; not accurate

impregnable /Im'pregnəb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be captured

impregnate /'ImpregneIt/ (**impregnates, impregnating, impregnated**) verb **1.** to soak with something, usually with a liquid \circ She wiped the floor with a cloth impregnated with insecticide. **2.** (of a male animal) to make a female animal pregnant

③ **impress** /Im'pres/ (**impresses**, **impressing**, **impressed**) verb to make someone feel admiration or respect ○ Her rapid response to the request impressed her boss. ○ She was impressed by his skill with the paintbrush. ○ The military government organised the display to impress the neighbouring states.

(2) **impression** /Im'pre $\int(\partial)n/$ noun an effect on someone's mind \circ Blue walls create an impression of coldness. \circ The exhibition made a strong impression on her.

impressionistic $/\text{Im},\text{pre} \int (\vartheta)^{1} \text{nIstIk} / adj \mathbf{1}$. giving a general rather than a detailed idea of something **2**. (of art or music) in, or having elements of, the Impressionist style

impressive

③ **impressive** /Im'pres1v/ adj impressing people ○ He had a series of impressive wins in the chess tournament. ○ The government staged an impressive display of military hardware.

imprint¹/'Imprint/*noun* **1**. a mark made by something pressed down **2**. the name and address of the publisher or printer, which must appear on most printed matter

imprint² /im'print/ (**imprints, imprinting, imprinted**) verb to stamp; to mark \circ The outline of a child's hand was left imprinted on the door. \circ The scene of devastation remained indelibly imprinted on her memory.

imprison /Im'prIZ(ə)n/ (**imprisons, imprisoning, imprisoned**) *verb* to put or to keep someone in prison (NOTE: + **imprisonment** *n*)

improbable /Im'probəb(ə)l/ *adj* not probable, not likely

impromptu /im'promptju:/ adj done without any rehearsal or practice ○ He gave an impromptu interview on his doorstep. ■ adv without any rehearsal or practice ○ They gave her five minutes' notice to speak impromptu in front of six hundred delegates.

improper /Im'propə/ adj **1**. not according to the normal rules of society or of an organisation \circ It was a quite improper use of our company name. **2**. rude or shocking \circ The old man made some very improper suggestions to the girl. **3**. used in a wrong way \circ The improper use of a drug can cause serious damage to health.

impropriety /_Imprə'praɪəti/ noun the quality of being socially wrong, or an act which is socially wrong

① improve /Im'prutv/ (improves, improving, improved) verb 1. to make something better ○ We are trying to improve our image with a series of TV commercials. 2. to get better ○ The general manager has promised that the bus service will improve. ○ It poured down all morning, but in the afternoon the weather improved a little.

improve on or upon verb to try to do better than something \circ She tried to improve on her previous performance.

① **improvement** /im'pru:vmənt/ noun 1. a process of becoming better, or of making something better [~in] ○ *There has been* no improvement in the train service since we complained. 2. a change that you make so that something is better than before [~on/to] ○ *They carried out some improve*ments to the house. ○ We are planning some home improvements such as a new kitchen. \circ The new software is a great improvement on the old version.

improvise /'ImprəvaIZ/ (**improvises**, **improvising**, **improvised**) verb **1**. to do or to make something without any proper planning \circ Without a tent, we improvised a shelter using leaves and branches. **2**. to speak without having any text to read from \circ Having forgotten the notes for her speech she had to improvise as best as she could.

impudent /'Impjud(ə)nt/ *adj* rude and without showing respect

impulse /'ImpAls/ noun **1**. a sudden feeling or decision ○ He had a sudden impulse to take the car and drive to France. □ **to do something on impulse** to do something because you have just thought of it, not because it was planned **2**. a shock which makes something move or work ○ Electrodes attached to his head measure brain impulses. ○ Neurons are cells in the nervous system which transmit nerve impulses. **impulsive** /Im'pAlsIV/ adj acting because of a sudden decision, without thinking

impure /Im'pjuə/ *adj* which is not pure, having another substance mixed with it

impurity /ɪm'pjʊərɪti/ (*plural* **impurities**) *noun* a substance which is impure

(1) in /In/ prep, adv 1. used for showing place \circ *He lives in the country.* \circ *In Japan* it snows a lot during the winter. \circ She's in the kitchen. \circ He's still in bed. \circ Don't stand outside in the pouring rain. 2. at home, in an office, at a station \circ *Is the boss* in? \circ He isn't in yet. \circ My husband usually gets in from work about now. \circ The train from Birmingham is due in at 6.30. 3. used for showing time \circ In autumn the leaves turn brown. On holiday there was nothing to do in the evenings. \circ She was born in 1999. \circ He ate his meal in five minutes. \circ We went for a skiing holiday in January. 4. used for showing time in the future $\circ I'll be$ back home in about two hours. O She should arrive in twenty minutes' time. 5. fashionable \circ *This year, short skirts are in.* **6.** used for showing a state or appearance \circ *He was dressed in black.* \circ *She ran outside* in her dressing gown. \circ We're in a hurry. \circ The words are set out in alphabetical order. inability /.inə'biliti/ noun the state of being unable to do something \circ *His inability* to make decisions causes problems.

inaccessible /,Inak'sesIb(∂)l/ adj **1**. impossible to reach or to get to \circ *They live in a farm which is inaccessible by car.* \circ The explorers were lost in an inaccessible mountain region. \circ The valley is inaccessible to motorists. **2.** difficult to read or understand \circ He writes in a rather inaccessible style.

inaccuracy /In'ækjorðsi/ (*plural* inaccuracies) noun 1. the state of not being exact o the inaccuracy of the data 2. something that is not correct, but usually only slightly incorrect o I found several inaccuracies in the report.

inaccurate /in'ækjurət/ adj not accurate, not exact

inaction /ın'æk∫ən/ *noun* a lack of activity

inactive /In'æktIV/ *adj* not active or not doing anything

inadequacy /In'ædIkwəsi/ (plural inadequacies) noun 1. a feeling of being inadequate \circ Being compared with his brother all the time gave him feelings of inadequacy. (NOTE: no plural in this meaning) 2. a feature of something which is not good enough or which does not work well enough \circ The report mentions inadequacies in the system used for counting votes.

inadequate /In'ædikwət/ adj **1.** not enough \circ The island has inadequate supplies of water in the summer months. **2.** not good enough compared with what is expected \circ Being compared to his brother made him feel quite inadequate.

inadvisable /,Inəd'vaIzəb(ə)l/ adj (of a plan or idea) unwise or foolish

inalienable /ɪn'eɪliənəb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be taken away or refused (*formal*) **inane** /ɪ'neɪn/ adj silly, senseless

inanimate /in'ænimət/ adj not alive

inappropriate /,Inə'prəopriət/ *adj* not suitable, not fitting the circumstances

inarticulate /,Ing:'t1kjulət/ *adj* not speaking clearly o *an inarticulate exam candidate*

inasmuch as /,Inəz'mʌt∫ əz/ *conj* seeing that, owing to the fact that

inaudible /In'ɔ:dɪb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be heard

inaugural /I'nɔ:gjurəl/ *adj* **1**. being the first of a series **2**. referring to an official beginning

inaugurate /ɪ'nɔ:gjʊreɪt/ (inaugurates, inaugurating, inaugurated) verb 1. to open officially a new building or a festival, etc. o The Minister was invited to inaugurate new computer system. 2. \Box to inaugurate someone as something to swear in someone as the new holder of a particular post o Each new US president is inaugurated on January 20th.

inborn /,In'boin/ *adj* which you have since birth

inbox /'Inbbks/ noun (computers) the folder in an email package into which mail is delivered

③ **Inc** *abbr US* incorporated \circ *We're dealing with a company called John Doe, Inc.*

incandescent /₁Inkæn'des(ə)nt/ *adj* **1**. shining brightly **2**. showing extreme emotion, especially anger

incapable /In'keIpəb(ə)l/ adj not able to do something

incapacitate /,Iŋkə'pæsIteIt/ (incapacitates, incapacitating, incapacitated) verb to make someone unable to do something

incapacity /,Inkə'pæsıti/ *noun* **1**. a lack of ability to do something **2**. a physical or mental disability

incarcerate /In'kɑːsəreɪt/ (**incarcerates**, **incarcerating**, **incarcerated**) *verb* to put someone in prison (*formal*)

incarnation /,Inko:'neI $\int(\partial)n/$ noun an appearance in human form \circ To many people, he was the incarnation of evil.

incendiary /m'sendiəri/ adj which causes fire \circ Terrorists left incendiary devices in the shopping centre.

incense¹ /'Insens/ *noun* powder which when burnt gives a strong smell \circ *The priests burnt incense round the shrine.*

incense² /in'sens/ (incenses, incensing, incensed) verb to make someone angry \circ His speech incensed the crowd who went on the rampage in the centre of the town.

incensed /In'senst/ adj very angry

③ **incentive** /In'sentIV/ noun something which encourages someone to do something \circ The possibility of a bonus is an incentive to the sales force.

inception /In'sep∫ən/ *noun* the start of something (*formal*)

incessant /In'ses(ə)nt/ *adj* continuous, not stopping

incest /'Insest/ *noun* the offence of a person's having sexual intercourse with a close relative such their daughter, son, mother or father

② **inch** /int J/ noun a measure of length equal to 2.54 centimetres \circ a three-and-ahalf-inch disk \circ Snow lay six inches deep on the ground. \circ She is five foot six inches tall (5'6"). \diamond **foot** (NOTE: With numbers **inch** is usually written with the symbol ": a 3½" *disk*; *He is 5' 9"*.; say: 'a three and a half inch disk', 'He's five foot nine')

② incident /'InsId(ə)nt/ noun 1. something which happens, especially something unpleasant o Last year six hundred incidents of oil pollution were reported. 2. a violent action or disturbance that occurs somewhere o There were several incidents during the demonstration.

incidental /, INSI'dent(\Rightarrow)l/ *adj* happening in connection with something else, but not important \circ *Breaking the Olympic record was almost incidental – winning the gold medal was the important thing.*

(2) **incidentally** $/_1 nsi' dent(3) li / adv$ used for mentioning something new in a conversation

incinerate /In'sInereIt/ (**incinerates**, **incinerating**, **incinerated**) *verb* to destroy something by burning

incinerator /In'sInəreItə/ noun a furnace for burning rubbish

incipient /In'sIpiant/ adj which is beginning or starting

incision /In's13(ə)n/ *noun* a cut in a patient's body made by a surgeon

incisive /In'saISIV/ *adj* very perceptive, sharp or cutting

incite /In'saIt/ (incites, inciting, incited) *verb* to encourage something \Box to incite **someone to something** to encourage or persuade someone to do something bad \circ *He was accused of inciting racial hatred.*

③ **inclination** /,Iŋkli'neI $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1**. a tendency \circ *After a big lunch he had a strong inclination to go to sleep*. **2**. a slope, or angle of a slope \circ *The hill has an inclination of I in 15*. **3**. a slight movement forwards \circ *She acknowledged my presence with a slight inclination of her head*.

incline¹/'InklaIn/ noun a slope \circ A steep incline leads to the garage.

incline² /tn'klam/ (inclines, inclining, inclined) verb 1. to slope \circ The garden inclines gradually down to the river. 2. to encourage someone to do something \circ The results of the poll inclined newspaper reporters to try to forecast the result of the general election. 3. \Box to be inclined to do something \circ She is inclined to try to excuse everything her son does. \circ Our washing machine is inclined to is bend or to bow \circ He inclined his head and murmured a greeting.

③ **inclined** /In'klaInd/ adj **1**. sloping \circ An inclined plane gives easy access to the warehouse. **2.** likely to do something \circ She

is inclined to get very annoyed when anyone criticises her golf strokes.

① **include** /In'klu:d/ (**includes**, **including**, **included**) verb to count someone or something along with others \circ The waiter did not include service in the bill. \circ The total is £140, not including insurance and handling charges. \circ There were 120 people at the wedding if you include the children.

① **including** /In'klu:dIŋ/ prep taking something together with something else \circ The total comes to £25.00 including VAT.

(3) **inclusion** /In'klu:3(3)n/ noun the act of counting someone or something in among others

inclusive /In'kluisiv/ adj **1.** which counts something in with other things \circ *The bill is not inclusive of VAT.* **2.** (giving figures or dates) referring to a period of time or a passage of writing that includes the first and last items mentioned \circ *The conference runs from the 12th to the 16th inclusive.* \circ *For the next lesson, you need to study pages 23 to 31 inclusive.*

incoherent /,Inkəʊ'hɪərənt/ *adj* not able to speak in a way which makes sense

① **income** /'InkAm/ *noun* an amount of money which you receive, especially as pay for your work ○ *Their weekly income is not really enough to live on*.

③ **income tax** /'InkAm tæks/ *noun* a tax on money earned as wages or salary

incoming /'InkAmIŋ/ adj 1. arriving or coming in 2. recently elected or appointed \circ The chairman welcomed the incoming committee. \circ The incoming government has the job of trying to deal with the worsening economic situation.

incomparable /In'kpmp(ə)rəb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be compared to anything else **incompatible** /,Inkəm'pætIb(ə)l/ adj not able to live, work or fit together, or with something else [~with] \circ *The two computer systems are incompatible*. \circ *John and Susan are quite incompatible*: I don't know how they can stay married. \circ His behaviour is quite incompatible with his position as a manager.

incompetent /In'kompit(\exists)nt/ adj who cannot work well, who is not able to do something \circ She was dismissed for being incompetent.

incomplete /,Inkəm'plixt/ *adj* not complete, not finished

incomprehensible //In_komprI 'hensIb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be understood inconceivable /,Inkən'sixvəb(ə)l/ adj very unlikely, which cannot be imagined

inconclusive /, Inkən'klu:SIV/ *adj* without any definite result

incongruous /In'koŋgruəs/ *adj* which does not fit with the rest, which seems out of place

inconsequential /ɪn,kɒnsɪ'kwen∫əl/ *adj* not important

inconsiderate /,Inkən'sIdərət/ *adj* not thinking of other people

inconsistent /,Inkən'sIstənt/ adj whose behaviour changes often and is unpredictable \circ He's inconsistent – sometimes he works hard, sometimes he doesn't. \circ The team's form has been inconsistent of late.

inconspicuous /,Inkən'spīkjuəs/ *adj* not at all obvious

incontinent /In'kontInant/ adj unable to control the body's waste products

inconvenience /, inkən'vi:niəns/ noun awkwardness \circ The inconvenience of the date of the business conference, on the day before Christmas Day, meant that few people turned up. • verb (inconveniences, inconveniencing, inconvenienced) to bother someone $\circ I$ don't want to inconvenience you.

inconvenient /,Inkən'vi:niənt/ adj awkward, causing difficulties

(3) **incorporate** /In'ko:pəreit/ (**incorporates**, **incorporating**, **incorporated**) verb **1.** to bring something into something else to make one main whole ○ We are trying to incorporate the suggestions from the committees into the main proposal. **2.** to form an official body or a registered company ○ The company was incorporated three years ago.

incorporated /in'ko:pəreitid/ adj US showing that a company has been officially registered

incorrect /,Inkə'rekt/ adj wrong, not
correct

incorrigible /In'kprId3Ib(ə)l/ *adj* badly behaved and unlikely to improve

increase¹ /In'kri:s/ *noun* an instance of something becoming larger [~in] \circ an increase in tax or a tax increase \circ an increase in the cost of living

increase² /'inkri!s/ (increasing, increased) verb 1. to rise or grow $[\sim in] \circ Oil$ has increased in price twice in the past year. 2. to make a level or amount higher \circ The boss increased her salary. \circ Rail fares have been increased by 10%.

① **increased** /in'kri:st/ adj larger or higher than before \circ These increased rail fares mean that we cannot afford to travel so much.

(2) **increasingly** /In'kri:sIŋli/ adv more and more \circ *He found it increasingly difficult to keep up with the workload at the office.* \circ *His future with the company looks increasingly doubtful.*

incredible /In'kredīb(ə)l/ adj **1**. which you find difficult to believe \circ *It is absolutely incredible that anyone as rich as he is can avoid paying tax.* **2**. of remarkable size, quantity, etc. \circ *Over the years he has amassed an incredible fortune.* \circ *You should go to see 'Jaws' – it's an incredible film.*

③ **incredibly** /In'kredIbli/ adv very, extremely \circ She's incredibly tall. \circ It is incredibly difficult to find a parking space near my office in the middle of the day.

incredulous /in'kredjuløs/ *adj* who does not believe what someone says or what is happening

increment /'ıŋkrımənt/ *noun* a regular automatic addition to salary

incremental /, IŋkrI'ment (ə)l/ adj gradually increasing

incriminate /In'krImIneIt/ (incriminates, incriminating, incriminated) verb to show that a person has committed a criminal act \Box to incriminate yourself to say something which makes you seem to be guilty \bigcirc He refused to testify in case he incriminated himself.

incumbent /In 'kAmbənt/ noun a person who holds an official post \circ Mrs Jones is our new librarian – she is taking over from the present incumbent next month. \circ There will be no changes in the governor's staff while the present incumbent is still in office.

③ **incur** /m'k3t/ (**incurs**, **incurring**, **incurred**) verb to get into a position where you have to pay money or will be in danger ○ The company has incurred considerable losses in the USA. ○ He incurred many debts during his time at college.

incurable /In'kjuərəb(ə)l/ adj unable to be cured

incursion $/In'k \Im(\Im)n/$ noun an attack on another country's territory

indebted /In'detId/ adj owing something to someone

indecent /In'dits(\ni)nt/ adj **1**. rude, offensive \circ *He was prosecuted for indecent exposure.* **2**. not polite \circ *As soon as the*

speeches ended, there was an indecent rush to find something to eat.

indecision /,IndI'sI3(ə)n/ noun hesitation, the inability to decide

indecisive /, IndI'SaISIV/ *adj* **1**. without any positive result \circ *The result of the election was indecisive as no party had a majority.* **2**. who cannot decide anything \circ *He was criticised for being indecisive.*

① **indeed** /In'di:d/ adv (for emphasis) really \circ Thank you very much indeed for inviting me to stay. \circ They have been very kind indeed to their daughter.

indefensible /,IndI'fensIb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be defended or excused

indefinable /,IndI'faInəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be defined or explained

(3) **indefinite** /In'def(ə)nət/ *adj* without a definite end \circ *He has been suspended for an indefinite period, pending an inquiry.*

indelible /In'delIb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be removed

indelicate /In'delIkət/ adj rude and embarrassing

indemnity /In'demnIti/ (*plural* indemnities) *noun* compensation for a loss or a wrong

indent /m'dent/ (**indents**, **indenting**, **indented**) *verb* to start a line several spaces in from the left-hand side of the page

indentation /₁Inden'teI $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun \mathbf{1}$. a hole or space in the surface or edge of something $\mathbf{2}$. a space at the beginning of a line of text

(2) independence /, IndI'pendens/ noun 1. a state of not needing help from anyone else [-from] o She's eighteen and is looking forward to a life of independence from her family. 2. freedom from rule by another country

(2) **independent** /, Ind1'pendənt/ adj 1. free, not ruled by anyone else \circ Slovenia has been independent since 1991. 2. not owned by a group, not controlled by the state \circ The big chains are forcing the independent shops to close down. 3. not needing help from anyone else \circ She's eighteen and wants to be independent of her family. **in-depth** /In 'dep θ / adj very serious and thorough

indescribable /,IndI'skraIbəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be described

indestructible /_IndI'strAktəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be destroyed

indeterminate /,IndI't3:mInət/ adj 1. not exact or clear 2. not having a predictable result

(3) **index** /'Indeks/ *noun* **1**. a list, usually in alphabetical order, showing the pages on which different subjects appear in a book ○ *Look up the references to London in the index.* (NOTE: The plural in this sense is **indexes**) **2**. a regular report which shows rises and falls in things such as prices and unemployment ○ *The economic indices look very promising at the moment.* (NOTE: The plural in this sense is **indices**)

index card /'Indeks kard/ *noun* a card used to make a card index

index finger /'Indeks ,fIŋgə/ noun the first finger, next to the thumb

① indicate /'indikett/ (indicates, indicating, indicated) verb to show something [-(that)] \circ He indicated the position of the hotel on this map? \circ The latest figures indicate that not as many people are now unemployed.

③ indication /,ındı'keı∫(ə)n/ noun a sign

indicative /In'dIkətIV/ *adj* that shows or indicates something \circ *Repeated attacks on tourists are indicative of a general breakdown of law and order in the country.*

indicator /'IndikeItə/ noun 1. something which indicates how good or bad, hot or cold, etc. something is \circ The inflation rate is a good indicator of the strength of the economy. 2. a flashing light on a car which shows which way the driver is going to turn \circ His left indicator was flashing and then he turned right!

indict/In'da1t/ (**indicts**, **indicting**, **indicted**) *verb* to charge someone with a crime (*formal*)

indictment /in'daitmənt/ noun a written statement of the details of the crime with which someone is charged (*formal*)

indifferent /In'dIf(\Im)r \eth nt/ adj **1**. not caring, not interested \circ The world cannot remain indifferent to the problems of the starving refugees in central Africa. **2**. not particularly good, not special \circ In view of the school's indifferent exam results, the governors have set up a review of teaching practices. \circ They served us a bottle of very indifferent champagne.

indigenous /In'dId3Inəs/ adj born in or belonging to a place

indigestion /,IndI'd3est Jon/ noun a pain caused when your stomach has difficulty in digesting food

indignant /In'dIgnant/ adj feeling offended or angry because of an unfair situation $\circ I$ was really indignant when I found out how much my colleague earned.

indignation /, $Indig'nei J(\vartheta)n/$ noun a feeling of something not being fair or reasonable \circ *The crowd showed their indignation at the referee's decision by whistling.*

indignity /In'dIgnIti/ *noun* a shameful action which causes embarrassment

indirect /, indai'rekt/ adj not direct \circ The taxi took us to the airport by a very indirect route.

indirectly / IndI'rektli/ *adv* not directly

indirect object /,Indirekt 'bbd3ekt/ noun a person or thing to whom or which an action is done

indirect speech /,IndIrekt 'spirtʃ/ *noun* the reporting of what someone has said

indiscreet /,IndI'skritt/ *adj* very obvious, not discreet

indiscretion $/_1$ Indi'skre $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. carelessness about what you do or say \circ the minister's indiscretion in talking to the journalist **2**. a mildly immoral action \circ We must forget his youthful indiscretions.

indiscriminate /,IndI'skrImInət/ *adj* widespread; not choosing carefully

indispensable /,IndI'spensəb(ə)l/ *adj* which you cannot do without

indisputable /,IndI'spjurtəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be argued about (*formal*)

indistinct /,IndI'stInkt/ adj vague or unclear

indistinguishable /,IndI 'stnggwtJəb(ə)l/ adj not able to be told apart from something [~from] \circ To some people margarine is indistinguishable from butter.

① individual /,Ind1'v1d3u3l/ noun a single person ○ We welcome private individuals as well as groups. ■ adj single, for a particular person ○ We treat each individual case on its merits. ○ We provide each member of the tour group with an individual itinerary.

individualism /,IndI'vId3uəlIz(ə)m/ *noun* a liking for doing things in your own way, not as other people do

individuality /,IndIVId3u'ælıti/ *noun* the quality which makes each person different from all others individually /,IndI'vId3uəli/ adv separately, singly

indoctrinate /In'dbktrIneIt/ (**indoctrinates**, **indoctrinating**, **indoctrinated**) *verb* to teach political or religious ideas and force someone to accept them (NOTE: + **indoctrination** *n*)

indoor /'Indo:/ *adj* inside a building o *an indoor swimming pool*

(3) **indoors** /In'do:z/ adv inside a building • Let's go indoors. • Mum was indoors, reading.

③ **induce** /In'dju:s/ (**induces**, **inducing**, **induced**) verb **1**. to persuade someone to do something \circ Do you think an extra 10% will induce them to sign the contract? \circ They induced him to steal the plans by offering him a large amount of money. **2**. to make something, such as the birth of a child, happen \circ The baby was ten days late, so had to be induced.

inducement /In'djutsmont/ noun something which is used to persuade someone to do something

induction /In'dAk \int on/ noun the process of starting a new person in a new job \circ Induction for all trainees will take place over two weeks in May.

indulge /In'dAld3/ (**indulges**, **indulging**, **indulged**) verb **1**. to have or do something you enjoy [~in] \circ On holiday I indulged my passion for chocolate. \circ I like to indulge in a sauna once in a while. **2**. to give someone little luxuries \circ She always indulges her little grandson with sweets and presents. \Box **to indulge yourself** to give yourself a little luxury \circ I love Greek cakes, but I don't often get the chance to indulge myself.

indulgence /In'dAldʒəns/ *noun* a pleasant activity, especially eating or drinking

indulgent /In'dAldʒənt/ *adj* kind, too generous towards someone

① **industrial** /In'dAstrial/ adj relating to the production of goods \circ The Midlands is the main industrial region in Britain.

industrial action /In,dAstrial 'ækfən/ noun a strike or protest by workers

industrial estate /In'dAstrial I,steIt/ *noun* an area of land near a town specially for factories and warehouses

industrialise /ɪnˈdʌstriə,laɪz/, industrialize verb another spelling of industrialise industrialist /In'dAstrialIst/ noun an owner or director of a factory

industrial park /In'dAstrial park / noun an area especially for factories and businesses

industrial relations /In,dAstrial rI 'leI $\int(\vartheta)$ nz/ plural noun the relations between management and workers \circ He carried out a study of industrial relations over the last 10 years. \circ We aim to promote good industrial relations.

industrial tribunal /In₁dAstriəl traı 'bju:n(ə)l/ noun a court which decides in disputes between employers and workers

industrious /In'dAstriəs/ adj who works steadily and hard

① **industry** /'Indəstri/ *noun* the production of goods and the provision of services, or the companies involved in this activity ○ Oil is a key industry. ○ The car industry has had a good year. ○ The government is helping industry to sell more products abroad. ○ The tourist industry brings in a lot of foreign currency.

inebriated /I'ni:brieItId/ adj drunk inedible /In'edIb(ə)l/ adj which you cannot eat

ineffective / INI'fektIV/ *adj* which does not have any effect

ineffectual /,INI'fekt \int uəl/ adj 1. which does not have the right effect \circ Her ineffectual attempts to open the door. 2. weak, unable to show any authority \circ He's a nice man but quite ineffectual as a salesman.

inefficient /, $\mathrm{InI}^{\,\prime}\mathrm{fI}_{\,\!\!\!}(\mathfrak{d})\mathrm{nt}/$ adj not efficient

ineligible /In'elIdʒ1b(ə)l/ *adj* who is not qualified for something or to do something **inept** /I'nept/ *adj* not able to do much; lacking any skill

③ **inequality** /₁n1'kwplrti/ (*plural* inequalities) noun the state of not being equal inertia /1'n3: $\int \partial noun$ 1. a lack of desire to move, a lack of ability to do anything $\circ A$ feeling of inertia came over the committee as the meeting continued. 2. a physical force which makes a stationary body remain still, or a moving body remain moving $\circ An$ astronaut who pushes himself away from his spaceship will continue to drift away into space under inertia if he is not attached to a safety line. 3. a lack of energy, laziness \circ He became manager of the shop through sheer inertia on the part of everyone else.

inescapable /,InI'skeIpəb(ə)l/ *adj* which you cannot avoid

(3) **inevitable** $/\ln' \text{evit} \Rightarrow b(\Rightarrow) l/$ adj which must happen, which cannot be avoided $\circ It$ was inevitable that the younger children would want to leave home.

inexcusable /₁In1k'skju1zəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be excused or forgiven

inexhaustible /₁n1g'zo:st1b(ə)l/ *adj* **1**. impossible to finish or use up **2**. never becoming tired

inexpensive /,InIk'spensIV/ adj cheap inexperienced /,InIk'spIəriənst/ adj

who does not have much experience **inexplicable** /,InIk'splIkəb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be explained

infamous /'Infəməs/ adj famous for being bad or unpleasant \circ Tourists were warned not to go near the infamous back street bars.

infancy /'Infənsi/ noun young childhood • Two of her children died in infancy.

③ infant /'infənt/ noun a young baby

infantile /'Infəntaɪl/ adj ((of behaviour)) very silly and annoying

infantry /'infəntri/ noun soldiers who fight on foot

infatuated /in'fætjueitid/ adj wildly in love

infatuation /In'fæt juer $\int(\partial)n/n oun$ a sudden strong feeling of love for someone, especially someone you do not know very well or someone who does not love you

infect /In'fekt/ (**infects**, **infecting**, **infected**) *verb* to pass on a disease or infection to someone \circ *He was infected with the disease when he was abroad on holiday*.

 infection /in'fekfən/ noun a disease which spreads from one person to another
 Her throat infection keeps coming back.
 He was sneezing and spreading infection to other people in the office.
 She seems to catch every little infection there is.

(3) **infectious** /m'fek∫əs/ adj (of an illness or an emotion such as fear) likely to be passed from one person to another ○ This strain of flu is highly infectious. ○ He's a great music teacher and his enthusiasm for jazz is very infectious. Compare **contagious**

③ infer /In¹f3:/ (infers, inferring, inferred) verb to reach an opinion about something from facts [~from/~(that)] \circ He inferred from the letter that the accused knew the murder victim. \circ Counsel inferred that the witness had not been present at the time of the accident. (3) **inference** /'Inf(\Rightarrow)r \Rightarrow ns/ noun an understanding or conclusion

inferior /In'fIəriə/ noun a person of a lower rank \circ He always addressed his inferiors in a very abrupt way.

inferiority complex /In,f1əri'br1ti ,kpmpleks/ *noun* a feeling that you are not as good as others

inferno /In $f_{3:n=0}$ / (pluralinfernos) noun a very great fire \circ By the time help arrived there was a raging inferno at the plastics factory.

infertile /In'f3:tail/ adj (of living things) not able to reproduce \circ Over the last few years there has been an alarming increase in the number of infertile couples.

infest /In'fest/ (**infests**, **infesting**, **infest-ed**) *verb* (*of parasites*) to be present in large numbers

infidelity /, InfI'delIti/ noun being unfaithful

infighting /'InfaItIŋ/ *noun* bitter arguments between members of a group

infiltrate /'InfiltreIt/ (**infiltrates, infiltrating, infiltrated**) *verb* to become, or to make someone become, a member of an organisation secretly, without the officials knowing

infinite /'infinət/ adj with no end

③ **infinitive** /In'fInItIV/ *noun* the basic form of a verb, usually shown with 'to'

infinity /In 'fInIti/ *noun* a space or quantity that never ends

infirmary /In'f3:məri/ (plural infirmaries) noun an old word for a hospital, now used in names o the Glasgow Royal Infirmary

inflame /In⁺fleIm/ (inflames, inflaming, inflamed) verb 1. to make more violent \circ *His speech was calculated to inflame public opinion.* 2. to make part of the body react by becoming red and sore \circ *His eyes had become inflamed from the chlorine in the water.*

inflamed /in'fleimd/ adj red and sore

inflammable /ɪn'flæməb(ə)l/ *adj* which can easily catch fire

inflammation /₁Inflə'meI $\int(\partial)n/\partial n$ *oun* the process or state of being sore, red and swollen as a reaction to an infection, an irritation or an injury

inflammatory /In'flæmət(ə)ri/ adjwhich makes people behave violently \circ *His inflammatory speeches caused riots.*

inflatable $/\text{In'flett} \Rightarrow b(\Rightarrow) l/ adj$ which can be inflated or blown up

inflate /In'flett/ (inflates, inflating, inflated) verb to fill with air \circ He used a small pump to inflate the dinghy.

② **inflation** /In'fle1 $\int(\Im)n/$ noun a state of the economy where prices and wages are rising to keep up with each other \circ *The government is trying to keep inflation down below 3%.* \circ *We have 15% inflation or inflation is running at 15%.*

inflationary $/\text{In}^{\text{I}}\text{fler}(\vartheta)n(\vartheta)ri/$ adj which tends to increase inflation

inflection /In'flek \int an/, **inflexion** noun the ending of a word which changes to indicate the plural, the gender, etc.

inflexible /In'fleksIb(\ominus)l/ adj **1**. which cannot be bent or changed \circ The rules on this point are quite inflexible. \circ Negotiation is pointless if everyone maintains an inflexible position. **2**. determined not to change your mind \circ She had a reputation for being totally inflexible in her talks with her EU counterparts.

③ inflict /In'flikt/ (inflicts, inflicting, inflicted) verb □ to inflict pain or damage on someone to cause pain or damage to someone or something ○ Drugs can inflict serious harm on young people. ○ The bombs inflicted heavy damage on the capital.

① influence /'ınfluəns/ noun the ability to change someone or something; an effect [-on] ○ He has had a good influence on the other staff in the department. ○ The influence of the moon on the tides. ○ He was charged with driving under the influence of alcohol. ■ verb (influences, influencing, influenced) to make someone or something change ○ She was deeply influenced by her old teacher. ○ The moon influences the tides. ○ The price of oil has influenced the price of industrial goods.

③ **influential** /, influ^{*}en ∫əl/ adj **1**. which causes change ○ *Her speech was influential in changing the opinion of the other members of the committee*. **2**. powerful ○ *She has influential friends who got the police to drop the charges*.

influx /'InflAks/ noun a sudden flow into info /'Infəu/ abbr information

(2) **inform** /In'fo:m/ (**informs**, **informing**, **informed**) verb to tell someone something officially \circ Have you informed the police that your watch has been stolen? \circ I regret to inform you that your father has died. \circ We are pleased to inform you that your offer has been accepted.

(2) **informal** $/\text{In}^{\text{f}}\sigma\text{Im}(\vartheta)l/$ adj **1**. relaxed, not formal \circ *Dress casually* - *the party will*

informant

be informal. \circ The guide gave us an informal talk on the history of the castle. **2**. (of *language*) used when talking to friends and family

informant /In'fo:mont/ noun a person who informs or who gives information to someone

① information /,Infə'me1 $\int(3)$ n/ noun a set of facts about something [~about/on/as to/regarding] \circ She couldn't give the police any information about how the accident happened. \circ She gave me a very useful piece or bit of information.

informative /In'fo:mətɪv/ *adj* which tells you a lot, which provides a lot of information

informed /In'fo:md/ *adj* having a lot of information, or having the latest information

informer /in'fo:mə/ *noun* a person who gives information to the police about a crime or criminals, sometimes someone who is himself a criminal

infraction /ın'fræk∫ən/ noun the act of breaking the law

(3) **infrastructure** /'Infrə, strakt $\int \partial /$ *noun* the basic structure of roads, railways and other connections in a country

infrequent /In'fri:kwənt/ *adj* not frequent, not happening very often

infringe /In'frIndʒ/ (**infringes**, **infringing**, **infringed**) *verb* to break a law or a right (NOTE: + **infringement** *n*)

infuriate /in 'fj υ prieit/ (infuriates, infuriating, infuriated) verb to make someone very angry \circ Slow service in restaurants always infuriates him.

infuriating /In'fjuərieItIŋ/ *adj* which makes you very annoyed

infusion /In¹fju: $3(\Im)n/$ noun **1**. an addition of something new which will make an improvement \circ *The football club needs an infusion of capital to buy new players.* **2**. a drink made by pouring boiling water onto a dry substance such as tea or flowers

ingenious /In'dʒi:niəs/ *adj* very clever o *It was an ingenious plan.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **ingenuous**.)

ingenuity /,Ind3I'njuIIti/ *noun* skill in inventing new things

ingest/in'dʒest/ (**ingests**, **ingesting**, **ingested**) *verb* to take into the body as if it were food

ingrained /, In'greInd/ adj deeply fixed ingratiate /In'greIjieIt/ (ingratiates, ingratiating, ingratiated) verb = to ingratiate yourself with someone to make yourself liked by someone

ingratiating /In'greifieitin/ *adj* which will help make someone like you

ingratitude /In'grætItju:d/ noun not being grateful

ingredient /In'gri:diənt/ noun a material or substance which you use to make something \circ Make sure you've got all your ingredients together before you start cooking.

inhabit /In'hæbIt/ (inhabits, inhabiting, inhabited) verb to live in a place

inhabitant /In'hæbIt(ə)nt/ noun a person who lives in a particular place

inhabited /In'hæbitId/ adj lived in, especially by humans

inhale /In'heIl/ (**inhales**, **inhaling**, **inhaled**) *verb* to breathe in, to draw something into your lungs when breathing

inherent /In'hIPrPnt/ *adj* natural, which belongs to someone or something naturally

inherit /in'herit/ (**inherits**, **inheriting**, **inherited**) verb **1**. to receive money or property from a person who has died \circ She inherited a small fortune from her father. \circ When her grandfather died she inherited the shop. **2**. to have characteristics passed on from a parent \circ I think she has inherited her father's grumpy character. **3**. to take over a client or a problem from someone \circ When they bought the shop they inherited a lot of financial problems.

(3) **inheritance** /In'herit(ə)ns/ noun property which is received from a dead person

(3) **inhibit** /in'h1bit/ (**inhibits**, **inhibiting**, **inhibited**) *verb* to prevent an action happening

inhibited /In'hIbItId/ *adj* not being able to express yourself freely or to do what you want to do

(3) **inhibition**/,InhI'bI∫(∂)n/ *noun* the action of some mental influence which prevents normal reactions

inhospitable /,Inho'spItəb(ə)l/ *adj* not welcoming

inhuman /ɪn'hjuːmən/ adj cruel, not human

inhumane /,Inhjuː'meɪn/ adj not humane; barbarous

inhumanity /,InhjuI'mænIti/ *noun* the cruel treatment of people or animals

(2) **initial** $/I^{1}nI \int (\partial I) / adj$ first \circ The initial stage of the project went off smoothly. \circ My

initial reaction was to say 'no'. \circ He started the business with an initial sum of £500.

■ verb (initials, initialling, initialled) to write the first letters of your name on a document to show you have read and approved it ○ Can you initial each page of the contract to show that you have approved it? ○ Please initial the agreement at the place marked with an X.

(3) **initially** $h' \ln \int (\Im) li/adv$ at the beginning \circ *Initially we didn't like the new flat, but we have got used to it now.*

initiate /1'n1 fiert/ (initiates, initiating, initiated) verb 1. to start something \circ He initiated the new project last year. 2. to introduce someone into something secret \circ He initiated her into the secrets of digging for gold. 3. to show someone the basic information about something

② initiative /r'nı∫ tıv/ noun a decision which is intended to solve a problem ○ The government has proposed various initiatives to get the negotiations moving again.
 □ to take the initiative to decide to do something which other people are reluctant to do ○ The manager decided to take the initiative and ask for a meeting with the boss.
 ○ The president took the initiative in asking the rebel leader to come for talks.

inject /In'dʒekt/ (injects, injecting, injected) verb 1. to force a liquid into something under pressure \circ The nurse injected the drug using a needle and syringe. \circ He injected himself with a drug. 2. to put something new into something \circ to inject some cash into a company \circ Come on, let's try to inject some life into these rehearsals! 3 injection /In'dʒekʃən/ noun the act of putting a liquid into the body using a needle \circ The doctor gave him a flu injection.

injunction $/\ln^{1}d_{3A\eta}k_{J}(\vartheta)n/$ noun **1.** a court order forcing someone to stop doing something or not to do something \circ *He got an injunction preventing his ex-wife from selling his car.* \circ *The company applied for an injunction to stop their rivals marketing a product which was similar to theirs.* **2.** an instruction, order \circ *The children were give en strict injunctions not to open the door.* \circ *Most people ignored the government's injunction to spend less and save more.*

injure /'Indʒə/ (injures, injuring, injured) verb to cause pain or damage to a part of the body \circ *He injured his back playing* rugby. \circ *He was badly injured in a car accident.*

③ **injured** /'Indʒəd/ noun hurt \circ The injured girl had fallen off her bike.

② **injury** /'ındʒəri/ (plural **injuries**) noun damage to your body ○ *He never really recovered from his football injury*. ○ *She received severe back injuries in the accident.* **injustice** /ın'dʒʌstɪs/ noun a lack of justice

ink /Iŋk/ noun the liquid in a pen \circ He has ink marks on his shirt. \circ The ink won't come off the tablecloth. \circ She wrote comments on his work in red ink.

ink-jet printer /'Ink dʒet ,prIntə/ *noun* a computer printer that prints characters by sending out little jets of ink

inkling /'111kl111/ noun a small idea

inland /'Inland/ adv away from the coast of a country \circ *If you go inland from the port, you soon get into the forest.*

in-laws /'In lo:z/ plural noun the parents of your wife or husband \circ He visited his inlaws while his wife was in hospital.

inlet /'Inlet/ noun a small branch of water off a large stretch of water \circ *The smugglers* could have used any one of the numerous inlets along this stretch of coastline.

in-line skating /,In lain 'skeitin/ noun same as rollerblading

inmate /'InmeIt/ *noun* a person living in a home or in a prison

inn /ın/ noun a small hotel

(2) **inner** $/^{1}$ In $\Im/$ adj inside \circ Go through that arch and you will come to the inner courtyard. \circ Heat is conducted from the inner to the outer layer of the material.

inner circle /,Inə 's3:k(ə)l/ *noun* a small group of people closely associated with an important person such as a president

③ **inner city** /,Inə 'sɪti/ *noun* the central part of a city

innermost /'InəməUst/ adj 1. furthest inside \circ A long dark corridor led to the innermost part of the bank vault. 2. deepest, most private \circ His poems reveal his innermost feelings.

innings /'InIŋz/ (*plural same*) noun (*in cricket*) the time when a team or a player is batting (NOTE: In US English, in baseball, the singular **inning** is used.)

innocence /'Inəs(ə)ns/ noun **1**. not being guilty \circ The lawyers tried to prove his innocence. **2**. not having any experience or particular knowledge \circ In my innocence, I believed them when they said they were police officers.

innocent /'In $\mathfrak{ins}(\mathfrak{s})$ nt/ adj not guilty \circ He was found to be innocent of the crime. \circ In English law, the accused is always pre-

sumed to be innocent until he is proved to be guilty.

innocuous /ɪ'nɒkjuəs/ adj harmless

(3) **innovation** $/_{,In \ominus}$ vel $\int(\partial)n/$ noun a new invention, a new way of doing something

innovative /'InəveItIv/ *adj* new in a way that has not been tried before \circ *a very innovative design*

innuendo /,Inju'endəʊ/ (plural innuendoes or innuendos) noun a remark that suggests someone has done something wrong, but without giving direct details

innumerable /I'nju:m(ə)rəb(ə)l/ *adj* very many, which cannot be counted

inoffensive /,Inə'fensıv/ adj harmless

③ **input** /'Inpot/ noun **1**. a contribution to a discussion ○ Thank you very much for your input during the seminar. **2**. information that is put into a computer [~from/~into/to] ○ The input from the various branches is fed automatically into the head office computer.

inquest /'ıŋkwest/ noun a legal inquiry into how someone died

③ inquire /In'kwa1∂/ (inquires /Iŋ 'kwa1∂/, inquiring, inquired), enquire verb 1. to ask questions about something ○ The chef inquired if anything was wrong with the meal. ○ She phoned the travel agent to inquire about air fares to Australia. ○ She inquired about my mother's health. 2. to investigate, to try to find out about something ○ The police are inquiring into his background. ○ The social services are inquiring about the missing girl.

inquiring /In'kwaiəriŋ/ adj interested in finding out information

(3) **inquiry** /In'kwaIəri/ noun 1. a formal investigation into a problem \circ a government inquiry into the police force \circ A public inquiry will be held about plans to build another airport. 2. a question about something \circ I refer to your inquiry of May 25th. \circ All inquiries should be addressed to this department. \circ He made an inquiry about trains to Edinburgh. (NOTE: also spelt enquiry.)

inquisitive /In'kwIZITIV/ *adj* asking a lot of questions

insane /In'seIn/ adj with a mental disorder

insanity /In'sænIti/ *noun* a severe mental disorder or illness

insatiable /ın'seı∫əb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be satisfied

inscribe /m'skraib/ (**inscribes**, **inscribing**, **inscribed**) verb **1**. to write, especially to write a note inside a book when giving it to someone \circ The book is inscribed 'with best wishes to John, from the author'. **2**. to write permanently, as on stone \circ The names of the dead soldiers are inscribed on the walls of the cemetery.

inscription /in 'skrip $\int \frac{\partial n}{\partial n}$ / noun 1. words cut on a surface such as stone \circ *The tomb* has an inscription in Latin. 2. a note written in a book which is given to someone \circ *The inscription in the front of the book is by the author who gave it to his mother.*

insect /'Insekt/ noun a small animal with six legs and a body in three parts \circ A butterfly is a kind of insect. \circ Insects have eaten the leaves of the cabbages. \circ She was stung by an insect.

insecticide /In'sektIsaId/ *noun* a liquid or powder which kills insects

insecure $/_1 \text{Insr}^k j \upsilon \partial / adj$ **1.** not safe \circ She felt insecure when walking down the High Street alone at night. **2.** not firmly fixed \circ Be careful! that scaffolding looks insecure.

insemination $/\text{In},\text{semI'nel}(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun the process of making a woman or female animal pregnant

insensitive /in'sensitiv/ *adj* not worrying how other people feel, not sensitive to other people's feelings

insert¹ /In's3:t/ (**inserts**, **inserting**, **inserted**) verb to put something inside something else \circ She inserted another sentence into the letter. \circ He inserted each leaflet into an envelope. \circ Insert a coin into the slot.

insert² /'Ins3:t/ noun a paper which is put inside something \circ The invitation card had an insert with a map showing how to get to the hotel.

inset /'Inset/ noun a small piece which is put into something larger, such as a small picture inside a larger one

① **inside** /tn'satd/ adv in a house or other building \circ Come on inside – it's cold in the street. \circ It rained all afternoon, so we just sat inside and watched TV. \circ Is there anyone there? – The house seems quite dark inside. \blacksquare prep in \circ There was nothing inside the bottle. \circ She was sitting inside the car, reading a book. \circ I've never been inside his office.

inside leg /'In₁saId leg/ *noun* the measurement of an inside trouser leg seam

inside out /, Insaid 'aut/ adv **1**. turned with the inner part facing outwards \circ *He*

put his pyjamas on inside out. **2**. \Box to know something inside out to know something very well \circ She knows Central London inside out.

insider /In'saIdə/ *noun* a person who works in an organisation and therefore knows secret information

insider dealing /ɪn,saɪdə 'di:lɪŋ/ *noun* the illegal buying or selling of shares by people who have inside information about a company

insidious /In'sIdiəs/ adj working secretly to do harm

insight /'InsaIt/ *noun* clear ideas or knowledge

insignificant /,InsIg'nIfIkənt/ *adj* very small and unimportant

insincere / Insin'siə/ adj not sincere

insinuate /In'sInjueIt/ (**insinuates, insinuating, insinuated**) verb **1**. to suggest by hinting at something in an unpleasant way \circ The finance director seemed to be insinuating that the boss was incompetent.

2. □ **to insinuate yourself** to work your way gradually into a favourable position ○ *He managed to insinuate himself into the MD's good books.*

insipid /In'sIpId/ *adj* with no particular taste o *They served us some insipid tomato soup.*

(2) **insist** /in'sist/ (**insists**, **insisting**, **insisted**) *verb* to state firmly [\sim (that)] \circ *He insisted that he had never touched the car.* \circ *I insist on an immediate explanation.*

insistence /In'sIstans/ noun firm demands for something

insistent /In'sIstont/ *adj* stating or demanding something firmly

(3) in so far as /ɪn 'səʊ 'fɑː 'æz/, insofar as *conj* to the extent that

insolent /'Insələnt/ adj rude and lacking in respect

insoluble /In'soljub(ə)l/ adj **1**. (of a substance) which will not dissolve in water **2**. (of a problem) which cannot be solved

insolvent /In'splvənt/ adj (especially of a business) not able to pay debts

insomnia /In'somniə/ *noun* the condition of not being able to sleep

(3) **inspect** /In'spekt/ (**inspects**, **inspecting**, **inspected**) verb to look at something closely \circ She inspected the room to see if it had been cleaned properly.

(3) **inspection** /In'spek $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun the process of examining something closely \circ *They carried out an inspection of the drains.*

③ **inspector** /In'spektə/ *noun* a senior official who examines something closely

inspiration /, Inspi'rei $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun **1**. a sudden urge to create something \circ Her inspiration comes from the countryside of her native Cornwall. **2**. a sudden good idea \circ We had run out of sugar and all the shops were closed, but she had an inspiration and tried the railway station snack bar.

(3) **inspire** /In'sparo/ (**inspires**, **inspiring**, **inspired**) *verb* to make someone feel a wish to do something

inspired /In'sparəd/ *adj* filled with a desire to do something

instability /,Instə'bIIIti/ *noun* the condition of not being steady (NOTE: The adjective is **unstable**.)

③ **install** /In'sto:l/ (installs, installing, installed) verb to put a piece of equipment into the place where it will operate o *It took* the plumber a week to install the new central heating system.

③ **instalment** /In'sto:Imont/ noun **1**. a payment of part of a total amount of money, which is made regularly \circ *They are paying for the kitchen by monthly instalments*. \circ *You pay £25 down and twelve monthly instalments of £20.* **2**. a part of something which is being broadcast or delivered in parts \circ *The next instalment of the thriller will be shown on Monday evening.* (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **instalment**.)

② **instance** /'Instəns/ noun an example ○ There have been several instances of bullying in our local school. ○ In this instance, we will pay for the damage. ◇ **for instance** as an example ○ Why don't you take up a new sport – golf, for instance?

(2) instant /'Instant/ noun a moment or second o For an instant, he stood still and watched the policemen. adj immediate o A savings account can give you instant access to your money.

instantaneous /,Instən'teiniəs/ adj immediate

instantly /'Instantli/ *adv* so soon after an event that no time appears to have passed in between

instant messaging /,Instant 'mesId311/ noun a system for communicating directly by electronic means such as e-mail

instead /In'sted/, **instead of** adv in place of \circ We haven't any coffee – would you like some tea instead? \circ If you can't go, can I go instead? \circ I'm going instead of him, because he's ill. \circ Instead of stopping when the police officer shouted, he ran away.

instep /'Instep/ noun the arched middle part of your foot (NOTE: Do not confuse with **in step**.)

instigate /'Instigati/ (**instigating, instigated**) *verb* to make something happen (NOTE: + **instigation** *n*)

instil /In'stIl/ (**instils**, **instilling**, **instilled**) *verb* to put an idea into someone's mind gradually

instinct /'Instinkt/ noun something which you have from birth and have not learnt \circ Many animals have a hunting instinct.

instinctive /in'stinktiv/ adj (of a reaction) natural

② **institute** /'InstIt ju:t/ noun an organisation set up for a special purpose ○ *They are proposing to set up a new institute of education.* ○ *She goes to the research institute's library every week.*

① **institution** $/_{1}$ Inst1'tju: $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1.** an organisation or society set up for a special purpose \circ *A prison is an institution* which houses criminals. **2.** a permanent custom \circ *British institutions such as cream teas and the royal family* \circ *The lottery has rapidly become a national institution.* **3.** the process of setting something up \circ *the institution of legal action against the president*

③ **instruct** /In'strakt/ (instructs, instructing, instructed) verb to show someone how to do something (formal) \circ We were all instructed in the use of the fire safety equipment.

instruction /In'strak \int ən/ noun 1. a statement telling someone what they must do 2. something which explains how something is to be done or used \circ She gave us detailed instructions how to get to the church.

instructive /In'strAktIV/ *adj* which gives a lot of information

instructor /In'strAktə/ noun a teacher, especially of a sport

② **instrument** /'Instrument/ noun a piece of equipment or a tool ○ *The technical staff have instruments which measure the flow of electricity.*

instrumental / Instro'ment(\exists)l/ adj 1. playing an important part in getting something done \circ The mayor was instrumental in getting our building proposals passed by the planning committee. 2. referring to a musical instrument \circ I prefer instrumental music to choral music. insubordinate /,Insə'bə:dInət/ adj not obeying orders

insubstantial / $_1$ Insəb'stæn \int əl/ adj 1. not very solid or strong 2. not seeming real insufficient / $_1$ Insə'f $I_{J}(3)$ nt/ adj not enough

insular /'Insjolə/ *adj* **1**. thinking only of your own local interests \circ *Opponents of the UK joining the euro were accused of being insular*. **2**. referring to an island \circ *The insular flora and fauna of the Galapagos are unique.*

insulate /'InsjuleIt/ (**insulates**, **insulating**, **insulated**) *verb* to prevent heat or cold or sound escaping or entering

insulation $/_1$ Insjo'lei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. the process of preventing heat or cold or sound escaping or entering \circ *Good insulation saves energy.* **2**. materials used to insulate something \circ *The previous owners had used straw in the roof for insulation.*

insulin /'InsjolIn/*noun* a hormone which controls the way in which the body converts sugar into energy and controls the level of sugar in the blood

insult¹ /'InsAlt/ noun a rude word said to or about a person \circ That is an insult to the government. \circ The crowd shouted insults at the police.

insult² /In'sAlt/ (insults, insulting, insulted) verb to say rude things about someone \circ He was accused of insulting the president's wife.

(3) **insulting** /In'sAltIŋ/ adj rude \circ I'm used to hearing insulting things about my business.

(2) **insurance** $/\text{In}' \int \text{OPRMS} / noun$ an agreement with a company by which you are paid money for loss or damage in return for regular payments of money [~for] \circ *Do you have insurance for your travel?*

insure /In'JOƏ/ (**insures, insuring, insured**) *verb* to agree with a company that if you pay them a regular amount of money, they will pay you for loss or damage to property or persons (NOTE: Do not confuse with **ensure**.)

insurmountable /,Insə'maontəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be solved or dealt with successfully

insurrection /,Insə'rek∫ən/ *noun* a rebellion against a government

intact /In'tækt/ adj in one piece, not broken

intake /'Intelk/ noun **1**. a thing or things which are taken in \circ *She is trying to reduce her calorie intake* or *her intake of calories*.

2. a group of new students, soldiers, etc. ○ We are increasing our intake of mature students again this year. ○ This year's intake of recruits has more potential officers than usual.

intangible /In'tændʒIb(ə)l/ adj which cannot be defined

integral /'Intigral/ adj which forms part of something

integrate /'IntIgreIt/ (**integrates**, **integrating**, **integrated**) *verb* to link up to form a whole (NOTE: + **integration** *n*)

integrity /m'tegriti/ noun honesty, moral principles \circ *His integrity is in doubt since the report on the company loan scandal.*

intellect /'Intilekt/ noun the power of the brain to think or reason \circ You could see at once that she was a person of superior intellect.

③ **intellectual** /,Int1'lekt∫uəl/ noun a person who uses his or her brain to make a living ○ Left-wing intellectuals have criticised the Prime Minister.

intellectual property /IntI,lektjuəl 'propəti/ *noun* original creative work or ideas which can be protected by law

(3) **intelligence** /In'telldʒəns/ noun 1. the ability to think and understand \circ *His intelligence is well above average.* 2. information provided by the secret services \circ *Intelligence gathered by our network of agents is very useful to us in planning future strategy.*

③ **intelligent** /In'telldʒənt/ adj able to understand and learn things very well o He's the most intelligent child in his class.

intelligible /In'telId3Ib(ə)l/ *adj* which can be understood

① intend /in'tend/ (intends, intending, intended) verb [~that] \square to intend to do something to plan to do something \bigcirc We intended to get up early but we all overslept. \bigcirc The company intends to sue for damages.

③ **intense** /In'tens/ adj very strong or extreme \circ There was a period of intense activity to try to finish the work before they went on holiday. \circ She had an intense period of study before the exams.

intensify /In'tensIfaI/ (intensifies, intensifying, intensified) verb 1. to become stronger \circ The rain intensified and continued all night. 2. to make something become stronger \circ He intensified his attacks on the government. (NOTE: + intensification n) **intensive** /In'tensiv/ *adj* with a lot of effort \circ *He took a two-week intensive course in German.*

intensive care /In,tensIV 'keə/ noun the close care and treatment of patients who are very ill or badly injured so that essential action can be taken with a minimum of delay if it is needed

intent /In'tent/ noun an aim

(2) **intention** /In'ten $\int \exists n / noun$ an aim or plan to do something $[-of] \circ I$ have no intention of going to the party. \circ The fans came with the deliberate intention of stirring up trouble.

intentional /ın'ten∫ən(ə)l/ adj done on purpose

interact/,Intər'ækt/(interacts, interacting, interacted) verb \Box to interact with someone to work in a friendly way with someone o She is interacting well with her teachers. \Box to interact with something to have an effect on something

interactive /, Intər'æktīv/ *adj* each having an effect on the others \circ *We teach drama through interactive groups*.

intercept /, Intə'sept/ (**intercepts**, **intercepting**, **intercepted**) *verb* to stop something as it is passing (NOTE: + **interception** *n*)

interchangeable /,Intə'tʃeIndʒəb(ə)l/ adj which can be exchanged for each other intercom /'Intəkom/ noun a radio for speaking to people over a short distance inside a building

intercontinental /₁Intəkont1'nent(ə)l/ *adj* from one continent to another, between continents

intercourse /'Intək5:s/ noun **1**. same as **sexual intercourse** \circ They had intercourse on the first night they met. **2**. communication between people \circ 'How do you do?' is a polite expression used in normal social intercourse.

interdependent /,Intədɪ'pendənt/ *adj* **1**. needing each other to exist **2**. relying on each other's help or support

① interest /'Intrəst/ noun 1. special attention to something [~in] \circ She takes a lot of interest in politics. \circ He has no interest in what his sister is doing. \circ Why doesn't he take more interest in local affairs? 2. a thing that you enjoy doing \circ Her main interest is canoeing. \circ List your special interests on your CV. 3. a payment made to someone who lends money [-on] \circ He was hoping to get 5% interest on his savings. \circ How much interest do I have to pay if I borrow £1000? • verb (interests, interesting,

interested

interested) to attract someone \circ *The book didn't interest me at all*. \circ *He tried to interest several companies in his new invention.* (**) interested** /'IntrəstId/ *adj* with a personal interest in something \circ *He's interested in old churches.* \circ *She's interested in crime fiction.*

① **interesting** /'IntrostIn/ adj attracting your attention; enjoyable \circ There's an interesting article in the newspaper on European football. \circ She didn't find the TV programme very interesting. \circ What's so interesting about old cars? – I find them dull.

interest rate /'intrast reit/ noun a percentage charged for borrowing money

interface /'Intəfeis/ noun **1**. a point where two computer systems connect or a program which allows two computer systems to be connected **2**. an area where two different systems meet and interact \circ *Great progress is being made at the interface between medical science and genetic engineering*.

interfere /, Intə'f1ə/ (interferes, interfering, interfered) verb 1. to try to become involved in a situation that is not your concern [~in] \circ *His mother was always interfering in his private life.* 2. to be treat something in such a way that it does not work well [-with] \circ *Stop interfering with the TV controls.*

③ **interference** $/_1$ Intə'f1ərəns/ noun 1. an involvement with someone else's life or business $[\sim in] \circ$ *His parents' interference in his travel plans annoyed him.* 2. a noise which affects radio or TV programmes

interim /'Intərim/ $noun \square$ **in the interim** meanwhile \bigcirc We are still redecorating the offices: in the interim you will have to share an office with your boss.

interior /In'tIəriə/ noun an inner part of a building, car, etc. \circ She cautiously walked into the interior of the cave. \circ The interior of the building is fine, but the exterior needs repainting.

(3) **interior designer** /In₁t1əriə dı 'zaınə/ *noun* a person who designs the inside of a building, including wall coverings, paint colours, furniture, fabrics, etc.

interject /, Intə'dʒekt/ (**interjects**, **interjecting**, **interjected**) *verb* to interrupt with a comment

(3) **interjection** /, Int∂'dʒek∫ən/ *noun* an exclamation, a word used to show an emotion such as surprise

interlude /'Intəlu:d/ *noun* a short break between two parts of an activity when something different happens o *There was a* short interlude, then the noise started again.

intermediary /, Intə'mi:diəri/ (plural intermediaries) noun a person who is the link between parties who do not agree or who are negotiating \circ He refused to act as an intermediary between the two directors.

intermediate $/_1$ Intə'mi:diət/ adj 1. between two points \circ We are at an intermediate stage in our research work. 2. between beginners and advanced \circ She has passed her intermediate level English.

interminable /In't3:mInəb(ə)l/ adj which never ends, which is boring

intermission $/_{1}$ Intə'mı $\int(\partial)n/$ noun especially US an interval in a performance

intermittent /, $int \exists mit(\exists)nt/adj$ stopping and starting in an irregular way \circ *Intermittent showers are expected over the weekend.*

intern¹ /'Int3:n/ noun US a medical school graduate who is working in a hospital while at the same time finishing his studies \circ Hospital interns work very long hours.

intern2 /In't3:n/ (interns, interning, interned) verb to put someone in a prison or in a camp without trial, usually for political reasons \circ Many intellectuals and opponents of the military regime have been interned.

(2) internal /In't3:n(a)l/ adj inside

① **international** /, $\operatorname{int} \circ \operatorname{ins} (\circ) \operatorname{nol} / \operatorname{adj}$ between countries \circ an international conference on the environment \circ an important international company \blacksquare noun a sportsperson who has played for his or her country's team against another country \circ There are three England internationals in our local team.

Internet /'Int anet/ noun an international network allowing people to exchange information on computers using telephone lines \circ We send messages over the Internet to hundreds of users of our products. \circ He searched the Internet for information on cheap plane tickets. (NOTE: also called simply the Net)

interpersonal /_int a'p3is(a)n(a)l/ adj between people

interplay /'IntəpleI/ noun a reaction between two things

③ interpret /In't3:prit/ (interprets, interpreting, interpreted) verb to translate what someone is saying into a different language \circ His brother knows Greek, so he will interpret for us. (2) **interpretation** $/\ln_1 t_3 t_2 pr1'tet J(3)n/noun$ **1** $. a meaning <math>\circ$ A poem can have many interpretations. \circ The book puts quite a different interpretation on the meaning of the rule. **2**. the act of translating what someone is saying into a different language \circ She is taking a course in simultaneous interpretation. **3**. a way of playing a piece of music \circ Two of the young musicians were praised for their interpretations of Bach.

(3) **interpreter** /in't3:pritə/ noun a person who translates what someone is saying into a different language

interrelated /₁Int or 1[']lett Id/ *adj* in a relationship in which each depends on or is affected by the other or others

interrogate /In'terəgeIt/ (**interrogates**, **interrogating**, **interrogated**) *verb* to ask someone questions to get information, often unpleasantly and for a long period of time (NOTE: + **interrogation** *n*)

interrogative / Intə'rogətıv/ *adj* which asks a question

interrupt /,Intə'rApt/ (**interrupts**, **interrupting**, **interrupted**) verb to start talking when someone else is talking \circ *Excuse me for interrupting*, but have you seen the office keys anywhere?

③ **interruption** /,Intə'r∧p∫ən/ noun something that interrupts or stops you from working

intersect /,Intə'sekt/ (**intersects**, **intersecting**, **intersected**) *verb* to cut across each other

intersection /'Intə,sek \int ən/ noun **1**. a place where two or more roads cross \circ *The accident occurred at one of the busiest intersections in the city.* **2**. a place where lines cut across each other \circ *The intersection on the graph shows when the pound became weaker than the dollar.*

intersperse /, Int ə'sp3:s/ (intersperses, interspersing, interspersed) *verb* 1. to interrupt one activity with another for short periods of time 2. to put various things in or among something else

interstate¹ /Intə'steit/ adj **1**. between two countries \circ Interstate negotiations are continuing to decide on the expansion of the EU. **2**. US between two states \circ We took the interstate freeway to San Diego.

interstate² /'IntosteIt/ noun US a road between two states \circ They took Interstate 80 to Nevada.

(3) **interval** /'Intəv(ə)l/ noun **1**. a period of time between two events or points in time • There will be bright intervals during the morning, but it will rain in the afternoon. \circ There will be a short interval during which the table will be cleared. **2**. a period of time between two acts in a play \circ Anyone arriving late won't be allowed in until the first interval.

③ **intervene** /, Int ə'vi:n/ (intervenes, intervening, intervened) verb 1. to be between two things \circ After they left Singapore, several years intervened before they went to Australia. 2. to try to change something that is happening [~in] \circ Six or seven boys had joined in the fight before the teachers intervened. \circ The government refused to intervene in the dispute.

intervening /,Intə'vi:niŋ/ adj coming between two things \circ We knew each other at school but haven't met often in the intervening years.

③ **intervention** /,Intə'ven∫ən/ *noun* an act of intervening between two things, or an action to make a change in a system

(2) interview /'intəvju:/ noun 1. a conversation between a famous or interesting person and a journalist, broadcast on radio or TV, or printed in a newspaper o She gave an interview to the Sunday magazine. 2. a formal meeting in which one or more people ask you questions to find out if you are suitable for something such as a particular job or a course at university \circ We asked six candidates for interview. \circ He's had eight interviews, but still no job offers. • When will you attend your first interview? verb (interviews, interviewing, interviewed) 1. to ask a famous or interesting person questions about themselves and their work in order to publish or broadcast what they say o The journalist interviewed the Prime Minister. 2. to meet a person who is applying for something such as a job or a place on a university course, to see if he or she is suitable o We interviewed ten candidates, but did not find anyone we liked.

intimacy /'IntIməsi/ *noun* a sexual relationship with someone

intimate¹ /'IntImət/ adj **1**. very close \circ She is an intimate friend from my schooldays. \circ They had intimate knowledge of the layout of the house. **2**. sexual \circ an intimate relationship **3**. very detailed \circ They had intimate knowledge of the layout of the house.

intimate² /'IntIment/ (**intimates, intimating, intimated**) verb to announce or to suggest \circ He intimated that he was going to resign and go to work in Australia.

intimidate

intimidate /In'tImIdeIt/ (intimidates, intimidating, intimidated) *verb* to frighten someone by threatening them or appearing to threaten them (NOTE: + intimidation *n*)

intimidated /In'tImIdeItId/ *adj* feeling frightened or feeling that someone is better than you at doing something

intimidating /In'tImIdeItIŋ/ adj frightening

① into /'Intə, 'Intə, 'Intə', *Prep* 1. used for showing movement towards the inside \circ She went into the shop. \circ He fell into the lake. \circ Put the cards back into their box. \circ You can't get ten people into a taxi. \circ We all stopped talking when he came into the room. \circ The bus is going into the town centre. 2. hitting against something \circ The bus drove into a lamp post. 3. used for showing a change \circ The tadpole changed into a frog. \circ Water turns into steam when it is heated. 4. used for showing that you are dividing something \circ Try to cut the cake into ten equal pieces.

intolerable /In'tolərəb(ə)l/ *adj* which you cannot bear

intolerance /In't plərəns/ *noun* a refusal to accept the points of view of other people **intolerant** /In't plərənt/ *adj* refusing to accept the points of view of other people

③ **intonation** /, int ə'nei $\int(\operatorname{\mathfrak{g}})n/$ noun a rise or fall of the voice in speech or singing **intoxicated** /In't bksikeitid/ adj 1. drunk, under the effects of alcohol \circ He was charged with driving while intoxicated. 2. extremely excited \circ Intoxicated with their success, they decided to go out to celebrate.

intractable /in'træktəb(ə)l/ *adj* very difficult to deal with; which is impossible to solve

intranet/'Intranet/ *noun* a computer network within an organisation

intransigent /In'trænsIdʒənt/ adj determined not to change your mind

intransitive /In'trænsitiv/ *adj* describes a verb that does not need a direct object to complete its meaning

intravenous /,Intrə'viInəs/ adj put into a vein

intrepid /In'trepId/ *adj* without fear, very brave (*literary or humorous*)

intricacy /'IntrIkəsi/ *noun* the state of being very complicated

intricate /'IntrIkət/ *adj* very complicated, made of many different parts

intrigue /'Intriig/ noun a secret plan o The story is one of intrigues at the court of Mary Queen of Scots. \blacksquare verb (intrigues, intriguing, intrigued) 1. to make secret plans, especially to harm someone \circ She intrigued to get the ambassador assassinated. 2. to make someone interested \circ The girl's story intrigued him.

intriguing /in'tri:gin/ adj which makes you interested

intrinsic /in'trinsik/ adj forming a basic part of something

intro /'Intrau/ noun an introduction, especially to a piece of music

① **introduce** /, Intrə'dju:s/ (**introduces**, **introducing**, **introduced**) verb to tell someone another person's name when they meet for the first time \circ *He introduced me* to a friend of his called Anne. \circ She introduced me to her new teacher.

① **introduction** /, Intrə'dak \int ən/ noun 1. a part at the beginning of a book which describes the subject of the book \circ *Read the introduction which gives an explanation of the book's layout.* 2. a book which gives basic information about a subject \circ *He's the author of an introduction to mathematics.*

introductory /,Intrə'dAkt(ə)ri/ adj introducing something

introspective /,Intrə'spektıv/ adj thinking a lot about yourself

introvert /'Introv3:t/ *noun* a person who does not like to be with other people

intrude /In'tru:d/ (**intrudes**, **intruding**, **intruded**) *verb* to go in or become involved where you are not wanted

③ **intruder** /In'truːdə/ *noun* a person who has got into a place, usually illegally

(3) **intrusion** /In'tru: $\mathfrak{Z}(\mathfrak{P})n/$ noun the act of intruding

intrusive /In'truisiv/ *adj* which intrudes and is not wanted

intuition /, Int ju'I $\int(\partial)n/$ noun thinking of something or knowing something naturally, without it being explained

intuitive /In't ju:IIIV/ adj based on intuition

Inuit /'Inuit/ *noun* a member of a group of people living in the north of Canada and Greenland (NOTE: also called **Eskimo** or **Eskimos**, though this may be offensive)

inundate /'InAndeIt/ (**inundates, inundating, inundated**) verb **1.** to have more things or people than you can deal with \circ We have been inundated with requests for tickets. \circ The relief camps were inundated with refugees. **2.** to flood a place \circ Acres of

farmland were inundated when the banks of the river gave way.

invade /In'veId/ (invades, invading, invaded) verb 1. to attack and enter a country with an army \circ William the Conqueror invaded England in 1066. 2. \Box to invade someone's privacy when people such as journalists try to find out details of someone's private life \circ She claimed that the photographers had invaded her privacy by climbing over the wall.

invalid /'Invalid/ adj sick or disabled o Her invalid mother lives in a nursing home.
noun a sick or disabled person o She's been an invalid since her operation.

invaluable /ɪn'væljuəb(ə)l/ adj extremely valuable

invariably /In'veəriəbli/ adv always

invasion /In've13(ϑ)n/ noun entering a country by force with an army \circ *The invasion took place in early June.*

③ **invent** /In'vent/ (**invents**, **inventing**, **invented**) verb **1**. to create a new process or a new machine ○ She invented a new type of computer terminal. ○ Who invented this communication system? **2**. to make up an excuse ○ When she asked him why he was late he invented some story about the train not arriving.

③ **invention** /in'ven∫ən/ noun **1**. the act of creating a new process or a new machine ○ The invention of computers was made possible by developments in electronics. **2**. a machine or process that someone has invented

inventive /In'ventIV/ *adj* which creates something in a way that shows imagination (3) **inventor** /In'ventə/ *noun* a person who invents new processes or new machines

(3) **inventory** /'Invənt(ə)ri/ noun 1. a list of all the things in a place such as a house or *The landlord checked the inventory when the tenants left.* 2. US all the goods in a warehouse or *Our whole inventory was destroyed by fire.* or *We are carrying a high inventory.*

invert / \ln 'v3:t/ (**inverts, inverting, inverted**) verb to turn something upside down or back to front \circ *Invert the mould and ease the jelly onto the dish.*

inverted commas /In₁v3:t1d 'kpmaz/ *plural noun* printed or written marks (or) showing that a quotation starts or finishes

(3) **invest** /in'vest/ (**invests**, **investing**, **invested**) *verb* **1**. to use your money for buying things such as property or shares in a company, so that you will make a profit [~in] \circ She was advised to invest in government bonds. \circ He invested all his money in a restaurant. **2.** to spend money on something which you believe will be useful [~in] \circ We have invested in a new fridge.

(2) investigate /In'vestiget/ (investigates, investigating, investigated) verb to try to find out about something [-what/why/whether etc] o We are investigating the possibility of going to live abroad. o She asked me to investigate why she had had no response to her complaint.

(2) **investigation** /in, vesti'gel(3)n/noun a close examination $[/-\text{into}] \circ a$ police investigation into the causes of the crash \Box **on investigation** when it was examined \circ On further investigation, the newspaper report was shown to be quite untrue.

investigative /In'vestIgətIv/ *adj* who or which investigates

① **investment** /In'vestment/ noun 1. money which has been invested in something such as shares or property, and is expected to make a profit $[-in] \circ He$ has been very successful with his investments in property. 2. money spent by a government or a company to improve it or make it more successful $[-in] \circ The economy is suffering$ from a lack of investment in training.

invigorate /in'vigəreit/ (**invigorates**, **invigorating**, **invigorated**) *verb* to make someone feel healthy and full of energy

invincible /In'vInsIb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be defeated

invisible $/\text{In'vIIIb}(\Im)$!/ *adj* which cannot be seen \circ *The message was written in invisible ink and hidden inside the pages of a book.*

③ **invitation** /_INVI'tet $\int (\Im)n/noun$ a letter or card, asking someone to do something or go somewhere $[\neg to] \circ He$ received an invitation to his sister's wedding. \circ She had an invitation to dinner. \Box at someone's invitation invited by someone \circ She spoke to the meeting at the invitation of the committee.

(2) **invite** /In'vait/ (**invites, inviting, invited**) verb to ask someone to do something, especially to come to a social event such as a party \circ We invited two hundred people to the party. \circ She invited us to come in. \circ She's been invited to talk to the club.

③ inviting /ɪn'vaɪtɪŋ/ adj which attracts

(2) **invoice** /'Invois/ noun a note sent to ask for payment for services or goods ○ Our invoice dated November 10th has still not been paid. ○ They sent in their invoice six weeks late. \circ Ask the sales assistant to make out an invoice for £250.

invoke /In'vəʊk/ (invokes, invoking, invoked) verb to call on someone or something for help or support

involuntary /m'volənt(ə)ri/ adj **1**. done suddenly in a way that you cannot control \circ His leg gave an involuntary jerk when the doctor tapped his knee. \circ Her cry was the involuntary reaction of a mother protecting her young. **2**. not done willingly \circ Does the travel insurance cover the involuntary cancellation of the holiday?

① **involve** /tn'volv/ (**involves**, **involving**, **involved**) verb **1**. to include someone or something in an activity or situation \circ a competition involving teams from ten different countries \circ We want to involve the local community in the decision about the bypass. \circ Members of the local council are involved in the company which has won the contract for the new road. **2**. to make an activity necessary \circ Going to Cambridge from here involves taking a bus and then the train.

(2) involved /In'vplvd/ adj complicated

③ **involvement** /In'volvmənt/ noun the fact of being connected with someone, or involved in something [~in/with/] \circ Did she have any involvement with the music festival? \circ The police were unable to prove his involvement in the crime.

inward /'Inwəd/ adj on the inside

inwardly /'ınwədli/ *adv* **1**. to or inside yourself **2**. on or to the inside of something **inwards** /'ınwədz/ *adv* towards the inside \circ *These doors open inwards*.

in-your-face /In jə/ *adj* direct or obvious in a way that is designed to attract attention **iodine** /'aɪədi:n/ *noun* a chemical put on cuts in the skin to prevent infection

IOU /,aI au 'ju:/ noun a paper promising that you will pay back money which you have borrowed (NOTE: It spells the words I owe you.)

IPA *abbr* International Phonetic Alphabet ③ **IQ** *abbr* intelligence quotient \circ *She has an IQ of 110.*

irate /ai'reit/ adj very angry

Ireland /'aɪələnd/ noun a large island forming the western part of the British Isles, containing the Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland \circ *These birds are* found all over Ireland.

iris *h*'arris *noun* **1**. a plant with tall flat leaves and usually yellow or purple flowers \circ *Irises grow well in damp soil.* **2**. a coloured ring in the eye, with the pupil at its centre \circ *The iris has muscles that adjust the size of the pupil.*

() **Irish** $/'aIrI \int / adj$ referring to Ireland \circ The Irish Sea lies between Ireland and Britain.

(2) **iron** /'a1ən/ noun **1**. a common grey metal \circ The old gates are made of iron. \diamond **cast iron**, wrought iron (NOTE: no plural in this sense: some iron, lumps of iron, pieces of iron) **2**. an object with a flat metal bottom, which is heated and used to make clothes smooth after washing \circ Don't leave the iron there – it will burn the clothes. \circ If your iron is not hot enough it won't take the creases out. • verb (irons, ironing, ironed) to make cloth smooth using an iron \circ She was ironing shirts when the telephone rang. \circ Her skirt doesn't look as if it has been ironed.

(3) **ironing** /'aɪənɪŋ/ *noun* clothes which have been washed and are ready to be ironed

(3) **ironing board** /'aɪənɪŋ bɔ:d/ noun a special narrow table used when ironing clothes

irony /'airəni/ noun 1. a way of referring to something where you say the opposite of what you mean \circ *Do I detect a note of irony in his letter?* 2. a situation when something happens at the wrong moment, as if deliberately planned \circ *The irony of it was that the rain finally stopped on the last day of our holiday.*

irrational $/I^{t}rac{s} \int (\partial n(\partial)l/adj$ not sensible or reasonable

irreconcilable /I,rekən'saıləb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be made to agree

irregular /1'regjulə/ adj 1. not happening in a regular way \circ An irregular pattern of lines and circles. \circ His heart had an irregular beat. 2. not level \circ An irregular stone path leads across the garden. 3. not happening always at the same time \circ His payments are very irregular. \circ He makes irregular visits to his mother in hospital. 4. not according to rules or a usual way of doing something \circ This procedure is highly irregular.

irregularity /I,regjo'lærıti/ (*plural* **irregularities**) *noun* a thing which goes against the rules or the law

irrelevant /I'reləvənt/ *adj* with no connection to the present subject

irreparable /I'rep(ə)rəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be repaired

irreplaceable /₁IrI'pleISəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be replaced

irrepressible /,IrI'presəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be held back

irresistible /,IrI'zIstəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be controlled, which you cannot refuse

irrespective /,IrrI'spektIv/ prep \Box **irrespective of** taking no account of \bigcirc Anyone parking on a double yellow line will be fined, irrespective of who they are. \bigcirc The appointment will be made on merit, irrespective of age or sex.

irresponsible $/_{1}$ IrI'sponsIb(\ni)l/ *adj* acting or done in a way that shows a lack of good sense

irreverent /I'rev(ə)rənt/ *adj* not showing respect, often in a humorous way

irreversible $/_{,IITI}$ 'v3ISIb(\Rightarrow)l/ *adj* which cannot be changed back to how it was before

irrevocable /ɪ'revəkəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be changed

irrigate /'IrIgeIt/ (**irrigates**, **irrigating**, **irrigated**) *verb* to supply water to land to allow plants to grow, usually through a system of little channels (NOTE: + **irrigation** *n*)

irritable /'IrIt $\mathfrak{sb}(\mathfrak{s})$]/ adjeasily annoyed \circ He was tired and irritable, and snapped at the children.

irritant /'IrIt(ə)nt/ noun **1**. a thing which annoys \circ The mosquitoes were a minor irritant, the big problem was the alligators. **2**. a substance which can irritate \circ Irritants like chlorine in swimming pool water can make the eyes inflamed.

irritate /Irriteit/ (**irritates**, **irritating**, **irritated**) *verb* to make someone feel angry or impatient \circ *It irritates me when the trains run late*.

irritated /'iriteitid/ adj annoyed

irritating /'iriteitin/ adj which annoys

(3) **irritation** /,IrI'te1 \int (3)n/ *noun* a feeling of being annoyed and impatient \circ *She watched with irritation as he tried to fix the wheel again.*

(3) **is**/Iz/ 3rd person singular present of **be** -**ish**/ I_J / *suffix* **1**. having the quality of, like, tending to **2**. almost, nearly

Islam /'IzIq:m/ noun the religion of the Muslims, founded by the prophet Muhammad

(2) **island** /'allənd/ noun a piece of land with water all around it \circ *They live on a little island in the middle of the river.* \circ *The Greek islands are favourite holiday destinations.*

islander /'aɪləndə/ *noun* a person who lives on an island

isle /aɪl/ noun an island (*literary*) (3) isn't /'ız(ə)nt/ short for is not

③ **isolate** / arsolert/ (**isolates**, **isolating**, **isolated**) verb **1**. to put something or someone in a place alone \circ Violent prisoners are usually isolated from the others. **2**. to separate a chemical substance from a compound, to identify a single microorganism among many \circ Doctors have isolated a new form of the flu virus. \circ Scientists have been able to isolate the substance which causes the disease.

(3) **isolated** /'arsəlert1d/ adj **1**. separated from others \circ *They live in an isolated village in the hills.* **2**. one only

(3) **isolation** $/_1$ arsə'ler $\int(3)n/2$ noun the state of being cut off from communication with other people \circ *He lived for six months on the island in complete isolation.*

isolationism / $_{|aIsa|leI}(a)nIZ(a)m/$ noun a country's policy of deliberately not becoming involved in international relations

ISP /₁aI es 'piː/ *abbr* Internet service provider

(i) **issue** /'I fur/ noun 1. a subject or problem that people talk or write about \circ *The* main issues will be discussed at the meeting. 2. an occasion when something is officially given out o The issue of identity *cards has been delayed.* **3.** a newspaper or magazine which is published at a particular time \circ We bought the January issue of the magazine. verb (issues, issuing, issued) **1.** to make something available for use \circ The new set of stamps will be issued next week. \circ Initially the euro was issued alongside the former national currencies. 2. to give something out officially o The government issued a report on city centre traffic. \circ Each soldier was issued with a gun. **3.** to come out of somewhere [~from] o Smoke began to issue from the hole in the ground. \diamond to make an issue of something to have a big discussion about something o She's apologised so don't try to make an issue of it. \diamond to take issue with someone or something to disagree with someone or something

() it /it/ pron 1. used to refer to something which has just been mentioned \circ What do you want me to do with the box? – Put it down. \circ Where's the box? – It's here. \circ She picked up a potato and then dropped it on the ground. \circ I put my book down somewhere and now I can't find it. \circ Where's the newspaper? – It's on the chair. 2. used for talking about the weather, the date or time or another situation \circ Look! – It's snowing. \circ It's miles from here to the railway station. \circ Is it the 30th today? \circ It's almost impossible to get a ticket at this time of year. \circ What time is it? – It's ten \circ clock. \circ It's dangerous to use an electric saw when it's wet. (NOTE: It's = it is or it has. Do not confuse with its.)

③ **IT** abbr information technology

italic /I'tæl1k/ *noun* a printing type with sloping letters

italics /I'tælīks/ *plural noun* sloping letters \circ *This example is printed in italics.* Compare Roman

itch /It ∫/ noun a place on the skin where you want to scratch ○ I've got an itch in the middle of my back that's driving me mad!
verb (itches, itching, itched) to make

someone want to scratch \circ The cream made his skin itch more than before.

itchy /'It $\int i/adj$ which makes a person want to scratch \circ *The main symptom of the disease is an itchy red rash.*

it'd /'Itəd/ short form 1. it had 2. it would

① **item** /'aɪtəm/ noun a thing shown in a list \circ We are discussing item four on the agenda. \circ Please find enclosed an order for the following items from your catalogue. \circ I couldn't buy several items on the shopping list because the shop had sold out. **itemise** /'aɪtəmaɪz/ (**itemises**, **itemising**, **itemised**), **itemize** *verb* to make a detailed list of things

itinerary /aɪ'tɪnərəri/ (*plural* **itineraries**) *noun* a list of places to be visited on one journey

③ **it'll** /ɪt(ə)l/ *contr* it will

(1) **its** /its/ adj belonging to 'it' \circ I can't use the car – one of its tyres is flat. \circ The company pays its staff very badly. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **it's**.)

() **it's** /Its/ *short for* **1**. it is **2**. it has (NOTE: Do not confuse with **it's**.)

① **itself** / t^{1} self / pron 1. used for referring back to a thing or an animal \circ The dog seems to have hurt itself. \circ The screw had worked itself loose. 2. used for emphasis \circ If the plug is all right there must be something wrong with the computer itself. \diamond **all by itself** alone, with no one helping \circ The church stands all by itself in the middle of the street. \circ The bus started to move all by itself.

IV /₁ai 'vii/ *noun* the Roman numeral for four or fourth

3 I've /aiv/ short form I have

ivory *l*'aivəri*l* noun a hard whitish substance from an elephant's tusk \circ She bought some finely carved ivory chessmen. \circ Trade in ivory has been banned.

ivy /'arvi/ (plural **ivies** or same) noun an evergreen plant which climbs up walls and trees

J

j/dʒeɪ/, **J** noun the tenth letter of the alphabet, between I and K

jab /d₃æb/ (**jabs**, **jabbing**, **jabbed**) *verb* to suddenly push something with a sharp object \circ *He jabbed the piece of meat with his fork*. \circ *She jabbed me in the back with her umbrella*.

jack /d3æk/ noun **1.** a tool for raising something heavy, especially a car \circ *I used the jack to lift the car up and take the wheel off.* **2.** (*in playing cards*) the card with the face of a young man, with a value between the queen and the ten \circ *I won because I had the jack of hearts.*

jack up phrasal verb **1**. to lift up something heavy with a jack \circ They jacked up the car to remove the exhaust pipe. **2**. to raise profits or prices \circ The newspaper article alleged that dealers had jacked up prices to make bigger profits.

jackal $/'d_{3}$ (α)// *noun* an African wild animal, similar to a dog, which feeds mainly on dead flesh

② **jacket** / d3æk1t/ noun a short coat ○ He was wearing a blue jacket and brown trousers. ○ Take your jacket off if you are hot. ○ This orange jacket shows up in the dark when I ride my bike.

jacket potato /,d3ækIt pə'teItəu/ noun a potato cooked in an oven with its skin on jack-in-the-box /'d3æk In ðə ,bbks/ noun a toy in which a doll jumps up out of a box when the lid is opened

jackknife /'dʒæknaif/ (**jackknifes**, **jackknifing**, **jackknifed**) *verb* (*of an articulated vehicle*) to go out of control, when the two parts bend in half so that they are pointing in different directions \circ *The section of the motorway is closed where a lorry has jackknifed*.

Jacuzzi $/d_{39}$ 'ku:zi/ trademark a type of bath which has bubbly water \circ *The health club has two Jacuzzis and a whirlpool.*

jade /dʒeɪd/ *noun* a hard green stone used for making jewellery and other attractive objects

jaded /'dʒeɪdɪd/ adj worn out, tired

jagged /'dʒægɪd/ *adj* with edges which are rough and not even

jaguar /'dʒægjuə/ *noun* a large wild cat with marks like spots on its skin, which lives in Central and South America

(3) jail /dʒe1l/, gaol noun a prison \circ She was sent to jail for three months. \blacksquare verb (jails, jailing, jailed; gaols) to put someone in prison \circ He was jailed for six years.

jailer /'dʒeɪlə/, **jailor**, **gaoler** noun a person who guards prisoners in a jail (dated)

Jain /dʒain/, **Jaina** *noun* a member of a Hindu group which believes that people should have deep respect for any living creature (NOTE: + **Jainism** *n*)

(3) **jam** /dʒæm/ noun 1. a sweet food made by boiling fruit and sugar together \circ a pot of apricot jam \circ Do you want jam or honey on your bread? \circ We made jam with the fruit in the garden. \circ Have you any more jam – the jar is empty? 2. a situation in which too many things block something \circ a traffic jam \circ There is a paper jam in the printer. \blacksquare verb (jams, jamming, jammed) 1. (of machines) to stick and not be able to move \circ Hold on – the paper has jammed in the printer. 2. to force things into a small space \circ Don't try to jam all those boxes into the car boot. \circ The switchboard was jammed with calls.

jamboree /,d3æmbə'ri:/ *noun* a large gathering of people for a celebration **Jan.** *abbr* January

jangle / d 3α eng3/ (**jangles**, **jangling**, **jangled**) verb to make a noise of pieces of metal hitting together \circ He jangled the keys in his pocket.

janitor /'dʒænɪtə/ noun especially US a person who looks after a building, e.g. by making sure it is clean and that the rubbish is cleared away

① January /'dʒænjuəri/ (plural Januarys) noun the first month of the year, followed by February ○ He was born on January 26th. ○ It's his birthday on January 26. ○ We never go on holiday in January because it's too cold. ○ We all went skiing *last January*. (NOTE: **January 26th** or **January 26**: say 'the twenty-sixth of January' or 'January the twenty-sixth'; American English: 'January twenty-sixth'.)

③ **jar** /dʒɑː/ noun a container for food such as jam, usually made of glass ○ There was some honey left in the bottom of the jar. ○ Use a jam jar for the water you collect. ■ verb (**jars**, **jarring**, **jarred**) to produce an unpleasant effect ○ The drilling sound jarred on my ears. ○ Orange curtains will jar with purple cushions. ○ He tripped over the step, jarring his knee.

jargon /'dʒɑːgən/, **jargoon** noun a special type of language used by a trade or profession or a particular group of people o People are confused by computers because they don't understand the jargon.

jaundice /'dʒɔ:ndɪs/ *noun* a condition where there is too much bile in the blood, and the skin and the whites of the eyes become yellow

jaundiced /'dʒɔːndɪst/ *adj* negative and tending to criticise things

jaunt /dʒɔːnt/ noun a short journey, especially for pleasure

jaunty /'dʒɔːnti/ (**jauntier**, **jauntiest**) *adj* happy and confident

javelin $/'dzev(\vartheta)ln/$ noun a long spear used in battle or in sport

jaw /dʒɔː/ noun the bones in the face which hold the teeth and form the mouth

jazz /d3æz/ noun a type of music with a strong rhythm, and in which the players often make the music up as they play; jazz was first played in the southern United States

jazz up phrasal verb to make bright and attractive (informal)

jealous /'dʒeləs/ *adj* feeling annoyed because you want something which belongs to someone else \circ John was jealous of Mark because all the girls fancied him. \circ She was jealous of his new car. \circ Her new boyfriend is very handsome – I'm jealous!

jealousy /'dʒeləsi/ noun the feeling of being annoyed because someone has something which you want but do not have

(2) **jeans** $/d_{3i:nz/}$ plural noun trousers made of a type of strong cotton, often blue \circ She came into the office in jeans. \circ He bought a new pair of jeans.

jeep /dʒi:p/ trademark a strong fourwheel drive vehicle used for travelling over rough ground, especially used by the army o The convoy of jeeps and tanks crossed slowly over the bridge. **jeer** /dʒ1ə/ (**jeers**, **jeering**, **jeered**) verb to laugh in a unpleasant way [\sim at] \circ 'You'll never win', he jeered. \circ The other children often jeered at him because he was fat.

③ **jelly** /'dʒeli/ (plural jellies) noun a type of sweet food made with fruit, which shakes when you touch it or move it \circ *The* children had fish fingers and chips followed by jelly and ice-cream.

jellyfish /'dʒelifɪʃ/ (*plural* **jellyfishes** or *same*) *noun* an animal with a body like jelly, which lives in the sea

jeopardise /'dʒepədaɪz/ (**jeopardises**, **jeopardising**, **jeopardised**), **jeopardize** *verb* to be likely to harm

jeopardy /'dʒepədi/ noun \Box **in jeopardy** in danger \circ The management's attitude to safety has put us all in jeopardy. \circ The sale of the company has put thousands of jobs in jeopardy.

jerk /d33:k/ noun a sudden sharp pull ○ He felt a jerk on the fishing line. ■ verb (**jerks**, **jerking**, **jerked**) to suddenly pull something hard, often causing pain or injury ○ He jerked the rope.

jerky /'dʒ3:ki/ adj abrupt, sudden

jersey /'d₃3:zi/ noun **1**. a warm piece of clothing which covers the top part of your body and your arms \circ *She was knitting a pink jersey for the new baby.* **2**. a special shirt worn by a member of a sports team \circ *After every game the players swapped jerseys with the other team.*

jet /d3et/ noun **1**. a long narrow stream of liquid or gas $\circ A$ jet of water put out the flames. **2**. an aircraft with jet engines \circ Jets flew low overhead.

jet black / d3et 'blæk/ *adj* very black and shiny

③ **jet engine** /'dʒet ,endʒɪn/ *noun* an engine which gets its power from a stream of gas

jet lag /'dʒet læg/ *noun* the feeling of being extremely tired after a long journey by plane

Jet Ski /'dʒet ski:/ *trademark* a jet-propelled vehicle for one person which travels across water

jettison /'dʒetɪs(ə)n/ (**jettisons**, **jettisoning**, **jettisoned**) *verb* to throw fuel from a plane, or goods from a ship into the sea to make it lighter

jetty /'dʒeti/ (*plural* **jetties**) *noun* a small structure, e.g. at the side of a river, where boats can tie up

Jew /dʒuː/ *noun* a member of the group of people who lived in Israel in ancient times or who believe in Judaism

jewel /'dʒuːəl/ *noun* a valuable stone such as a diamond

jeweller /'dʒu:ələ/ *noun* a person who makes or sells jewellery, and usually watches as well (NOTE: The US spelling is **jeweler**.)

② **jewellery** /'dʒu:əlri/ *noun* things that you wear as decoration round your neck, fingers, etc., made from things such as valuable stones, gold and silver ○ *The burglar stole all her jewellery*. (NOTE: no plural)

Jewish /'dʒuɪɪʃ/ *adj* **1**. of Judaism **2**. of Jews

jibe /d3a1b/ noun an unpleasant remark

jig $/d_{31g}/noun$ **1.** a type of fast lively dance \circ When he heard the news he did a little jig around the office. **2.** music for this dance \circ The band started to play an Irish jig and everyone got up to dance.

jiggle /'d₃Ig(ə)l/ (**jiggles**, **jiggling**, **jiggled**) *verb* **1**. to move quickly or nervously **2**. to move something a little \circ *If you jiggle the top a bit, it should come off fairly easily*.

jigsaw $l'd_{31}g_{53}l'$ noun \Box **jigsaw puzzle** a picture made of shaped pieces of wood or cardboard that you have to try to fit together \circ As it's raining, let's stay indoors and try to do this huge jigsaw of the Houses of Parliament.

jingle $/^{1}d_{31\eta}g(\vartheta)l/$ (**jingles**, **jingling**, **jingled**) *verb* to make a sound like pieces of metal knocking together \circ *The doorbell jingled as he went into the shop*.

jinx /dʒ1ŋks/ noun something which brings bad luck

jittery /'dʒɪtəri/ *adj* nervous and unable to concentrate

① **job** /dʒpb/ noun **1**. regular work which you get paid for $[-as] \circ She's$ got a job as a shop assistant in the local supermarket. \circ When the factory closed, hundreds of people lost their jobs. **2**. a specific piece of work \circ Don't sit down, there are a couple of jobs I want you to do. \circ He does all sorts of little electrical jobs around the house. **3**. difficulty (informal) \circ I had a job trying to find your house. \circ What a job it was getting a hotel room at the time of the music festival!

job description /'dʒɒb dɪ,skrɪpʃən/ noun an official document from a company which says what a job involves

③ jobless /'dʒɒbləs/ adj with no job

job security /'dʒɒb sɪ,kjʊərɪti/ noun a situation in which an employee is likely to keep his or her job until he retires

job-share $/' d_3 \text{ob} \int e^{-\beta} / verb$ to share a single job with another person so that each of you works for part of the day or week

jockey /'dʒɒki/ noun a person who rides horses in races ○ He's an experienced jockey and knows how to handle a horse over a muddy racecourse. ○ He's the youngest jockey to ride in the Grand National. ■ verb (**jockeys**, **jockeying**, **jockeyed**) □ **to jockey for position** to try to improve your position in relation to other people ○ There's a vacancy for managing director, and the sales director and the production director are jockeying for position.

jocular /'dʒɒkjʊlə/ *adj* in a humorous way, treating things as a joke

③ **jog** /dʒɒg/ (**jogs**, **jogging**, **jogged**) *verb* **1.** to run fairly slowly, especially for exercise ○ *He jogged along the river bank for two miles*. ○ *She was listening to her personal stereo as she was jogging*. **2.** to push someone or something slightly ○ *Someone jogged my elbow and I spilt my drink*. ◇ **to jog someone's memory** to make someone remember something ○ *The police are hoping that the film from the security camera will jog people's memories*.

③ **jogging** /'dʒɒgɪŋ/ *noun* the practice of running in slow steady way for exercise

(1) join /dʒɔin/ (joins, joining, joined) verb 1. to come together \circ Go on for about two hundred metres, until the road joins the motorway. \circ The two rivers join about four kilometres beyond the town. 2. to become a member of a club or other organisation \circ After university, he is going to join the police. \circ She joined the army because she wanted to travel. 3. to do something with someone \circ We're going to have a cup of coffee – would you like to join us? \circ Won't you join us for a game of golf?

join in ③ phrasal verb to take part in something done as a group

join up (a) phrasal verb 1. to link things together \circ She's getting better at writing, and can do joined-up letters. 2. to join the army, navy or air force \circ He joined up when he was 18 and soon rose to become an officer.

joined-up /'dʒɔɪnd Ap/ adj **1**. used to describe handwriting in which each letter of a word is joined to the next, especially by children learning to write in this way **2**. well-planned or with all its separate parts working well together, e.g. of government or a policy

joiner /'dʒɔɪnə/ *noun* a person who builds things out of wood, especially windows and doors for houses

① **joint** /dʒɔint/ noun 1. a place where bones come together and can move, such as the knee or the elbow \circ *Her elbow joint hurt after her game of tennis.* 2. a large piece of meat, especially for cooking in an oven \circ *The joint of lamb was very tender.* \circ *We all sat round the table while Father carved the joint.* **a** *adj* combined, with two or more things connected together

② **joke** /dʒəuk/ noun a thing said or done to make people laugh [~about] ○ She poured water down his neck as a joke. ○ They all laughed at his jokes about student life in the 1960s.

joker /'dʒəukə/ *noun* an extra card, with the picture of a clown on it, used as a bonus in some card games

③ **jolly** /'dʒɒli/ adj (**jollier**, **jolliest**) happy, pleasant, enjoyable ○ It was marvellous to see all the jolly faces of the children. ○ Her birthday party was a very jolly affair. ■ adv very (used for emphasis) ○ It's jolly hard work carrying all those boxes up to the attic.

jolt /dʒəult/ noun a sudden shake or shock, or violent push \circ *The train stopped* with a jolt. • verb (jolts, jolting, jolted) 1. to move with sudden movements \circ *The train jolted twice before moving off.* 2. to push or to shake suddenly \circ *The people in the back of the truck were jolted about from side to side as we bumped over the rocky track.* 3. to give a sudden shock to \circ *The sound of the whistle jolted her into action.*

jostle /'dʒds(ə)l/ (**jostles**, **jostling**, **jostled**) *verb* to push or to knock into people, especially in a crowd \Box **to jostle for position** to push others so as to get into a good position \circ *The cars on the starting line were jostling for position*.

jot /d3pt/ (**jots**, **jotting**, **jotted**) verb also **jot down** to make quick notes about something \circ He jotted her address on an envelope. \circ He jotted down her phone number.

journal $/^{1}d_{33:n}(\Im)l/$ noun a book where you write details of things that have happened which you want to remember \circ He kept a journal during his visit to China. \circ She wrote a journal of the gradual progress of her illness.

(3) **journalism** $/'d_{33:n}(a)l_{1Z}(a)m/$ noun the profession of writing for newspapers or

magazines, or reporting on events for radio or TV

(3) **journalist** /'dʒ3:n(ə)list/ noun a person who writes for newspapers or magazines, or reports on events for radio or TV ○ Journalists asked the policeman some very awkward questions. ○ Film stars were greeted by journalists from around the world at the première of the new film.

② **journey** /'dʒ3:ni/ noun an occasion when you travel somewhere, usually a long distance \circ It's at least two days' journey from here. \circ They went on a train journey across China. \circ She has a difficult journey to work every day – she has to change buses twice.

jovial /'dʒəuviəl/ adj good-humoured, happy

(3) **joy** /dʒɔɪ/ noun very great happiness The birth of our baby son filled us with joy. **joypad** /'dʒɔɪpæd/ noun a control for a computer game which you hold in your hand

joyriding /'dʒɔɪraɪdɪŋ/ *noun* the crime of high-speed driving in a stolen car

joystick /'dʒɔɪstık/ noun 1. a rod which controls the movements of an aircraft \circ *Pull on the joystick to make the plane rise.* 2. a device that allows the user to move the cursor round a screen by moving an upright arm

jubilant /'dʒuːbɪlənt/ *adj* full of happiness, e.g. because of winning something

jubilee /'dʒu:bili:/ *noun* a celebration on the date of an important event which happened in the past

Judaism /'dʒuːdeɪɪz(ə)m/ *noun* the religion of the Jewish people, which is based on the texts called the Torah and Talmud

(2) judge /d3Ad3/ noun 1. a person whose job is to make legal decisions in a court of law \circ He was convicted for stealing, but the judge let him off with a small fine. 2. a person who decides who should win a competition \circ The three judges of the beauty contest couldn't agree. • verb (judges, judging, judged) 1. to make decisions in situations such as a court of law or a competition \circ He was judged guilty. \circ *Her painting was judged the best and she* won first prize. 2. to make a assessment of а situation [~what/whether/when etc/~(that)] \circ It's hard to judge whether he likes the job or not. \circ The Senator judged it

would be impossible for him to win the Presidency so he dropped out of the race.

judgment /'dʒʌdʒmənt/, **judgement** *noun* **1**. a legal decision by a judge or court

 \circ The judgment of the tribunal was fair. \circ We will appeal against the judgment. **2.** the ability to make good decisions \circ He trusted his wife's judgment in everything.

judgmental /d3Ad3'mənt(ə)l/ adj tending to judge or criticise people

judicial $/d_3u_1'd_1 \int (\mathfrak{d}) l / adj$ referring to a legal process or to a court of law

judicious /dʒuː'dɪʃəs/ adj based on good judgment

judo /'dʒu:dəu/ *noun* an Olympic sport, derived from the traditional Japanese art of fighting without weapons between two people

③ **jug**/dʒʌg/ *noun* a container with a handle, used for pouring liquids

juggle $/^{t}d_{3Ag}(\Im)I/$ (juggles, juggling, juggled) verb 1. to throw and catch several things such as balls, so that most of them are in the air at the same time \circ *Try and juggle four balls at once.* 2. to keep changing things or arranging them in a complicated way $\circ I$ will have to juggle my meetings so that I can fit everyone in. \circ She's trying to juggle her investments to get the best interest rate.

juggler /'dʒʌglə/ noun a person who juggles

② **juice** /dʒuːs/ noun a liquid from fruit, vegetables or meat \circ They charged me £1 for two glasses of orange juice. \circ She had a glass of grapefruit juice for breakfast.

juicy /'dʒuːsi/ (juicier, juiciest) adj full of juice

jukebox /'dʒuːkbɒks/ noun a coin-operated machine which plays records or CDs

① July /d30'lai/ noun the seventh month of the year, between June and August \circ July 23 \circ We went to Spain last July. \circ July is always one of the busiest months for holidays. (NOTE: July 23rd or July 23: say 'July the twenty-third' or 'the twenty-third of July'; American English: 'July twenty-third'.)

jumble /'d3Ambəl/ noun a confused mess \circ His clothes were lying in a jumble on the floor. \circ A jumble of thoughts raced through my mind. \blacksquare verb (jumbles, jumbling, jumbled) also jumble up to mix or confuse things \circ The books are all jumbled up – can you sort them out? \circ His thoughts were all jumbled in his head.

jumble sale /'d3Ambəl seI/ noun a sale of old clothes and other things which people no longer want, organised by a club or organisation to raise money (NOTE: The US term is rummage sale.) **jumbo** /'d3Amb ∂ o/ adj very large \circ He ordered jumbo sausages and chips. \circ She bought a jumbo box of fireworks.

① jump /d3 Λ mp/ noun 1. a sudden movement up or down into the air \circ The jump was higher than she thought and she hurt her leg. 2. a sudden increase [~in] \blacksquare verb (jumps, jumping, jumped) 1. to go suddenly into the air from or towards the ground [//////~down/up/over etc] \circ She jumped down from the chair. \circ The horse jumped over the fence. 2. to make a sudden movement because you are frightened \circ She jumped when I came up behind her quietly and said 'Boo!'. \circ When they fired the gun, it made me jump.

jump at (3) phrasal verb to accept enthusiastically

(3) jumper /'d3Ampə/ noun a warm piece of clothing, usually made of wool, which covers the top part of your body and your arms

jumpy /'dʒʌmpi/ (**jumpier**, **jumpiest**) *adj* nervous and excited

③ **junction** $/d_{3A\eta k} \int \frac{\partial n}{\partial n}$ a place where railway lines or roads meet \circ *Go as far as the next junction and you will see the library on your right.* \circ *Leave the motorway at Junction 5.*

juncture /'dʒʌŋktʃə/ noun a point in time

① **June** /dʒuːn/ noun the sixth month of the year, between May and July ○ June 17 ○ Last June we had a holiday in Canada. (NOTE: **June 17th or June 17**: say 'June the seventeenth' or 'the seventeenth of June' or in US English: 'June seventeenth'.)

jungle ^{*j*}/dʒʌŋgəl/ *noun* an area of thick tropical forest which is difficult to travel through

(3) **junior** $\int dz$ intended for younger children \circ *She sings in the junior choir.* \circ *He plays for the junior hockey team.*

junior high school /'dʒu:niə haı/ noun a school in the US for children from 12 to 15 years old

junior school /'dʒuːniə skuːl/ noun a school for children from 7 to 11 years old

(3) **junk**/d3Aŋk/ noun useless articles, rubbish \circ Don't keep that – it's junk. \circ You should throw away all that junk you keep under your bed.

junk food /'dʒʌŋk fuːd/ *noun* prepared food which is not healthy, e.g. because it contains a lot of fat or sugar

junkie /'dʒʌŋki/ noun (slang) **1.** a person who is addicted to an illegal drug \circ The

junk mail

park is full of junkies and dossers at night. 2. a person who is very enthusiastic about something and cannot get enough of it \circ *I'm something of a crossword junkie.* \circ *Some Internet junkies spend a fortune on telephone bills.*

junk mail /'dʒʌŋk meɪl/ noun advertising material sent through the post, often thrown away immediately by the people who receive it because they do not want it

junta /'dʒʌntə/ noun a ruling group of ministers, a government which has taken power by force (NOTE: used mainly of military governments. The word is correctly pronounced as /'huntə/ but this pronunciation is not often used in English.)

jurisdiction /,dʒʊərɪs'dɪk∫ən/ *noun* legal power over someone or something

juror /'dʒʊərə/ noun a member of a jury

jury /'dʒʋəri/ (*plural* **juries**) noun **1.** a group of twelve citizens who are sworn to decide whether someone is guilty or innocent after hearing the evidence given in a court of law \circ *The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.* **2.** a group of judges in a competition \circ *He's been chosen to serve on the jury for the literary prize.* \diamond **the jury is still out (on this)** no one is sure what the result will be

⑦ **just**/dʒʌst/ adv 1. exactly \circ Is that too much sugar? – No, it's just right. \circ Thank you, that's just what I was looking for. \circ Just how many of students have got computers? \circ What time is it? – It's just seven \circ 'clock. \circ He's just fifteen – his birthday was yesterday. 2. showing the very recent past \circ The train has just arrived from Paris. \circ She had just got into her bath when the phone rang. \circ Thanks for calling – I was just good friends, nothing more. \circ I've been to Berlin just once. (2) **justice** $/^{1}d_{3A}st_{1S}/noun$ fair treatment in law \circ Justice must always be seen to be done.

justifiable /'dʒʌstɪfaɪəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be justified

(2) **justification** $/_1d_3Ast_1f_1'ke_1f(3)n/noun 1. a reason which shows that something has been done correctly [~for] <math>\circ$ *What was his justification for doing that*? \circ *They tried to find some justification for what they had done*. 2. (*in typing and printing*) arranging the words so that the ends of the lines are straight \circ *A American hyphenation and justification program will not work with British English spellings.*

justified /'d3Astifaid/ adj shown to be right

(2) **justify** /'dʒʌstɪfaɪ/ (**justifies**, **justifying**, **justified**) *verb* to show that something is fair, to prove that something is right o *How can you justify spending all that money*? o *How can you justify your behaviour*?

jut /d₃At/ (**juts**, **jutting**, **jutted**) *verb also* **jut out** to stick out, usually horizontally \circ *My hotel room has a balcony jutting out over a busy main road*. \circ *The cliff juts out into the lake*.

③ **juvenile** /'dʒuːvənaıl/ adj 1. referring to young people ○ Young offenders are tried before a juvenile court. 2. silly and annoying ■ noun a young person, officially, one under eighteen years of age ○ The police entered the club and arrested four people, two of them juveniles.

juvenile delinquent /,d3u:vənaIl dI 'lIŋkwənt/ noun a young person who commits minor crimes, especially crimes against property

juxtapose /,dʒʌkstə'pəʊz/ (juxtaposes, juxtaposing, juxtaposed) *verb* to place side by side, so as to show a difference (NOTE: + juxtaposition *n*) **k** /ke1/, **K** *noun* the eleventh letter of the alphabet, between J and L

③ **K** /ke1/ *abbr* one thousand

kaleidoscope /kə'laɪdəskəup/ noun **1**. a toy formed of a tube with mirrors which reflect small pieces of coloured material and make patterns when you move it while looking into it **2**. something which has a series of patterns and colours \circ *The kaleidoscope of autumn colours which you only see in parts of North America.*

kangaroo /,kæŋgə'ru:/ *noun* a large Australian animal, of which the female carries its young in a pouch

karaoke /,kæri'əʊki/ *noun* entertainment, coming originally from Japan, in which people sing to recorded music

karate /kə'rɑːti/ *noun* a Japanese style of fighting, where you hit sharp quick blows with the side of the hand or kicks with the feet

karma /'ko:mə/ noun **1**. the Hindu and Buddhist belief that the quality of people's current and future lives is determined by their behaviour in this and past lives **2**. the atmosphere which some people can feel is present in a place, situation, person, or object **3**. destiny or fate

kayak /'kaıæk/ *noun* a type of small boat which is pointed at both ends, and almost completely covered, with only a narrow opening for one person to sit in

kebab /k1'bæb/ noun small pieces of meat or vegetables, cooked on a long metal stick

(2) **keen** /ki:n/ (**keener**, **keenest**) adj 1. enthusiastic about doing something or wanting to do something $\circ I$ wanted to see the film but my friend wasn't keen. \circ We're keen to keep the cost as low as possible. 2. **keen on something/someone** liking something or someone a lot [\sim on] $\circ I$ am not very keen on classical music. $\circ I$ don't think she's very keen on her new maths teacher. \circ He's keen on keeping fit – he goes running every morning. 3. very strong \circ She has a keen interest in politics. \circ Our product has keen competition but it's selling well. **4.** very sensitive \circ Bats have a keen sense of hearing.

(1) **keep** /kirp/ (keeps, keeping, kept) *verb* **1.** to continue to have something \circ *Can I keep the newspaper I borrowed from* you? \circ I don't want that book any more, you can keep it. \circ The police kept my gun and won't give it back. 2. to continue to do something o The clock kept going even after I dropped it on the floor. \circ He had to keep smiling so that people would think he was pleased. \circ Keep quiet or they'll hear *you.* • *Luckily the weather kept fine for the* fair. \circ The food will keep warm in the oven. 3. to have or to put something in a particular place $\circ I$ keep my car keys in my pocket. • Where do you keep the paper for the laser *printer?* **4.** to make someone or something stay in a place or state \circ It's cruel to keep animals in cages. \circ I was kept late at the office. \circ They kept us waiting for half an hour. \circ We put the plates in the oven to keep *them warm.* **5.** to stay \circ *Keep close to me.*

keep back phrasal verb 1. to hold on to something which you should give to someone ○ They kept back £20 from the deposit to cover damage to the carpet. 2. □ to keep something back from someone not to tell someone information which you could give to them ○ I have the feeling that she's keeping something back from us.

keep down phrasal verb **1**. to keep at a low level \circ Keep your voice down, the police will hear us! **2**. to bend down in order to hide from someone \circ Keep down behind the wall so that they won't see us.

keep off phrasal verb **1**. not to walk on something \circ Keep off the grass! **2**. not to use \circ If he can keep off drink, his health will improve.

keep on ① *phrasal verb* to continue doing something \circ *My computer keeps on breaking down.* \circ *The cars kept on moving, though very slowly.* \circ *Keep on trying!* **keep on at** *(informal) (informal) (informal) (or solution) (informal) (informal) (or solution) (informal) (informal) (or solution) (or solution)*

keep out *(i) phrasal verb* **1.** to stop someone going in \circ *We put up notices telling people to keep their dogs out of the field where the lambs are.* **2.** not to go in \circ *There were 'Keep Out!' notices round the building site.* **3.** not to get involved \circ *He kept out of the quarrel.* \circ *Try to keep out of trouble with the police.*

keep to phrasal verb **1**. to follow the same direction when you are going somewhere \circ Keep to this road until you come to the library, then turn left. **2**. to make something stay inside a limit \circ Keep your speed to 30 miles per hour in towns. **3**. to do what you have agreed to do, or what a rule or law says you must do \circ Don't worry I'll keep to my promise to pay back the money. \circ The company kept to the regulations and had good records. **4**. not to move away from the main subject being discussed \circ Let's keep to the subject of widening the motorway. \circ Keep to the point.

keep up() phrasal verb 1. to make something stay at the same high level \circ He finds it very difficult to keep up his German. \circ They won't be able to keep up that speed for very long. 2. to prevent someone from going to sleep or to bed \circ The noise from the street kept us up all night. **keep up with**() phrasal verb 1. to go at the same speed as someone \circ My foot hurts, that's why I can't keep up with the others. \circ His salary hasn't kept up with the cost of living. 2. to keep yourself informed about \circ Have you been keeping up with the news from Russia?

keeper /'ki:pə/ noun **1**. a person in charge of a certain type of animal in a $zoo \circ an$ *elephant keeper* **2**. a person in charge of a section of a museum \circ *The keeper of Roman coins in the British Museum.* **3**. same as **goalkeeper** (*sport*)

keeping /'ki:piŋ/ noun \Box in or out of **keeping with** in or not in the same style as something else \circ The dinner plates are antiques, in keeping with the furniture in the dining room.

keg /keg/ *noun* a small round container for liquid, especially alcohol

kennel /'ken(\mathfrak{p})l/ noun a small house for a dog

③ **kept** /kept/ past tense and past participle of **keep**

kerb /k31b/ *noun* the stone edge of a path along the side of a road

kernel /'k3:n(\ni)l/ noun 1. the softer inside part of a nut which you can eat \circ Squirrels bite into nuts to get at the kernel. 2. the centre, the essential part \circ At the heart of every classical myth is a kernel of truth. (NOTE: Do not confuse with colonel.)

kerosene /'kerəsi:n/ *noun especially US* a type of thin oil, e.g. used in lights or heaters

ketchup /'ket∫əp/ *noun* a type of tomato sauce

kettle /'ket(a)l/ *noun* a container used for boiling water

() **key** /ki:/ noun 1. a shaped piece of metal that you use to open a lock or to start a car $\circ I$ can't start the car, I've lost the key. \circ Where did you put the front door key? 2. one of the moving parts which you push down with your fingers on a typewriter, a computer or a musical instrument such as a piano \circ The 'F' key always sticks. \circ There are 64 keys on the keyboard. 3. a system of musical tones \circ This piece of music is written in the key of F major. \blacksquare adj most important \circ The key person in the team is the goalkeeper. \circ The key person in the company is the sales manager. \circ Oil is a key industry.

③ **keyboard** /'ki:bb:d/ noun a set of keys on something such as a computer or piano ○ She spilled her coffee on the computer keyboard. ○ He practises on the keyboard every day. ■ verb (keyboards, keyboarding, keyboarded) to put information into a computer using a keyboard ○ She was keyboarding the figures.

keyhole /'ki:həʊl/ *noun* a hole in a lock which you put a key into

keynote /'ki:nəut/ noun a main subject \circ The keynote of the meeting was the need for political compromise.

keypad /'ki:pæd/ noun a set of special keys on a computer keyboard, e.g. the number keys

keyword /'ki:w3:d/ noun 1. a word used as a reference point for further information or as a guide to show you what is contained in a document 2. a series of letters and numbers, often in the form of a common word, which has a special meaning for a computer database or programming or command language

khaki /'kɑːki/ adj of a dull yellow-brown colour, like that sometimes worn by soldiers \circ I don't like those dull khaki cushions in the living room. ② **kick** /kık/ noun **1**. the act of hitting something with your foot \circ *The goalkeeper* gave the ball a kick. **2**. a feeling of excitement \circ *He gets a kick out of watching a* football match on *TV*. **•** verb (**kicks, kicking, kicked**) to hit something with your foot \circ *He kicked the ball into the net*. \circ *She kicked her little brother.*

kick in phrasal verb 1. to make something open by kicking it \circ The police kicked the door in. 2. to start to have an effect \circ The car really moves when the turbocharger kicks in.

kick off (3) phrasal verb 1. to start a game of football \circ They kicked off at 3.00 and by half-time there was still no score. 2. to start \circ Let's kick off with a discussion about modern painters.

kick out(3) phrasal verb to get rid of someone (informal)

kick-off /'kik of/ *noun* the start of a football game

kick start /'k1k start/ verb to make something start or start again \circ The government's plans to kick start the economy.

① **kid** /ktd/ noun **1**. a child (informal) \circ There were a few school kids on their bicycles. \circ They're married with two kids. **2**. a young goat \bullet verb (**kids**, **kidding**, **kidded**) to make someone believe something which is not true \circ Are you kidding? \circ She tried to kid me that she'd had an accident.

kiddie /'k1di/ noun a small child (informal)

(3) **kidnap** /'kɪdnæp/ (**kidnaps, kidnapping, kidnapped**) *verb* to take someone away illegally and keep them prisoner (NOTE: + **kidnapper** *n*)

③ **kidney** /'kɪdni/ *noun* one of a pair of organs in animals that clean the blood and remove waste from it

kidney bean /'kɪdni biːn/ *noun* a type of bean with reddish seeds which look a little like kidneys

() **kill** /kıl/ (**kills, killing, killed**) verb to make someone or something die \circ Sixty people were killed in the plane crash. $\circ A$ long period of dry weather could kill all the crops.

killer /'kılə/ noun 1. a person who kills \circ The police are still hunting for the killer. 2. which kills \circ a killer flu virus

killing /'kılıŋ/ noun the process of putting a person or animal to death \circ *The police are investigating the killing of the tourists.* \circ *There have been reports of killings in the villages.* \circ *The killing of rhinos has been banned.* **kiln** /k1ln/ *noun* an oven for making objects from clay hard enough to last

(3) kilo /'kiːləʊ/ abbr kilogram

kilobyte /'kɪləʊbaɪt/ *noun* a unit of storage for a computer equal to 1,024 bytes

(3) **kilogram** /'kɪləgræm/, **kilogramme** noun a measure of weight equal to one thousand grams (NOTE: written **kg** after figures: 20kg)

(3) **kilometre** /'k1lə,mi:tə/ *noun* a measure of distance equal to one thousand metres

kilt /kɪlt/ *noun* a skirt, usually of tartan cloth, worn by men in Scotland, and also by women

kin /kin/ noun \square next of kin a person's nearest relative \circ After the fatal accident, the police informed the next of kin. \circ Names of the victims will not be released until their next of kin have been informed.

① kind /kaınd/ adj friendly and helpful \circ It's very kind of you to offer to help. \circ How kind of you to invite him to your party! \circ You should always be kind to little children. \circ He's a kind old gentleman. \blacksquare noun a type [\sim of] \circ A butterfly is a kind of insect. \circ We have several kinds of apples in our garden. \circ We discussed all kinds of things. \diamond of a kind similar \circ The three sisters are three of a kind. \diamond it's nothing of the kind that's not correct at all \diamond kind of in a certain way (informal) \circ I was kind of annoyed when she told me that.

kindergarten /'kındəgart(ə)n/ noun a school for little children

kindle /'kInd(ϑ)l/ (kindles, kindling, kindled) verb 1. to make something catch fire \circ A cigarette end must have kindled the dead leaves. 2. to make someone start to feel something \circ The aim of the class is to kindle an interest in art.

kindling /'kındlıŋ/ *noun* material such as small pieces of wood, used for starting a fire

(3) **kindness** /'kaındnəs/ noun **1**. the quality of being kind \circ *She was touched by his kindness*. **2**. a kind act

() king /kiŋ/ noun 1. a man who governs a country by right of birth ○ *The king and queen came to visit the town*. (NOTE: king is spelt with a capital letter when used with a name or when referring to a particular person: *King Henry VIII*.) 2. the main piece in chess ○ *She moved her knight to place his king in check*. 3. (*in cards*) the card with the face of a man, coming before the ace and after the queen in value ○ *He knew he could* win when he drew the king of spades. **4.** a person in the top position

③ kingdom /'kıŋdəm/ noun 1. the land ruled over by a king or queen ○ England is part of the United Kingdom. ○ He gave her a book of fairy stories about a magic kingdom. 2. a part of the world of nature ○ the animal kingdom

kingpin /¹kiŋpin/ noun the main person in an organisation (*informal*)

king-size /'kiŋ saiz/ adj bigger than the usual size

kink /kiŋk/ noun **1**. a twist in something that should be straight \circ Can you straighten the flex, it's got a kink in it. **2**. a peculiar mental state \circ He has a kink about women's underwear.

kinship /'k $In \int Ip$ / *noun* the relationship that exists between people in the same family

kiosk /'kirbsk/ noun a small shelter, for selling goods out of doors

kipper /'k1pə/ noun a split herring, salted and smoked

③ **kiss** /kis/ noun the act of touching someone with your lips to show that you are pleased to see them or that you like them $[-on] \circ$ She gave the baby a kiss on the cheek. \Box to blow someone a kiss to touch your lips with your hand and then hold out your hand to a person at a distance \circ As the train left, she blew him a kiss. \blacksquare verb (kisses, kissing, kissed) to touch someone with your lips to show that you are pleased to see them or that you like them $[-on] \circ$ They kissed each other on both cheeks.

③ **kit** /ktt/ noun clothes and personal equipment, usually kept in a bag \circ *Did you bring your tennis kit*?

① **kitchen** /'kɪt $\int In/noun$ a room where you can cook food \circ She put the meat down on the kitchen table. \circ If you're hungry, have a look in the kitchen to see if there's anything to eat.

③ **kite** /katt/ noun a toy made of light wood and paper or cloth which is flown in the wind on the end of a string \circ *He was flying his kite from the top of the hill.*

③ kitten /'kɪt(ə)n/ noun a young cat

kitty /'kıti/ noun money which has been collected from each member of a group of people to be used for everyone later \circ We each put £5 into the kitty for the office party.

knack /næk/ noun an ability or tendency to do something, often something wrong (informal) \circ She has a knack for talking to strangers. \circ He has this knack of accidentally offending people.

knackered /'nækəd/ adj very tired (*slang*)

knead /ni:d/ (**kneads**, **kneading**, **knead-ed**) *verb* to press and fold dough before it is cooked to make bread

② **knee** /ni:/ noun 1. the part on your body where the upper and the lower leg join, where your leg bends \circ *She sat the child on* her knee. \circ *He was on his knees looking* under the bed. 2. the part of a pair of trousers that covers the knee \circ *My jeans have* holes in both knees.

kneecap /'ni:kæp/ noun the little bone in front of the knee \circ He hurt his kneecap when he fell.

knee-jerk /'ni: d33:k/ *adj* tending to react without thinking, or happening as a result of such a reaction

(2) **kneel** /nil/ (**kneels**, **kneeling**, **kneeled**, **knelt**) *verb* to go down on your knees

③ knew /nju1/ past tense of know

knickers /'n1k \exists z/ plural noun a piece of a woman's or girl's underwear for the lower body \circ She bought a pair of blue knickers. () **knife** /naıf/ noun (plural **knives**) an instrument used for cutting, with a sharp metal blade fixed in a handle \circ Put out a knife, fork and spoon for each person. \circ You need a sharp knife to cut meat. \blacksquare verb (**knifes, knifing, knifed**) to injure someone using a knife \circ He was knifed in the back during the fight.

knighthood /'narthud/ noun the position of being a knight

③ **knit** /nt/ (**knits**, **knitting**, **knitted** or **knit**) verb to make cloth out of wool by joining threads together using two long needles \circ My mother is knitting me a pullover. \circ She was wearing a blue knitted hat.

(3) knitting /'nitin/ noun 1. the action of making something out of wool with knitting needles o Her great hobby is knitting.
2. a piece of work which is in the process of being made by knitting o She brought her knitting with her to the conference.

knitwear /'nɪtweə/ noun knitted clothes such as jumpers and pullovers

knives /naɪvz/ plural of knife

knob /npb/ noun 1. a rounded handle that you turn, e.g. on a door or drawer \circ *To open the door, just turn the knob.* 2. a round object which you turn to operate a radio or TV, etc. \circ *Turn the knob to increase the volume.* ① knock /npk/ noun a sound made by hitting something ■ verb (knocks, knocking, knocked) to hit something ○ Knock twice before going in. ○ You'll need a heavy hammer to knock that nail in.

knock about (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to wander about doing nothing \circ *He spent several years knocking about the back streets of New Orleans.* **2**. \Box **to knock someone about** to beat someone \circ *He was badly knocked about in the fight.* \Box **to knock something about** to damage something *o The cathedral was badly knocked about in the bombardment.* **3**. to be in a place (*informal*) \circ *Can you see my hammer knocking about anywhere?*

knock back (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to drink a drink quickly \circ *He knocked back his drink and ran outside*. **2**. \Box **to knock someone back a sum** to cost someone an amount of money \circ *It will knock me back a few hundred pounds.*

knock down (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to make something fall down \circ *They are going to knock down the old house to build a factory*. **2**. to hit someone or something \circ *She was knocked down by a car.* **3**. to reduce a price \circ *They knocked the price down to £50*. **4**. to sell something to someone at an auction \circ *It was knocked down to a German buyer for £250*.

knock off (3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to make something fall off by hitting it \circ *The cat knocked the glass off the shelf.* **2.** to stop work \circ *The workmen all knocked off at* 4.30. **3.** to reduce the price of something by an amount \circ *He knocked £1000 off the price of the car.*

knock out (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to hit someone so hard that they are no longer conscious \circ *She was knocked out by a blow on the head.* \circ *The boxer was knocked out in the third round.* **2**. to make someone go to sleep \circ *The doctor gave her something which knocked her out.*

knock up phrasal verb **1**. to wake someone up \circ Can you knock me up early tomorrow morning? **2**. to put something together rapidly \circ She knocked up a dinner for six people at half an hour's notice. \circ He knocked up a garden shed out of old pieces of timber.

knocker /'nokə/ noun **1**. a knob or ring attached to a door which can be hit against it to call attention \circ *The bell on the front* door doesn't work, so you have to use the knocker. **2**. a person who is always criticising something \circ The letter in the paper should silence the government's knockers.

knock-on effect /'nok pn_1 , fekt/ *adj* an effect which follows on from something [~on] \circ *The airport strike had a knock-on effect on the tourist industry.*

knockout /'npkaot/ noun (in boxing) the action of hitting someone so hard that they lose consciousness \circ *He won by a knockout* (*KO*) in the third round.

③ **knot** /npt/ noun 1. one or more pieces of string, rope, or other fibre, twisted and fastened together \circ Boy Scouts are supposed to be able to tie knots. \circ Is the knot of my tie straight? 2. a measure of the speed of a ship, or of the wind \circ The ship was doing 22 knots when she hit the rocks. \circ There's a wind speed of 60 knots.

(i) know /nəʊ/ (knows, knowing, knew, **known**) verb 1. to have learned something. or have information about something [~(that)/~what/whether/if/ why/ how etc] o Do you know all the words to this song? \circ He didn't know that she had died. • You knew it would be expensive. \circ His secretary doesn't know where he is. \circ Do you know how to start the computer? \circ Do you know the Spanish for 'one – two – three'? **2.** to have met someone $\circ I$ know your sis*ter* – *we were at school together.* \circ *I used to* know a man called Peter Jones who worked in your company.

to know someone by sight to know who someone is, even though you have never spoken to him or her **3**. to have been to a place often $\circ I$ know Paris very well. O She doesn't know Germany at all.
in to know somewhere like the back of your hand to be very familiar with a place \Diamond as far as I know all I know is that \circ *As far as I know, he left by* car at 6 p.m. \circ Is she in trouble? – Not as far as I know. \diamond in the know knowing something that most people do not know \circ Those in the know say that's the best restaurant in town. O Someone in the know gave me the tip. \diamond to know better than to have the experience to avoid making a mistake o You should know better than to wake grandfather up when he's having his after*noon nap.* \diamond you never know perhaps \circ You never know, she may still turn up.

know-all /'nəʊ ɔːl/ noun a person who claims he knows everything (*informal*)

know-how /'nəʊ hau/ noun knowledge about how something is made or is done (*informal*)

knowing /'nəuŋ/ *adj* showing that you know about something

knowingly

knowingly /'nəuŋli/ adv 1. deliberately, on purpose \circ *He is accused of knowingly handling stolen goods*. 2. showing that you know about something \circ *He glanced knowingly in her direction*.

① **knowledge** /'nplid3/ noun the general facts or information that people know \circ No encyclopedia can contain all human knowledge.

knowledgeable /'nplrdʒəb(ə)l/ adj who knows a lot about something

(3) **known** /nəʊn/ past participle of **know knuckle** /'nʌk(ə)l/ *noun* a part where two bones join in a finger

knuckle down phrasal verb to start work-

ing hard (informal)

knuckle under phrasal verb to give in to someone

koala /kəu'ɑːlə/, **koala bear** *noun* a small Australian animal which carries its young in a pouch and lives in trees

kosher /'kəu∫ə/ adj (of food) prepared according to Jewish law

Kremlin /'kremlin/ *noun* the Russian government and its building in Moscow

kudos /'kju:dos/ noun glory, fame

kung fu /, $kA\eta$ 'fu:/ *noun* a Chinese style of fighting, where you can kick as well as punch



/el/, L noun the twelfth letter of the alphabet, between K and M

③ **lab** /læb/ noun same as **laboratory** (informal)

(3) **label** /'leıb(\Im)l/ noun a note attached to something to give information about, e.g. its price, its contents or someone's name and address \circ She stuck a label on the parcel. \circ The price on the label is £25.00. \blacksquare verb (labels, labelling, labelled) to put a label on something \circ All the goods are labelled with the correct price.

labor /'leibə/ noun, verb US spelling of labour

(3) **laboratory** /lə'borət(ə)ri/ (plural laboratories) noun a place where scientific experiments, testing and research are carried out \circ She's a chemist working in the university laboratories. \circ All our products are tested in our own laboratories.

laborious /lə'bɔ:riəs/ adj difficult, involving a lot of work over a period of time, and often boring \circ Moving the pile of sand to the back of the house was a laborious task

③ **labor union** /'leɪbə ,jʊnjən/ *noun US* a trade union

1) labour /'leibə/ noun 1. work, especially hard work \circ *Does the price include the* cost of labour? 2. the people who do work • Cheap labour is difficult to find. 3. the process of giving birth to a baby o She went into labour at home, and her husband drove her to the hospital. \circ She was in labour for 12 hours. ■ verb (labours, labouring, laboured) 1. to work hard o They laboured night and day to finish the project *in time.* **2.** to do something with difficulty \circ She laboured across the room to me. \Box to labour under an impression or a delu**sion** to have a wrong impression, to assume something which is quite wrong \circ *He* was labouring under the delusion that air fares were cheaper in Europe than in the USA. **to labour the point** to discuss something for too long o I don't want to labour the point, but may I raise the question for the third time?

laboured /'leıbəd/ *adj* showing signs of too much effort (NOTE: The US spelling is **labored**.)

labourer /'leɪbərə/ *noun* a person who does heavy work with his hands

labour force /'leɪbə fɔːs/ *noun* the total number of workers employed in a country, an industry or an organisation

labour-intensive /,leibər in'tensiv/ adj involving a high number of employees or greater costs for labour than for other areas such as materials, machines or design

labour market /'leɪbə ,mɑːkɪt/ noun a supply of workers ready and available for work

labour movement /'leɪbə ,muːvmənt/ noun organisations whose aims are to improve conditions for workers and get political power

labyrinth /'læbərin θ / noun a system of complicated paths, alleys or corridors which it is difficult to find your way out of

③ **lace** /lets/ noun **1**. a thin strip of material for tying up a shoe or other piece of clothing \circ His laces kept coming undone. \circ She's too little to be able to do up her laces herself. **2**. cloth made with open patterns of threads, like a net \circ a lace tablecloth \circ Her wedding dress was trimmed with lace. (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

laceration $/_{l}$ læsə'rei $\int(a)n/$ noun a place where flesh has been torn

② **lack** /læk/ noun the fact that you do not have something ○ *The children are suffering from a lack of food.* ○ *The project was cancelled because of lack of funds.* (NOTE: no plural) ■ *verb* (**lacks, lacking, lacked**) not to have enough of something ○ *The sales staff lack interest in what they are doing.*

(3) **lacking** /'lækıŋ/ adj not having any [~in] \circ Support for people looking after elderly relatives has been sadly lacking. \circ She's completely lacking in business sense.

lacquer

lacquer /'lækə/ noun 1. a type of hard shiny varnish or paint, often used on wood or metal \circ *The coating of lacquer on the chest had begun to crack.* 2. a spray for keeping hair in place (old) \circ *Cover your eyes if you're using hair lacquer anywhere near your face.* (NOTE: + lacquer v)

lactose /'læktəus/ noun a sugar contained in milk

③ lad /læd/ noun a boy or young man

③ **ladder** /'lædə/ noun an object made of several bars between two posts, used for climbing up to high places \circ The ladder was leaning against the wall. \circ He was climbing up a ladder. \circ She got down off the ladder.

ladle /'lerd(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a large deep spoon for serving liquid foods such as soup \circ The cook stood by the soup bowl, with her ladle in her hand. \blacksquare verb (ladles, ladling, ladled) also ladle out to serve with a ladle

(2) **lady** /'letdi/ (plural ladies) noun a polite way of referring to a woman \circ There are two ladies waiting to see you.

ladybird /'leɪdibɜ:d/ *noun* a type of small beetle, usually red with black spots (NOTE: The US term is **ladybug**.)

lag /læg/ noun an interval of time between two linked happenings \circ There's often a long time lag between setting up in business and seeing any results. \diamond **jet lag** verb (**lags, lagging, lagged) 1.** to be behind, to fall behind \circ She was lagging 10m behind the leaders. **2.** to cover water pipes to prevent them losing heat or freezing \circ Make sure your pipes are lagged before the winter.

③ **lager** /'la:gə/ noun a type of light beer • He came to the bar and ordered six pints of lager.

lagoon /lə'guːn/ noun a shallow part of the sea in the tropics, surrounded by reefs

③ **laid** /leid/ past tense and past participle of **lay**

③ **laid-back** /,leid 'bæk/ adj relaxed, not in a hurry (*informal*)

lain /lein/ past participle of lie verb 2

lair /leə/ noun a place where a wild animal sleeps (informal)

② **lake** /le1k/ noun an area of water surrounded by land ○ Let's take a boat out on the lake. ○ We can sail across the lake. ○ The hotel stands on the shores of Lake Windermere.

③ **lamb** /læm/ noun **1**. a young sheep \circ In spring, the fields are full of sheep and their little lambs. **2**. meat from a lamb or sheep

 $\circ~a~leg~of~lamb~\circ~roast~lamb$ (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

lambast /læm'bæst/ verb to be very critical of someone or something

lame /leim/ adj (lamer, lamest) 1. not able to walk properly \circ *He is lame in his left leg.* 2. weak or unsatisfactory \circ *He produced a very lame excuse for not coming to the meeting.* \blacksquare *verb* (lames, laming, lamed) to injure someone so that he or she cannot walk properly

lame duck /,leIm 'dAk/ *noun* someone or something that is regarded as weak and unsuccessful

lame-duck /'leIm ,dAk/ *adj* regarded as weak and unsuccessful \circ *lame-duck company* \circ *lame-duck president* (NOTE: only used before a noun)

lament /lə'ment/ (laments, lamenting, lamented) verb to be very sad about \circ We are still lamenting the closure of our local post office. (NOTE: + lament n)

lamentable /'læməntəb(ə)l/ adj very bad

laminate¹ /'læmɪnət/ (laminates, laminating, laminated) verb 1. to cover something with a thin protective sheet 2. to bond layers together

laminate² /'læmineit/ *noun* a hard material made up of bonded layers

② **lamp**/læmp/ noun an object which produces light \circ *The hall is lit by large electric lamps*.

lampoon /læm'pu:n/ (**lampoons**, **lampooning**, **lampooned**) *verb* to use humour as a way of attacking somebody or something in a piece of writing

lamppost /'læmp,pəʊst/ noun a tall post by the side of a road, holding a lamp

③ **lampshade** /'læmpʃeɪd/ *noun* a cover put over a lamp

LAN /læn/ abbr local area network

lance /lains/ noun a long pointed stick carried by a knight in armour

① land /lænd/ noun earth, as opposed to water \circ They were glad to be back on (dry) land again after two weeks at sea. (NOTE: no plural) • verb (lands, landing, landed) to arrive on the ground, or on another surface [~at/~on/in/under] \circ The flight from Amsterdam has landed. \circ We will be landing at London Airport in five minutes. \circ The ducks tried to land on the ice.

land up (a) *phrasal verb* to end in a place (*informal*) \circ *I got the wrong train and landed up in Scotland.*

landfill /'lændfil/ *noun* a way of disposing of rubbish by putting it into holes in the ground and covering it with earth

landing /'lændiŋ/ noun 1. (especially of aircraft) an instance of arriving on the ground or on a surface \circ The plane made a smooth landing. \diamond crash-landing 2. a flat area at the top of a set of stairs \circ She was waiting for me on the landing.

③ **landlady** /'lændleɪdi/ (plural landladies) noun a woman from whom you rent a place to live \circ You must pay your rent to the landlady every month.

landline /'læn(d),laɪn/ *noun* a telephone which sends sound by cable rather than by satellite. Compare **mobile phone**

landlocked /'lændlokt/ *adj* more or less surrounded by land

(3) **landlord** /'lændlo:d/ noun a man or company from whom you rent property such as a house, room or office \circ Tell the landlord if your roof leaks. \circ The landlord refused to make any repairs to the roof.

landmark /'lændmaːk/ noun a building or large object on land which you can see easily \circ *The statue is a famous landmark.*

landmass /'lændmæs/ noun a large area of land

landmine /'lændmaɪn/ noun a small bomb hidden under the surface of the soil, which explodes if disturbed

landowner /'lændəʊnə/ *noun* a person who owns land, and may rent it out

(3) **landscape** /'lændskeip/ noun 1. the appearance of the countryside \circ the beautiful landscape of the West Country 2. a painting of a country scene \circ He collects 18th century English landscapes.

landslide /'lændslaɪd/ noun 1. a sudden fall of large amounts of soil and rocks down the side of a mountain \circ Landslides have blocked several roads through the mountains. 2. an large majority obtained in an election \circ The Socialists won in a landslide or won a landslide victory.

② **lane** /lein/ noun 1. a narrow road, often in the country ○ a lane with hedges on both sides 2. a part of a road for traffic going in a particular direction or at a certain speed ○ Motorways usually have three lanes on either side. ○ One lane of the motorway has been closed for repairs.

() **language** /'læŋgwidʒ/ noun a way of speaking or writing used in a country or by a group of people ○ We go to English language classes twice a week. ○ She can speak several European languages. **language laboratory** /'læŋgwɪdʒ lə ,bbrət(ə)ri/ *noun* a room with tape recorders and monitors where students listen to lessons in foreign languages in order to practise their language skills

languid /'læŋgwid/ *adj* moving slowly, without any energy

languish /'læŋgwɪ∫/ (**languishes**, **languishing**, **languished**) *verb* to become weaker or more ill, to be in a bad situation **lanky** /'læŋki/ (**lankier**, **lankiest**) *adj* tall, thin and awkward

lantern /'læntən/ *noun* an oil or gas lamp which can be carried in the hand

lap /læp/ noun **1**. the part of your body from your waist to your knees when you are sitting \circ She listened to the story, sitting in her father's lap. **2**. one turn round a racetrack \circ He's finished lap 23 – only two laps to go! • verb (laps, lapping, lapped) **1**. (of animals) to drink with the tongue \circ The dog lapped the water in the pond. **2**. to go so fast that you are one whole lap ahead of another person in a race \circ The winner had lapped three other runners.

lap up phrasal verb **1.** (of animals) to drink greedily with the tongue \circ The cat was lapping up the milk. **2.** to accept something enthusiastically \circ She told him how good his book was, and he just sat there lapping it up.

lapel /lə'pel/ noun one of the two parts of a coat or jacket which are folded back, just above the top button that fastens it

lapse /læps/ noun 1. an interval of time, especially when something does not take place \circ There is a lapse of two seconds between touching the switch and the screen lighting up. \circ They have started work on the motorway again after a considerable lapse of time. 2. a failure of something to work properly \circ I must have had a lapse of memory. \blacksquare verb (lapses, lapsing, lapsed) 1. to stop \circ All rubbish collections lapsed during the strike. 2. to stop being valid \circ My parking permit has lapsed, I must get it renewed.

lapse into *phrasal verb* to fall into a worse state than before \circ *The country lapsed into anarchy when the president* was assassinated. \circ After the brain operation, she lapsed into a coma from which she never recovered.

③ **laptop** /'læptop/ noun a small computer which can be held on your knees **lard** /lɑ:d/ noun pork fat used in cooking **larder** /'lɑ:də/ noun a cool room or cupboard for storing food ① **large** /la: d_2/adj big \circ She ordered a large cup of coffee. \circ Our house has one large bedroom and two very small ones. \circ How large is your garden? \circ Why has she got an office which is larger than mine?

(2) **largely** /'la:d3li/ adv mainly, mostly \circ The price rises are largely due to increased demand.

③ **large-scale** /'lɑ:dʒ skeɪl/ *adj* involving large numbers of people or large amounts of money

lark /lo:k/ noun a bird which sings and flies high in the sky \circ *Larks were singing high up above the fields.*

larva /'loːvə/ (plural larvae) noun the early stage of development of an insect, like a fat worm and different in form from the adult

lasagne /lə'zænjə/ noun a type of flat pasta, served cooked with meat or vegetable sauce

laser /'leizə/ noun an instrument which produces a concentrated beam of light; lasers can be used to cut through hard materials, and to carry out some medical operations

laser printer /'leɪzə, printə/ noun an office printing machine which prints using a laser beam

lash /læʃ/ (lashes, lashing, lashed) verb **1.** to beat something with a whip \circ She lashed at the horse to make it go faster. **2.** to beat against something, as if with a whip \circ The rain was lashing against the windows. **3.** to fasten or tie down tightly with rope \circ Containers carried on the deck of a ship must be securely lashed down.

lass /læs/ noun (in the North of England & Scotland) a girl or young woman

(1) last /last / adj 1. coming at the end of a list, line or period of time o The post office is the last building on the right. \circ The invoice must be paid by the last day of the month. at last, at long last in the end, after a long time **2.** most recent \circ *She's been* ill for the last ten days. O The last three *books I read were rubbish.* **adv 1.** at the end \circ Out of a queue of twenty people, I was served last. \circ I'll print the labels last. **2.** most recently \circ When did you see her *last?* \circ *She was looking ill when I saw her* last or when I last saw her. • verb (lasts, lasting, lasted) to continue for some time [~for/until/through etc] o The storm lasted all night. \circ The meeting lasted for three *hours.* \circ *The fine weather won't last until the weekend*. \Diamond **last but one** the one before

the last one \circ *My last car but one was a Rolls Royce.*

last-ditch / $last 'dt \int / adj$ final, last before something unpleasant happens

lasting /'lastin/ adj which lasts for a long time

lastly /'lastli/ adv at the end

③ **last-minute** / lost 'minit/ adj very late

last name /'last neim/ noun a person's surname

last orders /lɑɪst 'ɔːdəz/ plural noun, interj the final opportunity to buy drinks before a pub or bar closes

last word /last 'wasd/ noun the very latest fashion

latch $/\text{let} \int / \text{noun}$ the fastening for a door consisting of a small bar which fits into a catch \circ *The burglars pushed on the door and broke the latch.*

① late /lett/ adj 1. after the usual or expected time \circ The plane is thirty minutes late. \circ It's too late to change your ticket. \circ Hurry or you'll be late for the show. \circ We apologise for the late arrival of the plane from Amsterdam. 2. at the end of a period of time \circ The traffic was bad in the late afternoon. \circ He moved to London in the late 1980s. 3. a word used about people instead of 'dead' in order to be polite \circ His late father was a director of the company. (NOTE: only used before a noun in this meaning)

latecomer /'leɪtkʌmə/ noun a person who arrives late

lately /'leɪtli/ adv during recent days or weeks

late-night /'lert nart/ adj happening late at night

latent /'leɪt(ə)nt/ *adj* present but not yet developed; hidden

later /'lertə/ adv at a time after the present; at a time after a time which has been mentioned \circ *The family came to live in England and she was born a month later.* \circ *Can we meet later this evening?* \diamond **see you later!** I hope to see you again later to-day \diamond **later (on)** afterwards, at a later time \circ *I'll do it later on.* \circ *We were only told later that she was very ill.*

lateral /'læt(\Im)r \Im / *adj* referring to the side **latest** /'lettIst/ (*informal*) *adj* the most recent \circ Have you seen his latest film? \circ He always drives the latest model car. \circ The latest snow reports are published each day in the papers. \blacksquare noun \Box the latest the most recent news \circ Have you heard the latest about Gina? \diamond **at the latest** no later than

large

latex /'lerteks/ noun the milky juice from a rubber tree \circ The raw latex is collected and then heated to make rubber.

lather / la: $\partial \partial / noun$ **1**. a mass of soap bubbles \circ *The barber covered my chin with lather*. **2**. (*especially on horses*) a sweat like froth

Latin /'lætın/ noun the language spoken by the ancient Romans \circ We learnt Latin at school. \circ The inscription on the tomb is in Latin.

latitude /'lætit ju:d/ noun 1. a position on the earth's surface measured in degrees north or south of the equator \circ *Pine trees* grow in temperate latitudes. \diamond **longitude 2.** freedom to do what you want to do \circ *The* management allows the heads of department considerable latitude in selecting staff.

latte /'læteɪ/ noun a coffee made with hot milk

(2) **latter** /'lætə/ *adj* **1**. used for referring to the second of two people or things mentioned **2**. towards the end of the period of time mentioned \circ *I'm busy on Monday and Tuesday, but I'll be free during the latter part of the week.* **a** noun **be latter** the second person or thing mentioned of two people or things \circ *Which do you prefer, apples or pears? – I prefer the latter.*

(2) **laugh** /la:f/ noun a sound you make when you think something is funny \circ He's got a lovely deep laugh. \circ 'That's right,' she said with a laugh. \blacksquare verb (laughs, laughing, laughed) to make a sound to show you think something is funny [/~at] \circ Everyone was laughing at his jokes. \diamond to do something for a laugh to do something as a joke or for fun \circ Don't be angry – they only did it for a laugh.

laughable /'lɑːfəb(ə)l/ *adj* ridiculous or unreasonable

laughing stock /'la:fin stok/ noun a person who is laughed at by everyone

laughter /'la:ftə/ noun the sound or act of laughing \circ As soon as he opened his mouth, the audience burst into laughter. (NOTE: no plural)

(2) **launch** $lisint \int lown 1$. the act of starting off a boat or a spacecraft \circ *The launch of the new car went off successfully.* \circ *The rocket launch has been delayed by two weeks.* **2.** the act of starting off the sale of a new product \circ *The launch of the new car went off successfully.* \blacksquare *verb* (launches, launching, launched) 1. to put a boat into

the water, especially for the first time and with a lot of ceremony \circ *The Queen launched the new ship.* **2**. to send a spacecraft into space \circ *The spacecraft was launched from Cape Kennedy.* **3**. to start selling a new product \circ *We're launching the new perfume in the spring.*

launderette /,l5:ndə'ret/, **laundrette** *noun* a shop with washing machines which anyone can pay to use (NOTE: The US term is **laundromat**.)

3 laundry /'lɔ:ndri/ noun 1. clothes that need to be washed o Please put any laundry into the bag provided. (NOTE: no plural)
2. a place where clothes are washed o The hotel's sheets and towels are sent to the laundry every day.

laurel /'lorəl/ noun a large bush with smooth shiny evergreen leaves

lava /'lɑːvə/ noun the hot liquid rock flowing from a volcano which becomes solid when it cools

lavatory /'lævətri/ (plural lavatories) noun same as toilet \circ The gents' lavatory is to the right. \circ The lavatories are situated at the rear of the plane.

lavender /'lævındə/ noun 1. a shrub with small lilac-coloured flowers and narrow leaves, grown for perfume \circ My grandmother puts bags filled with dried lavender flowers in her wardrobe to make her clothes smell nice. 2. a bluish-purple colour \bullet adj bluish purple

lavish /'læv1 \int / adj 1. very generous \circ He bought all the children lavish presents. 2. larger than necessary \circ Grandmother always gives us lavish portions. \blacksquare verb (lavishes, lavishing, lavished) \Box to lavish something on someone to give lots of something to someone \circ He lavished presents on his grandchildren. \circ She lavishes a lot of care on her collection of orchids.

() **law** /lɔ:/ noun one of the rules governing a country, usually in the form of an act of parliament $[\sim on] \circ Parliament has$ passed a new law on environmental protection. \diamond to be a law unto yourself to do exactly what you want

law-abiding /'lo: ə,baɪdɪŋ/ adj who obeys the law

lawcourt /'lɔ:kɔ:t/ *noun* a court where cases are heard by a judge and jury, or by a magistrate

lawful /'lɔ:f(ϑ)l/ adj allowed by the law (formal) \circ Their behaviour was perfectly lawful.

lawless /'loxlos/ adj not controlled by the law or by the police

law-making /'loi _meikin/ noun the process of making laws

lawn /loin/ noun a part of a garden covered with short grass

lawsuit /'lɔːsuːt/ noun a case brought to a court \Box to bring a lawsuit against someone to tell someone to appear in court because you think they have acted wrongly towards you \circ The parents of the victims brought a lawsuit against the tour company.

(2) **lawyer** /'lo:jə/ noun a person who has studied law and can advise you on legal matters \circ *If you are arrested you have the right to speak to your lawyer.*

lax /læks/ adj not strict

laxative /'læksətiv/ noun medicine which causes a bowel movement \circ *The doctor* prescribed a laxative to help his *constipation*.

① lay /let/ (lays, laying, laid) verb 1. to put something down flat [~on/against/over etc]
○ He laid the papers on the table. ○ A new carpet has been laid in the dining room. 2.
□ to lay the table to arrange knives, fork, spoons, plates and glasses on a table for a meal ○ The table is laid for four people. 3. (of birds, turtles, etc.) to produce an egg ○ The hens laid three eggs.

lay off phrasal verb 1. to dismiss employees for a time, until more work is available \circ The factory has had to lay off half its workforce because of a temporary lack of orders. 2. to stop doing or using something \circ You should lay off bread and potatoes if you want to reduce weight.

lay on phrasal verb to provide something lay out phrasal verb 1. to arrange something in an organised way \circ The plans were laid out on the table. \circ They laid out the children's presents under the Christmas tree. 2. to design a plan for a garden, a book, etc. \circ The grounds of the hotel are laid out with trees and flowerbeds. 3. to spend \circ She laid out thousands of pounds on her wedding dress.

layby /'leɪbaɪ/ *noun* a place at the side of a road where vehicles can park

(3) **layer** /'leiə/ noun an amount of a substance that lies on a flat surface \circ She put a layer of chocolate on the cake, then one of cream.

layman /'leɪmən/ (*plural* laymen) *noun* a person who does not belong to a particular

profession, who is not an expert in something

layout /'leraut/ noun a design, e.g. of a garden or a book

laze /le1Z/ (lazes, lazing, lazed) verb to relax, to do nothing or very little

laziness /'leizinəs/ noun the state of being lazy

(2) **lazy** /'leIzi/ (lazier, laziest) adj not wanting to do any work \circ She's just lazy – that's why the work never gets done on time. \circ He is so lazy he does not even bother to open his mail. (NOTE: + lazily adv)

(3) **Ib** /paundz/ abbr pound \circ take 6lb of sugar \circ It weighs 26 lbs.

① **lead**¹ /led/ noun **1**. a very heavy soft metal \circ *Tie a piece of lead to your fishing line to make it sink.* **2**. the black part in the middle of a pencil

lead on (3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to go first \circ *Lead on, we will all follow!* **2.** \Box **to lead someone on** to mislead someone by promising something \circ *He's just leading you on.* \circ *They promised him a new car, but they were just leading him on.*

lead up to (3) *phrasal verb* to happen in a way that makes something else important happen \circ *the events that led up to the First World War*

lead² /litd/ noun 1. an electric wire which joins a machine to the electricity supply o The lead is too short to go across the room. **2.** first place during a race \circ *He went into* the lead or he took the lead. \circ Who's in the lead at the halfway mark? \circ She has a lead of 20m over her nearest rival. 3. a long piece of leather or other material used to hold a dog \circ All dogs must be kept on a lead in the park. • verb (leads, leading, **leaded**) **1.** to be in first place during a race or match \circ Our side was leading at half time. \circ They were leading by three metres. **2.** to go in front to show someone the way \circ She led us into the hall. **3.** (of a path or *road*) to go in a particular direction \circ *The* road leads you to the top of the hill. 4. to be the main person in a group \circ *She is leading* a group of businesswomen on a tour of Chinese factories.

① **leader** /'litdə/ noun a person who is in charge of an organisation or group of people \circ *He is the leader of our tour group.*

② **leadership** /'li:də $\int Ip$ / noun **1**. the ability to manage or direct others \circ We think he has certain leadership qualities. **2**. the position of a leader \circ Under his leader-ship the party went from strength to strength. **3**. a group of leaders of an organ-

isation \circ The leadership was weaker after the president's resignation.

② **leading** /'liːdɪŋ/ adj most important \circ *He took the leading role in the play.*

leading-edge /'li:din edʒ/ noun the most modern developments in technology, science or some other field

leading question /,li:dıŋ 'kwe∫t∫ən/ *noun* a question which is worded in order to get a particular answer

(2) **leaf**/litf/(plural leaves) noun one of the flat green parts of a plant \circ *The leaves of the trees turn brown or red in autumn.* \circ *Caterpillars have eaten the leaves of the roses.*

② **leaflet** /'li:flət/ noun a sheet of paper, often folded, giving information

leafy /'li:fi/ adj **1**. with lots of leaves \circ *These lettuces are really leafy*. **2**. with lots of trees \circ *We strolled along the leafy avenue.*

(2) **league** /lig/ noun a group of sports clubs which play matches against each other \circ *He plays for one of the clubs in the local football league.*

(3) leak /lixk/ noun 1. a hole in an object where liquid or gas can escape [~in] \circ I can smell gas – there must be a gas leak in the kitchen. 2. an occasion on which secret information is given to the public \circ She was embarrassed by the leak of the news. \circ The leak of the report led to the minister's resignation. (NOTE: Do not confuse with leek.) verb (leaks, leaking, leaked) 1. (of liquid or gas, etc.) to flow away, to escape from its container [~from/out of/into/through etc] • Water must have been leaking through the ceiling for days. 2. to pass on secret information to the public [~to] o Governments don't like their plans to be leaked to the press. \circ We found that the sales director was leaking information to a rival company.

leakage /'li:k1d3/ noun an escape of liquid or gas \circ There's a smell of gas – there must a leakage somewhere.

leaky /'li:ki/ adj which leaks

(2) lean /li:n/ adj 1. (of a person) thin \circ He's a lean athletic man. 2. (of meat) with little fat \circ a slice of lean bacon \blacksquare verb (leans, leaning, leant or leaned) 1. to move your body from the waist [~over/forward/on] \circ He leaned over and picked up the cushion. \circ It's dangerous to lean out of car windows. \circ She felt dizzy and leant on a chair for support. 2. to be in or to put into a sloping position [~against] \circ The ladder was leaning against the shed. \circ She leant her bike against the wall.

lean on(3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to try to force someone to do what you want \circ *They leant on him to get him to agree.* **2.** to depend on someone \circ *If things get difficult she always has her father to lean on.*

leaning *I*'li:nin/ *noun* a tendency towards • She has socialist leanings. • He has a leaning towards a career in the church.

leant /lent/ past tense and past participle of **lean**

leap /li:p/ (leaps, leaping, leapt or leaped) verb to jump \circ He leapt over the ditch. \circ She leapt with joy when she heard the news. \circ He leapt into the train as it was leaving.

leap at③ *phrasal verb* to accept eagerly something which is suggested

leap-frog /'lip frog/ verb to advance more quickly than someone else

leapt /lept/ past tense and past participle of **leap**

③ **leap year** /'lip jiə/ *noun* every fourth year, in which February has 29 days

(i) learn /l3In/ (learns, learning, learned or learnt) verb 1. to get knowledge of something, or about how to do something o We learn French and German at school. to learn to do something to become able to do something new o He's learnt to speak more slowly and clearly when giving talks. **to learn how to do something** to get the skill of doing something new o Everyone needs to learn how to cook simple things. \Box to learn something by heart to learn and remember something o She learnt the poem by heart.
in to learn from your mistakes to make mistakes and because of them learn how something should be done • He doesn't want to ask advice, so I only hope he learns from his mistakes. 2. to hear news or find out about something [~about/of/~(that)] \circ How did you come to learn about the product? o Her boss learned that she was planning to leave the company.

learned /'l3:ntd/ *adj* who has a lot of knowledge o Learned professors have written to the paper contradicting the government's calculations.

③ **learner** /'lɜ:nə/ noun a person who is learning how to do something \circ *The evening swimming classes are specially for adult learners.* \circ *The new dictionary is good for advanced learners of English.*

② learning /'lɜːnɪŋ/ noun the process of gaining knowledge, especially by formal study \circ different methods of language learning

learning curve /'l:n:n k:v/ noun a gradual process of learning \Box a steep learning curve the need to learn new skills fast \circ Being promoted into a new department involved a steep learning curve.

learnt past tense and past participle of learn

③ **lease** /lits/ noun a written contract, allowing someone to use a building or piece of land for a particular period \circ *We're renting our offices on a twenty-year lease.* ■ *verb* (leases, leasing, leased) to give or hold something on a lease \circ *He leases the shop from an Australian company.* \circ *My landlord leases out six other flats.*

leash /lix **f** / noun a strap for holding a dog (1) least /list/ adj 1. used for describing the smallest amount o This car uses by far the least petrol. 2. having less of a particular quality than anything else of its type \circ These people are the least well-off, yet they *have to pay the most.* **pron the least** the smallest or the most unimportant amount o She was the one who spent the least during *their trip round Holland.* • *adv* less than everyone or everything else o I liked that part of the book least. \circ He was the least conceited man she had ever met. \diamond at least 1. mentioning one good thing in a bad situation 2. to correct a statement 3. as the smallest thing 4. not less than \diamond least of all absolutely less than everyone or everything else o No one was interested in what I said, *least of all my son.* \circ *There's nothing much* to do here, least of all in the evenings. \diamond **not in the least** not at all \circ *It doesn't bother me in the least to work on Sundays.* \diamond **to** say the least which was more than I expected \circ I thought he was in the office so when I saw him in the supermarket I was surprised to say the least.

③ **leather** /'leðə/ noun the skin of certain animals used to make things such as shoes and bags \circ a leather bag \circ My shoes have leather soles.

① leave /li:v/ (leaves, leaving, left) verb 1. to go away from a place [~for] \circ When they couldn't find what they wanted, they left the shop. \circ When does the next bus leave for Oxford? 2. to forget to take something with you \circ I left my toothbrush at home. 3. to allow something to stay in a particular condition \circ Did you leave the light on when you locked up? \circ Yesterday she left the iron on, and burnt a hole in the ironing board. \circ Someone left the door open and the dog got out. \Box leave me alone don't disturb me 4. not to take something \odot Leave some pizza for your brother. 5. to choose to stop being in a relationship with someone \circ She's left her husband. 6. not to do something \circ She went out leaving all the washing up. \Box to leave somebody to do something not to do something, so that someone else has to do it \circ He left to arrange the holiday.

leave behind (3) *phrasal verb* not to take someone or something with you

leave off phrasal verb **1.** to stop doing something **2.** to forget to include \circ She left the postcode off the address. \circ The waitress left the drinks off the bill.

leave out *phrasal verb* **1.** to forget something or someone **2.** not to put something in

3 leaves /livz/ 1. + leaf 2. + leave

lecherous /'let ʃərəs/ adj only interested in sexual intercourse

③ lecture /'lekt ∫∋/ noun a talk on a particular subject given to people such as students [~on] ○ She gave a lecture on Chinese art. ■ verb (lectures, lecturing, lectured)
 1. to give a lecture on something [~on] ○ He will lecture on Roman history next Thursday.
 2. to teach a subject, by giving lectures [~on] ○ She lectures on history at Birmingham University.

lecturer /'lekt $\int \Im r \partial / noun \mathbf{1}$. a person who gives a talk on a particular subject \circ *This week's lecturer is talking about modern art.* **2**. a teacher in a university or college \circ *He has been a lecturer in biology for five years.*

③ **led** /led/ past tense and past participle of **lead**

ledge /ledʒ/ *noun* a narrow flat part which sticks out from a cliff or a building

ledger /'ledʒə/ noun a large book in which accounts are written

leech /litt \int / noun a type of parasitic worm which lives in water and sucks the blood of animals by attaching itself to the skin

leek /li:k/ noun a vegetable of the onion family, with a white stem and long green leaves (NOTE: Do not confuse with **leak**.)

leer /lio/ (**leers**, **leering**, **leered**) verb to look with a leer at someone \circ The men were sitting in the pavement café, leering at girls passing in the street. (NOTE: + **leer** n)

leeway /'li:wei/ noun the time or space available

① **left** /left/ *adj* **1**. relating to the side of the body which has the hand that most people

do not use for writing $\circ I$ can't write with my left hand. \circ The post office is on the left side of the street as you go towards the church. **2.** (in politics) relating to people with left-wing opinions \circ His politics are left of centre. Compare **right** \bullet noun the side towards the left \circ Remember to drive on the left when you are in Britain. \circ The school is on the left as you go towards the town centre. \circ She was sitting on the chairman's left. \bullet adv towards the left \circ Go straight ahead and turn left at the traffic lights.

left-click /'left kl1k/ verb (in computing) to click with the left mouse button

left-hand /,left 'hænd/ adj on the left side \circ The book is in the left-hand drawer of his desk. \circ In England cars drive on the left-hand side of the road.

left-handed /,left 'hændıd/ adj using the left hand more often than the right for doing things \circ She's left-handed, so we got her a left-handed cup for her birthday.

left-luggage office /left 'lAgId3 ,pfis/ noun a place where suitcases can be left and collected later for a fee (NOTE: The US term is **baggage room**.)

leftover /'leftəuvə/ adj which is not used • *I've finished painting the kitchen – what shall I do with the leftover paint?*

leftovers /'leftəʊvəz/ plural noun food which is left after a meal \circ *The children will eat the leftovers tomorrow morning.*

(3) **left-wing** /,left 'wiŋ/ *adj* in politics, relating to people who believe that money and property should be shared more equally

lefty /'lefti/ *noun* a person with left-wing beliefs

① leg /leg / noun 1. one of the parts of the body with which a person or animal walks \circ *The bird was standing on one leg, asleep.* \circ *Some animals can't stand on their back legs.* \circ *She fell down the steps and broke her leg.* 2. one of the parts of a chair or table which touch the floor \circ *The table has four legs.* 3. a leg of an animal used for food \circ *roast leg of lamb* \circ *Would you like a chicken leg?* \diamond **to pull someone's leg** to try to make someone believe something that is not true for a joke \circ *Don't worry, she will get here on time – I was only pulling your leg.*

legacy /'legəsi/ (plural legacies) noun 1. what is left to a person after someone's death \circ *He received a large legacy from his uncle*. \circ *The legacy can be paid only to the rightful claimant.* **2.** what is left behind by someone \circ The company's overdraft is a legacy of the previous finance director.

① legal /'li:g(∂)l/ adj 1. allowed by the law \circ It's legal to drive at 17 years old in the UK 2. relating to the law

legal aid /,li:g(ə)l 'eid/ noun free legal work done for people without enough money to pay lawyers' fees

legalisation, legalization *noun* the action of making something legal

legalise (legalises, legalising, legalised), legalize (legalizes, legalizing, legalized) verb to make something legal

legality /lɪ'gælɪti/ *noun* being allowed by law

legally /'li:goli/ adv according to the law **legend** /'ledʒənd/ noun 1. a story, or group of stories, from the past which may not be based on fact or *The legend of Jason* and the Golden Fleece. 2. a famous person whose name often appears in the news o Marilyn Monroe, the Hollywood legend

legendary /'ledʒənd(ə)ri/ adj **1**. famous, often talked about \circ *His meanness is legendary*. \circ *Her legendary dislike of men with beards.* **2**. referring to legends \circ *A legendary tale of witches and good fairies.*

legible /'ledʒɪb(ə)l/ *adj* able to be read easily

legion /'li:dʒən/ noun a group, especially of soldiers

legislate /'led3IsleIt/ (**legislates, legislating, legislated**) *verb* to make a law or laws

(2) **legislation** $/, led_{31}'sle_1(3)n/$ noun laws, written rules which are passed by Parliament and applied in the courts

legislative /'ledʒɪslətɪv/ adj referring to laws or to law-making

legislature /'led31slət $\int \vartheta$ / noun a body which makes laws \circ Members of the legislature voted against the proposal.

legitimate /lɪ'dʒɪt ɪmət/ adj fair and reasonable, or allowed by the law \circ *They have legitimate concerns about the project.* \circ *He acted in legitimate defence of his rights.*

leisure centre /'leʒə ,sentə/ *noun* a building where people can play sports, put on plays, dance, act, etc.

leisurely /'le3əli/ adj without any hurry

lemon /'lemon/ noun a pale yellow fruit with a sour taste \circ Oranges are much sweeter than lemons.

③ lemonade /,lemə'neɪd/ noun a usual-

ly fizzy lemon-flavoured drink

① **lend** /lend/ (**lends**, **lending**, **lent**) *verb* to let someone use something for a certain

period of time \circ *He asked me if I would* lend him £5 till Monday. \circ *I lent her my* dictionary and now she won't give it back. Compare **borrow**

lender /'lendə/ noun a person who lends money

(2) **length** /len θ / noun **1**. a measurement of how long something is from end to end \circ *The table is at least twelve feet in length.* **2**. a long piece of something \circ *She bought a length of curtain material in the sale.* \circ *We need two lengths of piping for the new central heating system.*

lengthen /'leŋ θ an/ (lengthens, lengthening, lengthened) verb 1. to make longer \circ You can lengthen the skirt by turning down the hem. 2. to become longer \circ The shadows began to lengthen across the lawn as the sun sank slowly down in the west.

(3) lengthy /'le $\eta\theta i$ / (lengthier, lengthiest) adj very long

lenient /'limient/ adj not strict or severe **lens** /lenz/ noun a curved piece of glass or plastic, used for looking through to make things clearer or bigger \circ My eyesight is not very good, and I have to have glasses with strong lenses. \diamond contact lens

③ **lent** /lent/ past tense and past participle of **lend**

lentil /'lent Il/ noun a small round dried seed, used especially in soups and stews

Leo /'li:eu/ noun one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a lion, covering the period 23rd July to 22nd August

leopard /'lepəd/ *noun* a large wild spotted cat, living in Africa

leotard /'li:eta:d/ noun a skin-tight onepiece costume covering the top of the body, worn by ballet dancers

leper /'lepə/ noun a person who has leprosy

leprosy /'leprəsi/ (*plural* **leprosies**) *noun* a serious infectious disease which slowly destroys flesh and nerves

lesbian /'lezbiən/ adj who is sexually attracted to other women \circ *They went to the Lesbian and Gay Pride march in London.* • *noun* a woman who is lesbian

lesion /'liɪʒ(ə)n/ *noun* a wound or sore, or other damage to the body

① **less** /les/ adj, pron a smaller amount (of) \circ You will get thinner if you eat less bread. \circ The total bill came to less than £10. \circ She finished her homework in less than an hour. \circ He sold it for less than he had paid for it. ■ adv not as much \circ I like that one less than this one. \circ The second film was less interesting than the first. $\circ I$ want a car which is less difficult to drive. \blacksquare prep with a certain amount taken away \circ We pay £10 an hour, less 50p for insurance. \diamond **more or less** almost $\circ I$ 've more or less finished painting the kitchen. \diamond **less and less** diminishing all the time $\circ I$ enjoy my work less and less. \circ He's less and less able to look after his garden.

lessen /'les(\mathfrak{I})n/ (**lessens, lessening, lessened**) verb to become less, or to make something become less \circ *Wearing a seat belt lessens the risk of injury.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **lesson**.)

lesser /'lesə/ adj smaller, not as large or important \diamond **the lesser of two evils** one of two things which is not quite as bad as the other \circ Faced with the choice of taking a taxi or waiting in the rain for a bus, we chose the lesser of two evils and decided to take the taxi.

(2) **lesson** /'les(\exists)n/ noun **1**. a period of time, especially in school, when you are taught something [~in] \circ *He went to sleep during the French lesson.* \circ *We have six lessons of history a week.* \circ *She's taking or having driving lessons.* \circ *He gives Spanish lessons at home in the evenings.* **2**. something which you learn from experience and which makes you wiser \Box to learn a lesson, to learn your lesson to learn something from experience \diamond to teach something wrong \circ *I refused to pay her bill this time – that will teach her a lesson.*

① let /let/ (lets, letting, let) verb 1. to allow someone to do something $[-on//] \circ He$ let her borrow his car. \circ Will you let me see the papers? 2. to allow someone to use a house or office in return for payment $[-to] \circ$ We're letting our cottage to some friends for the weekend.

let down(3) phrasal verb 1. to lower something or someone \circ They let him down into the mine on a rope. 2. to make the air go out of something such as a tyre or balloon \circ Someone had let down my front tyre. 3. not to help when someone expects you to help $\circ I$ asked three people to speak at the meeting but they all let me down.

let go③ phrasal verb to stop holding on to something

let in③ *phrasal verb* to allow to come in **let off**③ *phrasal verb* **1.** to make something such as a gun or bomb fire explode \circ *They let off fireworks in the town centre.* **2.** to not punish someone severely \circ He was charged with stealing, but the judge let him off with a fine. **3.** to agree that someone need not do something \circ She let the class off their homework. **let on** phrasal verb to tell a secret

let out phrasal verb **1**. to allow to go out \circ The boys let the pigs out of the field. \circ We let the dogs out into the garden in the evening. \circ She let the air out of my front tyre. **2**. to make a piece of clothing bigger \circ Can you let out these trousers, they're getting too tight? (NOTE: In this meaning the opposite is to **take in**.)

let up phrasal verb to do less, to become less \circ The snow didn't let up all day. \circ She's working too hard – she ought to let up a bit.

letdown /'letdaun/ noun a disappointment

(3) **lethal** /'li $\theta(\vartheta)$ l/ *adj* dangerous and able to kill \circ *She took a lethal overdose*.

lethargic /l1'θα:d31k/ adj showing lethargy

lethargy /'leθədʒi/ noun a tired feeling, when your movements are extremely slow and you are almost unable to do anything

① letter /'let ə/ noun 1. a piece of writing sent from one person to another to pass on information \circ There were two letters for you in the post. \circ Don't forget to write a letter to your mother to tell her what we are doing. \circ We've had a letter from the bank manager. 2. one of the signs which make up the alphabet, a sign used in writing which corresponds to a particular sound \circ Z is the last letter of the alphabet. \circ I'm trying to think of a word with ten letters beginning with A and ending with R. \diamond to the letter exactly as shown or stated \circ They followed his instructions to the letter.

letterbox /'letəbbks/ noun 1. a box in the road where you post letters \circ *There's a letterbox at the corner of the street*. 2. a hole in a front door through which letters are delivered \circ *The Sunday paper is too big to go through the letterbox.*

lettuce /'let Is/ noun a plant with large green leaves which are used in salads (NOTE: no plural except when referring to several plants: *a row of lettuces*)

leukaemia /luː'kiːmiə/ noun any of several serious illnesses where an unusual number of white blood cells form in the blood (NOTE: The US spelling is **leukemia**.) ① **level** /'lev(ə)l/ noun 1. a position relating to height or amount [/-with] $\circ I$ want to lower the level of our borrowings. \circ The water reached a level of 5m above normal during the flood. \circ The ground floor is level with the street. **2.** a floor in a building \circ Go up to the next level. \circ The toilets are at street level. \bullet adj **1.** flat and even \circ Are these shelves level, or do they slope to the left? **2.** equal, the same \circ At half-time the scores were level.

(3) **level crossing** /,lev(ə)l 'krosıŋ/ noun a place where a road crosses a railway line without a bridge or tunnel (NOTE: The US term is **grade crossing**.)

level-headed /,lev(ə)l'hedɪd/ adj sensible

level playing-field $/_1 \text{lev}(3)$ 'pleIIIJ/ noun a situation in which all the conditions are the same for everyone who is involved, so that nobody has an unfair advantage

(3) **lever** /'li:və/ noun an object like a bar, which helps you to lift a heavy object, or to move part of a machine \circ Lift the lever, then push it down again to make the machine work. \circ We used a pole as a lever to lift up the block of stone. \blacksquare verb (levers, levering, levered) to move with a lever \circ They levered the door open with an iron bar.

leverage /'lizvəridʒ/ noun 1. the power to move something heavy by using a lever \circ They used a longer bar to get better leverage. \circ You'll need a longer pole to increase the leverage. 2. an influence which you can use to get what you want \circ His business contacts were useful leverage in discussing terms for the contract. \circ She has a majority of the shares in the company and therefore can exert a lot of leverage over the directors.

levitate /'leviteit/ (**levitates**, **levitating**, **levitated**) *verb* to rise into the air, as if by magic

levy /'levi/ noun (plural levies) an official tax or other payment \circ I think the import levies on luxury goods are too high. \circ We paid the levy on time. \blacksquare verb (levies, levying, levied) to order a person to pay a tax or other payment, or to collect it \circ The customs levied a large fine.

lewd /luːd/ *adj* rude because of referring to sex in an unpleasant way

(2) **liability** /,larə'bilrti/ (*plural* **liabilities**) noun 1. a legal responsibility ○ Make sure you understand your legal liabilities before you sign the contract. 2. a tendency to do something ○ a liability to burst into tears when criticised 3. something or someone who causes problems or makes you feel embarrassed [~for/~to]

liable

liable /'latəb(ə)l/ adj **1.** legally responsible for something $[-for] \circ Parents can be made liable for their children's debts. <math>\circ$ You will be liable for payment of the fine. **2.** likely to have or do something $[-to] \circ The$ figures are liable to error. \circ The trains are liable to be late at present.

liaise /li'eIZ/ (liaises, liaising, liaised) verb to inform someone of what is being done or planned so that everyone who is involved can work together well [~with] \odot Can you liaise with each individual manager regarding the move to new offices?

(3) **liaison** /li'eIz(\ni)n/ noun 1. the process of keeping someone informed of what is happening [~between/~with] \circ There has been a total lack of liaison between the police and the customs department on this case. 2. a sexual relationship [~between/~with] \circ His liaison with the singer was soon well-known.

liar /'la19/ noun a person who tells lies

Lib Dem / Itb 'dem/ *abbr* Liberal Democrat \circ *Delegates at the Lib Dem party conference.*

③ **libel** /'laıb(ə)l/ noun a written statement about someone which is not true and may damage their reputation ○ *I will sue* you for libel. ■ verb (libels, libelling, libelled) to damage someone's reputation in writing ○ He accused the newspaper of libelling him. Compare slander (NOTE: US spelling is libeling – libeled)

(2) **liberal** /'l1b(\ominus)r \ominus l/ adj not strict, willing to accept other people's views \circ *The liber*al view would be to let the teenagers run the club themselves.

Liberal /'lɪb(ə)rəl/ noun (in politics) referring to or supporting the Liberal Party

liberalise /'lɪb(ə)rəlaɪz/ (**liberalises**, **liberalising**, **liberalised**), **liberalize** *verb* to make things such as laws more liberal

liberate /'lɪbəreɪt/ (**liberates**, **liberating**, **liberated**) *verb* to set someone or something free from something (NOTE: + **liberation** *n*)

liberated /'lɪbəreɪtɪd/ adj **1**. not influenced by a society's traditional ideas about how people should behave e.g. the way women should behave **2**. set free from enemy control

liberating /'libəreitiŋ/ adj which liberates you

liberty /'lɪbəti/ noun freedom \circ When he was in prison he wrote poems about his lost liberty. \circ Anti-terrorist legislation can be seen as an infringement of the liberty of the individual. \diamond **at liberty** free; not in prison \circ *Two of the escaped prisoners are still* at liberty. \diamond **to be at liberty to do something** to be free to do something \circ *You are* at liberty to go now.

libido /lɪ'biːdəu/ noun the feeling of wanting to have sex

Libra //li:brə/ *noun* one of the signs of the zodiac, shaped like a pair of scales, covering the period 22nd September to 23rd October

librarian /laɪ'breəriən/ noun a person who works in a library

① **library** /'laibrəri/ noun 1. a place where books are kept, especially ones which you can borrow \circ *He forgot to take his books back to the library*. \circ *You can't keep it, it's a library book.* 2. a collection of things such as books or records \circ *He has a big record library.*

lice /lass/ plural of louse

() **licence** /'lars(\ni)ns/ noun a document which gives official permission to own something or to do something \circ She has applied for an export licence for these paintings.

① **license** /'lars(\ni)ns/ (**licenses**, **licensing**, **licensed**) verb to give someone official permission to do something \circ The restaurant is licensed to serve beer, wines and spirits. \circ She is licensed to run an employment agency.

licensed /'laɪs(ə)nst/ *adj* given official permission to do something

licensee /,la1s(ə)n'si:/ *noun* a person who has a licence for a particular activity, especially a person who is in charge of a public house

license plate /'laɪs(ə)ns pleɪt/ noun US a number plate on a vehicle

lichen /'laɪkən, 'lɪtʃən/ noun a very small plant which grows on the surface of stones or trunks of trees

(3) **lick** /lik/ (**licks**, **licking**, **licked**) *verb* to make a gentle movement with your tongue across the surface of something o You shouldn't lick the plate when you've finished your pudding.

③ **lid** /ltd/ noun a covering for a container, sometimes with a handle \circ Where's the lid for the black saucepan? \circ He managed to get the lid off the jam jar.

① **lie** /lat/ verb (lies, lying, lied) 1. to say something which is not true [-about/-to] \circ She was lying when she said she had been at home all evening. \circ He lied about the accident to the headmaster. 2. to be in a flat position \circ Six soldiers lay dead on the ground. \circ The dog spends the evening lying in front of the fire. **3.** to be in a particular place \circ There were bits of paper and cigarette packets lying all over the pavement. \circ The city of Quito lies near the equator. \blacksquare noun something that is not true \circ That's a lie! -I didn't say that! \square to tell lies to say things that are not true \diamond to lie in wait for someone to hide and wait for someone to come so as to attack him

lie down *(*) *phrasal verb* to put yourself in a flat position, e.g. on a bed

lie in (3) *phrasal verb* to stay in bed late in the morning (*informal*) \circ *I think I'll lie in this morning*.

lie detector /'laɪ dɪ,tektə/ *noun* a machine which is used to check if someone is telling the truth, e.g. when the police are questioning them

③ **lie-in** /'la11n/ noun \Box to have a lie-in to stay in bed longer than usual (informal) $\circ I$ can't wait until Saturday comes, then I can have a lie-in.

lieu / ju:/ noun \Box in lieu of in place (of) \circ When she was sacked she was given four weeks' pay in lieu of notice. \circ He accepted a car in lieu of payment.

③ **lieutenant** /lef'tenənt/ noun 1. a rank in the armed forces below a captain \circ *The lieutenant has to report to his captain.* 2. someone whose job is to help an important person \circ *The mayor came into the room with two of his lieutenants.*

() life /laif/ (plural lives) noun 1. the period during which you are alive \circ He spent his whole life working on the farm. \Box for **life** for as long as someone is alive \circ *They* put him behind bars for life. \circ His pension gives him a comfortable income for life. 2. the fact of being a living person [~of] \circ Life is a precious thing; don't waste it. 3. a particular experience of life o I think I'd enjoy the life of a celebrity. \circ She had a hard life as a child. 4. living things [~of] \circ animal and plant life \circ Scientists are still looking for life on Mars.

there's no sign of life in the house it looks as though there is no one in 5. enthusiasm or energy o The young actors injected some life into the old play. \circ The film comes to life when she appears on the screen. \circ She's always full of life. \diamond **to** lose your life to die o Several lives were *lost when the ship sank.* \diamond to take your life or **your own life** to kill yourself \circ *In a fit of* despair she took her life.

lifebelt /'laɪfbelt/ noun a large ring which helps to prevent you from sinking in water **lifeboat** /'laɪfbəut/ noun a special boat used to save people from danger at sea **lifebuoy** /'laff,bɔi/ noun a float used in an emergency to keep somebody's head and shoulders above water until help arrives

life cycle /'larf ,sark(\mathfrak{g})l/ noun all the changes which a living creature goes through during its life

life expectancy /'larf ik_spektonsi/ noun **1**. the number of years that a person or animal is likely to live \circ Average life expectancy has increased to over 80 for women. **2**. the length of time that something is expected to continue \circ The life expectancy of this government is short – it only has a majority of one in Parliament.

lifeguard /'laɪfgɑːd/ *noun* a person who is on duty on a beach or at a swimming pool, and who saves people who get into difficulty in the water

life insurance /'laɪf ɪn, Jʊərəns/ *noun* a type of insurance paying an amount of money to your family if you die

life jacket /'laɪf ,dʒækɪt/ *noun* something which you wear when you are on a boat and which will prevent you from sinking if you fall into the water

lifeless /'larfləs/ *adj* **1.** not alive, or appearing not to be alive \circ *Her lifeless body was lying across the bed.* **2.** not lively or interesting \circ *The dancers' performance was dull and lifeless.*

lifelike /'laiflaik/ adj just like a living person

lifeline /'latflaın/ noun 1. a rope thrown to a person who is sinking in water \circ *They threw him a lifeline from the boat.* 2. the help given to someone in difficulties \circ *The scholarship offers a lifeline to young writers.* \circ *The government grant is a lifeline which helps them put on exhibitions of young painters' work at their gallery.*

lifelong /'laɪfloŋ/ adj lasting your whole life

life saving /'laɪf ,seɪvɪŋ/ *adj* able to prevent someone from dying

life sentence /,larf 'sentəns/ noun the punishment of being sent to prison for many years for committing murder

life-size /laɪf saɪz/ adj the same size as the real thing

③ **life-span** /'laɪf spæn/ noun the length of time something exists

life story /laɪf 'stɔːri/ *noun* a detailed account of all the events of someone's life

③ **lifestyle** /'laɪfstaɪl/ *noun* the way in which someone or a group of people live

life-threatening /,laɪf ,θret(ə)nıŋ dı 'ziːz/ *adj* which may kill

lifetime /'laɪftaɪm/ noun the time when you are alive

(2) **lift** /lift / noun 1. a machine which takes people up or down from one floor to another in a building \circ Take the lift to the tenth floor: \circ Push the button to call the lift. \circ Your room is on the fifteenth floor, so you may wish to use the lift. 2. a ride in a car that you give to someone \circ She gave me a lift to the station. • verb (lifts, lifting, lifted) to take something, often off the ground, and put it in a higher position \circ My briefcase is so heavy I can hardly lift it. \circ He lifted the little girl up so that she could see the procession.

lift-off /'lɪft ɒf/ noun the act of sending a spacecraft up into the air

ligament /'lɪgəmənt/ noun a thick band of fibrous tissue which connects the bones at a joint

(1) light /last/ noun 1. brightness, the opposite of darkness o I can't read the map by the light of the moon. \circ There's not enough *light to take a photo.* **2.** a piece of electrical equipment which gives light o Turn the light on -I can't see to read. \circ It's dangerous to ride a bicycle with no lights. \circ In the fog, I could just see the red lights of the car in front of me. • verb (lights, lighting, lit or lighted) to start to burn, or make something start to burn \circ *He is trying to get the fire to* light. \circ Can you light the candles on the *birthday cake?* adj 1. not heavy \circ *I can* lift this box easily - it's quite light. \circ You *need light clothing for tropical countries.* \circ She's just been ill, and can only do light work. **2.** pale \circ He was wearing a light green shirt. \circ I prefer a light carpet to a dark one. 3. having a lot of light so that you can see well o The big windows make the kitchen very light. \circ It was six o'clock in the morning and just getting light. \diamond to cast or throw light on something to make something easier to understand \circ The papers throw light on how the minister *reached his decision*. \diamond to come to light to be discovered o Documents have come to light which could help the police in their *investigations.* \diamond in the light of something when something is considered \circ In the light of the reports in the press, can the minister explain his decision?

light up(3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to make something bright \circ *The flames from the burning petrol store lit up the night sky.* \circ *The firework display lit up the gardens and* the lake. **2.** to become bright and happy \circ Her face lit up when she saw the presents under the Christmas tree. **3.** to start to smoke \circ Please do not light up until coffee has been served.

light aircraft /lait 'eə,kra:ft/ noun a small plane

③ **light bulb** /'laɪt bʌlb/ noun a glass ball which gives electric light

lighten /'laɪt(\ni)n/ (**lightens**, **lightening**, **lightened**) verb 1. to make or become less dark \circ You can lighten the room by painting it white. \circ The sky lightened as dawn broke. 2. to become less heavy, or to make something become less heavy \circ I'll have to lighten my suitcase – it's much too heavy.

light entertainment /laɪt ,entə 'teınmənt/ *noun* entertainment that is not serious, usually involving things such as telling jokes, singing, dancing or popular music

lighter /'lattə/ noun a small object used for lighting things such as cigarettes \circ Can I borrow your lighter? – mine has run out of gas.

light-headed /,laɪt 'hedɪd/ adj with the feeling that you are going to fall down

light-hearted / last 'hort1d/ adj happy, not very serious

light industry /,laɪt 'Indəstri/ *noun* an industry which makes small products, such as clothes, books or things you use in the home

③ **lighting** /'lattin/ noun the light in a place

lightly /'lattli/ adv **1**. gently, without force \circ She touched my arm lightly. \circ I always sleep lightly and wake up several times each night. **2**. not severely **3**. without much rich food \circ She always eats lightly at lunchtime. **4**. not very much \circ some lightly cooked vegetables

② **lightning** /'laɪtnɪŋ/ noun a flash of electricity in the sky in a storm ○ *The storm approached with thunder and lightning*.

lightweight /'lart wert/ *noun* a weight of a boxer between featherweight and welterweight \circ *the lightweight champion* \circ *a lightweight title fight*

(3) **light year** / laɪt jɪə/ noun the distance travelled by light during one year, equal to about 9.3 billion kilometres o Stars are light years from earth.

① **like** /lark/ prep 1. similar to, in the same way as \circ He's like his mother in many ways, but he has his father's nose. \circ Like you, I don't get on with the new boss. \circ The picture doesn't look like him at all. \circ He can swim like a fish. 0 It tastes like strawberries. \circ What's that record? – it sounds *like Elgar.* **2.** used for asking someone to describe something o What was the weather like when you were on holiday? \circ What's he like, her new boyfriend? • verb (likes, liking, liked) 1, to have pleasant feelings about someone or something $\circ Do$ you like the new manager? \circ She doesn't like eating meat. \circ How does he like his new job? \circ No one likes driving in rush hour traffic. \circ In the evening, I like to sit quietly and read the newspaper. 2. to want \circ Take as many apples as you like. \diamond would like used for telling someone what you want in a polite way o I'd like you to meet one of our sales executives. \circ I'd like to go to Paris next week.

likeable /'laikəb(ə)l/ adj pleasant

likelihood /'laɪklihʊd/ noun being likely to happen

① **likely** /'larkli/ (likelier, likeliest) adj probably going to happen \circ It's likely to snow this weekend. \circ He's not likely to come to the party. \circ Is that at all likely?

like-minded / laik 'maindid/ adj who has the same opinions

liken /'laikən/ (likens, likening, likened) verb □ to liken something or someone to something or someone else to compare two things, by showing how one is similar to the other \circ Can I liken her to a ray of sunlight? \circ He likened being tackled by the South African forward to being hit by a rhino.

likeness /'latknəs/ noun 1. a picture or other object which looks like someone \circ *The sketch is an astonishing likeness of grandmother.* 2. the fact of being like someone else \circ *There is a strong family likeness in all the children.*

likewise /'la1kwa1Z/ adv in the same way (3) **liking** /'la1k1ŋ/ noun a feeling of enjoying something [~for] ○ She has a liking for chocolate. ◇ for someone's liking not being what someone likes in a particular way ○ This drink is too sweet for my liking. ◇ to take a liking to someone or something to start to like someone or something ○ The manager has taken a liking to her. ◇ to someone's liking being the kind of thing someone likes ○ Is this type of music to your liking?

lilac /'laɪlək/ noun **1**. a tree with purple or white flowers \circ *They have a pretty lilac in their front garden*. **2**. a pale purple colour **a** *adj* pale purple **lilt** /lɪlt/ noun a way of speaking or singing with a light well-marked rhythm

lily /'lɪli/ (*plural* **lilies**) *noun* a type of flower shaped like a trumpet, which grows from a bulb

③ **limb** /lim/ noun a leg or arm \circ He was lucky not to break a limb in the accident.

limbo /'limbəu/ (plural limbos) noun the position of being halfway between two stages \circ After losing his seat in the election he now finds himself in political limbo.

lime /lam/ noun 1. a white substance containing calcium, used in making cement \circ *The builder ordered some bags of lime.* 2. a small yellowish-green tropical fruit like a lemon or the tree which bears such fruit \circ *You need the juice of two limes to make this recipe.*

limerick /'limərik/ *noun* a type of funny poem with five lines

② **limit** /'limit/ noun the furthest point beyond which you cannot go [~of/~on/~to] ○ We were never allowed to go beyond the limits of the garden. ○ What's the limit on your credit card? ○ Is there a limit to how much we can use at one time? ■ verb (limits, limiting, limited) not to allow something to go beyond a certain point [-to] ○ Her parents limited the number of evenings she could go out. ○ The amount we can spend on entertainment is limited to £500 each month.

(3) **limitation** /, $IImI'teI_{(3)n}/noun 1$. the act of limiting someone or something 2. a thing which stops you going further [~of/~on] \circ *the limitations of a machine*

② **limited** /'lɪmɪtɪd/ *adj* which has a limit **limiting** /'lɪmɪtɪŋ/ *adj* which limits

limitless /'lɪmɪtləs/ *adj* without any limit **limousine** /lɪmə'ziːn/, **limo** *noun* a large expensive car, especially one that is longer than usual

limp /limp/ verb to walk in a way which is affected by having an injured leg or foot \circ *After the accident she limped badly.* **noun** a way that someone walks, when one leg hurts or is shorter than the other \circ *His limp* has improved since his operation. **a** adj soft, not strong \circ *All we had as a salad was two limp lettuce leaves.* \circ *He gave me a limp handshake.* \circ *She went limp and we had to give her a glass of water.*

① **line** /lain/ noun 1. a long thin mark \circ She drew a straight line across the sheet of paper. \circ The tennis ball went over the line. 2. a row of written or printed words \circ He printed the first two lines and showed them to me. \circ Can you read the bottom line on *the chart?* \square **to drop someone a line** to send someone a short letter (*informal*) \circ *I'll* drop you a line when I get to New York. 3. a long row of people or things \circ We had to stand in (a) line for half an hour to get into the exhibition. o The line of lorries stretched for miles at the frontier. 4. a long string or wire with a particular use $\circ a$ fishing line 5. a wire along which telephone messages are sent o Can you speak louder - the line is bad. \Box to be on the line to be talking to someone on the telephone \circ Don't interrupt -I'm on the line to New York. \circ Do vou want to speak to Charles while he's on the line? 6. metal rails on which trains run \circ A tree had blown onto *the line*. **7.** a part of a railway system \circ *the* west coast line 8. a way of doing things to take a hard line not to be weak o The headmaster takes a hard line with boys who sell drugs in the playground. \diamond in line with according to o We acted in line with the decision taken at the meeting. \diamond to draw the line at to refuse to do something ○ I don't mind having a cup of coffee with the boss, but I draw the line at having to invite him for a meal at home. \diamond to be on the **right lines** to be doing things the right way

line up(3) phrasal verb to stand in a line \circ Line up over there if you want to take the next boat.

linear /'lIni ∂ / adj 1. referring to lines \circ a linear diagram 2. referring to length \circ A metre is a linear measurement.

line manager /'laın ,mænɪdʒə/ *noun* a manager in a company who is involved in production or the central part of the business and who is in charge of the employees in that part of the company

linen /'linin/ noun a strong cloth made from natural fibres \circ a linen tablecloth \circ He bought a white linen suit.

liner /'laınə/ noun a large passenger ship • They went on a cruise round the Caribbean on an American liner.

line-up /'laın Ap/ noun a group or list of people

(3) **linger** /'lɪŋgə/ (**lingers**, **lingering**, **lingered**) *verb* to stay longer than necessary or than expected

lingerie /'lænʒəri/ noun women's underwear

lingering /'lɪŋgərɪŋ/ *adj* which remains for some time

③ **linguist** /'lingwist/ noun 1. a person who knows foreign languages well \circ Only the very best linguists can hope to become interpreters for the EU. 2. a person who studies linguistics \circ Linguists have discovered similarities between Sanskrit and ancient Greek.

③ **linguistic** /lɪŋ'gwɪstɪk/ *adj* referring to language or languages

③ **linguistics** /lɪŋ'gwɪstɪks/ noun the science of language

lining /'lainin/ noun material sewn onto the inside of something such as a piece of clothing o You'll need a coat with a warm lining if you're going to Canada in winter. • She has a pair of boots with a fur lining. (2) **link** /lɪŋk/ noun **1**. something which connects two things or places [~between/~with] o The Channel Tunnel provides a fast rail link between England and *France.* **2.** one of the rings in a chain $\circ a$ chain with solid gold links ■ verb (links, linking, linked) 1. to join places or things together [~to/with] \circ *Eurostar links London* with Paris and Brussels. 2. to be related in some way [~to] \circ *His salary is linked to the* cost of living.

link up 3 *phrasal verb* to join two or more things together \circ *We have been able to link up all our computers to form a network.*

link-up /'lɪŋk ʌp/ noun a connection between two things

linoleum /lɪ'nəʊliəm/ noun a hard smooth floor covering, made in large rolls **lion** /'laɪən/ noun a large wild yellowishbrown animal of the cat family (NOTE: The female is a **lioness** and the young are **cubs**.)

lioness /'larənes/ noun a female lion

(2) lip /lip/ noun 1. one of the two pink or red parts forming the outside of the mouth *Put some cream on your lips to stop them getting chapped.* 2. the edge of a round deep hole in the ground
 They stood on the lip of the crater and looked down into the volcano.

lip-read /'lıp ri:d/ (**lip-reads, lip-reading, lip-read**) verb (of a deaf person) to understand what someone says by watching the movements of his or her lips

② lipstick /'lipstik/ noun a substance for colouring the lips

liquefy /'lɪkwɪfaɪ/ (**liquefies**, **liquefying**, **liquefied**) *verb* to become liquid

liqueur /lɪ'kjuə, lɪ'kɜː/ noun strong sweet alcohol, made from fruit or herbs

liquid /'lıkwıd/ noun a substance such as water, which flows easily and which is neither a gas nor a solid \circ You will need to drink more liquids in hot weather. \blacksquare adj in a form which flows easily $\circ a$ bottle of liquid soap

liquor /'lɪkə/ noun an alcoholic drink

liquor store /'lɪkə stə:/ *noun US* a shop which sells alcohol (NOTE: The British term is **off-licence**.)

lisp /IIsp/ noun a speech difficulty in which 's' is pronounced as 'th' \circ She speaks with a lisp. (NOTE: + **lisp** v)

① list /Ist/ noun a number of things such as names or addresses, written or said one after another ○ We've drawn up a list of people to invite to the party. ○ He was ill, so we crossed his name off the list. ○ The names on the list are in alphabetical order.
■ verb (lists, listing, listed) to say or to write a number of things one after the other ○ The contents are listed on the label. ○ She listed the ingredients on the back of an envelope. ○ The catalogue lists twenty-three models of washing machine.

① **listen** /'lis(ϑ)n/ (**listens**, **listening**, **listened**) verb to pay attention to someone who is talking or to something which you can hear [~to/~for] \circ Don't make a noise – I'm trying to listen to a music programme. \circ I was listening for the sound of a car stopping outside. \Box to listen out for something to wait to see if you hear something \circ Can you listen out for the telephone while I'm in the garden?

listener /'lɪs(ə)nə/ noun a person who listens

listing /'listin/ *noun* a published list of information

listless /'list(ə)ləs/ *adj* with no energy, weak and tired

listserv /'lɪst,s3:v/ *noun* an Internet service allowing users to have online discussions

③ lit /lɪt/ past tense and past participle of light

-lit /lit/ suffix showing where light comes from

lite /laɪt/ adj low in calories, sugar, fat, or alcohol

liter /'lixtə/ noun US spelling of litre

literacy /'lɪt(ə)rəsi/ noun being able to read and write. Compare **illiteracy**, numeracy

(3) **literal** /'lɪt(ə)rəl/ *adj* keeping to the exact meaning of the original words $\circ A$ *literal translation usually sounds odd.*

(2) literary /'lɪt(ə)rəri/ adj relating to literature

literate /'Irt(ϑ)r ϑ t/ *adj* able to read and write \circ *Most people in Britain are literate.*

• When he left school he was barely literate. Compare illiterate, numerate

② **literature** /'lit(\exists)r \exists / noun 1. books or writing, especially when considered to be of high quality \circ She's studying English and American literature. 2. written information about something [-on] \circ Do you have any literature on holidays in Greece? (NOTE: no plural)

lithe /laið/ adj able to bend your body easily

litigation /,ltt1'get $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/n$ an act of bringing a legal case against someone in order to have a disagreement settled

③ **litre** /'li:tə/ noun a unit of measurement for liquids, equal to 1000 millilitres (NOTE: usually written I or L after figures: 25 I, say 'twenty-five litres'.)

litter /'lɪtə/ noun **1**. rubbish on streets or in public places \circ *The council tries to keep the main street clear of litter*. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) **2**. a group of young animals born at one time \circ *She had a litter of eight puppies.*

① **little** /'lrt(\ni)l/ adj (**less**, **least**) **1**. small \circ They have two children – a baby boy and a little girl. (NOTE: no comparative or superlative forms in this sense) **2**. not much \circ We drink very little milk. \circ A TV uses very little electricity. \circ He looked at it for a little while. \blacksquare adv not much; not often \circ It's little more than two miles from the sea. \circ We go to the cinema very little these days.

little by little / lit(ə)l bar 'lit(ə)l/ adv gradually

little finger /,lrt(ə)l 'fɪŋgə/ noun the smallest of the five fingers

live¹ /latv/ adj **1**. living, not dead \circ There are strict rules about transporting live animals. **2**. carrying electricity \circ Don't touch the live wires. **3**. not recorded; being broadcast at the same time as events take place \circ a live radio show **a** dv at the same time as events take place \circ The show was broadcast live.

live down *phrasal verb* to stop being embarrassed by something which has finally been forgotten by everyone **a he'll never live it down** it will never be forgotten

live in (3) *phrasal verb* to live in the building where you work

live off(3) phrasal verb to earn money from

live on (3) *phrasal verb* to use food or money to stay alive \circ *They lived on bread and water for two weeks.*

live through (3) *phrasal verb* to experience something dangerous

live together *(i) phrasal verb (of two people)* to live in the same house and have a sexual relationship

live with (3) *phrasal verb* to put up with something $\circ As$ for aircraft noise – you'll just have to live with it. \blacksquare verb to live in the same house as someone else as if married \circ He lives with a writer of children's books.

live² /liv/ (lives, living, lived) verb 1. to have your home in a place \circ They have gone to live in France. \circ Do you prefer living in the country to the town? \circ He lives next door to a film star. \circ Where does your daughter live? **2**. to be alive \circ King Henry VIII lived in the 16th century. \circ The doctor doesn't think she will live much longer.

livelihood /'larvlihud/ noun a way of earning your living

③ **lively** /'laɪvli/ (livelier, liveliest) adj very active

liver /'lıvə/ noun 1. a large organ in the body which helps you to process food and cleans the blood 2. animal's liver used as food \circ I'll start with chicken liver pâté. \circ He looked at the menu and ordered liver and bacon.

③ **lives** /laɪvz/ 3rd person singular present of **life**

livestock /'larvst bk/ *noun* farm animals, which are kept to produce meat, milk or other products

livid /'livid/ adjextremely angry \circ Her father was livid when he heard she had spent the night with her boyfriend.

② **living** /'lıvıŋ/ adj having the signs such as breathing or growing of not being dead ○ *Does she have any living relatives*? ■ *noun* money that you need for things such as food and clothes ○ *He earns his living by selling postcards to tourists.*

(2) **living room** /'liviŋ ruːm/ noun (in a house or flat) a comfortable room for sitting in

living standards /'livin ,stændədz/ plural noun the quality of personal home life, such as the amount and quality of food or clothes you can buy or the type of car you own $\circ As \ long \ as \ living \ standards \ con$ tinue to improve, everyone is happy. (NOTE:also the**standard of living**)

③ **lizard** /'lɪzəd/ *noun* a small animal with a long tail and rough skin

(2) **load** $A \Rightarrow od/$ noun a number of heavy objects which are carried in a vehicle such as truck \circ *The lorry delivered a load of bricks*.

■ verb (loads, loading, loaded) 1. to put something, especially something heavy,

into or on to a vehicle such as a truck or van [~with] \circ *They loaded the van with furniture and personal belongings.* **2**. to put bullets into a gun, or a film into a camera [~with] \circ *They loaded their guns and hid behind the wall.* **3**. to put a program into a computer \circ *Load the word-processing program before you start keyboarding.*

loaded /'ləudid/ adj 1. having a lot of money \circ Chris is loaded – he won the lottery! 2. referring to a gun which contains bullets or a camera which contains a film

loaf /loof/ (plural loaves) noun bread made in a large round shape, which you can cut into slices before eating it \circ He bought a loaf of bread at the baker's. \circ We eat about 10 loaves of bread per week.

(2) **loan** /loon/ noun **1**. a thing lent, especially an amount of money \circ He bought the house with a £100,000 loan from the bank. **2**. the act of lending something to someone \circ I had the loan of his car for three weeks. \diamond **on loan** being lent \circ The picture is on loan to the National Gallery.

loath /ləuθ/ adj □ **to be loath to do something** to be unwilling to do something ○ *Personally, I'm very loath to get involved.*

loathe /ləuð/ (loathes, loathing, loathed) verb to hate very much (NOTE: + loathing n) loaves /ləuvz/ plural of loaf

lob /lob/ (**lobs**, **lobbing**, **lobbed**) *verb* to throw or hit a ball slowly high into the air \circ *He lobbed a ball at his sister*.

lobby /'lobi/ noun 1. an entrance hall \circ *I'll meet you in the hotel lobby in half an hour.* 2. a group of people who try to influence important people, especially members of parliament \circ *The MPs met members of the anti-abortion lobby.* **u** *verb* (lobbies, lobbying, lobbied) to try to influence someone, especially in order to get a bill through Parliament \circ *She lobbied her MP with a detailed letter and other documents.*

lobbyist /'lbbi1st/ *noun* a person who is paid to represent a pressure group

lobster /'lobstə/ noun the flesh of this shellfish used as food

① **local** /'ləvk(\ni)l/ adj relating to a place or district near where you are or where you live \circ She works as a nurse in the local hospital. \circ The local paper comes out on Fridays. \circ She was formerly the headmistress of the local school.

local anaesthetic /,ləuk(ə)l ænəs 'θetık/ *noun* a substance which removes the feeling in a certain part of the body only **local area network** /,ləuk(ə)l ,eəriə 'netw3:k/ *noun* a network of personal computers within a small area

local authority /,ləuk(ə)l ɔr'\prrti/ noun a section of elected government which runs a town or district

(3) **local government** /,ləuk(ə)l 'gAV(ə)nmənt/ *noun* organisations dealing with the matters of small areas of the country, such as towns and counties

locality /ləʊ'kælıti/ noun an area of the country or district of a town (formal) \Box in the locality near by \circ There are two theatres and four cinemas in the locality.

(2) **locally** /'l = vk(=)li/adv in the district near where you are

local time $/'l = vk(=)l_{taim}/noun$ the time of day in a particular place

(3) **locate** /lou'kett/ (locates, locating, located) verb to find the position of something \circ Divers are trying to locate the Spanish galleon.

(2) **location** $(l \neq 0)' ket \int (a) n/noun a place or position <math>\circ$ *The hotel is in a very central location.*

loch /lox/ noun (in Scotland) an inland lake or arm of the sea

(2) **lock** /lbk/ noun a part of a door or container such as a box, used for fastening it so that you can only open it with a key \circ *She left the key in the lock, so the burglars got in easily.* \circ *We changed the locks on the doors after a set of keys were stolen.* \blacksquare *verb* (**locks, locking, locked**) **1.** to close a door or a container such as a box, using a key \circ *I forgot to lock the safe.* \circ *We always lock the front door before we go to bed.* **2.** to fix something or to become fixed in a certain position \circ *The wheels suddenly locked as he went round the corner.* \diamond **under lock** *and key* locked up firmly \circ *We keep our jewels safely under lock and key.*

lock in *(in) phrasal verb* to make someone stay inside a place by locking the door

lock out(3) *phrasal verb* to make someone stay outside a place by locking the door **lock up**(3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to close a building by locking the doors \circ *He always locks up before he goes home*. \circ *She was locking up the shop when a man walked in*. **2**. to keep a person or thing inside a place or container by locking the door or lid \circ *Lock up the jewels in the safe* or *lock the jewels up in the safe*. **3**. to put someone in prison \circ *They locked him up for a week*.

③ **locker** /'lokə/ *noun* a small cupboard for personal things which you can close with a key

locket /'lbkIt/ noun a piece of jewellery which consists of a small case that you can keep a picture in, attached to a chain which is worn round the neck

locomotive /,ləukə'məutıv/ *noun* the engine of a train

lodge /lod3/ noun a small house at the gates of a large building \circ *If the lodge is as big as that, just imagine the size of the main house!* • verb (lodges, lodging, lodged) 1. to rent a room in a house \circ *He lodges with Mrs Bishop in London Road.* 2. to become stuck \circ *A piece of bread was lodged in her windpipe.* \circ *The bullet was lodged in her windpipe.* \circ *The bullet was lodged in his spine.* 3. to leave something with someone to look after for you [~with] \circ *They lodged all the documents with the solicitor.* 4. to make an official complaint about someone or something [-with] \circ *They lodged a complaint with the local electricity company.*

lodger /'lɒdʒə/ *noun* a person who pays to stay in a room in a house

lodging /'lbdʒɪŋ/ noun a place where someone lodges

(3) **loft** /loft/ noun the top part of a house right under the roof \circ *They converted their loft into a bedroom*.

lofty /'lofti/ (**loftier**, **loftiest**) *adj* **1**. very high \circ *From the lofty height of the church tower the boys could see for miles*. \circ *The lofty ceiling and wide windows gave the studio a wonderful feeling of space.* **2**. proud \circ *Her lofty attitude towards her colleagues does not make her many friends.*

③ **log** /log/ noun a thick piece of a tree \circ He brought in a load of logs for the fire.

log in, log on *phrasal verb (in computing)* to start to use a computer system, usually by typing a particular word

log off, log out *phrasal verb* to finish using a computer system, usually by typing a particular word

loggerheads /'lbgəhedz/ noun \Box to be at loggerheads with someone to always arguing with someone \circ He has been at loggerheads with the town council for some months.

logic /'lod₃Ik/ noun 1. formal reasoning \circ Your logic is flawed – just because she's an MA doesn't mean she's a good teacher. 2. sensible thinking, good reason $\circ I$ don't see the logic of owning two cars and not being able to drive.

logical

(3) **logical** /'lbd31k(ϑ)l/ *adj* **1**. clearly reasoned \circ *a logical conclusion* **2**. (of a person) able to reason clearly \circ She's a very *logical person and thinks everything through carefully*.

login /'login/ *noun* the act of logging in to a computer system

logistics /lə'dʒ1st1ks/ *noun* the organisation of the movement of large numbers of people and things such as vehicles and supplies

③ **logo** /'ləugəu/ (plural logos) noun a symbol or design used by a company in order for people to recognise its products

loins /loinz/ plural noun the part of the body between the hips

loiter /'loitə/ (**loiters**, **loitering**, **loitered**) *verb* to stand or walk slowly about doing nothing

loll /lpl/ (lolls, lolling, lolled) verb to sit or lie in a lazy way \circ They spent the afternoon lolling about in armchairs, watching the cricket.

lolly /'loli/ noun **1**. a lollipop, a sweet on the end of a stick **2**. money \circ What happened to the lolly, then?

lone /ləun/ adj single, one alone. • wolf (NOTE: Do not confuse with loan.)

loneliness /'ləonlinəs/ noun 1. a feeling of sadness you can get from being alone \circ After his wife died it took him a long time to get over his feelings of loneliness. **2.** the state of being alone \circ He was attracted by the loneliness of the hotel, all by itself on the top of the cliff.

③ **lonely** /'ləonli/ (**lonelier**, **loneliest**) *adj* **1.** feeling sad because of being alone \circ *It's odd how lonely you can be in a big city full of people.* **2.** (*of a place*) with few or no people around \circ *The cliff top is a lonely place at night.* \circ *We spent the weekend in a lonely cottage in the Welsh hills.*

loner /'ləunə/ *noun* a person who prefers to be alone

lonesome /'ləuns(ə)m/ adj especially US lonely, sad because of being alone

● long /lon/ adj 1. not short in length $\circ a$ long piece of string \circ The Nile is the longest river in the world. \circ My hair needs cutting – it's getting too long. 2. not short in time \circ What a long programme – it lasted almost three hours. \circ They've been waiting for the bus for a long time. \circ We don't approve of long holidays in this job. 3. used for asking about an amount of time \circ How long is it before your holiday starts? = adv a long time \circ Have you been waiting long? \circ I didn't want to wait any longer. = noun long time \Box long ago many years before the present time \circ Long ago this was a wealthy farming area. • verb to want something very much [-for] \circ I'm longing for a cup of tea. \circ Everyone was longing to be back home. \diamond as long as, so long as provided that, on the condition that \circ I like going on picnics as long as it doesn't rain. \diamond no longer not any more \circ I no longer have that car. \diamond before long in a short time \circ She'll be boss of the company before long. \diamond for long for a long time \circ He wasn't out of a job for long.

long-awaited /,lon ə'wert1d/ adj for which people have been waiting for a long time

long-distance /loŋ'dıstəns/ adj 1. (of a sports race) between two places which are far apart \circ She was over fifty when she took up long-distance running. \circ You'll have to get fit if you're going to run a long-distance race. 2. made over a long distance \circ We spent three days walking along one of the long-distance paths in the hills. \circ Long-distance telephone calls cost less after 6 p.m.

long-drawn-out / lon droin 'aut/ adj which continues for a long period of time

long-haul / lon 'horl/ *adj* over a large distance, especially between continents

③ **longing** /'lɒŋɪŋ/ *noun* a strong wish to have something

longitude /'longit ju:d/ noun a position on the earth's surface measured in degrees east or west of an imaginary line running north-south through Greenwich, a town just to the east of London

③ **long-lasting** / loŋ 'lɑːstɪŋ/ adj which lasts a long time

long-life /loŋ laɪf/ adj (of food and drink) treated with a special process so that it will stay fresh for a long time

long-lost /lon lost/ *adj* who or which is not seen for a long time

(3) **long-range** /₁loŋ 'reɪndʒ/ *adj* which covers a long distance or a long time. ϕ **short-range**

long-running $/_{1}$ long $'r_{\Lambda\Pi\Pi}/$ adj which has been going on for a long time \circ Our long-running dispute with our neighbours.

longsighted /,loŋ'saɪtɪd/ *adj* able to see things clearly things which are far away but not things which are close. \Diamond **shortsighted**

longstanding / loŋ'stændıŋ/ *adj* which has been in existence for a long time

long-suffering $/_{1}$ lon $'s\Lambda f(\vartheta)rin/adj$ patient with problems caused by other people

long-time /'loŋ taɪm/ adj who has existed for a long time

(3) **long wave** $l' long weiv/ noun a radio wave with a wavelength longer than 1000 metres. <math>\phi$ medium wave, short wave

long weekend / loŋ wiːk'end/ noun a weekend, including Friday night

long-winded / lon 'windid/ adj (of a person) talking too much in a boring way

③ **loo** /luː/ (*plural* **loos**) *noun* a toilet or a room in which there is a toilet (*informal*)

(1) look /luk/ verb (looks, looking, looked) 1. to turn your eyes to see something [~at/~through/under/in/outetc] \circ I want you to look carefully at this photograph. \circ Look in the restaurant and see if there are any tables free. \circ If you look out of the office window you can see our house. • He opened the lid of the box and looked *inside*. **2.** to appear to be \circ *Those pies look* good. \circ He looks much older than forty. **3**. used as an interjection \circ Look! if we don't sort this out now, we'll never do it. noun 1. the way someone or something appears There is a French look about her clothes. 2. the act of seeing something with your eyes \circ *Have a good look at this photograph* and tell me if you recognise anyone in it. \circ We only had time for a quick look round the town. 3. а search for something [~for/~around] \circle I didn't see him at the concert though I had a good look around. • We had a look for the ring and couldn't find it anvwhere.

look after *(*) *phrasal verb* to take care of someone or something

look ahead (3) *phrasal verb* to make plans for the future

look back (3) *phrasal verb* to turn your head to see what is behind you \circ *He looked back and saw a police car was following him.*

look for *phrasal verb* to search for something, to try to find something

look forward to *phrasal verb* to think happily about something which is going to happen

look into *phrasal verb* to try to find out about a matter or problem

look on phrasal verb **1.** to watch without doing anything \circ The police beat up the demonstrators while the tourists just looked on. **2.** to consider, to think of something as \circ We look on trade fairs as a bit of relaxation after the office. \circ He looks on his secretary as simply someone to make coffee and answer the phone. **look out** phrasal verb to be careful \circ *Look out*! – the car is going backwards! **look out for** phrasal verb 1. to try to see or find someone or something \circ We're looking out for new offices because ours are too small. \circ I'll look out for his sister at the party. 2. to be careful about \circ Look out for ice on the pavement.

look over ③ *phrasal verb* **1**. to examine quickly \circ *She looked over the figures and said they seemed to be OK*. **2**. to have a view over something \circ *The office looks over a disused warehouse.*

look up() phrasal verb 1. to turn your eyes upwards \circ She looked up and saw clouds in the sky. 2. to try to find some information in a book \circ l'll look up his address in the telephone book. \circ Look up the word in the dictionary if you don't know what it means. 3. to get in touch with \circ Look me up when you're next in London. 4. to get better \circ Things are looking up.

look up to ③ phrasal verb to admire or respect someone

lookalike /'lukəlaık/ noun a person who look like someone else, especially someone famous (*informal*)

(3) **lookout** /'lukaut/ noun 1. a careful watch \circ Keep a sharp lookout for pick-pockets. \circ From their lookout post they could see across the square. 2. a person who is on watch \circ The captain posted a lookout in the bows. \diamond to be on the lookout for to watch carefully for \circ She's always on the lookout for bargains. \circ The police are on the lookout for car thieves.

loom /lu:m/ (looms, looming, loomed) verb to appear in a rather threatening way \circ A storm loomed on the horizon. \circ A bus suddenly loomed out of the fog.

loony /'lu:ni/, **looney** *noun* a person who is regarded as silly or crazy (*insult*) \circ *Whoever invented bungee-jumping was a bit of a loony.*

loop /lu:p/ noun a curve formed by a piece of something such as string, which crosses over itself \circ To tie your laces, start by making a loop.

loophole /'luxphəul/ noun a means of avoiding a law

③ **loose** /lu:s/ (looser, loosest) adj 1. (of a garment) not tight ○ Wear loose trousers and a teeshirt for the dance class. 2. not attached to anything ○ The front wheel is loose and needs tightening. ○ The boat came loose and started to drift away. ○ Once he was let loose, the dog ran across the park.

loose cannon /lu:s 'kænən/ noun someone who is not easily controlled and may do or say things which are not officially approved (*slang*)

loose change /₁luis 'tfeindz/ noun money in coins only

loose end /lu:s end/ *noun* one of the details in something such as a problem or situation which has not yet been dealt with

loosely /'lu:sli/ adv 1. not tightly \circ The skirt fits loosely round her waist. \circ He tied his horse loosely to the post. 2. in a way which is not completely accurate \circ The word can be loosely translated as 'hanging down'.

loosen /'lu:s(i)n/ (loosens, loosening, loosened) verb to make something less tight \circ He loosened his shoelaces and relaxed.

loot /lu:t/ noun 1. things which have been stolen \circ The police discovered the rest of the loot under his bed. 2. money (informal) \circ He's got plenty of loot. \blacksquare verb (loots, looting, looted) to steal, especially from shops and houses, during a riot or other emergency \circ Some houses were looted during the floods. (NOTE: + looter n; looting n)

lope /ləup/ (**lopes**, **loping**, **loped**) verb to run with long easy steps

lopsided /lop'satdtd/ *adj* leaning to one side, with one side lower than the other

(2) **lord** /lo:d/ noun **1**. a man who has a high social rank \circ He was born a lord. \circ Powerful lords forced King John to sign the Magna Carta. **2**. an expression of surprise or shock \circ Good lord! I didn't realise it was so late!

lore /loː/ noun traditional beliefs and knowledge. \Diamond **folklore** (NOTE: no plural)

③ **lorry** /'lbri/ *noun* a large motor vehicle for carrying goods

① **IOSE** /Iu:Z' (**Ioses, losing, lost**) verb **1.** to put or drop something somewhere and not to know where it is $\circ I$ can't find my wallet – I think I lost it on the train. $\circ If$ you lose your ticket you'll have to buy another one. **2.** not to have something any longer \circ We lost money on the lottery. **3.** not to win \circ We lost the match 10 - 0. \circ Did you win? – No, we lost. \diamond **to lose your way** to not know where you are or which direction to go in \circ They lost their way in the fog on the mountain.

③ **loser** /'luːzə/ noun a person who does not win

① **loss** /los/ noun **1**. the state of no longer having something \circ *He was very unhappy* at the loss of his house. \circ *The loss of a child* is almost unbearable to a parent. **2**. money which you have spent and have not got back through earnings \circ *Companies often* make losses in their first year of operations. \diamond **to be at a loss (to do something)** not to know what to do \circ *We are at a loss* to know how to proceed since our appeal has been rejected. \circ *I'm at a loss for something to do now that the party has been cancelled.*

② lost /lost/ past tense and past participle of lose

lost cause /lost ko:z/ noun something such as a plan or activity which cannot succeed

① lot /lot/ noun \square a lot of, lots of a large number or a large quantity \circ l've been to the cinema quite a lot recently. \circ She's feeling a lot better now. \circ What a lot of cars there are in the car park! \circ Lots of people are looking for jobs. \circ There's lots of time before the train leaves. \diamond the lot everything \circ That's the lot – there's nothing left. \circ There were old pots and books and newspapers – we sold the lot for £50. \circ We picked a kilo of strawberries and ate the lot for dinner.

lotion /'lə $\upsilon J(\vartheta)n/$ noun a liquid used on the skin to make it smooth or to protect it

(3) **lottery** ('lot əri/ (*plura*/ **lotteries**) *noun* a game of chance in which tickets with numbers on are sold with prizes given for certain numbers

(2) **loud** /laud/ adj very easy to hear \circ Can't you stop your watch making such a loud noise? \circ Turn down the radio – it's too loud. \blacksquare adv loudly \circ I can't sing any louder. \circ She laughed out loud in church.

loudly /'laudli/ adv in a way which is easy to hear

loudness /'laudnəs/ *noun* the state of being loud, being noisy

loudspeaker /laud'spirkə/ noun the part of an object such as a radio or CD player which allows sound to be heard

lounge /laundz/ noun a comfortable room for sitting in \circ Let's go and watch TV in the lounge.

louse /laus/ (plural lice) noun a small insect which sucks blood and lives on the skin as a parasite on animals and humans

lousy /'lauzi/ (lousier, lousiest) adj extremely bad or unpleasant

lout /laut/ noun a rude and badly behaved young man (insult) ◊ lager

lovable /'lʌvəb(ə)l/ adj pleasant, easy to love

(i) **love** /lAV/ noun 1. a strong feeling of liking someone or something very much o *his love for his children* \circ *Her great love is* opera. 2. (in games such as tennis) a score of zero points \circ She lost the first set six – *love* (6-0). \blacksquare *verb* (loves, loving, loved) 1. to have strong feelings of affection for someone or something \circ 'I love vou!.' he said. O She loves little children. O The chil*dren love their teacher.* \circ *His wife thinks he* loves someone else. 2. to like something very much \circ *I love chocolate ice cream*. \Box to love doing something to enjoy doing something very much \circ We love going on holiday by the seaside. \Box to love to do **something** to like or want to do something very much \circ *He loved to watch the birds in* the garden. \circ I'd love to come with you, but I've got too much work to do. \diamond to be in love to love someone or to love each other I told her I was in love with her.

love affair /' $l_{AV} \Rightarrow$, fe \Rightarrow / noun a sexual relationship between two people who are not married to each other

loved ones /lʌvd wʌns/ plural noun your family and friends

love life /'lAV laIf/ noun someone's sexual relationships

(2) **lovely** /'l∧vli/ (**lovelier**, **loveliest**) *adj* **1**. very pleasant to look at ○ *She looks lovely in that dress*. ○ *There's a lovely garden behind the house*. **2**. pleasant or enjoyable ○ *I had a lovely time on holiday*. ○ *It was lovely to have all those visitors when I was in hospital*.

③ **lover** /'lavə/ noun **1**. a person, especially a man, who is having a sexual relationship with someone \circ Her lover was arrested when the woman's body was found on the beach. **2**. a person who loves something \circ a lover of French food

loving /'laviŋ/ adj affectionate, showing love

① **low** /ləu/ adj (lower, lowest) not high ○ She hit her head on the low branch. ○ The town is surrounded by low hills. ○ We shop around to find the lowest prices. ○ The engine works best at low speeds. ○ The temperature here is too low for oranges to grow. ○ Sales were lower in December than in November. ■ adv (lower, lowest) towards the bottom; not high up ○ The plane was flying too low – it hit the trees.

lowbrow /'ləubrau/ *adj* not difficult to understand and of a low quality

low-calorie /,ləu 'kæləri/ *adj* containing few calories

low-cut /ləu 'kʌt/ adj used to describe women's clothing which has a low neckline and shows the top part of the chest

(3) **lower** /'lauə/ adj not as high \circ They booked a cabin on the lower deck. • verb (lowers, lowering, lowered) to make something go down \circ They lowered the boat into the water.

lower case /,ləuə 'keis/ *noun* small letters such as a, b and c as opposed to capitals such as A, B and C

lower class /,ləuə 'klu:s/ *noun* a group of people in society who are not rich, aristocratic or middle-class (*dated*)

low-fat /,ləυ 'fæt/ *adj* containing very little fat ο *Do you have any low-fat yoghurt?* **low-key** /,ləυ 'ki:/ *adj* quiet, without much excitement

lowlands /'ləuləndz/ plural noun a lowlying area of the country o the Lowlands of Scotland

low-level $/_1$ lou 'lev(\Rightarrow) l/ *adj* **1**. positioned or done at lower than the usual level **2**. low in status or degree

low-lying /₁ləʊ 'laɪɪŋ/ adj which is near to sea level, or to the level of a river

low-paid /, lou 'perd/ adj not being paid much for a job \circ She has a low-paid job as a cleaner or her job as a cleaner is very low-paid.

low point /'loo point/ *noun* the least enjoyable or successful period of something

low profile /,ləʊ 'prəʊfaɪl/ *noun* behaviour that avoids public attention

low-rise /'ləʊ raɪz/ adj (of buildings) consisting of only a few levels

low season /,ləʊ 'si:z(ə)n/ noun a time of year, usually during the winter, when few people go on holiday, and when air fares and hotel prices are cheaper

low-tech /lə υ 'tek/ noun simple and not highly developed technically \circ a low-tech solution

low tide /,ləʊ 'taɪd/, **low water** *noun* the lowest level of the sea the land, or the time when the sea is at this level

loyal /'lɔɪəl/ adj who supports someone or something for along time without changing \circ Dogs are very loyal to their owners.

loyalist /'loialist/ noun a person who is loyal to someone or something

loyalties /'loɪəltiz/ *plural noun* the strong feelings of support and friendship which you have for someone or something

loyalty /'lɔɪəlti/ noun the quality of being loyal

lozenge /'lozindʒ/ noun 1. a diamond shape, especially when used in heraldry \circ *The shield has a pattern of red lozenges.* 2. a sweet medicine in the form of a pill \circ *She* was sucking cough lozenges to get rid of her cough.

LSD / el es 'di:/ noun an illegal drug which has a powerful effect, e.g. making people see things which are not real

① Ltd abbr limited company

lubricate /'lu:brikeit/ (**lubricates, lubricating, lubricated**) *verb* to cover something with a lubricant to make it run smoothly (NOTE: + **lubrication** *n*)

lucid /'lu:sid/ adj 1. clear, easily understood \circ The old lady gave a clear and lucid account of the incident to the police. 2. able to think clearly \circ For most of the time he was delirious but in his few lucid moments he seemed to recognise me.

(2) **luck** $/l\Lambda k/$ noun something, usually good, which happens to you \circ *The bus is empty* – *that's a bit of luck!* \diamond **to do something for luck** because I hope it will bring me luck \circ *I'll wear this ring for luck.*

③ **luckily** /'lʌkɪli/ *adv* used for showing that you think an event was lucky

② **lucky** /'lAki/ (**luckier**, **luckiest**) *adj* **1**. having good things happening to you, especially if they are unexpected ○ *He's lucky not to have been sent to prison.* ○ *How lucky you are to be going to Spain!* **2**. bringing good luck ○ *Fifteen is my lucky number.*

lucrative /'lu:krətıv/ *adj* bringing in a lot of money or profit

ludicrous /'luːdɪkrəs/ *adj* ridiculous, which makes you laugh

lug $/l_{\Lambda g}/$ (**lugs**, **lugging**, **lugged**) verb to carry or pull something heavy $\circ I$ had to lug my cases up two flights of stairs. \circ Lugging those boxes up into the attic has worn me out.

② luggage /'lʌgɪdʒ/ noun suitcases or bags for carrying your clothes and other things when travelling

lukewarm / $_1$ lu:k'wo:m/ adj 1. not very hot \circ *The soup was only lukewarm*. \circ *We sent back the coffee because it was lukewarm*. 2. not enthusiastic \circ *He was only lukewarm about our project.*

Iull /IAl/ noun a quiet period \circ After last week's hectic rushing around this week's lull was welcome. \blacksquare verb (**Iulls, Iulling, Iulled**) to make someone calmer, to soothe someone \circ She sang a song to lull the baby to sleep. \circ The report was not very critical and that lulled them into a false sense of security.

lumber /'lambə/ (lumbers, lumbering, lumbered) verb 1. to give someone something he or she doesn't want to do [~with] (informal) ○ You always manage to lumber me with the worst jobs. ○ Why do I always get lumbered with doing the shopping? 2. to move slowly and heavily ○ The tractor lumbered across the field pulling a trailer full of hay. ○ Watch where you're treading, you lumbering great hulk! (NOTE: Do not confuse with lumbar.)

lumberjack /'lnmbəd3æk/ noun a person who cuts down trees

luminous /'luːmɪnəs/ adj which gives out light in the dark

(2) **lump** /lAmp/ noun **1**. a piece of something, often with no particular shape $\circ a$ lump of sugar **2**. a hard or swollen part on the body [\sim on] \circ She went to the doctor because she had found a lump on her neck.

lump sum /_ilamp 'sam/ noun money paid in one payment, not in several small payments

lumpy /'lʌmpi/ (**lumpier**, **lumpiest**) *adj* with solid lumps in it

lunacy /'luːnəsi/ noun madness, idiotic behaviour

lunar /'lu:nə/ adj referring to the moon

lunatic /'lu:notik/ noun a person who acts in a mad way (informal insult) \circ Don't be such a lunatic – try to talk to her! \circ He drove like a lunatic to catch the ferry.

① **lunch** /lʌnt ʃ/ noun the meal eaten in the middle of the day \circ Come on – lunch will be ready soon. \circ We always have lunch at 12.30. \circ We are having fish and chips for lunch. \circ I'm not hungry so I don't want a big lunch. \circ The restaurant serves 150 lunches a day.

③ **lunchtime** /'lʌnt ʃtaɪm/ noun the time when you usually have lunch

lung $/l_{\Lambda}\eta/$ *noun* one of two organs in the chest with which you breathe

lunge /landʒ/ (**lunges, lunging, lunged**) verb to make a sudden movement forwards \circ The baby suddenly lunged at the candles on the cake. (NOTE: + **lunge** n)

lupin /'lu:pin/ *noun* a plant with tall flowers in different colours

lurch /l3:t \int / noun a sudden unsteady movement \circ *The ship gave a sudden lurch*.

■ verb (lurches, lurching, lurched) to make a sudden unsteady movement ○ When the taxi finally lurched to a stop I was shaking all over. \circ He lurched over to the bar and ordered another drink.

lure A_{j} to > noun a thing which attracts a person or animal \circ *The white beaches are a lure for tourists.* • verb (**lures**, **luring**, **lured**) to attract someone, especially into something bad \circ *She was lured to the club by reports of high wages for bar staff.*

lurid /'ljuərid/ adj **1.** glowing with brilliant colours \circ The flames gave a lurid glow to the scene. \circ She was wearing a lurid pink tracksuit. **2.** (of a book or film) sensational, meant to shock \circ There were several lurid descriptions of conditions in the refugee camps.

lurk /lɜːk/ (lurks, lurking, lurked) verb to be hidden

luscious /'lajəs/ adj very sweet and juicy

lush $/l_{\Lambda} f/$ adj ((of plants)) very green and growing well \circ The cattle were put to graze on the lush grass by the river. \circ Lush tropical vegetation rapidly covered the clearing.

lust /lst/ noun **1**. strong sexual desire \circ He looked at her with eyes full of lust. **2**. a great desire for something \circ She is driven by a lust for power.

luxurious /lʌg'zjuəriəs/ adj very comfortable and expensive

luxury /'lʌkʃəri/ (plural **luxuries**) noun **1**. great comfort \circ *He lived a life of great lux*ury. \circ *A hot bath is a real luxury after two* weeks camping in the mountains. **2**. a thing which is pleasant to have, but not necessary \circ *She often buys little luxuries for dessert* on Friday nights.

3 lying /'laiin/ present participle of lie

lynch $/\text{Int}\int/$ (**lynches**, **lynching**, **lynched**) *verb* (*of a mob*) to catch an accused person and execute him or her, especially by hanging, without a trial

lyrics /'lIIIIks/ plural noun the words of a song \circ He wrote the lyrics for the musical.

Μ

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{m}}$ /em/, $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{M}}$ noun the thirteenth letter of the alphabet, between L and N

③ ma /mai/ noun a mother (informal)

ma'am *noun* a formal or polite way of referring to a lady

mac /mæk/, **mack** *noun* a coat which keeps off water, which is worn when it is raining (*informal*) (NOTE: short for **mackintosh**)

macabre /mə'kɑ:brə/ *adj* very strange and horrifying, especially referring to dead bodies

macaroni/,mækə'rəuni/ noun an Italian food made of short thick tubes of flour paste

machete /mə'feti/ noun a large sharp knife

① machine /mə' \int i:n/ noun a piece of equipment that uses power \circ We have bought a machine for putting leaflets in envelopes. \circ There is a message on my answering machine. \circ She made her dress on her sewing machine. \circ The washing machine has broken and flooded the kitchen.

machine gun $/m = \int i \ln g \wedge n / noun$ a gun which automatically fires many bullets rapidly, one after the other

machine-readable /mə'∫irn 'ri:dəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be used by a computer

③ **machinery** /mə¹∫i:nəri/ noun 1. machines in general ○ *The factory has got rid* of a lot of old machinery. 2. a way of organising something [~for] ○ a review of local government machinery othe machinery for awarding government contracts

macho /'mæt∫əʊ/ *adj* behaving in a way that is thought to be typical of a man (*disapproving*)

mackerel /'mækrəl/ (*plural* **mackerels** or *same*) *noun* a sea fish with dark flesh, eaten grilled or smoked; also canned and made into pâté

macro /mækrəʊ/ (*plural* macros), macroinstruction *noun* a block of instructions for a computer identified by one or more

keystrokes \circ *I* do the page layouts using a macro.

macro-/mækrə∪/prefix on a large scale ② mad /mæd/ (madder, maddest) adj 1. silly or crazy ○ Everyone thought he was mad to try to cross the Atlantic in a rowing boat. 2. very angry (informal) ○ She's mad at or with him for borrowing her car. ○ He was hopping mad when they told him his car had been stolen. 3. having a serious medical condition which affects the brain (offensive) (NOTE: + madly adv) ◇ mad about someone or something very keen on someone or something (informal) ○ He's mad about jigsaw puzzles.

madam /'mædəm/ (plural mesdames) noun 1. a polite way of addressing a woman, often used by people who are providing a service such as waiters or shop assistants o Can I help you, madam? 2. used when writing a letter to a woman whom you do not know o Dear Madam

mad cow disease /mæd 'kaʊ dɪ,zi:z/ *noun* bovine spongiform encephalopathy, a disease affecting the brains of cattle (*informal*)

maddening /'mæd(ə)nıŋ/ *adj* exasperating or annoying

() **made** /merd/ past tense and past participle of **make** (NOTE: Do not confuse with **maid**.)

madhouse /'mædhaʊs/ noun a place where there is a lot of confused activity (*informal*)

(3) madman /'mædmən/ (plural madmen) noun a person who is mentally ill (offensive)

③ **madness** /'mædnəs/ noun stupid behaviour which may be dangerous \circ *It's sheer madness to go out in a little boat in this weather.*

maestro /'maistrəu/ noun a musical genius

mag /mæg/ noun an illustrated publication which comes out regularly \circ *He found a pile of old car mags in a corner of the shop.* (2) **magazine** $/_{mæga'zi:n/$ noun a large thin book with a paper cover, which is published regularly \circ *The gardening magazine comes out on Fridays.*

maggot /'mægət/ noun a white caterpillar of a fly, which eats rotting meat

magic /'mædʒik/ noun 1. a mysterious imaginary power to make things happen 2. a special enjoyable atmosphere $[-of] \circ$ the magic of a summer's evening 3. tricks such as making things appear and disappear, performed by an entertainer called a 'magician' **a** adj with mysterious imaginary qualities \circ The children found themselves in a magic wood. \diamond **as if by magic** suddenly, without any possible explanation \circ He pushed a button and, as if by magic, lights came on all over the garden.

magical /'mædʒɪk(ə)l/ *adj* as if produced by magic

magic bullet /,mædʒɪk 'bulɪt/ *noun* **1**. a medicine which can quickly cure a serious illness **2**. a quick solution to a difficult problem

magician $/m \vartheta^{1} d_{\Im I} \int (\vartheta) n / noun 1$. a wizard \circ *Merlin was the great magician in medieval legends*. **2**. a conjurer \circ *They hired a magician to entertain the children at the party.*

③ **magistrate** /'mædʒɪstreɪt/ noun a judge who tries cases in a minor court

magnanimous /mæg'næn1məs/ adj very kind and generous to someone you have defeated or to someone who is weaker than you

magnate /'mægneɪt/ *noun* an important and powerful businessman

magnesium /mæg'ni:ziəm/ noun a white metal which is used in making alloys and is also an essential element in biological life

③ **magnet** /'mægnit/ noun 1. a piece of metal which attracts iron and steel \circ She has a Mickey Mouse which sticks to the fridge door with a magnet. 2. anything which attracts people or things [~for] \circ The big city is a magnet for teenagers running away from home.

magnetic /mæg'net1k/ *adj* which attracts metal

magnetism /'mægnətIZ(ϑ)m/ noun 1. the quality of being magnetic 2. being charming and attractive \circ *The princess had enormous personal magnetism*.

magnification $/_{magnifi'kel}(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. the action of making something appear larger \circ Magnification enables us to see things that are too small to be visible to *the naked eye.* **2.** the degree to which things appear larger when magnified \circ *What magnification do you get with these binoculars?*

magnificent /mæg'nɪfɪs(ə)nt/ *adj* very impressive or beautiful

magnify /'mægnifai/ (magnifies, magnifying, magnified) verb to make something appear larger

③ **magnitude** /'mægnitju:d/ noun importance o They did not underestimate the magnitude of the task. o We will need more staff if we take on a project of this magnitude.

magnolia /mæg'nəuliə/ *noun* a large tree with huge white or pink flowers

mag tape /'mæg teɪp/ noun same as magnetic tape

mahogany /məˈhɒgəni/ noun a dark red tropical hardwood, now becoming rare

maid /meId/ noun a female servant \circ The maid forgot to change the towels. \circ The chalet has a daily maid to do the cleaning. **maiden** /'meId(ϑ)n/ noun an unmarried girl or woman \circ The village maidens danced at the wedding.

maiden name /'meɪd(ə)n neɪm/ *noun* the surname of a woman before she is married

② mail /meil/ noun 1. letters which are delivered or which are sent ○ The mail hasn't come yet. ○ The receipt was in this morning's mail. 2. a service provided by the post office ○ We sent the parcel by sea mail. ○ It's cheaper to send the order by surface mail than by air.

mailbox /'me1lbbks/ noun US 1. one of several boxes where incoming mail is put in a large building $\circ I$ checked the mailbox to see if I had any letters. 2. a box for putting letters and packets in which you want to mail $\circ I$ posted the letter in the mailbox at the corner of the street.

(3) **mailing list** /'meilin list/ noun a list of names and addresses of people to whom information can be sent

maim /meIm/ (maims, maiming, maimed) verb to injure someone very badly, sometimes causing permanent damage

① main /mein/ adj most important ○ The main thing is to get to work on time. ○ Their main factory is in Scotland. ○ January is the main month for skiing holidays. ○ A car will meet you at the main entrance. main clause /mein 'klɔ:z/ noun the main part of a sentence **main course** /'mein kois/ *noun* the most important part of a meal, usually a dish of meat and vegetables or fish and vegetables

mainframe /'meinfreim/ noun a large computer

main line /mein lain/ noun an important main railway line

(2) **mainly** /'meinli/ adv most often \circ We sell mainly to businesses. \circ People mainly go on holiday in the summer.

main road /mein 'roud/ noun the largest and busiest road in a place

mainstay /'meinstei/ *noun* a main support that plays the most important part in keeping something going

mainstream /'meinstriim/ adj (of a group) most important

(2) maintain /mein'tein/ (maintains, maintaining, maintained) verb 1. to make something stay the same ○ We like to maintain good relations with our customers. 2. to keep something in good working order ○ The boiler needs to be regularly maintained. 3. to continue to state something as a fact [~(that)] ○ Throughout the trial he maintained that the car was not his.

(2) maintenance /'meintənəns/ noun 1. the act of keeping something in working order \circ We offer a full maintenance service. 2. the act of keeping things going or working \circ the maintenance of contacts with government officials 3. money for upkeep, especially paid by a divorced or separated person to help pay for living expenses for children \circ to pay maintenance for the children

maisonette /,meizə'net/ *noun* a flat on two floors in a larger house

maize /meiz/ noun a widely grown cereal crop, with tall plants bearing large yellow seeds (NOTE: Do not confuse with **maze**. The US term is **corn**.)

majestic /mə'dʒest1k/ adj grand or stately

majesty /'mædʒəsti/ noun **1**. a beautiful or impressive sight \circ *The majesty of the snow-covered mountains took his breath away.* **2**. used as a title for a king or queen \circ *Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II*

(2) **major** /'metdʒə/ adj important ○ Smoking is a major cause of lung cancer. ○ Computers are a major influence on modern industrial society. ○ Many small roads are blocked by snow, but the major roads are open. □ **the major part of something** most of something ○ The major part of the film takes place in Scotland. ■ noun a rank of an officer in the army below colonel $\circ A$ major came up in a truck with six soldiers. (NOTE: also used as a title before a surname: Major Smith)

(2) **majority** /mə'dʒprīti/ noun 1. the larger part of a group \circ The majority of the members of the club don't want to change the rules. \Box in the majority being more than half of the members \circ Women are in a majority on the committee. 2. a number of voters which is larger than half \circ She was elected with a majority of 10,000. 3. the age when you become legally adult \circ He will inherit money from his grandfather when he reaches his majority.

(i) make /meik/ (makes, making, made) *verb* **1**. to produce or build something [~with/~of/out of] \circ These knives are made of steel. • He made a boat out of old pieces of wood. \circ She's making a birthday cake. **2.** to get something ready [~with] \circ Do you *want me to make some tea?* **3.** to add up to a total o Six and four make ten. 4. to give someone a particular feeling o *The smell of* curry makes me hungry. \circ The rough sea made him feel sick. O Looking at old photographs made her sad. \circ He made himself comfortable in the armchair. 5. to force someone to do something o His mother made him clean his room. • The teacher made us all stav in after school. \circ I can't *make the car go any faster.* \circ *What on earth* made you do that? \diamond to make do (with something) to use something because there is nothing else available \diamond to make **sense 1.** to be understood \circ *The message doesn't make sense.* **2.** to be a good idea \circ It makes sense to put a little money into your savings account every week.

make for (3) phrasal verb 1. to go towards a place \circ The army was making for the capital. \circ As soon as the film started, she made straight for the exit. 2. to help something to happen \circ Non-stick pans make for easier washing up.

make of *(*) *phrasal verb* to have an impression or opinion about something

make off with (3) phrasal verb to steal something

make out phrasal verb 1. to be able to see clearly \circ Can you make out the house in the dark? 2. to be able to understand \circ I can't make out why he doesn't want to come. 3. to claim something which is probably not true \circ The English weather isn't really as bad as it is made out to be. \circ She tries to make out that she's very poor. 4. to write something, such as a name \circ The cheaue is made out to Mr Smith. 5. US to be successful \circ He tried opening a fish restaurant but it didn't make out. \circ How is Bobby making out at school?

make up(1) phrasal verb 1. to invent a story \circ *He said he had seen a man climbing* into the house, but in fact he made the whole story up. 2.
to make yourself up to put on makeup, e.g. powder and lipstick **3.** to form something \circ *The staff is* made up of secretaries and drivers. 4. to make up your mind to decide on something o They can't make up their minds on where to go for their holiday. 5. **to make up for lost time** to act quickly because you did not act earlier o It's June already – we'll have to plant our beans now to make up for lost time. 6. to become friends again o They quarrelled, and then made it up. 7.
to make it up to someone to compensate someone for something, e.g. for something lost or damaged o Don't worry about the paint on your carpet – we'll make it up to you.

make-believe /'merk br,liv/ *noun* the practice of pretending that something is true when it is not

makeshift /'meIkʃIft/ *adj* used temporarily in place of something else

(3) **makeup** /'meikAp/ noun substances, e.g. face powder and lipstick, which people put on their face to make it more beautiful or change their appearance in some way o She wears no makeup apart from a little eye shadow. • He spent hours over his makeup for the part of the monster.

③ **making** /'me1k1ŋ/ present participle of make

malaise /mə'le1Z/ noun **1**. a feeling of being slightly ill \circ She had a feeling of malaise but couldn't say what caused it. **2**. a feeling of being slightly worried \circ There is a general malaise among the middle-class which might make them vote against the government.

malaria /mə'leəriə/ *noun* a tropical disease caused by a parasite which enters the body after a bite from a female mosquito

(2) **male** /merl/ adj relating to the sex which does not give birth to young $\circ A$ male deer is called a stag. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **mail**.)

malevolent /mə'levələnt/ *adj* who wants to harm other people

malfunction $/mæl^{+}f_{A}\eta_{k}\int \partial n/$ noun the fact of not working properly \circ *The data was lost due to a software malfunction.* (NOTE: + malfunction v) **malice** /'mælɪs/ *noun* an unfriendly or spiteful feeling towards someone

malicious $/m \exists l_{I} \exists s / adj$ done because you want to harm someone \circ *There has been some malicious gossip about her.* \circ *It was a malicious attempt to make her lose her job.*

malignant /mə'lıgnənt/ *adj* likely to be cause death

mallet /'mælɪt/ noun a large wooden hammer

malnourished /mæl'nʌrɪʃt/ adj suffering from malnutrition

malnutrition $/_{\mu}malnjv'trif(\vartheta)n/$ noun the state of not having enough to eat

malpractice /mæl'prækt1s/ *noun* the practice of acting in an unprofessional or illegal way (*by a doctor, lawyer, accountant, etc.*)

malt /mo:lt/ noun barley grains which have been through the malting process and are used in breweries to make beer and in distilleries to make whisky

maltreat /mæl'tri:t/ (maltreats, maltreating, maltreated) *verb* to treat someone badly

mama /məˈmɑː/, **mamma** noun a child's name for mother (*informal dated*)

(3) **mammal** /'mæm(ə)l/ noun a type of animal which gives birth to live young and feeds them with milk

mammoth /'mæmə θ / noun a very large hairy elephant living in prehistoric times \circ There's a full-size model of a mammoth in the museum. \circ The woolly mammoth is thought to have become extinct during the last Ice Age.

① man /mæn/ noun (plural men) a male human being ○ That tall man is my brother. ○ There's a young man at reception asking for Mr Smith. ■ verb (mans, manning, manned) to provide staff to work something ○ The switchboard is manned all day. ○ She sometimes mans the front desk when the receptionist is ill.

() **manage** /'mænid₃/ (manages, managing, managed) verb to be in charge of something \circ She manages all our offices in Europe. \circ We want to appoint someone to manage the new shop.

manageable /'mænɪdʒəb(ə)l/ adj which can be dealt with easily

 management /'mænɪdʒmənt/ noun
 a group of people who direct workers o
 The management has decided to move to new offices. 2. the practice of directing and controlling work o He's taking a course in management. \circ If anything goes wrong now it's just a case of bad management.

manager /'mænidʒə/ noun 1. the person in charge of a department in a shop or in a business o The bank manager wants to talk about your account. o The sales manager organised a publicity campaign. o She's the manager of the shoe department.
 a person in charge of a sports team o The club have just sacked their manager.

manageress /,mænɪdʒə'res/ noun a woman who manages a shop or department (*dated*)

managerial /mænə'dʒ1əriəl/ *adj* referring to managers

(3) **managing director** /,mænədʒɪŋ daɪ'rektə/ *noun* a director in charge of a company

Mandarin /'mændərin/ *noun* the principal spoken form of Chinese, the official language of China

mandate /'mændeɪt/ noun the power given to a person to act on behalf of someone else

mandatory /'mændət(ə)ri/ *adj* which has to be done or has to take place because of a rule or law

mane /mein/ noun the long hair on the neck of a lion or horse (NOTE: Do not confuse with **main**.)

manger /'meindʒə/ *noun* a box for food for farm animals, e.g. horses or cows

mangle /'mængəl/ (mangles, mangling, mangled) verb 1. to squash something or chop something up \circ *The mangled remains* of a dog run over by a lorry. 2. to spoil something by doing it badly \circ *He mangled* his part so much that the audience laughed. \circ *The poem was completely man*gled in translation.

mangrove /'mæŋ,grəʊv/ noun a tree which grows beside water in hot countries and which has roots above the ground

manhandle /'mænhænd(\ni)l/ (manhandles, manhandling, manhandled) verb 1. to move something large and heavy by hand \circ *Ten men were needed to manhandle the statue into place*. **2.** to handle someone roughly \circ *The protesters complained they had been manhandled by the police.*

manhole /'mænhəul/ *noun* a hole in the road or pavement through which you go below the ground, e.g. into the sewers

manhood /'mænhud/ *noun* the state of being a man (NOTE: no plural)

manhunt /'mæn,hʌnt/ *noun* a search for someone, especially by the police

mania /'meIniə/ noun **1**. a form of mental illness where the patient is very excited and violent **2**. a passion for something \circ *He has a mania for collecting old cars.* \circ *She has a mania for white clothes.*

maniac /'meiniæk/ noun a crazy person • We were nearly killed by some maniac driving a sports car.

manic /'mænik/ adj wildly energetic \circ The scene of manic activity in the office as everyone rushed to finish the work before the deadline.

manicure /'mænɪkjʊə/ *noun* the act of looking after the hands and nails

manifest /'mænifest/ (manifests, manifesting, manifested) verb to show something \circ The cat manifested no interest in her food whatsoever: \Box to manifest itself as something to show itself as something \circ The disease first manifests itself as a slight skin rash.

(3) **manifestation** $/_{I}$ mænife'stei $\int(\partial n)/$ noun an appearance

manipulate /mə'nıpjoleit/ (manipulates, manipulating, manipulated) verb 1. to influence people or situations so that you get what you want \circ By manipulating the media the government made sure its message got across to the people. **2.** to handle something \circ She found it difficult to manipulate the instruments when wearing protective clothing.

manipulative /mə'nɪpjʊlətɪv/ *adj* controlling and using people, so as to get them to do what you want

③ **mankind** /mæn'kaınd/ *noun* the human race, all human beings (*dated*)

manly /'mænli/ *adj* looking or behaving as a man should look or behave

man-made / mæn 'meɪd/ adj which has been made by human beings

(2) manner /'mænə/ noun a way of behaving ○ The staff don't like the new manager's manner. ○ She has a very abrupt manner of speaking to you. ■ plural noun manners a way of behaving in public ○ It's bad manners to speak with your mouth full. ○ Those boys need to be taught some manners.

mannerism /'mænərız(ə)m/ noun a gesture or way of speaking which is particular to one person

manoeuvre /mə'nu:və/ noun a planned action to avoid something or to deceive someone \circ The captain had to make a sudden manoeuvre to avoid hitting the smaller ship. \circ The company has carried out various manoeuvres to avoid bankruptcy. verb 1. to move something heavy or difficult to handle \circ We manoeuvred the piano into position on the stage. \circ A big lorry is difficult to manoeuvre round corners. 2. to work to put yourself in a good position \circ She managed to manoeuvre herself onto the board of the company. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is maneuver.)

(3) **manor** /'mænə/ *noun* a country house and the land surrounding it (NOTE: Do not confuse with **manner**.)

manpower /'mænpauə/ noun the number of workers in a country or industry or organisation

(3) **mansion** $/^{l}m an f an / noun a very large$ $private house <math>\circ$ *He's bought a mansion* overlooking the golf course. \circ *They live in a mansion in Hampstead with its own swimming pool and tennis courts.*

manslaughter /'mænslo:tə/ noun the offence of killing someone without having intended to do so or of killing someone intentionally but with mitigating circumstances. Compare **murder**

mantra /'mæntrə/ *noun* a phrase which is chanted many times, as in a prayer

manual /'manjuəl/ noun a book of instructions \circ Look in the manual to see if it tells you how to change the toner cartridge.

manufacture $/_1$ mænjo¹fækt $\int \partial /$ (manufactures, manufacturing, manufactured) verb to make products for sale \circ We no longer manufacture tractors here.

(2) **manufacturer** /,mænjʊ¹fæktʃərə/ *noun* a person or company producing industrial products

(3) **manufacturing** /,mænjo'fækt ʃərıŋ/ noun the business of making things in large quantities for sale \circ Only 25% of the nation's workforce is now engaged in manufacturing.

manure $/m_{\theta}'n_{\theta}'v_{\theta}' = noun$ animal dung used as fertiliser on land \circ *The farmers were out in the field, spreading manure.*

manuscript /'mænjoskript/ noun 1. a document, letter or poem which has been written by hand \circ the sale of several manuscript letters by King Charles II \circ One of the original manuscripts of the Domesday Book is kept in London. 2. a handwritten or typed version of a book which has not been printed or published \circ He sent his manuscript to several publishers, but no one wanted to publish it.

() **many** /'meni/ adj **1**. a large number of things or people \circ Many old people live on the south coast. \circ So many people wanted

rooms that the hotel was booked up. \circ She ate twice as many cakes as her sister did. **2**. asking a question \circ How many times have you been to France? \circ How many passengers were there on the plane? \bullet pron a large number of people \circ Many of the students knew the lecturer when he was a student himself. \circ Many would say that smoking should be banned in all public places.

Maori /'mauri/ noun **1**. a person of the race of the original inhabitants of New Zealand \circ *The Maoris decorated the prows of their war canoes.* **2**. the language spoken by the race of the original inhabitants of New Zealand

(2) **map** /mæp/ noun a drawing which shows a place such as a town, a country or the world as if it is seen from the air \circ Here's a map of Europe. \circ The village where they live is so small I can't find it on the map. \circ Show me on the map where the mountains are. \circ They lost their way because they'd forgotten to take a map.

maple $/'meip(\hat{a})l/$ noun a northern tree, growing mainly in Canada and the USA, with sweet sap

mar /maɪ/ (mars, marring, marred) verb to spoil something

marathon /'mær $\theta(\vartheta)$ n/ noun a race, often run on roads in a city, covering a distance of 42 kilometres \circ *She's training for the New York marathon.*

marauding /mə'rɔ:dɪŋ/ *adj* moving from place to place to steal and destroy things

marble /'ma:b(ϑ)*l*/ noun a very hard type of stone which can be polished so that it shines \circ The entrance hall has a marble floor. \circ The table top is made from a single slab of green marble.

march /mɑ:t \int / noun the act of walking so that your legs move at exactly the same times as everyone else's, especially by soldiers \circ The soldiers were tired after their long march through the mountains. \blacksquare verb (marches, marching, marched) 1. to walk in this way \circ The guards marched after the band. \circ We were just in time to see the soldiers march past. 2. to walk in a protest march \circ Thousands of workers marched to the parliament building. (NOTE: + marcher n)

() **March** /mɑːt \int / noun the third month of the year, between February and April (NOTE: **March 6th** or **March 6**: say 'March the sixth' or 'the sixth of March' or in US English: 'March sixth'.)

mare /meə/ noun a female horse

margarine /,mɑːdʒə'riːn/ *noun* a substance made from animal or vegetable oil which is used instead of butter

③ **margin** /'md:d3in/ noun a white space at the edge of a page of writing \circ Write your comments in the margin. \circ We left a wide margin so that you can write notes in it.

marginalise /'matd3InəlaIZ/ (marginalises, marginalising, marginalised), marginalize verb to make someone or something less important

marijuana /,mærɪ'wɑɪnə/ noun a drug made from hemp

marina /mə'ri:nə/ *noun* a special harbour with floating jetties where a large number of yachts and pleasure boats can be tied up **marinade** /'mærineid/ *noun* a mixture of

wine and herbs, etc., in which meat or fish is soaked before cooking \circ *The marinade* gives a delicious flavour to the meat.

marinate /'mærineit/ (marinates, marinating, marinated) verb same as marinade marine /mə'ri:n/ adj referring to the sea o marine plants and animals

marital /'mærɪt(ə)l/ adj referring to a marriage

marital status /,mærɪt(ə)l 'steɪtəs/ *noun* the position of being married, divorced or not married

maritime /'mæritaim/ adj referring to the sea or ships

(1) mark /mark/ noun 1. a small spot of a different colour [~on] o The red wine has made a mark on the tablecloth. \circ She has a mark on her forehead where she hit her head. 2. the points given to a student [~for/in] \circ What mark did you get for your homework? O She got good marks in English and history. \circ No one got full marks – the top mark was 8 out of 10. 3. a particular point or level o *His income has reached the* $\pm 100, 000 \text{ mark.} \blacksquare \text{ verb}$ (marks, marking, marked) 1. to make a mark or write on something o The box was marked 'Fragile' **2.** to correct and give points to work \circ *The* teacher hasn't finished marking our homework. \circ Has the English exam been marked yet? 3. (in games) to follow an opposing player closely, so as to prevent him or her getting the ball

mark down(3) *phrasal verb* to reduce the price of something \circ *We have marked all prices down by 30% for the sale.*

mark up(3) phrasal verb to increase the price of something \circ These prices have been marked up by 10%. \circ If retailers find the discount too low they mark the

prices up to make a better margin.

③ **marked** /maikt/ adj very obvious, definite ○ This month's sales showed a marked improvement. ○ His performance was first class – in marked contrast to his game last week.

(3) **marker** /'mɑːkə/ noun 1. a thing which marks something ○ *The golfer put down a* marker before moving his ball. 2. a person who gives a mark to something, e.g. a piece of work, an examination or an entry in a competition ○ *Our teacher is a very hard* marker – nobody gets more than seven out of ten.

① market /'markit/ noun 1. a place where products such as fruit and vegetables are sold from small tables, often in the open air 2. a place where a product is required or where a product could be sold [-for/-in] ○ The potential global market for this product is enormous. 3. the activity of trading in goods ○ the market in luxury imported goods ■ verb (markets, marketing, marketed) to sell products using marketing techniques ○ This product is being marketed in all European countries.

marketable /'mɑːkɪtəb(ə)l/ adj which can be sold easily

market economy /,mɑːkıt ɪ'kɒnəmi/ *noun* a system of economy in which prices and earnings are controlled by the people's demands rather than by the government

market forces /,markit 'foisiz/ plural noun commercial influences which have an effect on the success of a product or firm o Market forces decide which firms succeed and which fail.

market garden /,markit 'gard(ə)n/ *noun* a small farm which grows vegetables or fruit which are sold in a nearby town

(3) **marketing** /'mɑːkɪtɪŋ/ *noun* the methods used by a company to encourage people buy a product

(3) **marketplace** /'maikitpleis/ noun 1. an open space in the middle of a town where a market is held \circ *The marketplace is usually right in the centre of a town.* 2. the activity of selling goods or services \circ *Our sales staff find life difficult in the marketplace.* \circ *What is the reaction to the new car in the marketplace*?

market research /,mɑːkɪt rɪ'sɜːtʃ/ *noun* the activity of examining the possible sales of a product and the possible customers before it is put on the market

(3) **market share** /, mɑːkıt 'ʃeə/ noun the percentage of possible sales which a company or product has

(3) **marking** /'markin/ noun 1. the action of making marks 2. the action of correcting something, e.g. exercises or homework \circ *Marking is not a job I like*.

marksman /'mɑːksmən/ (plural marksmen) noun a person who shoots well

mark-up /'mark Ap/ noun an amount added to the cost price to give the selling price

③ **marmalade** /'mɑːməleɪd/ *noun* a jam made from fruits such as oranges, lemons or grapefruit and eaten at breakfast

maroon /məˈruːn/ *adj* deep purple red **noun** a deep purple-red colour

marquee /mɑː'ki:/ *noun* a very large tent **marquess** /'mɑːkwɪs/ *noun* a member of the nobility, the rank below a duke

(2) marriage /'mærɪdʒ/ noun 1. the state of being legally joined as husband and wife o A large number of marriages end in divorce. O She has two sons by her first marriage. 2. a wedding, the ceremony of being married O They had a simple marriage, with just ten guests. O The marriage took place at the registry office.

(2) **married** /'mærid/ adj joined as husband and wife \circ Are you married or single? \circ Married life must suit him – he's put on weight.

marrow /'mærəu/ noun a large green vegetable of the pumpkin family, similar to a large cucumber \circ *His marrow was the biggest exhibit in the vegetable show.*

① **marry** /'mæri/ (marries, marrying, married) verb 1. to make two people husband and wife \circ They were married in church. 2. to become the husband or wife of someone \circ She married the boy next door. \diamond to get married to someone to be joined as husband and wife in a ceremony \circ They're getting married next Saturday.

marsh /mg: ſ/ noun an area of wet land

marshal /'ma: $\int(\mathfrak{T})$ / *noun* **1**. a military officer of the highest rank **2**. an organiser of a race or a show \circ *Marshals tried to direct the crowds to the grandstands.* \circ *Some marshals rushed to the scene of the crash and others waved flags to try to stop the race.* **3**. US an officer of a court \circ *Federal marshals raided several houses looking for a prisoner who had escaped from jail.* **4**. US the chief of police or chief of the fire brigade in an area **•** *verb* (marshals, marshalled) to organise people or things into order \circ *Extra police were brought in to marshal the crowds of fans.* \circ *He tried to marshal the facts but was too*

sleepy to think clearly. (NOTE: The US spelling is **marshaling – marshaled**)

marshmallow /mars/mæləu/ noun a soft white or pink sweet

marsupial /mɑː'suːpiəl/ *noun* a type of animal found in Australia, which carries its young in a pouch in the front of its body

martial /'mo: $\int(\partial l) dj$ referring to war (formal)

martial law /, $ma: \int(\vartheta) l' l \vartheta: / noun maintenance of law by the army instead of the police$

Martian $/\operatorname{mart}(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun an imaginary person living on or coming from the planet Mars $\circ A$ story about Martians who come to invade the Earth.

martyr /'ma:tə/ noun 1. a person killed or made to suffer because of his or her beliefs \circ St Stephen, the first Christian martyr \circ Christian martyrs were killed by the Romans. \circ She was a martyr in the cause of national liberation. 2. a person who pretends to suffer in order to get sympathy \circ She sat at the switchboard all day, looking a real martyr.

martyrdom /'maɪtədəm/ *noun* the fact of suffering death for your beliefs

marvel / marv(ə)l/ noun a thing which you think is wonderful \circ The building is one of the marvels of the modern age. \circ It's a marvel that she managed to remember my birthday. \blacksquare verb (marvels, marvelling, marvelled) to show wonder or surprise at someone or something \circ Everyone marvelled at the sheer size of the statue. (NOTE: marvelling – marvelled but American spelling is marveling – marveled)

(2) **marvellous** /'maːvələs/ *adj* wonderful (NOTE: The US spelling is **marvelous**.)

Marxism /'mɑːks, IZ(ə)m/ *noun* the political theories of Karl Marx, which led to communism and socialism

marzipan /'mɑːzɪpæn/ noun a paste made from ground almonds, sugar and egg, used to cover a fruit cake before icing or to make individual little sweets

mascara /mæ'skuːrə/ *noun* a substance for making eyelashes dark

mascot /'mæskpt/ *noun* an object or animal which you think brings good luck

(3) **masculine** /'mæskjulın/ *adj* suitable for or typical of a man \circ *She had a very masculine hair style.*

masculinity /,mæsk jʊ'lɪnɪti/ *noun* male qualities, what is typical of a male

mash /mæf/ (mashes, mashing, mashed) verb to crush something into a

paste \circ Mash the ingredients together before adding water. \circ She mashed the potatoes with butter and milk.

mask /mɑːsk/ noun something which covers or protects your face \circ *The burglars* wore black masks. \circ *He wore a mask to go diving.*

masochism /'mæsəkız(ə)m/ noun 1. a condition in which a person takes sexual pleasure in being hurt or badly treated 2. the practice of doing something painful and enjoying it \circ *Taking all those children to France sounds more like masochism than a holiday to me.* (NOTE: + **masochist** *n*)

masonry /'meisənri/ noun the stones used to make a building

masquerade $/_1$ mæskə'reɪd/ (masquerades, masquerading, masqueraded) verb to pretend to be someone else [~as] \circ The thief was masquerading as a policeman.

② mass /mæs/ noun 1. a large number or large quantity of things ○ Masses of people went to the exhibition. ○ A mass of leaves blew onto the pavement. ○ I have a mass of letters or masses of letters to write. 2. a Catholic church service ■ adj involving a large number of people ○ They found a mass grave on the hillside. ○ The group is organising a mass protest to parliament. ■ verb (masses, massing, massed) to gather in large numbers

massacre /'mæsəkə/ noun the killing of a large number of people or animals \circ Witnesses to the massacre led reporters to a mass grave in the hillside. (NOTE: + massacre v)

massage /'mæsɑːʒ/ noun a rubbing of the body to relieve pain or to get someone to relax \circ *She gave me a massage*. (NOTE: + **massage** v)

(2) **massive** /'mæsiv/ adj very large \circ He had a massive heart attack. \circ The company has massive losses. \circ A massive rock came hurtling down the mountainside towards them.

mass-market /mæs 'maːkɪt/ adj made in large quantities for a wide market

mass media /,mæs 'miːdiə/ plural noun the means of passing information to a large number of people, e.g. newspapers, TV and radio

mass-produced /,mæs prə'djuist/ adj manufactured in large quantities

mast /mɑist/ noun 1. a tall pole on a ship which carries the sails \circ *The gale was so strong that it snapped the ship's mast.* 2. a tall metal structure for broadcasting TV, radio or mobile phone signals \circ *They have put up a television mast on top of the hill.*

master /'maistə/ (masters, mastering, mastered) verb to become skilled at something \circ She has mastered the art of TV newscasting. \circ Although he passed his driving test some time ago, he still hasn't mastered the art of motorway driving.

mastermind /'mɑːstəmaɪnd/ noun a very clever person \circ a criminal mastermind \blacksquare verb (masterminds, masterminding, masterminded) to be the brains behind a plan \circ The escape was masterminded by two convicted murderers.

masterpiece /'maistəpiis/, **masterwork** *noun* a very fine painting, book, piece of music, etc.

master's degree /'maistəz di,gri:/ noun a degree for further study after a Bachelor of Arts degree

mastery /'mɑːst(\ni)ri/ noun **1**. the complete understanding of a subject or great skill at a game \circ The French side showed their complete mastery of the game. \circ Her mastery of Italian is well-known. **2**. having control over someone or something

masturbate /'mæstəbeit/ (masturbates, masturbating, masturbated) verb to rub your own sex organs to excite them and get pleasure (NOTE: + masturbation n)

mat /mæt/ noun a small piece of something such as carpet, used as a floor covering \circ Wipe your shoes on the mat before you come in.

(2) match /mætʃ/ noun 1. a single occasion when two teams or players compete with each other in a sport ~ We watched the football match on TV. ~ He won the last two tennis matches he played. 2. a small piece of wood with a one end which catches fire when you rub it against a special surface ~ He bought a packet of cigarettes and a box of matches. ~ She struck a match and lit a candle. ■ verb (matches, matching, matched) to fit or to go with something ~ The yellow wallpaper doesn't match the bright green carpet.

matchbox /'mæt∫bɒks/ noun a small box with matches inside

③ **matching** /'mætʃıŋ/ *adj* which fits or goes with something

③ **mate** /meit/ noun 1. a friend, especially a man's friend ○ He's gone down to the pub with his mates. 2. one of a pair of people or animals, especially where these can produce young together ■ verb (mates, mating, mated) (of animals) to breed ○ A mule is the result of a donkey mating with a horse.

(1) **material** /mə't1əriəl/ noun 1. something which can be used to make something ○ You can buy all the materials you need in the DIY shop. 2. cloth ○ I bought three metres of material to make curtains. ○ What material is your coat made of? (NOTE: no plural) 3. facts or information ○ She's gathering material for a TV programme on drugs. (NOTE: no plural)

materialise (materialises, materialising, materialised), materialize (materializes, materializing, materialized) verb 1. to become real \circ His planned holiday never materialised. \circ She promised the staff an extra week's holiday but it never materialised. 2. to appear \circ A man on horseback suddenly materialised out of the mist. \circ After a couple of phone calls, the money we were owed duly materialised.

materialism /mə't1əriəl1z(ə)m/ *noun* an interest only in physical things, especially money and property, not in spiritual ones

maternal /mə'tɜ:n(ə)l/ *adj* referring to a mother

mathematician $/m \mathfrak{B}\theta(\mathfrak{g}) \mathfrak{m}\mathfrak{g}' t \mathfrak{I} \mathfrak{f}(\mathfrak{g}) \mathfrak{n} / noun an expert at mathematics$

① **mathematics** /_imæθə'mætiks/, **maths** /mæθs/ *noun* the science of numbers and measurements

matinée /'mætɪneɪ/, **matinee** *noun* an afternoon performance of a play or film

matriarch /'meɪtriaɪk/ *noun* a respected old woman

matrimony /'mætrɪməni/ *noun* the state of being married

(1) **matter** /'mætə/ noun 1. a problem or difficulty [~with] o You look worried what's the matter? \circ What's the matter with your leg?

there's something the matter with my phone my phone is not working properly 2. a concern or business [~for] \circ a serious matter affecting every family with young children \circ This is a matter for discussion with your financial ad*viser.* **3.** a particular type of material \circ *We* put rotting vegetable matter on the garden as fertiliser. \circ Take some reading matter for the journey. 4. the substances that everything that exists is made of **verb** (matters, mattering, mattered) to be important [~that/~which/whether/how etc]
oup It doesn't matter if you're late. \circ His job matters a lot to him. \circ Does it matter if we sit by the win $dow? \diamond$ as a matter of fact to tell you the truth \circ *I* know Paris quite well, as a matter of fact I go there every month on business.

 \diamond as a matter of course in the usual way \circ The police checked his driving licence as a matter of course. \diamond no matter what what ever \circ No matter what time it is, call the doctor immediately the symptoms appear. \diamond no matter how however \circ No matter how hard he tried he couldn't ride a bike.

matter-of-fact /₁mætər əv 'fækt/ adj practical, not showing any emotion

matting /'mætɪŋ/ *noun* large mats, or strong material from which mats are made **mattress** /'mætræs/ *noun* a thick pad forming the part of a bed that you lie on

mature /mə't $\int \upsilon$ >/ (matures, maturing, matured) verb **1**. to become mature \circ Whisky is left to mature for years. \circ He matured a lot during his year in Germany. \circ Girls are supposed to mature faster than boys. **2**. to become due for payment \circ The policy will mature in 20 years' time.

maturity /mə't \int uərıti/ noun **1**. the state of being an adult or of doing things like an adult \circ He's only twelve, yet his painting already shows signs of considerable maturity. **2**. the time when a bond becomes due to be paid \circ The bonds have reached maturity.

maul /moll/ (mauls, mauling, mauled) verb 1. to attack or handle someone roughly \circ He was badly mauled by the tiger. 2. to criticise someone severely \circ The minister was mauled by the tabloid press. (NOTE: Do not confuse with mall.)

mausoleum /,mɔɪsə'liːəm/ *noun* a special building in which an important person is buried

mauve /məuv/ noun a light pinkish-purple colour \circ *She had the dining room walls painted in mauve.* \blacksquare *adj* light pinkish purple **maverick** /'mævərik/ noun a person who is unusual and does not fit into a normal pattern \circ *She's a political maverick.*

max /mæks/ *abbr* maximum

maxim /'mæksim/ noun a wise saying

(2) **maximum** /'mæksıməm/ adj the greatest possible ○ What is the maximum number of guests the hotel can take? ■ noun the greatest possible number or amount ○ The maximum we are allowed to charge per person is £10. <> at the maximum not more than ○ We can seat 15 at the maximum.

① **may** /me1/ modal verb 1. it is possible \circ Take your umbrella, they say it may rain. \circ Here we are sitting in the bar, and he may be waiting for us outside. \circ If you don't hurry you may not catch the train. 2. it is allowed \circ Guests may park in the hotel car park free of charge. \circ You may sit down if you wish. **3.** asking questions politely \circ May I ask you a question? \circ May we have breakfast early tomorrow as we need to leave the hotel before 8 o'clock? (NOTE: The negative is **may not. May** is usually used with other verbs and is followed by **to**.) () **May** /mei/ noun the fifth month of the year, after April and before June \circ Her birthday's in May. \circ Today is May 15th. \circ She was born on May 15. \circ We went on holiday last May. (NOTE: **May 15th** or **May 15**: say 'the fifteenth of May' or 'May the fifteenth' or in US English: 'May fifteenth'.)

① maybe /'meibi/ adv possibly, perhaps ○ Maybe the next bus will be the one we want. ○ Maybe you should ask a policeman. ○ Maybe the weather forecast was right after all. ◇ maybe not possibly not ○ Are you coming? – Maybe not.

mayhem /'meihem/ noun wild confusion (informal)

mayonnaise /,meiə'neiz/ *noun* a sauce for cold dishes, made of oil, eggs and lemon juice or vinegar

mayor/meə/*noun* a person who is chosen as the official head of a town, city or local council

maze /meiz/ noun **1**. a network of puzzling paths in which you can get lost \circ We couldn't find our way out of the Hampton Court maze. \circ He led me along a maze of corridors. **2**. a complicated network of things \circ We have to try to find our way through the maze of European regulations. (NOTE: Do not confuse with maize.)

MB abbr megabyte

③ **MD** /,em 'dir./ *noun* a director who is in charge of a whole company. Full form managing director

① **me** /mi:/ pron used by the person who is speaking to talk about himself or herself \circ give me that book \circ Could you give me that book, please? \circ I'm shouting as loud as I can - can't you hear me? \circ She's much taller than me. \circ Who is it? -It's me! \circ Can you hear me? \circ She's taller than me.

meadow /'medəu/ noun a large field of grass

meagre /'miːɡə/ adj small, not enough (NOTE: The US spelling is **meager**.)

② meal /miil/ noun an occasion when people eat food, or the food that is eaten ○ Most people have three meals a day – breakfast, lunch and dinner. ○ You sleep better if you only eat a light meal in the evening. ○ When they had finished their evening meal they watched TV. ○ You can have your meals in your room at a small extra charge.

mealtime /'miɪltaɪm/ noun a time when you usually eat

(1) mean /min/ adj 1. not liking to spend money or to give people things \circ *Don't be* mean – let me borrow your car. \circ She's very mean with her money. 2. nasty or unpleasant [~to] o The other children were being mean to him. \circ That was a mean thing to say. \circ He played a mean trick on his *mother.* • *verb* (means, meaning, meant) **1.** used when you have not understood something \circ *Did he mean me when he was* talking about fat old men? • What do you mean when you say she's old-fashioned? 2. to show or represent something [~(that)] o 'Zimmer' means 'room' in German. 0 When a red light comes on it means that you have to stop. \diamond meant \Box to mean a lot or nothing to someone to be very important or not important at all \circ *His family* means a lot to him. 3. \Box to mean to do something to plan to do something $\circ I$ meant to phone you but I forgot.

meander /mi'ændə/ (meanders, meandering, meandered) verb 1. to wind about \circ From the top of the hill you can see how the river meanders around the town. \circ The road meanders through several little villages. 2. to continue without any aim \circ The negotiations meandered on without any decision being reached.

① **meaning** /'mi:nin/ noun what something represents \circ If you want to find the meaning of the word, look it up in a dictionary. \circ The meaning of a red light is pretty clear to me.

meaningful /minnf(a)l/adj full of meaning, significant

meaningless /'miːnɪŋləs/ adj not meaning anything

(2) **means** /minz/ noun 1. a way or method of doing something \circ We'll have to write – we can't contact her by any other means. \circ Do we have any means of copying all these documents quickly? \circ The bus is the cheapest means of getting round the town. 2. money \circ They'd like to buy a flat but they don't have the means. \Box beyond someone's means too expensive for someone to buy \diamond by all means of course \circ By all means use my phone if you want to. \diamond by no means not at all \circ She's by no means sure of getting the job. \diamond by means of by using something \circ He got her money by means of a trick. **means test** /'mi:nz test/ noun an inquiry to find out how much money someone has, to see whether he or she should qualify for a benefit or grant

③ meant /ment/ verb □ to be meant to do something should do something, or ought to do something ○ We're meant to be at the station at 11 o'clock. ○ This medicine is not meant to be used by children. ○ Trains are meant to leave every half-hour. ↓ mean

② **meantime** /'mi:ntaim/ \diamond in the meantime meanwhile, during this time \circ We waited for her for hours in the rain, and in the meantime, she was happily sitting at home watching TV. \circ The new stadium will be finished by Easter but in the meantime we will still have to use the old one.

(2) **meanwhile** /'mi:nwail/ adv during this time \circ She hid under the table – meanwhile, the footsteps were coming nearer.

(2) **measure** /'meʒə/ noun **1**. an action o a safety measure o What measures are you planning to fight air pollution? \circ The government has taken measures to reduce street crime. 2. a certain amount or size o We have no accurate measure of the pressure inside the volcano. o There was a measure of truth in what she said. • verb (measures, measuring, measured) 1. to find out the length or quantity of something \circ She measured the window for curtains. \circ He measured the size of the gar*den.* **2.** to be of a certain size or quantity \circ a package which measures or a package measuring 10cm by $25cm \circ How$ much do *you measure round your waist? • The table* measures four foot long by three foot wide.

measured tread /'meʒəd tred/ \diamond with measured tread in a slow and stately way

② **measurement** /'meʒəmənt/ noun a quantity or size, found by measuring \circ *He* took the measurements of the room. \circ *The* piano won't go through the door – are you sure you took the right measurements? \circ *The* measurements of the box are 25cm x 20cm x 5cm.

② **meat** /mirt/ noun food from an animal or bird \circ Can I have some more meat, please? \circ Would you like meat or fish for your main course? \circ I like my meat very well cooked.

meaty /'mi:ti/ adj with a lot of details or information \circ a meaty report

mecca /'mekə/ noun a place which attracts a large number of people \circ It's a mecca for motor-racing enthusiasts. **mechanic** /mɪ'kænɪk/ *noun* a person who works on machines

mechanical /m1^kæn1k(ϑ)l/ *adj* relating to machines \circ *Engineers are trying to fix a mechanical fault.*

mechanism /'mekənız(ə)m/ noun **1**. the working parts of a machine \circ *If you take the back off the watch you can see the delicate mechanism.* **2**. a way in which something works \circ *The mechanism for awarding government contracts.*

medal /'med(ə)l/ *noun* a round metal object, made to represent an important occasion or battle, and given to people who have performed well

medallion /mə'dæliən/ *noun* a round piece of metal worn round the neck on a chain as an ornament

medallist /'med(ə)list/ noun a person who wins a medal in a competition (NOTE: The US spelling is **medalist**.)

meddle /'med(\ni)!/ (meddles, meddling, meddled) verb to interfere in something that is nothing to do with you [~in/with] \circ Don't meddle in matters that don't concern you. (NOTE: do not confuse with medal)

(2) **media** /'mi:diə/ noun newspapers, TV and radio ○ The book attracted a lot of interest in the media. ◊ **mass media** ■ plural of **medium**

mediate /'mi:diert/ (**mediates**, **mediating**, **mediated**) *verb* to intervene to try to bring agreement between two opponents (NOTE: + **mediator** *n*)

medic /'medik/ noun a doctor (informal)

(2) **medical** /'medik(ə)l/ adj relating to medicine \circ She's a medical student. \circ The Red Cross provided medical help.

medication /,medi'kei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/\mathfrak{h}$ noun 1. drugs taken by a patient \circ Are you taking any medication? **2.** treatment by giving drugs \circ The doctor prescribed a course of medication.

medicinal $/m \exists ds(\vartheta)n(\vartheta)l / adj$ referring to medicine \circ *He has a drink of whisky before he goes to bed for medicinal purposes.*

(2) **medicine** $/^{l}med(\exists)s(\exists)n/$ noun **1**. a drug taken to treat a disease \circ If you have a cough you should take some cough medicine. \circ The chemist told me to take the medicine four times a day. \circ Some cough medicines make you feel sleepy. **2**. the study of diseases and how to cure or prevent them \circ He went to university to study medicine. (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

③ **medieval** / medi'ivv(ə)l/ *adj* referring to the Middle Ages

mediocre /,mi:di'əukə/ adj ordinary, not particularly good

meditate /'mediteit/ (meditates, meditating, meditated) verb 1. to remain in a calm, silent state, without thought \circ Don't disturb him – he's meditating. 2. to think deeply about something [~on/about] \circ The accident made them spend some time meditating on how they spent their lives.

Mediterranean /, meditə'reiniən/ adj referring to the Mediterranean Sea, between Europe and Africa, and the countries surrounding it \circ *The Mediterranean cli*mate is good for olives. \circ She has bought a villa on one of the Mediterranean islands.

③ **medium** /'mi:diəm/ adj middle, average \circ *He is of medium height*.

medium-sized /'mi:diəm saızd/ adj which is neither very large nor very small

medium wave /'mi:diəm weiv/ noun a radio frequency range between 200 and 1000 metres

medley /'medli/ *noun* a mixture of different things, such as pieces of music

meek /mi:k/ *adj* humble, always willing to do what other people want, feeling you are not important

(1) meet /mixt/ (meets, meeting, met) verb 1. to come together with someone $[\sim for] \circ He met her at the railway station. <math>\circ$ We'll meet for lunch before we go to the *cinema.* \square to meet to do something to come together with someone to discuss something or make a decision o We met the builder vesterday to discuss the plans for our new house. 2. to get to know someone \circ *I've never met your sister. – Come and* meet her then! • Have you met our sales *manager? – Yes, we have already met.* **3.** to produce a particular response o The school's proposal met strong opposition from parents. 4. to satisfy what is necessary • Does the car now meet the standards set by the motor racing authorities? • The company will meet your expenses. 5. to join at a particular point o Several streets meet at Piccadilly Circus. 0 If you draw a diagonal line from each corner of a square to the opposite corner, the two lines will meet in the centre.

meet up③ *phrasal verb* (of several people) to come together

meet with (3) phrasal verb 1. to find or to come up against a problem \circ The advancing soldiers met with stiff resistance. \circ She met with an accident on the escalator. 2. to have an accident \circ She met with an accident on the escalator. 3. usually US to meet someone \circ *He met with the sales people in New York.*

() meeting /'mixtin/ noun an occasion on which people come together, especially in order to discuss something [~of/~about/on/~with] ○ The next meeting of the club will be next month. ○ There will be another meeting about safety procedures soon. ○ I had a meeting with my boss this morning.

megabyte /'megəbaɪt/ *noun* a unit of storage for a computer equal to 1,048,576 bytes. Abbreviation **MB**

megahertz /'megə,h3:ts/ (*plural same*) *noun* a unit equal to one million hertz

megalomaniac /,megələo'meiniæk/ *adj* a person who enjoys having power over other people

megaphone /'megəfəun/ *noun* a metal trumpet which makes the voice sound louder

melancholy /'melənk(ə)li/ noun great sadness \circ There was an air of melancholy as the contents of the house were auctioned.

melanin /'melənin/ *noun* a substance that gives colour to skin, hair and eyes

melanoma /,melə'nəumə/ noun a malignant type of skin tumour

melee /'mele1/, **mêlée** *noun* **1**. a noisy confused fight **2**. a confused mixture of people or things

mellow /'meləu/ (mellows, mellowing, mellowed) verb 1. to become soft or rich \circ *Time has mellowed the brickwork to a soft deep red.* 2. to become ripe, to mature \circ *You should leave the wine to mellow for some years.*

melodrama /'meləudra:mə/ noun a play or event that is full of excitement and violent emotions

melodramatic /,melədrə'mætık/ adj full of violent and exaggerated emotions

melody /'melədi/ (*plural* **melodies**) *noun* a tune

③ **melon** /'melən/ *noun* a large round fruit which grows on a plant which grows near the ground

③ **melt** /melt/ (melts, melting, melted) verb 1. to change from a solid to a liquid by heating, or to cause a solid to do this ○ *If* the sun comes out your snowman will melt. ○ *The heat of the sun melted the road*. ○ *Glass will melt at very high temperatures*. 2. to disappear

melt down phrasal verb to heat metal and make it into blocks so that it can be used

again \circ They stole the rings and melted them down into gold bars.

melt away verb to go gradually \circ *The rioters melted away when the police appeared.*

meltdown /'meltdaun/ noun the collapse of a nuclear power station because of overheating (*informal*)

melting pot /'meltin pot/ *noun* a place where people of different origins come to live together

(1) **member** /'membə/ noun 1. a person who belongs to a group \circ The two boys went swimming while the other members of the family sat on the beach. \circ Three members of staff are away sick. 2. an organisation or country which belongs to a group \circ the members of the United Nations \circ the member states of the EU

(3) **Member of Parliament** /,membər əv 'pɑ:ləmənt/ *noun* a person elected to represent a constituency in Parliament (NOTE: often abbreviated to **MP**)

② **membership** /'membə $\int Ip$ / noun 1. the state of belonging to a group $\circ I$ must remember to renew my membership. \circ Membership costs £50 a year. 2. the members of a group \circ The club has a membership of five hundred.

③ **membrane** /'membrein/ noun 1. a thin layer of tissue which lines or covers part of the inside of the body $\circ A$ membrane connecting the tongue to the bottom of the mouth. 2. a thin material \circ The metal is covered with a waterproof membrane.

memento /mə'mentəʊ/ (plural mementos or mementoes) noun a thing kept to remind you of something

(3) **memo** /'meməu/ *noun* a note or short message between people working in the same organisation

memoirs /'memworz/ plural noun an autobiographical work, written in a less formal way than a full autobiography \circ The general spent his retirement writing his memoirs.

memorabilia /,mem(ə)rə'biliə/ noun things which used to belong to a famous person or organisation and are kept to remind you of them

memorable /'mem(ə)rəb(ə)l/ *adj* which you cannot forget easily

memorandum /,memə'rændəm/ (plura/memorandums or memoranda) noun a short note (NOTE: often shortened to memo) memorial /mɪ'mɔ:riəl/ noun a monument to remind you of something or someone \circ The mayor unveiled the memorial to the dead poet.

memorise (memorises, memorising, memorised), memorize verb to learn something thoroughly so that you know and can repeat all of it

① **memory** /'mem(\ni)ri/ (plural memories) noun 1. (in people) the ability to remember [/~for] \circ I have a clear memory of my first visit to France. \circ My memory for faces is poor 2. (in computers) the capacity for storing information \circ This computer has a much larger memory than the old one.

3 men /men/ plural of man

menace /'menis/ noun 1. someone or something which can harm people \circ She's an absolute menace on the motorway. 2. a tone which threatens \circ The menace in his voice made her shiver. \blacksquare verb (menaces, menacing, menaced) to threaten \circ The members of the gang were menaced with imprisonment. \circ Several regions are menaced by drought.

(3) **mend** /mend/ (mends, mending, mended) verb to make something work which has a fault \circ She's trying to mend the washing machine.

meningitis /,menin'dʒaitis/ *noun* an inflammation of the membranes which surround the brain and spinal cord, where the patient has violent headaches, fever, and stiff neck muscles, and can become delirious

menopause /'menəpɔ:z/ *noun* the time when a woman stops menstruating and can no longer have children

menstrual /'menstruəl/ *adj* referring to menstruation

menstruate /'menstruert/ (menstruates, menstruating, menstruated) verb to bleed from the uterus during menstruation (NOTE: + menstruation n)

(2) **mental** /'ment(ϑ)*I*/ *adj* relating to the mind \circ *I've lost my calculator – how's your mental arithmetic?*

mentality /men'tælıti/ noun a way of thinking which is typical of someone or of a group

mentally /'ment(\ni)li/ adv concerning the ability to think \circ *They were tested mentally and physically.*

① **mention** /'men∫ən/ (mentions, mentioning, mentioned) verb to refer to something [~(that)] ○ The press has not mentioned the accident. ○ Can you mention to everyone that the date of the next meeting has been changed? **mentor** /'mentor/ noun a person who teaches, or helps younger people starting their careers

(3) **menu** /'menju:/ noun 1. a list of food available in a restaurant \circ *The lunch menu changes every week.* \circ *Some dishes are not on the menu, but are written on a blackboard.* 2. a list of choices available on a computer program

MEP *abbr* Member of the European Parliament

mercenary $/'m3:s(\vartheta)n(\vartheta)ri/(plural mer$ cenaries) noun a soldier who is paid to $fight for a foreign country <math>\circ$ He was one of a group of mercenaries hired to protect the president. \circ The national army was mainly formed of foreign mercenaries.

③ merchandise /'mɜːt∫əndaız/ noun goods for sale

merchandising /'m3:t $\int(\partial)n_1daiZin/$ noun products such as toys and clothes which are related to a popular film, TV programme, sports team, or event

merchant /'m3:t \int noun a businessman who buys and sells a particular product \circ *a tobacco merchant* \circ *a wine merchant*

(3) merchant bank /'m3:t∫ənt bæŋk/ noun a bank which lends money to companies, not to people

merchant navy /_im3:t∫ənt 'neɪvi/, **merchant marine** *noun* a country's commercial ships

merciful /'m3:sif(ə)l/ adj kind and forgiving, showing mercy \circ They decided to confess their crime and hope the king would be merciful.

merciless /'m31s1ləs/ adj showing no mercy

mercy ('m3:si/ noun 1. kindness towards unfortunate people \circ The parents of the little boy pleaded with the kidnappers for mercy. 2. a gift of fate \diamond at the mercy of dependent on \circ Cricket games are always at the mercy of the weather. \circ The success of the garden party is very much at the mercy of the weather.

③ mere /m1ə/ adj simply, only

(2) **merely** /'mɪəli/ adv simply, only \circ I'm not criticising you – I merely said I would have done it differently.

merge /m3:d3/ (merges, merging, merged) verb to join together with something

merger /'m3:dʒə/ *noun* the joining together of two companies **meridian** /mə'rɪdiən/ *noun* an imaginary line running from the North Pole to the South Pole at right angles to the equator (*literary*)

meringue /mə'ræŋ/ *noun* a sweet baked dessert made of egg whites and sugar

(3) merit /'merit/ noun the quality of being good or excellent ○ There is some merit in what he says, but I can't agree with all of it. ○ This picture has no artistic merit whatsoever. ■ verb (merits, meriting, merited) to be worthy of or to deserve something ○ The plan merits further discussion. ○ Her essay only merited a 'B+'.

mermaid /'m31me1d/ *noun* an imaginary creature, half woman and half fish

merry /'meri/ (merrier, merriest) adj 1. happy and cheerful $\circ I$ wish you a Merry Christmas. 2. slightly drunk \circ We all got a bit merry that evening.

merry-go-round /'meri gəʊ ,raund/ noun (in a fairground) a large machine, which turns round and plays music, usually with horses to sit on which move up and down

mesh /mes/ noun an arrangement of threads with spaces in between like a net \circ We put wire mesh round the chicken pen to keep foxes out. \blacksquare verb (meshes, meshing, meshed) (of gears) to link together with cogs on another wheel \circ For some reason the gears on my bike don't mesh together properly.

③ **mess** /mes/ noun dirt or disorder ○ The milk bottle broke and made a mess on the floor. ○ We had to clear up the mess after the party.

mess about *(i) phrasal verb* **1.** to spend your spare time doing something without having planned what to do \circ *He spends his weekends messing about in the garden.* **2.** \Box **to mess someone about** to treat someone badly (*informal*) \circ *If you start messing me about, there'll be trouble.* \circ *The garage has messed me about so much I'm going to take my car somewhere else for servicing.*

mess up(3) phrasal verb 1. to make dirty · You've messed up your brand new school uniform! · I hope it doesn't mess up your arrangements. 2. to spoil something · I'm sorry we can't come - I hope it doesn't mess up your arrangements.

① **message** /'mesidʒ/ noun information which is sent to someone \circ I will leave a message with his secretary. \circ Can you give the director a message from his wife? \circ We got his message by e-mail. **messaging** /'mesidʒiŋ/ *noun* the process of sending a message using an electronic messaging system

③ **messenger** /'mesindʒə/ noun a person who brings a message

messiah /m1'sa19/ noun **1**. a person who has a great impact on something \circ the messiah of the ecological movement **2**. Messiah a name Christians use for Jesus Christ \circ For Christians, Christmas celebrates the birth of the Messiah. **3**. a person whom the Jews expect will come to free them \circ The coming of the Messiah is prophesied in the Book of Isaiah.

(3) messy /'mesi/ (messier, messiest) adj
 1. dirty o Making pottery is a messy business. O Little children are always messy eaters.
 2. unpleasant and disorganised o It was a long messy divorce case.

③ **met** /met/ past tense and past participle of **meet**

metabolism /mə'tæbəliz(ə)m/ noun chemical processes which are continually taking place in organisms and which are essential to life

(2) **metal** /'met(ϑ)!/ noun a material, such as iron, which can carry heat and electricity and is used for making things \circ a metal frying pan \circ These spoons are plastic but the knives are metal.

metallic /me'tælɪk/ adj like metal, referring to metal \circ Suddenly we heard a quiet metallic sound, like a chain being moved.

metamorphosis /₁metə'mɔːfəsɪs/ (*plural* **metamorphoses**) *noun* a change to something quite different, especially an insect's change of form

metaphor /'metəfə/ noun a way of describing something by giving it the qualities of something else, as in 'our eagleeyed readers soon spotted the mistake.' Compare **simile**

mete verb

mete out phrasal verb to give a punishment

meteor /'mi:tiə/ *noun* a solid body which enters the earth's atmosphere from outer space, usually burning up and shining brightly as it does so

meteoric / mirti'prik/ adj sudden, unexpected and very noticeable

meteorite /'mi:tiəraɪt/ *noun* a piece of solid rock which falls from outer space onto the earth's surface

meteorology /,mi:tiə'rblədʒi/ noun the study of climate and weather (NOTE: + **meteorologist** *n*) (3) **meter** /'mi:tə/ noun 1. a piece of equipment for counting how much of something such as time, water or gas has been used o *He came to read the gas meter.* 2. US spelling of **metre**

methadone /'methedboun/ noun a synthetic painkilling drug, used as a substitute for heroin in the treatment of addiction

() **method** /' me θ and /' me θ and /' me θ and /' me θ and /' method /' methods. \circ What is the best method of payment?

methodical $/mI'\theta pdIk(\vartheta)l/adj$ done carefully, in an orderly way \circ *The police carried out a methodical search of the house room by room.*

methodology /,meθə'dɒlədʒi/ noun methods used in a certain process or study meticulous /mɪ'tɪkjoləs/ adj being very careful about details □ to be meticulous in doing something or about something to pay great attention to detail when you do something o He is very meticulous in sending off his tax return on time. o They were not very meticulous about their payments.

(2) **metre** /'mittə/ *noun* a standard measurement of length, equal to 100 centimetres

metric /'metrik/ *adj* using the metre as a basic measurement

metro /metrəu/, **Metro** noun (in some towns) an underground railway system

metropolis /mɪ'trɒpəlɪs/ noun a large capital city

metropolitan /₁metrə'polit(\Im)n/ adj referring to a large capital city \circ She spent her childhood in a little village and found it difficult to get used to the metropolitan bustle of central London.

Mexican wave/,meksikən 'weiv/ *noun* an action when people watching an event stand up, raise their arms in turn, and then sit down, giving the impression of a wave running through the crowd

miaow /mjau/ noun a call made by a cat • We heard plaintive miaows coming from inside the cupboard. • verb (miaows, miaowing, miaowed) to make a miaow • The cat was miaowing to be let in. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is meow.)

③ mice /mais/ plural of mouse

microbe /'maikrəub/ *noun* a very small organism which can only be seen with a microscope

microchip /'maikrout Jip/ noun a very small part, used in computers, with electronic connections on it

microcosm /'maɪkrəʊkɒz(ə)m/ noun a miniature version

microorganism /,maikrəu 'ɔːɡəniz(ə)m/ noun a very small organism which can only be seen with a microscope

③ **microphone** /'markrəfəun/ noun a piece of electrical equipment used for making someone's voice louder, or for recording sound \circ He had difficulty in making himself heard without a microphone.

microprocessor /'maikrəʊ,prəʊsesə/ *noun* the central processing unit inside a microcomputer

microscope /'maikrəskəup/ noun a piece of equipment which makes things look much bigger than they really are, allowing you to examine things which are very small

microscopic /,maɪkrə'skɒpɪk/ *adj* extremely small, or so small that you need to use a microscope to see it

microwave /'maikrəweiv/ noun a small oven which cooks very quickly using very short electric waves ○ Put the dish in the microwave for three minutes. ■ verb (microwaves, microwaving, microwaved) to cook something in a microwave ○ You can microwave those potatoes.

mid-air /,mɪd 'eə/ *adj*, *adv* in the air, flying \circ *The two planes collided in mid-air*. \circ *A mid-air collision between the two planes.* (3) **midday** /,mɪd'deɪ/ *noun* twelve o'clock in the middle of the day

① middle /'mɪd(\ni)l/ adj in the centre; halfway between two ends \circ They live in the middle house, the one with the green door. \diamond in the middle 1. in the centre \circ She was standing in the middle of the road, trying to cross over. \circ Chad is a country in the middle of Africa. 2. halfway through a period of time \circ We were woken in the middle of the night by a dog barking. \circ We were just in the middle of eating our supper when they called. \circ His telephone rang in the middle of the meeting. \circ The house was built in the middle of the eighteenth century.

(3) **middle-aged** /,mɪd(ə)l 'eɪdʒd/ adj between approximately 40 and 60 years old

① **middle class** /,mid(ə)l 'klaɪs/ *noun* a social or economic group of people who usually have more than enough money to live on, and who often own their own property

Middle England /,mId(ə)l 'Iŋglənd/ noun the section of English society which is regarded as socially traditional **middle ground** /'mɪd(ə)l graund/ *noun* a position between extremes of opinion

middleman /'mɪd(ə)l,mæn/ (plural middlemen) noun a businessman who buys from the manufacturer and sells to customers

middle management /,mId(ə)l 'mænIdʒmənt/ *noun* departmental managers who are not as important as directors **middle name** /'mId(ə)l neIm/ *noun* a second given name of someone

middle-of-the-road /₁mId(ə)l əv ðə 'rəud/ adj (in politics) of the centre, moderate

middle school $/'mId(\mathfrak{z})l$ sku:l/ noun a state school for children in the UK from age 8 to 13

midfield /'midfi:ld/ noun 1. the central section of a football pitch \circ *The goalkeeper kicked the ball to midfield*. 2. the players who play in the midfield \circ *The midfield is the most important section of a football team*.

midfielder /'mid,fi:ldə/ *noun* a member of a football team active in the central area of the playing field, often both in attack and defence

midget /'mɪdʒɪt/ noun a very short person (offensive)

③ **midnight** /'midnait/ noun twelve o'clock at night \circ I must go to bed – it's after midnight. \circ We only reached the hotel at midnight.

midriff /'mɪdrɪf/ *noun* the front part of your body above the waist and below the chest

③ midst /mɪdst/ noun middle

midsummer/,mId'sAmə/ *noun* the middle of the summer

midterm /,mid't3:m/ *noun* a point halfway through an academic term, or through a term of office \circ *midterm elections* \circ *We have our midterm exam next week.* Compare half-term

midway $/_1$ mid'wei/ adv half-way \circ We arranged to meet them midway between London and Oxford. \circ The lights went out midway through the performance.

midweek $/_{mid}$ witk/ adj, adv in the middle of the week \circ *If you travel midweek, the fares are higher than if you travel at the weekend.*

midwife *('midwaif/ (plural midwives) noun* a professional nurse who helps a woman give birth, often at home (*formal*)

midwinter /mɪd'wɪntə/ *noun* the middle of the winter

miffed /m1fd/ adj feeling annoyed or offended

(i) might /mait/ modal verb 1. it is possible \circ Take an umbrella – it might rain. \circ If he isn't here, he might be waiting outside. ○ I might call in to see you tomorrow if I have time. \circ That was a stupid thing to do - you might have been killed! \circ They might win, but I wouldn't bet on it. 2. should (have done) o You might try and stay awake next time.
¬ he might have done something to help it would have been better if he had done something to help \Box you might have told me I wish you had told me \circ You might have told me you'd invited *her as well.* **3.** making a request politely \circ Might I have another cup of tea? 4. used for suggesting something o You might like to read this book. \circ We haven't got any bread left, but you might try the shop on the corner. (NOTE: The negative is might not or, especially in speaking, mightn't. might is usually used with other verbs and is not followed by to. Note also that might is used as the past tense of may: They said they might cancel the event if the weather was wet.) *noun* strength \circ *She pulled at it with all her might, and still could not move it.* \circ *All the* might of the armed forces is displayed during the National Day parade. \diamond might (just) as well used to refer to a different course of action \circ *They said the photos will* be ready in 20 minutes, so we might as well wait. \circ The letter was too late for the post, so I might as well have left it until tomorrow

mightn't short for might not

mighty /'matti/ (**mightier**, **mightiest**) *adj* having a lot of force or strength (*literary*) \circ With one mighty heave he lifted the sack onto the lorry. \circ All she could remember was getting a mighty blow on the head, and then everything went black.

migraine /'mi:grein, 'maigrein/ noun a sharp headache often associated with vomiting and seeing bright lights

migrant /'maigrant/ noun a worker who moves from one job to another or from one country to another to look for work \circ *The* government is trying to prevent migrants coming into the country.

migrate /mai'greit/ (migrates, migrating, migrated) verb to move from one place to another as the weather becomes warmer or colder (NOTE: + migration n)

mike /mark/ abbr microphone (informal) (3) **mild** /marld/ adj 1. not severe \circ There was some mild criticism, but generally the plan was welcomed. \circ He had a mild heart attack and was soon back to work again. **2**. not strong-tasting \circ We'll choose the mildest curry on the menu.

① mile /mail/ noun a measure of length, equal to 1.61 kilometres \circ He thinks nothing of cycling ten miles to work every day. \circ The car can't go any faster than sixty miles per hour. \circ The line of cars stretched for three miles from the road works.

mileage /'mailid₃/ noun 1. the distance travelled in miles 2. \Box to get a lot of or more mileage out of something to take as much advantage as possible of something \circ Can we get any more mileage out of his appearance on TV?

mileometer /mai'lomitə/, **milometer** *noun* a device in a vehicle for recording the distance travelled

milestone /'mailst ϑ on/ noun an important point in time \circ *This year marks an important milestone in the firm's history.*

milieu /'mixlj3x/ noun a society which surrounds someone

militant /'militant/ noun 1. a person who is very active in supporting a cause or a political party \circ The party must keep its militants under control. 2. a person who supports a policy of using violence to achieve aims $\circ A$ few militants in the march started throwing stones at the police. (NOTE: + militancy n)

() **military** /'mɪlɪt(ə)ri/ adj relating to the armed forces \circ *The two leaders discussed the possibility of military intervention.* \circ *Military spending has fallen over the past three years.*

militia /mɪ'lɪʃə/ *noun* an emergency police force organised like an army

milk /milk/ noun a white liquid produced by some female animals to feed their young, especially the liquid produced by cows o Do you want milk with your coffee?
 Can we have two glasses of milk, please?
 Don't forget to buy some milk, there's none in the fridge.

milkman /'milkmən/ (plural milkmen) noun a man who brings milk to each house in the morning

milk shake /mɪlk 'ʃeɪk/ noun a drink made by beating milk with sweet liquid or fruit

③ **mill** /m1/ noun **1**. a small machine for turning seeds into powder ○ There is a pepper mill on the table. **2**. a large factory ○ a paper mill

millennium /mɪ'leniəm/ (*plural* **millennia**) *noun* a period of a thousand years

milligram

milligram /'mɪlɪgræm/ noun one thousandth of a gram

millilitre /'mIII,li:tə/ *noun* a unit of measurement of liquid, equal to one thousandth of a litre (NOTE: usually written **ml** after figures. The US spelling is **millimeter**.)

③ **millimetre** /'mɪlɪmi:tə/ *noun* one of a thousand parts of a metre (NOTE: usually written **mm** after figures: *35mm*. The US spelling is **millimeter**.)

(1) **million** /'mɪljən/ noun the number 1,000,000

(3) **millionaire** /,miljə'neə/ *noun* a person who has more than a million pounds or a million dollars (NOTE: To show the currency in which a person is a millionaire, say 'a dollar millionaire', 'a sterling millionaire', etc.)

① millionth /'mɪljən θ /, 1,000,000th adj, noun relating to 1,000,000 in a series **noun** number 1,000,000 in a series

millisecond /'mɪlɪ,sekənd/ *noun* a unit of measurement of time, equal to one thousandth of a second

mime /maim/ (mimes, miming, mimed) verb to tell a story or show emotions through gestures \circ *He mimed getting into a car and driving off.* (NOTE: + mime n)

mimic /'mimik/ noun a person who imitates \circ A good mimic imitates a person's body language as well as their voice. verb (mimics, mimicking, mimicked) to copy the way someone speaks or behaves, especially to amuse other people

min abbr 1. minimum 2. minute

③ **mince** /mɪns/ ◇ **he didn't mince his words** he said what he had to say in a straightforward way

(1) **mind** /maind/ noun the part of the body which controls memory and reasoning o His mind always seems to be on other things. \circ I've forgotten her name – it just slipped my mind. \circ I think about her night and day - I just can't get her out of my mind. \circ My mind went blank as soon as I saw the exam paper. \Box to bear in mind to remember something that might change a decision \circ Bear in mind that it takes 2 hours to get there. \circ Bear me in mind when you're looking for help. ■ verb (minds, minding, minded) 1. to be careful [~(that)] \circ *Mind the plate – it's hot!* \circ *Mind that you* don't forget the meeting starts early at 4 o'clock. 2. to be annoyed or upset by something [~if/~(that)] \circ There aren't enough chairs, but I don't mind standing up. 0 Nobody will mind if you're late. \circ He didn't mind that his daughter had forgotten his birthday. 3. to look after someone or something for someone, or while the owner is away \circ Have you got anyone to mind the children when you start work? \diamond never **mind** don't worry \circ Never mind – you'll get another chance to enter the competition next year. \diamond would or do you mind asking politely \circ *Do you mind if I open the* window? • Would you mind shutting the *door*? \land wouldn't mind would rather like \circ I wouldn't mind a cup of coffee. \diamond mind your own business! don't interfere with other people's affairs \diamond to have something in mind to be planning a decision about something or someone o Let's do something unusual this weekend – what do you have in mind? \diamond to have something on **your mind** to be worrying about something \circ She's not her usual cheerv self today – I think she's got something on her mind. \diamond to take someone's mind off something to try to stop someone worrying about something • Let's go out to take your mind off your in*terview.* \diamond to make up your mind (to do **something)** to decide (to do something) o I can't make up my mind whether to take the afternoon off to do some shopping or stay in the office and work. \circ She couldn't make up her mind what clothes to wear to *the wedding*. \diamond **to change your mind** to decide to do something different o He was going to go by car but then changed his mind and went by bus. \circ He has decided to go on holidav next week and nothing will make him change his mind. \diamond to be in two minds about something not to be sure about something, to be undecided \circ *I'm in* two minds about his proposal.

mind-blowing /maind 'bləoiŋ/ adj extremely impressive, surprising or shocking **minder** /'maində/ noun a person who protects someone (informal) \diamond **bodyguard 1 mindful** /'maindf(ə)l/ adj remembering or thinking about something carefully when doing something \circ He is mindful of his responsibilities as a parent, even though his job often takes him away from home. \circ You should be mindful of the risks you are taking in not following the guidelines.

mindless /'maindləs/ *adj* stupid, done without thinking

mindset /'maindset/ noun a way of thinking, general attitude to things

① **mine** /main/ pron belonging to me \circ That book is mine. \circ Can I borrow your bike, mine's been stolen. \circ She's a great friend of mine. \blacksquare noun a deep hole in the **minefield** / mainfield/ noun 1. an area of land or sea where mines have been laid \circ Minefields lay along both sides of the road. 2. a difficult and dangerous situation \circ Trying to find your way round EU agriculture regulations is an absolute minefield. \circ The company got caught up in the minefield of government tax regulations.

miner /'mainə/ *noun* a person who works in a mine (NOTE: Do not confuse with **minor**.)

mineral /'min(\ni)r \ni l/ noun a substance, such as rock, which is dug out of the earth, or which is found in food \circ What is the mineral content of spinach? \circ The company hopes to discover valuable minerals in the mountains.

mineral water /'mɪn(ə)rəl ˌwɔːtə/ noun water from a spring

mingle $f'ming \exists l'$ (mingles, mingling, mingled) verb 1. to mix together \circ The flavours of chocolate and lemon mingle deliciously. 2. to mix, to join in a party \circ The host and hostess started to mingle with their guests.

mini- /mini/ adj, prefix very small

miniature /'minit $\int \partial \partial dj$ much smaller than the usual size \circ *He has a miniature camera.*

minibar /'mɪni,baː/ *noun* a refrigerator in a hotel room containing cold drinks

minibus /'minibas/ noun a small bus holding about twelve passengers

minicab /'mɪni kæb/ *noun* a car which a person drives as a taxi

minimal /'mɪnɪm(ə)l/ *adj* very low or small, the smallest possible

minimalism $/^{t}mIIIm(\Im)l_{,IZ}(\Im)m/$ noun **1.** a movement of abstract artists who produce paintings and sculptures that make use of basic colours and geometric shapes in impersonal arrangements. The movement started in New York in the 1960s. **2.** a simple style in art, design or literature **3.** a style in music with a simplicity of rhythm and tone

minimise /'minimaiz/ (minimises, minimising, minimised), minimize (minimizes, minimizing, minimized) verb to reduce to the smallest amount; to make something seem very small

(2) **minimum** /'miniməm/ adj smallest possible \circ *The minimum amount you can save is £25 per month.* \circ *The minimum age* for drivers is 18. \blacksquare noun the smallest possible amount \circ We try to keep expenditure to a minimum. \circ She does the bare minimum of study, just enough to pass her exams.

minimum wage /,miniməm 'weidʒ/ *noun* the lowest hourly wage which a company can legally pay its workers

mining /'maining/ noun **1**. the action of taking coal and other minerals out of the land \circ We used a Welsh mining village as a base for climbing in the mountains. \circ The company is engaged in mining for diamonds or in diamond mining. **2**. the process of placing mines underground or under water \circ The mining of the harbour was carried out by marines.

miniskirt /'mɪni,skɜːt/ noun a skirt which is very short

① **minister** /'ministə/ noun 1. the member of a government in charge of a department ○ The inquiry is to be headed by a former government minister. ○ He was the Minister of Defence in the previous government. 2. a clergyman

ministerial / mini'stiəriəl/ *adj* referring to a government minister

① **ministry** /'ministri/ (plural **ministries**) noun a government department ○ *He works* in the Ministry of Defence. (NOTE: In the UK and the USA, important ministries are also called **departments**: the Department of Work and Pensions, the Commerce Department.)

mink /mɪŋk/ noun a small animal whose fur is very valuable \circ *Mink are now found in the wild in Britain.*

minnow /'minəu/ noun a very small freshwater fish

(2) **minor** /'mainə/ adj not very serious or important ○ It was just a minor injury. ○ She has a minor role in the film. ○ He played a minor part in the revolution. ■ noun a person under the age of 18, who is not considered to be an adult ○ We are forbidden to serve alcohol to minors. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **miner**.)

(2) **minority** /mai'npriti/ noun 1. a number or quantity which is less than half of a total ○ A large minority of members voted against the proposal. □ in the minority being less than half of the members ○ The men are in the minority. 2. the period when a person is less than 18 years old ○ During the king's minority the country was ruled by his uncle.

mint /mint/ (**mints**, **minting**, **minted**) verb to make coins \circ British coins are minted by the Royal Mint.

minus

(2) **minus** /'maines/ prep 1. reduced by \circ Ten minus eight equals two (10 – 8 = 2). \circ Net salary is gross salary minus tax and National Insurance deductions. 2. below \circ It was minus 10 degrees (-10°) outside.

minuscule /'miniskjuil/ adj very small

minus sign /'mainəs sain/, **minus** *noun* a symbol, (-), used to show a negative quantity or subtraction

minute¹ /'m1n1/ noun 1. one of 60 parts of an hour \circ There are sixty minutes in an hour, and sixty seconds in a minute. \circ The doctor can see you for ten minutes only. \circ The house is about ten minutes' walk or is a ten-minute walk from the office. 2. a very short space of time \circ I'll be ready in a minute. \circ Why don't you wait for a minute and see if the dentist is free? \diamond I won't be a minute I'll be very quick \circ I'm just going to pop into the bank – I won't be a minute. \diamond at any minute, any minute now very soon \circ I expect the train to arrive at any minute.

minute² /mai'nju:t/ *adj* extremely small \circ *A minute piece of dust must have got into the watch.*

minutes /'minits/ plural noun notes taken of what has been said at a meeting \circ Who volunteers to take the minutes of the meeting? \circ Copies of the minutes of the last meeting will be sent to all members of the committee.

miracle $/ \min (\Im) l/ noun 1$. a very lucky event \circ *It was a miracle she was not killed in the accident.* **2**. an event which you cannot explain, and which people believe happens by the power of God \circ *She went to the shrine and was cured – it must have been a miracle.*

miraculous /mɪ'rækjuləs/ adj wonderful, which cannot be explained

mirage /'mɪrɑːʒ/ noun an imaginary sight caused by hot air, such as an oasis seen in a desert

(3) **mirror** /'mirə/ noun a piece of glass with a metal backing which reflects an image \circ They looked at themselves in the mirror.

mirth /m3 θ / *noun* enjoyment, especially shown by laughter

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{misapprehension} & /, \mbox{misapprime} \\ \mbox{'hen} \int (\vartheta) n / \ noun \ \mbox{an incorrect understand-} \\ \mbox{ing} \end{array}$

misbehave /,misbiheiv/ (**misbehaves**, **misbehaving**, **misbehaved**) *verb* to behave badly **misbehaviour** /mɪsb1'heɪvjə/ noun bad behaviour (NOTE: The US spelling is **misbehavior**.)

misc. abbr miscellaneous

miscalculate /mɪs'kælkjʊleɪt/ (miscalculates, miscalculating, miscalculated) *verb* to calculate wrongly (NOTE: + miscalculation *n*)

miscarriage /'miskæridʒ/ noun the loss of a baby during pregnancy \circ She had two miscarriages before having her first child.

miscarry /mIs'kæri/ (miscarries, miscarrying, miscarried) verb 1. (of a plan) to go wrong 2. to produce a baby which is not sufficiently developed to live \circ She miscarried three months into her pregnancy.

miscellaneous /misə'leiniəs/ adj various or mixed, not all of the same sort

mischief /'m1st $\int If/$ noun behaviour, especially by children, which causes trouble \diamond **to make mischief** to make trouble for other people \circ She's always trying to make mischief between me and the boss.

mischievous /'mɪst Jīvəs/ adj enjoying annoying people and causing trouble \circ *He's a very mischievous little boy.* \circ *She had a mischievous look in her eyes.*

misconception /,mīskən'sep∫ən/ noun a mistaken idea

misconduct /mɪs'kɒndʌkt/ *noun* a wrong action by a professional person or worker

misdeed /mis'dird/ noun a wicked action

misdemeanour /,misdi'mi:nə/ noun a minor crime (NOTE: The US spelling is **misdemeanor**.)

miserable /'mIZ(3)r3b(3)l/ adj 1. very sad \circ She's been really miserable since her boyfriend left her. 2. (of weather) bad or unpleasant \circ What miserable weather – will it ever stop raining?

③ misery /'mɪzəri/ noun great unhappiness

misfire /mIs'faIə/ (misfires, misfiring, misfired) *verb* not to fire properly

misfit /'mɪsfɪt/ *noun* a person who does not fit in with a group, who does not fit into society

③ **misfortune** /mis'fɔ:tʃən/ noun 1. bad luck \circ It was his misfortune to be born in the year when his father was declared bankrupt. 2. a piece of bad luck \circ Misfortunes never come singly.

misgiving /mɪs'gɪvɪŋ/ *noun* a doubt or fear that something will go wrong

misguided /mis'gaidid/ adj based on wrong decisions

mishandle $/m_{IS}$ 'hænd(\Rightarrow)l/ (**mishandles**, **mishandling**, **mishandled**) *verb* **1**. to deal with a situation badly **2**. to treat something roughly

mishap /'mɪshæp/ noun a little accident mishmash /'mɪ∫,mæ∫/ noun a confusing mixture

misinform /,misin'fo:m/ (**misinforms, misinforming, misinformed**) *verb* to give someone the wrong information

misinterpret /,misin't3:prit/ (**misinterprets**, **misinterpreting**, **misinterpreted**) *verb* not to understand correctly

misjudge /mis'd3Ad3/ (misjudges, misjudging, misjudged) verb 1. to judge wrongly \circ He misjudged the distance he had to jump and fell into the ditch. 2. to form a wrong opinion about someone or something \circ I thought he was lazy, but I obviously misjudged him.

mislay /mɪs'leɪ/ (**mislays**, **mislaying**, **mislaid**) *verb* to put something down and not to remember where it is

mislead /mɪs'li:d/ (**misleads, misleading, misled**) *verb* to give someone wrong information

mismanagement /mɪs'mænɪdʒmənt/ noun bad organisation and management (NOTE: + **mismanage** v)

mismatch /'mɪsmæt∫/ noun a badly matched pair

misnomer /mɪs'nəumə/ noun a wrong name

misogynist /mɪˈsɒdʒənɪst/ noun a man who hates women

misplaced /,mis'pleist/ *adj* directed at the wrong person or thing

misprint /'misprint/ noun a mistake in printing

mispronounce /,mispro'naons/ (mispronounces, mispronouncing, mispronounced) verb to pronounce a sound or word wrongly

misquote /mɪs'kwəʊt/ (**misquotes**, **misquoting**, **misquoted**) *verb* to quote someone or something incorrectly

misread /mɪs'ri:d/ (**misreads**, **misreading**, **misread**) *verb* **1**. to read something incorrectly **2**. to misinterpret something

misrepresent /,misrepri'zent/ (misrepresents, misrepresenting, misrepresented) verb to report what someone thinks wrongly (NOTE: + misrepresentation n) (1) miss /mis/ verb (misses, missing, **missed**) 1. not to hit something that you are trying to hit \circ He missed the target. \circ She tried to shoot the rabbit but missed. 2. not to see, hear or notice someone or something \circ We missed the road in the dark. $\circ I$ missed the article about books in vesterday's evening paper. \circ I arrived late, so missed most of the discussion. 3. not to catch something that you are trying to catch \circ He tried to catch the ball but he missed it.
O She missed the last bus and had to walk home. 4. to be sad because someone is not there any more o We'll all miss Jack when he retires.
- to miss doing something to be sad because you are not doing something any more $\circ I$ miss living by the sea. I noun an instance of not hitting something that you are trying to hit \circ He hit the target twice and then had two misses.

miss out on ③ phrasal verb not to enjoy something because you are not there

miss out (3) *phrasal verb* to leave out, to forget to put in

① **Miss** /mis/ noun a polite title given to a girl or woman who is not married ○ *Have* you met Miss Jones, our new sales manager? ○ The letter is addressed to Miss Anne Smith. (NOTE: used before a surname, or a first name and surname)

missile /'misail/ noun a weapon which is sent or thrown \circ They think the plane was brought down by an enemy missile. \circ They threw missiles at the police.

③ **missing** / 'misin/ adj lost, which is not there ○ I'm looking for my missing car keys. ○ They found there was a lot of money missing. ○ The police searched everywhere for the missing children.

③ **mission** /'mi $\int(\partial)n/noun$ 1. an aim or purpose for which someone is sent \circ *The* students were sent on a mission to find the best place to camp. 2. a group of people sent somewhere with a particular aim \circ a United Nations peace mission \circ Several firms took part in a business mission to Japan. \circ A rescue mission was sent out into the mountains.

missionary $/\operatorname{mif}(\mathfrak{I})n(\mathfrak{I})ri/(\mathfrak{plural missionaries})$ noun a person who tries to convert people to his or her religion \circ European missionaries tried to convert the inhabitants of the Pacific Islands.

mission statement $/!mI \int (\partial)n$ stertmont/ noun a statement which gives the aims of an organisation **misspell** /mis'spel/ (misspells, misspelling, misspell) verb to spell wrongly **mist** /mist/ noun tiny drops of water that hang in the air \circ Early morning mist covered the fields.

(2) **mistake** /mi'stetk/ noun an act or belief that is wrong \circ There are lots of mistakes in this essay. \circ You've made a mistake – my name is David, not John. \blacksquare verb (mistakes, mistaking, mistook, mistaken) to not understand or not realise something \circ There's no mistaking him, with his red hair and purple anorak. \diamond by mistake as an accident \circ They sent the wrong items by mistake. \circ By mistake she put my letter into an envelope for the chairman. \circ We took the wrong bus by mistake. \circ He put my coat on by mistake in the cloakroom.

(2) **mistaken** /mɪ'steɪkən/ adj wrong **mister** /'mɪstə/ noun a way of addressing a man (= Mr.) \circ What's the time, mister?

 $\textcircled{\sc 3}$ mistook /m1'stuk/ past tense of mistake

mistreat/mrs'tri:t/(**mistreats**, **mistreating**, **mistreated**) *verb* to treat something or someone badly or roughly

mistress /'mistrəs/ noun 1. a woman who has a sexual relationship with a man without being married to him \circ *She had en*gaged a detective to follow her husband and photograph him with his mistress. 2. a woman teacher \circ the geography mistress 3. a woman in charge of or who owns an animal \circ *The dog chased after a rabbit but came back when his mistress whistled.*

mistrust /mIs'trAst/ noun not having any confidence \circ The occupying army aroused considerable mistrust in the local population. (NOTE: + **mistrust** v)

misunderstand /,misandə'stænd/ (misunderstands, misunderstanding, misunderstood) verb not to understand correctly

misunderstanding /,mISANdə 'stændIŋ/ *noun* a situation where something has not been understood correctly

misunderstood /,misAndə'stod/ *adj* not appreciated because people do not understand you. \Diamond **misunderstand**

misuse¹ /mis'ju:s/ noun a wrong use \circ The directors of the charity were accused of misuse of funds.

misuse²/mis'ju:Z/(**misuses**, **misusing**, **misused**) verb to use something in a wrong way \circ She misused the money which she had been given to look after. \circ He felt misused when the company refused to help him. **mite** /matt/ noun **1**. a tiny animal of the spider family which lives in soil or is a parasite on animals or plants \circ *House mites can cause allergies*. **2**. a very small child \circ *The poor little mite looks half-starved*.

mitigate /'mitigett/ (mitigates, mitigating, mitigated) verb to make less serious (NOTE: + mitigation n)

mitt /mɪt/ noun a padded glove worn by a baseball player

(2) **mix** /miks/ (mixes, mixing, mixed) verb to combine things \circ She made the cake by mixing eggs and flour.

mix up (*phrasal verb* to think that a person or thing is someone or something else \circ *I always mix her up with her sister.*

(2) **mixed**/mikst/ adj **1.** made up of different hings put together \circ The recipe uses mixed herbs. 2. involving different age groups, ethnic groups or sexes \circ The reaction to the proposal has been rather mixed – some people approve, but others disapprove. 3. involving some good things and some bad things \circ There has been a mixed reaction to our proposal. \diamond in mixed company when both men and women are together \circ That's not the sort of joke you can tell in mixed company.

mixed blessing /mikst 'blesin/ noun something which can have advantages and disadvantages as well

mixed salad *noun* a salad that includes lettuce, cucumbers, tomatoes and other vegetables

mixed school /'mɪkst skuːl/ noun a school for both boys and girls

mixed up /_{mikst} 'Ap/ adj confused in your mind \diamond **to be mixed up in or with** to be part of or involved in something \circ *He* was mixed up in the bank scandal. \circ *How* did she get mixed up with those awful people?

mixer /'miksə/ noun a machine for mixing

③ **mixture** /'mikst $\int \partial / noun$ 1. a number of things mixed together \circ a mixture of flour, fat and water 2. something made up of different types of thing \circ His latest paintings are a strange mixture of shapes and colours.

mix-up /'m1ks Ap/ noun a confusion

moan /məon/ noun a low sound made by someone who is in pain or upset \circ The rescue team could hear moans from under the wreckage. \circ When she read the news she gave a loud moan. \blacksquare verb (moans, moaning, moaned) to make a low sound as if you are in pain \circ I could hear someone moaning in the bathroom. \circ They could hear someone moaning in the cellar.

moat /mout / noun a wide ditch with water in it, made as a protection round a castle or town

mob /mob/ noun a large number of people behaving in a noisy, angry or uncontrolled way \circ Mobs of looters ran through the streets. \circ An angry mob surged towards the factory gates.

(2) **mobile** /'məubaıl/ adj able to move or be moved \circ a mobile library \bullet noun **1**. a mobile phone \circ *l'll call him on his mobile.* \circ *He gave me the number of his mobile.* **2**. an object made of small pieces of metal, card etc., which when hung up move around with the movements of the air \circ *They bought a mobile of clowns to hang over the baby's cot.*

mobile home /,məubail 'həum/ noun US a large caravan in which people can live permanently, which is usually based in a special park

(2) **mobile phone** /,məubaıl 'fəun/ *noun* a small telephone which you can carry around. Compare **landline**

mobility /məu'bılıti/ *noun* being able to move easily

mobster /'mpbstə/ noun especially US a member of a criminal gang (informal)

mocha /'mɒkə/ *noun* **1**. a type of strong dark coffee **2**. a coffee and chocolate flavouring used in baking

mock /mok/ (mocks, mocking, mocked) verb to laugh at someone or something in an unkind way \circ Don't mock the singer – he's doing the best he can.

mockery *I*'mokəri*/ noun* **1**. a thing which is only a bad imitation, which is of no use \circ *The trial was a mockery of justice.* **2**. the action of laughing at someone or something in an unkind way \circ *He could see the mockery in her eyes.* \diamond **to make a mockery of something** to make something seem useless \circ *The exam makes a mockery of the government's insistence on educational standards.*

mock-up /'mpk Ap/ noun a scale model of a new product for testing purposes

modal verb /'məʊd(ə)l v3:b/ *noun* a verb such as 'can', which is used with another verb to express an idea such as possibility

③ **mode** /məud/ noun a way of doing something

() **model** $/ \text{'mpd}(\mathfrak{s}) l / \text{noun } \mathbf{1}$. a small version of something larger \circ *The exhibition has a model of the new town hall.* \circ *He*

spends his time making model planes. 2. a good example of something $[/{\text{-for}}] \circ The$ conference was a model of good organisation. \circ Their report can be used as a model for all the other departments. 3. a person who wears new clothes to show them to customers \circ He used only top models to show his designs during the London Fashion Week. 4. a particular type of product produced at a particular time o This is this vear's model. • He bought a 1979 model Mini. verb (models, modelling, modelled) 1. to wear newly designed clothes to show to customers \circ She is modelling the autumn collection by Dior. 2. to make shapes in clay \circ *He modelled a statue of the little girl.* **3.** to copy something [~on] \circ The garden is modelled on the famous one at Versailles.

modelling $/\operatorname{mod}(\operatorname{a})\operatorname{In}/\operatorname{noun} 1$. the job of being a fashion model \circ *With your looks you could take up modelling as a career*. 2. the process of making models (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is **modeling**.)

(2) **modem** /'məudem/ noun a device which links a computer to the telephone lines, so as to send data. Full form **modulator-demodulator**

moderate¹ /'mpd(ϑ)r ϑ r λ / adj not excessive \circ She had moderate success in her exams. \circ The economy has ended a period of steady moderate growth. \circ The union's wage demands are really quite moderate. \blacksquare noun a person whose political ideas are not very violent \circ After years of struggle the moderates have gained control of the party.

moderate² /'mpd=reit/ (moderates, moderating, moderated) verb to make or become less strong \circ They moderated their demands. \circ As the wind moderated, the waves became smaller.

moderation $/_m \text{pd} \Rightarrow \text{rer} \int (\Rightarrow) n / \text{ noun the fact of not being excessive}$

() **modern** $/^{l}mpd(\mathfrak{s})n/adj$ referring to the present time \circ *It is a fairly modern invention – it was patented only in the 1980s.* \circ *You expect really modern offices to have air-conditioning systems.*

modern-day /'mpd(\eth)n de1/ adj **1**. at the present time \circ Modern-day living is becoming more and more stressful. **2**. existing now, but very similar to somebody or something that existed in the past \circ The army needs a modern-day Napoleon to lead it. \circ He's a modern-day equivalent of a Victorian factory owner.

modernity

modernity /mp'd3:nəti/ *noun* the quality or idea of being modern or up-to-date

modern languages $/,mod(\vartheta)n$ 'længwid3iz/ plural noun languages which are spoken today \circ She's studying German and Italian in the modern languages department.

modest /'mpd1st/ adj not telling other people about your achievements \circ *He was very modest about his gold medal.*

modesty /'modisti/ noun 1. the quality of being modest \circ Modesty forbids me to mention all my other achievements. 2. the quality of not being excessive, being quite small \circ We think he stole some money from the petty cash box, but in view of the modesty of the sum involved, we won't report it to the police. 3. a reservation about showing parts of your body

modicum /'mpdikəm/ noun a fairly small amount

 $\textcircled{\sc 3}$ modification /_modifi'keij(ə)n/ noun an alteration

modifier /'mpd1,fa1ə/ *noun* a word or phrase that affects the meaning of another, usually describing it or restricting its meaning. 'Pink' in the phrase 'the pink ribbon' and 'fire' in the compound 'fire alarm' are modifiers.

modify /'mpdɪfaɪ/ (**modifies**, **modifying**, **modified**) verb to change something to suit a different situation \circ The design was modified to make the car faster.

modular /'mpdjulə/ *adj* made of various modules

② **module** /'modju:l/ noun a part of something such as a course of study, which is made up of various sections ○ *The science course is made up of a series of modules*.

mogul /'məʊg(ə)l/ noun the boss of a large business organisation, especially a film or a TV company

mohair /'məuheə/ noun a very soft wool from a type of goat

③ **moist** /moist/ adj slightly wet, often in a pleasant way \circ To clean the oven, just wipe it with a moist cloth. \circ The cake should be moist, not too dry.

moisten /'mɔɪs(ə)n/ (**moistens, moistening, moistened**) *verb* to make slightly wet

(3) **moisture** /'mɔɪst ʃə/ *noun* small drops of water in the air or on a surface (NOTE: no plural)

moisturise (moisturises, moisturising, moisturised), moisturize (moisturizes)

verb to rub a cream or liquid onto your skin to prevent it from being dry

molar /'məulə/ noun a large back tooth used for grinding food

molasses /mə'læsız/ *noun* a thick black syrup removed from sugar as it is being refined (NOTE: The usual British term is **black treacle**.)

mold /məuld, 'məuldi/, **moldy** US spelling of **mould**, **mouldy**

③ **mole** /məul/ noun 1. a small animal with soft dark grey fur, which lives under the ground 2. a small dark spot on the skin ○ She has a little mole on her cheek. ○ The doctor removed a mole from the back of her hand.

molecule /'mpl1kju1/ *noun* the smallest unit in a substance that can exist by itself

molest /mə'lest/ (molests, molesting, molested) verb to attack a child or a woman, especially in a sexual way

mollify /'mplifai/ (mollifies, mollifying, mollified) verb to make someone less annoyed or less upset

mollusc /'mpləsk/ *noun* an animal with no backbone, but usually with a soft body and a shell, such as a snail or an oyster (NOTE: The US spelling is **mollusk**.)

mollycoddle /'mpli,kpd(ə)l/ (mollycoddles, mollycoddling, mollycoddled) *verb* to treat someone in an overprotective and overindulgent way

molten /'məultən/ *adj* which has become liquid with heat o *molten lava*

() **mom** /mbm/ noun US a child's name for mother (informal) \circ His mom always waits for him outside school. (NOTE: The British term is **mum** or **mummy**.)

① **moment** /'məomənt/ noun a very short time ○ *Can you please wait a moment* - the doctor is on the phone? ○ *I only saw* her for a moment. ◇ **in a moment** in a short time from now

momentary /'məumənt(ə)ri/ adj which only lasts for a short time

momentous /məu'mentəs/ adj very important

momentum /məʊ'mentəm/ noun a forward movement

Mon. abbr Monday

monarch /'monək/ noun the king or queen

monarchy /'monəki/ (plural monarchies) noun 1. a system of government with a hereditary ruler such as a king or queen \circ There's a big debate about whether we should get rid of the monarchy and become a republic. **2.** a country ruled by a monarch \circ All European countries with kings or queens are constitutional monarchies.

monastery /'mpnəst(ə)ri/ (plural monasteries) noun a religious establishment where monks live; the buildings of such a place. Compare convent

① **Monday** /'mAndet/ noun the first day of the working week, the day between Sunday and Tuesday \circ Some stores are shut on Mondays. \circ She had to go to the doctor last Monday. \circ The 15th is a Sunday, so the 16th must be a Monday.

(3) **monetary** /'mʌnɪt(ə)ri/ adj referring to money or currency

① **money** /'mʌni/ noun 1. coins or notes which are used for buying things \circ How much money have you got in the bank? \circ He doesn't earn very much money. \circ We spent more money last week than in the previous month. \circ We ran out of money in Spain and had to come home early. 2. the type of coins and notes used in a country \circ I want to change my British pounds into Mexican money. 3. \Box to make money to make a profit

money market /'mʌni ˌmɑːkɪt/ noun a market for buying and selling short-term loans

money order /'mʌni ,ɔːdə/ *noun* a document which can be used for passing money from one person to another through the post

mongrel /'mʌŋgrəl/ adj, noun a dog of mixed breed o They've bought a mongrel puppy.

(3) **monitor** /'mpnitə/ noun the screen of a computer, or a small television screen used for checking what is happening ○ My computer has a colour monitor. ○ Details of flight arrivals and departures are displayed on monitors around the airport. ■ verb (monitors, monitoring, monitored) to check or to watch over the progress of something ○ Doctors are monitoring her heart condition. ○ How do you monitor the performance of the sales staff?

monk /m $\Lambda\eta$ k/ noun a man who is a member of a religious group who live together in a monastery, away from other people. Compare **friar** (NOTE: The equivalent women are **nuns**.)

monkey $/m \land \eta ki / noun$ a tropical animal which lives in trees and normally has a long tail \circ *Monkeys ran up the trees looking for fruit.*

monkey business /'mʌŋki ,bɪznəs/ noun tricks, cheating

monkey wrench /'mʌŋki rent ʃ/ noun a large spanner with an adjustable grip

monochrome /'mpnəkrəum/ adj appearing only in black, white or grey

monogamous /mə'nɒgəməs/ *adj* where a person has only one husband or wife

monogamy /mə'nogəmi/ *noun* the system of marriage to only one person at a time

monogram /'monəgræm/ noun the initials of a name linked together artistically

monolingual /,monəʊ'lɪŋgwəl/ adj 1. speaking only one language 2. written or made in only one language

monolith /'monəli θ / *noun* **1**. a tall rock standing by itself **2**. something large, unchangeable and out-of-date, especially a long-established organisation

monolithic /, monə'l10k/ *adj* **1**. built using very large stones or blocks of some other material **2**. large, uniform in character, and slow to change

monologue /'monəlog/ *noun* a long speech by one actor or other person alone (NOTE: The US spelling is **monolog**.)

monopolise /mə'nopəlaiz/ (monopolises, monopolising, monopolised), monopolize verb to use something entirely for yourself \circ Don't monopolise the computer – let some of the others have a go.

monopoly /mə'nopəli/ (*plural* **monopolies**) *noun* a system where one person or company supplies all of a product in one area without any competition

monorail /'monəu,reɪl/ *noun* a railway in which trains travel along a single rail

monosyllabic / monousi'læbik/ adj 1. (of words) with only one syllable \circ monosyllabic words such as 'hat' and 'cat' 2. using short simple words and not saying much \circ In answer to the reporters' questions he gave a series of monosyllabic replies.

monosyllable /'mpnəʊ,sɪləb(ə)l/ noun a word which only has one syllable

monotone /'monətəon/ *noun* **1**. a sound that stays at the same pitch without rising or falling **2**. a lack of variety in colour, or some other quality

monotonous /mə'nɒt(ə)nəs/ *adj* boring and never changing

monotony /mə'nɒt(ə)ni/ *noun* a lack of variety, which leads to boredom

monsoon

monsoon /mon'su:n/ noun a season of wind and rain in tropical countries \circ At last the monsoon brought relief after the hot dry summer.

monster /'mpnstə/ noun a strange and frightening animal \circ The Loch Ness Monster is said to be a large dinosaur living in the bottom of Loch Ness in Scotland. \circ She drew a picture of a green monster with purple horns and huge teeth. \blacksquare adj very large \circ Look at the monster cabbage Dad's grown in the garden. \circ What a monster sandwich! **monstrosity**/mpn'strpstti/noun a horrible, large, ugly thing

monstrous / monstrəs/ adj **1**. huge and ugly \circ a monstrous sea serpent **2**. very shocking or unfair \circ That's a monstrous accusation.

() month $/mAn\theta/$ noun one of the twelve parts that a year is divided into \circ December is the last month of the year. \circ What day of the month is it today? \circ There was a lot of hot weather last month, in fact it was hot all month long. \circ She's taken a month's holiday to visit her parents in Australia. \circ We haven't had any homework for months.

(3) **monthly** /'m∧nθli/ adj, adv happening every month ○ *He is paying for his car by* monthly instalments. ○ *My monthly salary* cheque is late. ○ She gets paid monthly.

monument /'monjomənt/ noun a stone, building or statue, built in memory of someone who is dead o They put up a monument to the people from the village who died in the war.

monumental /,monju[']ment(ə)l['] adj 1. very large and impressive \circ Brahms' monumental Fourth Symphony 2. very serious \circ He made a monumental error.

moo /mu:/ (moos, mooing, mooed) verb to make a noise like a $cow \circ$ *The cows were mooing because they wanted to be milked.* (NOTE: + moo *n*)

(2) **mood** /mu:d/ noun 1. the way you are feeling at a particular time \circ Wait until she's in a good mood and then ask her. \circ The boss is in a terrible mood this morning. \circ Her mood changed as soon as she opened the letter. \circ A mood of gloom fell over the office. 2. a period of bad temper \circ Don't talk to the boss – he's in one of his moods.

moody /'mu:di/ (moodier, moodiest) *adj* often in a bad temper; changing quickly from being in a good mood to a bad one (NOTE: + moodily *adv*)

(2) moon /muin/ noun an object in the sky like a planet which goes round the Earth and shines at night \circ The first man walked on the moon in 1969. \circ The moon is shining very brightly tonight. \circ There's no moon because it's cloudy. \diamond once in a blue moon very rarely (informal) \circ We only go to the theatre once in a blue moon. \diamond to be over the moon about something to be very happy and excited \circ She's over the moon about her exam results. \circ They're absolutely over the moon with their first baby. moonbeam /'mu:nbi:m/ noun a ray of light from the moon

③ moonlight /'mu:nlatt/ noun the light from the moon \circ We could see the path clearly in the moonlight.

moonlighting /'mu:nlaɪtɪŋ/ noun the activity of doing a second job, usually in the evening, separate from your regular job (*informal*)

moonlit /'mu:nlit/ adj lit by light from the moon

(3) **moor** /muə/ noun a large area of poor land covered with grass and small bushes o The horsemen galloped across the moor. o The Lake District is wild country, full of moors and forests. • verb (moors, mooring, moored) to attach a boat to something The boat was moored to the river bank. o He moored his boat with a piece of rope.

mooring /'moəriŋ/ *noun* **1**. a place where a boat, ship, or aircraft can be held still or tied up **2**. a chain or rope used for holding still or tying up a boat, ship, or aircraft

moose /muːs/ (*plural same*) *noun* a large deer from North America

moot /mult/ (moots, mooting, mooted) verb to raise a question \circ *The idea was first* mooted in 1967.

mop /mop/ (mops, mopping, mopped) verb to wash something with a mop \circ She was mopping the kitchen floor.

mop up③ phrasal verb **1**. to clear up spilt liquid \circ Use a cloth to mop up the water on the floor. \circ We spent days mopping up after the floods. **2**. to overcome small groups of enemy fighters \circ It took our soldiers several days to mop up the last pockets of enemy resistance in the mountains.

mope /məup/ (mopes, moping, moped) *verb* to sit miserably, thinking about how bad things are

moped /'məuped/ noun a two-wheeled cycle with a low-powered engine (NOTE: Do not confuse with the verb **moped** /'məupd/ .)

(2) moral /'morəl/ adj 1. relating to right and wrong behaviour o Judges have a moral obligation to be impartial. \circ He refused to join the army on moral grounds. **2.** relating to good behaviour \circ She's a very moral person. \blacksquare noun something which you can learn from a story [~of] \circ There must be a moral in this somewhere. \circ The moral of the story is that if you always tell lies, no one will believe you when you tell the truth.

③ morale /mə'raːl/ noun a confident feeling

moralise /'mprəlaiz/ (moralises, moralising, moralised), moralize verb to draw a lesson from a story or event

moralistic /,morə'lɪstɪk/ *adj* attempting or intending to teach people the difference between right and wrong

morality /mə'rælıti/ noun a sense of moral standards

morally /'morəli/ *adv* according to the principles of correct human behaviour

moral support /,mbrəl sə'pɔ:t/ *noun* encouragement and support intended to give someone more confidence

moratorium /,mprə'tə:riəm/ (plural moratoriums or moratoria) noun a temporary stop, such as to repayments of money owed

morbid /'mo:bid/ adj showing an unhealthy interest in death or unpleasant things \circ Even as a little boy he showed a morbid curiosity in skeletons. \circ All this talk about death and decomposition seems distinctly morbid to me.

(1) **more** /mɔ:/ adj extra, which is added \circ Do you want any more tea? \circ There are many more trains during the week than at the weekend. \blacksquare adv used with adjectives to make the comparative form \circ The dog was more frightened than I was. \circ She is much more intelligent than her sister. \circ The dinner was even more unpleasant than I had thought it would be. \blacksquare pron an extra thing or amount \circ Is there any more of that soup? $\circ \pm 300$ for that suit – that's more than I can afford! \circ We've only got nine men, we need two more to make a football team.

(2) **moreover** $/m \Im r^{3} \Im v \Im / adv$ in addition \circ Its freezing cold, and moreover you're too young to go out in the dark.

morgue /mɔːg/ noun a building where dead bodies are kept before being buried

① **morning** /'mɔ:nɪŋ/ noun the first part of the day, before 12 o'clock \circ Every morning he took his briefcase and went to the office. \circ Tomorrow morning we will be meeting our Japanese agents. \circ Have you read the morning paper? \circ If we want to be in Paris for lunch you have to get the early morning train.

moron /'moiron/ noun a very stupid person (insult)

morose /mə'rəus/ adj miserable and bad-tempered

morphine /'mɔːfiːn/ *noun* a drug made from opium, used to relieve pain

morsel /'mɔɪs(ə)l/ noun a small piece, particularly of food

mortal /'mo:t(ϑ)// adj **1**. human and therefore bound to die **2**. referring to injury serious enough to cause someone to die \circ *He suffered a mortal blow in the fight.* **a** *noun* an ordinary human being (*informal*)

(3) **mortality** /mɔ:'tælıti/ noun the state of being a human, and knowing that all human beings must die \circ Having a heart attack makes you acutely aware of your own mortality.

mortally /'mort(ə)li/ adv ending in death \circ *He was mortally wounded in battle.*

mortar /'moite/ noun a bowl for crushing things with a pestle \circ *Crush the seeds with a mortar and pestle.*

③ mortgage /'mɔ:gidʒ/ noun an agreement by which someone lends money on the security of a property [~on] ○ He took out a mortgage on the house. ○ She bought a house with a £200,000 mortgage. ■ verb (mortgages, mortgaging, mortgaged) to give a property as security for a loan ○ He mortgaged his house to set up his business. ○ Because his house was already mortgaged, he had to take out a second mortgage to pay for his car.

mortified /'mo:tifaid/ *adj* feeling extreme embarrassment or shame

mortuary /'mo:tjuəri/ (*plural* **mortuar ies**) *noun* a place where dead bodies are kept before burial

mosaic /məu'ze11k/ *noun* a picture made of tiny pieces of coloured stone, glass, etc., stuck to a wall or floor, etc.

(2) **mosque** /mpsk/ noun a building where Muslims meet for prayer

(3) **mosquito** /mp'ski:təu/ noun a small flying insect which bites people and animals and sucks their blood

moss /mos/ *noun* a small green plant like fur, growing in compact low clumps in damp places on the ground or on stones

① most /moust / adj the largest number of ○ Most people go on holiday in the summer. ○ He spends most evenings watching TV. ○ Most apples are sweet. ■ pron a very large number or amount ○ Most of the work

mostly

was done by my wife. \circ She spent most of the evening on the phone to her sister. \circ It rained for most of our holiday. \circ Most of the children in the group can ride bikes. \blacksquare adv used with adjectives and 'the' for making the superlative form \circ She's the most intelligent child in the class. \circ The most important thing if you are a sales representative is to be able to drive a car. \diamond to make the most of something to get as much profit or value from something as possible \circ You should make the most of the warm weather before the snows come. \diamond at (the) most no more than \circ There were

twenty people at the most in the theatre.

② **mostly** /'məustli/ adv 1. usually, most often ○ We sometimes go to France for our holidays, but we mostly stay in Britain. 2. almost all ○ The staff are mostly women of about twenty.

MOT /,em au 'ti:/ noun in the United Kingdom, an annual test to check that a car or other vehicle is safe on the roads

motel /məu'tel/ noun a hotel for car drivers which is near a main road and where there are plenty of parking spaces

moth $/mp\theta/$ *noun* a flying insect similar to a butterfly, but which has brown wings and flies mainly at night

① **mother** $/!m_{\Lambda}\delta_{\theta}/$ noun a woman who has children \circ He's twenty-two but still lives with his mother: \circ Her mother's a dentist. \circ Mother! There's someone asking for you on the telephone.

motherboard /'mʌðəbɔːd/ noun the main circuit board in a computer

motherhood /'mʌðəhʊd/ *noun* the state of being a mother

mother-in-law $/m_{\Lambda}\delta\sigma r$ in lo:/ (plural **mothers-in-law**) noun the mother of your wife or husband

motherly /'mʌðəli/ adj like a mother

mother-of-pearl /,mAðər əv 'p3:l/ noun a shiny substance found on the inside of oyster shells

Mother's Day /'mʌðəz deɪ/ noun a day in the spring when mothers get presents or cards or flowers from their children

mother tongue /'mʌðə tʌŋ/ noun the language which you spoke when you were a little child

(3) **motif** /məʊ'ti:f/ noun a particular pattern which is repeated in a design or in a piece of music

③ **motion** /'mə υ () (\Rightarrow) n/ noun the act of moving \circ *The motion of the ship made him feel ill.* \diamond **in motion** moving \circ *Do not try to get on or off while the train is in motion.* \diamond

to set something in motion to make something start to happen \circ Now that we have planning permission for the new sports hall, we can set things in motion to get the foundations laid.

motionless /'məu $\int(\partial n(\partial l) ds/ adj$ not moving

motion picture $/m = 0 \int (a)n \frac{1}{p_{1}kt} \int a/n da$

motivate /'moutivert/ (motivates, motivating, motivated) verb to encourage someone to do something

motivated /'məuti,veitid/ *adj* having enough interest or determination to do something

motivation /, məut I'vei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun encouragement or determination to do something

motive /'məʊtɪv/ noun a reason for doing something \circ *The police are trying to find a motive for the murder.*

motley /'motli/ adj of varied types or colours

(2) **motor** /'məutə/ noun the part of a machine which makes it work \circ *The model plane has a tiny electric motor.*

motorbike /'moutobaik/ noun a motorcycle

motorboat /'məutəbəut/ noun a boat driven by a motor

motorcade /'məutəkeɪd/ *noun US* an official procession of cars

motorcycle /'məutəsaɪk(ə)l/ noun a type of large bicycle driven by a motor

motoring /'məutəriŋ/ noun the driving of a car (dated) \circ The costs of motoring or motoring costs seem to increase year by year.

motorised /'məutəra1zd/, **motorized** *adj* driven by, or working with the help of a motor

(2) **motorist** /'məutərist/ noun a person who drives a car

motor neurone disease /,məutə 'njuərəun dɪ,zi:z/ *noun* an illness that affects the motor neurons, gradually affecting all the body's physical functions

motor racing /,məutə 'reisiŋ/ *noun* the sport of racing fast cars

motor vehicle $/_{mout}$ 'vir(k(a)) / noun any road vehicle that works by means of an engine

(2) **motorway** /'məutəwei/ noun a road with several lanes, on which traffic can travel at high speeds

mottled /'mpt(ə)ld/ *adj* marked with an uneven pattern of different colours

motto /'mpt \Rightarrow u/ noun a short phrase which is used to sum up an attitude \circ 'Be Prepared' is the motto of the Scouts.

(3) mould /məʊld/, mold noun 1. a type of soft earth 2. a hollow shape into which a liquid is poured, so that when the liquid becomes hard it takes that shape ○ Gold bars are made by pouring molten gold into moulds. 3. a grey fungus which looks like powder ○ Throw that bread away – it's got mould on it. (NOTE: [all noun senses] The US spelling is mold.) ■ verb (moulds, moulding, moulded) to shape something ○ She moulded a little dog out of clay.

moulding /'məuldıŋ/ noun a thing which has been moulded, especially plaster decorations on the ceiling of a room (NOTE: The US spelling is **molding**.)

mouldy /'məuldi/ *adj* covered with mould (NOTE: The US spelling is **moldy**.)

moult /məolt/ (moults, moulting, moulted), molt verb to lose feathers or hair at a certain period of the year (NOTE: The US spelling is molt.)

mound /maund/ noun **1**. a small hill \circ They built a mound of stones to mark the farthest point they reached. \circ The castle is built on top of a mound. \circ Stonehenge is surrounded by burial mounds. **2**. a heap of things \circ There's a mound of letters waiting to be signed.

mount /maunt/ (mounts, mounting, mounted) verb 1. to climb on to something; to climb up something \circ They mounted their horses and rode off. \circ He mounted the stairs two at a time. \circ The car turned, mounted the pavement, and hit a wall. 2. to increase \circ Tension is mounting as the time for the football final approaches.

(2) **mountain** /'maontin/ noun a very high piece of land, rising much higher than the land which surrounds it \circ *Every weekend we go climbing in the Scottish mountains.*

mountain bike /'maontin bark/ noun a strong bike with thick tyres, used for country cycling

mountaineer / maunt1'n1ə/ noun a person who climbs mountains as a sport

mountaineering /,maunt1'n1ər1ŋ/ *noun* the sport of climbing mountains

mountainous /'maontinəs/ adj with many high mountains \circ *It is a mountainous region, and very difficult for tanks and artillery.* \circ *Parts of Scotland are very mountainous.*

③ **mounting** / 'mauntin/ adj increasing

mourn /mɔːn/ (mourns, mourning, mourned) *verb* to feel very sad about someone or something

mourner /'mɔɪnə/ noun a person who mourns someone who has died

mournful /'mo:nf(a)l/ adj very sad

mourning /'mɔ:nıŋ/ noun 1. a period of time when you grieve over the death of a person \circ The official period of mourning for the dead president was one week. 2. dark clothes worn as a mark of respect for someone who has died \circ Only the close family members wore mourning to the funeral. (NOTE: Do not confuse with morning.)

② **mouse** /maos/ (plural mice) noun 1. a small animal with a long tail, often living in holes in the walls of houses $\circ I$ saw a mouse sitting in the middle of the kitchen floor. $\circ Our$ cat is good at catching mice. 2. a piece of computer equipment which is held in the hand and moved across a flat surface, used to control activity on the screen \circ You can cut, paste and copy using the mouse. \circ Using the mouse, move the cursor to the start button and click twice. \circ Click twice on the mouse to start the program.

mouse mat /maus mæt/, **mouse pad** /maus pæd/ *noun* a soft plastic mat on which you move a mouse around

mousse /mus/ *noun* a light food made of whipped eggs, cream and flavouring

moustache /mə'sta: \int *noun* the hair grown on the upper lip (NOTE: The US spelling is **mustache**.)

mouth¹ /mau θ / noun **1**. the opening in your face through which you take in food and drink, and which has your teeth and tongue inside \circ *It's not polite to talk with* your mouth full. \circ *He snored because he slept with his mouth open*. \circ *The cat was carrying a mouse in its mouth*. **2**. a wide or round entrance \circ *The mouth of the cave is hidden by bushes*. \circ *The train came out of the mouth of the tunnel*. \circ *New York is built on the mouth of the Hudson river.*

mouth² /mau δ / (mouths, mouthing, mouthed) verb to speak without making any sound \circ She mouthed 'No' across the room.

mouthful /'mau θ ful/ noun **1**. an amount which you can hold in your mouth \circ *He* took a mouthful of meat and chewed hard. \circ The baby took a mouthful and immediately spat it out. \circ She dived into the waves and got a mouthful of salt water. **2**. a complicated word or phrase \circ *I'll spell the*

mouth-organ

name of the Welsh village for you – it's a bit of a mouthful.

mouth-organ /'mauθ ,5:gən/ noun a small musical instrument which you play by blowing and moving across your mouth to get different notes

mouthpiece /'mauθpi:s/ noun 1. a part of a musical instrument which goes into the mouth \circ *There is a reed attached to the mouthpiece of a clarinet.* **2.** the part of a telephone that you speak into \circ *He put his hand over the mouthpiece so she couldn't hear what he was saying.* **3.** a person who speaks on behalf of someone, especially a political party \circ *She acts as the mouthpiece for the party.*

mouthwash /'mau θ wb \int / *noun* an antiseptic solution used to treat infection in the mouth or bad breath

mouth-watering /'mauθ ,wo:təriŋ/ adj which looks and smells so delicious that it makes your mouth water

(1) **move** /muxv/ noun 1. a change in position o The police were watching every move he made. 2. an action done to achieve something [~towards/~into] o It was a clever move to get here early before the crowds arrive. \circ The agreement is a move towards a fairer system. • The company is planning a move into children's clothes.
what's the next move? what do we have to do next?
who will make the first move? who will act first? 3. a change of house or office verb (moves, moving, moved) 1. to change the place of something \circ *Move* the chairs to the side of the room. \circ Who's moved my drink? \circ He moved his hand to show he had heard. 2. to change your position o Some animal was moving about outside the tent. \circ The only thing moving was the tip of the cat's tail. \diamond get a move on! hurry up! \diamond on the move being active and moving around o After I've been on the move all day I just want to get home and go to bed. \diamond to make a move to leave somewhere \circ It's time to make a move.

move in③ *phrasal verb* **1.** to put your possessions into a new house and start to live there \circ *They only moved in last week.* \circ *They got married and moved in with her parents.* **2.** to come together as a group \circ *The lions moved in for the kill.* \circ *When everything is ready the police will move in on the gang.*

move on (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to go forward \circ *We stopped for a quick visit to the cathedral and then moved on to the next town.* **2**. to make people move \circ *The po*- *lice moved the crowd on.* **3.** to deal with the next item \circ *We will now move on to item 10 on the agenda.*

() **movement** /'mu:vmənt/ noun an act of moving, not being still \circ There was hardly any movement in the trees. \circ All you could see was a slight movement of the tiger's tail.

(2) **movie** *I*'mu:vi/ noun especially US a cinema film \circ We watch a movie most weekends.

movie star /'muːvi stɑː/ *noun US* a very successful film actor

movie theater /'muxvi ,01ətə/ noun US a building where films are shown

(2) **moving** f'mu:viŋ/ adj making you feel emotion \circ *a moving story* \circ *The funeral was very moving.*

mow /məu/ (mows, mowing, mowed, mown or mowed) verb to cut grass, hay, etc.

mow down phrasal verb to kill

mower /'məuə/ noun a machine which cuts grass

(1) **MP** abbr member of parliament

MP3/₁em pi: '0ri:/*noun* **1**. a computer file standard which you can use to get and play music from the Internet **2**. a file which contains music in MP3 format

mpg /'empii'dʒii/ *abbr* miles per gallon **mph** *abbr* miles per hour

MPV /,em pi: 'vi:/ noun a car similar to a van, which usually has three rows of seats \bigcirc **Mr** /'mIstə/ noun the polite title given to a man \circ (at the beginning of a letter) Dear Mr Smith, \circ Mr Jones is our new sales manager. \circ Here are Mr and Mrs Smith. (NOTE: used before a surname, sometimes with both the first name and surname)

MRI *abbr* magnetic resonance imaging

() **Mrs** /'misiz/ noun the title given to a married woman \circ (at the beginning of a letter) Dear Mrs Jones, \circ Mrs Jones is our manager. (NOTE: used before a surname, sometimes with both the first name and surname.)

① **Ms** /məz, mız/ noun (at the beginning of a letter) a way of referring to a woman without saying whether or not she is married (NOTE: **Ms** is used with a surname, sometimes with both the first name and surname.)

() **much** $/m_A t \int /adj$ a lot of \circ with much love from Aunt Mary \circ How much sugar do you need? \circ I never take much money with me when I go on holiday. \circ She eats too much meat. \blacksquare adv a lot \circ He's feeling much better today. \circ It's much less cold in the south of the country. \circ Does it matter very much? \circ Much as I like her, I don't want to share an office with her. \blacksquare pron a lot \circ He didn't write much in his exam. \circ Much of the work has already been done. \diamond **as much as** the same quantity of something as \circ You haven't eaten as much fruit as she has.

muck /mAk/ noun farmyard manure

muck in *phrasal verb* to do work together (*informal*)

muck up *phrasal verb* to ruin something (*informal*)

mucky /'mʌki/ (muckier, muckiest) adj very dirty (*informal*)

mucus /'mju:kəs/*noun* a slippery liquid secreted by mucous membranes inside the body, which protects the membranes (NOTE: Do not confuse with **mucous**.)

3 mud /mAd/ noun wet earth

muddle /'mAd(\ni)l/ noun a confused mess \circ The papers were lying all over the floor in a muddle. \circ She tried to put up the tent on her own but she got into a muddle. \circ There was some muddle over the tickets. \blacksquare verb (muddles, muddling, muddled) to confuse, to mix up \circ Don't muddle the papers up - I've just put them in order. \circ Granny often muddles up our names. \circ I always muddle him with his brother – they are very alike.

muddle through *phrasal verb* to get through your work, to succeed in a confused way

muddled $/m_{\Lambda}d(a)$ ld/ *adj* confused, not clear and not well organised

③ **muddy** /'mʌdi/ (**muddier, muddiest**) adj full of mud; covered with mud

mudflap /'mAdflæp/ *noun* a flap hanging behind the wheel of a car to protect the bodywork from damage by dirt or stones

muesli /'mju:zli/ *noun* a breakfast food of flakes of cereal, dried fruit, etc., eaten with milk

muffin /'mʌfɪn/ *noun* a small round cake eaten warm with butter

muffle $/ mAf(\Im)l/$ (muffles, muffling, muffled) verb 1. to wrap someone up in cloth for warmth \circ She muffled herself in a big woollen shawl. 2. to make a loud noise quieter \circ She wrapped a cloth around the hammer to muffle the sound of the blows.

③ **mug** /m∧g/ noun a large cup with a handle ○ She passed round mugs. ■ verb (**mugs**, **mugging**, **mugged**) to attack and steal from someone in the street ○ She was mugged as she was looking for her car keys. \circ She's afraid of going out at night for fear of being mugged. \circ The gang specialises in mugging tourists.

muggy $/^{t}m_{\Lambda}gi/adj$ (of weather) warm and wet

mug shot /'mʌg ∫ɒt/ *noun* a photograph of someone's face

mule /mju:l/ noun 1. a cross between a donkey and a horse \circ *He entered the town riding on a mule.* 2. a light shoe with no back part at the heel

mull /mʌl/ (**mulls, mulling, mulled**) *verb* **mull over** *phrasal verb* to think about or consider something

mullah /'mʌlə/ *noun* a title of respect for a learned Muslim man

multicultural /,mʌlti'kʌltʃərəl/ *adj* referring to several cultures together

multigym /'mAltI,d3IM/ *noun* a piece of exercise equipment with a range of weights **multilateral** /,mAlti'læt(ə)rəl/ *adj* between several people or groups

multimedia f'mAlti,m:dia/ noun a means of communication using several different media, such as sound, moving images, computer screens, etc. \circ The company gave a multimedia presentation to show off its new product range. \circ The pop concert was a spectacular multimedia event.

multimillionaire /,mʌltimɪljə'neə/ noun a person who has several million pounds or dollars

multinational /, $m\Lambda$ lti'næ $\int(\partial)n\partial l$ / noun a company which operates in several different countries \circ *Our business has been bought by one of the big multinationals.*

③ **multiple** $/'m_{Alt IP}(\vartheta)l/$ adj involving many people or things \circ She was taken to hospital suffering from multiple injuries.

multiple-choice $/'mAlt_{IP}(\vartheta) lt_{JSIS} / adj$ (of an exam question) in which the task is to choose the correct answer from a list of usually 4 possible answers, marked A, B, C and D

multiplex /'mAltipleks/ noun 1. a large cinema building containing several separate projection rooms 2. the sending of several different signals along one communications line

multiplicity /,mAlt1'pl1səti/ *noun* a large variety of things

(3) multiply / mAlt IplaI/ (multiplies, multiplying, multiplied) verb to calculate the result when several numbers are added together a certain number of times o Square measurements are calculated by multiply-

multi-purpose

ing length by width. \circ Ten multiplied by five gives fifty.

multi-purpose /,mAlti 'p3:p3s/ adj having several different uses

multiracial /,mʌlti'reɪʃ(ə)l/ *adj* referring to various races

multi-storey /,malti'sto:ri/ *adj* with several storeys (NOTE: The US spelling is **multi-story**.)

multitasking /'malti,tɑ:skɪŋ/ *noun* the activity of doing two or more jobs at the same time

multitude /'mAltItjutd/ noun **1**. a very large number **2**. a crowd of people \circ He stood up to address the assembled multitude.

() mum $/m\Lambda m/$ same as mummy

mumble /mambal/ (mumbles, mumbling, mumbled) verb to speak in a low voice which is not clear \circ He mumbled an excuse and left the room. \circ She mumbled something about the telephone and went to the back of the shop.

mumbo-jumbo /,mAmbəʊ 'dʒAmbəʊ/ noun 1. complicated and confusing language that is difficult to understand 2. language or practices that are regarded as unusual or strange

① **mummy** /'mAmi/ (plural mummies) noun 1. a child's name for mother \circ Tell your mum I want to see her. \circ Hello, John, is your mummy at home? \circ Mummy! can I have a biscuit? 2. a dead body which has been treated with chemicals to stop it decaying \circ We went to see the Egyptian mummies in the British Museum.

munch $/mAnt \int /$ (munches, munching, munched) verb to eat noisily something such as an apple or raw carrot, with a regular movement of your mouth

mundane /mʌn'deɪn/ adj ordinary, not exciting

(2) **municipal** /mju:'nISIP(ə)l/ *adj* referring to a town which has its own local government

munitions /mju:'nı $\int(\Theta)$ nz/ plural noun weapons and ammunition \circ She works in a munitions factory.

mural /'mj \cup ərəl/ noun a painting on a wall \circ The murals were painted by Giotto in the fourteenth century. \diamond **fresco**

(2) murder /'m3:də/ noun the act of deliberately killing someone o The murder was committed during the night. O She was accused of murder: O They denied the murder charge. Compare manslaughter everb (murders, murdering, murdered) to kill

someone deliberately \circ *He was accused of murdering a policeman.*

(2) **murderer** /'m3ːdərə/ *noun* a person who has committed a murder

murderous /ˈmɜːdərəs/ adj likely to kill murky /ˈmɜːki/ (murkier, murkiest) adj dark and dirty

murmur /'m3:mə/ noun a low sound of people talking \circ There was a murmur of voices in the hall. • verb (murmurs, murmuring, murmured) to speak very quietly \circ She murmured something and closed her eyes.

(2) **muscle** $/! mAs(\mathfrak{z})l/$ noun one of the part of the body which makes other parts move \circ *He has very powerful arm muscles.*

muscular /'m \land skjol ∂ / adj 1. referring to muscles \circ She suffered from muscular pain after working in the garden. 2. with big muscles \circ He has very muscular arms. \circ A couple of muscular bouncers stood at the door of the club.

muse /mju:z/ (muses, musing, mused) verb to think deeply \circ She spent hours musing about her youth. \circ He was sitting in his garden musing on the beauty of the autumn colours.

(2) **museum** /mju:'zi:m/ noun a building which you can visit to see a collection of valuable or rare objects \circ The National Museum of Art \circ The museum has a rich collection of Italian paintings.

mush $/m\Lambda \int / noun$ **1.** a soft, semi-liquid substance **2.** over-emotional or soppy words or ideas

③ **mushroom** /'mA∫ru:m/ noun a round white or brown fungus which can be eaten ○ Do you want fried mushrooms with your steak? ○ She ordered a mushroom omelette. (NOTE: Fungi which are poisonous are called **toadstools**.)

() **music** /'mju:zik/ noun 1. the sound made when you sing or play an instrument ○ Do you like Russian music? ○ She's taking music lessons. ○ Her music teacher says she plays the violin very well. 2. written signs which you read to play an instrument ○ Here's some music, see if you can play it on the piano. ○ He can play the piano by ear – he doesn't need any music.

(3) **musical** /'mju:zɪk(ə)l/ *adj* relating to music \circ *Do you play any musical instrument*?

musician $/mj\upsilon'zIJ(\partial)n/$ noun a person whose job is to play music \circ a group of young musicians playing the street \circ The actors applauded the group of musicians who had played during 'Twelfth Night'. ② **Muslim** /'mozlim/ adj relating to the religion of the prophet Muhammad **n**oun a person who follows the religion of the prophet Muhammad

muslin /'mʌzlɪn/ *noun* a very fine thin cotton cloth

mussel $/!m_{AS}(\mathfrak{d})l/$ noun a small shellfish, with a blue black shell (NOTE: Do not confuse with **muscle**.)

1) must /mast, mast/ modal verb 1. it is necessary that \circ You must go to bed before eleven, or your mother will be angry. \circ We mustn't be late or we'll miss the last bus. 0 You must hurry up if you want to see the TV programme. • Must you really go so soon? (NOTE: The negative is must not or, especially in speaking, mustn't; needn't is also used. Note also the meanings: mustn't = not allowed; needn't = not necessary: We mustn't be late; You needn't hurry.) 2. used for showing that you think something is very likely o I must have left my briefcase on the train. \circ There is someone knocking at the door – it must be the postman. \circ You must be wet through after walking in the rain. (NOTE: The negative is can't: It can't be the doctor. The past tense is had to: I must go to the dentist; Yesterday I had to go to the dentist. The negative is didn't have to. The perfect tense is must have: I must have left it on the train. The negative is can't have: / can't have left it on the train. Note also that must is usually used with other verbs and is not followed by to.) 3. used for encouraging someone to do something o You must go and see this film -it's excellent. ■ noun something important o When in Florida, a trip to the Everglades is a must.

muster /'mAstə/ (musters, mustering, mustered) verb to gather something, or a number of things or people, together \circ He tried to muster all his supporters before the vote. \circ I find it difficult to muster enough energy to go for a walk after lunch.

mustn't /'mAs(ə)nt/ short for must not

musty /'mʌsti/ (mustier, mustiest) adj smelling damp, rotten or stale; smelling old

mutant /'mju:t(ϑ)nt/ noun an organism carrying a gene in which mutation has occurred \circ This plant appears to be a mutant.

mutate /mju:'teIt/ (**mutates**, **mutating**, **mutated**) *verb* to undergo a change in structure which changes a gene or chromosome (NOTE: + **mutation** *n*)

mute /mjut/ adj 1. not speaking $\circ A look$ of mute horror crossed her face. **2**. which is

not pronounced \circ In the word 'crumb' the letter 'b' is mute.

muted /'mjuttd/ adj 1. quiet, not noisy \circ The press gave the proposal a muted welcome. \circ Criticism of the government's proposals has been muted. 2. not bright \circ I prefer muted colours for the sitting room.

mutilate /'mju:tileit/ (mutilates, mutilating, mutilated) verb to damage something by cutting off part of it (NOTE: + mutilation n)

mutinous /'mju:tinəs/ *adj* likely to take part in a mutiny, likely not to obey

mutiny /'mju:tini/ noun a rebellion against someone in a position of authority such as the officers in the army or navy \circ The officers kept a lookout for any signs of mutiny among the crew. (NOTE: + **mutiny** v)

mutter /'mAtə/ (**mutters**, **muttering**, **muttered**) verb to mumble, to speak in a low and indistinct voice \circ Don't mutter, I can't understand you. \circ He muttered something about the telephone and went to the back of the shop.

mutton $/'m_{\Lambda}t(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun the meat of a sheep (NOTE: not very often used: **lamb** is generally used for all meat from sheep as well as lambs)

mutual / 'm ju:t ∫uəl/ *adj* referring to what is done by two people, countries, companies, etc., to each other □ **by mutual agreement**, **by mutual consent** with the agreement of both parties ○ *By mutual agreement they have decided to sell the flat and split the money between them.*

mutually /'mju:tjuəli/ adv to two people; by two people

muzzle $/m_{\Lambda z}(a)l/noun$ **1.** the front part of an animal's head, especially the mouth. jaws and nose o She stroked the horse's long, silky muzzle. 2. a system of straps placed round the mouth of a dog to prevent it from biting \circ Our dog has to wear a muz*zle when he's taken for a walk.* **3.** the mouth of a gun \circ She found herself looking down the muzzle of a gun. \circ The army was equipped with muzzle-loading rifles. • verb (muzzles, muzzling, muzzled) 1. to stop someone from saying what they want to publicly 2. to put a muzzle on a dog to prevent it biting \circ I always muzzle my dog when I walk him through the children's playground.

(1) **my** /mai/ adj belonging to me \circ Is that my pen you're using? \circ Have you seen my glasses anywhere? \circ We went skiing and I broke my leg.

myriad

myriad /'miriəd/ noun a very large number \circ There are myriads of islands in the mouth of the river. \circ The sky was bright with a myriad of stars.

① **myself** /mai'self/ pron used for referring back to 'I' \circ I hurt myself climbing down the ladder. \circ It's true – I saw it myself. \circ I enjoyed myself a lot at the party. \diamond **all by myself** all alone, with no one else \circ I built the house all by myself. \circ I don't like being all by myself in the house at night.

③ **mysterious** /mɪ'stɪəriəs/ *adj* which cannot be explained

(3) **mystery** /'mist(\Rightarrow)ri/ (plural **mysteries**) noun something that cannot be explained \circ The police finally cleared up the mystery of the missing body. \circ It's a mystery how the box came to be hidden under her bed.

mystic /'mistik/ *noun* a person who attempts to achieve union with God through prayer, meditation, etc.

mystical /'mistik(ə)l/ *adj* in contact with spiritual forces by some process which cannot be understood

mysticism /'mɪstɪsɪz(ə)m/ noun a religion based on attempts to achieve union with God by prayer and meditation

mystify /'mistifai/ (mystifies, mystifying, mystified) verb to puzzle someone

mystique /mɪ'stiːk/ *noun* a mysterious atmosphere about a person or thing

myth /mI θ / noun an ancient story about gods \circ poems based on the myths of Greece and Rome

mythical /'m ι Pik(ϑ)*l*/ *adj* **1**. referring to ancient tales of gods \circ *The unicorn is a mythical animal.* **2**. untrue, which does not exist \circ *He keeps talking about some mythical order from Japan.*

mythology /m1' θ pl ∂ d $_{3i}$ / noun ancient folk stories from a particular source \circ The floor was covered with mosaics showing scenes from Greek mythology. \circ According to ancient Scandinavian mythology, he cut off the head of the dragon.

Ν

n /en/, **N** *noun* the fourteenth letter of the alphabet, between M and O

N abbr 1. north 2. northern

nab /næb/ (**nabs**, **nabbing**, **nabbed**) verb **1.** to snatch something quickly (*informal*) \circ When we came down to the pool we found that the others had nabbed all the best seats. \circ Pass me that bottle before anyone else nabs it. **2.** to arrest someone \circ The police nabbed him as he was coming out of the bank.

naff /næf/ *adj* attempting to be stylish, but instead appearing boring or silly

nag /næg/ (**nags**, **nagging**, **nagged**) verb **1.** to ask someone over and over again for something or to do something \circ *They been nagging me about changing the date for weeks*. \circ *She's been nagging me to buy a new car.* **2.** to keep worrying someone [~at] \circ *The feeling that he had met her somewhere before kept nagging at him.*

nagging /'nægıŋ/ *adj* that worries you over a long period of time

③ **nail** /neil/ noun **1**. a small thin metal object which you use for attaching two pieces of a hard material such as wood ○ Hit the nail hard with the hammer. ○ You need a hammer to knock that nail in. **2**. the hard part at the end of your fingers and toes ○ She painted her nails red. ■ verb (nails, nailing, nailed) to attach something with nails ○ He nail on the head to judge something accurately (informal)

nail down phrasal verb to attach something flat with nails \circ They nailed down the floorboards or they nailed the floorboards down.

nail file /'ne1l fa1l/ *noun* a flat stick covered with sandpaper, used to smooth your fingernails

nail polish /neɪl 'pɒlɪʃ/ *noun* same as nail varnish

nail varnish /'neɪl ,vɑːnɪʃ/ *noun* a liquid which is put on fingernails or toenails, and which dries quickly to form a hard, shiny surface **naive** /nai'i:v/ adjinnocent, lacking experience

naked /'ne1k1d/ adj not wearing clothes \circ The little children were playing in the river stark naked. \circ A naked man was standing on the balcony.

① **name** /neim/ noun a special way of calling someone or something ○ Hello! My name's James. ○ What's the name of the shop next to the post office? □ to put your name down for something to apply for something ○ She put her name down to join the club. ■ verb (names, naming, named) to call someone or something by a name ○ They named him Nicholas. ○ They have a black cat named Jonah. □ to name someone after someone to give someone the same name as someone else ○ They named their son Peter after his grandfather.

name-dropping /'neIm,dropIn/ noun the practice of mentioning the names of famous people whom you know, with the intention of impressing those who are listening

nameless /'neImləs/ *adj* **1**. with no name **2**. not to be mentioned because it is disgusting or frightening

namely /'neImli/ adv that is to say

namesake /'neImseIk/ *noun* a person with the same name as another

nan /næn/ *noun* a type of flat bread, often eaten with curry

nap/næp/ *noun* a short sleep \circ *After lunch he always takes a little nap.* (NOTE: + **nap** *v*) **nape**/neɪp/ *noun* the back of the neck

napkin /'næpkin/ noun **1**. a small square of cloth or paper provided for each person at a meal table, and may be used for cleaning fingers or mouth, or to protect clothes **2**. a nappy \circ *The baby must have his napkin changed*.

③ **nappy** /'næpi/ (*plural* **nappies**) *noun* a cloth which is wrapped round a baby's bottom to absorb urine and faeces

narcissism /'nɑ:sɪsɪz(ə)m/ *noun* a tendency to admire yourself, especially your own appearance

narcotic

narcotic /no1' kpt1k/ noun a pain-relieving drug which makes a patient sleep \circ *The doctor put her to sleep with a powerful narcotic.*

narrate /nə'reit/ (narrates, narrating, narrated) *verb* to tell a story

narration $/n \vartheta' rei \int (\vartheta) n / noun speaking or writing about things that have happened$

narrative /'nærət1v/ *noun* a written story • *He's writing a narrative about their journeys in South America.*

narrator /nə'reɪtə/ *noun* a person who tells a story

② **narrow** /'nærəʊ/ adj not wide \circ Why is your bicycle seat so narrow? \circ We went down a narrow passage to the shop. \blacksquare verb (narrows, narrowing, narrowed) to become less wide \circ The road narrows suddenly, and there is hardly enough room for two cars to pass.

narrowly /'nærəʊli/ adv only just **narrow-minded** /,nærəʊ 'maındıd/ adj not tolerant of others' views, not capable of seeing many points of view

nasal /'neIZ(ϑ)l/ adj **1**. referring to the nose \circ She used nasal drops to try to cure her cold. **2**. speaking as if through the nose \circ He speaks with a nasal accent.

(2) nasty /'no:sti/ adj unpleasant

(2) **nation** $l' \operatorname{ner} f(\mathfrak{g}) \mathfrak{n} l$ *noun* **1**. a country \circ *the member nations of the EU* **2**. the people living in a country \circ *The whole nation was shocked by the terrible events.*

① **national** $/'nx \int (\vartheta) n\vartheta l' adj$ belonging to a country \circ We want to celebrate our national culture. \circ The story appeared in the national newspapers.

nationalise (nationalises, nationalising, nationalised), nationalize (nationalizes, nationalizing, nationalized) *verb* to put a privately-owned industry under state ownership and control

nationalism $/'nxef(\partial)n\partial_1IIZ(\partial)m/$ noun **1.** the political opinion of wanting independence for your country \circ During the occupation, all feelings of nationalism had to be suppressed. **2.** a feeling of great pride in your country, or a feeling that your country is better than others \circ Danish nationalism as shown by their football supporters.

nationalist /'næ $\int(\mathfrak{g})n\mathfrak{g}lst/$ noun a person who wants his or her country to be independent \circ a Welsh nationalist \circ The nationalists have not been invited to the negotiations.

nationalistic $/_{I}næ \int (\partial n\partial u' list Ik/adj)$ strongly supporting your own country

nationality $/_1 n \approx \int \vartheta' n \ll liti/$ (plural **nationalities**) noun the status of being a citizen of a state \circ He is of German nationality.

national park¹/, $n \approx \int (\partial)n \partial l' park/ noun$ an area of land protected by the govern $ment for people to enjoy <math>\circ$ *The Peak District in Derbyshire is a national park.* \circ *We went camping in the national park.*

(3) **national park**² /, $ne_{J}(\vartheta)n\vartheta$ 'park/ noun an area of land protected by the government for people to enjoy \circ *The Peak District in Derbyshire is a national park.*

national security $/_{i}$ næ $\int(\mathfrak{g})$ nøl si $\frac{1}{k}$ jugrati/ noun the systems that are intended to protect a nation from danger

national service $/_n \mathfrak{mat}(\mathfrak{s})$ nol 's3:v1s/ noun in some countries, a period that citizens must spend working in their national armed forces

nation-state $/, nei \int (\hat{v})n$ 'steit/ noun a country which is an independent political unit, formed of people with the same nationality and often the same language and traditions

nationwide /'net $\int(\mathfrak{g})$ nwatd/ adj all over the country \circ *The union called for a nationwide strike.* \circ *We offer a nationwide delivery service.*

③ **native** /'neitiv/ noun 1. a person born in a particular place \circ She's a native of Cornwall. 2. a flower, bird, etc., which has always been in a place \circ The robin is a native of the British Isles. \blacksquare adj belonging to a country \circ The tiger is native to India.

Native American /,nentiv ə'merikən/ noun a member of any of the peoples who were living in North, Central, and South America before the arrival of Europeans **natter** /'nætə/ noun a casual friendly talk (informal) \circ Come round for coffee tomorrow and we can have a natter. (NOTE: + **natter** v)

① natural /'næt $\int(\Im)r\Im'$ / adj 1. ordinary, not unusual \circ Her behaviour at the meeting was quite natural. \circ It's natural to worry about your first baby. 2. coming from nature, and not produced or caused by people \circ Do you think the colour of her hair is natural? \circ Yes, she's a natural blonde. \circ The inquest decided that he died from natural causes.

natural gas $/_{1}$ næt $\int (3)$ rəl 'gæs/ noun gas which is found in the earth and not made in a gasworks

natural history $/_n \operatorname{act} \int (\mathfrak{d}) r \mathfrak{d} l hist(\mathfrak{d}) r i / noun the study of plants and animals$

naturalist /'næt $\int(\vartheta)r\vartheta Ist/$ noun a person who is interested in and studies natural history

① **naturally** $/'næt \int (\Im)r \partial ir \partial ir dv$ of course \circ Naturally the top team beat the bottom team. \circ Do you want to watch the game? – Naturally!

natural resources $/_n \operatorname{act} f(\mathfrak{s}) \operatorname{rel} ri$ 'zsisiz/ plural noun minerals, energy sources, etc., which can be used commercially, such as coal or water power \circ Canada is a country which is very rich in natural resources.

① **nature** /'neit $\int n \partial t$ noun 1. plants and animals \circ We must try to protect nature and the environment. 2. the character of a person, thing, or animal \circ By living there, you discover the true nature of the country. \circ He has a very aggressive nature.

nature reserve /'neit jə ri,z3:v/ noun an area of land where animals and plants are protected

③ **naughty** /'no:ti/ (naughtier, naughtiest) adj (usually of a child) causing trouble and not obedient to adults ○ Children who are naughty should be punished. ○ It was very naughty of you to put glue on your daddy's chair. (NOTE: + naughtily adv; naughtiness n)

nausea /'nɔːziə/ noun a feeling of sickness, a desire to vomit

nauseating /'norziertin/ adj which makes you sick or disgusted

nauseous /'nɔːziəs/ adj US feeling sick, feeling about to vomit

nautical $/'n \operatorname{out} k(\operatorname{o})l/$ adj referring to ships and the sea

naval /'neIV(ϑ)*l*/ *adj* referring to the navy **navel** /'neIV(ϑ)*l*/ *noun* a depression in the middle of the abdomen, just below the waist, where the umbilical cord was detached after birth (NOTE: In children's language a navel is called a **belly button** or **tummy button**. Do not confuse with **naval**.)

navigate /'nævigett/ (navigates, navigating, navigated) verb 1. to guide a ship or aircraft \circ The pilot navigated the boat into the harbour: 2. to give directions to the driver of a car \circ Can you navigate as far as Marble Arch? – I know my way from there.

③ **navigation** /, næv1'ge1f(3)n/ noun 1. the job of finding out or deciding how to get to a place, e.g. using a map \circ *In the sixteenth century, navigation was done by the stars.* \circ *Thanks to Jim's bad navigation we lost our way twice.* 2. the movement of ships or aircraft \circ *The canal is open to navigation again.*

navigator /'nævigeitə/ noun a person who calculates the distances and direction taken by an aircraft or ship \circ *The navigator estimates that we should reach the coast in about ten minutes.*

(3) **navy** /'nervi/ noun (plural **navies**) **1**. a military force which fights battles at sea \circ He left school and joined the navy. \circ The navy has many ships. **2**. also **navy blue** a very dark blue colour **a** *adj also* **navy blue** of a very dark blue colour **a**

Nazi /'nɑːt si/ *noun* a member or supporter of Adolf Hitler's fascist German National Socialist Party

① **near** /n1ə/ adv, prep, adj **1**. close to, not far away from \circ Our house is near the post office. \circ Bring your chair nearer to the table. \circ He lives quite near or quite near here. \circ Which is the nearest chemist's? 2. soon, not far off in time \circ Her birthday is on December 21st – it's quite near to Christmas. \circ Can you phone again nearer the day and I'll see if I can find a few minutes to see you? \blacksquare verb (nears, nearing, neared) to get closer to a place or time \circ We're nearing the end of the year.

nearby /ni = bai/adv, adj not far away \circ He lives just nearby. \circ They met in a nearby restaurant.

nearly /'nıəli/ adv almost ○ He's nearly 18 – he'll be going to university next year. ○ The film lasted nearly three hours.
 The book isn't nearly as good as the last one I read. ○ Hurry up, it's nearly time for breakfast. ○ We haven't got nearly enough time to get to London.

neat

(2) **neat** /ni:t/ adj tidy, without any mess o a blouse with a neat lace collar o Leave your bedroom neat and tidy. o Her handwriting is very neat.

① **necessarily** /_nesi'serili/ adv which cannot be avoided \circ Going to Newcastle from here necessarily means changing trains twice.

① **necessary** /'nesis(\Rightarrow)ri/ adj which has to be done \circ Don't phone me in the evening unless it's absolutely necessary. \circ Is it necessary to finish the work today?

necessitate /n1'sesiteit/ (necessitates, necessitating, necessitated) verb to make something necessary

necessity /nə'sestti/ (plural necessities) noun 1. an essential thing, or thing that is needed $\circ A$ car is a necessity if you live in the country. \circ Can they afford the simple necessities of life? 2. the fact that it is necessary to do or have something [-for] \circ There's no necessity for identification – we know everyone here.

② **neck** /nek/ noun **1**. a part which joins your head to your body \circ She was sitting in a draught and got a stiff neck. \circ The mayor wears a gold chain round his neck. **2**. the part of a piece of clothing which goes round your neck \circ I can't wear this shirt – the neck is too tight.

③ **necklace** /'nekləs/ *noun* a piece of jewellery which you wear round your neck \circ *a diamond necklace*

neckline /'nek,lain/ *noun* the line formed by the edge of an item of clothing where it goes around the neck

nectar *I*'nektə/ *noun* a liquid produced by flowers to attract bees \circ *Honey is made from the nectar collected by bees.*

nectarine /'nektəriːn/ *noun* a fruit like a peach with a smooth skin

(1) need /nixd/ verb (needs, needing, **needed**) 1. to require something, or have to have something o We shall need some euros for our holiday in Spain. O Painting needs a lot of skill. \circ I need someone to help me with the cooking. 2. to want something o Does anyone need any more cof*fee?* **•** *modal verb* used with other verbs meaning to be necessary o Need you make so much noise in the bath? \circ Need you go *now?* \circ *The living room needs painting* or needs to be painted. \circ You don't need to *come if you have a cold.* \circ *The police need* to know who saw the accident. O You needn't bother waiting for me. (NOTE: The negative is need not or, especially in speaking, **needn't**.) **noun** the fact that something is necessary or wanted $[-\text{for}] \circ$ There's no need for you to wait – I can find my own way. \diamond in need requiring food and help \circ The Red Cross is bringing supplies to families in need. \diamond to be in need of to want something \circ They're in urgent need of medical supplies.

needle /'ni:d(\ni)l/ noun 1. a long thin sharp object with a hole at one end, used for sewing \circ *This needle hasn't got a very sharp point.* \circ *You must try to put the piece of wool through the hole in the needle.* \Box **knitting needle** a thin pointed plastic or metal stick used for knitting 2. a long thin sharp piece of medical equipment, used for putting medicine into your body 3. a small thin part on a piece of equipment, which points to something such as a number \circ *He looked at the dial and saw the needle was pointing to zero.* 4. one of the thin leaves of a pine tree \circ *She had lots of pine needles stuck in her hair.*

needless /'ni:dləs/ adj not necessary \diamond **needless to say** as you might expect \circ *Needless to say, they can't pay for it themselves.*

needlework /'ni:d(ə)lw3:k/ noun decorative sewing

③ needn't /'ni:d(ə)nt/ modal verb it is not necessary o She needn't come if she has a cold. o You needn't have made a cake – I'm not hungry. o She needn't make such a fuss about a little spider. (NOTE: Needn't is usually used with other verbs and is not followed by to. Note also the difference between needn't = not necessary and mustn't = not allowed: You needn't hurry, We mustn't be late.)

negate /n1'gett/ (**negates**, **negating**, **negated**) *verb* to cancel something out, to remove the effect of something (*formal*) (NOTE: + **negation** *n*)

(2) **negative** /'negətIv/ adj 1. meaning 'no' \circ a negative response 2. showing that something is not there \circ Her blood test was negative. \blacksquare noun 1. a statement meaning 'no' \circ The answer was in the negative. 2. developed film with an image where the light parts are dark and dark parts light \circ Don't touch the negatives with your dirty fingers.

neglect /n1'glekt/ (**neglects, neglecting, neglected**) verb not to do something \circ He neglected to tell the police that he had been involved in an accident.

neglectful /n1'glektf(ϑ)l/ *adj* not doing anything about something that is your responsibility

negligence *(*'neglidʒəns/ *noun* a lack of suitable care in carrying out a duty or activity

negligent /'neglid3(ə)nt/ *adj* showing negligence, not taking proper care

negligible /'neglidʒib(ə)l/ adj very small, not worth bothering about

negotiable /nr'gə υ [iəb(ə)l/ *adj* 1. which can be changed or decided by discussions between the people involved \circ *The salary for the job is negotiable.* 2. which can be exchanged for cash

③ **negotiate** /n1'g∋0∫iett/ (negotiates, negotiating, negotiated) verb 1. to discuss with someone ○ We are negotiating with the travel agent about a refund. 2. to go round something which is in the way ○ We had to negotiate several boulders in the road. ○ The burglars managed to negotiate the alarm system successfully.

(2) **negotiation** $/nI_1gau \int i^4e I \int (a)n/$ noun the process of discussing something

neigh /nei/ (neighs, neighing, neighed) verb to make the sound of a horse \circ We could hear the horses neighing in the stables. (NOTE: + neigh n)

neighbor /'neɪbə/ noun US spelling of neighbour

② **neighbour** /'neibə/ noun 1. a person who lives near you \circ He doesn't get on with his neighbours. 2. a person who is sitting next to you \circ Help yourself and then pass the plate on to your neighbour. 3. another person (old) \circ 'Love of your neighbour' is one of the essentials of Christian doctrine.

neighbourhood /'neɪbəhud/ noun a small area and the people who live in it \circ *This is a quiet neighbourhood – we don't like noisy parties.* \circ *The doctor knows everyone in the neighbourhood.*

neighbouring /'neɪbərɪŋ/ *adj* which is close to you (NOTE: The US spelling is **neighboring**.)

neighbourly /'neɪbəli/ adv friendly to the people near you \circ *It's very neighbourly* of you to lend us your lawnmower. \circ People in this street aren't very neighbourly. (NOTE: The US spelling is **neighborly**.)

(2) **neither** /'naiðə, 'ni:ðə/ adj, pron not either of two people or things \circ Neither car or neither of the cars passed the test. \circ Neither sister is dark or neither of the sisters is dark. \blacksquare adv not either; used for showing that a negative statement applies to two things or people \circ He doesn't eat meat and neither does his wife. \circ She isn't fat but neither is she really very thin. **neon** /'ni:Dn/ noun an inert gas found in very small quantities in the atmosphere and used in illuminated signs

③ **nephew** /'nefju:/ *noun* a son of your sister or brother, or a son of your husband's or wife's brother or sister

nepotism /'nepətiz(ə)m/ *noun* the unfair practice of giving jobs to members of your own family rather than to people who deserve to have them

nerd /n3:d/ *noun* a person who is very interested in technical things, especially computers, and who other people sometimes think is boring

③ **nerve** /n3:v/ noun **1**. one of the fibres in your body which take messages to and from the brain ○ Nerves are very delicate and easily damaged. **2**. over-confidence or rude behaviour ○ He's got a nerve to ask for a day off, when he was away all last week. **3**. the ability to keep your fear under control in order to achieve something ○ It takes a lot of nerve to disagree with your friends. ○ He went over to speak to her but at the last minute he lost his nerve.

nerve-racking /'n3iv rækiŋ/ *adj* which is extremely frightening or worrying

nerve-wracking /n3:v 'rækıŋ/ adj same as nerve-racking

③ **nervous** /'n3:v \Rightarrow s/ adj **1**. worried and easily frightened \circ She's always been of a nervous disposition \circ She gets nervous if she is alone in the house at night. \circ He's nervous about driving in London. **2**. referring to the nerves \circ the nervous system

nervous breakdown /,n3:vəs 'bre1kdaon/ *noun* a non-medical expression for a condition where a patient becomes so worried or upset that he or she is not able to do anything

nervousness /'n3ːvəsnəs/ *noun* a state of worry and tension

nervous system /'n3:vəs ,sistəm/ *noun* the system of nerves in the body

③ **nest** /nest/ noun a structure built by birds, and by some animals and insects, to lay their eggs in \circ an ants' nest \circ The birds built their nests among the trees. \circ The blackbirds have laid three eggs in their nest.

nestle /'nes(ə)l/ (**nestles, nestling, nestled**) verb to be in a safe and sheltered place \circ Their cottage nestles at the bottom of the valley. \circ A church nestling in the hills.

(2) **net** / net/, **nett** noun **1**. a woven material with large holes $\circ A$ long skirt made of pink net. **2**. a piece of this material used for a special purpose $\circ a$ fishing net **3**. same as

Internet • *adj* after all payments such as tax have been considered \circ *That figure is net, not gross.*

netball /'netbb:l/ noun a team game similar to basketball, played by two teams of seven players, usually women, in which the aim is to score points by throwing the ball through a horizontal ring into a high net

(3) **network** /'netw3:k/ noun 1. a system of things such as roads or railways connecting different places o the British rail *network* \circ *a satellite TV network* \circ *There is* a network of tunnels under the castle. 2. a system of computers which are connected together \circ *How does this network operate?* • You can book at any of our hotels throughout the country using our computer network. 3. a group of people connected with each other \circ his rapidly developing network of contacts in government • verb (networks, networking, networked) to connect two or more computers in order to allow them to exchange information \circ Workstations within an office are usually networked and share resources.

neural /'njuərəl/ *adj* referring to a nerve or the nervous system

neurology /nju'rolədʒi/ *noun* the study of nerves and the illnesses which affect them

neurosis /njo⁺r₂OSIS/ (*plural* **neuroses**) noun a mental state in which a patient thinks all the time about something in an excessive way and experiences strong emotions about it, such as fear of empty spaces

neurotic /njo'rpt1k/ adj worried or always thinking about something in an excessive way \circ She has a neurotic dislike of cats. \circ Don't get neurotic about the change in the firm's logo.

neuter $/'nju:t \vartheta/$ (neuters, neutering, neutered) verb to remove an animal's sex organs \circ We took our tomcat to the vet to have him neutered.

neutral /'nju:trəl/ noun (of motor vehicles) not in gear \circ The car is in neutral.

neutralise /'nju:trəla1Z/ (neutralises, neutralising, neutralised), neutralize verb to work against the effect of something \circ We acted immediately to neutralise the threat from their navy.

neutrality /njuː'trælɪti/ *noun* the fact of being neutral in a war

neutron /'njuxtron/ *noun* a neutral particle in the nucleus of an atom

() **Never** /'nevə/ adv not at any time; not ever \circ We'll never forget that restaurant. \circ I've never bought anything in that shop although I've often been inside it. \circ He never eats meat.

② **nevertheless** /, nev \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow 'les/ adv although a particular situation exists \circ *I* know it is raining, but nevertheless I'd like to go for a walk along the beach. \circ She had a cold, but went to the meeting nevertheless.

() **new** /nju:/ adj 1. made very recently, or never used before \circ *Put some new paper in* the printer. \circ *The new version of the soft*ware is now available. 2. which arrived recently \circ *There are two new secretaries in* the office. 3. completely different from what was before \circ *We need someone with new ideas.* \circ *They put some new wallpaper in the bedroom.*

New Age /nju: e1d₃/ *adj* of modern ideas about spiritual and medical matters

newborn /'nju:bo:n/ adj which has been born recently \circ *The mother and her newborn baby survived the crash.*

newcomer /'njuːkʌmə/ *noun* a person who has just come to a place

newfangled /,njur'fæŋgəld/ *adj* modern and complicated (*informal*)

new-found /'nju: faund/ adj that has been found recently

③ newly /'njuːli/ adv recently

newly-weds /'nju:li wedz/ *plural noun* two people who have just got married

① **news** /nju:z/ noun spoken or written information about what has happened \circ What's the news of your sister? \circ I don't want to hear any bad news. \circ He was watching the 10 o'clock news on TV. \diamond to break the news to someone to tell someone the bad news \circ He broke the news to his daughters.

newsagent /'nju:zeid3ənt/ noun a person who sells newspapers (NOTE: **Newsagent** has no connection with **news agency**.)

newsflash /'nju:zflæʃ/ noun a short piece of news broadcast at an unexpected time

newsgroup /'nju:z,gru:p/ noun an Internet discussion group

newsletter /'nju:zletə/ noun a printed sheet or small newspaper giving news about a company, a club or other organisation ① **newspaper** /'nju:zpe:pə/ noun a set of loose folded sheets of paper, containing news of what has happened, especially in the last 24 hours \circ He was so absorbed in his newspaper that he didn't notice that the toast had burnt. \circ We saw your picture in the local newspaper. \circ The newspapers are full of news of the election.

newsprint /'nju:zprint/ *noun* cheap paper used for newspapers and magazines

③ **newsreader** /'nju:zri:də/ *noun* a person who reads the news on radio or TV

newsworthy /'nju:zw3:ði/ *adj* interesting enough to be in the newspapers or on radio or TV

new wave /nju: weiv/ *noun* an original movement in the arts

③ **New Year's Day** /,njuː jɪəz 'deɪ/ noun 1st January

③ **New Year's Eve** /,nju: jɪəz 'iɪv/ noun 31st December

(1) next /nekst/ adj, adv 1. coming after in time o On Wednesday we go to Paris, and the next day we travel to Italy. \circ First you put the eggs into a bowl and next you add some sugar. \circ Don't forget to give me a call when you're next in town. \circ Next week is *the start of our holiday.* \circ *The next time you* go to the supermarket, can you get some *coffee?* **2.** nearest in place \circ *The ball went* over the fence into the next garden. \circ She took the seat next to mine.
pron the thing or person following o After two buses went past full, the next was almost empty. \circ I'll be back from holiday the week after next. \circ (asking the next person in the queue to come) Next, please!

③ **next door** /_nekst 'dɔ:/ adj, adv in the house next to this one \circ Who lives next door to your mother? \circ The shop is next door to a bank.

nib /nɪb/ noun the point of a pen, from which the ink flows

nibble l'n1b(ə)l/ (**nibbles**, **nibbling**, **nibbled**) verb to eat something by taking small bites \circ She was nibbling a biscuit. \circ The mice have nibbled into the flour sacks. (NOTE: + **nibble** n)

() nice /nais/ adj **1**. pleasant, enjoyable \circ We had a nice time at the seaside. \circ If the weather's nice let's have a picnic. \circ The nicest thing about the town is that it is on the sea. **2**. pleasant, polite \circ That wasn't a very nice thing to say. \circ Try and be nice to your grandfather.

nice-looking /nais 'lukiŋ/ adj attractive or pleasing to look at

nicety /'naɪsəti/ (*plural* **niceties**) *noun* a slight or exact detail

niche /nirʃ/ noun a place which curves inwards in a wall \circ *There are statues in niches all round the garden.*

nick /n1k/ noun 1. a small cut in something ○ He made a nick in the stick. 2. a prison ○ He's been in the nick for the last year. ■ verb (nicks, nicking, nicked) 1. to make a small cut in something ○ He nicked his finger with a razor blade. 2. to steal something (informal) ○ A group of young lads who went around nicking things from the local shops. ○ Who's nicked my umbrella? ◇ in the nick of time just in time (informal) nickel /'n1k(ə)l/ noun 1. a metallic element, used in making special metal alloys ○ nickel-plated handlebars ○ We use an alloy of copper and nickel. 2. US and Canada a 5-cent coin ○ Can you lend me a nickel?

nickname /'n1kne1m/ noun a short or informal name given to someone \circ Her real name's Henrietta, but everyone calls her by her nickname 'Bobbles'. • verb to give a nickname to someone \circ He was nicknamed 'Camel' because of his big nose.

nicotine /'nɪkəti:n/ *noun* a harmful substance in tobacco, also used for killing insects

③ **niece** /niis/ *noun* a daughter of a brother or sister, or a daughter of your husband's or wife's brother or sister

nifty /'n1fti/ adj very good or effective

niggle /'nɪg(ə)l/ (**niggles**, **niggling**, **niggled**) *verb* **1**. to criticise someone or something in an annoying way **2**. to be a cause of worry to somebody, especially in a small way over a long period of time

niggling /'nɪg(ə)lɪŋ/ adj small and not very important

① **night** /nait/ noun the time when it is dark \circ It's dangerous to walk alone in the streets at night. \circ Burglars got into the office during the night. \circ He is on night duty three days a week. \circ They're planning to have a night out tomorrow.

nightclub /'naɪtklʌb/ *noun* a club which is only open at night

nightdress /'nartdres/ *noun* a long loose dress which you wear in bed (NOTE: usually called a **nightie**)

nightfall /'naɪtfɔːl/ *noun* the time when night starts

nightgown /'naɪt,gaʊn/ noun a nightdress or nightshirt

nightie /'naɪti/ noun a nightdress (informal) **nightingale** /'nattingeil/ noun a small singing bird which sings at night

night life /'naɪt laɪf/ noun entertainment in a town at night

nightly /'nartli/ adv every night \circ Car thefts are a nightly occurrence around here.

nightmare /'naɪtmeə/ noun a very frightening dream

nightshirt /'nart, J3:t/ *noun* a piece of clothing like a long loose shirt for wearing in bed

night-time /'naɪt taɪm/ noun a period when it is night

③ **nil** /nɪl/ noun **1**. the number 0 (used in giving the result of a game) ○ We lost three nil. **2**. nothing ○ Our advertising budget has been cut to nil.

nimble /'nɪmbəl/ (**nimbler**, **nimblest**) *adj* able to move quickly

1) nine /naɪn/ noun the number 9

9/11 /,naın ı'lev(ə)n/ *noun* the events of 9 September 2001, when terrorists flew aircraft into the two towers of the World Trade Center in New York, destroying them and causing thousands of deaths

999 /,nain nain 'nain/ noun a telephone number to call the emergency services in Britain \circ *The firemen came quickly when* we called 999. \circ *The ambulance answered* the 999 call.

(1) **nineteen** /, nam'tixn/ noun the number 19

① **nineteenth** /nam'ti: $n\theta$ /, **19th** *adj* relating to number 19 in a series **noun** number 19 in a series

() **ninetieth** /'naıntiəθ/, **90th** *adj* relating to number 90 in a series ○ *It's his ninetieth birthday tomorrow.* ■ *noun* number 90 in a series

① **ninety** /'naInti/ *noun* number 90 □ **nineties** the numbers between 90 and 99

① **ninth** /nan θ / adj relating to number 9 in a series \circ You're the ninth person in the queue. \blacksquare noun number 9 in a series

nip /nip/ (**nips**, **nipping**, **nipped**) verb **1**. to squeeze sharply \circ We nipped off the end of the stalk to stop the plant growing any taller. \circ The crab nipped his thumb as he picked it up. \diamond **bud 2**. to bite sharply \circ The dog nipped the postman in the leg. **3**. to go very quickly \circ I'll just nip round to the newsagent's and get the evening paper. \circ We'll nip down to the pub for a drink.

(3) **nipple** $/'n_{IP}(a)l/$ noun the darker part in the centre of a woman's breast, through which the milk passes \circ *She held the baby to her nipple.*

nirvana /nɪə'vɑːnə/ *noun* a state of spiritual enlightenment in religions such as Hinduism, Buddhism and Jainism

nitrate /'naɪtreɪt/ *noun* a chemical compound containing nitrogen and oxygen, existing in all plants

③ **nitrogen** /'nattrədʒən/ *noun* an important gas which is essential for life, and which forms most of the atmosphere

nitwit /'nrtwit/ noun a stupid idiot (insult) () **no** /nəu/ adj, adv **1**. used for giving a negative answer \circ I asked my mother if we could borrow her car but she said 'no'. \circ Do you want another cup of coffee? – No, thank you. **2**. not any \circ There's no milk left in the fridge. \circ We live in a little village, and there's no post office for miles around. \circ We had no reply to our fax. \diamond **no entry** you may not go in this way \diamond **no exit** you may not go out this way \diamond **no parking** you may not park \diamond **no smoking** you may not smoke

③ no. /'nʌmbə/ abbr number

nobility $/n \Rightarrow 0$ 'biliti/ noun **1.** all noble families, taken as a group \circ The king invited members of the nobility to the meeting. \circ The nobility fought hard to protect their privileges. **2.** the quality of being extremely polite, being impressive and brave \circ The nobility of his actions is not in doubt.

noble / noull (\mathfrak{s}) | *noun* a person of high rank \circ *The nobles forced the king to sign the treaty.*

nobleman /'nəʊb(ə)lmən/ (plural noblemen) noun a man of high rank

noblewoman /'nəub(ə)lwumən/ (plural noblewomen) noun a woman of high rank ① nobody /'nəubədi/ pron same as no one

nocturnal /npk't3: $n(\mathfrak{F})$ l/ adj relating to the night \circ The nocturnal habits of the badger.

(2) **nod** /nod/ verb (nods, nodding, nodded) **1.** to move the head slightly up and down, meaning 'yes' \circ When he asked her if she understood, she nodded (her head). \circ He nodded in agreement. (NOTE: The opposite is to **shake** your head, meaning 'no'.) **2.** to move the head slightly up and down, to mean 'hello' or 'goodbye' [~at] \circ She nodded at me as I went past. \blacksquare noun a movement of the head up and down, meaning 'yes' \circ He gave me a nod as I came in.

nod off phrasal verb to go to sleep \circ She was nodding off in front of the television. (NOTE: **nodding – nodded**) **no-go area** /,nəʊ gəʊ 'eəriə/ *noun* an area of a town where ordinary people or the police cannot go

(2) **noise** $/n \text{Diz}/ noun \mathbf{1}$. a loud or unpleasant sound $\circ I$ can't hear you for the noise of the workmen in the street. \circ Let's not invite the children -I can't stand noise. **2**. sound in general \circ There was a noise of running water in the bathroom. \circ The washing machine is making a funny noise. \circ He woke up when he heard a noise in the kitchen.

noise pollution /'noiz p_{i} ,lu: $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/noun$ spoiling people's enjoyment of the outdoors by making a lot of noise

noisily /'nɔızıli/ adv making a lot of noise

③ **noisy** /'noizi/ (noisier, noisiest) adj who or which makes a lot of noise \circ a crowd of noisy little boys \circ Unfortunately, the hotel overlooks a noisy crossroads. \circ This lawn mower is noisier than our old one.

nomad /'nounæd/ noun a person who moves from place to place in a large area of land without settling in any one spot

no-man's-land /'nəʊ mænz ,lænd/ noun land between two countries or armies, which does not belong to either

nominal /'nomin(\mathfrak{I})// adj **1**. in name, not in fact \circ He's the nominal head of the company, but his secretary does all the work. \circ His appointment as director is entirely nominal – I will continue to be in charge. **2**. involving a small amount of money \circ We pay a nominal fee. \circ The subscription is really nominal. \circ We make a nominal charge for our services.

nominate /'nDMINEIT/ (nominates, nominating, nominated) verb to suggest someone for a post (NOTE: + nomination n) nominee /,nDMI'ni:/ noun a person who has been suggested for something such as a job

non- /non/ prefix not

non-aggression /,non \exists 'gre $\int(\vartheta)n/$ noun a government's policy of not attacking other countries

nonchalant /'non∫(∂)lənt/ adj not showing any excitement or worry about anything

non-combatant /non 'kombətənt/ *noun* **1.** a person who is not in the armed forces during a war **2.** a chaplain, medical officer, or other member of the armed forces who does not take part in battle **non-committal** /,non kə'mɪt(ə)l/ adj not deciding on a definite course of action, not agreeing with either side in an argument

nonconformist /,npnkən'fɔ:mist/ adj, noun not following the usual social conventions \circ His nonconformist attitude to staff relations.

non-count /'non kaunt/ adj same as un-countable

nondescript /'nondiskript/ *adj* very ordinary, without any special qualities

() none /nAn/ pron 1. not any \circ How many dogs have you got? $- None. \circ Can$ you buy some milk? We've none left in the fridge? $\circ A$ little money is better than none at all. 2. not one \circ None of my friends smokes. \circ None of the group can speak Chinese.

nonentity /np'nentIti/ *noun* a person who is completely unimportant

nonetheless /,nʌnðə'les/ *adv* although a particular situation exists

non-event /non 1'vent/ *noun* an occasion or event which makes you feel disappointed because it is not as good as you expected

nonexistent / npn1g¹z1stənt/ adj which does not exist, which is not real

non-fiction /non 'fik \int ən/ noun books which are about real things, events or people, and are not stories

non-flammable /non 'flæməb(ə)l/ adj which does not burn easily

non-intervention /,non ,intə 'ven $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ *noun* a decision or policy to avoid becoming involved in disagreements between two other people or countries

non-member /non 'membə/ *noun* not a member of a particular organisation

no-no /'nəu nəu/ noun a thing which is not allowed (*informal*)

no-nonsense /₁nəʊ 'nɒnsəns/ adj sensible, serious and honest

non-payment / non 'permont/ noun a failure to pay

nonplussed /npn'plAst/ adj confused

non-proliferation /non prolIfa 'rei $\int(\partial)n$ / noun the practice of limiting the production or spread of something, especially nuclear weapons or other weapons of mass destruction

non-resident /,non 'rezId(ə)nt/ noun a person who is not living in a place or not staying there very long

③ **nonsense** /'npnsəns/ noun silly ideas ○ *I'm too fat – nonsense!* ○ *He talked a lot* of nonsense. \circ It's nonsense to expect people to pay money for that. (NOTE: no plural)

non sequitur /₁npn 'sekwitə/ *noun* a statement which appears to have no connection to what was said immediately before it

non-smoker /non 'sməukə/ noun a person who does not smoke

non-standard /non 'stændəd/ adj not meeting the requirements of an accepted standard

nonstarter /non'startə/ noun a project or plan which is never going to be accepted

non-stick / non 'st ik/ *adj* with a surface which prevents food sticking to it

non-stop /,non 'stop/ adj which does not stop \circ a non-stop train to Paris \circ They took a non-stop flight to Australia. \circ All our flights to Toronto are non-stop. \blacksquare adv without stopping \circ The planes flies to Hong Kong non-stop. \circ They worked nonstop to finish the job on time.

noodles /'nu:d(ϑ)lz/ plural noun long flat pieces of pasta \circ *I* ordered spicy meatballs with noodles. \circ We started with chicken noodle soup.

nook /nuk/ noun a small hiding place

noon /nu:n/ noun twelve o'clock in the middle of the day

① **no one** /'n=00 wAn/ pron no person \circ We met no one we knew. \circ No one here takes sugar in their tea. \circ There was nobody in the café. \circ Nobody wants to do her job. \Box **no one else** no other person \circ No one else's child behaved as badly as ours on the plane!

noose /nu:s/ *noun* a circle in a piece of rope which becomes tight as you pull on it

nope /nəup/ interj no \circ Any luck? – Nope! () **nor** /nɔ:/ conj and not \circ 'I don't want to go' – 'Nor me!' \circ I did not meet him that year nor in subsequent years. \circ I never went there again, nor did my wife. \diamond **neither**

③ norm /nɔːm/ noun the standard

① **normal** /'nɔ:m(ϑ)!/ adj usual or expected \circ We hope to restore normal service as soon as possible. \circ Look at the rain – it's just a normal British summer. \circ What's the size of a normal swimming pool? \circ At her age, it's only normal for her to want to go to parties.

normalise /'nɔ:məlaɪz/ (normalises, normalising, normalised), normalize verb to make normal again

normality /nɔː'mælɪti/ *noun* the fact of being normal

() **normally** $/"n \Im:m(\Im)li/ adv$ usually \circ The bus is normally late. \circ She doesn't normally drink wine.

() **north** /nɔ: θ / noun the direction to your left when you are facing the direction in which the sun rises \circ There will be snow in the north of the country. \circ It's cold when the wind blows from the north. \blacksquare adj relating to the north \circ We went on holiday to the north coast of Scotland. \circ The north side of our house never gets any sun. \circ When the north wind blows, you can expect snow. \blacksquare adv towards the north \circ They were travelling north at the time. \circ Go north for three miles and then you'll see the road to London. \circ Our office windows face north.

northbound /'no:0baund/ adj travelling towards the north

(3) **north-east** $/_n \mathfrak{o} \mathfrak{t} \theta$ 'isst/ *adv* the direction between north and east

north-easterly /no:0 'i:stəli/ adj 1. towards the north-east 2. (of a wind) blowing from the north-east ■ noun a wind from the north-east

north-eastern /,no:0 'iston/ adj from, of or in the north-east

northerly /'nɔ:ðəli/ adj 1. towards the north 2. (of a wind) blowing from the north (2) **northern** /'nɔ:ð(ə)n/ adj from, of or in the north \circ They live in the northern part of the country.

northerner /'no:ð(ə)nə/, **Northerner** *noun* a person who lives in or comes from the north of a country or region

northern hemisphere $/_n \mathfrak{n} \mathfrak{s} \mathfrak{d}(\mathfrak{s}) \mathfrak{n}$, hemi'sfi $\mathfrak{s}/$ *noun* the part of the earth above the equator

northernmost /'nɔːð(ə)nməʊst/ adj furthest to the north

North Pole /'nɔ: θ 'pəʊl/ noun the furthest point north on the earth

northward /'nɔːθwəd/ adj towards the north

northwards /'nɔ:0wədz/ adv towards the north

(3) **north-west** /_no: θ 'west/ *adv* the direction between west and north

north-westerly /no: θ 'westəli/ adj 1. towards the north-west 2. (of a wind) lowing from the north-west

north-western /,notθ 'weston/ *adj* from, of or in the north-west

() **NOSE** /n \exists vor *n* \exists

nose on your sleeve, use a tissue. \diamond under his, her, etc. very nose in front of him, her, etc. \circ I did it under his verv nose and he *didn't notice a thing.* \diamond **to blow your nose** to blow air through your nose into a handkerchief to remove liquid from your nose \diamond to speak through your nose to talk as if your nose is blocked, so that you say 'b' rather than 'm' and 'd' rather than 'n' \diamond to look down your nose at something to look at something as if you don't think it is very good \circ She's got a degree and looks down her nose at the other secretaries. \diamond to turn your nose up at something to show that you don't feel something is good enough for you \circ It's a marvellous deal, I don't see why you should turn your nose up at it

nosebleed /'nəuzbli:d/ noun blood coming from the nose

nosedive /'nəuzdaɪv/ noun (of something flying) a steep movement downwards (NOTE: + **nosedive** v)

nostalgia /nɒ'stældʒə/ *noun* a sad feeling of wanting things to be the same as they were in the past

nostalgic /np'stæld31k/ *adj* referring to nostalgia

nostril /'npstril/ *noun* one of the two holes in your nose, which you breathe through

(1) **not** /npt/ adv used with verbs to show the negative $\circ A$ service charge is not included. \circ It isn't there. \circ She can't come. \circ *He didn't want any meat.* \circ *We couldn't go* home because of the fog. \circ Don't you like *coffee?* \diamond **not exactly 1.** not completely \diamond Was it a disaster? – Not exactly a disaster, but it didn't go very well. \circ It's not exactly the colour I wanted. 2. used for emphasising a negative \circ He's not exactly pleased at having to pay out so much money. \diamond not...either and not...also o She doesn't eat meat, and she doesn't eat fish either. \circ It wasn't hot, but it wasn't very cold either. onot only...but also not just this...but this as well \circ The film wasn't only very long, but it was also very bad.

notable /'n \Rightarrow ut \Rightarrow b(\Rightarrow)l/ adj which is worth noticing \circ lt was a notable achievement. \circ She was notable by her absence. \circ The town is notable for its currant cakes. \blacksquare noun an important person \circ a meeting of local notables

(3) **notably** /'noutobli/ adv 1. especially o Some Western countries, notably Canada and the United States, have a very high standard of living. 2. in a way that is easily noticed \circ *The food was notably better than the last time we ate there.*

notation $/n \Rightarrow 0^{+} \text{ter} \int (\Rightarrow) n / noun$ a system of symbols used to show notes in music, or to show signs used in mathematics

notch /npt $\int /$ noun a small V-shaped cut \circ He cut two notches in the stick with his penknife.

(1) **note** /nout/ noun 1. a few words in writing to remind yourself of something o She made a note of what she needed to buy before she went to the supermarket. \circ She made a few notes before she gave her speech. • He left us a note to say he'd be *back later.* **2.** a short message \circ *She left a* note for the managing director with his secretary. \circ He wrote me a note to say he couldn't come. 3. a piece of paper money o I tried to pay with a £10 note. 4. a musical sound or a written sign meaning a musical sound *○ He* can't sing high notes. ■ verb (notes, noting, noted) 1. to write down something in a few words o The policeman noted in his notebook all the details of the accident. 2. to take notice of something [~(that)] \circ Please note that our prices were raised on January 1st. \diamond to take note of to pay attention to \circ We have to take note of public opinion.

notebook /'noutbock/ noun a small book for making notes \circ *The policeman wrote down the details in his notebook.*

③ noted /'nəutɪd/ adj famous

notepad /'noutpæd/ noun **1**. a block of paper for writing notes \circ *I took a notepad to jot down any interesting points from the lecture.* **2**. (*in computing*) a part of the screen used to store information even if the terminal is switched off \circ *Use the notepad to make changes to your file.*

③ **notepaper** /'noutpeipə/ noun 1. a paper for writing letters \circ *It must be an official order, it's written on the company's headed notepaper.* \circ *You'll find some notepaper in the hotel bedroom.* 2. US paper for writing rough notes on

noteworthy /'nəutw3:ði/ *adj* worth noticing because it is interesting or special

() nothing $/'n \land \theta in / pron not anything <math>\circ$ There's nothing interesting on TV. \circ She said nothing about what she had seen. \circ There's nothing more we can do. \diamond for nothing free, without having to pay \circ We're friends of the woman running the show and she got us in for nothing.

① **notice** /'noutis/ noun **1**. a piece of writing giving information, usually put in a place where everyone can see it \circ *He*

noticeable

pinned up a notice about the staff tennis match. 2. an official warning that something has to be done, that something is going to happen o They gave us five minutes' notice to leave the office. \circ If you want to resign, you have to give a month's notice. The train times were changed without notice. • verb (notices, noticing, noticed) to see; to take note of [~(that)/~how/what/who etc] \circ I didn't notice you had come in. \circ Did vou notice how tired John was looking? \circ I wore one blue and one white sock all day and nobody noticed. \diamond at short notice with very little warning \circ It had to be *done at short notice.* \circ *The bank manager* will not see anyone at such short notice. \diamond until further notice until different instructions are given \circ You must pay £200 on the 30th of each month until further notice.

③ **noticeable** /'nəut1səb(ə)l/ adj which is easily noticed

noticeboard /'noutisbo:d/ *noun* a board which is fixed to a wall, on which notices can be attached

notification $/_n n$ out if I'kei $\int (a)n/$ noun the act of informing someone

notify /'noutifai/ (notifies, notifying, notified) verb to tell someone about something formally [~of/about] \circ They were notified of the arrival of the shipment. \circ We will notify you of the exact fee at a later date.

③ notion /'n = 0 (\Rightarrow) *noun* an idea \circ *She* has this strange notion that she ought to be a TV star.

notoriety /,nəutə'raɪəti/ *noun* a bad reputation

notorious /nəʊ'tɔːriəs/ adj well known for bad qualities, or for doing bad things

nougat /'nu:ga:/ noun a type of white sweet made with nuts, honey and the white parts of eggs

nought /no:t/ noun **1.** the number $0 \circ$ One million can be written as 'Im' or as one and six noughts. (NOTE: **nought** is more common in British English; in US English, **zero** is more usual.) **2.** nothing

③ **noun** /naun/ noun (in grammar) a word which can be the subject or object of a verb and is used to refer to a person, thing or animal \circ nouns such as 'brick' and 'elephant' \circ In 'the cat caught a mouse', 'cat' and 'mouse' are both nouns.

noun phrase /naon freiz/ *noun* a word or group of which is used in the same way as a noun, e.g. as the subject, object, or topic, in a sentence **nourish** /'nAr1ʃ/ (nourishes, nourishing, nourished) verb 1. to give food to someone \circ All the children look very well nourished. 2. to keep things such as ideas or hopes alive \circ The news nourished their hopes that their son might still be alive.

nourishing /'nArIJIŋ/ *adj* which provides people, animals, or plants with the substances they need to live, grow and remain fit and healthy

nourishment /'nAr1∫mənt/ noun food in general \circ She just lies in bed and refuses to take any nourishment.

(3) **novel** /'nov(∂)l/ noun a long story with imaginary characters and events ○ 'Pickwick Papers' was Dickens' first major novel. ■ adj new and unusual ○ Visiting New York is a novel experience for me.

novelist /'npv(ə)līst/ *noun* a person who writes novels

(3) **novelty** /'nov(ə)lti/ (plural **novelties**) noun **1.** a new thing you have not experienced before \circ Flying in a plane is still a novelty for them. **2.** the fact of being new \circ The novelty of the new job soon wore off. **3.** an unusual little object, usually with no practical use \circ Small shops selling novelties and souvenirs.

() November /nəʊ'vembə/ noun the eleventh month of the year, the month after October and before December ○ November 5 ○ Today is November 5th. ○ She was born in November. ○ We never go on holiday in November. (NOTE: November 5th or November 5: say 'November the fifth' or 'the fifth of November' or in US English: 'November fifth'.)

novice /'novis/ noun a person who has very little experience or skill, e.g. in a job or sport \circ He's still a novice at rowing. $\circ A$ competition like this is not for novices.

() **now** /nau/ adv at or around this point in time \circ I can hear a train coming now. \circ Please can we go home now? \circ The flight is only two hours – he ought to be in Berlin by now. \circ Now's the best time for going skiing. \circ A week from now we'll be sitting on the beach. **•** interj showing a warning \circ Now then, don't be rude to the teacher! \circ Come on now, work hard! \circ Now, now! Nobody wants to hear you crying. \diamond **now and then** from time to time, not continuously \diamond **until now, up to now** until this point in time \circ Until now, I've never had to see a doctor.

(2) **nowadays** /'nauədeız/ adv at the present time \circ Nowadays lots of people go to Spain on holiday. \circ The traffic is so bad

nowadays that it takes us an hour to drive to Piccadilly Circus.

 ① nowhere /'nəoweə/ adv not in or to any place ○ My wallet was nowhere to be found. ○ Where are you going? - Nowhere.
 ○ There is nowhere else for them to live. ◊ to get nowhere not to have any success ○ I rang six shops to try and find a spare part, but got nowhere.

no-win situation /nəʊ win/ noun a situation in which you are likely to fail or suffer, whatever you do

noxious /'nɒk∫əs/ *adj* harmful or poisonous

nozzle /'npz(ə)l/ *noun* a fitting at the end of a pipe which controls the flow of liquid

nuance /'nju:ons/ *noun* a slight shade of meaning

③ **nuclear** /'njuːkliə/ *adj* relating to energy made from parts of atoms o *a nuclear power station*

nuclear family /,nju:kliə 'fæm(ə)li/ *noun* a family consisting simply of parents and children. \diamond **extended family**

nuclear reactor /₁njuːkliə ri'æktə/ noun a machine which creates heat and energy by starting and controlling atomic fission

③ **nucleus** /'nju:kliəs/ (plural **nuclei**) noun **1**. the central part of an atom, formed of neutrons and protons \circ Electrons orbit the nucleus of the atom. **2**. the central body in a cell, containing DNA and RNA, and controlling the way that the cell works \circ First the nucleus divides, then the whole cell splits in two. **3**. a centre around which something gathers \circ The six experienced players form the nucleus of the new team.

nude /nju:d/ adj not wearing clothes, especially in situations where people are expected to wear some clothes \circ *Nude sunbathing is not allowed on this beach.* \circ *She has appeared nude on stage several times.*

nudge $/nAd_3/$ *noun* a little push, usually with the elbow \circ *She gave me a nudge to wake me up.* \blacksquare *verb* (**nudges, nudging, nudged**) to give a little push, usually with the elbow \circ *He nudged me when it was my turn to speak.*

nudism /'nju:diz(ə)m/ *noun* a belief in the physical and mental advantages of not wearing any clothes

nudist /'nju:dist/ *noun* a person who chooses not wear clothes **a***dj* relating to nudists

nudity /'nju:diti/ noun nakedness

nugget /'nAgIt/ *noun* **1**. a lump of gold in its natural state **2**. a little lump of food fried with others \circ *chicken nuggets*

③ **nuisance** /'njuːs(ə)ns/ noun a thing which annoys people

nuke /njuːk/ *verb* (**nukes, nuking, nuked**) to attack with nuclear weapons ■ *noun* a nuclear weapon

nullify /'nAlfai/ (**nullifies**, **nullifying**, **nullified**) verb **1**. to make something no longer legal or official \circ This new amendment to the contract will nullify the conditions we have just agreed. \circ It nullified all our attempts at negotiation. **2**. to make useless \circ His speech has nullified all our attempts at negotiation.

numb /nAm/adj not able to feel things that you touch \circ *The tips of his fingers went numb.* \circ *His hands were numb with cold.*

(1) **number** $/'n_{\Lambda}mb_{\theta}/$ noun **1.** a sign that represents an amount \circ 13 is not a lucky number. • Their house is number 49. • Can vou give me vour telephone number? $\circ A$ number 6 bus goes to Oxford Street. o Please quote your account number. 2. a quantity of people or things o The number of tickets sold was disappointing. \circ A large number of children or large numbers of children will be sitting the exam. \circ There were only a small number of people at the meeting. verb (numbers, numbering, **numbered**) to give something a number o The raffle tickets are numbered 1 to 1000. ○ I refer to our invoices numbered 234 and 235. \circ All the seats are clearly numbered. his days are numbered he hasn't much time left to live

number one $/_{,n \land mb \ni}$ 'won/ noun **1**. yourself, your own interests **2**. the most important thing or person \circ *His latest single is number one in the charts.* \circ *She's number one in the organisation.*

③ **number plate** /'nAmbə ple1t/ *noun* one of two signs fixed on the front and back of a vehicle which shows the official number of the vehicle (NOTE: The US term is **license plate**.)

numbing /'nʌmɪŋ/ *adj* causing a lack of feeling in a part of the body

numbness /'nAmnəs/ noun having no feeling

numeracy /'njuːm(ə)rəsi/ *noun* the ability to work with numbers

numeral /'nju:m(ə)rəl/ noun a written sign representing a number

numerate /'nju:m(ə)rət/ adj able to work with numbers

③ **numerous** /'nju:m(∂)r∂s/ *adj* very many ○ *He has been fined for speeding on numerous occasions.*

numerous

nun /nAn/ *noun* a woman member of a religious group who live together (NOTE: Do not confuse with **none**. Note: the equivalent men are **monks**.)

③ **nurse** /n31s/ noun a person who looks after sick people (woman or man) ○ She has a job as a nurse in the local hospital. ■ verb (nurses, nursing, nursed) to look after people who are ill ○ When she fell ill her daughter nursed her until she was better.

nursery /'n318(ϑ)ri/ (plural **nurseries**) noun a school for very young children, or a place where very young children are looked after \circ My sister went to a nursery every day from the age of 18 months.

nursery rhyme /'n31s(ə)ri ra1m/ noun a little piece of poetry for children

nursery school /'n3:s(ə)ri sku:l/ *noun* a school for very small children, for children under five years old

nursing /'n3ISIJ/ *noun* the profession of being a nurse \circ *She decided to go in for nursing*. \circ *Have you considered nursing as a career*?

(3) **nursing home** /'n3181ŋ həum/ noun a small private hospital

nurture $/^{l}n3:t \int \partial /$ (**nurtures, nurturing, nurtured**) *verb* to care for children, plants or ideas and encourage them to develop

③ **nut** /nAt/ noun **1**. a dry fruit with a hard shell, that grows on trees **2**. a metal ring which screws on a bolt to hold it tight \circ *Screw the nut on tightly.* \diamond **the nuts and bolts of something** the main details of something (*informal*) \circ *You'll need to master the nuts and bolts of the stock market before going to work in the city.*

nutcracker /'nAt₁krækə/ noun a bird that eats pine nuts

nutrient /'nju:trient/ noun a substance in food which encourages the growth of living things

nutrition /nju:'trI $\int(\vartheta)^n n/$ noun **1.** the way in which food affects health $\circ A$ scheme to improve nutrition in the poorer areas. **2.** the study of food \circ We are studying nutrition as part of the food science course.

nutritionist /nju:'trɪʃ(ə)nɪst/ noun a person who is an expert in the study of nutrition and who advises people about what to eat in order to be healthy

nutritious /njuː'trɪʃəs/ *adj* valuable as food

③ **nuts** /nAts/ adj crazy (informal) <> **nuts about someone** or **something** very keen on someone or something >> He's nuts about old cars. <> **to drive someone nuts** to make someone crazy >> I wish they'd turn the music down -- it's driving me nuts.

nutshell /'nAt $\int el/noun$ the hard outside part of a nut \diamond in a nutshell as concisely as possible \circ It's a long and complicated story, but, in a nutshell, he left his wife and set fire to the house.

nutter /'nAtə/ noun a person who other people think is extremely strange or crazy (offensive informal)

nutty /'**n** λ **ti**/ *adj* **1.** full of nuts \circ *a nutty chocolate bar* **2.** crazy \circ *He's a typical nut-ty professor.* \circ *I think it's a bit of a nutty idea myself.*

nuzzle $/!n\Lambda z(\vartheta)l/$ (nuzzles, nuzzling, nuzzled) *verb* to press your nose up to

③ **nylon** /'naɪlon/ *noun* a type of strong artificial material used to make things such as clothing or sheets

nymphomaniac /,nimfə'meiniæk/ *noun* an offensive word for a woman who is always thinking about sex or wanting to have sex

0

O /əu/, **O** *noun* the fifteenth letter of the alphabet, between N and P

(3) **Oak** / \exists **ouk**/ noun **1**. a type of large tree which loses its leaves in winter \circ *a forest of* oak trees \circ Oaks produce thousands of acoms each year. **2**. wood from this tree \circ an oak table

Oar /oi/ noun a long wooden pole with a flat part at the end, used for moving a boat along

Oasis / $\partial u'e_{ISIS}$ / (plural **oases**) noun **1**. a place in the desert where there is water, and where plants grow \circ After crossing the desert for days they finally arrived at an oasis. **2**. a quiet pleasant place which is different from everything else around it \circ Golden Square is an oasis of calm in the middle of London's West End.

(3) **Oath** $/ \partial \upsilon \theta /$ *noun* a swear word $\circ As$ *the police grabbed him, he let out a long string of oaths.*

Oatmeal /'autmi:l/ noun small rough pieces of crushed oats, used especially to make porridge

obedient / ϑ 'bi:di ϑ nt/ *adj* doing what you are told to do \circ *Our old dog is very obedient* – *he always comes when you call him.*

obese /əʊ'bi:s/ *adj* someone who is obese is so fat that it is dangerous for their health

obesity /əʊ'biːsɪti/ *noun* the medical condition of being extremely fat

(3) **obey** /ə'bei/ (**obeys**, **obeying**, **obeyed**) *verb* to do what someone tells you to do \circ *If you can't obey orders you shouldn't be a policeman*. \circ *Everyone must obey the law.*

obituary /ə'bɪt ʃuəri/ (*plural* **obituaries**) *noun* a written account of someone's life, published after his or her death

object¹ /'bbdʒekt/ noun **1**. a thing \circ They thought they saw a strange object in the sky. **2**. an aim \circ Their object is to take control of the radio station. **3**. a noun, pronoun or phrase which follows directly from a verb or preposition \circ In the phrase 'the cat caught the mouse', the word 'mouse' is the object of the verb 'caught'.

object² /b'd₃ekt/ (**objects**, **objecting**, **objected**) *verb* to say that you do not like something or you do not want something to happen \circ *I object to being treated like a child*. \circ *He objected that the pay was too low.*

③ **objection** /əb'dʒek∫ən/ noun a reason for refusing to agree to [-to] ○ Do you have any objection to me smoking? ○ Any objections to the plan? □ to raise an objection to something to object to something ○ She raised several objections to the proposal.

③ **objective** /əb'dʒektɪv/ adj considering things from a general point of view and not from your own ○ You must be objective when planning the future of your business.

■ noun something that you are trying or intending to achieve ○ Our main objective is to make the club financially sound. ○ The company has achieved all its objectives.

objectivity / pbd3ek't1v1ti/ noun the fact of being objective

objector /əb'dʒektə/ *noun* a person who objects

③ **obligation** /, $bbli'gel(\Im)n/$ noun 1. something that you must do, e.g. for legal reasons [-to] \circ *You have an obligation to attend the meeting.* 2. a feeling of being grateful to someone because they have done something for you [-to/towards] \circ *He felt an obligation towards his older sister for the way she had always supported his plans.*

obligatory /ə'blɪgət(ə)ri/ *adj* which has to be done according to rules or laws

(3) **oblige** /ə'blaɪdʒ/ (**obliges**, **obliging**, **obliged**) *verb* **1**. to force someone to do something ○ *He was obliged to hand the money back*. □ **to feel obliged to do something** to feel it is your duty to do something *He felt obliged to study medicine at university because his father was a doctor.* **2**. to do something useful or helpful ○ *He wanted to oblige you by weeding your garden for you.* **3**. □ **to be obliged to someone** to be grateful to someone for having done something (*formal*) ○ *Thank you – I'm*

obliging

much obliged to you for your help. $\circ I'd$ be obliged if you could shut the window.

obliging /ə'blaɪdʒɪŋ/ *adj* ready to help **obliterate** /ə'blɪtəreɪt/ (**obliterates**, **ob literating**, **obliterated**) *verb* to destroy completely (NOTE: + **obliteration** *n*)

oblivion /ə'blıviən/ noun 1. the fact of being completely forgotten \circ *After being famous during the war the town fell into complete oblivion.* 2. the fact of not noticing what is going on around you \circ *He sat there in a state of complete oblivion.*

oblivious /ə'blɪviəs/ adj not noticing

oblong /'pblon/ noun a shape with two pairs of equal sides, one pair being longer than the other \circ The screen is an oblong, approximately 30cm by 40cm.

obnoxious /əb'nɒk∫əs/ *adj* very unpleasant or very offensive

oboe /'əubəu/ noun a woodwind instrument, with a smaller range than the clarinet **obscene** /əb'si:n/ adj offensive to moral standards or normal feelings \circ *He earns an* obscene amount of money.

obscenity /əb'senīti/ (plural **obscenities**) noun 1. the fact of being obscene \circ The artist narrowly escaped being prosecuted for obscenity. 2. something which is obscene \circ She regards the mere existence of nuclear weapons as an obscenity.

Obscure $/\partial b'skjv\partial/$ (**obscures**, **obscur**ing, **obscured**) *verb* to hide, especially by covering \circ *During a solar eclipse, the moon obscures the sun.*

obscurity /əb'skjuəriti/ *noun* the fact of being obscure, not being well-known

observance /əb'zɜɪv(ə)ns/ *noun* the action of obeying a law or rule

observant /əb'z3:vənt/ *adj* who notices many details

(3) **observation** /,pbzə'vei∫(ə)n/ noun 1. the action of observing ○ By careful observation, the police found out where the thieves had hidden the money. □ **under ob servation** being carefully watched ○ The patient will be kept under observation for a few days. 2. a remark [~about/on] ○ He made several observations about the government.

observatory /əb'z3:vətri/ *noun* a place from which stars and planets can be watched

② **Observe** /ab'z3:v/ (**observes**, **observing**, **observed**) *verb* **1**. to follow or to obey something such as a law, rule or custom \circ *His family observes all the religious festivals strictly*. \circ *The local laws must be*

observed. **2.** to watch something with a lot of attention \circ *They observed and recorded all the changes carefully.* **3.** to make a remark [~that] \circ *I merely observed that the bus was late as usual.*

observer /əb'z3:və/ *noun* a person who goes to an event and watches but does not take part

obsess /ab'ses/ (**obsesses**, **obsessing**, **obsessed**) *verb* to think about someone or something all the time, especially in a way that seems extreme to other people \circ *He is obsessed by money*.

obsessed /ab'sest/ adj thinking about someone or something all the time in a way which seems extreme to other people

obsession $|\partial b'se f(\partial)n|$ noun 1. a fixed idea which you think about all the time \circ Making money is an obsession with him. 2. an idea or problem which worries you all the time, often connected with mental illness \circ She has an obsession with cleanliness.

obsessive /əb'sesıv/ *adj* showing an obsession

obsolete /'pbsəlirt/ adj no longer used

obstacle /'pbstək(\Rightarrow)l/ noun something which prevents someone from moving forward or making progress \circ Outdated computer systems can be an obstacle to success. \circ Drivers have to negotiate obstacles in the road.

obstetrician $/_1$ pbstə'tri $\int(a)n/$ noun a doctor who is an expert in obstetrics

obstetrics /əb'stetriks/ *noun* a branch of medicine dealing with pregnancy, childbirth and the period immediately after childbirth

obstinate /' bbstinat/adj **1.** determined not to change your mind or not to change your opinion or course of action, whatever other people say \circ *She's such an obstinate person, that you can never make her change her mind.* \circ *Stop being so obstinate and do what I say!* **2.** difficult to remove \circ *She tried to get rid of the obstinate red wine stain on the tablecloth.*

Obstruct /əb'strakt/ (obstructs, obstructing, obstructed) verb to put something in the way, so that nothing can pass through \circ *The artery was obstructed by a* blood clot. \circ A large black car was obstructing the entrance.

obstruction /b'strA{jn/ noun 1. the act of obstructing \circ *The fullback was penalised for obstruction.* 2. a thing which gets in the way \circ *His car broke down and caused an obstruction on the motorway.*

obstructive /əb'strʌktɪv/ *adj* causing difficulties and not cooperating

obtainable /əb'teɪnəb(ə)l/ adj which can be obtained

obtrusive /əb'tru:siv/ *adj* which sticks out or which is in the way

② obvious /'pbviəs/ adj clear; easily seen 0 It's obvious that we will have to pay for the damage. 0 It was obvious to everyone that the shop was not making any money.

() **obviously** /'bbviəsli/ adv clearly o Obviously we will need to borrow various pieces of equipment.

() Occasion / \circ 'ke13(\circ)n/ noun 1. \Box a special occasion a special event such as a wedding \circ The baby's first birthday was a special occasion. \circ It's an extra-special occasion – she's one hundred years old to-day! 2. a time when something happens \circ I didn't meet him on that particular occasion. \diamond on occasion from time to time \circ On occasion, we spend a weekend in the country.

(3) **occasional** / \mathfrak{o} 'ke1 $\mathfrak{z}(\mathfrak{o})\mathfrak{n}(\mathfrak{o})\mathfrak{l}/\mathfrak{adj}$ happening sometimes, but not very often \circ *He* was an occasional visitor to my parents' house. \circ We make the occasional trip to London.

② occasionally /ə'keıʒ(ə)nəli/ adv sometimes, not very often o Occasionally he has to work late. o We occasionally go to the cinema.

occupancy /'bkjupənsi/ *noun* the act of moving into a property, such as a house, an office or a room in a hotel, either permanently or for a short stay

③ **occupant** /'pkjupənt/ noun the person or company occupying a property

③ **occupation** /, bkjo'peif()(a)n/ noun 1. the act of taking control of a place, or the fact of being in such a situation \circ the occupation of the country by enemy soldiers \circ The city had been under enemy occupation for a week. 2. a job, position, employment \circ What is her occupation? \circ His main occupation is running a small engineering works.

③ **occupational** /,pkju'pe1∫(ə)nəl/ adj referring to a job

③ **occupied** /'pkjupaɪd/ adj 1. being used \circ All the rooms in the hotel are occupied. \circ All the toilets are occupied, so you'll have to wait. 2. busy with an activity [-with] \circ The manager is occupied just at the moment. \circ Keeping a class of 30 little children occupied is difficult. \circ He is occupied with sorting out the mail.

occupier /'ɒkjʊpaɪə/ *noun* a person who lives in a particular house or flat

(2) OCCUPV / pkiupai/ (occupies, occupying, occupied) verb 1. to live in or work in \circ They occupy the flat on the first floor. • The firm occupies offices in the centre of town. 2. (of time, thoughts or attention) to use or fill \circ Dealing with the office occupies most of my time. 3. to take control of a place by being inside it o Protesters occu*pied the TV station.* **4.** to hold a post \circ *Who* occupies the post of company secretary. (NOTE: occupies - occupying - occupied) (1) OCCUT /ə'k31/ (occurs, occurring, occurred) verb 1. to happen o When did the accident occur? 2. to come to your mind $[-to] \circ Did it never occur to you that she$ was lying? \circ It's just occurred to me that I didn't bring the keys. **3.** to exist \circ Iron ore occurs in several parts of the country.

③ **OCCURRENCE** /ə'kʌrəns/ noun a happening

(2) **Ocean** $/ \exists o \cup \int (\Im)n/$ noun a very large area of sea surrounding the large areas of land on the Earth \circ Ocean currents can be very treacherous. \circ Ocean liners used to dock here.

() **o'clock** / ϑ 'klbk/ adv used with numbers to show the time \circ Get up - it's 7 o'clock. \circ We never open the shop before 10 o'clock. \circ By 2 o'clock in the morning everyone was asleep. (NOTE: **O'clock** is only used for the exact hour, not for times which include minutes. It can also be omitted: We got home before eight. or We got home before eight o'clock.)

octagon /'pktəgən/ noun a geometrical figure with eight sides

octave /'pktIv/ *noun* (*in music*) the eight notes between the first and last notes of a scale

① October /bk'təubə/ noun the tenth month of the year, between September and November ○ October 18 ○ Do you ever go on holiday in October? ○ Today is October 18th. ○ Last October we moved to London. (NOTE: October 18th or October 18: say 'October the eighteenth' or 'the eighteenth of October'; in US English: 'October eighteenth'.)

octopus /'bktəpəs/ noun a sea animal with eight long arms called 'tentacles.' ϕ squid

OD /au 'di:/ *noun* a large amount of a drug taken at one time and causing illness or death

① **odd** / od/ adj **1**. unusual and not normal ○ *It's* odd that she can never remember how to get to their house. ○ He doesn't like chocolate – Really, how odd! **2**. □ **odd numbers** numbers such as 17 or 33 which cannot be divided by two ○ *The buildings* with odd numbers are on the opposite side of the street. **3**. (of an amount) almost, not exact or accurate ○ She had 200 odd records in cardboard boxes **4**. one forming part of a pair **5**. done only rarely or occasionally ○ *I've only been to the odd occasions I've met him, he's seemed very nice.*

oddity /'bditi/ (plural **oddities**) noun **1**. the state of being odd \circ *I* was struck by the oddity of the situation, sitting at the same table as my two former wives. **2**. an unusual person or thing \circ This symphony is a bit of an oddity, it only has two movements.

odd jobs /bd 'd $_3$ bbz/ plural noun small pieces of work, especially repairs, done in the house \circ *He does odd jobs for us around the house.*

① **Odds** /bdz/ ◊ **to be at odds with someone** to disagree with someone all the time **Ode** /əud/ noun a long poem often addressed to a person or thing

odour /'auda/ noun a smell, especially an unpleasant smell o *the odour of rotten eggs* (NOTE: The US spelling is **odor**.)

odyssey /'pdisi/ *noun* a long journey with many exciting or unusual events

oestrogen /'irstrədʒən/ noun a hormone produced in the ovaries which controls sexual development and the reproductive system (NOTE: The US spelling is **estrogen**.)

(1) of /əv, pv/ prep 1. used for showing a connection \circ She's the sister of the girl who you met at the party. \circ Where's the top of the jam jar? \circ What are the names of Henry VIII's wives? 2. used for showing a part or a quantity \circ a litre of orange juice \circ How much of the cloth do you need? \circ Today is the sixth of March. \circ There are four boys and two girls – six of them altogether. • Half of the staff are on holiday. 3. used for giving a specific age, amount, etc \circ *The* school takes children of ten and over. \circ He earns a salary of over £30,000. 4. showing position, material, cause \circ *He lives in the* north of the town. \circ The jumper is made of *cotton.* o *She died of cancer.* (NOTE: **Of** is often used after verbs or adjectives: to think of,

to be fond of, to be tired of, to smell of, to be afraid of, etc.)

① of course /əv 'kɔ:s/ adv 1. used to say 'yes' or 'no' more strongly \circ Are you coming with us? – Of course I am! \circ Do you want to lose all your money? – Of course not! 2. used for stating something that is not surprising \circ He is rich, so of course he lives in a big house.

① **off** / bf / adv, prep **1**. showing movement or position away from a place \circ We're off to the shops. \circ The office is just off the main road. \circ They spent their holiday on an island off the coast of Wales. \circ The children got off the bus. \circ Take your boots off before you come into the house. **2**. away from work \circ She took the week off. \circ It's my day off today. \circ Half the staff are off with flu. **3**. not switched on \circ Switch the light off before you leave the office. \circ Is the TV off?

offal $/ {}^{\circ} pf(\vartheta) l / noun$ organs such as the heart or liver of an animal used as food

off and on / pf and 'pn/ adv not continuously, with breaks in between

off-balance /bf 'bæləns/ adv not standing steadily \circ *The sudden movement of the bus threw her off-balance.*

offbeat /of 'birt/ adj unusual

off-centre /bf 'sentə/ *adj* not at the centre of something (NOTE: The US spelling is **off-center**.)

off-chance /'pf tforns/ noun a slight possibility \diamond on the off-chance in case something happens

③ **off-colour** /ɒf'kʌlə/ adj not well (NOTE: The US spelling is **off-color**.)

off-duty /, of 'dju:ti/ *adj* who is not on duty

③ **offence** /a'fens/ noun **1**. the state of being offended \circ He took offence when I said he looked bigger than before. **2**. a crime, an act which is against the law \circ He was charged with committing an offence. \circ Since it was his first offence, he was let off with a fine. \diamond to take offence at to be offended by \circ He took offence at being called a coward. \circ Don't take offence – I didn't really mean it.

Offend /ə'fend/ (offends, offending, offended) verb 1. to do or say something that makes someone angry or upset \circ *He offended the whole village by the article he* wrote in the paper. \circ *That wallpaper offends my sense of taste.* 2. to commit a crime \circ *He was released from prison and immediately offended again.*

offender /ə'fendə/ *noun* a person who commits an offence against the law

offense /ə'fens/ noun US spelling of offence

offensive /ə'fensiv/ adj **1**. unpleasant • What an offensive smell! **2**. not polite; rude • The waiter was quite offensive.

① **offer** /'pfə/ noun a thing which is suggested ○ She accepted his offer of a job in Paris. ○ He turned down her offer to drive him to the station. ■ verb (offers, offering,

offered) to suggest doing something for someone or giving someone something \circ *She offered to drive him to the station.* \diamond **on offer** which has been offered \circ *There are several good holiday bargains on offer*.

offering $/ {}^{\circ} \text{Df}(\vartheta)$ rıŋ/ *noun* a thing which is offered; a present

off-guard /of 'go:d/ *adj* not prepared and therefore surprised when something such as an attack happens

offhand /bf^Thænd/ *adv* immediately, without thinking carefully $\circ I$ can't say offhand whether I'll be able to go.

() **office** /'bfis/ noun a room or building where you do work such as writing, telephoning and working at a computer \circ *I'll* be working late at the office this evening. \circ We bought some new office furniture. \circ Dad has his office at the top of the house.

office block /'bfis blbk/ noun a large building containing many offices

office hours / $_1$ pfis ' $_3$ $_9$ $_2$ plural noun the time when an office is open \circ Staff are not allowed to make private calls during office hours.

① **Officer** $/ Dfise / noun a person who holds an official position <math>\circ$ *The customs of-ficer asked me to open my suitcase.*

(2) **official** $/3^{+}f_{1}(3)^{+}(3)^{+}adj_{1}$. relating to an organisation, especially one which is part of a government or some other authority \circ *He left official papers in his car.* \circ *We had an official order from the local authority.* \circ *He represents an official body.* **2.** done or approved by someone in authority \circ *She received an official letter of explanation.* \circ *The strike was made official by the union headquarters.* \blacksquare *noun* a person holding a recognised position \circ *They were met by an official from the embassy.* \circ *I'll ask an official from the social services department to help you.*

officially $\exists | f_1(s) | i / adv 1$. in an official way \circ *He has been officially named as a member of the British team.* \circ *She has been officially named as our representative at the meeting.* **2.** according to what is said in public \circ *Officially, you are not supposed to go in through this door, but everyone does.*

• Officially he knows nothing about the problem, but unofficially he has given us a lot of advice about it.

officious $\partial' f_1 \int s d d very ready to give advice or tell people what to do, especially when the advice is not wanted$

off-licence /'bf ,lais(ə)ns/ *noun* a shop which has a licence to sell alcoholic drinks to be taken away

off-limits /pf 'limits/ adj (of a place) where you are not allowed to go

offline /bf'lain/ *adj* not connected to a computer

off-peak /, bf 'pirk/ adj not at the most busy time \circ *Off-peak fares are considera-* bly less expensive.

off-putting / of 'putin/ adj rather unpleasant or annoying

offset /pf'set/ (**offsets**, **offsetting**, **offset**) verb to balance one thing against another \circ Losses in France more than offset our profits in the domestic market.

offshoot /' of ∫utt/ *noun* something which branches from something else

offside /bf 'satd/ adv (in footbal/) between the ball and the opposing team's goal \circ The goal was disallowed because he was offside. \blacksquare adj referring to the side of a car nearest to the middle of the road \circ Your offside rear light isn't working.

(3) **offspring** /'pfsprin/ (plural same) noun **1**. the young of an animal ○ The mother deer produces her offspring in early spring. **2**. a child or children ○ Her offspring are all very musical.

offstage /pf'steidʒ/ adv outside the area of a stage used for acting

off-the-cuff / $pf \delta \vartheta \ kAf$ / adj, adv made without notes \circ *He was only asked to speak at the last minute, and for an off-the-cuff speech, it was excellent.*

off-the-peg /, pf ðə 'peg/ adj, adv (of *clothes*) which are mass-produced, ready to fit any person of a certain size

off-the-record /bf ði:/ adj (of a statement) said privately and not to be repeated as an official statement or to have the speaker's name published

off-the-wall / pf ðə 'wɔːl/ adj very unusual and strange (informal)

off-white /, pf 'wait/ *adj* yellowish white ① **often** /'pf(a)n/adv on many occasions \circ *I often have to go to town on business.* \circ *Do you eat beef often?* \circ *How often is there a bus to Richmond?* \diamond **every so often** from time to time \circ *We go to the cinema every so often*. **Ogle** /'əʊg(ə)l/ (**ogles**, **ogling**, **ogled**) *verb* to look at someone in a way that shows a sexual interest in them

Ogre /' $\partial ug \partial /$ *noun* an imaginary person in children's stories, who is very large and cruel and eats people \circ *Puss in Boots knocked at the door of the ogre's castle.*

(1) **oh** /əu/ *interj* showing surprise, interest or excitement

0800 number /,ou eit 'handrəd ,nambə/ noun a telephone number that can be rung free of charge

000 *noun* blood clotting which blocks an artery or vein

② **oil** /51l/ noun **1**. a liquid taken from plants and animals, which flows smoothly and is used in cooking \circ *Cook the vegetables in hot oil*. **2**. a thick mineral liquid found mainly underground and used as a fuel or to make something move smoothly \circ *The door squeaks* – *it needs some oil*. \circ *Some of the beaches are covered with oil*. \circ *The company is drilling for oil in the desert.*

oilfield /'ɔɪlfi:ld/ *noun* an area of rock under which oil lies and which can be drilled to take out oil

oil paint /'oil peint/ noun paint made with colours and oil

oil painting /'oil peintin/ noun a picture painted in oil paints

oil rig /'ɔɪl rɪg/ noun a structure for drilling for oil

oil slick /'oil slik/ noun a layer of oil which has spilled into the sea from a tanker or oil rig and which floats on the water

oil tanker /'oɪl ,tæŋkə/ *noun* a large ship specially constructed for carrying oil

oil well /'ɔɪl wel/ noun a hole in the ground from which oil is pumped

ointment /'ointmont/ noun a smooth healing cream which you spread on the skin

OK / \Rightarrow 0'keI/, **okay** *interj* **1.** used for answering 'yes' to a question \circ *Would you like a coffee*? – *OK*! **2.** used for starting to talk about something after a pause \circ '*It's ten o'clock'* – '*OK*, *let's get going'*. **a** *adj* all right \circ *He was off ill yesterday, but he seems to be OK now.* \circ *Is it OK for me to bring the dogs*?

① **old** / \Rightarrow old/ adj **1**. having had a long life \circ My uncle is an old man – he's eightyfour. \circ She lives in an old people's home. **2**. having existed for a long time \circ He collects old cars. \circ Play some old music, I don't like this modern stuff. \circ She's an old friend of mine. **3.** relating to something which has been used for a long time \circ Put on an old shirt if you're going to wash the car. \circ He got rid of his old car and bought a new one. **4.** used with a number to talk about someone's age \circ He's six years old today. \circ How old are you?

old age /əuld 'eɪdʒ/ noun a period of your life when you are old

old age pension /, auld erd3 'penfan/ noun a government pension given to a person who is past retirement age

old age pensioner /, sold erd₃ 'pen $\int(\operatorname{soln}) n \operatorname{sol} n$ a person who has retired and lives on a pension. Abbreviation OAP

old-fashioned /, $\operatorname{ould} \operatorname{fashioned}$ /, $\operatorname{ould} \operatorname{fashioned}$ /, $\operatorname{ould} \operatorname{fashioned}$ clothes.

old flame /əuld 'fleim/ noun a former boyfriend or girlfriend

old hand /ould 'hænd/ noun a person who is very skilled and experienced at doing something

old hat /əuld 'hæt/ adj old-fashioned or out of date (*informal*)

old-time /'ould taim/ adj done in an old-fashioned way

old wives' tale /əuld 'waɪvz teɪl/ noun an old, and often silly, idea

old-world /'əold w3:ld/ adj old-fashioned in a way that is liked o *This hotel still* provides old-world hospitality.

Olive /'blv/ noun a small black or green fruit from which oil is made for use in cooking \circ Olives are grown in Mediterranean countries like Spain, Greece and Italy. \circ Which do you prefer – green or black olives?

olive branch /'pliv bra:nt∫/ noun a sign of peace

olive oil / pliv 'oil/ noun an oil made from olives

omelette /'pmlət/ *noun* a dish made of beaten eggs, cooked in a frying pan and folded over before serving, with various fillings inside (NOTE: The US spelling is **omelet**.)

omen /'əumən/ noun a thing that indicates what will happen in the future

ominous /'pminəs/ *adj* threatening bad results

(3) **omission** $/\Im o^{1}mij(\Im)n/$ noun **1**. the act of omitting \circ We were surprised at the omission of his name from the list of candidates. **2**. a thing which has been omitted \circ I can think of at least two obvious omissions from your list of famous playwrights: Shakespeare and Shaw!

omit / ϑ o'mit/ (**omits, omitting, omitted**) *verb* to leave something out \circ *She omitted the date when she signed the contract.*

omnipotent /pm'n1pət(ə)nt/ adj allpowerful

(1) **on** /pn/ prep 1. on the top or surface of something \circ *Put the box down on the floor.* • Flies can walk on the ceiling. 2. hanging from \circ Hang your coat on the hook. **3.** showing movement or place o A crowd of children got on the train. \circ The picture's on page three. \circ The post office is on the lefthand side of the street. 4. doing something ○ I have to go to Germany on business. ○ We're off on holiday tomorrow. 5. referring to a time, date or day \circ The shop is open on Sundays. \circ We went to see my mother on my birthday. 6. a means of travel o You can go there on foot – it only takes five minutes. • She came on her motorbike. 7. using an instrument or machine \circ He played some music on the piano. \circ The song is available on CD. \circ He was on the telephone for most of the morning. \circ The film was on TV last night. ■ adv 1. being worn ○ Have you all got your wellingtons on? o The central heating was off, so he kept his coat on in the house. **2.** operating \circ Have you put the *kettle on*? \circ *The heating is on*. \circ *She left all* the lights on. \circ She turned the engine on. \circ *He switched the TV on*. **3.** being shown or played o What's on at the theatre this week?

on and off / <code>pn and 'pf/ adv not contin-uously but with breaks in between breaks in between breaks in between betwe</code>

(1) **ONCE** /wAns/adv 1, one time \circ Take the tablets once a day. \circ The magazine comes out once a month. o 'How many times did you go to the cinema last year?' - 'Only once'. **2.** at a time in the past \circ Once, when it was snowing, the car skidded into a ditch. \circ He's someone I knew once when I worked in London. **con** as soon as o Once he starts talking you can't get him to stop. \circ Once we've moved house I'll give *you a phone call.* \diamond **once and for all** finally ○ I'll tell you once and for all 'stop talking!'. • The government wants to eradicate poverty once and for all. \diamond once in a while from time to time \circ It's nice to go and have an Indian meal once in a while.

oncoming /'onkAmIŋ/ adj coming towards you

() **one** /wAN/ noun **1**. the number 1 **2**. a single item \circ Have a toffee – oh dear, there's only one left! \blacksquare pron a single thing

 \circ Which hat do you like best – the black one or the red one? \circ One of the staff will help you carry the box to your car. \circ I've lost my map – have you got one? \circ Small cars use less petrol than big ones. \diamond one or two a few \circ One or two people stayed behind to chat. \diamond in ones and twos a few at a time \circ The guests were arriving in ones and twos. \diamond last but one the one before the last \circ This is the last weekend but one before Christmas. \diamond one by one one after another \circ He ate all the chocolates one by one. \circ They came in one by one and sat in a row at the back of the hall.

one another $/wAn = nA\delta = / adj$, pron each other \circ *We write to one another every week.*

1471 /₁wAn fo: $sev(\vartheta)n$ 'wAn/ noun a telephone number that you can use to find out who was the last person to telephone you

one-man /won 'mæn/ *adj* consisting of, designed for, featuring or performed, run or worked by only one person

one-night stand /,wAn naɪt 'stænd/ noun 1. a stop for a single performance of a play or by a pop group, before moving to another theatre the following night 2. a sexual relationship which lasts for only one night (*informal*)

one-off /won'of/ *adj* which is done, happens or is made only once \circ *It's a one-off bargain*.

one-on-one /wʌn ɒn 'wʌn/ adj US same as one-to-one

one-person /wAn 'p3:s(ϑ)n/ *adj* consisting of, designed for, featuring or performed, run or worked by only one person (3) **oneself** /wAn'self/ *pron* referring to the person speaking as an indefinite subject **one-sided** / wAn 'satdtd/ *adj* dealing

with or favouring one side only **one-time** /'wAn taIm/ adj former

one-to-one /_{wAn} tə 'wAn/ adj where one person has to deal with one other person only \circ *The two presidents had a oneto-one conversation.* \circ *She is taking a oneto-one Spanish conversation course.*

one-track mind /,wAn træk 'maind/ *noun* **to have (got) a one-track mind** to think too much about one thing, especially sex

one-upmanship /wan 'apmonjip/ *noun* the practice of trying to do better than another person so as to appear superior to him or her

③ **ONE-WAY** / WAN 'WEI/ *adj* going in one direction only

one-woman /wAn 'womən/ adj consisting of, designed for, featuring or performed, run or worked by only one person ongoing /'bngəoiŋ/ adj which is continuing

③ **onion** /'Anjən/ *noun* a round, strongtasting vegetable which is made up of many layers

online ("bnlain/ adj, adv directly connected to a computer \circ *You need to know the password to access the data online.*

onlooker /'pnlukə/ *noun* a person who watches an event

① **Only** /'aunli/ adj without others of the same type \circ Don't break it - it's the only one I've got. \blacksquare adv 1. with no one or nothing else \circ We've only got ten pounds between us. \circ Only an accountant can deal with this problem. \circ This lift is for staff only. 2. as recently as \circ We saw her only last week. \circ Only yesterday the bank phoned for information. \blacksquare conj but, except \circ I would have arrived on time, only the train was late. \diamond **only just** almost not \diamond **only too** very much

only child /, ϑ onli 't $\int a I d/$ *noun* son or daughter who has no other brothers or sisters

on-off /bn 'bf/ *adj* something which keeps on starting and stopping

On-screen / on 'skriin/ adj, adv on a computer screen rather than on paper \circ *Most of our design work is done on-screen.*

③ **Onset** /'pnset/ noun beginning

onslaught /'pnsloit/ noun a sudden severe attack

() **Onto** /'ontə, 'ontu, 'ontu:/ prep on or to something \circ The speaker went up onto the platform. \circ The door opens directly onto the garden. \circ Turn the box onto its side.

onus /'əunəs/ *noun* a responsibility for doing something difficult

onward /'pnwəd/ adj further forward \circ Nothing can stop the onward march of computer technology.

onwards /'onwədz/ *adv* further forwards **ooh!** /u!/ *interj* showing surprise or shock (*informal*)

oops! /u:ps/ interj showing surprise or that you are sorry (informal)

OOZE /u:z/ (**oozes**, **oozing**, **oozed**) verb (of liquid) to flow slowly

opal $/' \operatorname{sup}(\operatorname{a}) l/$ noun a semi-precious white stone with changing colours

opaque /əu'peik/ adj 1. which you cannot see through, but which does allow light through \circ The surface of the glass is treated to make it opaque. \circ Opaque black tights are the fashion this winter. **2.** difficult to understand \circ The meaning of the document is completely opaque to me. \circ Her writings are notorious for being opaque to non-specialists.

(1) **Open** /'aupan/ adj 1. not shut \circ The safe door is open. \circ Leave the window open – it's very hot in here. 2. available for use by or the enjoyment of the public \circ Is the supermarket open on Sundays? \circ The show is open from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. \circ The competition is open to anyone over the age of fifteen. \blacksquare verb (opens, opening, opened) 1. to make something open \circ Can you open the door for me, I'm trying to carry these heavy boxes? \circ Don't open the envelope until tomorrow. 2. to start doing something, to start a business \circ A new restaurant is going to open next door to us. \circ Most shops open early in the morning.

open up phrasal verb **1**. to start working \circ A new bookshop has opened up next door. **2**. to make available for use \circ We are opening up the park to visitors.

open air /, \exists op \exists n' (\exists) *noun* a place outside which is not covered or hidden \circ We keep the plants in the greenhouse during the winter, but bring them out into the open air in the summer.

open-air /'əupən eə/ adj in the open, not in a building

open day /'əupən deɪ/ *noun* a day when a building is open to the public

open-ended /, əupən 'endud/ adj with no fixed limit and with some items not specified

(3) **opener** /'əʊp(ə)nə/ noun a piece of equipment for opening things such as tins or bottles

open house /əʊpən 'haʊs/ *noun* a situation when people are welcome to visit at any time

③ **opening** /'əʊp(ə)nıŋ/ noun **1**. the action of becoming open ○ The opening of the exhibition has been postponed. ○ The office opening times are 9.30 to 5.30. **2**. a hole or space [~in] ○ The cows got out through an opening in the wall.

opening hours /'əʊp(ə)nıŋ aʊəz/ plural noun the times that a business such as a shop or bank is working and open to the public

opening night /,əʊp(ə)nɪŋ 'naɪt/ *noun* the first evening performance when a new film or play is shown (NOTE: for a play also **first night**) to car thieves. (3) **openly** /'əupənli/ adv in a frank and open way

open market /,əʊpən 'mɑːkɪt/ noun a market where anyone can buy or sell

open-minded /,əupən 'maındıd/ adj not having prejudices or fixed opinions and willing to listen to other people's ideas

open-mouthed /,əupən 'mauðd/ adj with the mouth open in surprise or shock

openness /'aupanas/ noun the state of being open

open-plan /, $\exists op \exists n \ | plan/ adj$ describing a building or an area of a building with no internal walls to divide it up \circ an openplan school \circ open-plan offices

opera /' $pp(\vartheta)r\vartheta$ / *noun* a performance on a stage with music in which the words are sung and not spoken

opera house /'pp(ə)rə haʊs/ noun a theatre in which operas are performed

② Operate /'ppəreit/ (operates, operating, operated) verb 1. to make something work o He knows how to operate the machine. O She is learning how to operate the new telephone switchboard. 2. to treat a patient by cutting open the body [~on] o She was operated on by our top surgeons

③ **operating system** / 'ppəreiting ,sistəm/ *noun* basic software that controls the running of the hardware on a computer, and the management of data files, without the user having to operate it

operating theatre /'ppəreitiŋ, θ_{13} , $\theta_$

() **Operation** /, $pp \exists ret J(\exists)n/noun$ 1. an organised action to achieve a specific goal \circ *The rescue operation was successful.* 2. a treatment when a surgeon cuts open the body [-on] \circ *She's had three operations on her leg.* \circ *The operation lasted almost two hours.* \diamond to come into operation to begin to be applied \circ *The new schedules came into operation on June 1st.*

operational /, $pp \Rightarrow rei (3)n = 1/adj 1.$ referring to the working of something \circ *The operational procedure is described in the manual.* **2.** ready for use \circ *The new set-up will be fully operational by next year.*

operative / 'pp(ə)rət1v/ *adj* working or in operation **■** *noun* a worker, especially one

who operates a machine, etc. \circ *The factory used to employ two hundred operatives.*

③ **Operator** /' pppreit \Rightarrow / noun **1**. a person who works instruments, etc. \circ *He's a computer operator*. \circ *She's a machine operator*. **2**. a person who works a telephone switchboard \circ *Dial 0 for the operator*. \circ *You can place a call through* or *via the operator*. **3**. a person who organises things

ophthalmologist /,pfθæl'mplədʒist/ noun a doctor who treats diseases of the eye. Compare **optician**, **optometrist**

① opinion /ə'pinjən/ noun what someone thinks about something [~on/~of] ○ She has an opinion on every subject. ○ What's your opinion of their latest album? ○ In my opinion, we should wait until the weather gets warmer before we go on holiday.

opinionated /ə'pınjəneıtıd/ adj with strong fixed opinions

(3) **opinion poll** /ə'pınjən pəol/ noun asking a sample group of people questions, so as to get the probable opinion of the whole population

opium /'əupiəm/ *noun* a drug made from a type of poppy, used in the preparation of codeine and heroin

③ **opponent** /ə'pəunənt/ noun 1. a person or group which is against something $[-of] \circ Opponents of the planned motorway$ have occupied the site. 2. (in boxing, anelection, etc.) a person who fights someone $else <math>\circ$ His opponent in the election is a local councillor. \circ He knocked out his last three opponents.

opportune /'opətju:n/ *adj* happening by chance at the right time

opportunist /,ppə'tju:nist/ noun a person who takes advantage of opportunities, especially at the expense of others (NOTE: + **opportunism** n)

opportunistic /, opət ju: 'nıstık/ *adj* trying to take advantage from an opportunity which is offered

① **opportunity** /,opə'tju:nɪti/ (plural **opportunities**) noun a chance or circumstances which allow you to do something [-for] ○ When you were in London, did you have much opportunity for sightseeing? ○ I'd like to take this opportunity to thank all members of staff for the work they have done over the past year.

③ **OPPOSE** /ə'pəUZ/ (**opposes**, **opposing**, **opposed**) verb **1**. to put yourself against someone in an election \circ She is opposing him in the election. **2**. to try to prevent something happening \circ Several groups oppose the new law.

opposed to

opposed to /ə'pəuzd tu!/ adj not agreeing with \circ He is opposed to the government's policy on education.

opposing /ə'pəuziŋ/ adj **1.** playing, fighting or arguing against you \circ *The players on the opposing side refused to shake hands with us.* \circ *He fouled a member of the opposing team.* **2.** which is the opposite \circ *She holds quite opposing views to mine.*

② **opposite** /'pppzIt/ prep on the other side of, facing \circ I work in the offices opposite the railway station. \circ She sat down opposite me. \blacksquare adj which is on the other side \circ The shop's not on this side of the street – it's on the opposite side. \circ Her van hit a tree on the opposite side of the road. \circ Her van was hit by a lorry going in the opposite direction. \blacksquare noun something which is completely different \circ 'Black' is the opposite of 'white.' \circ She's just the opposite of her brother – he's tall and thin, she's short and fat. \circ He likes to say one thing, and then do the opposite.

① **opposition** /, $ppa'zI \int (a)n/noun 1$. the action of opposing [~between/~to] \circ *There was a lot of opposition to the company's plans to build a supermarket.* **2**. (*in politics*) the party or group which opposes the government \circ *The leader of the opposition rose to speak.* \circ *The party lost the election and is now in opposition.*

Oppress /ə'pres/ (**oppresses**, **oppressing**, **oppressed**) *verb* **1**. to make people suffer, especially by harsh government \circ *The barons oppressed the peasants*. **2**. to make someone feel shut in and depressed \circ *The atmosphere in this office really oppresses me.* \circ *Playing in India for the first time, the members of the team felt oppressed by the heat.* (NOTE: + **oppression** *n*)

oppressed /ə'prest/ *adj* treated in a cruel and unfair way

oppressive \neg pressiv/ adj **1**. cruel and unfair in using power \circ Under the general's oppressive regime, ordinary citizens were afraid to speak out against the government. **2**. making someone feel trapped and depressed \circ There's a very oppressive atmosphere in the office. **3**. referring to unpleasant hot weather without any wind

oppressor /ə'presə/ *noun* a person who oppresses others

Opt / ppt/ (**opts**, **opting**, **opted**) *verb* to decide in favour of something \circ *In the end*, *she opted for a little black dress*.

opt out (3) *phrasal verb* to decide not to take part in something \circ *She decided to opt out of the pension scheme.* \circ *I think*

I'll opt out if you don't mind. \circ He opted out of the trip because he couldn't afford the price of a ticket.

optic /'ppt1k/ adj referring to the eye or to sight

③ **optical** /'opt1k(ə)l/ *adj* referring to the eyes or to eyesight

optical illusion /,ppt1k(ə)l 1'lu:3(ə)n/ noun a thing which appears different from what it really is because your eye doesn't recognise it

(3) **optician** $/pp'ti \int (a)n/$ noun a person who tests your eyes and sells glasses

optics /'opt1ks/ *noun* the study of sight and light rays

optimal /'pptIm(ə)l/ adj referring to the best or most desirable (*formal*)

optimism /'pptimiz(ə)m/ noun a belief or attitude that everything is as good as it can be or will work out for the best in the future

optimist /'pptImIst/ noun a person who believes everything will work out for the best in the end

optimistic / pptI'mIstIk/ *adj* a feeling that everything will work out for the best

optimum /'pptIməm/ adj best \circ The market offers optimum conditions for sales. \circ What is the optimum speed for fuel consumption?

() **option** $/ \operatorname{bp} \operatorname{fen} / \operatorname{noun} a$ choice, other possible action \circ *One option would be to sell the house.*

optional /' $pp \int(\partial n(\partial l) dj$ which may or may not be chosen

optometrist /bp'tbmətrist/ *noun* a person who tests your eyesight, prescribes and sells glasses or contact lenses, etc.

opulent /'opjulant/ adj rich, luxurious or splendid

() Or /5:/ conj 1. used for joining two parts of a sentence which show two possibilities \circ You can come with us in the car or just take the bus. \circ Do you prefer tea or coffee? \circ Was he killed in an accident or was he murdered? \circ The film starts at 6.30 or 6.45, I can't remember which. 2. used for showing that you are not sure about an amount \circ Five or six people came into the shop. \circ It costs three or four dollars.

oral J' or adj spoken rather than written down \circ *There is an oral test as well as a written one.*

③ **orange** /'brind3/ noun **1**. a sweet, brightly coloured Mediterranean fruit o roast duck and orange sauce o She had a glass of orange juice and a cup of coffee for breakfast. **2.** a yellowish-red colour, like that of an orange \blacksquare adj of the colour of an orange

orator /' prətə/ noun a person who speaks well in public \circ One of best orators in Parliament.

oratory /'prət(ə)ri/ *noun* the art of making formal public speeches

orbit /'ɔ:bit/ noun the curved path of something moving through space \circ The rocket will put the satellite into orbit round the earth. • verb (orbits, orbiting, orbited) to move in a curved path round something \circ The satellite orbits the earth once every five hours.

orchard /'<code>ɔ:tfəd/</code> noun a field of fruit trees

orchestra /'ɔ:kɪstrə/ noun a large group of musicians who play together o the London Symphony Orchestra

orchestrate /'ɔ:kistreit/ (**orchestrates**, **orchestrating**, **orchestrated**) *verb* **1**. to arrange a piece of music for an orchestra \circ *Mussorgsky's* '*Pictures at an Exhibition' was orchestrated by Ravel*. **2**. to organise a demonstration \circ *They orchestrated the protest marches in such a way as to get them on the TV news every evening*.

orchid /'ɔ:kId/ *noun* a plant with colourful showy flowers, which, in the wild, often grows on other plants

ordain /ɔ:'deɪn/ (**ordains, ordaining, ordained**) verb **1.** to make someone a priest or a member of the clergy in a formal ceremony \circ He was ordained in Canterbury Cathedral. **2.** to order that something be done \circ The king ordained that all children over five had to be registered with the tax authorities. \circ Fate ordained that the children would never see their father again.

③ **ordeal** /ɔː'diːl/ *noun* a painful test or difficult time

(1) order /'ordə/ noun 1. an instruction to someone to do something o He shouted orders to the workmen. • If you can't obey orders you can't be a soldier. 2. a request to buy something, or the thing requested [~for] • We've had a large order for books from *Russia.* \circ *She gave the waitress her order.* **3.** a special way of organising things in a sequence \circ Put the invoices in order of their dates. 4. a situation in which rules or laws are obeyed without unrest or violence • Problems of law and order are important to the local authorities. \circ The army entered the university campus and managed to restore order. verb (orders, ordering, or**dered**) 1. to tell someone to do something

o They ordered the protesters out of the building. \circ The doctor ordered him to take four weeks' holiday. 2. (of a customer) to ask for something to be served or to be sent • They ordered chicken and chips and some wine. \circ *I've ordered a new computer* for the office. O They ordered a Rolls Royce for the managing director. \diamond out of order not working o You'll have to use the stairs, the lift is out of order. \diamond in order correct, valid \circ Are his papers in order? \diamond in order to used for showing why something is done • She called out all their names in order to check who was there. \circ He looked under the car in order to see if there was an oil leak.

order about(3) phrasal verb to tell someone what to do all the time

orderly /'ɔːdəli/ noun a person who does general work

ordinarily $f'\mathfrak{I}(\mathfrak{I}(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrak{n}(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn)(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrak{n}(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrak{n}(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrak{n}(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn)(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I}))\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I}))\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrakn(\mathfrak{I})$

Ordinary /'ɔ:d(ə)n(ə)ri/ adj not special
 I'll wear my ordinary suit to the wedding.
 They lead a very ordinary life. ◊ out of the ordinary unusual or different ○ Their flat is quite out of the ordinary.

ordination $/_{,\mathfrak{I}}$:dr'ne1 $\int(\mathfrak{I})n/$ noun the act or ceremony of ordaining someone as a priest

ore /ɔː/ noun a type of stone found in the earth from which metals are obtained (NOTE: Do not confuse with **oar**.)

oregano /,pri'gainəu/ noun a herb used in cooking

③ **organ** /'ɔ:gən/ noun **1**. a part of the body with a special function, such as the heart or liver ○ He was badly injured and some of his organs had stopped functioning. **2**. a musical instrument which is often played in churches with one or more keyboards and many pipes through which air is pumped to make a sound ○ She played the organ at our wedding. ○ The organ played the 'Wedding March' as the bride and groom walked down the aisle.

organic /or'gænik/ adj relating to living things

organisation /, \Im :gənai'zei $J(\Im)n/$, **organization** noun **1**. the act of arranging something \circ The organisation of the meeting is done by the secretary. **2**. an organised group or institution \circ He's chairman of an organisation which looks after blind people. \circ International relief organisations are sending supplies. **organisational** $/_1$: g: g: a: f(ϑ)n(ϑ)l/, **organizational** *adj* relating to the way in which something is organised

Organise *I*'Digonalz' (organises, organising, organised), organize verb 1. to arrange something \circ She is responsible for organising the meeting. \circ We organised ourselves into two groups. \circ The company is organised in three sections. **2.** to put into good order \circ We have put her in charge of organising the city archives.

organised /'ɔ:gənaizd/, **organized** *adj* **1.** (*of a person*) working efficiently and according to a plan **2.** (*of an activity*) planned carefully, and involving many different people or elements

organiser /'ɔːɡənaɪzə/, organizer noun a person who arranges things

③ organism /'ɔːɡənɪz(ə)m/ noun a living thing

organist /'ɔːɡənɪst/ noun a person who plays the organ

orgasm /'ɔ:gæz(ə)m/ *noun* the climax of a sexual act, when a person experiences a moment of great excitement

Orgy /' \circ :d3i/ (plural **orgies**) noun **1**. an uncontrolled party with drinking, dancing and sexual activity \circ *The celebrations rapidly became a drunken orgy.* \circ *Jenny's birthday party turned into an all-night orgy.* **2**. an uncontrolled activity \circ *an orgy of spending*

oriental /, orri'ent(ə)l/ adj referring to the countries of East Asia (dated)

orientation /,o:riən'teɪ $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. the attitudes, views or aims of a person or organisation **2**. the process of helping people to get to know a place, job or subject **3**. the direction that something faces, or the line of that direction in relation to the compass

(2) **origin** /'brid3in/ noun where something or someone comes from \circ What is the origin of the word 'taboo'? \circ His family has French origins.

① **original** / σ 'rɪdʒən(ϑ)l/ adj 1. new and interesting \circ The planners have produced some very original ideas for the new town centre. 2. not a copy \circ They sent a copy of the original invoice. \circ He kept the original receipt for reference. \blacksquare noun a thing from which other things are copied \circ Send a copy of the letter but keep the original.

originality /ə,rɪdʒɪ'nælɪti/ *noun* the fact of being original, new or different

(2) **originally** $/ \vartheta' r I d_3 \vartheta I (\vartheta) li / a dv$ in the beginning \circ Originally it was mine, but I gave it to my brother. \circ The family origi-

nally came from France in the 18th century.

originate /ə'rɪdʒɪneɪt/ (**originates**, **originating**, **originated**) *verb* **1**. to begin, to start from or to have a beginning \circ *This strain of flu originated in Hong Kong*. \circ *His problems at work originated from home*. **2**. to make for the first time

originator /ə'rɪdʒə,neɪtə/ *noun* someone who begins, creates or invents something

(3) **ornament** /'ɔ:nəmənt/ noun a small object used as decoration \circ There's a row of china ornaments on the mantelpiece.

ornamental /, $\mathfrak{o}:n\mathfrak{d}$ 'ment(\mathfrak{d})]/ adj 1. acting as an ornament $\circ A$ box with ornamental carvings on its sides. 2. pretty rather than useful \circ The table is purely ornamental: it's far too small to use as a dining table.

ornate /or'neit/ adj with too much ornamentation

ornithology /,ɔːnɪ'θɒlədʒi/ *noun* the study of birds (NOTE: + **ornithologist** *n*)

orphan /' \Im :f(ϑ)n/ noun a child whose parents are dead \circ She's an orphan – both her parents were killed in a car crash. \blacksquare verb (orphans, orphaning, orphaned) to make someone an orphan \circ Hundreds of children were orphaned during the war.

orphanage $/'\mathfrak{I}(\mathfrak{I})\mathfrak{n}\mathfrak{I}\mathfrak{d}\mathfrak{I}/\mathfrak{n}\mathfrak{oun}$ a home where orphans are looked after

orthodox /'ɔ:θədbks/ *adj* **1**. holding the generally accepted beliefs of a religion or a philosophy \circ *The Chancellor of the Exchequer is following orthodox financial principles.* **2**. observing traditional religious practices very strictly

orthodoxy /' \circ : θ =doksi/ (plural orthodoxies) noun an opinion that is generally accepted at a particular time \circ He challenged the orthodoxies of the scientific establishment.

orthopaedic /, ɔ:θə'pi:dɪk/ adj referring to the treatment of bones and joints

OSCILLATE /'DSILET/ (**OSCILLATES**, **OSCILLATE ing**, **OSCILLATE**) *verb* to swing from one side to the other (NOTE: + **OSCILLATE**)

osmosis /bz'məusis/ *noun* the movement of a solution from one part through a semi-permeable membrane to another part

ostensible /b'stensib(ϑ)l/ *adj* which seems on the surface to be real, when in fact it is not

ostentatious / psten'teifs/ adj looking showy and expensive, so as to impress **osteopathy** /, psti'ppəθi/ noun a treatment for some medical conditions that involves massaging and bending parts of the body

osteoporosis /, pstiaupo:'rausis/ noun a condition where the bones become thin, porous and brittle, because of lack of calcium and lack of physical exercise

Ostracise /'bstrəsaiz/ (**ostracises**, **ostracising**, **ostracised**), **ostracize** *verb* to refuse to talk to somebody or allow them to be part of a group

Ostrich /'pstrit \int / (*plural* **ostriches** or *same*) *noun* a very large bird which cannot fly but which can run fast, and is found in Africa

① **other** $I' \wedge \delta \partial / adj$, pron 1. a different person or thing \circ We went swimming while the other members of the group sat and watched. $\circ I$ don't like chocolate cakes – can I have one of the others? $\circ I'm$ fed up with that restaurant – can't we go to some other place? **2.** second one of two \circ He has two cars – one is red, and the other one is blue. \circ One of their daughters is fat, but the other is quite thin. **•** plural noun **others** other people or things $\circ I'll$ have to ask the others if they agree. \circ Are there any others in the box?

① **otherwise** $I' \land \delta \ni \text{waiz} / adv$ **1.** apart from something just mentioned \circ Your little boy can be noisy sometimes, but otherwise he's an excellent pupil. **2.** if not, or else \circ Are you sure you can come on Tuesday? – Otherwise I'll have to give the tickets to someone else.

OTT abbr over the top (*informal*) \circ *Throwing the letter on the floor and stamping on it was a bit OTT.*

otter /'ptə/ *noun* a small fish-eating mammal with webbed feet living mainly by rivers

ouch $|aut \int / interj$ showing that you have been hurt \circ *Ouch! That was my foot you trod on!*

ought /s:t/ modal verb 1. it would be a good thing to ~ You ought to go swimming more often. ~ You ought to see the doctor if your cough doesn't get better. ~ He oughtn't to eat so much - he'll get fat. ~ The travel agent ought to have told you the hotel was full before you went on holiday.
 used for showing that you expect something to happen or to be the case ~ She ought to pass her driving test easily. ~ He left his office at six, so he ought to be home by now. (NOTE: The negative is ought not or, especially in speaking, oughtn't. Ought

is always followed by **to** and a verb in the infinitive.)

oughtn't short for ought not

(3) **OUNCE** /auns/ noun a measure of weight, equal to 28 grams (NOTE: usually written **oz** after figures: *3oz of butter*, say 'three ounces of butter')

① **OUT** /auə/ adj belonging to us \circ Our office is near the station. \circ Our cat is missing again. \circ Two of our children caught flu. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **hour**.)

① **OUTS** $|a \cup a \cup z|$ pron a thing or person that belongs to us \circ That house over there is ours. \circ Friends of ours told us that the restaurant was good. \circ Can we borrow your car, because ours is being serviced? (NOTE: Do not confuse with **hours**.)

 Ourselves /aυ∂'selvz/ pron to for referring back to the subject pronoun 'we' ○ We all organised ourselves into two teams.
 We were enjoying ourselves when the police came.

OUST /aust/ (**ousts**, **ousting**, **ousted**) *verb* to force someone to leave a position

① **Out** /aut/ adv **1.** away from inside \circ How did the tiger get out of its cage? \circ She pulled out a box of matches. \circ Take the computer out of its packing case. **2.** not at home \circ No one answered the phone – they must all be out.

outbid /aut'bid/ (**outbids**, **outbidding**, **outbidded**) *verb* to bid higher than someone else

outbox /'aut_boks/ noun US an out tray

outbreak /'aotbreik/ noun a sudden series of cases of an illness or unrest \circ the outbreak of war \circ There has been an outbreak of measles at the school.

outburst /'autb3:st/ noun a sudden display of violent emotion \circ *The boss is prone to sudden outbursts of enthusiasm.*

outcast /'autka:st/ *noun* a person who has been rejected by society, or driven away from a group

outclass /,aut'klats/ (**outclasses**, **outclassing**, **outclassed**) *verb* to be significantly better than other people at doing something

③ **outcome** /'autk∧m/ noun a result ○ The outcome of the match was in doubt until the final few minutes. ○ What was the outcome of the appeal?

outcrop /'autkrop/ noun a rock which sticks out of the surface of the ground

outcry /'autkrai/ noun a loud protest from a number of people

outdated /aut'dertid/ adj old-fashioned

outdo /aut'dui/ (outdoing, outdid, outdone) *verb* to do better than

③ **outdoor** /aut 'do:/ adj in the open air

③ **outdoors** /aut'do:z/ adv in the open air, not inside a building \circ The ceremony is usually held outdoors. \circ Why don't we take our coffee outdoors and sit in the sun? \circ The concert will be held outdoors if the weather is good. (NOTE: You can also say **out of doors.**)

(3) **Outer** /'autə/ adj on the outside o Though the outer surface of the pie was hot, the inside was still cold.

outermost /'autəməust/ adj furthest out or furthest from the centre

outer space / autə 'speis/ *noun* the area beyond the Earth's atmosphere

③ **outfit** /'autfit/ noun a set of clothes, often worn for a particular purpose \circ She bought a new outfit for the wedding. \circ For the fancy dress party she wore a nurse's outfit.

outflank /aut'flænk/ (outflanks, outflanking, outflanked) verb to go round the side of an enemy

outgoing /, aut'goun/ adj 1. referring to a phone call or post which is going out of a building \circ an outgoing call \circ He hurried to catch the outgoing post. **2.** lively, who likes to be with others \circ He has a very outgoing personality. **3.** referring to someone who is leaving a job \circ She proposed a vote of thanks to the outgoing chairman.

outgoings /'autgouŋz/ plural noun regular expenditure

Outgrow /aut'grəu/ (outgrows, outgrowing, outgrew, outgrown) verb 1. to grow too big for clothes \circ *She's already outgrown the dress I bought her for Christmas.* 2. to change your behaviour as you grow up \circ *We hoped they'd soon outgrow that sort of behaviour.* (NOTE: You can also say to grow out of.)

outing $/\operatorname{autin}/\operatorname{noun}$ a short trip \circ The children went on an outing to the seaside.

outlandish /aut'lændi \int / adj strange or different from the usual

outlast /,aut'loist/ (**outlasts**, **outlasting**, **outlasted**) *verb* to exist longer than another person or thing or to be successful for longer than another thing

Outlaw /'autlo:/ verb (**outlaws**, **outlawing**, **outlawed**) **1**. to say that something is unlawful \circ *The government has proposed a bill to outlaw drinking in public*. **2**. to declare someone to be beyond the protection of the law (old) \circ *The leader of the bandits was outlawed and fled into the mountains*. ■ noun a person who has been outlawed (dated) ○ They read about Robin Hood, the famous English outlaw.

outlay /'autles/ noun money spent

outlet /'autlet/ noun 1. a place where something can be sold or distributed \circ He owns a small number of clothing outlets in south-east London. 2. the means by which an idea or feeling can get out \circ He did weight-lifting as an outlet for his stress at work.

outline /'autlaɪn/ *noun* a line showing the outer edge of something

outlive /aot 'liv/ (**outlives**, **outliving**, **outlived**) verb **1**. to live longer than someone \circ He outlived all his brothers and sisters. \circ She outlived her husband by twenty years. **2**. to last longer than something \Box **to outlive its usefulness** to be no longer any use \circ Our old telephone system has outlived its usefulness.

outlook /'autlok/ noun **1**. a view of the world in general \circ His gloomy outlook on life shows in his novels. **2**. a view of what will happen in the future \circ We think the outlook for the company is excellent. \circ The outlook for tomorrow's weather is mainly sunny with some rain. \circ The economic outlook is not good.

outlying /'autlaiin/ adj away from a town or city

Outmanoeuvre /,aotmə'nuːvə/ (outmanoeuvres, outmanoeuvring, outmanoeuvred) verb to gain an advantage over someone by acting or working more cleverly (NOTE: The US spelling is outmaneuver.)

outmoded /aut'məudid/ adj old-fash-ioned

outnumber /aot 'nAmbə/ (**outnumbers**, **outnumbering**, **outnumbered**) *verb* to be greater in number than something

() out of date $/_1$ aut $\Rightarrow v \det Adj 1$. without recent information 2. no longer in fashion \circ Flared trousers are rather out of date.

out of the way /, aut $\exists v \delta \exists wei/adj$ not near any main town \circ They live in an out of the way village in the West Country.

out-of-town /,aut əv 'taun/ adj not near to a town centre

outpatient /'autperf(\Im)nt/ noun a person who goes to a hospital for treatment, without staying there overnight

outperform /,autpə'fɔ:m/ (outperforms, outperforming, outperformed) *verb* to do something better or more quickly than somebody or something else **outplay** /,aut'ple1/ (outplays, outplaying, outplayed) verb to play better than someone else

outpost /'autpoust/ noun a small town or small fort in a distant part of an occupied territory

outpouring /'aot,poirin/ *noun* the sudden expression of a strong emotion or production of something in large amounts

(2) **Output** /'aotpot/ noun an amount which a firm, machine or person produces \circ The factory has doubled its output in the last six months.

outrage /'aotreidʒ/ noun 1. a strong feeling of anger because something very unfair or cruel has happened [~over/at] \circ There was outrage at the way he had been treated. 2. a shocking or violent event \circ terrorist outrages 3. something that makes you very angry \circ I think the extra tax on fuel is an outrage! \blacksquare verb (outrages, outraging, outraged) to shock, to be a cause of great indignation \circ His behaviour outraged his parents.

outrageous /aut'reidʒəs/ *adj* causing indignation and shock

outright /,aut'rait/ adj complete \circ The play was an outright success. \circ She's the outright winner of the competition. \blacksquare adv1. openly \circ He told me outright that he didn't like me. 2. immediately \circ The van hit him and he was killed outright.

3 outset /'autset/ noun the beginning

① **outside** /'autsaid/ noun the outer surface or the part which is not inside \circ He polished the outside of his car. \circ The apple was red and shiny on the outside, but rotten inside. \blacksquare adj which is on the outer surface \circ The outside walls of the house are made of brick. \blacksquare adv not inside a building \circ It's beautiful and warm outside in the garden. \circ The dog's all wet – it must be raining outside.

③ **outsider** /aut'saIdə/ noun a person who does not belong to a group \circ She has always been a bit of an outsider.

outspoken /aut'spəukən/ adj speaking very frankly

(3) **outstanding** /aut 'stændin/ adj excellent or of a very high standard or quality o an antique Chinese vase of outstanding quality o Her performance was outstanding.

outstrip /aut'strip/ (**outstrips**, **outstripping**, **outstripped**) verb 1. to go faster than someone \circ They outstripped everybody else in their new boat. \circ She outstripped all the other competitors to win the race. 2. to do better than someone \circ Japanese firms have been outstripping their American rivals.

outward /'autwod/ adj, adv 1. towards the outside or away from the centre or starting point \circ *The outward journey takes* about six hours. 2. on the outside \circ *His out*ward appearance belies his true character.

outwardly /'autwədli/ *adv* as it seems on the outside

outwards /'autwodz/ *adv* towards the outside or away from the centre or starting point

(3) **outweigh** /aut 'wei/ (outweighs, outweighing, outweighed) *verb* to be more important than something

outwit /aut'wit/ (**outwits**, **outwitting**, **outwitted**) *verb* to trick someone by being cleverer than they are

oval $/| \vartheta \cup v(\vartheta) | /$ noun a long round shape similar to an egg, but flat \bullet adj with this shape \circ The pie was cooked in an oval bowl.

OVARY /'əʊv(ə)ri/ (plural ovaries) noun one of two organs in a woman or female animal which produce ova or egg cells and secrete the female hormone oestrogen

ovation $/ \partial \upsilon' vei \int (\partial n) n / noun great applause$

③ **OVEN** $/ \Lambda v(\Im) n / noun a metal box with a door, used for cooking <math>\circ$ *Don't put that plate in the oven* - it's made of plastic. \circ Supper is cooking in the oven. \circ Can you look in the oven and see if the meat is cooked?

(1) **over** /'auva/ prep 1. above or higher than \circ He put a blanket over the bed. \circ *Planes fly over our house every minute.* 0 The river rose over its banks. 2. on the other side or to the other side \circ Our office is just over the road from the bank. \circ He threw the ball over the wall. \circ The children ran over the road. **3.** from the top of \circ He fell over the cliff. O She looked over the edge of the balcony. **4.** during \circ Over the last few weeks the weather has been cold and wet. \circ Let's discuss the problem over lunch. 5. more than o Children over 16 years old have to pay full price. \circ The car costs over £40,000. \circ We had to wait for over two hours. adv 1. down from being upright o The bottle fell over and all the contents poured out. \circ She knocked over the plant pot. \circ He leaned over and picked up a pin from the floor. **2.** more than \circ Chil*dren of 16 and over pay full price.* \circ *There* are special prices for groups of 30 and over. 3. not used, left behind o Any food left

over after the meal can be given to the poor. ■ adj finished ○ Is the match over yet? ○ When the civil war was over everyone had more food to eat.

OVEr- / ϑ OV ϑ / *prefix* **1.** extremely \circ *over-anxious* **2.** more than \circ *the over-60s* **3.** too much \circ *overworked* \circ *overdone*

overall² /'ouvers!! noun a light coat worn at work \circ He was wearing a white overall as he had just come out of the laboratory. \circ Put an overall over your clothes before you start painting.

overawed $/_{,90V9}$ '5:d/ adj surprised and impressed by something \circ They were overawed by the immense size of the statue.

overbearing / <code>jouvo'bearin/ adj</code> trying to dominate others

overcast /'əuvəku:st/ adj (of the sky) dull and cloudy

overcharge /₁ouvo'tfa:d3/ (overcharges, overcharging, overcharged) verb to charge somebody too much for something **overcoat** /'ouvokout/ noun a thick outdoor coat which you wear over other clothes

(3) **OVERCOME** /, ∂UV∂¹kAm/ (overcomes, overcoming, overcame, overcome) verb 1. to deal with a difficult situation ○ Do you think the drugs problem can ever be overcome? 2. to make someone helpless ○ She was overcome by fear. ○ Two people were overcome by smoke. 3. to gain victory over an enemy ○ The boys quickly overcame their attackers.

overcompensate /,əʊvə'kɒmpənseit/ (overcompensates, overcompensating, overcompensated) verb to try to do more than you should to make up for something overcrowded /,əʊvə'kraudid/ adj with too many people inside

overcrowding /,əʊvə'kraʊdɪŋ/ *noun* having too many people or things in a small area

OVERDO /, $\partial \cup v \partial' du!/$ (**overdoing**, **overdid**, **overdone**) verb to do too much, work too hard or to use too much of something \circ They overdid the red velvet and made the sitting room look like a bar. \circ Don't overdo the exercises in the first few weeks. \circ The doctor says I've been overdoing it recently and need a rest. \circ He overdid it and strained his back.

overdone /,ouvo'dʌn/ adj 1. exaggerated o All right, it's a tragedy, but all that weeping and wailing was terribly overdone. **2.** cooked too much \circ *I* complained because my steak was overdone.

overdose /'əuvədəus/ noun a dose of a drug which is more than normal \circ *She went into a coma after an overdose of heroin.* (NOTE: + **overdose** *v*)

overdraft /'əʊvədrɑːft/ *noun* an amount of money which you can withdraw from your bank account with the bank's permission, which is more than there is in the account

overdue $/, = 0 \cup = 0^{\circ} \text{ dju:} / adj$ **1.** which has not been paid at the correct time \circ *This invoice is overdue – please pay immediately.* **2.** which is late \circ *Her library books were overdue so she had to pay a fine.* \circ *This visit to my mother is long overdue.*

overestimate /, auvar'estimeit/ (overestimates, overestimating, overestimated) verb to think something is larger or worse than it really is

overflow1 / ∂ ov ∂ 'f ∂ ov ∂ 'f ∂ ov ∂ 'f ∂ ov (overflows, overflowing, overflowed) verb 1. to move out of a container or restricted space \circ The river overflowed its banks. \circ The crowd was so big that it overflowed into the street outside the hall. 2. to be so full of things or people that there is not enough space for them all [\sim with] \circ The room was overflowing with journalists.

overflow² /'auvaflau/ noun 1. a liquid which has overflowed \circ This ditch takes away the overflow from the pond. 2. a pipe or hole which allows a liquid to flow out of a container that is too full \circ The overflow was blocked and water started coming through the ceiling. 3. an amount or number which will not fit a given space \circ The new towns were built to house the overflow population from the capital. \circ The stadium was full and the overflow watched the match on giant TV screens in the park next door.

overgrown /,əuvə'grəun/ *adj* (of e.g. a *garden*) covered with plants and long grass because of not being looked after

overhang /,0000 hæŋ/ (**overhangs**, **overhanging**, **overhung**) verb to stick out above something else \circ The upper storey of the house overhangs the street.

overhaul¹/ $\partial \cup v \partial$ 'h ∂ :l/ (overhauls, overhauling, overhauled) verb 1. to examine something carefully and make changes so that it works better \circ We need to overhaul the company's union agreements. 2. to overtake another ship or car \circ From being

overhaul² /'ovvaho:l/ noun the act of examining and improving or repairing something \circ a long overdue overhaul of our safety procedures \circ My car's in the garage for a complete overhaul.

overhead /,əuvə'hed/ adv above you Look at that plane overhead. Please put your hand luggage in the lockers overhead.

overheat /,ouvo'hitt/ (overheats, overheating, overheated) verb to get too hot

overjoyed /,əuvə'dʒɔɪd/ adj extremely happy

overkill /'əuvəkıl/ *noun* more of something than is wanted or appropriate

Overlap¹ /' \exists ov \exists ep/ (**overlaps, overlapping, overlapped**) verb to cover part of something else \circ *Try not to let the pieces of wallpaper overlap.*

overlap²/,əʊvə'læp/ noun an amount by which something overlaps

overleaf /, $\partial v \partial v$ dif/ *adv* referring to the other side of a page of a book or other publication

overload /₁əʊvə'ləʊd/ (**overloads, overloading, overloaded**) *verb* to put too heavy a load on something

overlook $/_1$ overlooks, overlooking, overlooked) verb not to notice something \circ She overlooked several mistakes when she was correcting the exam papers.

overnight /, <code>əuvə'nait/ adv</code> for the whole night \circ We will stay overnight in France on our way to Italy. \circ Will the food stay fresh overnight? • adj lasting all night \circ They took an overnight flight back from China. \circ There are three sleeping cars on the overnight express.

OVERPOWER /, JOUYO'PAUO/ (OVERPOWERS, OVERPOWERING, OVERPOWERED) Verb to control someone by force

overpowering /,əuvə'pauərıŋ/ adj very strong o an overpowering smell of cheese

overrated /, ouvo'reitid/ adj said to be better than it really is

overreact /,əuvəri'ækt/ (overreacts, overreacting, overreacted) verb to react to

something with too much emotion or action

③ override /, əʊvə'raɪd/ (overrides, overriding, overrode, overridden) verb 1. to cancel an instruction o The chairman decided to override the committee's decision.
 2. to be more important than other things o The group's safety overrides any other considerations.

overriding /,əuvə'raɪdıŋ/ *adj* more important than all others

OVERTUB /, $\exists 0 \forall 0$ 'ru!l/ (overrules, overruling, overruled) verb (in a meeting) not to allow a decision because you are more powerful than the person who took the decision $\circ Mr$ Smith tried to object but his objection was overruled by the chairman. \circ The committee overruled the decision made by the secretary.

OVERTUN /, $\exists OV \exists^{+} rAn$ / (overruns, overrunning, overran, overrun) verb 1. to go beyond a certain time limit \circ *The meeting overran by thirty minutes.* 2. to beat someone or occupy their territory very quickly \circ *The enemy overran our coastal defences and began advancing inland.* 3. to be filled with a crowd of people, animals or things \circ *The city centre is overrun with tourists every summer.*

overseas¹/₁ \Rightarrow ovə'si:z/ adv in or to a foreign country \circ Sue's gone overseas to work for a few years.

overseas²/'ovvssi:z/ adj relating to foreign countries \circ Overseas sales are important for our company.

OVERSEE /₁OUVO'sit/ (oversees, overseeing, oversaw, overseen) verb to supervise something

overshadow /, əບvə'ʃædəʊ/ (overshadows, overshadowing, overshadowed) verb to make someone or something less conspicuous by being more brilliant yourself

overshoot /₁ouvo'∫u:t/ (overshoots, overshooting, overshot) verb to go further than you are supposed to

oversight /'əʊvəsaɪt/ *noun* a mistake made by not doing something because you forgot it or did not notice it

overspend /, əʊvə'spend/ (**overspends**, **overspending**, **overspent**) *verb* to spend more than you should

overstep /,əovə'step/ (oversteps, overstepping, overstepped) *verb* to go further than you ought to

overt /əu'vat/ adj open and not hidden

overtake /,əʊvə'teɪk/ (overtakes, overtaking, overtook, overtaken) verb to go past someone travelling in front of you

overthrow /,3000 (overthrows, overthrowing, overthrew, overthrown) verb to defeat \circ Do you think the rebels can overthrow the military government? \circ The former régime was overthrown and the President fled.

③ **overtime** /'əʊvəta1m/ noun hours worked more than the usual working time ○ He worked six hours' overtime. ○ The overtime rate is one and a half times normal pay. ○ The basic wage is £110 a week, but you can expect to earn more than that with overtime.

overtone /'əʊvə,təʊn/ *noun* a meaning or quality which is suggested and not stated openly or made obvious in something

Overture *I*'==000 to 20 to

OVERTURN /, 300/9't3:n/ (overturns, overturning, overturned) verb 1. to make something fall over or to turn upside down o The baby accidentally overturned the goldfish bowl. o The fishing boat overturned in the storm. 2. to vote against a previous decision o The decision to raise subscriptions was overturned by the council.

overvalue /,əʊvə'vælju:/ (overvalues, overvaluing, overvalued) *verb* to give something a higher value than is right

③ **OVERVIEW** /'əʊvəvju:/ noun a general view of a subject [\sim of] \circ His book gives a good overview of the history of the period.

overweight /əʊvə'weɪt/ adj having a body that weighs too much

③ overwhelm /, əʋvə'welm/ (overwhelms, overwhelming, overwhelmed) verb 1. to conquer something completely o
 The enemy was overwhelmed by our troops. o His enthusiasm overwhelms me.
 2. to have more of something than you can do or cope with o The new receptionist was overwhelmed by her job.

overwhelming /,əʊvə'welmıŋ/ adj enormous o There was an overwhelming response to their appeal for money. O They got an overwhelming 'yes' vote. **overwrite** /,əuvə'raıt/ (overwrites, overwriting, overwrote, overwritten) verb to delete computer data or a computer file and replace it with other data or a file with the same name

ow /au/ interj an expression of pain

(2) **OWE** /∂∪/ (**owes**, **owing**, **owed**) *verb* **1**. to be in a situation where you will have to pay someone money, either because you have borrowed some from them, or because you have bought something from them \circ *He still owes me the £50 he borrowed last month.* **2**. □ **to owe something to something or someone** to have something because of something or someone else \circ *He owes his good health to taking a lot of exercise.* **3**. to feel that something should be done \circ *He owes her an apology.* • *I owe my sister a letter.*

③ **owing to** /'əʊɪŋ tuː/ *prep* because of \circ *The plane was late owing to fog.*

owl /aul/ noun a large bird which hunts small animals, mainly at night

(1) **OWN**/əun/ adj belonging to you alone o I don't need to borrow a car - I have my own car. \circ He has his own book shop. *noun* \square of my *or* his own belonging to me or to him alone \circ *He has an office of his* own. \circ I have a car of my own. \blacksquare verb (owns, owning, owned) to have or possess something $\circ I$ don't own a car. \diamond (all) on my or his or her, etc own alone o I'm on my own this evening – my girlfriend's gone out with her family. \circ He built the house all on his own. \diamond to get your own back to have revenge on someone (*informal*) \circ *He got his* own back on her for telling the teacher *what he did.* \diamond **to hold your own** to remain firm against a threat o He held his own during the interview by the police.

② **Owner** /'əunə/ noun a person who owns something \circ The police are trying to find the owner of the stolen car. \circ Insurance is necessary for all house owners.

③ **ownership** /'əʊnə∫ıp/ *noun* a situation where someone owns something

own goal /əun 'gəul/ noun 1. a goal scored against your own side by mistake \circ *He tried to pass back to the goalkeeper and scored an own goal.* 2. something that is intended to help you do something but has the opposite effect \circ *Their attempts to show that the government was financially incompetent led to a spectacular own goal.*

OX /bks/ (plural **oxen**) noun male or female domestic cattle or a castrated bull used as a draught animal **oxide** /'pksaid/ *noun* a chemical compound formed of oxygen and another element

OXYGEN /'bkstdʒən/ *noun* a common gas which is present in the air and is essential for plant and animal life

oyster /'ɔɪstə/ noun a type of shellfish with two shells, highly valued as food

(3) **OZ** *abbr* ounce(s) (NOTE: say 'twelve ounces of flour', 'five ounces of butter')

OZONE /'auguston/ noun a harmful form of oxygen, which is found in the atmosphere and which is poisonous to humans when concentrated

ozone layer /'əʊzəʊn ,leɪə/ *noun* a layer of ozone in the upper atmosphere, formed by the action of sunlight on oxygen, which acts as protection against harmful rays from the Sun **p**¹ /pi:/, **P** noun the sixteenth letter of the alphabet, between O and Q

 \mathbf{p}^2 /pi:/ abbr pence \circ This book costs 99p. \circ You should get a 60p ticket from the machine. \circ I bought the children 50p ice creams each. \diamond penny

pa /pai/ noun a child's name for father (informal)

PA *abbr* personal assistant

③ pace /peis/ noun 1. the distance covered by one step ○ Walk thirty paces to the north of the stone. ○ Step three paces back.
2. speed ○ The car was travelling at quite a pace. ■ verb (paces, pacing, paced) 1. to walk ○ He paced backwards and forwards in front of the door. 2. to measure by walking [~about/around] ○ He paced out the distance between the tree and the house. ◇ to keep pace with to keep up with ○ She kept pace with the leaders for the first three laps. ○ Wages haven't kept pace with inflation. ◇ to set the pace to set the standard for something to be done

pacemaker /'peismeikə/ *noun* an electronic device which is implanted in a patient's chest and which stimulates and regulates the heartbeat

pacifism /'pæsɪfɪz(ə)m/ noun opposition to war

pacifist /'pæsifist/ noun a person who supports pacifism \circ My father was a pacifist and refused to do military service.

pacify /'pæsifai/ (pacifies, pacifying, pacified) verb to make someone calm

② **pack** /pæk/ noun **1**. a set of things put together in a box [~of] \circ He bought a pack of chewing gum. **2**. a set of playing cards [~of] \circ a pack of cards \circ Shuffle the pack. **3**. a group of wild animals together [~of] \circ a pack of wild dogs **4**. a bag which you can carry on your back [~of] \circ Will you be able to manage this walk with a heavy pack on your back? ■ verb (packs, packing, packed) **1**. to put things into a suitcase ready for travelling \circ The taxi's arrived and she hasn't packed her suitcase yet. \circ I've finished packing, so we can start. \circ He packed his toothbrush at the bottom of the bag. **2.** to put things in containers ready for sending \circ The books are packed in boxes of twenty. \circ Fish are packed in ice. **3.** to put a lot of people or things into something \circ How can you pack ten adults into one tent? \circ The streets are packed with Christmas shoppers. \circ The supermarket shelves are packed with fruit and vegetables.

pack in *phrasal verb* \square **to pack it in** to stop whatever you are doing (*informal*) \bigcirc *It's getting dark, let's pack it in for the day.* \bigcirc *He packed in his job and bought a farm.*

pack off phrasal verb to send someone away (informal) \circ We've packed the children off to their grandparents for the summer holidays.

pack up (a) phrasal verb 1. to put things into a box before going away \circ They packed up all their equipment and left. 2. to stop working \circ I'll pack up now and finish the job tomorrow morning. 3. to break down \circ One of the plane's engines packed up when we were taking off.

(2) package /'pækidʒ/ noun 1. a parcel which has been wrapped up for sending o There was a package for you in the post. o We mailed the package to you yesterday. 2. a box or bag in which goods are sold o Instructions for use are printed on the package. 3. a set of goods or services offered together at one time o a software package

package holiday /,pækId3 'hplIdeI/ *noun* a holiday where everything including a hotel, food and travel is arranged and paid for before you leave

③ **packaging** /'pækɪdʒɪŋ/ noun 1. paper, cardboard or plastic used to wrap goods ○ *The boxes are sent in dust-proof packaging.* 2. the act of wrapping of goods ○ *The packaging is all done by machines.*

3 packed /pækt/ *adj* **1**. full of people \circ *The restaurant was packed and there were no free tables.* **2.** put in a container \circ *a packed lunch* (2) packet /'pækit/ noun a small bag, parcel or box [~of] \circ a packet of cigarettes \circ a packet of soup

(3) **packing** /'pækıŋ/ noun 1. putting things into suitcases or bags ○ My wife's in the hotel room doing our packing. 2. material used to protect goods which are being packed ○ The goods are sealed in airtight packing.

pact /pækt/ noun an agreement or treaty

(3) **pad** /pæd/ noun 1. a soft cushion which protects a person or thing from something \circ *Put a pad of cotton on your knee*. 2. a set of sheets of paper attached together • *verb* (pads, padding, padded) to walk softly with regular steps [~across/down/into etc] \circ *The tiger was padding up and down in its cage*.

pad out *phrasal verb* to add text to a speech or article, just to make it longer

padding /'pædin/ noun 1. a soft material which protects, used in dressmaking, or to make things like cushions or chairs \circ *The tailor put some more padding in the shoulders of the jacket.* \circ *We put cotton wool under the bandage as padding.* 2. words added to a speech or article to make it longer \circ *The speech was over an hour long, but most of it was just padding.* \circ *Your essay has got too much padding in it.*

paddle / pæd(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a walk in shallow water \circ The little children went for a paddle in the sea. \blacksquare verb (paddles, paddling, paddled) to make a boat move forward using a paddle \circ We stopped paddling and let the canoe drift with the current.

paddock /'pædək/, **puddock** noun a small enclosed field, where horses can run **paddy field** /'pædi fi:ld/ noun a field filled with water, in which rice is grown

padlock /'pædlok/ noun a small lock with a hook \circ *The gate is fastened with a padlock*. (NOTE: + **padlock** *v*)

paediatrician /, pi:dia'triJ(a)n/ noun a doctor who specialises in treating children **paediatrics** /, pi:di'atriks/ noun the study of the treatment of children's diseases

pagan /'peigən/ adj believing in a form of religion which is not one of the main formal religions \circ *The missionaries tried to ban pagan religious practices.* \circ *The explorers visited a pagan temple.*

(1) **page** /peidʒ/ noun a side of a sheet of paper used in a book, newspaper or magazine ○ It's a short book, it only has 64 pages. ○ The crossword is on the back page. ○ Start reading at page 34. ○ Look at the picture on page 6. (NOTE: With numbers the word **the** is left out: on the next page but on page 50.) **•** verb (**pages, paging, paged**) to call someone by radio, over a loudspeaker, etc. $\circ Mr$ Smith isn't in his office at the moment – I'll page him for you.

pageant /'pædʒənt/ noun a grand display of people in historical costumes

pager /'peidʒə/ noun a small electronic device that makes a noise or displays a message when someone is trying to contact you

pagoda /pə'gəudə/ noun a tall tower with several storeys, used as a temple, found in the Far East, e.g. in China, Korea and Japan

① **paid** /peid/ past tense and past participle of **pay**

pail /peɪl/ noun an old-fashioned word for a bucket (NOTE: Do not confuse with **pale**.)

② **pain** /pein/ noun a feeling in your body of being hurt or ill \circ *If* you have a pain in your chest, you ought to see a doctor. \circ She had to take drugs because she could not stand the pain. \circ *I* get pains in my teeth when *I* eat ice cream.

pained /peind/ adj annoyed or upset

③ **painful** /'peinf(ə)l/ adj hurting, causing pain ○ She got a painful blow on the back of the head. ○ I have very painful memories of my first school.

painfully /'peinf(\ni)li/ adv **1**. in a way which hurts \circ He twisted his ankle painfully. \circ I am painfully aware that most people are blaming me for the accident. **2**. used for emphasising how difficult or unpleasant something is \circ So far, progress on building the dam has been painfully slow.

painkiller /'pein,kilə/ *noun* a drug which stops someone feeling pain

painstaking /'peinzteikin/ adj (of a person) done slowly and carefully in order to avoid mistakes \circ The design is the result of years of painstaking effort.

② paint /peint/ noun a coloured liquid which you use to give something a colour or to make a picture \circ We gave the ceiling two coats of paint. \circ I need a two-litre tin of green paint. \circ The paint's coming off the front door. (NOTE: no plural) \blacksquare verb (paints, painting, painted) 1. to cover something with paint \circ We got someone in to paint the house. \circ They painted their front door blue. \circ She painted her toenails bright red. 2. to make a picture of something using paint \circ She painted a picture of the village. \circ He's painting his mother. \circ The sky is not easy to paint.

paintbrush

paintbrush /'peintbraf/ noun a brush used to put paint on something

painter /'peintə/ noun 1. a person who paints something such as a house \circ The painter is coming next week to paint the kitchen. 2. a person who paints pictures \circ He collects pictures by 19th-century French painters.

② painting /'peintin/ noun 1. the act of putting paint on something or of making pictures with paint o Painting and decorating is my trade 2. a picture done with paints o Do you like this painting of the old church?

paintwork /'peintw3:k/ noun a surface which has been painted

② pair /peə/ noun 1. two things taken together [~of] ○ a pair of socks ○ a pair of gloves ○ She's bought a new pair of boots.
2. two things joined together to make a single one [~of] ○ He took a pair of binoculars with him when he went out walking. ○ I'm looking for a clean pair of trousers. ○ Where's my pair of green shorts? ○ This pair of scissors is blunt.

pal /pæl/ noun a friend (informal)

③ **palace** /'pælīs/ *noun* a large building where a king, queen, president, etc., lives

palatable /'pælətəb(ə)l/ adj nice to eat, tasting good

palate /'pælət/ noun **1**. the top part of the inside of the mouth $\circ I$ burnt my palate with the hot soup. **2**. being able to judge the quality of food or drink $\circ A$ trained palate easily distinguishes different types of wine. (NOTE: Do not confuse with palette, pallet.) **palatial** /pə'le1 $\Gamma(\Rightarrow)$ l/ adj magnificent, like a palace

(2) **pale** /pe1l/ (paler, palest) adj 1. lightcoloured \circ What colour is your hat? – It's a pale blue colour. 2. not looking healthy, with a white face \circ She's always pale and that worries me. \circ When she read the letter she went pale. (NOTE: Do not confuse with pail.)

palette /'pælət/ noun 1. a flat board on which an artist mixes his or her colours \circ She squeezed a blob of paint onto her palette. 2. a range of colours available, especially on a computer graphics program \circ You can create your own colours and add them to the palette. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **palate**, **pallet**.)

pall /posl/ noun a cloth put over a coffin \blacksquare verb (palls, palling, palled) to become less interesting \circ Her bright chatter began to pall after a while.

pallid /'pælɪd/ adj sickly pale

pallor /'pælə/ noun paleness of the face

palm /paim/ noun 1. the soft inside surface of your hand \circ She held out some crumbs in the palm of her hand and the birds came and ate them. 2. a tall tropical tree with long leaves \circ an oasis surrounded by date palms \circ The boy climbed a coconut palm and brought down a nut.

palm off *phrasal verb* \square **to palm something off on someone** to give something worthless to someone hoping that he or she won't notice (*informal*) \bigcirc *We tried to palm off our old sofa onto my brother*.

palm tree /parm trir/ *noun* a tall tropical tree with long leaves

paltry /'pɔ:ltri/ (**paltrier**, **paltriest**) *adj* very small

pamper /'pæmpə/ (pampers, pampering, pampered) verb to treat someone too well, by giving him or her too much food or making his or her life too comfortable

3 pamphlet /'pæmflət/ *noun* a small booklet giving information about something

③ **pan** /pæn/ noun a metal cooking container with a handle \circ *Boil the potatoes in a pan of water.* \circ *She burnt her hand on the hot frying pan.* \diamond **frying pan, saucepan**

pan out phrasal verb to turn out, to succeed (informal)

panache $/p \exists n @ f / n o u n$ a confident and showy way of doing things

pancake I' pænke Ik/\diamond as flat as a pancake very flat \circ *The country round Cambridge is as flat as a pancake.*

panda /'pændə/ noun a large black and white animal found in China, which looks like a bear (NOTE: do not confuse with **pander**)

pandemonium / pændə'məuniəm/ *noun* great uproar and confusion

pander /'pændə/ (panders, pandering, pandered) verb = to pander to something to try to satisfy something \circ *The book panders to the low taste of the reading public.*

p & p abbr postage and packing

pane /pein/ *noun* a sheet of glass, e.g. in a window or door (NOTE: Do not confuse with **pain**.)

() **panel** /'pæn(\ni)!/ noun **1**. a flat piece of something such as wood or metal, which forms part of something \circ Unscrew the panel at the back of the washing machine. **2**. a group of people who answer questions or who judge a competition \circ She's on the panel that will interview candidates for the post. **panelling** /'pæn(ə)lɪŋ/ noun sheets of wood, used especially to cover walls (NOTE: The US spelling is **paneling**.)

pang /pæŋ/ noun a sudden strong feeling ③ **panic** /'pæn1k/ noun sudden great fear ○ The forecast of flooding caused panic in towns near the river. ■ verb (**panics, panicking, panicked**) to become very frightened ○ Don't panic, the fire engine is on its way.

panic-stricken /'pænik strikən/ adj mad with fright

panorama / pænə'rɑːmə/ noun a view over a wide expanse of landscape

pansy /'pænzi/ noun a small garden plant with large brightly coloured petals \circ She planted pansies in her window boxes.

pant /pænt/ (pants, panting, panted) verb to breathe fast \circ He was red in the face and panting as he crossed the finishing line.

panther /'pæn θ ə/ *noun* a large black leopard from North America

panties /'pæntiz/ plural noun women's brief knickers \circ A pair of panties were left on the washing line. \circ She carries a spare pair of panties in her handbag.

pantomime /'pæntəmaım/ noun a funny Christmas play for children, with songs and dances on a traditional fairy-tale subject (*informal*)

pantry /'pæntri/ *noun* a cool cupboard or small room for keeping food in

③ pants /pænts/ plural noun 1. briefs, shorts worn on the lower part of the body under other clothes o She was standing by the window in her bra and pants. o I put on clean pants and socks every morning. 2. US trousers o The waiter was wearing a black jacket and a pair of striped pants. o I need a belt to keep my pants up.

paparazzi /, pæpə'rætsi/ plural noun photographers who follow famous people to take pictures of them for newspapers o The paparazzi were lying in wait for the couple as they left the hotel.

papaya /pə'paɪə/ noun a green tropical fruit with yellow flesh

① **paper** /'peipə/ noun 1. thin, often white, material, which you write on, and which is used for wrapping or to make books, newspapers and magazines [~on] ○ He got a letter written on pink paper. ○ I need another piece of paper or sheet of paper to finish my letter. ○ There was a box of paper handkerchiefs by the bed. (NOTE: no plural for this meaning: some paper, a piece of paper, a sheet of paper) 2. a newspaper $[-\circ n] \circ I$ buy the paper to read on the train every morning. \circ My photo was on the front page of today's paper. \circ Our local paper comes out on Fridays. \circ The Sunday papers are so big that it takes me all day to read them. **3.** an exam $[-\circ n] \circ$ The English paper was very difficult.

paperback /'peipəbæk/ noun a cheap book with a paper cover

paper boy /'peipə boi/ noun a boy whose job is to deliver newspapers to houses

paperclip /'peipəklip/ *noun* a piece of bent wire for holding pieces of paper together

paper girl /'peIpə g3:l/ noun a girl whose job is to deliver newspapers to houses

paperweight /'perpaweit/ *noun* a heavy block put on papers to prevent them from being blown away

③ paperwork /'peɪpəwɜːk/ noun office work

paprika /'pæprikə/ noun a red spice made from powdered sweet peppers

par /par /par / noun 1. the fact of being equal 2. (in golf) the number of strokes usually needed by a good golfer to hit the ball into the hole \circ He went round in five under par. \diamond below par not very well \circ He's feeling a bit below par after his illness. \diamond par for the course what usually happens (informal) \circ Jack forgot my birthday again, but that's par for the course. \diamond to be on a par with something or someone to be equal to something or someone \circ It isn't really on a par with their previous performances.

parable /'pærəb(ə)l/ noun a short story with a religious or moral point

③ paracetamol /,pærə'si:təmol/ noun a common drug, used to stop symptoms, e.g. of flu, colds and headaches (NOTE: no plural: take two paracetamol before breakfast)

parachute /'pærəʃuːt/ (**parachutes**, **parachuting**, **parachuted**) *verb* to drop something attached to a parachute \circ *They parachuted supplies to the villages*.

parade /pə'reɪd/ noun a public display of soldiers o A sergeant inspects the men before they go on parade.

paradigm /'pærədaɪm/ *noun* an example which others can copy

paradise /'pærədais/ noun **1**. a wonderful place where good people are supposed to live after death \circ For a moment, I thought I must have died and gone to paradise. **2**. any beautiful place or a place where you feel very happy \circ Their grandparents' farm was a paradise for the children.

paradox /'pærədoks/ *noun* a thing which appears to contradict itself but may really be true

paradoxical / pærə'dɒksɪk(ə)l/ adj contradictory like a paradox

paraffin /'pærəfin/ noun a thin liquid used as a fuel, e.g. for lamps and heaters

paragon /'pærəgən/ noun a perfect human being

③ **paragraph** /'pærəgro:f/ noun a section of several written sentences starting on a new line \circ to answer the first paragraph of your letter or paragraph one of your letter \circ Please refer to the paragraph headed 'Shipping Instructions'.

③ **parallel** /'pærəlel/ adj (of lines) which are side by side and remain the same distance apart without ever touching \circ *Draw two* parallel lines three millimetres apart. \circ The road is parallel to or with the railway.

parallelogram /₁pærə'leləgræm/ *noun* a shape with four sides in which each side is parallel to the one opposite

paralyse /'pærəlaiz/ (**paralyses**, **paralysing**, **paralysed**) *verb* **1**. to cause paralysis in someone **2**. to make someone or something unable to move or function normally for a short time \circ *The strike paralysed the country*. (NOTE: The US spelling is **paralyze**.)

paralysis /pə'ræləsis/ *noun* **1**. a condition where the muscles of part of the body cannot move because of damage to the nerves **2**. an inability to move or function normally

paramedic / pærə'medik/ *noun* a person who works in a medical profession linked to that of a nurse or doctor, such as an ambulance driver or therapist

③ **parameter** /pə'ræmītə/ *noun* a value which shows the limits of something

paramilitary /,pærə'mılıt(ə)ri/ adj organised in the same way as the army, but not a part of it \circ *Members of paramilitary* organisations were asked to surrender their arms.

paramount /'pærəmaunt/ adj most important

paranoia /,pærə'nɔīə/ *noun* a mental disorder in which the patient imagines things, usually that he or she is being persecuted or attacked

paranoid /'pærənɔɪd/ *adj* suffering from a fixed delusion

paraphernalia /,pærəfə'neɪliə/ noun a mass of bits and pieces of equipment

paraphrase /'pærəfreiz/ (paraphrases, paraphrasing, paraphrased) verb to repeat what someone has said or written, using different words

paraplegic /,pærə'pli:dʒɪk/ *adj* paralysed in the part of the body below the waist

parasite /'pærəsatt/ noun 1. an animal or plant which lives on or inside another organism and draws nourishment from it \circ *Many diseases are carried by parasites.* 2. a person who does no useful work and gets money from others \circ *He is a parasite on society.*

parasol /'pærəsɒl/ *noun* a light umbrella to protect you from the rays of the Sun

paratrooper /'pærətru:pə/ noun a soldier who is a parachutist (NOTE: often shortened to **para**)

paratroops /'pærətru:ps/ plural noun paratroopers \circ *A small group of paratroops led the attack.*

③ **parcel** /'pɑ:s(\ni)l/ noun something that is wrapped in paper and sent by post \circ The postman has brought a parcel for you. \circ The parcel was wrapped up in brown paper. \circ If you're going to the post office, can you post this parcel for me?

parcel out phrasal verb to divide something up among several people

parched /part $\int t / a dj$ very dry due to lack of rain

(2) pardon /'pɑ:d(\ni)n/ noun the act of forgiving someone \blacksquare verb (pardons, pardoning, pardoned) to forgive someone for having done something wrong \circ Pardon me for interrupting, but you're wanted on the phone. \circ Please pardon my rudeness in not answering your call earlier. \diamond I beg your pardon! excuse me! forgive me! \circ I beg your pardon, I didn't hear what you said. \circ I do beg your pardon – I didn't know you were busy.

pare /peə/ (pares, paring, pared) verb to make something smaller by cutting off a small amount \circ He managed to pare three seconds off his previous best time.

(1) **parent** /'peərənt/ noun 1. a father or mother 2. an organisation which owns or rules another ○ Our parent company is based in Switzerland.

parentage /'peərənt1dʒ/ noun someone's origin **parentheses** /pə'ren θ əsi:z/ plural noun a printing symbol () which encloses words or characters and separates them from the rest of the text \circ She put the phrase in parentheses.

parenthood /'peərənthud/ noun the state of being a parent

parenting /'peərəntıŋ/ *noun* the activity of looking after children

parents /'peərənts/ noun your mother and father \circ His parents live in Manchester. \circ Did your parents tell you I had met them in London?

parish /'pær1 \int / noun **1**. an area served by a church \circ He's the vicar of a country parish. \circ They worship regularly in their local parish church. \circ Father Thomas is our parish priest. **2**. an administrative district in a county with a church as its centre \circ He's going through the local parish records to try to establish when his family first came to the village.

parishioner $/p \exists r_1 \int (\exists) n \exists / noun a person who lives in or belongs to a parish$

parity /'pæriti/ *noun* the fact of being equal, especially having the same rates of pay and conditions as others

() park /park/ noun an open space with grass and trees \circ Hyde Park and Regents Park are in the middle of London. \circ You can ride a bicycle across the park but cars are not allowed in. \blacksquare verb (parks, parking, parked) to leave your car somewhere while you are not using it \circ You can park your car in the street next to the hotel. \circ You mustn't park on a double yellow line.

parka /'paːkə/ noun a warm waterproof jacket with a hood

(2) parking /'pu:kiŋ/ noun the act of leaving a car somewhere when you are not using it

parking lot /'parkin lot/ noun US an area where you can leave a car when you are not using it

parking meter /'pa:kiŋ ,mi:tə/ *noun* a device into which you put money to pay for parking for a certain time

parking ticket /'pɑːkɪŋ ,tıkıt/ noun a paper which you get when you leave a car parked wrongly, telling you that you will have to pay a fine

Parkinson's disease /'pɑ:kɪnsənz dı ,zi:z/ noun a disease which affects the parts of the brain which control movement, making the hands and legs shake

(2) **parliament** / parliament / noun a group of elected representatives who decide on the laws of a country \circ *Parliament*

has passed a law forbidding the sale of these drugs.

Parmesan /,po:mi'zæn/ *noun* a type of hard Italian cheese that is often grated and sprinkled on pasta dishes

parody /'pærədi/ noun (plural parodies) poetry, a play or a song which imitates someone to make fun \circ *He wrote a parody* of Wodehouse. **•** verb (parodies, parodying, parodied) to imitate someone in order to make fun \circ *His writing style is very easy* to parody.

parole /pə'rəul/ *noun* the act of allowing a prisoner who has behaved well to be released from prison early on condition that he or she continues to behave well outside prison \circ *She will be eligible for parole in three weeks' time.* \circ *He was let out on parole and immediately offended again.* \blacksquare *verb* (paroles, paroling, paroled) to let a prisoner out of prison on condition that he or she behaves well \circ *After six months he was paroled.*

parrot /'pærət/ noun a brightly coloured tropical bird with a large curved beak \circ He keeps a green parrot in a cage in his living room.

parsley /'paisli/ *noun* a green herb with flat or curly leaves, used in cooking

parsnip /'parsnip/ noun a plant with a thick white root which is eaten boiled or roasted as a vegetable and has a sweet taste (i) part /post/ noun 1. a piece or section $[-of] \circ Parts of the film were very good. <math>\circ$ They live in the downstairs part of a large house. O They spend part of the year in *France.* **2.** a person that an actor plays, e.g. in a play or film [~of] \circ He played the part of Hamlet. • verb (parts, parting, parted) to separate or move apart o The curtains parted and the show began. \diamond to play a **part** to be one of several people or things which do something \circ The guests played an important part in putting out the hotel fire. \diamond to take part in something to join in an activity \circ *They all took part in the game.* • Did he take part in the concert?

part with (3) *phrasal verb* to give or sell something to someone \circ *He refused to part with his old bicycle.*

part exchange /,port iks'tfeind3/ noun giving an old product as part of the payment for a new one

③ **partial** /'pɑ:∫(𝔅)l/ adj **1**. not complete ○ He got partial compensation for the damage to his house. ○ The treatment was only a partial success. **2**. with a liking for something [-to] ○ Everyone knows he is partial to a slice of cake. **3.** biased \circ The judge was accused of being partial.

③ **participant** /pu: 'tisipənt/ noun a person who takes part [~in]

③ **participate** /pɑ:'tɪsɪpeɪt/ (**participates**, **participating**, **participated**) *verb* to take part in something

(3) **participle** /pɑ1'tīsīp(ə)l/ noun a word formed from a verb, used either to form perfect or progressive forms or as an adjective or noun. The present participle of 'to go' is 'going' and the past participle is 'gone'.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{particle} \ /' \texttt{partik}(\texttt{a}) \texttt{l} / \ \texttt{noun} \ \texttt{a} \ \texttt{very} \ \texttt{small} \\ \texttt{piece} \end{array}$

① **particular** /pə'tıkjulə/ *adj* special, referring to one thing or person and to no other \circ *The photocopier only works with one particular type of paper.*

① **particularly** /po't1kjuləli/ adv specially \circ I particularly asked them not to walk on the lawn. \circ It's a particularly difficult problem. \circ He isn't particularly worried about the result.

particulars /pə't1kjuləz/ plural noun details \circ the sheet which gives particulars of the house for sale \circ The inspector asked for particulars of the missing car.

parting /'poitin/ noun 1. the act of leaving someone \circ Our final parting took place outside the railway station. 2. the line which marks where your hair is separated when you comb it \circ My parting is on the left side.

parting shot/,partin 'fot/ noun the last, often unpleasant, words spoken when leaving someone

partisan /'pɑ:tIz(ə)n, ,pɑ:tI'zæn/, **partizan** noun 1. a person who supports a policy forcefully \circ *She's a partisan of having* more women Members of Parliament. 2. a member of a local armed resistance movement, fighting against an occupying army \circ *The town was captured by partisans.*

partition /pɑ:'tɪĴ(ə)n/ noun 1. a division of a country into separate parts \circ *Did you agree with the partition of the country after the war*? 2. a thin wall between two spaces, especially one splitting a large room into sections \circ *We put a partition across the centre of the room to make two separate bedrooms for the boys.* (NOTE: + partition v) ② partly /'pɑ:tli/ adv not completely \circ *The house is partly furnished.* \circ *I'm only partly satisfied with the result.* \circ *We're selling our house in London, partly because we need the money, but also because we want to move nearer to the sea.* (2) partner /'pottnə/ noun 1. a person who plays games or dances with someone • Take your partners for the waltz. • Sally is my usual tennis partner. 2. a person with whom you are in a relationship, especially one you live with • We invited him and his partner for drinks. 3. a person who owns and works in a business together with one or more others • He became a partner in a firm of solicitors.

③ **partnership** /'portnəʃıp/noun a business relationship between two or more people in which the risks and profits are shared according to a letter of agreement between the partners [~between] \Box to go into partnership (with someone) to join with someone to form a partnership \circ *He went into partnership with his brother to market his new invention.*

③ **part-time** /, part 'taım/ adj, adv not for the whole working day or week ○ He is trying to find part-time work when the children are in school. ○ We are looking for part-time staff to keyboard data. ○ She works part-time in the local supermarket.

 party /'porti/ (plural parties) noun a special occasion when several people meet, usually in someone's house, in order to celebrate something such as a birthday of We're having a party on New Year's Eve.
 Our family Christmas party was a disaster as usual. She invited twenty friends to her birthday party.

① **pass** /pass / noun (in football, etc.) the act of sending the ball to another player \circ He sent a long pass across the field and Smith headed it into goal. \blacksquare verb (**passes**, **passing**, **passed**) 1. to move something towards someone [-to] \circ Can you pass me the salt, please? \circ He passed the ball back to the goalkeeper. 2. to be successful in a test or examination [-to] \circ He passed in English, but failed in French. \circ She passed her driving test first time!

pass away③ phrasal verb to die (NOTE: also pass on)

pass off (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to take place \circ *The meeting passed off without any problems.* **2**. \Box **to pass something off as something else** to pretend that something is another thing in order to cheat \circ *He passed the wine off as French.* \Box **to pass yourself off as something** to pretend to be something \circ *He passed himself off as a rich banker from South America.*

pass on (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to move something on to someone else \circ *She passed on the information to her boss.* **2**. to die \circ *My* father passed on two years ago. (NOTE: also **pass away** in the same meaning)

pass out(3) *phrasal verb* to become unconscious for a short time \circ *He passed out when he saw the blood.*

pass round *(i) phrasal verb* to hand something to various people \circ *She passed the box of chocolates round the table.* \circ *The steward passed round immigration forms.*

pass up *(***)** *phrasal verb* not to make use of a chance or opportunity which is offered

passable /'pa:səb(ə)l/ adj fairly good \circ He did a passable imitation of the prime minister.

② **passage** /'pæstdʒ/ noun **1**. a long narrow space with walls on either side [~through/~to] ○ She hurried along the passage. ○ There's an underground passage between the two railway stations. **2**. a section of a piece of writing [~through/~to] ○ She quoted passages from the Bible. ○ I photocopied a particularly interesting passage from the textbook.

passageway /'pæsidʒwei/ noun a corridor

② **passenger** /'pæsindʒə/ noun a person who is travelling, e.g. in a car, bus, train or plane, but who is not the driver or one of the people who works on it o *His* car's quite big – it can take three passengers on the back seat. o The plane was carrying 104 passengers and a crew of ten.

passer-by / paisə 'bai/ (*plural* **passersby**) *noun* a person who is walking past

(3) **passing** /'poisin/ adj **1**. existing for a short time only \circ *It's just a passing fashion*. **2**. which is going past \circ *The driver of a passing car saw the accident.*

(3) **passion** /'pæ $\int(\partial)n/n$ oun a very strong feeling of love, especially sexual love \circ *He* couldn't hide the passion he felt for her.

passionate $/pæ \int (a)nat/adj$ strongly emotional

passive /'pæsiv/ *adj* allowing things to happen to you and not taking any action yourself \circ *He wasn't one of the ringleaders, he only played a passive role in the coup.* \blacksquare *noun* the form of a verb which shows that the subject is being acted upon (NOTE: If you say 'the car hit him' the verb is active, but 'he was hit by the car' is passive.)

passive smoking /,pæsiv 'smoukiŋ/ noun the act of breathing in smoke from other people's cigarettes, when you do not smoke yourself **Passover** /'pu:səuvə/ noun a Jewish spring festival which celebrates the release of Jews from captivity in Egypt

③ **passport** /'po:spo:t/ noun an official document allowing you to travel from one country to another o If you are going abroad you need to have a valid passport. o We had to show our passports at customs. o His passport is out of date.

③ **password** /'pɑːswɜ:d/ noun a secret word which you need to know to be allowed to do something such as use a particular computer

(1) past /paist/ prep 1. later than, after o It's past the children's bedtime. \circ It's ten past nine (9.10) – we've missed the TV *news.* **2.** passing in front of something \circ *If* you go past the bank, you'll see the shop on your left. o She walked past me without saving anything. \circ The car went past at at least 60 miles an hour. (NOTE: Past is used for times between o'clock and the half-hour: 3.05 = five past three; 3.15 = a quarter past three; 3.25 = twenty-five past three; 3.30 = half past three. For times after half past see to. Past is also used with many verbs: to go past, to drive past, to fly past, etc.) adj happening in a time which his finished o He has spent the past year working in France. \circ The time for talking is past – what we need is action.
noun the time before now 0 In the past we always had an office party just before Christmas.

pasta /'pæstə/ noun an Italian food made of flour and water, and sometimes eggs, cooked by boiling, and eaten with oil or sauce (NOTE: no plural: some pasta, a bowl of pasta; note that **pasta** takes a singular verb: the pasta is very good here)

paste /peist/ noun 1. a thin liquid glue \circ Spread the paste evenly over the back of the wallpaper. 2. soft food \circ The cake is covered with almond paste. \circ Mix the flour, eggs and milk to a smooth paste. \circ Add tomato paste to the soup. \blacksquare verb (pastes, pasting, pasted) to glue something such as paper \circ She pasted a sheet of coloured paper over the front of the box. \circ He pasted the postcards into his scrapbook. \diamond cut

pastime /'pastaim/ noun a hobby, something you do to pass your spare time

pastor /'paistə/ noun a member of the Protestant clergy

pastoral /'pɑ:st(\Rightarrow)r \Rightarrow l/ adj 1. referring to country life \circ Virgil was famous for his pastoral poetry. 2. referring to guidance in connection with someone's personal prob-

past participle

lems \circ There's an important pastoral side to a teacher's job.

past participle /past past/tisip(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a word formed from a verb, used either to form a past tense or as an adjective. The past participle of 'go' is 'gone'.

③ **pastry** /'peistri/ noun a mixture of flour, fat and water, used to make pies \circ She was in the kitchen making pastry.

pasture /'poist $\int \partial \partial \partial \sigma$ a grassy area where animals such as horses, cows and sheep can graze

pasty¹ /'pæsti/ (*plural* **pasties**) *noun* a pastry folded round a filling of meat and vegetables

pasty² /'peisti/ (pastier, pastiest) adj white and unhealthy

pat /pæt/ noun a gentle touch with the hand $\circ I$ didn't hit her – I just gave her a little pat. • verb (pats, patting, patted) to give someone or something a pat $\circ He$ patted his pocket to make sure that his wallet was still there. \diamond to pat someone on the back to praise someone \diamond a pat on the back praise \circ The committee got a pat on the back for having organised the show so well.

③ **patch** /pæt \int / noun 1. a small piece of material used for covering up a hole, e.g. in clothes \circ His mother sewed a patch over the hole in his trousers. 2. a small area of something \circ They built a shed on a patch of ground by the railway line. \circ There's a patch of rust on the car door.

patch up (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to mend something with difficulty \circ *The mechanics managed to patch up the engine.* \circ *The surgeon patched him up but warned him not to fight with knives again.* **2**. \Box **to patch up a quarrel** to become more friendly again after quarrelling \circ *They had a bitter argument, but patched up their quarrel in time for the party.*

patchwork /'pæt \int w3:k/ noun 1. a piece of needlework made by sewing small pieces of material together in patterns \circ *All the women in the family came together to sew a patchwork quilt*. 2. an area which looks like a patchwork quilt \circ *a typical English landscape with a patchwork of small fields*

patchy /'pæt $\int i$ / adj not the same everywhere \circ If you don't prepare the surface properly, the paint will look patchy.

pâté /'pæteɪ/ noun a paste made of cooked meat or fish finely minced

patent *I*'pertənt, 'pætənt/ *noun* an official confirmation that you have the sole right to make or sell a new invention \circ *to*

take out a patent for a new type of light bulb \circ They have applied for a patent for their new invention.

patent leather / pertont 'leðo/ noun leather with an extremely shiny surface

paternal /pə't3:n(ə)l/ *adj* referring to a father

paternity /pə't3:n1ti/ noun 1. the fact of being a father 2. the identity of a father \circ The court had first to establish the child's paternity.

paternity leave /pə't3:nīti li:v/ *noun* permission for a man to be away from work when his wife has a baby

(2) **path** $/pa:\theta/$ *noun* a narrow track for walking [~of/~through/~to] \circ *There's a path across the field.* \circ *Follow the path until you get to the sea.*

(3) **pathetic** /pə'θet ık/ adj making you feel either sympathy or a lack of respect o *He made a pathetic attempt at a joke.* O *She looked a pathetic figure standing in the rain.*

pathological /₁ $pa\theta$ 'lbd3Ik(3)I/adj referring to a disease or which is caused by a disease \circ *a pathological condition*

pathologist /pə' θ plədʒist/ noun **1**. a doctor who specialises in the study of diseases and the changes in the body caused by disease \circ A pathologist took samples for examination in the laboratory. **2**. a doctor who examines dead bodies to find out the cause of death \circ The pathologist found traces of poison in the corpse.

pathology /pə'θblədʒi/ *noun* the study of diseases and the changes in structure and function which diseases cause in the body

pathos /'peɪθɒs/ *noun* a quality in something which makes you feel pity (NOTE: The adjective is **pathetic**.)

pathway /'pa:0wei/ noun a track for walking along

(3) **patience** /'peif(\exists)ns/ noun the quality of being patient \circ With a little patience, you'll soon learn how to ride a bike. \circ I don't have the patience to wait that long. \diamond **to try someone's patience** to make someone impatient \circ Looking after a class of thirty little children would try anyone's patience.

① **patient** /'peif(\Im)nt/ adj the ability to wait a long time without getting annoyed \circ You must be patient – you will get served in time. \blacksquare noun a sick person who is in hospital or who is being treated by a doctor, dentist, psychiatrist, etc. \circ There are three other patients in the ward. \circ The nurse is trying to take the patient's temperature.

() **patiently** /'peI $\int(\partial)ntli/adv$ without getting annoyed

patio /'pætiəʊ/ (plural **patios**) noun a paved area outside a house or other building for sitting or eating

patriotic /,pætri'pt1k/ *adj* proud of your country and willing to defend it

patrol /pə'trəol/ noun 1. the act of keeping guard by walking or driving in one direction and then back again \circ They make regular patrols round the walls of the prison. \circ He was on patrol in the centre of town when he saw some youths running away from a bank. 2. a group of people keeping guard \circ Each time a patrol went past we hid behind a wall. \blacksquare verb (patrols, patrolling, patrolled) to keep guard on a place by walking or driving up and down \circ Armed security guards are patrolling the warehouse.

③ **patron** / pettrən/ noun 1. a person who protects or supports someone or something [-of] ○ She's a great patron of the arts. 2. a person who goes regularly to a place, e.g. a shop, hotel, restaurant or theatre [~of] ○ The car park is for the use of hotel patrons only.

patronage /'pætrənɪdʒ/ *noun* the practice of giving support or encouragement to someone, e.g. an artist

patron saint /,peitrən 'seint/ *noun* a saint who is believed to protect a particular group of people

patter /'pætə/ noun **1**. a light tapping noise \circ the patter of raindrops on the roof \circ I heard a patter of feet in the corridor. **2**. rapid talk by someone such as a salesman or trickster, to keep your attention \circ He kept up a continuous patter as he shuffled the cards. \blacksquare verb (patters, pattering, pattered) to make a light tapping noise \circ The rain pattered on the windows.

① **pattern** /'pæt(\ni)n/ noun 1. instructions which you follow to make something [~of] \circ She copied a pattern from a magazine to knit her son a pullover. 2. a design of something, e.g. lines or flowers, repeated again and again on cloth, wallpaper, etc. [~of] \circ She was wearing a coat with a pattern of black and white spots. \circ Do you like the pattern on our new carpet?

paunch /point $\int / noun$ a man's fat stomach

 (3) pause /pɔ:z/ noun a short stop during a period of activity such as work [~for/~in]
 • Walk quickly and then have a short pause after every 100 steps. • He read his speech slowly, with lots of pauses. \blacksquare verb (pauses, pausing, paused) to stop or rest for a short time before continuing [~for] \circ She paused for a second to look at her watch.

pave /peiv/ (paves, paving, paved) verb to cover a road or path, etc., with a hard surface \circ In the old town, the streets are paved with cobblestones. \circ There is a paved courtyard behind the restaurant. \diamond to pave the way for something to prepare the way for something to happen \circ The election of the new president paves the way for a change of government.

③ **pavement** /'peivmont/ noun 1. a hard path for people to walk on at the side of a road \circ Walk on the pavement, not in the road. \circ Look out; the pavement is covered with ice! 2. US a hard road surface

pavilion /pə'vıliən/ noun **1**. a small building for people playing sport to rest in between games \circ *The rest of the team* watched from the pavilion as he scored the winning run. **2**. a separate building at a large exhibition \circ *Have you seen the Canadian pavilion yet*?

paving stone /'peiviŋ stəun/ noun a large flat stone slab used for making paths and patios

(3) **paw** /po:/ noun the foot of an animal such as a cat or $dog \circ The \ bear \ held \ the \ fish in \ its \ paws.$

③ pawn /pɔ:n/ noun 1. the smallest piece on the chessboard [~in] • He took two of my pawns. • She sacrificed a pawn in order to put his king in check. 2. a person who is controlled by someone more powerful [~in] • He was just a pawn in the hands of powerful bankers. • verb (pawns, pawning, pawned) to leave an object in exchange for borrowing money: you claim back the object when you pay back the money • I was so desperate that I pawned my mobile phone. • He was in a bad state – even his dinner jacket had been pawned. • She pawned her ring to get money for food.

pawnbroker /'poinbrouko/ noun a person who lends money in exchange for valuables left with him or her

(1) **pay** /pei/ noun the money you receive for working ○ They're on strike for more pay. ○ I can't afford luxuries on my miserable pay. ■ verb (**pays, paying, paid**) 1. to give someone money for something [-to/~with//] ○ How much did you pay for your car? ○ We pay £100 a week in rent. ○ Please pay the waiter for your drinks. ○ She paid him £10 for his old bike. **2.** to give money to someone for doing something $[-to/-with/] \circ We pay secretaries £10 an hour. <math>\circ I$ paid them one pound each for washing the car. $\circ I'll$ pay you a pound to wash my car. (NOTE: You pay someone to wash the car before he or she washes it, but you pay someone for washing the car after he or she has washed it.)

pay back (3) *phrasal verb* to give someone money which you owe them \circ *He borrowed £10 last week and hasn't paid me back.* \diamond **to pay someone back for something** to take revenge on someone for having done something \circ *'That will pay them back for ruining our party', he said as he smashed their car window.*

pay in ③ phrasal verb to put money into an account

pay off③ *phrasal verb* **1**. to finish paying money which is owed ○ *He's aiming to pay off his mortgage in ten years*. ○ *She said she couldn't pay off the loan*. **2**. to pay all the money owed to someone and end his or her employment ○ *When the company was taken over the factory was closed and all the workers were paid off*. **3**. to be successful ○ *Their more cautious approach eventually paid off*. ○ *All that hard work paid off when she came top of her class*.

pay out (3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to give money to someone \circ *The insurance company paid out thousands of pounds to claimants after the storm.* \circ *We have paid out half our profits in dividends.* **2.** to unroll a rope \circ *They paid out the rope gradually as I climbed down the cliff.*

pay up (a) *phrasal verb* to pay all the money which you owe \circ *The tourist paid up quickly when the taxi driver called the police.*

payee /pei'ii/ noun a person who is paid money

① **payment** /'peImant/ noun the fact of giving money for something [~for] \circ *I make regular monthly payments into her account.* \circ *She made a payment of £10,000 to the solicitor.*

payphone /'perfəon/ noun a public phone in which you insert money to make a call

payroll /'peirəul/ noun **1**. the people employed by a company and paid by it \circ *The company has 250 people on the payroll.* **2**. the total wages paid by a company

③ **PC** /,pit 'sit/ *abbr* personal computer, police constable, politically correct

PE *abbr* physical education \circ *a PE class*

③ **pea** /pi:/ noun a climbing plant of which the round green seeds are eaten as vegetables

② **peace** /pits/ noun **1**. the state of not being at war [~with/] \circ The UN troops are trying to keep the peace in the area. \circ Both sides are hoping to reach a peace settlement. **2**. a calm quiet state [~with/] \circ Noisy motorcycles ruin the peace and quiet of the village.

③ peaceful /'pi:sf(ə)l/ adj enjoyable because there is very little noise or activity o We spent a peaceful afternoon by the river. peacekeeper /'pi:ski:pə/ noun a person who tries to maintain peace

peacetime /'pirstaim/ noun a period when a country is not fighting in a war

③ **peach** /pirt \int / noun a sweet fruit with a large stone and very soft skin [~of] \circ We had peaches and cream for dessert.

peacock /'pi:kbk/ noun a type of common brown butterfly with round purple spots on its wings

③ **peak** /pi:k/ noun 1. the top of a mountain \circ Can you see that snow-covered peak in the distance? – It's Mont Blanc. 2. the highest point \circ The team has to reach a peak of fitness before the match. \circ The graph shows the peaks and troughs of pollution over the last month. 3. the front part of a cap, which sticks out \circ He wore a white cap with a dark blue peak.

peal /pi:l/ noun the sound of bells ringing • Peals rang out from the church tower on Christmas morning.

peanut /'piInAt/ noun a nut which grows under the ground in a shell

peanut butter /,pinAt 'bAtə/ noun a paste made from crushed peanuts

③ **pear** /peə/ noun a fruit like a long apple, with one end wider than the other

(3) **pearl** /p3:l/ noun a valuable round white jewel formed inside an oyster \circ She wore a string of pearls which her grand-mother had given her.

pear-shaped /'peə ∫eɪpt/ ◊ **to go pear-shaped** to go wrong, not to work properly (*informal*) ○ *Since the shop opened, every-thing seems to be going pear-shaped.*

peasant /'pez(ə)nt/ *noun* a farm labourer or farmer living in a backward region

peat /pi:t/ noun wet soil in a bog, made from partly decayed mosses and other plants

 $\ensuremath{\text{pebble}}$ /'peb(ə)l/ noun a small round stone

peck/pek/(**pecks**, **pecking**, **pecked**) verb (of a bird) to bite with a beak \circ Hens were pecking around in the yard.

peckish /¹pek1∫/ adj slightly hungry (informal)

③ **peculiar** /pɪ'kju:liə/ adj 1. strange [~that] \circ There's a peculiar smell coming from the kitchen. \circ It's peculiar that she never opens the curtains in her house. 2. only found in one particular place or person [-to] \circ He apologised to her in his own peculiar way. \circ French fries with mayonnaise is a dish which is peculiar to Belgium.

peculiarity /pi,kju:li'ærıti/ (*plural* **peculiarities**) *noun* an odd feature or detail which makes something different

pedagogical / pedə'gpdʒɪk(ə)l/ *adj* referring to teaching

③ **pedal** /'ped(𝔅)l/ noun 1. an object worked by the foot to make a machine operate ○ If you want to stop the car put your foot down on the brake pedal. 2. a flat rest which you press down on with your foot to make a bicycle go forwards ○ He stood up on the pedals to make the bike go up the hill. ■ verb (pedals, pedalling, pedalled) to make a bicycle go by pushing on the pedals ○ He had to pedal hard to get up the hill.

pedantic /pI'dænt1k/ *adj* who worries too much about small details

peddle /'ped(\Rightarrow)l/ (**peddles**, **peddling**, **peddled**) *verb* **1**. to sell goods from door to door or in the street \circ *He makes a living peddling cleaning products door to door*. \circ *She tried to peddle the information to various newspapers*. **2**. to sell illegal drugs \circ *He was accused of peddling drugs*. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **pedal**.)

pedestal /'pedist(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a base for a statue \diamond to put someone on a pedestal to treat someone as if he or she were very special or important, even if they have faults \circ He had always put his wife on a pedestal and was horrified to hear the stories about her which came out in court.

③ **pedestrian** /pə'destriən/ noun a person who walks, rather than drives along, in a street o Two pedestrians were also injured in the accident.

pedestrian crossing /pi,destrian 'krbsiŋ/ *noun* a place where pedestrians can cross a road (NOTE: Another US term is **crosswalk**.) pedicure /'pedikjuə/ noun the act of looking after the feet

pedigree /'pedigri:' *noun* a table showing the ancestors of an animal bred by a breeder

pee /pi:/ noun **1**. waste water from the body (informal) \circ This drink's horrible, it tastes like pee! **2**. the act of passing waste water from the body \circ I need to go for a pee. \circ He had a quick pee and then went back to the meeting. **•** verb (**pees, peeing, peed**) to pass waste water from the body \circ The cat's peed all over my flowerbed.

peek /pi:k/ noun a quick look \circ He opened the fridge door and had a peek at the dessert. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **peak.)** \blacksquare verb (**peeks, peeking, peeked**) to look at something quickly \circ She peeked through the window and saw there was no one in the kitchen.

peel /pi:l/ noun the outer skin of a fruit or a vegetable \circ Throw the banana peel into the rubbish bin. \circ This orange has got very thick peel. (NOTE: no plural. Do not confuse with peel.) **u** verb (peels, peeling, peeled) to take the outer skin off a fruit or a vegetable \circ He was peeling a banana. \circ If the potatoes are very small you can boil them without peeling them.

peep /pi:p/ noun a quick look \circ He opened the fridge door and had a peep inside. \blacksquare verb (peeps, peeping, peeped) to look quickly and secretly at something \circ She peeped into the box. \circ We found him peeping through the keyhole.

peer / p_1 *i*/noun a member of the a high social class in the UK \circ *Peers sit in the House* of Lords.

peeved /pi:vd/ *adj* annoyed and bothered **peg**/peg/ *noun* **1**. a small wooden or metal object used for holding something in place ○ *The children hang their coats on pegs in the cloakroom.* ○ *They used no nails in building the roof* – *it is all held together with wooden pegs.* **2**. □ **clothes peg** little wooden clip, used to attach wet clothes to a washing line. ◊ **off-the-peg** ■ *verb* (**pegs**, **pegging, pegged**) to attach something with a peg ○ *She pegged the washing out on the line.*

pelican /'pelikən/ noun a large water bird, which catches fish and keeps the fish in a bag of skin under its beak \circ The zoo keeper brought a bucket of fish to feed the pelicans.

pellet /'pelit/ noun 1. a small ball of lead, used in shotguns \circ There may still be pellets left in the pheasant so be careful when you eat it. **2.** a small ball of something \circ The boys made bread pellets and threw them across the room. \circ The cattle feed comes in the form of pellets.

pelt /pelt/ noun a skin of an animal with fur on it \circ The trappers sold the pelts at the trading post. \blacksquare verb (pelts, pelting, pelted) 1. \square to pelt someone with something to throw things at someone \circ The crowd pelted the speaker with rotten tomatoes. 2. to run very fast \circ I pelted after her to try to catch her up. 3. \square the rain was pelting down it was raining very hard

pelvis /'pelvis/ (plural pelvises or pelves) noun the group of bones and cartilage which forms a ring and connects the thigh bones to the spine

② **pen** /pen/ noun an object for writing with, using ink \circ *I* 've lost my red pen – can *I* borrow yours? \circ *If* you haven't got a pen you can always write in pencil.

penal /'piɪn(ə)l/ adj referring to punishment

penalise (penalises, penalising, penalised), penalize (penalizes, penalizing, penalized) *verb* to punish someone

③ **penalty** /'pen(∂)lti/ (*plural* **penalties**) noun **1**. a punishment for breaking a law or rule [~fot/~of/for] ○ *The maximum penalty* for this offence is two years' imprisonment. ○ *The coup failed and the leaders had to* pay the penalty. **2**. in sport, an advantage given to one side who has broken a rule, especially a kick directly at goal awarded to the opposite side in football [~for/~of/for] ○ *He was awarded a penalty kick.* ○ *They scored from a penalty.* □ **to take** or **miss a** or **the penalty** in football, to be the person who kicks the ball to try to score a goal when a penalty is given or who does not score in this situation

penance /'penəns/ noun punishment which someone accepts as a way of acknowledging a bad action

3 pence /pens/ plural of penny

penchant /'poŋ∫oŋ/ *noun* a special liking for something

(2) **pencil** /'pensəl/ noun an object for writing or drawing with, made of wood, with a long piece of black or coloured material through the middle

pencil sharpener /'pensəl ,ʃɑ:pnə/ noun an instrument for sharpening pencils **pendant** /'pendənt/ noun a piece of jewellery which hangs from a chain round your neck

pending /'pendin/ prep while waiting for something to happen (formal) \circ pending

advice from our lawyers \circ He has been suspended on full pay, pending an inquiry.

pendulum /'pendjuləm/ noun 1. a weight on the end of a chain which swings from side to side, making a clock work \circ *If* you look in the clock case, you can see the pendulum swinging back and forth. 2. a trend from one extreme to another $\circ A$ few years ago every household had two cars, now the pendulum has swung in the opposite direction and more people are using public transport.

penetrate /'penitreit/ (penetrates, penetrating, penetrated) verb to go into or through something (NOTE: + penetration n) **penetrating** /'penitreitin/ adj deep and searching

penfriend /'penfrend/ *noun* someone, often in another country, whom you write to regularly without ever meeting him or her

penguin /'pengwin/ noun a black and white bird found in the Antarctic, which swims well but cannot fly

penicillin / peni'sılın/ *noun* a common antibiotic, made from a mould

peninsula /pə'nınsjulə/ noun a large piece of land which goes out into the sea

penis /'pirns/ (plural penises or penes) noun the male organ used for passing urine and for sexual intercourse

penitent /'penit(\Rightarrow)nt/ adj being sorry for having done something wrong \circ *If you are penitent, God will forgive you.*

penitentiary /,peni'ten∫əri/ (*plural* **pen**itentiaries) *noun US* a prison

penknife /'pennaif/ (*plural* **penknives**) *noun* a small pocket knife which folds up

pen name /'pen neIm/ *noun* a name used by a writer which is not his or her own

penniless /'peniles/ adj with no money

① **penny** /'peni/ (plural **pennies** or **pence**) noun the smallest British coin, one hundredth of a pound \circ It cost £4.99, so I paid with a £5 note and got a penny change. \circ I came out without my purse and I haven't got a penny on me. (NOTE: **Pennies** is used to refer to several coins, but **pence** refers to the price. In prices, **pence** is always written **p** and often said as /pii/: This book only costs 60p.: say 'sixty p' or 'sixty pence'.) \diamond **not have a penny** not have any money

(2) **pension** /'pen \int ən/ noun money paid regularly, e.g. to someone who has retired from work \circ *He has a good pension from* his firm. \circ She finds her pension is not enough to live on.

② **pensioner** /'pen∫ənə/ *noun* a person who gets a pension

pensive /'pensiv/ adj thoughtful

pentagon /'pentagan/ noun a geometrical figure with five sides \circ He drew a pentagon on the blackboard.

pentathlon/pen'tællən/ *noun* an athletic competition in which competitors have to compete in five different sports

penthouse /'penthaus/ *noun* a flat on the top floor of a high building

penultimate /pə'nʌltımət/ adj next to last

① **people** /'pirp(\ni)l/ noun men, women or children considered as a group \circ There were at least twenty people waiting to see the doctor. \circ So many people wanted to see the film that there were queues every night. \circ A group of people from our office went to Paris by train.

(3) **pepper** /'pepə/ noun **1**. a strong-tasting powder used in cooking, made from the whole seeds of a plant (**black pepper**) or from seeds with the outer layer removed (**white pepper**) \circ Add salt and pepper to taste. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) **2**. a hollow green, red or yellow fruit used as a vegetable \circ We had stuffed peppers for lunch.

③ **peppermint** /'pepəmint/ noun a herb which is grown to produce an oil used in sweets, drinks and toothpaste \circ *I always* use peppermint-flavoured toothpaste.

pep talk /'pep to:k/ *noun* a talk designed to encourage people, e.g. to work hard or to win a match (*informal*)

(1) **per** /p3:, p \Rightarrow / prep for each \circ I can't cycle any faster than fifteen miles per hour. \circ Potatoes cost 10p per kilo. \circ We paid our secretaries £10 per hour.

per annum /ps: 'ænəm/ adv for each year

③ **perceive** /pə'sitv/ (**perceives**, **perceiving**, **perceived**) *verb* to notice or realise something [-that] ○ *The changes are so slight that they're almost impossible to perceive with the naked eye*. ○ *I perceived a worsening in his condition during the night*.

per cent /pə 'sent/, **percent** *noun* out of each hundred \circ *Fifty per cent of staff are aged over 40.* (NOTE: The symbol % is used after numbers: 50%.)

③ **percentage** /pə'sent1dʒ/ noun an amount considered in relation to $100 \circ A$

low percentage of the population voted. \circ 'What percentage of businesses are likely to be affected?' – 'Oh, about 40 per cent'.

perceptible /pə'sept1b(ə)l/ *adj* which can be noticed by the senses, i.e. seen, heard, smelled, tasted or touched

(3) **perception** /pə'sep∫ən/ noun the ability to notice or realise something [~of] **perceptive** /pə'septıv/ adj showing that you understand something clearly

perch /p3:t \int / noun a type of small freshwater fish **u** verb (**perches**, **perching**, **perched** or **perched**) (of a person or a building) to place someone or something high up \circ a castle perched high on the mountainside \circ She was sitting perched on a bar stool.

percolate /'p3:kəlert/ (**percolates**, **percolating**, **percolated**) *verb* to filter through **perennial**/pə'reniəl/ *noun* a plant which flowers every year without needing to be sown again \circ *Most of the plants in this bed are perennials*. Compare **annual**, **biennial**

perfect¹ /'p3:fikt/ adj 1. good in every way \circ Your coat is a perfect fit. \circ Don't change anything – the room is perfect as it is. 2. completely suitable \circ She's the perfect secretary. \circ George would be perfect for the job of salesman. \circ I was in a perfect position to see what happened.

perfect² /po'fekt/ (**perfects**, **perfecting**, **perfected**) verb to make something new and perfect \circ She perfected a process for speeding up the bottling system.

perfection /pə'fek \int ən/ noun the state of being perfect \diamond **to perfection** perfectly \circ *He timed his kick to perfection.*

perfectionist /pə'fekJənist/ noun a person who demands that everything has to be perfect

② perfectly /'p3:f1ktli/ adv very well o That dress fits you perfectly.

perforated /'p3:fəreitid/ *adj* which has a hole or holes in it, especially with a line of small holes designed to make tearing easy

(2) **perform** /pə¹fɔ:m/ (**performs**, **performing**, **performed**) verb **1**. to do an action \circ She performed a perfect dive. \circ It's the sort of task that can be performed by any computer. **2**. to do something such as acting, dancing or singing in public \circ The dance group will perform at the local theatre next week. \circ The play will be performed in the village hall.

① **performance** /pə'fɔ:məns/ *noun* **1**. the way in which someone or something works, e.g. how successful they are or how

performer

much they achieve \circ We're looking for ways to improve our performance. \circ After last night's miserable performance I don't think the team is likely to reach the semi-finals. **2.** a public show for entertainment \circ The next performance will start at 8 o'clock. \circ There are three performances a day during the summer.

③ **performer** /pə'fɔ:mə/ *noun* a person who gives a public show in order to entertain people

perfume /'p3:fju:m/ noun 1. a liquid which smells nice, and which you put on your skin 2. a pleasant smell, especially of flowers \circ the strong perfume of the roses

() perhaps $/p \ni h \approx ps/$ adv possibly \circ Perhaps the train is late. \circ They're late – perhaps the snow's very deep. \circ Is it going to be fine? – Perhaps not, I can see clouds over there.

peril /'peril/ noun great danger \diamond **at your peril** you risk everything if you do this \circ You disregard your doctor's advice at your peril. \diamond **in peril** facing a risk \circ The ship was on the rocks and the lives of the crew were in peril.

perilous /'perɪləs/ *adj* very dangerous **perimeter** /pə'rɪmɪtə/ *noun* the outside edge of an enclosed area

① **period** /'pI \rightarrow I'pI \rightarrow I'pI \rightarrow I'pI \rightarrow I'pI \rightarrow I'pI \rightarrow I' an amount of time \circ She swam under water for a short period. \circ The offer is open for a limited period only. \circ It was an unhappy period in her life. **2.** the time during which a lesson is given in school \circ We have three periods of English on Thursdays.

periodic/,p1əri'bd1k/ adj repeated after a regular period of time \circ periodic attacks of the illness \circ We carry out periodic reviews of the company's financial position.

periodical /,piəri'bdik(ə)l/ noun a magazine which appears regularly \circ He writes for several London periodicals.

periphery $/p \vartheta' r i f(\vartheta) r i / noun an edge, not the centre$

perish $(\operatorname{perishes}, \operatorname{perishing}, \operatorname{perished}, \operatorname{verb} 1$. to die \circ *The ship sank and twenty-five sailors perished*. **2.** to decay \circ *The rubber has perished and the lid isn't airtight any more.*

perishable $/|perisb(\bar{\vartheta})|/adj$ which can go bad easily \circ *Perishable food like pâté must be kept in a fridge.*

perjury /'p3:d3əri/ *noun* a crime of telling lies when you have sworn to tell the truth in court

perk /p31k/ noun something extra such as company cars or private health insurance

given by a company to employees in addition to their salaries

perm /p3:m/ noun curls or a wave put into your hair artificially \circ She's had a perm and it's changed her appearance.

② **permanent** /'p3:mənənt/ adj lasting or intended to last, for ever ○ He has found a permanent job. ○ She is in permanent employment. ○ They are living with her parents temporarily – it's not a permanent arrangement.

permanently /'p3:mənəntli/ adv for ever; always

permeate /'parmient/ (permeates, permeating, permeated) verb to move right through something

permissible $/p \vartheta^{+}mISIb(\vartheta)l/$ adj which can be allowed

② **permission** $/p \exists m_1 (\exists)n/$ noun the freedom which you are given to do something by someone in authority \circ You need permission from the boss to go into the storeroom. \circ He asked the manager's permission to take a day off.

permissive /pə'misiv/ *adj* allowing people a large amount of freedom in the way they behave, especially in sexual matters

permit¹ /'p3mt/ *noun* an official paper which allows you to do something \circ *You have to have a permit to sell ice cream from a van.*

permit² /pə'mīt/ (**permits, permitting, permitted**) *verb* to allow someone to do something \circ *This ticket permits three people to go into the exhibition.* \circ *Smoking is not permitted in underground stations.*

permutation $/_1p3:mj\sigma'terJ(3)n/$ noun the act of putting several things together in various combinations

perpetrate /'p3:pitreit/ (perpetrates, perpetrating, perpetrated) verb to commit a crime (NOTE: + perpetrator n)

perpetual /pə'petfuəl/ *adj* continuous, without any end

perpetuate /pə'pet∫uett/ (perpetuates, perpetuating, perpetuated) *verb* to make something continue

perplexed /pə'plekst/ adj feeling confused

persecute /'p3ISIkjuit/ (**persecutes**, **persecuting**, **persecuted**) *verb* to treat someone badly on political or religious beliefs or because of their race (NOTE: + **persecutor** *n*)

perseverance / p3ISI'VIƏrƏnS/ noun the act of persevering **persevere** /,p3:s1'v1ə/ (**perseveres**, **persevering**, **persevered**) verb to continue doing something even if it is difficult [-with/in] \circ If you persevere with your exercises you should lose weight. \circ He persevered in denying his involvement.

persist /pə'sist/ (**persists**, **persisting**, **persisted**) *verb* to continue to exist \Box **to persist in doing something** to continue doing something, even if you should not \bigcirc *He will persist in singing while he works although we've told him many times to stop.* \bigcirc *She persists in refusing to see a doctor.*

③ **persistent**/pə'sɪstənt/*adj*continuing to do something, even though people want you to stop

① **person** $l^{+}p3:s(\Im)n/(plural people or persons) noun a man or woman <math>\circ$ The police say a person entered the house by the window. \circ His father's a very interesting person. \diamond in person used to emphasise that someone is physically present \circ Several celebrities were at the first night in person.

persona /pə'səunə/ *noun* a person's character as seen by other people

personable /'p3:s(ə)nəb(ə)l/ *adj* attractive, good-looking or having a pleasant character

(1) **personal** $/^{!}$ p3:s(\ni)n(\ni)l/ adj 1. belonging or referring to a particular person or people \circ They lost all their personal property in the fire. 2. relating to something that you would not like to discuss with most people \circ Can I ask you a personal question? \circ That's personal – I'd rather not tell you.

personal computer /,p3:s(ϑ)n(ϑ)l k ϑ m'pju:t ϑ / *noun* a small computer used by a person at home. Abbreviation **PC**

(3) **personality** $/_{,p3:s9}$ 'nælıti/ noun 1. character \circ *He has a strange personality*. 2. a famous person, especially a TV or radio star \circ *The new supermarket is going to be opened by a famous sporting personality.*

(2) **personally** /'p3:s(∂)n(∂)li/ adv 1. from your own point of view ○ Personally, I think you're making a mistake. 2. in person ○ He is sorry that he can't be here to accept the prize personally. ◇ don't take it **personally** don't think it was meant to criticise you

personal pronoun $/_1p_3:s(3)n(3)l$ 'prounaun/ noun (in grammar) a pronoun which refers to a person, such as 'I', 'he', 'she', 'him', 'her', etc.

personal trainer / p3:s(ə)n(ə)l 'treinə/ noun a person whose job is to help someone become fit, e.g. by teaching them a set of physical exercises and advising them what to eat

personify /pə'sonifai/ (personifies, personifying, personified) verb 1. to be a good example of something \circ He seemed to personify all that was best in American life. 2. to use a character in art to represent a quality \circ The artist personified the wind as a fat red-faced man, blowing hard. (NOTE: + personification n)

③ **personnel** / p3:sə'nel/ *noun* staff, the people employed by a company

③ **perspective** /pɔ'spektıv/ noun 1. (in art) a way of drawing objects or scenes, so that they appear to have depth or distance ○ He's got the perspective wrong – that's why the picture looks so odd. 2. a way of looking at something ○ A French politician's perspective on the problem will be completely different from mine. ○ She was looking at the situation from the perspective of a parent with two young children. □ to put or keep things in perspective to show or react to events in a balanced way ○ You must put the sales figures in perspective – they look bad, but they're much better than last year.

perspiration /,p3:sp ϑ 'rei $\int(\vartheta)n/$ noun the drops of liquid which come to the surface of your skin when you are hot

perspire /pə'spaɪə/ (**perspires**, **perspiring**, **perspired**) *verb* to cause small drops of liquid to come to the surface of your skin because you are feeling hot

(2) **persuade** /pə'sweid/ (**persuades**, **persuading**, **persuaded**) verb to get someone to do what you want by explaining or asking \circ She managed to persuade the bank manager to give her a loan. \circ After ten hours of discussion, they persuaded him to leave.

(3) **persuasion** /pə'swe13(ə)n/ noun 1. the act of persuading ○ It took a lot of persuasion on his part to get her to change her mind. ○ With a bit of gentle persuasion, he agreed to be chairman. 2. a firm, usually religious, belief ○ People of that persuasion refuse to do military service. ○ People of varying political persuasions have signed the petition.

persuasive /pə'sweisiv/ adj able to make people agree to accept something o They employed some very persuasive arguments to get us to support their proposal.

pertinent /'ps:tinənt/ adj which is relevant

perturbed /pə't3:bd/ adj made to feel worried or frightened

peruse /pə'ru:z/ (**peruses**, **perusing**, **perused**) *verb* to read something carefully (NOTE: + **perusal** *n*)

pervade /pə'veɪd/ (**pervades**, **pervad**ing, **pervaded**) *verb* to spread everywhere **perverse** /pə'vʒɪs/ *adj* continuing to do something even if it is wrong

perversion $/p \exists 'v \exists : \int (\exists)n/noun 1$. behaviour that is considered not natural and possibly immoral \circ *sexual perversion* 2. the act of changing something to make it bad or wrong \circ *Her story is a perversion of the truth.*

pervert¹ /'p3:v3:t/ noun a person who commits sexual acts which are thought to be not natural or normal \circ a sexual pervert

pervert²/pə'v3:t/ (**perverts, perverting, perverted**) *verb* to change someone or something to make them evil

perverted /pə'vɜːtɪd/ *adj* which has been made bad or wrong

pessimism /'pesimiz(ə)m/ noun the state of believing that only bad things will happen

pessimist /'pesimist/ noun a person who thinks only bad things will happen

pessimistic / pesi'mistik/ adj believing that only bad things will happen

pest /pest/ noun **1**. a plant, animal or insect which causes problems \circ Many farmers look on rabbits as a pest. **2**. a person who annoys someone \circ That little boy is an absolute pest – he won't stop whistling.

pester /'pestə/ (**pesters**, **pestering**, **pestered**) verb to keep annoying someone or asking them for something **to pester someone into doing something** to keep asking or telling someone to do something until they do what you want o She pestered him into getting his hair cut.

pesticide /'pestisaid/ noun a poison to kill pests

pet /pet/ noun an animal kept in the home • The family has several pets – two cats, a dog and a hamster.

petal /'pet(ə)l/ noun the colourful part of a flower

peter verb

peter out *phrasal verb* to come to an end, to gradually stop

petite /pə'tiːt/ adj (of a woman) small and delicate

petition $/pa't_{IJ}(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun an official request, often signed by many people \circ She wanted me to sign a petition against the

building of the new road. ○ We went to the town hall to hand the petition to the mayor.
verb (petitions, petitioning, petitioned) to ask someone for something officially, to make an official request for something ○ They petitioned the town council for a new library. ○ He petitioned the government to provide a special pension. ○ She is petitioning for divorce.

petrified /'petrifaid/ adj **1.** changed to stone \circ You can find petrified trees at the bottom of the gorge. **2.** unable to move because you are afraid \circ I thought he was going to shoot me, I was absolutely petrified.

③ **petrol** /'petrol/ noun a liquid used as a fuel for engines \circ This car doesn't use very much petrol. \circ The bus ran out of petrol on the motorway. \circ Petrol prices are lower at supermarkets. (NOTE: no plural: some petrol, a litre of petrol)

petroleum /pə'trəoliəm/ *noun* raw mineral oil which comes from under the earth or sea

(3) **petrol station** /'petrol _stet $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun a place where you can buy petrol for your car

petty /' peti/ adj 1. unimportant \circ I haven't time to deal with petty points of detail. 2. with a narrow point of view \circ It was very petty of her to ask for her money back.

petulant /'petjulant/ adj feeling annoyed

pew /pju:/ noun a long wooden seat in a church

pH /,pi: 'ett J/ noun a measure of the concentration of hydrogen ions in a solution, which shows how acid or alkaline it is

phantom /'fænt \exists m/ noun an imaginary creature thought to be the spirit of a dead person \circ *Phantoms were supposed to have been seen in the churchyard at dead of night*. \blacksquare *adj* not real but imaginary, especially in a way which is frightening \circ *She felt a phantom presence standing beside her.*

pharmaceutical /,fa:mə'sju:t1k(ə)l/ *adj* referring to medicines

pharmacist /'fɑːməsɪst/ *noun* a person who prepares and sells medicines

pharmacology / faːmə'kɒlədʒi/ noun the study of drugs and medicines

pharmacy /'fɑ:məsi/ (plural pharmacies) noun 1. a shop which makes and sells medicines \circ He runs the pharmacy in the High Street. 2. the study of medicines \circ She's studying pharmacy. \circ He has a diploma in pharmacy. (2) **phase** /fe1z/ noun a stage in the development of something ○ The project is now in its final phase. ○ It's a phase she's going through and hopefully she will grow out of it. ○ I'm sure dyeing his hair green is just a phase. ■ verb (phases, phasing, phased) to introduce something gradually ○ The changes will be phased over three years.

phase in or out phrasal verb to introduce or remove something gradually \circ The new telephone system will be phased in over the next two months.

PhD /,pi: ett ʃ 'di:/ noun an advanced degree from a university in an arts subject. Full form **Doctor of Philosophy** (NOTE: written after the name: Alec Smart PhD)

pheasant /'fez(ə)nt/ *noun* a large brightly coloured bird with a long tail, shot for sport and food

phenomenal /fə'nomin(ə)l/ adj surprising

(3) **phenomenon** /fə'nɒmɪnən/ (*plural* **phenomena**) *noun* something very surprising or unusual which happens and which people cannot explain [~of]

phew /fju:/ *interj* showing surprise or showing pleasure that you have avoided something unpleasant

philanthropist /fr'lænθrəpist/ noun a person who does good things to help people

philistine / filistain/ noun a person who is not sympathetic to the arts \circ *He thinks* people who don't appreciate modern jazz are simply philistines.

philosopher /fɪ'lbsəfə/ noun a person who studies the meaning of human existence; a person who teaches philosophy

philosophical /,f1lə'sof $\mathbf{I}\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{a})\mathbf{l}/\mathbf{a}d\mathbf{j}$ **1**. carefully calm in the face of problems \circ to take a philosophical attitude \circ It's best to be philosophical about it and not get too upset. **2**. referring to philosophy \circ She was involved in a philosophical argument.

③ **philosophy** /fɪ'lɒsəfi/ (plural philosophies) noun 1. the study of the meaning of human existence \circ He's studying philosophy. 2. a general way of thinking \circ My philosophy is that you should treat people as you would want them to treat you.

phlegm /flem/ noun an unpleasant thick liquid substance which you get in the nose and throat when you have a cold \circ She sneezes a lot and coughs up phlegm from the throat. \circ The cough mixture should loosen the phlegm on your chest.

phlegmatic /fleg'mætik/ adj calm, not flustered

phobia /'fəubiə/ *noun* extreme fear of a particular thing

(i) **phone** f_{sun} noun a telephone f_{sun} someone rings, can you answer the phone for me? \circ She lifted the phone and called *the ambulance*. **by phone** using the telephone ○ to place an order by phone ■ verb (phones, phoning, phoned) to speak to someone using a telephone o Your wife phoned when you were out. o Can you phone me at ten o'clock tomorrow evening? \circ I need to phone our office in *New York.* **to phone for something** to make a phone call to ask for something \circ He phoned for a taxi. \Box to phone about something to make a phone call to speak about something \circ He phoned about the message he had received.

phone back phrasal verb to reply by telephone; to call again \circ The manager is out – can you phone back in about fifteen minutes? \circ She phoned back three minutes later to ask me my address.

(3) **phone book** /'fəon bok/ *noun* a book which gives the names of people and businesses in a town in alphabetical order, with their addresses and phone numbers

(3) **phone call** /'four ko:l/ *noun* an occasion on which you speak to someone by telephone

(3) **phonecard** /'fəonka:d/ *noun* a plastic card which you use to pay for calls on a public telephone

phone-in /'foon In/ noun a radio show, where members of the public telephone a speaker to ask questions or put their points of view

(3) **phone number** /'fəun ,nAmbə/ *noun* a series of numbers that you press on a telephone to contact a particular person

phonetic /fə'net1k/ *adj* referring to spoken sounds

phonetics /fə'netiks/ noun 1. the study of the sounds of a language \circ Every linguist has to take a course in basic phonetics. 2. written signs which show how words are pronounced \circ Each word is followed by its phonetics which show you how the word should be pronounced.

phoney / fooni/ adj not real, not what it seems to be \circ He gave a phoney address in Paris. \circ She made a lot of phoney claims in her story in the newspaper. \blacksquare noun a person who is not what he or she seems to be \circ He's just an old phoney – he doesn't have any experience of TV reporting at all.

(2) **photo** /'fəʊtəʊ/ (*plural* **photos**) *noun* a photograph; a picture taken using a camera

photocopier

○ Here's a photo of the village in the snow.
○ I've brought some holiday photos to show you.

③ **photocopier** /'fəutəukɒpiə/ noun a machine which makes photocopies

③ photocopy /'fəutəukopi/ noun (plural photocopies) a copy of a document made by photographing it ○ She made six photocopies of the contract. ■ verb (photocopies, photocopying, photocopied) to copy something and make a print of it ○ Can you photocopy this letter, please?

photogenic / fəutəu'dʒenɪk/ adj who looks well in photographs

② photograph /'fəutəgra:f/ noun a picture taken with a camera [~of] ○ I've found an old black and white photograph of my parents' wedding. ○ She's trying to take a photograph of the cat. ○ He kept her photograph in his wallet. ○ You'll need two passport photographs to get your visa. ■ verb (photographs, photographing, photographed) to take a picture with a camera ○ She was photographing the flowers in the public gardens.

photographer /fə'tɒgrəfə/ *noun* a person who takes photographs, especially as a job

③ **photography** /fə'tɒgrəfi/ noun the practice of taking pictures on sensitive film with a camera

photo opportunity /'fəʊtəʊ ,ɒpətju:nɪti/ noun an arranged situation where a famous person can be filmed or photographed by journalists

phrasal verb $/_i$ freiz(\Rightarrow)l 'v3:b/ noun a type of verb which has two or three parts, which together have a meaning different from that of the main verb, such as 'tell off', 'look after' and 'put up with'

① **phrase** /freiz/ noun a short sentence or group of words \circ Try to translate the whole phrase, not just one word at a time. \circ I'm trying to remember a phrase from 'Hamlet'.

phrase book /'freiz buk/ *noun* a book of translations of common expressions

() physical /'fIZIK(\ni)*l*/ *adj* relating to the human body \circ *The illness is mental rather than physical.* \circ *He has a strong physical attraction for her.*

physical education / $fIzIk(\vartheta)l$,edju'ke1 $\int(\vartheta)n/$ noun physical exercise taught as part of the school curriculum. Abbreviation **PE**

③ **physically** / f_{IZIKII} / dv **1**. relating to the body \circ *I* find him physically very attractive. **2**. relating to the laws of nature \circ

It is physically impossible to get a piano into that little car.

physical science $/_1fizik(\bar{a})l$ 'saians/ noun a science that deals with subjects such as physics or chemistry, rather than with the science of living creatures

physician $f_{I'zI}(\Im)n/$ noun US a doctor (3) **physics** $f_{IZIKs}/$ noun the study of things such as heat, light and sound, and the way in which they affect objects \circ She teaches physics at the local college. \circ It's a law of physics that things fall down to the ground and not up into the sky.

physiology /₁f1zi'bləd3i/ *noun* the study of the way in which living things work

physiotherapy /_ifiziəu'θerəpi/ noun a treatment for problems with joints, muscles and nerves, e.g. by exercise, massage or heat treatment (NOTE: + **physiotherapist** *n*)

physique /fɪ'ziːk/ *noun* the shape of a person's body, especially the muscles

③ **pianist** /'pirənist/ *noun* a person who plays the piano, especially as their job

(3) **piano** /pi'ænəʊ/ noun a large musical instrument with black and white keys which you press to make music \circ She's taking piano lessons. \circ She played the piano while her brother sang.

piccolo /'pikələʊ/ (*plural* **piccolos**) *noun* a small wind instrument, like a little flute

① pick /pik/ (picks, picking, picked) verb 1. to choose something ○ The captain picks the football team. ○ She was picked to play the part of the victim's mother. ○ The Association has picked Paris for its next meeting. 2. to take fruit or flowers from plants ○ They've picked all the strawberries. ○ Don't pick the flowers in the public gardens. ◇ take your pick choose which one you want ○ We've got green, red and blue balloons – just take your pick!

pick on *phrasal verb* to choose someone to attack or criticise

pick out() phrasal verb to choose something or someone

pick up *(*) *phrasal verb* **1.** to take something that is lying on a surface and lift it in your hand \circ *She dropped her handkerchief and he picked it up.* \circ *He bent down to pick up a pound coin which he saw on the pavement.* \circ *I picked up some holiday brochures at the travel agent's.* **2.** to learn something easily without being taught \circ *She never took any piano lessons, she just picked it up.* \circ *He picked up some German when he was working in Germany.* **3.** to give someone a lift in a

vehicle \circ We will pick you up from the hotel. \circ Can you send a taxi to pick us up at seven o'clock? **4.** to meet someone by chance and start a relationship with them \circ She's a girl he picked up in a bar. **5.** to arrest somebody \circ He was picked up by the police at the airport. **6.** to improve, to get better \circ She's been in bed for weeks, but is beginning to pick up. \circ Business is picking up after the Christmas holiday.

picket /'p1kIt/ noun 1. a worker who refuses to go into work and stands at the gate of a factory to try to persuade other workers to not go to work, because of a disagreement with their employers \circ The pickets at the main gate tried to stop lorries from entering. 2. a group of pickets \circ They organised a picket of the factory. 3. a person who stands outside a place to protest against what is going on inside \circ Pickets stood outside the laboratory.

pickle /'pik(ə)l/ (**pickles, pickling, pickled**) verb to preserve vegetables in vinegar \circ She bought some small onions for pickling.

③ **pickpocket** /'p1kpbk1t/ *noun* a person who steals things from people's pockets

pick-up f' pik $\Lambda p/$ noun a light van with an open back \circ *They loaded all their gear into the back of a pick-up.*

picky /'piki/ adj hard to please

③ **picnic**/'piknik/ noun a meal eaten outdoors away from home ○ If it's fine, let's go for a picnic. ○ They stopped by a wood, and had a picnic lunch. ■ verb (**picnics**, **picnicking**, **picnicked**) to eat a picnic ○ People were picnicking on the bank of the river.

pictorial /pik'to:riəl/ adj referring to pictures

① **picture** /'pikt $\int \Im$ / noun a drawing, a painting or a photograph \circ She drew a picture of the house. \circ The book has pages of pictures of wild animals. \circ She cut out the picture of the President from the magazine.

picturesque /,pikt ∫ə'resk/ adj (of places) attractive, like in a picture

(2) pie /pai/ noun meat or fruit cooked in a pastry case o For pudding, there's apple pie and ice cream. o If we're going on a picnic, I'll buy a big pork pie.

() **piece** /pi:s/ noun a bit of something or one of a number of similar things $[-of] \circ$ Would you like another piece of cake? $\circ I$ need two pieces of black cloth.

piecemeal /'pi:smi:l/ adj, adv separately, done bit by bit \circ The work was carried out on a piecemeal basis. \circ They had bought all sorts of paintings piecemeal.

pie-chart /'paɪ tʃɑːt/ *noun* a diagram shaped like a circle with pieces cut out showing how something is divided up

③ **pier** /p1ə/ noun **1**. a structure built from the land out into the sea, often with entertainments on it \circ *If you go to Brighton, you* must go on the pier. \circ *We went for a stroll* along the pier. \circ *He spent his holiday fish*ing from the end of the pier. **2**. one of the tall strong structures holding up a bridge \circ *The boat collided with one of the piers of the railway bridge*. (NOTE: Do not confuse with peer.)

pierce /piəs/ (**pierces**, **piercing**, **pierced**) *verb* to make a hole in something

piercing /'piəsiŋ/ adj (of a sound) unpleasantly high and loud \circ *They suddenly heard a piercing cry.* \circ *He let out a piercing yell.*

(2) pig /pig/ noun a pink or black farm animal with short legs kept for its meat (NOTE: Fresh meat from a pig is called pork. Bacon, gammon and ham are types of smoked or cured meat from a pig.)

③ **pigeon** /'pɪdʒən/ *noun* a fat grey bird which is common in towns

pigeonhole /'ptdʒənhəul/ noun one of a series of small square spaces in shelves, used to put away things such as papers or letters \circ *I* looked in my pigeonhole to see if there were any messages for me. \blacksquare verb (pigeonholes, pigeonholing, pigeonholed) 1. to file letters or papers, often as the best way to forget about them 2. to say that someone or something belongs to a particular group or class \circ As an artist he is not easy to pigeonhole.

pigeon-toed / pId3(ə)n 'təud/ adj walking with the toes turning in

piggyback /'pigibæk/ noun carrying someone on your back with his arms round your neck

piglet /'piglət/ noun a little pig

pigment /'pigmənt/ *noun* a substance which colours

pigmentation / pigmen'tei $\int(\partial n)/\partial n$ noun the colouring of the skin

pigsty /'pigstai/ (*plural* **pigsties**) *noun* **1**. a little building where a pig is kept **2**. an untidy place

pike /pa1k/ noun a large fish which lives in rivers and lakes

② **pile** /pail/ noun a large mass of things [~of] ○ Look at that pile of washing. ○ The pile of plates crashed onto the floor. ○ The wind blew piles of dead leaves into the road. \circ He was carrying a huge pile of books.

pile-up /'pail Λp / noun a serious accident involving a series of vehicles which have crashed into each other (*informal*)

pilfer /'pılfə/ (**pilfers**, **pilfering**, **pilfered**) *verb* to steal small objects or small amounts of money from the office or shop where you work

pilgrim /'pilgrim/ *noun* a person who goes to visit a holy place

pilgrimage /'pilgrimidʒ/ noun 1. a journey to an important religious place for religious reasons \circ *The church is organising a pilgrimage to Rome in April.* \circ *All Muslims should make the pilgrimage to Mecca at least once.* 2. a journey to any important place, especially one connected with a famous person \circ *Many tourists make the pilgrimage to Dickens' house in London.*

③ **pill** /pil/ noun medicine in solid form, usually in a small round shape [~for] \circ Take two pills before breakfast.

pillage ('pilldʒ/ (**pillages**, **pillaging**, **pillaged**) *verb* to damage buildings and steal goods from a place, especially in a war o The invaders pillaged the monastery buildings, then set fire to them.

pillar /'pılə/ noun a strong tall object which supports part of a building

③ **pillow** /'p1ləu/ *noun* a cloth bag full of soft material which you put your head on in bed

③ **pilot** /'pailət/ noun a person who flies a plane or other aircraft \circ *He's training to* be an airline pilot. \circ *He's a helicopter pilot* for an oil company.

pimp /pimp/ noun a man who makes money by finding customers for prostitutes • The pimps are supposed to protect the girls if customers turn nasty. (NOTE: + **pimp** y)

pimple /'pimpəl/ *noun* a small lump on the surface of the skin, containing pus

(3) **pin** /pin/ noun a small thin sharp metal object with a round piece at the top, used for fastening things such as pieces of cloth or paper ○ She fastened the ribbons to her dress with a pin before sewing them on. ■ verb (pins, pinning, pinned) to attach something with a pin ○ She pinned up a notice about the meeting. ○ He pinned her photograph on the wall. ○ He pinned the calendar to the wall by his desk.

pin down (3) *phrasal verb* \square **to pin someone down** to get someone to say what he or she really thinks, to get someone to make his or her mind up \circ *I'm trying to pin the chairman down to make a decision.* \circ *She's very vague about dates – it's difficult to pin her down.*

pinball /'pin,bo:l/ *noun* an indoor game played on a sloping electronic table in which a player makes a ball move quickly past obstacles to score points

pinch /pint \int / noun 1. the action of squeezing something between your finger and thumb \circ *He gave her arm a pinch.* 2. a small quantity of something held between finger and thumb \circ *Add a pinch of salt to the boiling water.* **•** verb (pinches, pinching, pinched) 1. to squeeze something tightly, using the finger and thumb \circ *Ow! You're pinching me!* 2. to steal something, especially something that is not very valuable (informal) \circ *Someone's pinched my pen!*

pine /pain/ noun 1. □ **pine** (tree) a type of evergreen tree with needle-shaped leaves ○ They planted a row of pines along the edge of the field. 2. wood from a pine tree ○ We've bought a pine table for the kitchen. ○ There are pine cupboards in the children's bedroom. ■ verb to feel sad because you do not have something any more [~for] ○ She's miserable because she's pining for her cat.

pineapple /'painæp(ə)l/ noun a large sweet tropical fruit, with stiff leaves with sharp points on top

pine cone /'pain kəun/ noun the hard case containing the fruit of a pine tree

ping /pin/ (pings, pinging, pinged) verb to make a ping \circ A little bell pings when the oven reaches the right temperature. (NOTE: + ping n)

(2) **pink** /piŋk/ adj pale red or flesh coloured ○ Your cheeks look pink and healthy now. ■ noun a pale red colour ○ The bright pink of those flowers shows clearly across the garden.

pinkish *adj* of a colour that is close to pink

pinnacle /'pinək(ə)l/ noun **1**. the highest point of someone's career \circ By becoming Lord Chief Justice he reached the pinnacle of his legal career: **2**. the highest point of a pointed rock \circ A narrow ridge connected the two pinnacles. **3**. a tall, thin stone tower \circ looking down on the domes and pinnacles of the old Italian city

pinpoint /'pinpoint/ (**pinpoints**, **pinpointing**, **pinpointed**) *verb* to show exactly where something is \circ *We can pinpoint the ship's exact position by radar.* **pinstripe** /'pinstraip/ noun a thin light line on a dark cloth

② **pint** /paint/ noun a liquid measure, equal to 0.568 of a litre

pin-up /'pIn Ap/ noun a picture of a person, especially one of a sexually attractive person or in which the person is wearing very few clothes

pioneer /, paiə'niə/ noun 1. a person who is among the first to try to do something \circ the pioneers in the field of laser surgery \circ He was one of the pioneers of radar. 2. a person who is among the first to discover or settle in a new land \circ The first pioneers settled in this valley in about 1860. • verb (pioneers, pioneering, pioneered) to be the first to do something \circ The company pioneered developments in the field of electronics.

pious /'paiəs/ adj showing great respect for religion

pip /pip/ noun a small seed in some fruits • Take out all the pips when you cut up the grapefruit. (NOTE: Fruits such as apples, pears, oranges and lemons all have pips.)

② **pipe** /parp/ noun **1**. a tube, especially one that carries a liquid or a gas from one place to another \circ *He's clearing a blocked pipe in the kitchen*. \circ *The water came out of the hole in the pipe*. \diamond **drainpipe 2**. a tube for smoking tobacco, with a small bowl at one end in which the tobacco burns

pipeline /'paiplain/ noun a very large tube for carrying oil, natural gas, etc., over long distances \circ An oil pipeline crosses the desert. \diamond in the pipeline being worked on, coming \circ The company has a series of new products in the pipeline. \circ She has two new novels in the pipeline.

piping /'paipin/ noun tubes in general o The old lead piping was removed and replaced with plastic.

piping hot /,paipin 'hot/ adv extremely hot o Porridge should be served piping hot. **piqued** /pi:kd/ adj feeling annoyed or angry about something

piracy "pairosi/ noun 1. the crime of attacking ships at sea and stealing what is in them \circ Piracy is on the increase in the South China Sea. 2. the illegal copying of things such as books, records or computer programs \circ The government is trying to stamp out video piracy.

piranha /pə'rɑːnə/ noun a small tropical fish which attacks animals, including man **pirate** /'paɪrət/ noun a person who makes illegal copies of things such as books or videos **u** verb (**pirates**, **pirating**, **pirated**) to make an illegal copy of something such as a book, disk or design \circ *The designs for the new dress collection were pirated in the Far East.* \circ *I found a pirated copy of my book on sale in a street market.*

Pisces /'paɪsi:z/ *noun* one of the signs of the zodiac, shaped like fish, covering the period 19th February to 20th March

piss off *phrasal verb* **1.** to leave somewhere (*offensive slang*) **2.** to annoy someone \diamond **piss off!** go away!

pistol /'pIstəl/ noun a small gun which is held in the hand

piston /'pistən/ noun (in an engine) a round flat piece of metal which moves up and down in a cylinder

pit /pit/ noun **1**. a deep dark hole in the ground \circ They dug a pit to bury the rubbish. **2**. a mine; a place where substances such as coal are dug out of the ground \circ My grandfather spent his whole life working down a pit.

③ **pitch** /pit J/ noun 1. the ground on which a game is played [\sim of] \circ I'll time you, if you run round the football pitch. \circ The pitch is too wet to play on. \circ He dribbled the ball the whole length of the pitch and scored. 2. the level of a period of anger or excitement [\sim of] \circ Excitement was at fever pitch. \blacksquare verb (pitches, pitching, pitched) to put up a tent [\sim for/ \sim with] \circ They pitched their tent in a field by the beach.

pitcher /'pit $\int \mathfrak{d} / noun \mathbf{1}$. a large container for liquids, with a handle and a specially shaped part on the top edge for pouring the liquid out $\circ My$ aunt brought out a pitcher of lemonade. **2**. a person who throws the ball in baseball $\circ The Dodgers are without$ their regular pitcher this afternoon.

pitfall /'pitfo:l/ noun a hidden danger

pithy /'p $i\theta$ i/ adj full of serious meaning \circ *He made some pithy remarks.*

pitiful /'pitif(ə)l/ adj **1**. making you feel sorry for someone or something **2**. not at all good \circ His attempts at singing were pitiful. **pitiless** /'pitiləs/ adj not showing any pity \circ His voice was harsh and pitiless.

pitta bread /'pɪtə ,bred/ *noun* a type of flat bread

pittance /'pɪt(ə)ns/ noun a very low amount that someone earns

pitted /'pitid/ adj with the stones removed

③ **pity** /'pɪti/ noun a feeling of sympathy for someone who is in a bad situation [~about] ○ Have you no pity for the homeless? ■ verb (pities, pitying, pitied) to feel

pivot

sympathy for someone $\circ I$ pity those children. \diamond to take pity on someone to feel sorry for someone $\circ At$ last someone took pity on her and showed her how to work the machine.

pivot /'pɪvət/ noun a point on which something turns

pivotal /'pivət(ə)l/ *adj* central, of great importance

pixel /'piksəl/ noun a single point on a computer display

② pizza /'pi:tsə/ noun an Italian food, consisting of a flat round piece of bread cooked with things such as cheese, tomatoes and onions on top

placard /'plæku:d/ noun 1. a notice on a large piece of thin board \circ *The protesters* carried placards bearing anti-government slogans. 2. a large notice, picture or advertisement stuck on a wall \circ *Placards ap*peared in shop windows announcing that the circus was coming to town.

placate /plə'keɪt/ (**placates**, **placating**, **placated**) *verb* to calm someone, to make someone less angry

(1) place /pleis/ noun 1. where something is, or where something happens [~for/~on] \circ We found a nice place for a picnic. **2.** where something is usually kept [~for/~on] • Make sure you put the file back in the *right place.* **3.** a seat [~for/~on] \circ *I'm keep*ing this place for my sister. \circ I'm sorry, but this place has been taken. 4. a position in a race \circ The British runners are in the first three places. • verb (places, placing, **placed**) to put something somewhere \circ *The* waitress placed the teapot on the table. \circ Please place the envelope in the box. \diamond all over the place everywhere o There were dead leaves lying all over the place. \diamond to change places with someone to take each other's seat o If you can't see the screen, change places with me.

placebo /plə'si:bəʊ/ (*plural* **placebos** or **placeboes**) *noun* a pill which appears to be a drug, but has no medicine in it

placement /'pleismont/ noun the action of finding a job for someone

placid /'plæsid/ adj calm

plagiarise /'ple1d39ra1Z/ (**plagiarises**, **plagiarising**, **plagiarised**), **plagiarize** *verb* to copy the work of another author and pretend it is your own

plagiarism /'pleidʒəriz(ə)m/ noun copying another person's written work and passing it off as your own

plague /ple1g/ noun a great quantity of unpleasant things \circ We've had a plague of

ants in the garden. \blacksquare verb (plagues, plaguing, plagued) to annoy someone or cause them problems \circ We were plagued with wasps last summer. \circ She keeps plaguing me with silly questions.

plaice /pleis/ (*plural same*) *noun* a common flat sea fish

plaid /plæd/ noun a type of cloth which has a pattern of different coloured lines on it \circ He wore plaid trousers.

① plain /pleIn/ adj 1. simple and not complicated \circ We put plain wallpaper in the dining room. \circ The outside is decorated with leaves and flowers, but the inside is quite plain. 2. easy to understand \circ The instructions are written in plain English. 3. obvious \circ It's perfectly plain what he wants. \circ We made it plain to them that this was our final offer. 4. a more polite word than "unattractive", used for describing a person \circ His two daughters are rather plain. \blacksquare noun a flat area of country \circ a broad plain bordered by mountains (NOTE: Do not confuse with plane.)

plain chocolate /plein 'tʃɒklət/ noun a dark bitter chocolate

plainclothes /'pleInkləuðz/ adj wearing ordinary clothes, not a uniform

plainly /'pleInli/ adv 1. in a way that is easy to see \circ He's plainly bored by the French lesson. \circ Plainly, the plan is not working. 2. clearly \circ It is plainly visible from here. \circ The sounds of a violent argument could be heard plainly from behind the door. 3. without much decoration \circ a plainly decorated room \circ She always dresses very plainly.

③ **plaintiff** /'pleIntIf/ noun a person who starts a legal action against someone in the civil courts (*dated*) (NOTE: This is an old term; it has now been replaced by **claimant**. The other party in an action is the **defendant**.)

plaintive /'pleIntIV/ adj (of sounds) sad and complaining

plait /plæt/ (**plaits**, **plaiting**, **plaited**) verb to form someone's hair into a plait \circ My mother used to plait my hair before I went to school in the morning.

① **plan** /plæn/ noun 1. an organised way of doing things $[-for] \circ He$ made a plan to get up earlier in future. \circ She drew up plans for the village fair. 2. a drawing of the way something is arranged $[-for] \circ$ Here are the plans for the kitchen. \circ The fire exits are shown on the plan of the office. **u** verb (**plans**, **planning**, **planned**) 1. to arrange how you are going to do something \circ She's busy planning her holiday in Greece. **2.** to intend to do something \circ They are planning to move to London next month. \circ We weren't planning to go on holiday this year. \circ I plan to take the 5 o'clock flight to New York. \diamond according to plan in the way it was arranged \circ The party went off according to plan.

(a) plane /plein/ noun 1. an aircraft with wings \circ When is the next plane for Glasgow? \circ How are you getting to Paris? – We're going by plane. \circ Don't panic, you've got plenty of time to catch your plane. \circ He was stuck in a traffic jam and missed his plane. 2. a tool with a sharp blade for making wood smooth \circ He smoothed off the rough edges with a plane.

planet /'plænit/ noun 1. one of the objects in space which move round the Sun \circ Is there life on any of the planets? \circ Earth is the third planet from the Sun. 2. the planet earth \circ an environmental disaster which could affect the whole planet

plank /plæŋk/ noun a long flat piece of wood used in building

plankton /'plæŋktən/ plural noun very small animals and plants which live and move about slowly in the sea, and are the food of large animals

(3) **planner** /'plænə/ noun a person who draws up plans \circ *The planners made the car park too small.*

(1) **planning** /'plænin/ noun the act or practice of making plans \circ The trip will need very careful planning. \circ The project is still in the planning stage.

① **plant** /pla:nt/ noun 1. a living thing which grows in the ground and has leaves, a stem and roots \circ *He planted a row of cabbage plants*. \circ *Sunflower plants grow very tall*. 2. a large factory \circ *They are planning to build a car plant near the river*. \blacksquare *verb* (**plants, planting, planted**) to put a plant in the ground \circ *We've planted two pear trees and a peach tree in the garden.*

plantation /pla:n'ter $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. an area of trees planted as a crop \circ *a plantation of pines* **2**. a tropical farm growing a particular crop \circ *a coffee plantation* \circ *a rubber plantation*

plaque /plæk, plɑːk/ noun 1. a flat plate made of a hard substance such as stone or metal and with some writing on the surface \circ They put up a plaque to commemorate the soldiers who died. \circ The Princess unveiled a plaque commemorating her visit and the opening of the new library. 2. a substance which forms on the teeth \circ Use dental floss every morning to control plaque.

plasma /'plæzmə/ *noun* a thin yellow liquid which makes up the main part of blood

plasma screen /'plæzmə skri:n/ noun a very thin television or computer screen which shows extremely clear images

plaster / plasts) noun **1**. a mixture of sand and a white substance called 'lime', which is mixed with water and used for covering the inside walls of houses \circ *The flat hasn't been decorated yet and there is still bare plaster in most of the rooms.* **2**. a white substance which becomes hard when it dries, used to cover a broken arm or leg and hold it in place \circ *He had an accident skiing and now has his leg in plaster.* **3**. \Box **sticking plaster** adhesive tape used for covering small wounds \circ *She put a piece of sticking plaster on my cut.*

② plastic /'plæstik/ noun a strong material made from chemicals, used to make many things o We take plastic plates when we go to the beach. o The supermarket gives you plastic bags to put your shopping in. o We cover our garden furniture with plastic sheets when it rains. (NOTE: no plural: a bowl made of plastic)

plastic surgery /,plæst1k 's3:d3əri/ noun a medical treatment to repair damaged parts of the body

COMMENT: Plastic surgery is used especially to treat accident victims or people who have suffered burns. When surgery is used simply to improve your appearance in some way, it is called cosmetic surgery.

② **plate** /plett/ noun **1**. a flat round dish for putting food on \circ Put one pie on each plate. \circ Pass all the plates down to the end of the table. **2**. a flat piece of something such as metal or glass \circ The dentist has a brass plate on his door.

plateau /' plæt əu/ (plural plateaus or plateaux) noun 1. an area of high flat land o the high plateau region of southern Argentina o The town lies on a plateau about 2000 feet above sea level. 2. the highest point that will be reached o House prices seem to have reached a plateau.

plateful /'pletful/ noun the quantity held by a plate

③ **platform** /'plætfo:m/ noun 1. a high flat structure by the side of the railway lines at a station, to help passengers get on or off the trains easily o The train for Liverpool will leave from platform 10. 2. a high wooden floor for speakers to speak

platinum

from \circ The main speakers sat in a row on the platform.

platinum /'plætInəm/ *noun* a valuable metal which does not corrode, and is used in jewellery

platitude /'plætɪtju:d/ *noun* a remark considered to be ordinary and of little interest

platonic /plə'tonik/ adj (of a relationship) which is not sexual

platoon /plə'tu:n/ *noun* a small group of soldiers with a lieutenant in charge, part of a company

platter /'plætə/ noun **1**. a large flat serving plate \circ A huge joint of meat was carried in on a platter. **2**. a large plate of prepared food, arranged in an attractive way \circ We ordered a seafood platter.

plausible /'plo:z1b(ϑ)l/ adj **1**. which sounds as though it could be correct or true \circ He couldn't produce any plausible excuse to explain why he was in the warehouse. **2.** good at telling lies so that people believe what you say \circ He sounds very plausible over the phone.

(1) **play** /ple1/ noun a story which is acted in a theatre or on TV \circ Did you see the play on TV last night? • We went to the National Theatre to see the new play. \circ Two of Shakespeare's plays are on the list for the English exam. \blacksquare verb (plays, playing, played) 1. to take part in a game [~for/~against/~with] \circ He plays rugby for the university. o Have you ever played against him before? \circ I played tennis with the children. 2. to make music on a musical instrument or to put a recording on a machine such as a CD player o He can't play *the violin very well.* \circ *Let me play you my new CD.* **3.** to enjoy yourself [~with] \circ *He doesn't like playing with other children.* 0 When you've finished your lesson you can go out to play.

play back③ *phrasal verb* to listen to something which you have just recorded **play down** *phrasal verb* to make something seem less important

play off phrasal verb \Box **to play someone off against someone** to try to benefit by making two people compete against each other \bigcirc Children try to get what they want by playing their parents off against each other.

play up phrasal verb to cause trouble

playboy /'ple1b51/ *noun* a rich man who spends his time enjoying himself rather than working ① **player** /'pletə/ noun **1**. a person who plays a game \circ You only need two players for chess. \circ Rugby players have to be fit. \circ Four of the players in the opposing team are ill. **2**. a person who plays a musical instrument \circ a famous horn player

playful /'pleif(ə)l/ *adj* lively and enjoying playing

playground /'ple1graond/ *noun* a place, at a school or in a public area, where children can play

playgroup /'pleIgru:p/ *noun* a group of small children who play together, looked after by a teacher

playing field /'pleiin fiild/ noun a large field where sports can be played

playmate /'ple1,me1t/ *noun* a child who regularly plays with another

playoff /'pleiof/ noun a game to decide the final result, played between two players or teams that have the same score

playroom /'pleIruIm/ noun a room in which children can play

plaything /'plei θ_{III} / noun **1**. something or someone that a person uses simply for his own pleasure \circ Luxury yachts are the playthings of the rich. **2**. a toy for a child to play with (old) \circ I keep all the children's playthings in this cupboard.

playtime /'pleitaim/ noun a time in school when children can play

playwright /'pleIraIt/ noun a person who writes plays

Pic *abbr* public limited company

plea /plii/ *noun* **1**. an answer to a charge in court **2**. a request

plead /plitd/ (**pleads**, **pleading**, **pleaded**) *verb* **1**. to answer a charge in a law court **2**. to give an excuse **3**. to try to change someone's mind by asking again and again [~with] \circ *I pleaded with her not to go*.

③ **pleasant** /'plez(ə)nt/ adj enjoyable or attractive • What a pleasant garden! • How pleasant it is to sit here under the trees!

① please /plitz/ interj used when you are making a polite request or accepting an offer ○ Can you close the window, please? ○ Please sit down. ○ Can I have a ham sandwich, please? ○ Do you want some more tea? - Yes, please! Compare thank you ■ verb (pleases, pleasing, pleased) to make someone happy or satisfied ○ She's not difficult to please. ◇ please yourself do as you like ○ Shall I take the red one or the green one? - Please yourself.

(2) **pleased** /pli:zd/ adj happy \circ We're very pleased with our new house. \circ I'm pleased to hear you're feeling better. \circ He wasn't pleased when he heard his exam results.

(3) **pleasing** /'pli:z1ŋ/ *adj* which pleases **pleasurable** /'ple3(ə)rəb(ə)l/ *adj* pleasant, which gives pleasure

(2) **pleasure** /'ple3 ∂ / noun a pleasant feeling \circ His greatest pleasure is sitting by the river. \circ It gives me great pleasure to be able to visit you today. \diamond with pleasure used for saying that you are happy to do something for someone \circ I'll do the job with pleasure.

plebiscite /'plebisait/ noun a type of vote, where the whole population of a town, region or country is asked to vote to decide a particular issue

pledge /pled3/ (**pledges**, **pledging**, **pledged**) *verb* **1**. to promise something formally **2**. to give something as a pledge when borrowing money

plentiful /'plent if (ə)l/ adj in large quantities

(1) **plenty** /'plenti/ noun a large quantity ○ You've got plenty of time to catch the train. ○ Plenty of people complain about the bus service. ○ Have you got enough bread? – Yes, we've got plenty. (NOTE: no plural)

plight /plart/ noun a bad situation or condition (dated) \circ You must pity the plight of the people made homeless by the war.

plod /plod/ (**plods**, **plodding**, **plodded**) verb **1**. to walk slowly and with heavy steps \circ The camels plodded across the desert. \circ He plodded round the department stores but didn't find anything he wanted. **2**. to work steadily \circ The police plodded slowly through a list of people who had to be interviewed.

plonk /plonk/ noun cheap wine (informal) ○ I bought a bottle of Spanish plonk from the supermarket. ■ verb (plonks, plonking, plonked) to put something down in a careless way ○ The waiter just plonked the plates down in front of us and went off. ○ A big fat man plonked himself down in the seat next to me and went to sleep.

plop /plop/ noun the noise made by something falling into water \circ There was a little plop as the frog jumped into the lake. verb (plops, plopping, plopped) 1. to make a noise like a stone falling into water 2. to sit down heavily; to put something down \circ She plopped herself down on the settee. \circ He plopped the letter into the pillar box. **plot** /plot/ noun **1**. a small area of land, e.g. used for building or for growing vegetables \circ They own a plot of land next to the river. \circ The plot isn't big enough to build a house on. **2**. the basic story of a book, play or film \circ The novel has a complicated plot. \circ I won't tell you the plot of the film – I don't want to spoil it for you. **3**. a secret and evil plan \circ They hatched a plot to hold up the security van.

plough /plau/ noun a farm machine for turning over soil \circ The plough is pulled by a tractor. (NOTE: The US spelling is **plow**.)

plough on verb to continue doing something difficult \circ If I want to finish today I'd better plough on.

plough through /'plau 'bn/ verb to continue doing something unpleasant until it is finished \circ It took me four hours to plough through the pile of complaints.

plow /plau/ noun, verb US spelling of plough

ploy /ploi/ noun a clever trick

③ **pluck** /pl∧k/ (plucks, plucking, plucked) verb 1. to pull out feathers from a bird ○ to pluck a chicken ○ Ask the butcher to pluck the pheasants for you. 2. to pull and let go of the strings of a guitar or other musical instrument, in order to make a sound ○ He was gently plucking the strings of his guitar.

plucky /'plAki/ (pluckier, pluckiest) adj brave

(3) plug /plAg/ noun 1. a flat round rubber object which covers the hole in a bath or sink o Can you call reception and tell them there's no plug in the bath? o She pulled out the plug and let the water drain away.
2. an object attached to the end of a wire, which you push into a hole in the wall to make a piece of electrical equipment work o The vacuum cleaner is supplied with a plug.

plug in (3) *phrasal verb* to connect a piece of electrical equipment to an electricity supply by pushing the plug into a hole in the wall \circ *The computer wasn't plugged in – that's why it wouldn't work.*

plughole /'plAghoul/ *noun* a hole in a bath or washbasin through which the dirty water runs away

③ **plum** /plAm/ noun a gold, red or purple fruit with a smooth skin and a large stone o She bought a pound of plums to make a pie. **plumage** /'plu:midʒ/ noun feathers on a bird

plumb (plumbs, plumbing, plumbed) *verb* **1.** to measure the depth of water by us-

ing a plumb line \circ to plumb the ocean's depths **2**. to try to understand something fully \circ Scientists are still trying to plumb the mysteries of the beginning of the universe.

plumber /'plAmə/ noun a person whose job is to install or repair things such as water pipes and heating systems

plumbing /'plAmIŋ/ noun a system of water pipes in a house

plume /plu:m/ noun 1. a long feather, especially one worn in a hat \circ a hat with ostrich plumes 2. a long cloud of smoke from a factory chimney or volcano \circ A plume of smoke rose from the burning oil depot.

plummet /'plAmIt/ (plummets, plummeting, plummeted) *verb* to fall sharply

plump /pl Λ mp/ adj (of a person) slightly fat in an attractive way \circ He's a short man with a plump red face. \circ Is she pregnant or is she just plumper than she was?

plunder /'plandə/ (plunders, plundering, plundered) *verb* to take or use something that belongs to someone else

plunge /pland3/ (plunges, plunging, plunged) verb 1. to throw yourself into water \circ He plunged into the river to rescue the little boy. 2. to fall sharply \circ Share prices plunged on the news of the devaluation.

plural /'pluərəl/ adj, noun (in grammar) (which is) the form of a word showing that there is more than one \circ *Does 'government' take a singular or plural verb*? \circ *What's the plural of 'mouse'*? \circ *The verb should be in the plural after 'programs'.*

① **plus** /plAs/ prep 1. added to \circ His salary plus bonus comes to more than £30,000. (NOTE: In calculations **plus** is usually shown by the sign + : 10 + 4 = 14: say 'ten plus four equals fourteen'.) 2. more than \circ houses valued at £200,000 plus

plush $/pl\Lambda / adj$ luxurious (informal) \circ The car's got a very plush interior. \circ They always stay at the plushest hotel they can find.

plus sign /'plas sain/ noun a sign (+) meaning more than

plutonium /plu:'təuniəm/ noun a radioactive element, also used to produce nuclear power

ply /plai/ (**plies**, **plying**, **plied**) *verb* to go backwards and forwards ○ *The little ferry plies between Birkenhead and Liverpool*. ♦ **to ply someone with something** to keep giving someone something to eat, drink, etc ○ *They plied the boys with drink and cigarettes, and then started asking them questions*. **plywood** /'plaiwod/ noun a sheet of wood made of several thin layers of wood stuck together

PM *abbr* prime minister, post mortem

() **p.m.** / pi: 'em/ adv in the afternoon, after midday \circ The exhibition is open from 10 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. \circ If you phone New York after 6 p.m. the calls are at a cheaper rate. (NOTE: The US spelling is **P.M. a.m.** is usually used to show the exact hour and the word **o'clock** is left out. The US spelling is **A.M.**)

PMS / pi: em 'es/ *abbr* premenstrual syndrome

PMT abbr premenstrual tension

pneumonia /nju:'məuniə/ noun an illness caused by inflammation of a lung, where the lung becomes filled with fluid

③ **PO** *abbr* post office

poach /pout \int / (poaches, poaching, poached) verb to persuade an employee to leave his or her job and work for another employer \circ They poached our best salesman.

poacher /'pəut *f*ə/ *noun* a person who catches game illegally

② **pocket** /'pokIt/ *noun* one of several little bags sewn into the inside of a piece of clothing such as a coat, in which you can keep things, e.g. money, handkerchief or keys ○ She looked in all her pockets but couldn't find her keys. ○ He was leaning against a fence with his hands in his pockets.

pocketful /'pokitful/ noun an amount contained in a pocket

③ pocket money /'pokIt ,mAni/ noun money which parents give to their children each week

pod/ppd/ noun a long green case in which some small vegetables such as peas or beans grow \circ Mangetout peas are eaten in their pods.

podiatrist /pəʊ'daɪətrist/ *noun* a person who looks after people's feet and diseases of the feet

podium /'pəudiəm/ *noun* a small raised platform, e.g. for winning sportsmen or or-chestral conductors, to stand on

③ **poem** /'poorm/ noun a piece of writing with words carefully chosen to sound attractive or interesting, set out in lines usually of a regular length which sometimes end in words which sound the same \circ He wrote a long poem about an old sailor. \circ The poem about the First World War was set to music by Britten. ③ **poet** /'pəʊɪt/ noun a person who writes poems

(3) **poetry** /' poutri/ noun poems in general \circ Reading poetry makes me cry. \circ This is a good example of German poetry. (NOTE: no plural)

poignant / poinjont/ adj making you sad (1) **point** /point/ noun 1. a sharp end of something long \circ *The point of my pencil* has broken. \circ The stick has a very sharp point. **2.** a particular place \circ The path led us for miles through the woods and in the end we came back to the point where we started from. \circ We had reached a point 2,000m above sea level. 3. a particular moment in time \circ From that point on, things began to change. \circ At what point did vou *decide to resign?* \square at that point at that time \circ All the lights went off at that point. at this point in time at this particular moment \circ At this point in time, it is not possible for me to answer reporters' ques*tions.* **4.** a meaning or reason $[/\sim in] \circ The$ main point of the meeting is to see how we can continue to run the centre without a grant. \Box I see your point I see what you mean o I see your point, but there are other factors to be considered. \circ I can't see the *point of doing that.* **5.** a score in a game o Their team scored three points. \circ In rugby, a try counts as five points. • verb (points, pointing, pointed) to aim a gun or your finger at something [~at/~to] o It's rude to point at people. \circ Don't point that gun at $me - it might go off. \circ The guide pointed to$ the map to show where we were. \diamond it's beside the point it's got nothing to do with the main subject o Whether or not the coat matches your hat is beside the point – it's simply too big for you. \diamond on the point of doing something just about to do something \circ *I* was on the point of phoning you.

point out (3) phrasal verb **1**. to show something \circ The tour guide will point out the main things to see in the town. \circ The report points out the mistakes made by the agency over the last few years. **2**. to give a point of view \circ She pointed out that the children in her class were better behaved than in previous years.

point up phrasal verb to make something seem very obvious

point-blank /,point 'blænk/ adv sharply, directly and rudely $\circ I$ told him pointblank that his work was no good. \diamond at **point-blank range** at very close range \circ He was shot at point-blank range. (2) **pointed** /'pointid/ adj with a sharp point at one end \circ a pointed stick

pointer /'pointə/ noun **1**. something which points \circ *The pointer moved quickly around the dial.* \circ *He used a pointer to show us our positions on the wall map.* **2**. a piece of advice or information \circ *She asked her teacher for some pointers to help her with her project.*

pointless /'pointləs/ adj with no sense **poise** /poiz/ noun balance, a graceful way of holding your head or of standing upright or She has the grace and poise of a ballet dancer.

③ **poison** /'poiz(\ni)n/ noun a substance which kills you or makes you ill if it is swallowed or if it gets into the blood \circ There's enough poison in this bottle to kill the whole town. \circ Don't drink that – it's poison.

(3) **poisoning** /'pɔiz(ə)niŋ/ *noun* an occasion when someone is made ill or killed by something poisonous

③ poisonous /'pɔiz(ə)nəs/ adj able to kill or harm people or animals with poison ③ poke /pəok/ noun a quick push with a finger or something sharp ○ He got a poke in the eye from someone's umbrella. ■ verb (pokes, poking, poked) to push something or someone quickly with a finger or with something sharp ○ He poked the heap with his stick. ◇ to poke fun at someone or something in an unkind way ○ He poked fun at the maths teacher. ○ She poked fun at his odd hat.

poker /'poukə/ noun **1**. a long metal rod for stirring up a fire \circ *She stirred the dying fire with the poker*. **2**. a card game in which the players gamble on the cards in their hands, at the same time trying to hide their position from the other players \circ *They played poker until 3 o'clock in the morning*. \circ *He won £25 at poker.*

poky /'pəuki/ *adj* cramped or small o *They have a poky little flat in the centre of London.*

③ **polar** /'pəulə/ *adj* referring to the North Pole or the South Pole

() **pole** /pəul/ noun a long wooden or metal stick

() **Pole** /pəul/ noun a person from Poland **polemic** /pə'lemik/ noun 1. a fierce written or spoken attack 2. a style of making fierce attacks \circ *His very effective use of polemic in his speeches.*

① **police** /pə'liːs/ *noun* the people whose job is to control traffic, to try to stop crime

and to catch criminals \circ The police are looking for the driver of the car. \circ The police emergency number is 999. \circ Call the police – I've just seen someone drive off in my car.

(3) **police constable** /pə'li:s ,kAnstəb(ə)]/ *noun* an ordinary member of the police (NOTE: also used as a title before a name: *Police Constable John Smith*; usually shortened to **PC** or **WPC** for women police constables: *PC John Smith*)

police force /pə'li:s fo:s/ noun the group of police in a certain area

policeman /pə'li:smən, pə'li:swomən/ (*plural* **policemen**) *noun* a man who is an ordinary member of the police

③ **police officer** /pə'liːs ˌɒfɪsə/ noun a member of the police

police state /pə'liis steit/ *noun* a country whose government controls the freedom of the people through the police

(3) **police station** $/p = liss_{s} tet \int(3)n/noun a building with the offices of a particular local police force$

policewoman /pə'li:swumən/ (plural **policewomen**) noun a woman who is an ordinary member of the police

① **policy** /'pplisi/ (plural **policies**) noun decisions on the general way of doing something $[-on] \circ$ government policy on wages or government wages policy \circ I is not our policy to give details of employees over the phone. \circ People voted Labour because they liked their policies.

polio /'pouliou/ noun an illness caused by a virus which can cause muscles to stop working \circ She caught polio when she was ten years old.

③ **polish** /'ppli∫/ noun a substance used to make things shiny ○ Wash the car thoroughly before you put the polish on. ■ verb (**polishes**, **polishing**, **polished**) to rub something in order to make it shiny ○ He polished his shoes until they shone.

polish off phrasal verb **1**. to finish off a job quickly \circ He polished off his essay in half an hour. **2**. to eat a meal quickly \circ They polished off the scrambled eggs and then asked for baked beans.

polish up phrasal verb to improve a skill

 Polish /'pouls∫/ adj relating to Poland
 The Polish Army joined in the manoeuvres. ■ noun the language spoken in Poland
 I know three words of Polish. ○ You will need an English-Polish phrase book if you're visiting Warsaw. ③ **polite** /pə'laɪt/ (**politer**, **politest**) *adj* pleasant towards other people, not rude \circ Sales staff should be polite to customers.

politely /pə'laɪtli/ adv in a polite way \circ Ask the lady politely if you can have a sweetie.

politeness /pə'laɪtnəs/ *noun* the practice of being polite

() political $/p \exists littk(\exists) l/adj$ referring to government or to party politics $\circ I$ don't want to get involved in a political argument. \circ She gave up her political career when she had the children.

political prisoner $/p \vartheta_1 lt t k(\vartheta) l$ 'prIZ(ϑ)n ϑ / noun a person kept in prison because he or she is an opponent of the political party in power

political science /pə,lttlk(ə)l 'satəns/ *noun* the study of governments and their use of political power

(2) **politician** $/_{poli'}tij(a)n/$ noun a person who works in politics, especially a member of parliament \circ *Politicians from all parties have welcomed the report.*

② politics /'politiks/ plural noun the ideas and methods used in governing a country noun the study of how countries are governed o He studied politics and economics at university. (NOTE: takes a singular verb)

polka /'polkə/ noun a type of lively dance (3) **poll** /pəul/ noun 1. a vote or the act of voting \circ We are still waiting for the results of yesterday's poll. \circ A poll of factory workers showed that more than 50% supported the union's demands. 2. the number of votes cast in an election \circ The poll was lower than usual – only 35% of the voters bothered to vote.

pollen /'pplən/ *noun* a yellow powder on the stamens of a flower which touches part of a female flower and so creates seeds

pollen count /'pplən kaunt/ noun a number showing the amount of pollen in the air, which can cause hay fever

polling station /'pooling ,steif(ϑ)n/ noun a place where you vote in an election, usually in a public building such as a library or school

pollster /'pəulstə/ *noun* an expert in understanding what polls mean

pollutant /pa'lut(a)nt/ *noun* a substance which pollutes

(3) **pollute** /pə'lu:t/ (**pollutes**, **polluting**, **polluted**) *verb* to make the environment dirty by discharging harmful substances into it

polluted /pə'lu:t1d/ adj made dirty

② **pollution** $/p \exists lu: \int (\exists) n/noun 1$. the process of making the environment dirty \circ *Pollution of the atmosphere has increased over the last 50 years.* 2. chemicals and other substances that harm people and the environment \circ *It took six months to clean up the oil pollution on the beaches.* \circ *The pollution in the centre of town is so bad that people have started wearing face masks.*

polo /'pəuləu/ noun a ball game in which two teams ride on ponies, trying to hit a small hard ball with clubs like long hammers \circ There's a polo match in the park this afternoon. \circ He plays polo every Saturday.

polo shirt / poulou $\int \mathfrak{gl} / \mathfrak{noun}$ a shirt with short sleeves, a collar and three or four buttons at the neck

polyester /,poli'estə/ *noun* a type of synthetic fibre used especially to make clothing

polystyrene /,poli'starri:n/ *noun* a light plastic used as a heat insulator or as packing material

polythene /'poli@i:n/ noun a type of strong transparent plastic used in thin sheets

pomegranate /'pomigrænit/ noun a tropical fruit with many black seeds covered in juicy red flesh

pomp /pomp/ noun a splendid ceremony

pompous /'pompəs/ *adj* using very dignified language to make yourself sound more important (*disapproving*)

③ **pond** /pond/ noun a small lake

ponder /'pondə/ (**ponders, pondering, pondered**) *verb* to think deeply about something

pontificate /pon'tffr,kett/ (**pontificates**, **pontificating**, **pontificated**) *verb* to give your opinion on something in a way which suggests that you believe your opinion is the only right one (*formal*)

pony /'pəʊni/ (plural ponies) noun a small horse

ponytail /'pouniteIl/ noun a hairstyle where your hair is tied at the back and falls loosely

poo /pu:/ noun faeces, solid waste matter passed from the body (informal; children's slang)

poodle /'pu:d(ϑ)l/ noun a type of curlyhaired dog, with its fur usually cut in a curious way (2) **pool** /pu:l/ noun **1**. a small lake \circ He dived in and swam across the mountain pool. \circ We looked for shrimps in the rock pools. **2**. a large bath of water for swimming in \circ an outdoor pool \circ a heated pool \circ We have a little swimming pool in the garden. \circ He swam two lengths of the pool. **3**. a game rather like snooker, where you hit balls into pockets using a long stick called a 'cue' \circ We were playing pool in the bar.

① **poor** /pɔ:/ adj 1. with little or no money \circ The family is very poor now that both parents have no work. \circ This is one of the poorest countries in Africa. 2. of not very good quality \circ Vines can grow even in poor soil. \circ They were selling off poor quality vegetables at a cheap price. \circ She's been in poor health for some months. 3. used for showing you are sorry \circ Poor old you, having to stay at home and finish your homework while we go to the cinema. \circ My poor legs, after climbing up the mountain!

poorly /'pɔ:li/ adv in quite a bad way \circ The offices are poorly laid out. \circ The job is very poorly paid. \blacksquare adj ill (informal) \circ She felt quite poorly and had to go home. \circ He was very poorly on Monday, but by the end of the week he was a little better.

(3) **pop**/ppp/ noun a noise like a cork coming out of a bottle ○ *There was a 'pop' as she lit the gas.* ■ *verb* (**pops, popping, popped**) **1.** to go somewhere quickly ○ *I'll just pop down to the town.* ○ *He popped into the chemist's.* ○ *I'm just popping round to Jane's.* ○ *I'd only popped out for a moment.* **2.** to put something somewhere quickly (*informal*) ○ *Pop the pie in the microwave for three minutes.*

popcorn /'popko:n/ *noun* the seed of a type of maize plant which is heated until it bursts and is eaten as a snack

Pope /pəup/ *noun* the head of the Roman Catholic Church

poplar /'poplə/ noun a common tall and slender tree

③ **pop music** /'pop ,mju:zɪk/ noun modern popular music

poppy /'popi/ (*plural* **poppies**) *noun* a common red wild flower which often grows in fields

populace / popjolas/ noun the ordinary people (formal) \circ The rest of the populace envied the privileges of the rich.

() **popular** /'popjulə/ adj liked by a lot of people \circ The department store is popular with young mothers. \circ The South Coast is the most popular area for holidays. **popularity** / popjo'læriti/ *noun* the fact of being liked by a lot of people

popularly /'popjuləli/ adv by most people 0 She was popularly supposed to possess magic powers.

populate /'popjolett/(**populates, populating, populated**) verb **1**. to go and live in an area \circ Settlers moved away from the coast and began to populate the interior. \circ The area is populated by peasant farmers. **2**. to put people to live in an area \circ The king decided to populate the colony with retired soldiers.

① **population** $/_{\rho}$ pop jo'let $\int (\Im)n/noun$ the number of people who live in a place \circ *The population of the country is 60 million.* \circ *Paris has a population of over three million.*

populous /'popjuləs/ *adj* densely populated

porcelain /'pors(ə)lin/ noun fine china

porch /port \int / noun **1**. a sheltered area joined onto a doorway \circ You weren't in when I called, so I left the parcel in the porch. **2**. US a balcony at ground level around a house \circ They like to sit out on the porch on summer evenings.

pore /por/ noun a tiny hole in the skin or in a leaf, through which moisture such as sweat passes $\circ I$ was sweating from every pore as I waited for the results of the test. \circ Water evaporates from the pores of the leaves.

pork /pork/ noun fresh meat from a pig, eaten cooked (NOTE: no plural. Note also that salted or smoked meat from a pig is ham or **bacon**.)

porn /poin/ noun pornography (informal)

pornography /pɔ:'nɒgrəfi/ noun books, films, etc., with obscene subject matter

porous /'porros/ *adj* which has many little holes in it, allowing water or air to seep through slowly

porpoise /'po:pos/ noun a sea animal similar to a dolphin, which swims in groups (NOTE: A group of them is a **school** of **porpoises**.)

porridge /'pprId₃/ *noun* oatmeal cooked in water or milk, eaten for breakfast

(2) **port**/post/ noun 1. a place along a coast where boats can stop, or a town with a place like this \circ a fishing port \circ The ship is due in port on Tuesday. \circ We left port at 12.00. 2. an opening in a computer for plugging in an attachment \circ a mouse port (3) **portable** /'portəb(ə)l/ adj which can be carried \circ *He used his portable computer* on the plane. \circ *Portable phones won't* work in the Underground.

portal /'pɔ:t(ə)l/ noun an imposing entrance (*literary*)

porter /'po:tə/ noun a doorkeeper in a building such as a hotel or a block of flats • Ask the porter if there have been any messages for us.

③ **portfolio** /pɔ:t'fɔ:uliəu/ noun 1. a collection of work such as drawing or writing that one person has done, or a large flat case in which it is carried ○ *He brought a portfolio of samples of his work.* 2. □ a **portfolio of investments** or **shares** all the shares owned by someone 3. a minister's job in a government

porthole /'porthoul/ noun a round window in the side of a ship

portion ('pɔ: $\int(\partial)n/noun$ 1. a part \circ *This* is only a small portion of the material we collected. \circ Our carriage was in the rear portion of the train. 2. a serving of food, usually for one person \circ *The portions in* that restaurant are tiny. \circ Ask the waiter if they serve children's portions.

portly /'portli/ (portlier, portliest) adj rather fat

portrait /' postrit/ noun a painting or photograph of a person \circ He has painted a portrait of the Queen. \circ Old portraits of members of the family lined the walls of the dining room.

portray /pɔ:'treɪ/ (**portrays**, **portraying**, **portrayed**) *verb* to paint or to describe a scene or a person (NOTE: + **portrayal** *n*)

(3) **pose** /pəuz/ noun 1. a way of standing sitting or lying \circ She is painted standing in an elegant pose. \circ He struck a funny pose as I was taking the photo. 2. a way of behaving which is just a pretence \circ He'd like you to think he's an expert but it's just a pose. \blacksquare verb (poses, posing, posed) 1. to set a problem or put a question \circ Violent children pose a problem for schools. 2. to stand or sit still while someone paints or photographs you [~for] \circ He posed for her in his uniform. 3. to pretend to be something [-as] \circ He got into the prison by posing as a doctor.

posh /pof/adj expensive and attractive; suitable for special occasions $\circ I$ decided I'd better wear my poshest frock to the wedding. \circ We ate in a really posh restaurant.

(1) **position** $/p \exists ZI \int (\vartheta) n / noun \mathbf{1}$. a place where someone or something is \circ *From his*

position on the roof he can see the whole of the street. \circ The ship's last known position was 200 miles east of Bermuda. 2. a job o The sales manager has a key position in the firm. \circ He's going to apply for a position as manager. • We have several positions *vacant.* **3.** a situation or state of affairs \circ What is the company's cash position? 4. someone's opinion [~on] o I've made my position on suitable payment quite clear. 5. **to be in a position to do something** to be able to do something $\circ I$ am not in a position to answer your question at this point in time. verb (positions, positioning, positioned) to put or place someone or something in a position \circ She positioned herself near the exit.

positive /'ppzttiv/ adj 1. certain or sure o I'm positive I put the key in my pocket. o Are you positive he said six o'clock?
 (in a test) showing that the person tested has a particular condition o The cancer test was positive.

③ **possess** /pə'zes/ (**possesses**, **possessing**, **possessed**) verb to own something \circ They possess several farms in the south of the country. \circ He lost all he possessed in the fire.

③ **possession** /pə'ze $\int(3)n/noun$ ownership \circ When he couldn't keep up the mortgage payments the bank took possession of the house. \diamond in someone's possession being held by someone \circ The jewellery came into my possession when my mother died.

possessive $/p \ominus' zesiv/ adj$ who treats someone or something as if he or she owns him, her or it \circ His girlfriend's very possessive and hates it when he goes out with his mates. \circ He gets very possessive about his gold pen and won't let anyone else use it.

(2) **possibility** /, ppsi'biliti/ noun the fact of being likely to happen [~of/~(that)] \circ Is there any possibility of getting a ticket to the show? \circ There is always the possibility that the plane will be early.

() **possible** /'posib(ϑ)l/ adj able to be done \circ She agreed that the changes were possible.

(1) **possibly** /'posibli/ adv 1. perhaps ○ The meeting will possibly finish late. ○ January had possibly the worst snowstorms we have ever seen. 2. used with 'can' or 'can't' to make a phrase stronger ○ You can't possibly eat 22 pancakes! ○ How can you possibly expect me to do all that work in one day?

(1) **post** /poust/ noun 1. a long piece of wood or metal put in the ground \circ The fence is attached to concrete posts. \circ His shot hit the goalpost. ϕ goalpost 2. a job \circ He applied for a post in the sales depart*ment.* • We have three posts vacant. • They advertised the post in 'The Times'. 3. letters and parcels that are sent and received o The morning post comes around nine o'clock. \circ There were no cheques in this morning's post. \circ Has the post arrived yet? 4. the system of sending letters and parcels • It is easier to send the parcel by post than to deliver it by hand. ■ verb (posts, posting, posted) to send a letter or parcel o Don't forget to post your Christmas cards. • The letter should have arrived by now – we posted it ten days ago. \diamond to keep someone posted to keep someone informed o Please keep us posted about your holiday arrangements.

post- /p=oust/ prefix later than or after o post-Christmas sales o post-holiday gloom (3) **postage** /'p=oustId3/ noun money

which you pay to send something by post

postage stamp /'poustId3 stæmp/ noun a piece of paper which you buy and stick on a letter or parcel to pay for it to be sent on by the post office

postal order /'pəust(ə)l ,5:də/ *noun* a paper which you can buy for sending small amounts of money through the post

③ **postbox** /'poustboks/ *noun* a box into which you can put letters, which will then be collected and sent on by the post office

(3) **postcard** /'postka:d/ noun a piece of card often with a picture on one side, which you send to someone with a short message on it

③ **postcode** /'poustkoud/ noun a series of letters and numbers given at the end of an address, to help the people whose job is to sort letters

③ **poster** /'pəʊstə/ *noun* a large notice, picture or advertisement stuck on a wall

posterity /pp'steriti/ *noun* the generations which will follow this one

postgraduate /poust'græd30ət/ noun a person who has a first degree from a university and who is studying for a further degree \circ *He's taking a postgraduate course in physics.*

posthumous /'postjuməs/ adj after death

posting /'pəʊstɪŋ/ *noun* a new job with the same organisation, for which you have to move to a different country or district **Post-it** /'poust it/ *trademark* a small piece of gummed coloured paper which you can write a note on and stick onto something

postman /'pəustmən/ (plural **postmen**) noun a person who delivers letters to houses

postmark /'pəustmark/ noun a mark stamped on a letter to show when and where it was posted \circ a letter with a London postmark \circ You can see from the postmark that it was posted two weeks ago. (NOTE: + **postmark** v)

post mortem / poust 'mortom/ noun 1. the examination of a corpse to find out the cause of death \circ *The post mortem revealed that she had been poisoned*. **2.** an examination of something which has happened \circ *The government is carrying out a post mortem on the result of the elections.* Abbreviation **PM**

postnatal $/_1$ poust'nert(o)l/ adj which happens after childbirth

post office /'poust .pf is/ noun a building where you can do such things as buying stamps, sending letters and parcels and paying bills \circ The main post office is in the High Street. \circ There are two parcels to be taken to the post office.

postpone /paust'paun/ (**postpones**, **postponing**, **postponed**) *verb* to change the time or date of an event so that it will happen a later date or time \circ *The meeting has been postponed until next week*. (NOTE: + **postponement** *n*)

posture /'post $\int \vartheta$ / noun a way of sitting or standing \circ *She does exercises to improve her posture.*

postwar / poust 'wo:/ *adj* referring to the period after a war

② **pot** /ppt/ noun **1**. a glass or china container, usually without a handle \circ *The plant* is too big – it needs a bigger pot. \circ She made ten pots of strawberry jam. \diamond **teapot 2**. a deep metal container with a long handle, used for cooking \circ Do I have to wash all the pots and pans by hand?

potassium /pə'tæsiəm/ *noun* soft metal found in rocks, essential to biological life

(2) **potato** /pə'teɪtəʊ/ (plural **potatoes**) noun a common white or yellow root vegetable which grows under the ground o boiled potatoes o mashed potatoes o roast potatoes o Do you want any more potatoes? o We're having roast lamb and potatoes for Sunday lunch.

potent /'pəut(ə)nt/ adj which has a strong effect \circ Don't drink too much of that

beer – *it's terribly potent.* \circ *People don't realise how potent these drugs are.*

② **potential** /pə'ten∫əl/ adj possible ○ He's a potential world champion. ○ The potential profits from the deal are enormous. ■ noun the possibility of developing into something useful or valuable ○ The discovery has enormous potential. ○ She doesn't have much experience, but she has a lot of potential. ○ The whole area has great potential for economic growth.

pothole /'pothoul/ noun 1. a hole in a road surface \circ The council still hasn't filled in the potholes in our street. 2. a deep hole in rock worn away by water \circ They were exploring a pothole in the Mendip Hills.

potholing /'pothəulıŋ/ noun the sport of exploring potholes in rock

potion /'pə υ (ə)n/ noun a liquid mixture of medicine (*dated*)

potluck /pot'lAk/ noun = to take potluck to take whatever comes, with no possibility of choosing anything different

potter /'pot a/ noun a person who makes pots out of clay \circ a potter's wheel \circ The potter makes cups and bowls to sell in craft shops. • verb also **potter about** not to do anything in particular or to do little jobs here and there \circ He spent Saturday morning pottering about in the garden. (NOTE: The US term is **putter around**)

③ **pottery** /'ppt əri/ noun 1. a place where pots are made \circ There are several local potteries where you can buy dishes. \circ I bought this vase from the pottery where it was made. (NOTE: The plural in this sense is **potteries.**) 2. objects such as pots and plates, made of clay \circ There's a man in the market who sells local pottery. \circ She brought me some Spanish pottery as a present.

potty /'ppti/ noun a small pot where a young child can urinate or defecate

pouch /paut $\int /$ noun **1**. a small bag for carrying objects such as coins \circ *She carried the ring in a small leather pouch round her neck.* **2**. a bag in the skin in front of some animals, where the young are carried \circ *The kangaroo carries its young in its pouch.*

poultry /'pəultri/ *noun* common farm birds such as ducks or hens, reared for eggs or to be eaten

pounce /paons/ (pounces, pouncing, pounced) verb 1. to jump quickly to catch something \circ *The cat was watching the bird, ready to pounce.* 2. to criticise something strongly [\sim on] \circ He pounced on the only mistake I'd made.

(1) pound /paund/ noun 1. a measure of weight, equal to about 450 grams (NOTE: pound is usually written lb after figures: It weighs 26lb.: Take 6lb of sugar. say 'twentysix pounds, six pounds'.) 2. a unit of money used in Britain and several other countries • He earns more than six pounds an hour. • The price of the car is over £50,000 (fifty thousand pounds). \circ He tried to pay for his bus ticket with a £20 note (twenty-pound note). (NOTE: **pound** is usually written £ before figures: £20, £6,000: say 'twenty pounds, six thousand pounds'. With the word note, pound is singular: twenty pounds but a twenty-pound note.) • verb (pounds, pounding, pounded) 1. to hit something hard o He pounded the table with his fist. 2. to smash something into little pieces o The ship was pounded to pieces by heavy waves.

(2) **pour** /pɔ:/ (**pours, pouring, poured**) *verb* **1.** to make a liquid flow [~over/into/down etc] \circ *The waiter poured water all over the table.* \circ *He poured the wine into the glasses.* \circ *She poured water down his neck as a joke.* **2.** to flow out or down [~out of/into etc] \circ *Crowds of people poured into the stadium* \circ *Smoke was pouring out of the house.*

pour down(3) *phrasal verb* to rain very hard \circ *Don't go out without an umbrella* – *it's pouring down.*

pout /paot/ (pouts, pouting, pouted) verb to make a sulky expression with your lips \circ When she pouts she looks very sexy. (NOTE: + pout n)

③ **poverty** /'povəti/ noun the fact of being poor \circ He lost all his money and died in poverty. \circ Poverty can drive people to crime.

powder /'paudə/ noun a substance like flour with very small dry grains \circ The drug is available in the form of a white powder. \circ This machine grinds pepper corns to powder.

① **power** /'pauə/ noun 1. the ability to control people or happenings [~over] \circ the power a parent has over their child \circ He is the official leader, but his wife has all the real power. \circ I haven't the power or it isn't in my power to ban the demonstration. 2. a driving force \circ They use the power of the waves to generate electricity. \circ The engine is driven by steam power. 3. electricity used to drive machines or devices \circ Turn off the power before you try to repair the *TV set.* **4.** political control \circ *The socialists came to power in 1997.* \circ *During the period when he was in power the country's economy was ruined.* **5.** an important, powerful country \circ *China is one of the great powers.*

power base /'pauə beis/ *noun* a group or area which supports a politician

power cut /'pauə $k\Lambda t$ / noun same as power failure

power failure /'pauə ,feiljə/ noun a breakdown in electricity supplies

(2) **powerful** /'pauəf(ə)l/ adj having a lot of force, influence or capability \circ *This* model has a more powerful engine. \circ *The treasurer is the most powerful person in the* organisation. \circ *The raft was swept away by the powerful current.* \circ *This is the most powerful personal computer on the market.*

powerless /'pauələs/ *adj* unable to do anything because of not having any power or authority

power steering /'pauə ,stiəriŋ/ *noun* steering in a car, which is powered by the engine

power tool /'pauə tuːl/ *noun* a powerful electrical tool

pp abbr pages

③ **PR** *abbr* public relations

practicable /'præktɪkəb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be done or can be put into practice

(2) practical /'præktik(ə)!/ adj 1. referring to real actions and events rather than ideas or plans o She needs some practical experience. o I need some practical advice on how to build a wall. 2. possible or sensible o It isn't practical to plug the computer into the same socket as the TV. o Has anyone got a more practical suggestion to make? o You need practical clothing for camping. o We must be practical and not try anything too ambitious.

practicality /, præktı'kælıti/ (plural practicalities) noun 1. a way in which something works in practice \circ We haven't yet got down to discussing the practicalities of selling the shop. 2. a way in which something is practical or possible \circ I have doubts about the practicality of the scheme.

practical joke /,præktɪk(ə)l 'dʒəʊk/ noun a trick played on someone to make other people laugh

(2) practically /'præktikli/ adv almost o Practically all the students passed the test. o The summer is practically over. o His suit is such a dark grey it is practically black.

practice

(i) practice / præktis/ noun 1. the act of doing something, as opposed to thinking about it or planning it **2**. a repeated activity done so that you can improve o You need more practice before you're ready to enter *the competition*. \circ *He's at football practice* this evening. O The cars make several practice runs before the race. 3. a way of doing something, especially a way that is regularly used \circ It's a standard practice for shops to open late one day a week for staff training. \circ It's been our practice for many years to walk the dogs before breakfast. • verb US spelling of practise \diamond in practice when something is done or carried out o The plan seems very interesting, but what will it cost in practice? \diamond out of practice not able to do something because of not having done it recently \circ *I* used to be able to play quite well, but I'm a bit out of practice. \diamond to put something into practice to apply or use something \circ I hope soon to be able to put some of my ideas into practice.

practise /'præktis/ (practises, practising, practised) verb 1. to do something many times in order to become better at it o He's practising catching and throwing.
 to work as a doctor, dentist or lawyer o He's officially retired but still practises part-time.

practised /'prækt Ist/ *adj* skilful at doing something because you have had a lot of practice (NOTE: The US spelling is **practiced**.)

(3) practitioner /præk'tı $\int(\partial)n\partial$ noun a person who does a skilled job. ∂ GP

pragmatic /præg'mætɪk/ *adj* dealing with facts or practical matters, not concerned with theories

prairie /'preəri/ noun an area of grasscovered plain in North America, mainly without trees, where most of the world's grain is produced

praise /preiz/ noun admiration, the act of showing approval \circ The rescue team earned the praise of the survivors. \blacksquare verb (praises, praising, praised) to express strong approval of something or someone \circ The mayor praised the firemen for their efforts in putting out the fire.

praiseworthy /'preizw3:ði/ adj which should be praised

pram /præm/, **praam** noun a light carriage for pushing a baby in

prance /prains/ (prances, prancing, pranced) verb to jump about, to move fast and lightly

prank /præŋk/ noun a trick

prattle /'præt(ə)l/ (**prattles**, **prattling**, **prattled**) *verb* to chatter a lot about things which aren't important

prawn /prɔːn/ *noun* a shellfish like a large shrimp

③ **pray** /pret/ (**prays**, **praying**, **prayed**) *verb* to speak to God, asking for something, or asking for someone to be helped or protected [~for] \circ *The men were praying in front of the shrine*. \circ *We've been praying for you*.

③ **prayer** /preə/ noun the act of speaking to God [~for] \circ They said prayers for the sick. \circ She says her prayers every night before going to bed.

pre-/pri:/ prefix before \circ the pre-Christmas rush \circ We have been invited for prelunch drinks.

preach /print J/ (preaches, preaching, preached) verb 1. to give a sermon in church 2. to recommend or advise something

preacher /'print $\int \mathfrak{d} / \operatorname{noun} \mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{p}$ a person who gives a sermon in church

precarious /prɪ'keəriəs/ *adj* not safe, likely to fall off or to fail

③ **precaution** /prɪ'kɔ:∫(ə)n/ noun care taken in advance to avoid something unpleasant

③ **precede** /pri'sitd/ (**precedes**, **preceding**, **preceded**) *verb* to take place before something

precedence /'presid(ə)ns/ noun \Box to take precedence over someone or something to be more important than, when considered as part of a hierarchy \circ *Presidents take precedence over prime ministers.*

③ **precedent** /'presid(ə)nt/ noun a thing which has happened before, and which can be a guide as to what should be done [~for] • The trial has set a precedent for future libel cases.

③ **preceding** /prɪ'siːdɪŋ/ *adj* which comes before something

precinct /'prissinkt/ noun US an administrative district in a town \circ the 16th precinct

(3) **precious** /'pre $\int \Im(a) day 1$. worth a lot of money $\circ a$ precious stone 2. of great value to someone $\circ All$ her precious photographs were saved from the fire. \circ The memories of that holiday are very precious to me.

precious metal / $pre \int s' met(a) l/ noun a metal, such as gold, which is worth a lot of money$

precious stone /'pre∫əs stəon/ *noun* a stone such as a diamond, which is rare and very valuable

precipice /'presipis/ *noun* a high cliff on the side of a mountain, not usually near the sea

precipitate /pr1's1p1te1t/ (**precipitates**, **precipitating**, **precipitated**) *verb* to make something happen suddenly \circ *The assassination precipitated a political crisis*.

precipitation /pr1,s1p1'te1 $\int(\partial)n$ / noun a quantity of rain, snow, etc., which falls on a certain place \circ The north-west of the country experienced higher precipitation than normal.

précis /'preisi:/ (plural **précis**) noun a summary of the main points of a text $\circ I$ made a précis of the report for my boss.

③ **precise** /pr1'sa1s/ adj exact ○ We need to know the precise measurements of the box. ○ At that precise moment my father walked in. ○ Can you be more precise about what the men looked like?

② **precisely** /pri'saisli/ adv exactly \circ The train arrived at 12.00 precisely. \circ I don't know precisely when it was, but it was about three months ago. \circ How, precisely, do you expect me to cope with all this work?

precision /pr1's13(ə)n/ noun accuracy

preclude /prɪ'kluːd/ (**precludes**, **precluding**, **precluded**) *verb* to prevent something taking place (*formal*)

precocious /prɪ'kəʊʃəs/ adj (of a child) surprisingly advanced for its age

preconception /,pri:kən'sep∫ən/ *noun* an idea which is formed in advance, without the benefit of information or experience

precondition / pri:kən'dı $\int(a)n/noun$ a condition which is set in advance

precursor /prɪ'kɜːsə/ noun a thing which leads to something more important

predate /,pri:'deit/ (**predates**, **predating**, **predated**) *verb* to come before something in time

③ **predator** /'predətə/ *noun* an animal which kills and eats other animals

③ **predecessor** /'pri:disesə/ noun a person who has held the same job, etc., before you

predicament /prɪ'dɪkəmənt/ noun trouble or a difficult situation

 (3) predict /prɪ'dɪkt/ (predicts, predicting, predicted) verb to foretell something or tell in advance what will happen [~(that)]
 • He predicted correctly that oil prices would rise. \circ The weather forecasters have predicted rain. \circ Everything happened exactly as I had predicted.

predictable /prɪ'dɪktəb(ə)l/ *adj* which could be predicted

prediction /prɪ'dɪk∫ən/ noun an instance of foretelling something

predisposition / pri:dispə'zi $\int(a)n/a$

predominant /pri'dominənt/ adj most striking or obvious

predominantly /pri'dominantli/ adv mainly

predominate /pri'domineit/ (predominates, predominating, predominated) *verb* to be more powerful than others

preeminent /pri'eminənt/ adj excellent, much better than everything else

pre-empt /,pri: 'empt/ (**pre-empts, pre-empting, pre-empted**) *verb* to get an advantage over somebody by doing something quickly before anyone else

preen /pri:n/ (**preens**, **preening**, **preened**) *verb* (*of a bird*) to smooth its feathers

prefabricated /pri:'fæbrikeitid/ adj (of a building) built from sections which are easy to put together

preface /'prefəs/ noun the text at the beginning of a book, after the title page, in which the author introduces the book and thanks people for helping make it \circ She explains in a preface what motivated her to write the book. Compare foreword

prefect /'pristekt/ noun an older school pupil chosen to be in charge of others \circ *The* prefects help to maintain discipline in the school.

② **prefer** /pr1'f3:/ (**prefers, preferring, preferred**) verb to like one thing better than another [~to] \circ Which do you prefer -butter to margarine? \circ She prefers walking to going on the Underground. \circ We went to the pub, but she preferred to stay at home and watch TV. \circ I'd prefer not to go to Germany this summer.

preferable /'pref(ϑ)r ϑ b(ϑ)l/ adj which you would prefer

preferably /'pref(ə)rəbli/ adv expressing something that would be preferred \circ *I'd like to book a seat, preferably one next to a window.*

(3) **preference** /'pref(∂)r∂ns/ *noun* a liking for one thing more than another [~for] ○ *The children all showed a marked preference for chocolate ice cream.* **preferential** /,prefə'renʃəl/ *adj* showing that one person or thing is preferred to another

③ **prefix** /'pri:ftks/ *noun* a group of letters put in front of another to form a new word

pregnancy /'pregnansi/ noun the state of being pregnant

③ **pregnant** /' pregnant/ adj (of a woman or female animal) carrying a developing baby inside the body ○ Don't carry heavy weights when you're pregnant. ○ She hasn't told her family yet that she's pregnant. ○ There are three pregnant women in my office.

preheat /pri:'hi:t/ (**preheats**, **preheating**, **preheated**) *verb* to make an oven hot before putting something to cook in it

prehistoric /,pri:h1'storik/ *adj* belonging to the time before there was a written history

prejudge /pri:'d3Ad3/ (**prejudges**, **prejudging**, **prejudged**) *verb* to judge something or someone without hearing all the facts

prejudice /'pred30dis/ noun an unfair feeling of not liking someone or something or *The committee was accused of prejudice against older candidates.* • verb (**prejudices, prejudicing, prejudiced**) to make someone have less friendly feelings towards someone or something

prejudiced /'predʒudɪst/ *adj* unfairly biased against someone

preliminary /prɪ'lɪmɪn(ə)ri/ adj which goes before something \circ *The executive committee will hold a preliminary meeting the day before the conference opens.* \circ *This is only the preliminary report – the main report will be published later.* **–** *noun (plural preliminaries)* something which is done as a preparation for something else

prelude /'prelju:d/ noun **1.** something which takes place before something more important \circ *Putting tanks near the border is a prelude to a full-scale invasion.* **2.** a short introductory piece of music on one theme

premeditated /pri:'mediteitid/ adj (of a crime) planned before it is committed

premier /'premiə/ *noun* a prime minister or head of government \circ *The French premier is visiting London.*

première /'premieə/ *noun* the first performance of something, e.g. a film or a play

premiership /'premiə $\int Ip$ / noun 1. the time when someone is Prime Minister \circ *The introduction of income tax was the most important event of his premiership.* 2. a premier league, the group of top football clubs who play against each other \circ a premiership match

③ **premise** /'premis/, **premiss** *noun* an assumption, a thing which you assume to be true

③ **premises** /'premisiz/ plural noun a building and the land it stands on \circ Smoking is not allowed on the premises. \circ There is a doctor on the premises at all times.

premium /'pri:miəm/ noun 1. an amount paid for an insurance policy \circ The house insurance premium has to be paid this month. \circ We pay a monthly premium of £5. 2. an extra amount \circ They pay a premium for work completed ahead of schedule. \blacksquare adj higher quality and therefore more expensive than other similar things \diamond at a premium scarce, and therefore valuable \circ Fresh vegetables were at a premium during the winter months.

premonition $/_{i}$ premə'nı $\int(\partial n)/ noun$ a feeling that something is going to happen

preoccupation /prir, bkju'peif(3)n/noun something that you think about a lot, usually so much that you ignore other things \circ his preoccupation with his business

preoccupied /pri'bkjupaid/ *adj* worried and thinking only about one thing

(2) **preparation** /,prepə'rei∫(ə)n/ noun 1. the action of getting ready [~for] ○ The preparations for the wedding went on for months. ○ We've completed our preparations and now we're ready to start. □ in **preparation for something** getting ready for something ○ She bought a hat in preparation for the wedding. 2. a substance which has been mixed ○ a chemical preparation

preparatory /prɪ'pærət(ə)ri/ adj which prepares someone for something \circ *This is* a preparatory course in Chinese for beginners.

() prepare /pri'peə/ (prepares, preparing, prepared) verb 1. to get something ready $[-for] \circ We$ have prepared the hall for the school play. $\circ I$ have some friends coming to dinner and I haven't prepared the meal. **2.** to get ready for something $[-for] \circ$ He is preparing for his exam. $\circ You'd$ better prepare yourself for some bad news.

() prepared /pr1'pe ∂ / *adj* ready \circ *Be* prepared, you may get quite a shock. \circ Six people are coming to dinner and I've got nothing prepared.

preponderance /prr'pond(ə)rəns/ noun a greater number of one type of people or things than any other in a group

③ **preposition** /,prepə'zı∫(ə)n/ *noun* a word used with a noun or pronoun to show place or time

preposterous /prɪ'pɒst(ə)rəs/ adj silly or absurd

prerequisite /pri:'rekwəzɪt/ noun a thing which you must have before you can do something

prescribe /prr'skraib/ (**prescribes**, **prescribing**, **prescribed**) verb **1**. to order that something should be done \circ *Three days'* notice has been given, as prescribed by law. \circ We have to study two prescribed texts for our exam. **2**. (of a doctor) to tell someone to use something \circ *He prescribed a course of injections*. \circ *She prescribed some antibiotics*.

③ **prescription** /pri'skrip∫ən/ noun an order written by a doctor to a pharmacist asking for a drug to be prepared and sold to a patient [~for] ○ *The doctor has given him a prescription for painkillers.* □ **available on prescription** available from a chemist only when prescribed by a doctor ○ *This medicine is only available on prescription.*

(2) **presence** /'prez(\ni)ns/ noun **1**. the fact of being present \circ The presence of both his wives in court was noted. \circ Your presence is requested at a meeting of the committee on June 23rd. **2**. an effect you have on other people \circ The general has a commanding presence.

present¹ /'prez(\ni)nt/ noun 1. something which you give to someone, e.g. on their birthday \circ I got a watch as a Christmas present. \circ How many birthday presents did you get? \circ Her colleagues gave her a present when she got married. 2. the time we are in now \circ The novel is set in the present. 3. the form of a verb showing that the action is happening now \circ The present of the verb 'to go' is 'he goes' or 'he is going'. \blacksquare adj at a place when something happens there \circ How many people were present at the meeting? \diamond at present now \circ The hotel still has some vacancies at present. \diamond for the present for now \circ That will be enough for the present.

present² /pr1'zent/ (**presents, present**ing, presented) verb 1. to give something formally to someone as a present \circ When he retired after thirty years, the firm presented him with a large clock. 2. to introduce a show on TV or radio \circ She's presenting a programme on gardening.

presentable /prI'zentəb(ə)l/ *adj* clean and tidy, suitable to appear in public

 (2) presentation /,prez(ə)n'teı∫(ə)n/ noun 1. the act of giving something to someone ○ The chairman will make the presentation to the retiring sales manager.
 2. a formal occasion on which something is given to someone 3. a formal occasion on which someone tells other people about their work ○ The company made a presentation of the services they could offer.

③ **present-day** /,prez(ə)nt 'deɪ/ adj modern

③ **presenter** /prɪ'zentə/ noun a person who presents a TV or radio show

presently /'prez(\Rightarrow)ntli/ adv 1. soon \circ I'll be there presently. \circ He'll be making a speech presently. 2. US now, at the present time \circ He's presently working for a chemical company. \circ She's presently in England. \circ What is presently being done to correct the problem?

present participle /,prez(ə)nt pu: 'tISIP(ə)l/ noun a word formed by adding '-ing' to a verb, used either to form the present continuous tense, e.g. I am reading, or as an adjective or noun

③ **preservation** $/_1$ prezervet $\int(3)n/noun$ the action of protecting [~of] \circ *The trust is* mainly concerned with the preservation of historic buildings.

preservative /pri'z3:vətiv/ noun a substance added to food to stop it from going bad

③ **preserve** /pri¹z3:v/ (**preserves**, **preserving**, **preserved**) verb **1**. to look after something and keep it in the same state \circ Our committee aims to preserve the wild-life in our area. \circ The doctors' aim is to preserve the life of the unborn child. \circ They would like to preserve their own alphabet rather than use the Roman one. **2**. to treat something so that it does not decay \circ Meat can be preserved in salt. \circ Freezing is a common method of preserving meat.

preside /pri'zaid/ (**presides**, **presiding**, **presided**) *verb* **1**. to be the person in charge of a meeting or event [~at/over] \circ *The meet*-

presidency

ing was held in the town hall, with the mayor presiding. \circ The deputy presided in the absence of the chairperson. \circ Maureen usually presides over our book club meetings. **2.** to be in power during a particular period \circ He presided over a period of radical change.

presidency /'prezidənsi/ noun the job of being president \circ *He has been proposed as a candidate for the presidency.*

① **president** /'prezid(\ni)nt/, **President** noun the head of a republic \circ President Bush was elected in 2000. \circ The French president came on an official visit. (NOTE: also used as a title before a surname: President Wilson)

presidential /, prezi'den f l/ adj relating to a president

① **press** /pres/ noun 1. newspapers taken as a group \circ The election wasn't reported in the British press. \circ There has been no mention of the problem in the press. (NOTE: no plural) 2. journalists and other people who work for newspapers, or on radio and TV \circ Everywhere she went she was followed by the press. \circ Press photographers were standing outside Number 10. \blacksquare verb (presses, pressing, pressed) 1. to push or squeeze something 2. to iron something \circ His jacket needs to be pressed.

press on or forward phrasal verb to continue \circ In spite of the weather they pressed on with the preparations for the village fair.

(3) **press conference** /'pres ,konf(ə)rəns/ *noun* a meeting where newspaper, radio and TV reporters are invited to hear news of a new product or a takeover bid, or to talk to a famous person

③ **pressing** /'presin/ *adj* urgent, which needs to be done quickly

press office / pres .pfis/ *noun* an office in an organisation which is responsible for relations with the media

③ **press release** /'pres r1,lits/ noun a sheet giving news about something which is sent to newspapers and TV and radio stations

press-up /'pres Ap/ noun an exercise where you lie on the floor and push yourself up with your arms

① **pressure** /'pre[] / noun 1. something which forces you to do something [~on] \odot *There's pressure on the journalist to reveal his source.Pressure from farmers forced the minister to change his mind.* \Box **to put pressure on someone to do something** to try to force someone to do something \circ They put pressure on the government to build a new motorway. **2.** the force of something such as air which is pushing or squeezing \circ There is not enough pressure in your tyres. \diamond **under pressure** feeling that you are being forced to do something \circ He did it under pressure. \circ We're under pressure to agree to a postponement.

③ **pressure group** /'pre∫ə gru:p/ *noun* a group of people who try to influence an organisation, e.g. the government or the local town council

③ **prestige** /pre'sti13/ *noun* importance, e.g. because of high quality or high value

prestigious /pre'st1d3əs/ *adj* which brings prestige

① **presumably** /prɪ'zju:məbli/ adv expressing something that is likely \circ *Presum*ably this is what she wanted us to do.

③ **presume** /pr1'zju:m/ (**presumes**, **presuming**, **presumed**) verb **1**. to suppose or assume something [~(that)] ○ I presume this little bridge is safe for cars? ○ The jury has to presume he is innocent until he is proved guilty. ○ She is presumed to have fled to South America. **2**. □ **not or never to presume to do something** not to do something because it would be rude to do it (formal) ○ I wouldn't presume to contradict her – she's the expert.

presumption $/prI'zAmpJon/ noun a thing which is assumed to be correct <math>\circ$ We are working on the presumption that what he has said is in fact true.

presumptuous /prɪ'zʌmpt∫uəs/ adj rude or bold

presuppose /,pri:sə'pəuz/ (**presupposes**, **presupposing**, **presupposed**) *verb* to depend on something having already happened

pretence /pr1'tens/ noun the act of making someone believe something which is untrue, the action of pretending \circ They made a pretence of being interested. \circ All this talk about his aristocratic connections is mere pretence or is just a pretence. \diamond by false pretences by doing or saying something to cheat someone \circ He was sent to prison for obtaining money by false pretences.

② pretend /pri'tend/ (pretends, pretending, pretended) verb to make someone believe you are something else, so as to trick them [~(that)] ○ She pretended she had flu and phoned to say she was having the day off. ○ He got into the house by pretending to be a telephone engineer. **pretentious** /prɪ'tenʃəs/ adj claiming to be more important than you are

pretext /'printekst/ noun an excuse for doing something which is not the real reason for doing it

(2) pretty / priti/ adj (prettier, prettiest) 1. a pretty woman or girl has a face that is quite attractive o Her daughters are very pretty. (NOTE: Usually pretty is used of things or girls, not of boys or men.) 2. quite pleasant to look at o That's a pretty necklace. adv fairly (informal) o The patient's condition is pretty much the same as it was yesterday. o I'm pretty sure I'm right. o You did pretty well, considering it was the first time you had tried rock-climbing.

③ **prevail** /pr1've1l/ (**prevails**, **prevailing**, **prevailed**) verb **1**. to exist [~upon] \circ A positive attitude prevails in the team. **2**. to be widely accepted \circ A feeling that we were persuaded by doubtful evidence prevails. **3**. to win or succeed in something **4**. \Box **to prevail upon someone to do something** to persuade someone to do something (formal) \circ Can I prevail on you to make a speech?

prevailing /pri'veiliŋ/ adj usual, common

prevailing wind /pri,veiliŋ 'wind/ noun a wind which usually blows from a certain direction

prevalent /'prevələnt/ adj common, occurring frequently

() **prevent** /pri'vent/ (**prevents**, **preventing**, **prevented**) verb to stop something happening \circ We must try to prevent any more flooding.

③ **prevention** /prɪ'ven∫ən/ noun the process of stopping something from happening [~of]

preview /'pri:vju:/ *noun* a private showing of a film or exhibition before it is open to the public

(1) **previous** /'pri:viəs/ adj happening or existing at an earlier time ○ The letter was sent to my previous address. ○ The gang of workers had arrived the previous night and started work first thing in the morning. ○ I had spent the previous day getting to know my way round the town.

① **previously** /'pri:viəsli/ adv at a time before \circ This is my first train trip to Paris – previously I've always gone by plane. \circ The arrangements had been made six weeks previously. \circ At that time they were living in New York, and previously had lived in London. **prey** /pre1/ noun an animal eaten by another animal \circ *Mice and small birds are the favourite prey of owls.*

① **price** /prais/ noun money which you have to pay to buy something ○ The price of petrol is going up. ○ I don't want to pay such a high price for a hotel room. ○ There has been a sharp increase in house prices during the first six months of the year. □ to increase in price to become more expensive

priceless /'praisləs/ adj 1. extremely valuable \circ His priceless collection of paintings was destroyed in the fire. \circ This ring is quite priceless. 2. very funny \circ Some of the things she said were absolutely priceless.

③ **price tag** /'prais tæg/ noun 1. a ticket with a price written on it ○ How much is this shirt? – The price tag has come off it. 2. a price at which something is for sale ○ car with a £50,000 price tag

pricey /'praisi/ (**pricier**, **priciest**) *adj* expensive (*informal*)

prick /prik/ (**pricks**, **pricking**, **pricked**) verb to make a very small hole with a sharp point in the outer layer of something such as skin \circ She pricked her finger when she was picking roses. \circ Prick the sausages before you fry them to stop them from bursting.

prickle /'pr1k(ə)l/ *noun* a sharp point on a plant or animal

prickly /'prikli/ adj 1. covered with prickles \circ a prickly holly bush \circ a prickly hedgehog 2. (of a person) who takes offence easily \circ Be careful what you say to her – she's very prickly.

③ **pride** /pratd/ noun 1. a pleasure in your own ability or possessions ○ *He takes great pride in his garden.* 2. a feeling of respect for yourself that is sometimes too strong, making you behave wrongly ○ *His pride would not let him admit that he had made a mistake.*

③ **priest** /pri1st/ *noun* a person who carries out formal religious duties

priestess /pri:'stes/ noun a female priest in a non-Christian religion

priesthood /'pri:sthod/ noun all priests considered as a group \circ The priesthood refused to accept the government's decree.

prima donna /,pri:mə 'donə/ (*plural* **prima donnas**) *noun* **1**. the main female singer in an opera company **2**. a person who thinks he or she is extremely important and makes a fuss if things are not done in the way they want \circ *He's a real prima donna*

when it comes to choosing flowers for his office.

③ primarily /'praim(ə)rili/ adv mainly, mostly

(2) **primary** /'praIməri/ adj main, basic o Our primary concern is the safety of our passengers.

(2) **primary school** /'praiməri sku:l/ *noun* a school for children up to the age of eleven

primate /'praimett/ noun an archbishop o The Archbishop of Canterbury is the Primate of all England.

prime /praim/ adj most important \circ The prime suspect in the case is the dead woman's husband. \circ This is a prime example of what is wrong with this country.

prime minister /,praim 'ministə/, **Prime Minister** noun the head of the govemment in Britain and other countries \circ the Australian Prime Minister or the Prime Minister of Australia \circ She cut out the picture of the Prime Minister from the newspaper. \circ The Prime Minister will address the nation at 6 o'clock tonight. \circ He was determined to become prime minister before the age of 40. (NOTE: Use initial capitals when you are talking about a particular prime minister.)

primer /'pramə/ noun **1**. a special paint which is put on bare wood before giving the top coats **2**. a book with simple instructions or that is an introduction to a subject

primeval /prai'mi:v(ϑ)l/ *adj* referring to the period at the beginning of the world's existence \circ *the primeval forest*

primitive /'primitiv/ adj **1**. referring to the very early stages in the development of something such as a plant or animal o primitive life forms **2**. rough or crude o They live in a primitive hut in the woods. O The system is a bit primitive but it works.

primrose /'primrəʊz/ *noun* a small pale yellow spring flower

③ **prince** /prins/ *noun* the son of a king or queen

③ **princess** /prin'ses/ (plural princesses) noun the daughter of a king or queen o Once upon a time a beautiful princess lived in a castle by the edge of the forest.

② principal /'prinsip(ə)l/ adj most important o The country's principal products are paper and wood. o She played a principal role in setting up the organisation. In noun the head of a school or college o The principal wants to see you in her office. (NOTE: Do not confuse with principle.)

principality /,prinsi'pæliti/ (*plural* **principalities**) noun a country ruled by a prince o the Principality of Monaco

principally /'prinsip(ə)li/ adv mainly

(1) principle /'prinsip(ə)l/ noun 1. a general rule [~of/~that] o the principles of nuclear physics \circ It is a principle in our system of justice that a person is innocent un*til he is proved guilty.* **2.** a personal sense of what is right o She's a woman of very strong principles. 0 It's against my principles to work on a Sunday. (NOTE: do not confuse with principal) \diamond on principle because of what you believe o She refuses to eat meat on principle. \diamond in principle in agreement with the general rule $\circ I$ agree in principle, but we need to discuss some of the details more thoroughly. \circ In principle, the results should be the same every time you do the experiment.

principled /'prinsip(ə)ld/ *adj* based or acting on firmly held moral principles

(2) print /print/ verb (prints, printing, printed) 1. to mark letters or pictures on paper with a machine, and so produce a book, leaflet or newspaper etc. \circ *The book is printed directly from a computer disk.* \circ *We had five hundred copies of the leaflet printed.* 2. to write capital letters or letters which are not joined together \circ *Print your name in the space below.* \blacksquare *noun* 1. letters printed on a page \circ *I can't read this book* – *the print is too small.* 2. a photograph \circ *If you are not happy with your colour prints, we can guarantee a full refund.*

print out (3) *phrasal verb* to print information from a computer through a printing machine \circ *She printed out three copies of the letter.*

③ printer /'printə/ noun 1. a person or company that prints things such as books and newspapers o The book has gone to the printer, and we should have copies next week. 2. a machine for printing documents

③ printing /'printing/ noun 1. the art, business and process of printing books, newspapers, etc. ○ Errors may have crept into the text during printing. 2. a number of copies of a book printed at the same time ○ The book was published with a first printing of 5,000 copies. ○ The second printing has sold out and a third has been ordered.

printing press /'printing pres/ noun a machine for printing books, newspapers, etc.

③ **printout** /'printaut/ *noun* paper printed with information from a computer **prior** /'prai∂/ adj **1**. previous ○ The house can be visited by prior arrangement with the owner. ○ I had to refuse her invitation because I had a prior engagement in London. **2**. □ **prior to something** before (formal) ○ They had left prior to my arrival. ○ I received the bill prior to receiving the goods.

prioritise /praɪ'prɪ,taɪz/ (**prioritises**, **prioritising**, **prioritised**), **prioritize** *verb* to rank things according to importance or urgency

② priority /pra1'Driti/ (plural priorities) noun 1. a right to be first ○ Children have priority in the waiting list. □ to have or take priority over sth to be more important than something and need to be done first ○ People with serious injuries have priority over those with only cuts and bruises. □ to give something top priority to make something the most important item ○ We should give top priority to solving our own financial problems. ○ The President wants us to give the problem top priority. 2. a thing which has to be done first ○ Finding somewhere to stay the night was our main priority.

prism /'prIZ(ə)m/ noun a glass block, usually with a cross-section shaped like a triangle, which splits white light up into the colours of the rainbow

② prison /'prIZ(3)n/ noun a building where people are kept when they are being punished for a crime o The judge sent him to prison for five years. O His father's in prison for burglary. (NOTE: Prison is often used without the article the.)

(2) **prisoner** /'priz(\ni)n \ni / noun a person who is in prison \circ *The prisoners were taken away in a police van.*

pristine /'pristin/ adj fresh like new

privacy /'privəsi/ noun not being disturbed by other people

(1) **private** /'praivət/ adj 1. which belongs to one person, and is not available to everyone \circ He flew there in his private jet. 2. that you would not like to discuss with most people \circ You have no right to interfere in my private affairs. \circ This is a private discussion between me and my son. \diamond in private away from other people \circ She asked to see the teacher in private.

③ **private detective** /, praivet di 'tektiv/, **private investigator** *noun* a detective who is not part of a police force, and works for a fee

private enterprise /,praivət 'entəpraiz/ noun businesses that are

owned and run by individuals or groups, not by the state

private practice /,praivət 'præktis/ noun a doctor's or dentist's practice where the clients pay, as opposed to one which is part of the National Health Service

private school /'praivet sku:!/ noun a school that is not run by the state and which the students have to pay to attend. Compare **public school**, **state school**

private secretary /,praivət 'sekrit(ə)ri/ *noun* someone who deals with an important person's correspondence and affairs

privet /'privət/ noun a common shrub with small green or yellow leaves, used for garden hedges

③ **privilege** /'privilid3/ *noun* a favour or right granted to some people but not to everyone

privileged /'privilid3d/ adj who has a special advantage

(2) **prize** /praiz/ noun a reward given to someone who has won a competition \circ He won first prize in the music competition. \circ He answered all the questions correctly and claimed the prize. \circ The prize was awarded jointly to the young British and Russian competitors.

pro /prəu/ *noun* (*informal*) **1**. a professional sportsperson, actor or musician **2**. someone who does something very well because they have been doing it for a long time

proactive /prəʊ'æktɪv/ *adj* working by starting actions yourself, rather than reacting to what other people do

③ **probability** /,probə'biliti/ noun the quality of being probable [~of/~that] ○ There is little probability of the work being finished on time. ○ The probability is that there will be no outright winner. ◇ in all **probability** very probably ○ In all probability they will get married at Easter.

probable /'probəb(ə)l/ adj likely \circ It's probable that the ship sank in a storm.

① **probably** /'probabli/ adv used for saying that something is likely to happen \circ We're probably going to Spain for our holidays. \circ My father is probably going to retire next year. \circ Are you going to Spain as usual this year? – Very probably.

③ **probation** /prə'beɪ $\int(\partial)n/noun \mathbf{1}$. a legal system for dealing with criminals where they are not sent to prison provided that they continue to behave well under the supervision of a probation officer \circ *She was put on probation for one year* or *was put on one year's probation*. **2**. a period

probationary

when a new employee is being tested before being given a permanent job \Box on probation being tested \circ We are employing him on three months' probation. \circ She can't have a pay rise as she is still on probation.

probationary /prə'bei $\int(\vartheta)n(\vartheta)ri/adj$ referring to a time when a person is on probation

probation officer /prə'beɪʃ(ə)n ,pfɪsə/ *noun* an official of the social services who supervises young people on probation

③ **probe** /prəub/ noun a thorough investigation [~into] ○ a police probe into organised crime ■ verb (**probes**, **probing**, **probed**) to examine something deeply [~into] ○ I don't want the police to start probing into my financial affairs. ○ The surgeon probed the wound to try to find the bullet.

(1) problem /'problem/ noun 1. something or someone that causes difficulty o We're having problems with the new com*puter system.* \square **to pose a problem** to be something that is difficult to change or improve \circ What to do with truants poses a problem for the schools. \Box to solve a prob**lem** to find an answer to a problem \circ *The* police are trying to solve the problem of how the thieves got into the house. \circ We have called in an expert to solve our computer problem. 2. a question in a test, especially in mathematics o Most of the students could do all the problems in the *maths test.* \diamond **no problem** used for giving an informal agreement to a request

② **procedure** /prə'si:dʒə/ noun 1. the way in which something ought to be carried out \circ *To obtain permission to build a new house you need to follow the correct procedure.* 2. a medical treatment \circ *a new procedure for treating burns*

③ proceed /prə'si:d/ (proceeds, proceeding, proceeded) verb 1. to go further • He proceeded down the High Street towards the river. 2. to do something after something else [-with] • The students then proceeded to shout and throw bottles at passing cars.

(2) **proceedings** /prə'si: $d_{\Pi Z}$ / plural noun a report of what takes place at a meeting \circ the proceedings of the Archaeological Society

③ **proceeds** /'prousitdz/ plural noun money which you receive when you sell something ○ She sold her house and invested the proceeds in a little shop. ○ All the proceeds of the village fair go to charity. ① **process**¹ /prov'ses/ noun 1. the method of making something \circ a new process for extracting oil from coal 2. \Box in the **process of doing something** while doing something \circ She interrupted me while I was in the process of writing my report. \circ We were in the process of moving to London when I had the offer of a job in Australia. \blacksquare verb (processes, processing, processed) 1. to make goods from raw materials \circ The uranium has to be processed before it can be used in a nuclear reactor. 2. to deal with a claim or bill in the usual way \circ to process an insurance claim \circ Orders are processed in our warehouse.

process² /prəʊ'ses/ (**processes**, **processing**, **processed**) verb to walk in a procession \circ The peers and peeresses processed into Westminster Abbey.

procession $/pr \exists sef(\exists)n/noun a group$ of people walking in line, sometimes with $music playing <math>\Box$ **in procession** in a line as part of a ceremony \odot *The people who have received their degrees will walk in procession through the university grounds.*

processor /'prouseso/ noun 1. a machine that processes \circ *Mix the ingredients in a food processor* 2. a computer which processes information

(3) **proclaim** /prə'kleIm/ (**proclaims**, **proclaiming**, **proclaimed**) *verb* to make an official statement in public

proclamation / proklə'mei $\int(a)n/$ noun an official public statement

procrastinate /prəu'kræstineit/ (procrastinates, procrastinating, procrastinated) verb to delay, to postpone something until later

procure /prə'kjuə/ (procures, procuring, procured) verb (formal) **1.** to obtain something \circ Somehow he had managed to procure the equipment he needed without anyone knowing. \circ We need to procure a map of the area. **2.** to arrange for a woman to provide sexual intercourse for money

prod /prod/ (**prods**, **prodding**, **prodded**) *verb* **1**. to poke somebody or something with a finger or stick \circ *He prodded the pig with his stick*. **2**. \Box **to prod someone into doing something** to do something to persuade someone to take action \circ *The group tried to prod the government into action* or *into taking some sort of action*.

prodigy /'prodid₃*i*/ *noun* a remarkable person, usually a young person \circ *By the age of ten he was already a mathematical prodigy.*

produce¹ /prə'djuis/ (produces, producing, produced) verb 1. to show something or bring something out of e.g. your pocket o The tax office asked him to produce the relevant documents. O He produced a bundle of notes from his inside pocket. O The factory produces cars and *trucks.* **2.** to organise a play or film \circ *She is* producing 'Hamlet' for the local drama club. 3. to make something, especially in a factory o The factory produces cars and *trucks.* **4.** to give birth to young \circ *Our cat* has produced six kittens. 5. to grow crops o The region produces enough rice to supply the needs of the whole country.

produce² /'prodjurs/ noun things that have been grown in a garden or on a farm \circ vegetables and other garden produce (NOTE: Do not confuse with product.)

(3) producer /prə'dju:sə/ noun a company or country which makes or grows something \circ an important producer of steel \circ The company is a major car producer.

(1) **product** /'prodAkt/ noun 1. a thing which is manufactured o The government is helping industry to sell more products abroad. (NOTE: Do not confuse with produce.) 2. something that happens or exists as a result of something else [~of] 3. (in mathematics) a number which is the result when numbers are multiplied o The product of 4 times 10 is 40.

(1) production /prə'dAk $\int an / noun 1$. the making of something o We are trying to step up production. • Production will probably be held up by the strike. 2. putting on a play or film \circ The film is currently in production at Teddington Studios.

production line /prə'dAkfən laın/ noun a system of making a product, where each item such as a car moves slowly through the factory with new sections being added to it as it goes along

productive /prə'dAktIV/ adj which produces results

productivity / prod_k'tiviti/ noun the rate of output, rate of production in a factory

Prof *abbr* professor \circ *Prof Stanley Ridge*

profess /prə'fes/ (professes, professing, professed) verb to declare something (3) **profession** $/\text{pr} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) n / noun$ work which needs special training, skill or knowledge \circ the legal profession \circ the medical profession \circ the teaching profession \circ She is an accountant by profession. (1) professional /prə'fe $\int (a)n(a)l/adj$ 1. relating to a profession \circ He keeps his professional life and his private life complete*ly separate.* **2.** expert or skilled \circ *They did* a very professional job in designing the new office. 3. (of sportsmen) who is paid to play \circ a professional footballer \blacksquare noun an expert o Don't try to deal with the problem yourself – get a professional in.

professionalism

/prə 'fef(a)naliz(a)m/ noun being an expert, having skill o People admired the professionalism with which he dealt with the problem.

professor /prə'fesə/ noun 1. the most senior teacher in a particular subject at a university \circ a professor of English \circ an economics professor 2. the title taken by some teachers of music and art \circ She goes to Professor Smith for piano lessons. (NOTE: used as a title before a name: Professor Smith.)

proffer /'prpfə/ (proffers, proffering, proffered) verb to offer something

proficiency /prə'f1 ((ə)nsi/ noun a skill in doing something

proficient /prə'f1 (ə)nt/ adi able to do something very well [~at/in] \circ I'm not very proficient at mental arithmetic. \circ By the summer I had become reasonably proficient in German.

(3) **profile** /'prəufail/ noun 1. a view of someone's head, seen from the side $\circ a$ photograph showing her in profile 2. \Box to keep or maintain a low profile to be quiet, not to be obvious o It would be better if you kept a low profile until all the fuss has died down.
ightharpoonup to keep or maintain a high profile to keep yourself in the view of the public \circ A politician needs to keep a high profile. O Advertising helps to maintain the company's high profile. 3. a short biography of a famous person in a newspaper \circ There's a profile of the Chancellor in the Sunday paper.

() profit / profit/ noun money you gain from selling something which is more than the money you paid for it [~from/~on] $\circ All$ the profits from the sale of her paintings go to charity. • We're unlikely to make a profit on the house. \circ The sale produced a good profit or a handsome profit.

to make a **profit** to have more money as a result of a deal \circ We aim to make a quick profit. \circ We made a large profit when we sold our house. \circ It you don't make a profit you will soon be out of business. • verb (profits, profiting, profited) to produce a benefit [~from] (formal) \circ These measures will profit the business in the longer term.

profit from *phrasal verb* to gain from something [~from] \circ *We have profited from his knowledge and experience.*

profitable /'profitəb(ə)l/ *adj* likely to produce a profit

profound /prə'faund/ adj very serious, very deep

profuse /prə'fju:s/ adj abundant, excessive

profusion /prə'fju:3(3)n/ noun a very large quantity \Box **in profusion** in large quantities \circ There are wild flowers in profusion in the countryside in early summer.

prognosis /prog[']nəʊsɪs/ (*plural* **prognoses**) *noun* an opinion of how something, such as a disease, will develop

① **program** /'prəogræm/ noun instructions given to a computer ○ to load a program ○ to run a program ○ a graphics program ○ a word-processing program ■ verb (programs, programming, programmed) to give instructions to a computer ○ They can program the computer to produce

those results for you. (1) programme /'prougræm/ noun 1. a TV or radio show [\sim on] \circ We watched a programme on life in the 17th century. \circ There's a football programme on after the news. \circ I want to listen to the phone-in programme at 9.15. • There are no good television programmes tonight. o The programme gives a list of the actors. 2. a paper in a theatre or at a sports event, which gives information about the show **verb** (**pro**grammes, programming, programmed) to arrange programmes on TV or radio o The new chat show is programmed to compete with the gardening programme on the other channel.

③ **programmer** /'prəogræmə/ noun 1. a person who programs a computer ○ *The* programmers made a few alterations to our software. 2. a person who programmes TV or radio shows ○ Programmers are always trying to win audiences from other channels.

programming /'prəugræmıŋ/ noun the process of creating computer programs

progress¹ /'proogres/ noun a movement forwards \circ The traffic is still making pretty slow progress. (NOTE: no plural) \diamond in **progress** which is happening or being done \circ The meeting is still in progress. \circ We still have a lot of work in progress.

progress2 /prou[']gres/ (**progresses**, **progressing**, **progressed**) verb to advance • Work on the new road is progressing slowly. (3) **progression** /prəʊ'gre $\int(a)n/noun$ a slow change to a better or later stage

progressive /prə'gresıv/ adj **1.** (of movement) in stages \circ I have noticed a progressive improvement in your work. **2.** (of ideas) advanced \circ They elected a leader with progressive views on education.

prohibit /prəʊ'hɪbɪt/ (**prohibits**, **prohibiting**, **prohibited**) *verb* to say that something must not be done (NOTE: + **prohibition** *n*)

prohibitive /prəu'hɪbɪtɪv/ *adj* so expensive that you cannot afford it

project¹ /'prod3ekt/ noun work planned by students on their own \circ She asked her teacher for some pointers to help her with her project.

project² /prə'dʒekt/ (**projects**, **project**ing, **projected**) verb to send a picture onto a screen \circ The lecturer projected slides of his visit to the Arctic.

projectile /prə'dʒektaɪl/ *noun* a thing which is thrown, or fired from a gun

(3) **projection** /prə'dʒek∫ən/ noun 1. a calculation of something which is forecast for the future ○ We have made a projection of the additional housing needed in this area by the year 2010. ○ Computer projections forecast an easy win for the government. 2. a thing which sticks out ○ She gashed her arm on a sharp projection of rock. 3. the action of projecting a picture onto a screen

projector /prə'dʒektə/ *noun* a machine which sends pictures onto a screen

proliferate /prə'lɪfəre.it/ (**proliferates**, **proliferating**, **proliferated**) *verb* to increase quickly in number (*formal*)

proliferation /prə,lıfə'reı∫(ə)n/ noun a rapid spread

prolific /prə'lıfık/ *adj* **1**. producing many children, fruit or other offspring \circ *Rabbits are notoriously prolific*. **2**. producing a lot of something \circ *He's a prolific writer of travel guides*.

prologue /'proolog/ noun 1. a piece spoken as the introduction of a play or poem o The prologue sets the scene and introduces the main characters. Compare epilogue 2. a preliminary event that leads on to something else o The discussions between Foreign Ministers are a prologue to the signing of a full-scale treaty. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is prolog.)

prolong /prə'loŋ/ (prolongs, prolonging, prolonged) verb to make something longer prolonged /prə'loŋd/ adj lasting for a long time

prom /prom/ noun 1. a promenade \circ Let's go for a stroll along the prom. 2. US a school dance \circ They met at the High School prom.

promenade/, promə'nɑ:d/ noun a walkway built along the side of the sea \circ We stood on the promenade and looked out to sea. \circ Our hotel was right on the promenade.

prominence /'prominens/ noun 1. being important or famous \circ He first rose to prominence in the 1960s. 2. \Box to give prominence to sth to emphasise something \circ The newspapers gave too much prominence to that part of the speech.

prominent /'prominent/ adj 1. standing out, easily seen \circ She has a very prominent nose. 2. famous or important \circ a prominent trade union leader \circ They assassinated a prominent member of the ruling party.

promiscuous /prə'mɪskjuəs/ *adj* who has sexual relations with many people

(2) promise /'promis/ noun the act of saying that you will definitely do something $[-to] \circ my$ promise to the children to play with them later \circ But you made a promise not to tell anyone else and now you've told my mother! O I'll pay you back on Friday – that's a promise.
in to go back on a promise, to break a promise not to do what you said you would do o The management went back on its promise to increase salaries. \circ He broke his promise to take her to Mexico *on holiday.* **to keep a promise** to do what you said you would do \circ *He says he will* pay next week, but he never keeps his promises. \circ She kept her promise to write to him every day. • verb (promises, promising, promised) to give your word that you will definitely do something o They promised to be back for supper. \circ You must promise to bring the computer back when you have finished with it. \circ He promised he would look into the problem. \circ She promised the staff an extra week's holiday but it never materialised.

 promising /'promising/ adj 1. who is likely to succeed
 She's the most promising candidate we have interviewed so far.
 good, and likely to become much better
 The results of the antibiotic have been very promising.
 The economic situation looks much more promising than it did a year ago. **promontory** /'promənt(ə)ri/ (plural **promontories**) noun a piece of high land jutting out into the sea

(2) promote /prə'məut/ (promotes, promoting, promoted) verb 1. to give someone a better job ○ He was promoted from salesman to sales manager. 2. to make sure that people know about a product or service, by advertising it ○ There are posters all over the place promoting the new night club. 3. to encourage something ○ The club's aim is to promote gardening.

③ **promotion** /prə'məu $\int(3)n/noun$ 1. a move to a better job \circ *He ruined his chances of promotion when he argued with the boss.* 2. advertising of a new product \circ *We're giving away small bottles of shampoo as a promotion.*

promotional $/pr \vartheta^{\dagger}m \vartheta \upsilon \int (\vartheta)n(\vartheta)l/adj$ used in an advertising campaign

prompt/prompt/*adj* done immediately \circ *Thank you for your prompt reply.* • *verb* (prompts, prompting, prompted) to tell an actor words which he or she has forgotten \circ *He had to be prompted in the middle of a long speech.*

③ **promptly** /'promptli/ adv very soon after an event, in a way that is helpful or efficient

prone /proon/ adj **1**. likely to do something, or likely to be affected by something such as an illness [\sim to] \circ When you're tired you are prone to make mistakes. \circ He's prone to chest infections. \circ My brother is really accident-prone! **2**. lying flat \circ They found her lying prone on the floor.

prong /pron/ noun one of the sharp points of a fork

(3) **pronoun** /'prəonaon/ *noun* a word used instead of a noun, such as 'I', 'you', 'he', 'she' and 'it'

pronounce /prə'nauns/ (**pronounces**, **pronouncing**, **pronounced**) verb 1. to speak sounds, especially in a particular way \circ How do you pronounce 'Paris' in French? 2. to state something officially \circ He was pronounced dead on arrival at hospital. \circ The priest pronounced them man and wife.

pronounced /prə'naunst/ adj noticeable

pronouncement /prə'naunsmənt/ noun an official or formal statement

pronunciation $/\text{pr}\vartheta,\text{nAnsi'et}(\vartheta)n/$ noun a way of saying words \circ What's the correct pronunciation of 'controversy'? \circ You should try to improve your pronunciation by taking lessons from native speakers.

② **proof** /pru:f/ noun a thing which proves or which shows that something is true [~that/~of] ○ *The police have no proof that he committed the murder.There's no real proof of his guilt.*

-proof /pru:f/ *suffix* which prevents something getting in, getting out or harming $\circ a$ *soundproof studio*

proofread /'pru:friid/ (**proofreads**, **proofreading**, **proofread**) *verb* to read proofs and make corrections to them

prop /prop/ noun a support or stick which holds something up \circ *I* used a piece of wood as a prop to keep the window open.

propaganda /,propə'gændə/ *noun* the spreading of false or biased information about something which you want the public to believe

propagate /'propagate/ (propagates, propagating, propagated) verb 1. to produce new plants $\circ I$ tried to propagate the plants by taking cuttings. 2. to spread ideas $\circ It's a$ view being propagated by certain sections of the press. (NOTE: + propagation n)

propel /prə'pel/ (propels, propelling, propelled) verb to push something forward propensity /prə'pensiti/ noun a tendency to do something

① **proper** /'propə/ adj right and correct; in the way that things are normally done \circ She didn't put the sugar back into its proper place in the cupboard. \circ This is the proper way to use a knife and fork. \circ The parcel wasn't delivered because it didn't have the proper address.

① **properly** /'propəli/ adv correctly ○ The accident happened because the garage hadn't fitted the wheel properly. ○ The parcel wasn't properly addressed.

(3) **proper noun** /, propə 'naon/, **proper name** *noun* a word which is the name of a place, a person, a building or a title, etc

① **property** /'propəti/ noun 1. something that belongs to a particular person \circ The furniture is the property of the landlord. \circ The hotel guests lost all their property in the fire. \circ The management is not responsible for property left in the restaurant. 2. buildings and land \circ The family owns property in West London. \circ A lot of industrial property was damaged in the war. (NOTE: [all senses] no plural)

prophecy /'prof \Rightarrow si/ noun **1**. the practice of saying what will happen in the future \circ *He had the gift of prophecy.* **2**. a thing

which you say will happen in the future \circ None of his gloomy prophecies has come true. \circ She made a prophecy that they would be married within a month.

prophesy /'profesal/ (prophesies, prophesying, prophesied) verb to say what will happen in the future

prophet /'profit/ *noun* **1**. a person who says what will happen in the future **2**. a great religious leader

prophetic /prə'fet1k/ adj which says what will happen in the future

proponent /prə'pəʊnənt/ *noun* a person who supports something

(2) **proportion** /prə'pɔ: $\int(\partial)n/noun$ a part of a whole \circ *Only a small proportion of his income comes from his TV appearances.*

proportional $/pr \vartheta p \vartheta (\vartheta) l/adj$ which is directly related to something \circ *The amount you get in interest is proportional to the amount invested.*

① **proposal** /prə'pəʊz(ə)l/ noun a plan which has been suggested [~for] \circ proposals for changes to the rules \circ The committee made a proposal to rebuild the clubhouse. \circ His proposal was accepted by the committee. \circ She put forward a proposal but it was rejected.

() **propose** /prə'pəuz/ (**proposes**, **proposing**, **proposed**) *verb* to make a suggestion [~that] ○ *I* propose that we all go for a *swim*.

proposition $/_1$ proposizion $/_1$ noun a thing which has been proposed \circ We discussed the proposition that all people are equal. The proposition is not very attractive.

proprietor /prə'praɪətə/ noun an owner propriety /prə'praɪəti/ noun correct behaviour in society

propulsion /prə'pʌl∫ən/ *noun* the force of moving something forward

prosaic /prəu'ze11k/ *adj* ordinary and rather dull, not poetic or imaginative or romantic

prose /prəuz/ noun something written in ordinary language, not poetry

prosecute /'prosikju:t/ (prosecutes, prosecuting, prosecuted) verb to bring someone to court to answer a criminal charge \circ People found stealing from the shop will be prosecuted.

(3) prosecution /,prosikjuif(3)n/ noun
 1. the process of bringing someone to court to answer a criminal charge [~for] 0 He faces prosecution for fraud.
 2. the lawyers who represent the party who brings a

charge against someone \circ The costs of the case will be borne by the prosecution. \circ The prosecution argued that the money had been stolen.

prospect /'prospekt/ noun a future possibility \circ There is no prospect of getting her to change her mind. \circ What are the prospects for peace in the region? \blacksquare plural noun **prospects** future opportunities, especially in your work \circ His job prospects are very good. \circ What are our prospects of success in this business deal?

prospective /prə'spektiv/ *adj* who or which may do something in the future

prospectus /prə'spektəs/ *noun* a document which gives information to attract customers

prosper /'prospə/ (prospers, prospering, prospered) verb to succeed; to become rich

prosperity /pro'speriti/ *noun* being rich and successful

prosperous /'prosp(ə)rəs/ *adj* wealthy, rich

prostitute /'prostIt juit/ noun a woman who receives money for sexual intercourse

prostitution /, prostitiju: J(a)n/ noun the practice of providing sexual intercourse in return for payment

prostrate /'prostrent/ *adj* lying flat on your face \circ *He was lying prostrate on the floor.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **prostate**.)

protagonist /pr=o'tæg=nist/ noun the main character in a story \circ *The protagonist is a Danish prince.*

② protect /prə'tekt/ (protects, protecting, protected) verb to keep someone or something safe from harm or danger [-against/-from] o The cover protects the machine from dust. o The injection is supposed to protect you against the disease.

protected /prə'tektId/ *adj* (of species of animals or plants) classified as being in danger of extinction

(2) **protection** /prə'tek∫ən/ noun shelter, the process of being protected [-from/~against] ○ The trees give some protection from the rain. ○ The injection gives some protection against cholera. ○ The legislation offers no protection to temporary workers.

③ **protective** /prə'tekt1v/ *adj* who or which protects

protégé /'prot əʒeɪ/ *noun* a person, usually a young person, who is supported in artistic work with money or advice, by someone else (2) **protein** /'prəoti:n/ *noun* a substance in food such as meat, eggs and nuts which is one of the elements in food which you need to keep your body working properly

protest¹ /'provtest/ noun a statement that you object or disapprove of something \circ She resigned as a protest against the change in government policy. \circ The new road went ahead despite the protests of the local inhabitants. \Box **in protest at** showing that you do not approve of something \circ The staff occupied the offices in protest at their low pay.

protest²/prə'test/(**protests**, **protesting**, **protested**) verb **1**. to say or show that you do not approve of something [~against/at] \odot Some of the workers are protesting against poor working conditions. \circ After being stuck in the train for twenty minutes, the passengers began to protest. **2**. to insist that something is true, when others think it isn't \circ She went to prison still protesting her innocence.

③ **Protestant** /'protistent/ noun a member of a Christian Church which separated from the Catholic Church at the time of the Reformation

protestation $/_1$ prot1'ste1 $\int(\partial)n/$ noun a strong or firm statement that something is true

protester /prə'testə/, **protestor** noun a person who protests in a public way about something they don't agree with \circ Several protesters stood outside the bank's offices handing out leaflets.

protocol /'proutokol/ noun correct diplomatic behaviour \circ Diplomatic protocol dictates which ambassador sits next to the Queen.

prototype /'proutotaip/ noun the first model of a new machine

protracted /prə'træktıd/ *adj* very lengthy

protrude /prə'truːd/ (protrudes, protruding, protruded) *verb* to stick out

protrusion /prə'truːʒ(ə)n/ noun something which protrudes

(2) **proud** /praud/ adj showing pleasure in what you or someone else has done or in something which belongs to you \circ We're proud of the fact we did it all without help from anyone else.

proudly /'praudli/ *adv* showing that you are proud of something

() **prove** /pru:v/ (**proves**, **proving**, **proved** or **proven**) verb to show that something is true [\sim (that)] \circ The experiment proves that light travels in a straight line. \circ

proven

The police think he stole the car but they can't prove it. \circ I was determined to prove him wrong or that he was wrong. \diamond **proof**

proven /'pruɪv(ə)n/ *adj* tested and shown to be correct

proverb /'prov3ib/ noun a saying which teaches you something

① **provide** /prə'vaid/ (**provides**, **providing**, **provided**) verb to supply [~for] \circ We provide free travel for all our members. \circ Medical help was provided by the Red Cross. \circ Our hosts provided us with a car and driver.

provided (that) /prə'vaɪdɪd ðæt/, providing /prə'vaɪdɪŋ/ conj on condition that; as long as, so long as \circ *It's nice to go on a* picnic provided it doesn't rain. \circ You can all come to watch the rehearsal providing you don't interrupt.

providence /'provid(ə)ns/ noun a lucky force which protects you (*literary*)

provider /prə'vaɪdə/ *noun* a person who provides material support for someone or something, especially a family

② **province** /'provins/ noun 1. a large administrative division of a country \circ *the provinces of Canada* 2. an area of knowledge or of responsibility \circ *That's not my province* – *you'll have to ask the finance manager.*

provision /prə'v13(\ni)n/ noun 1. the act of providing something \Box to make provision for to see that something is allowed for in the future \circ We've made provision for the computer network to be expanded. \circ There is no provision for or no provision has been made for car parking in the plans for the office block. 2. a condition in a contract

③ **provisional** /prə'v13(\ni)n(\ni)l/ adjtemporary \circ A provisional government was set up by the army.

proviso /prə'vaɪzəʊ/ (plural provisos or provisoes) noun a condition

provocation $/_1$ provo'kei $\int(a)n/noun$ the action of making someone annoyed

provocative /prə'vokətıv/ *adj* 1. likely to make someone annoyed \circ *His provocative remarks did not go down well with the management.* 2. likely to make someone sexually excited \circ *In some countries it is considered provocative for women to wear short skirts.*

provoke /prə'vəuk/ (provokes, provoking, provoked) verb 1. to make someone angry \circ She provoked him into throwing a brick through her front window. 2. to make a reaction take place \circ *His reply provoked an angry response from the crowd.*

prow /prau/ *noun* the front end of a boat **prowess** /'praues/ *noun* great skill

prowl /praul/ verb (prowls, prowling, prowled) to move about quietly \circ She thinks she saw someone prowling about in the undergrowth. \circ The police are on the lookout for looters prowling around the deserted town. \blacksquare noun \square on the prowl moving quietly looking for something \circ a tiger on the prowl in the jungle

prowler /'praulə/ *noun* a person who moves about an area looking for an opportunity to commit a criminal act

proximity /prpk'sImIti/ *noun* the fact of being close to something

proxy /'proksi/ (plural proxies) noun 1. a document which gives someone the power to act on behalf of someone else \circ If you are away from home on voting day, you can cast your vote by proxy. 2. a person who acts on behalf of someone else \circ to act as a proxy for someone

prude /pru1d/ noun a prudish person

prudent /'pru:dənt/ adj showing good sense and using good judgement o It would be prudent to consult a lawyer before you sign the contract.

prune /pru:n/ (prunes, pruning, pruned) verb 1. to cut back a tree or shrub, to keep it in good shape \circ That bush is blocking the window – it needs pruning. 2. to reduce the size of something such as expenditure or parts of a book \circ We had to prune about half the text.

pry /pra1/ (**pries**, **prying**, **pried**) *verb* **1**. to look inquisitively into something [~into] \circ *She accused the press of prying into her private life*. **2**. \Box **to pry something open** *or* **apart** *US* to use force to open or split something \circ *He pried the lid open*.

PS/,pi: 'es/ noun an additional note at the end of a letter \circ *Did you read the PS at the* end of the letter? Full form **post scriptum psalm** /sɑ:m/, **Psalm** noun a religious poem or song from the Bible

pseudonym /'sju:dənim/ noun a false or invented name used by an author

psyche /'saɪki/ noun the subconscious mind

psychiatrist /sai'kaiətrist/ noun a person who studies and treats mental disease

psychiatry /saɪ'kaɪətri/ *noun* the study of mental disease

psychic /'saikik/ *adj* referring to supernatural forces o *He spends his time investi*- gating reports of psychic phenomena. \circ She must be psychic if she can tell the result of the lottery in advance.

psychoanalysis /ˌsaɪkəʊə'næləsɪs/ noun a treatment of mental disorder where a specialist talks to patients and analyses their condition

psychoanalyst /,saikəʊ'æn(ə)list/ noun a doctor who is trained in psychoanalysis (NOTE: also shortened to analyst)

③ **psychologist** /saɪ'kɒlədʒɪst/ noun a person who studies the human mind

③ **psychology** /sa1'kpl=d $_3$ i/ noun the study of the human mind \circ *the psychology department in the university* \circ *She's taking a psychology course.*

psychopath /'saɪkəpæθ/ *noun* a criminal who is dangerous and mentally unstable

psychosis /sa1'kə0s1s/ (*plural* **psychoses**) *noun* any serious mental disorder in which someone can no longer tell what is real

psychosomatic/,saɪkəʊsə'mætɪk/ adj describing a physical illness that is caused by a mental problem

psychotherapy /,saikəu'θerəpi/ noun a treatment of mental disorders by psychological methods, as when a psychotherapist talks to patients and encourages them to talk about their problems (NOTE: + **psychotherapist** *n*)

psychotic /sai'kptik/ *adj* referring to or experiencing psychosis

③ pt abbr pint

③ **PTO** *interj* 'please turn over', letters written at the bottom of a page, showing that there is something written on the other side

(2) **pub** /pAb/ *noun* a place where you can buy beer and other alcoholic drinks, and sometimes meals \circ *I happened to meet him at the pub.* \circ *We had a sandwich and some beer in the pub.*

puberty /'pju:bəti/ *noun* the time of life when childhood ends and adolescence and sexual maturity begin

pubic /'pju:b1k/ *adj* referring to the area around the sexual organs

① **public** /' $p_A blik$ / adj relating to the people in general \circ The crown jewels are on public display in the Tower of London. \circ It's in the public interest that the facts should be known. \blacksquare noun people in general \circ The public have the right to know what is going on.

public-address system /,pAblik ə 'dres/ noun full form of PA

publican /'pʌblɪkən/ *noun* a person who manages a pub

(2) **publication** /,p∧bl1'ke1∫(ə)n/ noun 1. the process of making something public ○ *The publication of the official figures has been delayed*. **2.** a book or newspaper which has been published ○ *He asked the library for a list of gardening publications.*

public figure /,pAblik 'figə/ *noun* a well-known person such as an actor or politician

(3) **public holiday** /,pAblik 'hplidei/ noun a day when most businesses and banks are closed

publicise /'pAblIsaIZ/ (**publicises**, **publicising**, **publicised**), **publicize** *verb* to attract people's attention to something; to make publicity for something

publicist /'pAblisist/ *noun* a person who attracts people's attention to something through advertising

(2) **publicity** /p∧'blisiti/ noun advertising which attracts people's attention to something ○ We're trying to get publicity for our school play. ○ The failure of the show was blamed on bad publicity.

publicly /'pʌblɪkli/ adv in public 0 The Prime Minister publicly denied the accusations.

public school /,pAblık 'skuil/ noun 1. (*in Britain*) a private fee-paying secondary school which is not part of the state education system \circ *Eton and Winchester are two famous British public schools*. Compare **private school**, **state school 2.** (*in the USA*) a school which is paid for by public taxes \circ *The state has decided to spend more money on its public school system*.

public sector /'pAblık ,sektə/ noun the nationalised industries and the civil service **public service** /'pAblık 's3:v1s/ noun 1. the practice of working for the state 2. all government agencies and their personnel o *He's hoping for a job in the public service*.

(3) **public transport** /,pAblik 'trænspo:t/ noun transport such as buses and trains which can be used by everyone

publish /'pAbItʃ/ (publishes, publishing, published) verb 1. to bring out a book or newspaper for sale o The company publishes six magazines for the business market. o We publish dictionaries for students.
 to make something publicly known o The government has not published the figures yet.

③ **publisher** /'p∧blı∫ə/ *noun* a person or company that produces books or newspapers for sale

(3) **publishing** /'p∧bli∫iŋ/ *noun* the process of producing books or newspapers for sale

③ **pudding** /'podŋ/ *noun* **1**. a sweet dish at the end of the meal ○ *I'll have ice cream for my pudding*. **2**. a sweet cooked food

puddle l'pA(\exists)l' noun a small pool of water, e.g. on the ground after it has rained **puff** /pAf/ noun a small breath of air or smoke \circ *He took a puff on his cigarette.* \circ *Little puffs of smoke came out of the chimney.* \blacksquare *verb* (**puffs, puffing, puffed) 1.** to blow \circ *White smoke was puffing out of the engine.* \circ *He sat in a corner, puffing on his pipe.* **2.** to breathe with difficulty \circ *He was puffing and panting and he'd only run fifty yards.*

puffy /'pAfi/ adj swollen

pugnacious /pAg'neIJəs/ adj ready to argue or fight

puke /pju:k/ (pukes, puking, puked), puke up verb also puke up to bring up partly digested food into your mouth (*informal*) \circ *The baby puked all over the carpet.* \Box **to make someone (want to)** puke to make someone feel angry and upset \circ *All these stories about lottery millionaires make me puke.*

① **pull** /pol/ (**pulls, pulling, pulled**) *verb* to move something towards you or after you \circ *Pull the door to open it, don't push it.* \circ *The truck was pulling a trailer.* \circ *She pulled an envelope out of her bag.*

pull down① phrasal verb to knock down
a building

pull off \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1.** to take off a piece of clothing by pulling \circ *He sat down and pulled off his dirty boots.* **2.** to succeed in doing something very good, especially if it is unexpected \circ *The deal will be great for the company, if we can pull it off.* **3.** to drive off a road and stop \circ *He pulled off the road and lit a cigarette.*

pull out① phrasal verb 1. to take something out by pulling ○ They used a rope to pull the car out of the river. 2. to drive a car away from the side of the road ○ He forgot to signal as he was pulling out. ○ Don't pull out into the main road until you can see that there is nothing coming.
3. to stop being part of a deal or agreement ○ Our Australian partners pulled out at the last moment.

pull over () phrasal verb to drive a car to-

wards the side of the road and stop \circ *The* police car signalled to him to pull over. pull together \bigcirc phrasal verb 1. to work with someone else to achieve something 2. \Box to pull yourself together to become more calm \circ Although he was shocked by the news he soon pulled himself together. pull up \bigcirc phrasal verb 1. to bring something closer \circ Pull your chair up to the window. 2. (of a vehicle) to stop \circ A car pulled up and the driver asked me if I wanted a lift. \circ He didn't manage to pull up in time and ran into the back of the car in front.

pull-down menu /'pul daun ,menju:/ noun a menu which appears as a list on part of a computer screen

pulley /'poli/ noun apparatus for lifting heavy weights with a rope that runs round several wheels

() **pullover** /'puləuvə/ noun a piece of clothing made of wool, which covers the top part of your body

pulmonary /'pAlmən(ə)ri/ adj referring to the lungs

pulp /pAlp/ noun a squashy mass \circ Cook the apples to a pulp. \circ If you don't do as I say I'll beat you to a pulp.

pulpit /'pulpit/ *noun* the raised platform in a church where the priest preaches

pulsate /pAl'set/ (pulsates, pulsating, pulsated) *verb* to throb regularly

③ **pulse** /pʌls/ noun a regular beat of your heart \circ *The doctor took his pulse*. \circ *Her pulse is very weak.*

pulverise /'pʌlvəraɪz/ (**pulverises**, **pulverising**, **pulverised**), **pulverize** *verb* to crush something to powder

pummel /'pAm(ə)l/ (pummels, pummelling, pummelled) *verb* to hit something hard repeatedly

③ **pump** /pAmp/ noun a machine for forcing liquids or air into something ○ a bicycle pump ■ verb (pumps, pumping, pumped) to force in something such as liquid or air with a pump ○ Your back tyre needs pumping up. ○ The heart pumps blood round the body.

pumpkin /'pAmpkIn/ *noun* a large round orange-coloured vegetable

pun /pAn/ noun a play with words which have several different meanings \circ *He made* an awful pun about 'ploughing on' with his book on agriculture.

③ punch /p∧nt∫/ noun 1. a blow with the fist ○ She landed two punches on his head.
2. a metal tool for making holes ○ The

holes in the belt are made with a punch. \blacksquare verb (punches, punching, punched) 1. to hit someone with your fist \circ He punched me on the nose. 2. to make holes in something with a punch \circ The conductor punched my ticket.

punchline /'pAnt flain/ *noun* the last part of a joke, which is the part that makes you laugh

punctual $/p_{\Lambda\eta}kt \int u_{\partial l} d d j$ on time \circ He was punctual for his appointment with the dentist.

punctuate /'pAŋktfuett/ (punctuates, punctuating, punctuated) verb 1. to interrupt something \circ Their conversation was punctuated with long silences. 2. to add punctuation marks to a text \circ The sentence was not punctuated correctly.

punctuation /,pAŋktʃu'eɪʃ(ə)n/ noun the practice of dividing up groups of words using special printed symbols

puncture $/ p_{\Lambda\eta} kt \int \partial / noun a$ hole in a tyre $\circ I'$ ve got a puncture in my back tyre.

■ verb (punctures, puncturing, punctured) to make a small hole in something ○ The tyre had been punctured by a nail.

pundit /'pAndIt/ noun an expert, especially in political matters

pungent/'pAnd3ant/adj 1. with a strong taste or smell \circ a particularly pungent type of goat's cheese \circ The pungent odour of curry came from the kitchen. **2.** (of comments) strong and sharp \circ She reserved her most pungent criticism for the way we performed the musical numbers.

③ **punish** /!pAnif/ (**punishes**, **punishing**, **punished**) *verb* to make someone suffer because of something they have done \circ *The children must be punished for stealing apples*. \circ *The simplest way to punish them will be to make them pay for the damage they caused.*

punishable /'pʌnɪ∫əb(ə)l/ *adj* for which you can be punished

punishing /'pʌnɪʃɪŋ/ adj exhausting, which makes you tired

③ **punishment** /'pAnifment/ noun a treatment given to punish someone [~for] \circ As a punishment for your behaviour, you'll wash the kitchen floor.

punitive /'pju:nitiv/ adj which aims to punish

(3) **punk**/pʌŋk/ *noun* a person who dresses in unconventional clothes, has brightly coloured hair and pins through parts of the body

punter /'pAntə/ noun 1. a person who gambles \circ Most of the punters had backed

the favourite. \circ Punters lost thousands when the favourite fell at the last fence. **2**. a person who uses a service \circ We have to keep the punters happy.

puny /'pju:ni/ (**punier**, **puniest**) adj **1**. weak and feeble \circ *The puny body of the* baby piglet. \circ *Their puny efforts were to*tally unequal to the task. **2**. very small \circ *This year's pay rise is the puniest we've ever had.*

pup /pAp/ noun the young of certain animals, especially a young dog or seal \circ Our bitch has had pups. \circ They went out onto rocky islands looking for seal pups.

① **pupil** /'pju:p(\ni)l/ noun 1. a child at a school \circ There are twenty-five pupils in the class. \circ The piano teacher thinks she is her best pupil. 2. a black hole in the central part of the eye, through which the light passes \circ The pupil of the eye grows larger when there is less light.

puppet /'pApIt/ noun a doll which moves, used to give a show

puppeteer / pAp1't1ə/ noun a person who gives a performance using puppets

③ puppy /'p∧pi/ (plural puppies) noun a young dog ○ Our dog has had six puppies.
③ purchase /'pэtf ʃis/ noun something that has been bought ○ She had difficulty getting all her purchases into the car. □ to make a purchase to buy something ○ We didn't make many purchases on our trip to Oxford Street. ■ verb (purchases, purchasing, purchased) to buy something ○ They purchased their car in France and brought it back to the UK

purchaser /'p3:tfisə/ noun a person who buys something

(2) **pure** $/pj \cup 3/$ (**purer, purest**) adj **1**. not spoiled by being mixed with other things or substances of a lower quality \circ a bottle of pure water \circ a pure silk blouse \circ a pure mountain stream **2**. total, complete \circ This is pure nonsense. \circ It is pure extortion. \circ It is pure spite on his part. \circ It was by pure good luck that I happened to find it.

(2) **purely** /'pj υ əli/ adv only, solely \circ He's doing it purely for the money. \circ This is a purely educational visit.

purgatory /'p3:gət(ə)ri/ noun 1. a place where some people believe your soul will suffer temporarily after you die, before entering heaven \circ Masses were said for the souls in purgatory. 2. an experience which makes you suffer \circ It was sheer purgatory listening to her singing out of tune.

purge /p3idʒ/ (**purges**, **purging**, **purged**) *verb* **1**. to remove something bad or harm-

purify

ful from your mind or body $\circ I$ want you to purge your minds of any unhappy memories. \circ This special diet is designed to purge the toxins from your body. **2.** to remove opponents or other unacceptable people from a group \circ The activists have purged the party of moderates or have purged the moderates from the party. **3.** to make a patient have a bowel movement \circ Old-fashioned doctors frequently purged their patients.

purify /'pjuərɪfaɪ/ (**purifies**, **purifying**, **purified**) *verb* to make something or someone pure (NOTE: + **purification** *n*)

purist /'pjuərist/ *noun* a person who insists that everything has to be done in the correct way

puritan /'pjʊərɪt(ə)n/ *noun* a puritanical person

③ **purity** /'pjuərɪti/ *noun* the quality of being pure

purple /'p3:p(ϑ)l/ noun a bluish-red colour **a** *adj* bluish red

purplish¹ *adj* similar to purple

purplish² *adj* of a colour that is close to purple

purport /pə'pɔ:t/ (**purports, purporting, purported**) *verb* to claim something \circ *He purported to be a friend of the princess*.

purpose /'p3:p3s/ noun an aim or plan
 The purpose of the meeting is to plan the village fair.

purpose-built / p3:p3s 'bilt/ adj made specially for a purpose

purposeful /'p3:pəsf(ə)l/ adj with a specific aim in view

purposely /'ps:pəsli/ adv intentionally

purr /p3:/ noun 1. the noise made by a cat when pleased \circ *The cat rubbed against my leg with a loud purr.* 2. a steady low noise made by a machine or engine \circ *the purr of the boat's engine* \blacksquare *verb* (purrs, purring, purred) 1. (of a cat) to make a noise to show pleasure \circ *He purrs when you tickle his stomach.* 2. (of an engine) to make a steady low noise as it operates \circ *We purred along at seventy miles an hour.*

③ **purse** /p31s/ noun a small bag for carrying money \circ *I* know *I* had my purse in my pocket when *I* left home. \circ She put her ticket in her purse so that she wouldn't forget where it was.

② **pursue** /pə'sju:/ (**pursues**, **pursuing**, **pursued**) *verb* to go after someone in order to try to catch him or her (*formal*) \circ *The police pursued the stolen car across London*. • The boys fled, pursued by their older brother.

pursuit /pə'sjuɪt/ noun 1. a chase after someone \Box in pursuit of looking for \circ We set off in pursuit of our friends who had just left the hotel. \circ The robbers left in a stolen car with the police in pursuit. 2. the process of trying to find something, or trying to do something \circ Her aim in life is the pursuit of pleasure. 3. an occupation or pastime (dated)

pus /pAs/ *noun* a yellow liquid formed in the body as a reaction to infection

① **push** /pusit /pusit noun the action of making something move forwards \circ He gave the pram a little push and sent it out into the road. \circ Can you give the car a push? – It won't start. • verb (**pushes**, **pushing**, **pushed**) to make something move away from you or in front of you \circ We'll have to push the car to get it to start. \circ The piano is too heavy to lift, so we'll have to push it into the next room. \circ Did she fall down the stairs or was she pushed?

push off③ *phrasal verb* to start on a journey (*informal*) ◇ **push off!** go away!

pushbutton /'pufbAt(\mathfrak{I})n/ adj operated by a button which can be pushed \circ a pushbutton timer

pusher /'puʃə/ noun a person who sells drugs illegally (*slang*)

pushover /'puʃ₁ouvə/ noun **1**. something that is easy to do **2**. a person who is easily tricked

pushy /'puji/ adj always trying to push yourself forward, trying too hard to achieve success (*informal*)

pussyfoot /'posifot/ (**pussyfoots**, **pussyfooting**, **pussyfooted**) verb also **pussyfoot about** to be unable to decide what to do or how to do something (*informal*) \circ *Stop pussyfooting about and make your mind up*!

① **put** /pot/ (**puts**, **putting**, **put**) *verb* to place something somewhere ○ *Did you remember to put the milk in the fridge*? ○ *Where do you want me to put this book*?

put away (3) phrasal verb to clear things away

put back() phrasal verb to put something
where it was before

put by phrasal verb to save money

put down \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1.** to place something lower down onto a surface \bigcirc *He put his suitcase down on the floor beside him.* **2.** to write something down **3.** to charge something \bigcirc *Put that book down on my account.* **4.** to let passengers get off \circ The taxi driver put me down outside the hotel. **5.** to make a deposit \circ to put down money on a house **6.** to kill an animal that is old or ill, painlessly using drugs \circ The cat will have to be put down. **7.** to defeat a group of people who make an attack against people in authority

put forward (1) phrasal verb 1. to suggest something \circ I put forward several suggestions for plays we might go to see. 2. to change an arrangement to meet someone to a earlier time \circ Can we put forward the meeting from Thursday to Wednesday? 3. to change the time on a clock to a later one \circ You have to put the clocks forward by one hour in March.

put in phrasal verb 1. to place something inside something \circ *I forgot to put in my pyjamas when I packed the case.* 2. to fix something such as a system or a large piece of equipment in place so that it can be used \circ *The first thing we have to do with the cottage is to put in central heating.* 3. to do work \circ *She put in three hours' overtime work yesterday evening.* 4. \Box to put in for to apply for \circ *She put in for a job in the accounts department.* \circ *He has put in for a grant to study in Italy.* put off(\circ phrasal verb 1. to arrange for

put off phrasal verb **1**. to arrange for something to take place later \circ We have put the meeting off until next month. **2**. to take someone's attention so that they cannot do things properly \circ Stop making that strange noise, it's putting me off my work. **3**. to say something that makes someone decide not to do something \circ He told a story about cows that put me off my food. \circ I was going to see the film, but my brother said something which put me off.

put on() phrasal verb **1.** to place something on top of something, on a surface \circ Put the lid on the saucepan. \circ He put his hand on my arm. \circ Put the suitcases down on the floor. **2.** to dress yourself in a certain piece of clothing \circ I put a clean shirt on before I went to the party. \circ Put your gloves on, it's cold outside. \circ Put on your wellies if you're going out in the rain. **3.** to switch something on \circ Can you put the light on, it's getting dark? \circ Put on the kettle and we'll have some tea. **4.** to add something \circ She has put on a lot of weight since I saw her last.

put out phrasal verb **1**. to place something outside \circ Did you remember to put the cat out? **2**. to stretch out a part of your body, e.g. your hand or foot \circ She put out

her hand to stop herself from falling. **3.** to switch something off \circ *He put the light out and went to bed.* **4.** \Box **to put out to sea** (of ships) to leave harbour

put through phrasal verb 1. \Box to put someone through to someone to connect them on the phone \circ Peter is out so I'll put you through to Simon. \circ I asked to speak to the accounts department and they put me through to sales. 2. to make someone experience something unpleasant \circ I don't want to be put through that treatment again.

put up *phrasal verb* **1**. to attach something to a wall, to attach something high up \circ *I've put up the photos of my family over my desk.* \circ *They are putting up Christmas decorations all along Regent Street.* **2**. to build something \circ *They put up a wooden shed in their garden.* **3**. to lift something up \circ *The gunman told us to put our hands up.* **4**. to increase something, to make something higher \circ *The shop has put up all its prices by 5%.* **5**. to give someone a place to sleep in your house \circ *They've missed the last train, can you put them up for the night?*

put up with () *phrasal verb* to accept someone or something unpleasant $\circ I$ don't think I can put up with that noise any longer.

putrid /'pju:trid/ *adj* decayed; which smells extremely unpleasant

putt /pAt/ noun a short shot on a green in golf \circ *He sank a fifteen-foot putt to win the game.* (NOTE: + **putt** *v*)

putty /'pAti/ *noun* a soft substance which becomes hard after a time, used especially for fixing the glass in windows

puzzle $I' p_{\Lambda Z}(\mathfrak{T}) I/$ noun **1**. a game where you have to find the answer to a problem \circ I can't do today's crossword puzzle. **2**. something that is hard to understand \circ I''s a puzzle to me why they don't go to live in the country. \blacksquare verb (puzzles, puzzling, puzzled) to be difficult to understand \circ It puzzles me how the robbers managed to get away.

puzzled /'pAZ(ə)ld/ *adj* confused, not understanding something

puzzling /'pAZ(ə)liŋ/ *adj* which is difficult to understand and does not seem reasonable

PVC noun a strong plastic material, used in floor coverings, water pipes and clothing ③ **pyjamas** /pə'dʒɑːməz/ plural noun a light shirt and trousers which you wear in bed $\circ I$ bought two pairs of pyjamas in the sale. • When fire broke out in the hotel, the guests ran into the street in their pyjamas. **pylon** /'paılən/ noun a tall metal tower for carrying electric wires

③ **pyramid** /'pɪrəmɪd/ noun a shape with a square base and four sides rising to meet at a point **pyre** /paiə/ noun a large fire which is burned as part of a ceremony

python /'pa $i\theta(a)n/$ noun a large snake which kills animals by crushing them

q /kjuː/, **Q** noun the seventeenth letter of the alphabet, between P and R

QC / kjuː 'siː/ *noun* a senior British barrister. Full form **Queen's Counsel**

quack /kwæk/ noun 1. a sound made by a duck \circ I heard a quack in the reeds. 2. a bad doctor (disapproving) \circ I went to see the quack and he gave me some pills. verb (quacks, quacking, quacked) to make a noise like a duck \circ We could hear the ducks quacking on the lake.

quadruple /'kwodrop(\ni)l/ (**quadruples**, **quadrupling**, **quadrupled**) verb to multiply four times \circ Our profits have quadrupled in the last three years.

quagmire /'kwægma1ə/ noun **1**. an area of extremely wet ground, where you may be in danger of sinking or of becoming stuck \circ *Be careful when you take the path across the quagmire.* \circ *After the rain, the football pitch was like a quagmire.* **2**. a situation which is very complicated \circ *The project got bogged down in a quagmire of government restrictions.*

quaint /kweInt/ *adj* attractive in a way which is strange or unusual

quake /kweik/ verb (quakes, quaking, quaked) **1**. to shake \circ The explosion made the buildings quake. **2**. to shake because you have a strong feeling such as fear or because you are very cold [~with] \circ She was quaking with fear at the thought of going for an interview. **•** noun an occasion when there is a violent shaking of the earth, caused by volcanic activity or movement of the Earth's crust (informal) \circ Thousands of buildings were flattened in the San Francisco quake of 1906.

(2) qualification /,kwplifi'keij(ϑ)n/ noun 1. something necessary for a job, such as proof that you have completed a particular course of study [-for/-in] \circ Does she have the right qualifications for the job?! don't have any qualifications in computing. 2. something which limits the meaning of a statement, or shows that you do not agree with something completely \circ I want to add one qualification to the agreement: if the goods are not delivered by the 30th of June, then the order will be cancelled. **3.** being successful in a test or competition which takes you on to the next stage \circ She didn't reach the necessary standard for qualification.

③ **qualified** /'kwplifaid/ adj **1**. with the right qualifications \circ *She's a qualified doc*tor. **2**. not complete, with conditions attached \circ *The committee gave its qualified approval.* \circ *The school fair was only a qualified success.*

qualifier /'kwplifatə/ noun **1**. a person who qualifies in a sports competition \circ *How many qualifiers were there from the first round?* **2**. a round of a sports competition which qualifies a team to go to the next round \circ *They won their qualifier and went through to the semi-final.*

(2) qualify /'kwplifai/ (qualifies, qualifying, qualified) verb 1. to study for and obtain a qualification which allows you to do a certain type of work [~as] o When I first qualified I worked as a solicitor. \circ He has qualified as an engineer. 2. to attach conditions to something o I must qualify the offer by saying that your proposals still have to be approved by the chairman. 3. to be in the right position for something, or have the right to have something $[-for] \circ The$ project does not qualify for a government grant. 4. to pass a test or one section of a competition and so go on to the next stage $[\text{-for}] \circ$ She qualified for round two of the competition.

 quality /'kwpliti/ (plural qualities) noun 1. how good something is ○ We want to measure the air quality in the centre of town. ○ There are several high-quality restaurants in the West End. (NOTE: no plural)
 something which is part of a person's character ○ She has many good qualities, but unfortunately is extremely lazy. ○ What qualities do you expect in a good salesman?

quantifier

quantifier /'kwont1,fa1ə/ noun a word such as 'all' or 'some' that shows the range of things referred to

quantify/'kwpntifai/(**quantifies**, **quantifying**, **quantified**) *verb* to measure something in quantities

② quantity /'kwontiti/ (plural quantities) noun an amount [~of]

quantum leap /_kwontəm 'li:p/ noun a big improvement in knowledge or a big change, especially to something better

quarantine /'kwprənti:n/ *noun* a period of time when an animal or a person, usually coming from another country, has to be kept apart from others to avoid the risk of passing on diseases \circ *The animals were put in quarantine on arrival at the port.* (NOTE: + quarantine v)

quarrel /'kwbrol/ noun an argument $\circ I$ think the quarrel was over who was in charge of the cash desk. \circ He's had a quarrel with his wife.

quarry /'kwpri/ noun an animal or person who is being hunted \circ *Gunmen surrounded* the building where the kidnappers were, but their quarry managed to escape. • verb (quarries, quarrying, quarried) to dig stone out of the ground \circ *The stone used to* build the castle was quarried locally.

quart /kwɔ:t/ noun a measure of liquid equal to two pints or one quarter of a gallon ① **quarter** /'kwɔ:tə/ noun one of four parts, a fourth, $25\% \circ$ She cut the pear into quarters. \circ The jar is only a quarter empty. \circ He paid only a quarter of the normal fare because he works for the airline.

(3) quarter-final $/,kwo:t \Rightarrow 'fain(\Rightarrow)l/$ noun (in sport) one of four matches in a competition, in which the person or team which wins goes into the semi-finals

③ **quarterly** /'kwo:təli/ adj, adv which happens every three months \circ a quarterly payment \circ There is a quarterly charge for electricity. \circ We pay the rent quarterly or on a quarterly basis. \blacksquare noun (plural quarterlies) a magazine which appears every three months \circ He writes for one of the political quarterlies.

③ **quarters** /'kwo:t ∂z / plural noun places where people live \circ When they come off duty the staff go back to their quarters. \diamond **at close quarters** close to, very near \circ I had seen her often on TV, but this was the first time I had seen her at close quarters.

quartet /kwo1'tet/, **quartette** noun **1**. four musicians playing together \circ She plays the cello in a string quartet. **2**. a piece of music for four musicians \circ a Beethoven string quartet **3**. four people or four things \circ A quartet of British archaeologists discovered the tomb. \circ Have you read his quartet of novels about Egypt?

quartz /kwoits/ noun a hard mineral often found as crystals in rocks and which makes up the major part of sand

quash /kwo J/ (quashes, quashing, quashed) verb 1. to make a judgment or ruling no longer valid \circ The appeal court quashed the verdict. \circ He applied for judicial review to quash the order. 2. to make something end \circ The government moved quickly to quash rumours of a split in the Cabinet.

quaver /'kweIvə/ (**quavers**, **quavering**, **quavered**) verb (of voice) to shake slightly • A quavering voice answered the telephone.

quay /ki:/ noun the part of a harbour or port where boats stop (NOTE: Do not confuse with **key**.)

queasy /'kwizzi/ adj feeling sick

② **queen** /kwi:n/ noun **1**. the wife of a king \circ King Charles I's queen was the daughter of the king of France. **2**. a woman who rules a country \circ The Queen sometimes lives in Windsor Castle. \circ Queen Victoria was queen for many years. **3**. in the game of chess, the second most important piece, after the king \circ In three moves he had captured my queen.

queer /kw1ə/ noun a homosexual man (offensive; unless used by people who are gay) **quell** /kwel/ (**quells, quelling, quelled**) verb **1.** to calm a situation in which there is a lot of noise and fighting \circ Extra police were drafted in to quell the disturbances. **2.** to hold back feelings \circ She tried to quell her fears about the journey. \circ It was difficult to quell a feeling of resentment.

quench /kwent $\int /$ (quenches, quenching, quenched) verb \Box to quench your thirst to have a drink when you are thirsty \circ I expect you would like something to quench your thirst.

query /'kwiəri/ (plural queries) noun a question \circ She had to answer a mass of queries about the tax form.

③ quest /kwest/ noun a search

① **question** /'kwest $\int(\ni)n/noun$ **1**. a sentence which needs an answer \circ *The teacher couldn't answer the children's questions.* \circ *Some of the questions in the exam were too difficult.* \circ *The manager refused to answer questions from journalists about the fire.* **2**. a problem or matter \circ *The question is, who do we appoint to run the shop when we're*

on holiday? \circ The main question is that of cost. \circ He raised the question of moving to a less expensive part of town. \blacksquare verb (questions, questioning, questioned) to ask questions \circ The police questioned the driver for four hours. \diamond in question under discussion \circ Please keep to the matter in question. \diamond it is out of the question it cannot possibly be done \circ You cannot borrow any more money – it's out of the question. \circ It's out of the question for her to have any more time off.

questionable /'kwest∫∋nəb(ə)l/ adj which is not completely honest or straightforward

questioning /'kwest $\int (\partial n n \eta / n o u n a situation in which someone is asked a lot of questions, especially formally or officially, or an instance of this$

(2) **question mark** /'kwe∫t∫∍n ma:k/ noun a sign (?) used in writing to show that a question is being asked

③ **questionnaire** /,kwestʃə'neə/ noun a printed list of questions given to people to answer, usually questions about what they like or what they buy

question tag /'kwest $\int(\Im)$ n tæg/ *noun* a short phrase at the end of a statement that changes it into a question. In English, examples are the phrases 'isn't it?' and 'have you?'

③ **queue** /kju:/ noun a line of people or things such as cars, waiting one behind the other for something [~for] \circ We joined the queue for tickets at the entrance to the stadium. \circ There was a queue of people waiting to get into the exhibition. \Box to form a queue to stand in line o Please form a queue to the left of the door. \circ Queues formed at ticket offices when the news of cheap fares became known.
□ to jump the queue to go in front of other people standing in a queue \circ Are you trying to jump the queue? – Go to the back! \blacksquare verb (queueing) or queuing, queued) also queue up to stand in a line waiting for something [~for] We spent hours queuing for tickets.

quibble /'kwib(ə)l/ verb (**quibbles**, **quibbling**, **quibbled**) to argue about the details of something which is extremely unimportant [~about] \circ *They spent hours quibbling about who should pay the bill*. \blacksquare *noun* a minor argument \circ *I have only a few quibbles about the style*, *but basically I like the book*.

quiche /ki: *J*/ *noun* an open pastry case with a filling of food such as eggs or vegetables ① **quick** /kwik/ adj done with speed or in a short time \circ I'm trying to work out the quickest way to get to the Tower of London. \circ We had a quick lunch and then went off for a walk. \circ He is much quicker at calculating than I am. \circ I am not sure that going by air to Paris is quicker than taking the train.

quicken /'kw1kən/ (**quickens, quicken**ing, **quickened**) verb **1**. to make something go faster \circ He quickened his steps as he neared the house. **2**. to make more active, to become more active \circ The decision is bound to quicken racial tensions. \circ The interest of the public began to quicken as it came closer to the time for the festival.

quickie /'kwiki/ *noun* something which takes only a short time to deal with, e.g. a drink or question

() **quickly** /'kw1kli/ adv very fast, without taking much time \circ He ate his supper very quickly because he wanted to watch the match on TV. \circ The firemen came quickly when we called 999.

② quid /kwid/ (plural same) noun a pound (informal)

② **quiet** /'kwa1ət/ adj 1. without any noise \circ a house in a quiet street \circ I wish the children would be quiet. – I'm trying to work. 2. with no great excitement \circ We had a quiet holiday by the sea. \circ It's a quiet little village. \circ The hotel is in the quietest part of the town.

quieten /'kwaIət(ə)n/ (**quietens, quietening, quietened**) *verb* to make somebody quiet, to calm somebody down

③ **quietly** /'kwa1ətli/ adv without making any noise \circ *The burglar climbed quietly up to the window.* \circ *She shut the door quietly behind her.*

quilt /kw1lt/ *noun* a thick cover for a bed.

quintessential /,kwIntI'senfəl/ adj which is a perfect example of something

quintet /kwin'tet/, **quintette** noun **1**. five musicians playing together \circ She plays the cello in a string quintet. **2**. a piece of music for five musicians \circ a Mozart flute quintet

quip /kw1p/ (**quips**, **quipping**, **quipped**) verb to make a joke or a clever remark o 'Hey, big spender!' she quipped as she saw him staggering out of the supermarket laden with plastic bags.

quirk /kw3:k/ *noun* an unusual or strange thing

quirky /'kw3:ki/ *adj* strange, unusual (2) **quit** /kw1t/ (**quits**, **quitting**, **quitted** or **quit**) *verb* **1**. to leave something such as a

quite

job or a place and not return \circ When the boss criticised her, she quit. \circ I'm fed up with the office, I'm thinking of quitting. **2.** US to stop doing something \circ Will you quit bothering me! \circ He quit smoking.

① **quite** /kwait/ adv 1. to some degree ○ It's quite a long play. ○ She's quite a good writer. ○ The book is quite amusing but I liked the TV play better. 2. to a great degree ○ You're quite mad to go walking in a snowstorm. ○ He's quite right. ○ I don't quite understand why you want to go China. □ not quite not completely ○ The work is not quite finished yet. ○ Have you eaten all the bread? – Not quite.

quiver /'kwiv ∂ / (**quivers, quivering, quivered**) verb to shake slightly \circ The dog watched the snake, quivering with fear. \circ The children rushed to the Christmas tree, quivering with excitement. (NOTE: + **quiver** n)

③ **quiz** /kw12/ noun a game where you are asked a series of questions \circ She got all the questions right in the quiz. \circ They organised a general knowledge quiz.

quizzical /'kwizik(ə)l/ *adj* showing that you think something is surprising or funny

quorum /'kwɔ:rəm/ *noun* the number of people who have to be present at a meeting to make it official or legal

quota /'kwəotə/ *noun* **1**. a fixed amount of things that should be supplied or received according to official rules **2**. an amount of something that someone has to do, e.g. a share of work

quotation $/kw \partial u't e i \int (\partial n/\partial u) dv$ the words of one person which are repeated by another person

quotation marks /kw = 0 for marks/plural noun printed or written marks () showing that a quotation starts or finishes

② **quote** /kwəot/ noun a quotation [~from] ○ I need some good quotes from his speech to put into my report. ■ verb (**quotes**, **quoting**, **quoted**) to repeat what someone has said or written ○ He started his speech by quoting lines from Shakespeare's 'Hamlet'.

R

r /ɑː/, **R** *noun* the eighteenth letter of the alphabet, between Q and S

rabbi /'ræbaɪ/ *noun* a Jewish religious leader or teacher (NOTE: also used as a title before a name: *Rabbi Jonathan Sacks*)

(3) **rabbit** /'ræbit/ noun a common wild animal with grey fur, long ears and a short white tail \circ *The rabbit ran down its hole*. \circ *She keeps a pet rabbit in a cage.*

rabbit warren /'ræbit ,worən/ noun 1. a series of underground tunnels where rabbits live \circ There are many rabbit warrens in the park. 2. an area where there are a lot of narrow streets \circ We got lost in the rabbit warren of old streets behind the market.

rabble /rab(a)l/ noun a crowd, a large violent mass of people

rables /'reibizz/ noun a serious disease which can cause death and which is passed to humans by infected animals

(2) **Face** /reis/ noun a competition to see which person, animal or vehicle is the fastest \circ She was second in the 200 metres race. \circ The bicycle race goes round the whole country. \blacksquare verb (races, racing, raced) 1. to run fast \circ They saw the bus coming and raced to the bus stop. \circ He snatched some watches from the shop window and then raced away down the street. 2. to compete in a race \circ I'll race you to see who gets to school first.

③ **racecourse** /'reiskɔ:s/ *noun* a grasscovered track where horse races are held

racehorse /'reish5:s/ noun a horse bred and trained especially to run in horse races **race relations** /₁reis ri'lei $\int(\partial)nz/\rho lural$ noun relations between different groups of races in the same country \circ Race relations officers have been appointed in some police forces.

③ **racetrack** /'reistræk/ noun a track where races are run

racial /'rei $\int(\partial t)$ / *adj* referring to different races

③ **racing** /'reisin/ *noun* competitions to see who is fastest

racism /'reISIZ(ə)m/ *noun* the belief that a group of people are not as good as others because they are of a different race, and treating them differently

racist /'reisist/ noun a person who treats someone differently because of race \circ He's an old racist and you won't change his views. \circ The former regime was full of racists.

③ **rack** /ræk/ noun a frame for holding things, e.g. letters, tools or suitcases \circ He put the envelope in the letter rack on his desk.

③ **racket** /'ræktt/ noun **1**. a light frame with tight strings, used for hitting the ball in games ○ She bought a new tennis racket at the start of the summer season. ○ She asked if she could borrow his badminton racket for the tournament. **2**. a loud noise (informal) ○ Stop that racket at once! ○ The people next door make a terrible racket when they're having a party.

racy /'reisi/ adj (of behaviour) slightly shocking

radiance /'reidiəns/ *noun* the quality of shining extremely brightly

radiant /'rerdiant/ adj 1. very happy $\circ a$ radiant smile \circ She looked radiant in her wedding photos. 2. very bright or shining \circ radiant blue 3. (of heat) sent out in the form of rays

radiate /'reidieit/ (radiates, radiating, radiated) verb 1. to send out rays or heat \circ *The Sun radiates heat.* 2. to spread out from a central point \circ *The paths radiated* from the tree in the centre of the garden. \circ *The pain can radiate down both arms and up into the neck and jaw.*

radiation /, reIdi'eI $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun the process of sending out rays or heat

radiator /'reidieitə/ noun 1. a metal object, usually fixed to a wall, which is filled with hot water for heating a room \circ *Turn the radiator down* – *it's boiling in here*. \circ *When we arrived at the hotel our room was cold, so we switched the radiators on*. 2. a metal container filled with cold water for

preventing a car engine from becoming too hot \circ *The radiator overheated causing the car to break down.*

radical

③ **radical** /'rædīk(ə)l/ noun a member of a radical party o *Two Radicals voted* against the government.

① radio /'reidiəu/ noun 1. a method of sending out and receiving messages using air waves \circ They got the news by radio. \circ We always listen to BBC radio when we're on holiday. 2. a machine which sends out and receives messages using air waves \circ Turn on the radio – it's time for the weather forecast. \circ I heard the news on the car radio. \circ Please, turn the radio down – I'm on the phone.

③ **radioactive** /,reɪdiəu'æktɪv/ *adj* (of a *substance*) which, as its nucleus breaks up, gives off energy in the form of radiation which can pass through other substances

radioactivity /,reɪdiəuæk'tɪvɪti/ *noun* energy in the form of radiation from radioactive substances

radiography /,reidi'bgrəfi/ *noun* the practice or process of making X-ray photographs

radish /'rædɪʃ/ *noun* a small red root vegetable, eaten raw in salads

③ **radius** /'reidiəs/ noun 1. a line from the centre of a circle to the outside edge \circ We were all asked to measure the radius of the circle. 2. the distance in any direction from a particular central point \circ People within a radius of twenty miles heard the explosion. \circ The school accepts children living within a two-mile radius.

(3) **raffle** /'ræf(φ)l/ noun a game where you buy a ticket with a number on it, in the hope of winning a prize \circ She won a bottle of perfume in a raffle.

raft /ra:ft/ noun many, a lot of \circ They had to answer a raft of questions about government policy.

rafter /'raɪftə/ *noun* one of the long straight pieces of wood which hold up a roof

rag /ræg/ noun a piece of torn cloth \circ He used an old oily rag to clean his motorbike. **rage** /reɪdʒ/ noun sudden extreme anger \circ Her face was red with rage. \Box to fly into a **rage** to get very angry suddenly \circ When he phoned her she flew into a rage. \blacksquare verb (**rages, raging, raged**) to be violent \circ The storm raged all night.

ragged /'rægId/ adj **1**. (of clothes) torn \circ The old photographs showed poor children standing in ragged clothes. **2**. (of edge of paper or cloth) not straight \circ If you'd used scissors to cut the wrapping paper you wouldn't have made the edge all ragged.

raid /reid/ noun a sudden attack; a sudden visit by the police ■ verb (raids, raiding, raided) to make a sudden attack on a place ○ The police raided the club. ○ We caught the boys raiding the fridge.

raider /'reidə/ *noun* a person who takes part in a raid

② rail /re1l/ noun 1. a straight metal or wooden bar \circ The pictures all hang from a picture rail. \circ Hold onto the rail as you go down the stairs. \circ There is a heated towel rail in the bathroom. 2. one of two parallel metal bars on which trains run \circ Don't try to cross the rails – it's dangerous. 3. the railway, a system of travel using trains \circ Six million commuters travel to work by rail each day. \circ We ship all our goods by rail. \circ Rail travellers are complaining about rising fares. \circ Rail travel is cheaper than air travel.

railroad /'reilroud/ noun US same as railway

② **railway** /'reilwei/ noun a way of travelling which uses trains to carry passengers and goods ○ *The railway station is in the centre of town.* ○ *The French railway system has high-speed trains to all major cities.*

railway embankment /,reilwei im 'bæŋkmənt/ noun a raised bank of earth to carry a railway

① rain /rein/ noun drops of water which fall from the clouds \circ The ground is very dry – we've had no rain for days. \circ Yesterday we had 3cm of rain or 3cm of rain fell here yesterday. \circ If you have to go out in the rain take an umbrella. \circ All this rain will help the plants grow. \blacksquare verb (rains, raining, rained) to fall as drops of water from the clouds \circ As soon as we sat down and took out the sandwiches it started to rain. \circ Look at the clouds, it's going to rain.

rainbow /'reinbəu/ noun a shape like half a circle which shines with many colours in the sky when it is sunny and raining at the same time

raincoat /'reinkəut/ *noun* a coat which keeps off water, which you wear when it is raining

raindrop /'reindrop/ *noun* a drop of water which falls from a cloud

rainfall /'reinfo:l/ noun the amount of rain which falls in a place over a certain period

rain forest /'rein ,forist/ *noun* a thick forest which grows in tropical regions where there is a lot of rain

rainstorm /'reinstorm/ noun a storm with a lot of rain

rainwater /'reinwo:tə/ noun water which has fallen as rain

① **raise** /re1Z/ (raises, raising, raised) verb 1. to put something in a higher position or at a higher level \circ He picked up the flag and raised it over his head. \circ Air fares will be raised on June 1st. 2. to mention a subject which could be discussed \circ No one raised the subject of politics. \circ The manager tried to prevent the question of pay being raised. 3. to obtain money \circ The hospital is trying to raise £2m to finance its building programme. \circ Where will he raise the money from to start up his business? 4. to look after a child \circ She was raised by her aunt in Canada. (NOTE: Do not confuse with raze. Note also: raises – raising – raised.)

Note also: raises – raising – raised.)

raisin /'reiz(ə)n/ noun a dried grape

rake /re1k/ noun the angle of a slope \circ The rake of the stage is quite steep. • verb (rakes, raking, raked) to move a camera or gun slowly sideways so that it covers a wide area \circ From their lookout post they were able to rake the whole square with machine-gun fire.

rake in *phrasal verb* to gather something together (*informal*)

rake up phrasal verb **1.** to pull dead leaves together with a rake \circ She raked the dead leaves up into a pile. **2.** to bring together \circ We had difficulty in raking up the money to buy the house. **3.** to bring back something unpleasant from the past \circ The newspapers tried to rake up the old scandal.

rally /'ræli/ (plural **rallies**) noun a large meeting of members of a group or political party \circ We are holding a rally to protest against the job cuts.

ram /ræm/ (**rams, ramming, rammed**) *verb* to move or hammer something down hard

RAM /ræm/ noun random access memory, computer memory that allows access to any part of the memory in any order without having to access the rest of memory

Ramadan /'ræmədæn/ noun a Muslim religious festival, the ninth month of the Muslim year, during which believers are not allowed to eat or drink during the day

ramble /'ræmbəl/ noun a walk for pleasure in the countryside ○ We're going for a ramble through the woods. ■ verb (rambles, rambling, rambled) 1. to go for a walk for pleasure in the countryside \circ We went rambling last weekend. 2. also ramble on to talk on and on in a confused way \circ He has a tendency to ramble, and his phone calls never last less than half an hour. \circ She went rambling on about her 'boy', and it wasn't until later that I realised she was talking about her cat.

ramp /ræmp/ noun a small curved shape across the surface of a road \circ Drive carefully – ramps ahead!

rampage /'ræmpeidʒ/ noun □ to go on the rampage to go about breaking things or creating a lot of noise and mess ○ After their team's defeat the fans went on the rampage around the town. ■ verb (rampages, rampaging, rampaged) also rampage about to create a lot of mess and noise ○ She was rampaging about, throwing books and pictures all over the place.

rampant /'ræmpənt/ *adj* existing everywhere without being controlled

ramshackle $/\text{ræm} \int \text{æk}(\mathbf{a}) \mathbf{l} / \text{adj}$ badly damaged and falling to pieces

ran /ræn/ past tense of run

ranch /roint \int / noun (in North or South America) a farm where horses or cows are kept, especially in North or South America \circ The cowboys returned to the ranch each evening. \circ They left the city and bought a ranch in Colorado.

rancour /'ræŋkə/ *noun* an angry feeling against someone or something (NOTE: The US spelling is **rancor**.)

random /'rændəm/ *adj* done without any planning \diamond **at random** without choosing carefully \circ *Pick any card at random*.

rang /ræŋ/ past tense of ring

(1) range /reindz/ noun 1. a choice or series of things which are available \circ We have a range of holidays at all prices. $\circ I$ am looking for something in the £20–£30 price range. 2. a distance which you can go; a distance over which you can see or hear \circ The missile only has a range of 100 km. \circ The police said the man had been shot at close range. \circ The optician told her that her range of vision would be limited. **3.** a series of buildings or mountains in line • There is a range of outbuildings next to the farmhouse which can be converted into holiday cottages. O They looked out at the vast mountain range from the plane win*dow.* • *verb* (ranges, ranging, ranged) to include all things within a range [~from] o Sizes range from small to extra large.

② rank /ræŋk/ noun 1. a position in society or in a service such as the army or police \circ What rank does he hold in the police force? \circ She rose to the rank of captain. 2. a row of people, especially soldiers \circ The soldiers kept rank as they advanced towards the enemy. 3. a row of things \circ The room was full of people watching ranks of computer screens. \bullet verb (ranks, ranking, ranked) to be placed in order of importance \circ Shakespeare ranks among the greatest world authors. \circ As an artist he doesn't rank as highly as his sister. \diamond the rank and file ordinary people

ranking /'ræŋkɪŋ/ *noun* a position in order of importance

ransack /'rænsæk/ (**ransacks, ransacking, ransacked**) *verb* to cause a lot of damage and mess while searching a place to find something

ransom /'ræns(ϑ)m/ noun money paid to get back someone who is being held prisoner \circ The daughter of the banker was held by kidnappers who asked for a ransom of £1m.

rant /rænt/ (**rants**, **ranting**, **ranted**) *verb* to complain or shout loudly

rap /ræp/ noun a form of African Caribbean music where the singer speaks words quickly over a strong beat, improvising as he or she goes along \circ *The club played rap all evening.* **•** *verb* (**raps, rapping, rapped**) to sing rap music \circ *Although he couldn't play the guitar or the drums he was great at rapping.*

rape /reip/ noun the offence of attacking a person and forcing them to have sex \circ There's been a dramatic increase in the number of rapes in this area over the past year. \circ He was in court, charged with rape.

③ **rapid** /'ræpɪd/ adjdone very quickly or happening very quickly \circ There has been a rapid rise in property prices this year. \circ The rapid change in the weather forced the yachts to turn for home.

③ rapidly /'ræpɪdli/ adv quickly

rapist /'reIpIst/ noun a person who has raped someone

rapper /'ræpə/ *noun* a person who speaks words to rap music

rapport /ræ'pɔː/ *noun* an understanding, a close connection between two people or groups **rapture** /' $ræpt \int \partial / noun$ a state of great happiness or enthusiasm

② rare /reə/ adj not usual or common o It's very rare to meet a foreigner who speaks perfect Chinese. O Experienced sales staff are rare these days. O The forest is the habitat of a rare species of frog.

(2) **rarely** /'reəli/ adv almost never \circ I rarely buy a Sunday newspaper. \circ He is rarely in his office on Friday afternoons.

rarity /'reəriti/ noun **1**. the state of being rare \circ The rarity of the species means that it must be protected. **2**. a rare thing \circ Hot sunny days are a rarity in November. \circ We get so few tourists that a coachload of them is a real rarity.

rash /ressigned f *noun* a mass of red spots on your skin, which stays for a time and then disappears \circ *She had a rash on her arms.* \blacksquare *adj* done without thinking carefully or sensibly \circ *It was a bit rash of him to suggest that he would pay for everyone.* (NOTE: **rasher – rashest**)

(3) rasher /'ræʃə/ noun a thin piece of bacon

rasp /rasp/ (rasps, rasping, rasped) verb to make a grating noise \circ The steel bolt rasped as he slid it back.

raspberry /'ra:zb(ϑ)ri/ (plural raspberries) noun a rude noise made with the mouth to show that you think something is rubbish \circ Instead of replying, she blew him a raspberry.

Rastafarian /,ræstə'feəriən/ noun a member of an Afro-Caribbean religious group that considers the former emperor of Ethiopia, Haile Selassie, to be God

rat /ræt/ noun a small furry animal like a large mouse which has a long tail and can carry disease \circ *The city's sewers are full of rats.*

① rate /rett/ noun 1. a number shown as a proportion of another 2. how frequently something is done \circ There has been a sharp increase in the country's birth rate \circ His heart was beating at a rate of only 59 per minute. 3. a level of payment \circ He immediately accepted the rate offered. \circ Before we discuss the project further, I would like to talk about the rates of payment. \circ Their rate of pay is lower than ours. 4. speed \circ At the rate he's going, he'll be there before us. \circ If you type at a steady rate of 70 words per minute you'll finish copying the text today.

() **rather** /'ra:ðə/ adv to a slight degree \circ Their house is rather on the small side. \circ Her dress is a rather pretty shade of blue. **ratify** /'rættfaɪ/ (**ratifies**, **ratifying**, **ratified**) *verb* to approve something officially (NOTE: + **ratification** *n*)

rating /'reitin/ noun 1. the act or practice of giving a score or mark for something \circ What rating would you give that film? 2. (in the navy) an ordinary seaman \circ The new commander joined the navy 20 years ago as a rating.

(3) **ratio** /'reifiev/ noun an amount of something measured in relation to another amount \circ the ratio of successes to failures \circ Our athletes beat theirs by a ratio of two to one (2:1).

ration /'ræ $\int(\Im)n/$ noun an amount of food or supplies allowed \circ The rations provided for the expedition were more than sufficient. \circ The prisoners had to survive on meagre rations. \blacksquare verb (rations, rationing, rationed) to allow only a certain amount of food or supplies \circ Petrol may be rationed this winter. \circ During the war we were rationed to one ounce of cheese per person per week.

(3) rational /'raf(a)n(a)l/adj sensible, based on reason

rationale $/_r \mathfrak{m} \mathfrak{f} \mathfrak{s}^n \mathfrak{n} \mathfrak{s} \mathfrak{l}$ *noun* a set of reasons for which something is done

rationalise /'ræʃ(ə)nəlaız/ (rationalises, rationalising, rationalised), rationalize verb 1. to find a reason for actions which do not appear to be rational \circ He tried to rationalise what he had done. 2. to make something such as a system or a business work in a more effective way \circ The rail company is trying to rationalise its freight services.

rattle /'ræt(\Rightarrow)l/ (**rattles**, **rattling**, **rattled**) *verb* to make a repeated noise like two pieces of wood hitting each other \circ *The wind made the windows rattle*.

rattle off phrasal verb to say something very quickly

raucous /'ro:k \otimes s/ adj loud and unpleasant to listen to \circ the raucous cries of the birds \circ Raucous laughter greeted his appearance on stage. \circ A raucous crowd gathered in front of the palace.

ravage /'rævɪdʒ/ (**ravages, ravaging, ravaged**) *verb* to damage or to destroy a place \circ *The countryside had been ravaged by years of civil war.*

rave /reiv/ verb (raves, raving, raved) 1. to speak in an excited way \circ He ranted and raved until someone came to see what was the matter. 2. to be very enthusiastic about something \circ She raves about this little restaurant in the West End. \blacksquare noun a very large party for young people, with bright lights, loud music and usually drugs

raven /'reIV(ə)n/ noun a big black bird like a very large crow

ravenous /'ræv(ə)nəs/ *adj* very hungry **ravine** /rə'vi:n/ *noun* a deep narrow valley

ravishing /'ræv1 \int Iŋ/ adj very beautiful (3) **raw** /rɔ:/ adj not cooked \circ Don't be silly – you can't eat raw potatoes! \circ We had a salad of raw cabbage and tomatoes. \circ Sushi is a Japanese dish of raw fish. \circ They served the meat almost raw.

(3) **raw materials** /,ro: mə'tiəriəlz/ *plural noun* substances such as wool, wood or sand which are still in their natural state and have not yet been made into manufactured goods

ray /rei/ noun a beam of light or heat $\circ A$ ray of sunshine hit the window pane and lit up the gloomy room.

raze /reiz/ (**razes**, **razing**, **razed**) verb to destroy a building or a town completely \circ *The office block will be razed to the ground to make way for the new road.*

③ **razor** /'reizə/ *noun* an instrument with a very sharp blade for removing hair from the face or body

razor blade /'reIzə bleId/ *noun* a blade for a razor, which can be used several times before being thrown away

③ **Rd** abbr road \circ Our address is 1 Cambridge Rd.

re /ri1/ prep concerning

re- /ri:/ prefix again

(1) **reach** /rist (/ noun how far you can stretch out your hand o Keep the medicine bottle out of the reach of the children. verb (reaches, reaching, reached) 1. to stretch out your hand to o She reached across the table and took some meat from my plate. \circ He's quite tall enough to reach the tool cupboard. o Can you reach me down the suitcase from the top shelf? 2. to arrive at a place \circ We were held up by fog and only reached home at midnight. \circ The plane reaches Hong Kong at midday. • We wrote to tell her we were coming to visit, but the letter never reached her. 3. to get to a certain level o The amount we owe the bank has reached £100,000.

③ **react** /ri'ækt/ (**reacts**, **reacting**, **reacted**) *verb* **1**. to do or to say something in response to words or an action [~ to] \circ *How* will he react to the news? \circ When she heard the rumour she didn't react at all. **2**. to behave in a particular way as a result of

something $[-to] \circ How did he react to the news of her death? <math>\circ$ He didn't react at all well to the injection. **3.** to show opposition to something $[-against] \circ The farmers reacted against the new law by blocking the roads with their tractors.$ **4.** $(of a chemical) to change chemical composition because of a substance <math>[-with] \circ Acids react with metals.$

② **reaction** /ri'æk $\int \frac{3}{n}$ / noun **1**. a thing done or said as a result of something else [-to] \circ *His immediate reaction to the news* was to burst into laughter. \circ *There was a* very negative reaction to the proposed building development. **2**. a process of chemical change \circ *A chemical reaction takes place when the acid is added.*

reactionary $/ri'ak \int on(\partial)ri/adj$ extremely conservative, opposed to any change \circ Reactionary elements in the government may try to block the president's plan.

(1) read /rixd/ (reads, reading, read) verb **1.** to look at and understand written words [~about] \circ We're reading about the general election. \circ She was reading a book when I saw her. • What are you reading at the moment? 2. to look at and understand written music \circ She can play the piano by ear, but can't read music. 3. to understand the meaning of data from something such as a computer disk or a piece of electronic equipment \circ My PC cannot read these old disks. O The scanner reads the code on each product. 4. to speak the words of something which is written o The chairman read a message from the president during the meeting. \circ She reads a story to the children every night. \circ Can you read the instructions on the medicine bottle? -The print is too small for me.

read aloud, read out (3) phrasal verb to speak the words you are reading

(2) **reader** /'ri:də/ noun 1. a person who reads, especially a person who reads regularly or who reads a particular newspaper or type of book \circ a message from the editor to all our readers \circ She's a great reader of science fiction. 2. a school book to help children to learn to read \circ The teacher handed out the new readers to the class. \circ I remember one of my first readers – it was about pirates.

readership /'ri:də $\int 1p/$ noun all the people who regularly read a particular magazine or newspaper, or read the books of a particular writer \circ *The paper is targeting a younger readership.* ③ **readily** /'redɪli/ adv **1**. easily and quickly ○ This product is readily available in most shops. **2**. willingly ○ Is there anyone readily available to help me this weekend? ○ She came readily when I asked her to help me.

readiness /'redinəs/ noun being ready or willing

(2) **reading** /'ritdin/ noun 1. the act of looking at and understanding written words \circ *Reading and writing should be taught early*. 2. an occasion when someone speaks the words of something which is written \circ *They gave a poetry reading in the bookshop.*

readjust /,ritə'dʒʌst/ (readjusts, readjusting, readjusted) verb to adjust again

read-out /'ri:d aut/ *noun* the data produced by electronic equipment, e.g. a computer, and which you can read or hear

() ready /'redi/ (readier, readiest) adj 1. prepared for something or to do something [-for] \circ Hold on – I'll be ready in two minutes. \circ Are all the children ready for school? \circ Why isn't the coach here? – The group are all ready to go. 2. available and suitable to be used or eaten \circ Don't sit down yet – the meal isn't ready. \circ Is my dry cleaning ready yet? 3. willing \circ She's always ready to help in the garden.

ready-made /,redi 'meId/ *adj* which is mass-produced and ready to use

① real /r1əl/ adj 1. not false or artificial \circ Is that watch real gold? \circ That plastic apple looks very real or looks just like the real thing. \circ He has a real leather case. 2. used for emphasising something \circ That car is a real bargain at £300. \circ Their little girl is going to be a real beauty. \circ Wasps can be a real problem on picnics. \circ There's a real danger that the shop will be closed. 3. which exists in the world, not only in someone's imagination or in stories \circ She believes fairies are real.

real estate /'rɪəl ɪˌsteɪt/ noun land or buildings which are bought or sold

① realise /'r1əla1Z/ (realises, realising, realised), realize verb 1. to understand clearly something that you did not understand before \circ He didn't realise what he was letting himself in for when he said he would paint the house. \circ We soon realised we were on the wrong road. \circ When she went into the manager's office she did not realise she was going to be sacked. 2. to make something become real \circ After four years of hard work, the motor racing team realised their dream of winning the Grand *Prix.* \circ *By buying a house by the sea he realised his greatest ambition.*

(3) **realism** /'r1əl1 $Z(\Im)m/$ noun 1. behaviour which faces facts, accepting things as they are and not trying to change them or fight against them \circ My job is to try to bring some realism to their proposals. \circ With the arrival of the new managing director an air of realism has finally entered the company. 2. the fact or practice of showing things in writing or painting as they really are \circ He brought piles of sand and a deckchair into the studio to lend realism to the photos for the holiday brochure. \circ Realism dominated French painting in the latter part of the 19th century.

realist /'rɪəlɪst/ noun **1**. a person who accepts life as it really is, and does not try to change it or fight it \circ *He told me that he didn't believe in love at first sight as he was a realist.* **2**. an artist or writer who shows things as they really are \circ *Realist painters were popular in the 19th century.*

(3) realistic /r1ə'l1st1k/ adj 1. which looks as if it is real o These flowers look so realistic, I can't believe they're made of plastic.
2. accepting life as it really is o Let's be realistic – you'll never earn enough money to buy this house. o I'm just being realistic when I say that you should reconsider the offer.

(2) reality /ri'ælıti/ (plural realities) noun what is real and not imaginary \circ the grim realities of life in an industrial town \circ He worked hard, and his dreams of wealth soon became a reality. \diamond in reality in fact \circ She always told people she was poor, but in reality she was worth millions.

① really /'r1əli/ adv 1. in fact \circ The building really belongs to my father. 2. used to show surprise \circ She's not really French, is she? \circ She doesn't like apples. – Really, how strange! \circ Did you really mean what you said?

realm /relm/ noun **1**. a kingdom, especially the United Kingdom \circ defence of the realm **2**. an area of experience \circ It is quite within the realms of possibility.

real time /'rɪəl taɪm/ *noun* an action of a computer which takes place at the same time as the problem it is solving

reap /ri:p/ (reaps, reaping, reaped) verb to cut a grain crop \circ In September everyone went to the farm to help reap the corn.

reappear /₁ritə'ptə/ (**reappears**, **reappearing**, **reappeared**) verb to appear again **rear** /rtə/ noun the part at the back \circ The rear of the car was damaged in the acci-

dent. \circ They sat towards the rear of the cinema. \blacksquare adj at the back \circ The children sat in the rear seats in the car. \circ He wound down the rear window. \blacksquare verb (rears, rearing, reared) 1. to look after animals or children as they are growing up \circ They rear horses on their farm. \circ They stopped rearing pigs because of the smell. 2. to rise up, or to lift something up \circ A rhino suddenly reared up out of the long grass. \circ The walls of the castle reared up before them. \circ The spectre of inflation reared its ugly head.

rearrange /,ri: \exists 'reInd \exists / (rearranges, rearranging, rearranged) verb 1. to arrange something again \circ She rearranged the furniture so that the room looked quite different. 2. to change the time of a meeting \circ Can I rearrange my appointment for next week?

rear-view mirror /,r19 vju: 'm1rə/ *noun* a mirror in the centre of the front of a car, so that the driver can see what is behind him without turning round

(1) reason /'riz(a)n/ noun 1. a thing which explains why something has hap-pened [~for/~that] \circ *The airline gave no* reason for the plane's late arrival. \circ The boss asked him for the reason why he was behind with his work. 2. the ability to make sensible judgments o She wouldn't listen to reason. verb (reasons, reasoning, reasoned) to think or to plan something carefully and sensibly [~(that)] o He reasoned that any work is better than no work, so he took the job. \circ If you take the time to reason it out, you'll find a solution to the problem. \diamond it stands to reason it is reasonable \circ It stands to reason that he wants to join his *father's firm.* \diamond **to see reason** to see that someone's argument is right or reasonable • She was going to report her neighbours to the police, but in the end we got her to see reason. \diamond within reason to a sensible degree, in a sensible way o The children get £5 pocket money each week, and we let them spend it as they like, within reason. \diamond for some reason in a way which you cannot explain \circ For some reason (or other) the builders sent us two invoices.

 reasonable /'ri:z(ə)nəb(ə)l/ adj 1. sensible o The manager of the shop was very reasonable when she tried to explain that she had left her credit cards at home.
 not expensive o The hotel's charges are quite reasonable. o The restaurant offers good food at reasonable prices.

② **reasonably** /'rixz(ə)nəbli/ adv 1. in a reasonable way \circ The meals are very rea-

reasoned

sonably priced. \circ Very reasonably, he asked for a check on the brakes of the car before buying it. **2.** quite \circ It is reasonably easy.

reasoned /'ritz(ə)nd/ *adj* carefully thought out

reasoning /'riz(ə)nıŋ/ noun opinions, views, or decisions

reassure /,rirə'juə/ (**reassures**, **reassuring**, **reassured**) *verb* to make someone less afraid or less worried (NOTE: + **reassurance** *n*)

reassuring /₁ritə'∫uərıŋ/ adj which reassures, which makes you less worried

rebate /'ri:bett/ noun a reduction in the amount of money to be paid \circ We are offering a 10% rebate on selected goods.

rebel¹ /'reb(ϑ)l/ noun a person who fights against a government or against those who are in authority \circ The rebels fled to the mountains after the army captured their headquarters. \circ He considers himself something of a rebel because he wears his hair in a ponytail.

rebel² /r1'bel/ (**rebels**, **rebelling**, **rebelled**) *verb* to fight against someone or something \circ *The peasants were rebelling against the king's men*. \circ *The class rebelled at the idea of doing extra homework.*

rebellion /rɪ'beljən/ *noun* a fight against the government, against the people in authority

rebellious /rɪ'beljəs/ *adj* fighting against authority

rebirth /riɪ'bɜɪθ/ *noun* being born again, starting again

reboot /rir'burt/ (**reboots**, **rebooting**, **rebooted**) *verb* to start a computer again

rebound¹ /'ri:baund/ noun bouncing back \circ The rebound was so fast that he missed the ball altogether. \circ There was a rebound in Tokyo share prices yesterday.

rebound² /r1'baond/ (**rebounds**, **reboundig**, **rebounded**) verb **1**. to move back after hitting something \circ *The ball rebounded off the goalpost*. **2**. to have a bad effect on you instead of the person the action was directed at [~on] \circ *His attacks on local shopkeepers rebounded on him when they all voted against him in the elections*.

rebuff /rr1'b Λ f/ (**rebuffs, rebuffing, rebuffed**) verb to refuse something sharply \circ They rebuffed all offers of help. (NOTE: + **rebuff** n)

rebuild /riː'bɪld/ (**rebuilds**, **rebuilding**, **rebuilt**) *verb* to build again

rebuke /r1'bju:k/ (**rebukes**, **rebuking**, **rebuked**) *verb* to criticise someone sharply o She rebuked the MD for not doing enough for the shareholders. (NOTE: + **rebuke** n)

rebut /rɪ'bʌt/ (rebuts, rebutting, rebutted) verb to state that something such as an argument is not true

recalcitrant /rɪ'kælsɪtrənt/ adj determined not to change your mind, behaving in a difficult way

② **recall**¹ /'ri:ko:l/ *noun* the act of asking for products to be returned, or the act of ordering someone to return ○ *The recall of the faulty goods caused the manufacturers some serious 3problems.* ○ *The recall of the ambassador is expected any time now.*

recall² /r1'k5:1/ (**recalls, recalling, recalled**) verb **1.** to remember something \circ *I* seem to recall that you promised to do it. \circ *I* don't recall having met her before. \circ She couldn't recall any details of the accident. **2.** (of a manufacturer) to ask for products to be returned because of possible faults \circ *They recalled 10,000 washing machines* because of a faulty electrical connection. \circ *They have recalled all their 2001 models* as there is a fault in the steering. **3.** to tell a government official to come home from a foreign country \circ *The United States recalled their representatives after the military coup.*

recap /ri:'kæp/ (**recaps, recapping, recapped**) *verb* to state the main points of something again

③ recede /rɪ'siːd/ (recedes, receding, receded) verb to go away or to move back
② receipt /rɪ'siːt/ noun a piece of paper that shows you have paid for something or have received something [~for] ○ We can't give you your money back if you don't have a receipt. ○ Would you like a receipt for the petrol?

① **receive** /r1'si:v/ (**receives**, **receiving**, **received**) verb **1**. to get something which has been sent \circ We received a parcel from the supplier this morning. \circ We only received our tickets the day before we were due to leave. \circ The staff have not received any wages for six months. **2**. to meet or to welcome a visitor \circ The group was received by the mayor.

③ **receiver** /r1'si:və/ noun 1. the part of a telephone which you hold to your ear and listen through \circ He shouted 'get stuffed!' and slammed down the receiver. 2. the part of a radio or television which receives

broadcast programmes \circ *Our radio receiver picked up your signal quite clearly.*

() **recent** /'ri:s(\ni)nt/ *adj* taking place not very long ago \circ *We will mail you our most recent catalogue.* \circ *The changes are recent* – *they were made only last week.*

① **recently** /'rits(\Im)ntli/ adv only a short time ago \circ *I*'ve seen him quite a lot recently. \circ They recently decided to move to Australia.

receptacle $/rI'sept \Rightarrow k(\Rightarrow)l/$ noun a container

(3) reception /r1'sep[ən/ noun 1. the way in which people react to something that happens or to someone who arrives \circ The committee gave the proposal a favourable reception. O The critics gave the play a warm reception. \circ The minister had a rowdy reception at the meeting. 2. the place in a hotel where guests go when they arrive or leave, e.g. to get the key to their room \circ Let's meet at reception at 9.00 am tomorrow. 3. a place in a large building where visitors go when they arrive and say who they have come to see \circ There's a parcel *waiting for you in reception*. **4.** a big party held to welcome special guests o He hosted a reception for the prince. 5. the quality of the sound on a radio or the sound and picture of a TV broadcast o Perhaps you'd get better reception if you moved the aerial.

③ **receptionist** /r1'sep∫ənıst/ *noun* a person in a place such as a hotel or doctor's office who meets visitors and answers the telephone

receptive /r1'sept1v/ adj **1**. interested in what is being presented **2**. willing to accept an idea or proposal [~to] \circ *The management was not at all receptive to the employee's suggestions.*

recess /r1'ses/ noun 1. an alcove or part of the wall of a room which is set back ○ The large stone urn stands in the recess by the doorway. 2. an official holiday of the law courts or parliament o The decision was taken when parliament was in recess. 3. US a recreation period at school ○ They had a game during the recess.

(2) recession /r1'se $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/n oun$ a situation when a country's economy is doing badly

recharge /ri:'tfo:d3/ (recharges, recharging, recharged) *verb* to put an electric charge into something again

③ **recipe** /'resəpi/ *noun* instructions for cooking food \circ *I copied the recipe for leek*

soup from the newspaper. \circ You can buy postcards with recipes of local dishes.

recipient /rɪ'sɪpiənt/ *noun* a person who receives something

reciprocal /r1'sıprək(ə)l/ *adj* which is done by two people, groups of people or by such things as countries or companies, to each other

reciprocate /r1's1prəke1t/ (**reciprocates**, **reciprocating**, **reciprocated**) *verb* to do the same thing to someone in return for something he or she has done to you

recital /r1'sa1t(ə)l/*noun* a performance of music by a musician or a small group of musicians

recite /r1'sait/ (recites, reciting, recited) verb to speak a poem or other piece of writing aloud in public (NOTE: + recitation n) reckless /'rekləs/ adjrisky or done without thinking

② reckon /'rekən/ (reckons, reckoning, reckoned) verb 1. to calculate, or to estimate [-(that)] ○ We reckon we'll be there before lunch. ○ I reckon the costs to be about £25,000. 2. to think [-(that)] ○ I reckon we should have stayed at home.

reckoning /'rekəniŋ/ noun a calculation **reclaim** /r1'kleim/ (**reclaims, reclaiming, reclaimed**) verb **1.** to claim something which you owned before \circ After he stopped paying the hire purchase instalments, the finance company tried to reclaim his car. \circ His car was towed away and he had to go to the pound to reclaim it. (NOTE: also claim back in this sense) **2.** to take land, such as a marsh or waste sites, and make it suitable for use \circ They reclaimed a whole stretch of land along the banks of the river. \circ The airport was built on reclaimed land in the bay.

recline /r1'klaın/ (**reclines**, **reclining**, **reclined**) verb **1**. to lie back \circ She reclined on the sofa and closed her eyes. **2**. to make something lie further back \circ If you feel tired during the plane journey, recline your seat and try to sleep.

recluse /rɪ'kluɪs/ *noun* a person who lives all alone and does not see anyone else **recognisable** /'rekəgnaɪzəb(ə)l/ *adj* who can be recognised

recognise / rekagnaiz/ (recognises, recognising, recognised), recognize verb
 to know someone or something because you have seen him or her or it before o
 He'd changed so much since I last saw him that I hardly recognised him. o He didn't recognise his father's voice over the phone.
 Do you recognise the handwriting on the

recognition

letter? **2.** to admit something that has gone wrong or is bad \circ *I recognise that we should have acted earlier.* **3.** to approve of something or someone officially \circ *The language school has been recognised by the Ministry of Education.* \circ *She is recognised as an expert in the field of genetics.* **4.** to express praise for something which has been done \circ *They recognised her years of service.*

② **recognition** /, rekəg'nı $\int(\partial n) n \partial n$ noun the fact that someone recognises or acknowledges something [~of] \circ *In recognition of his services he was given a watch.*

recoil /'ri:koil/ (recoils, recoiling, recoiled) verb 1. to move backwards suddenly \circ *The gun recoils at least two metres after being fired.* 2. to move away quickly from something unpleasant \circ *When she saw the dead dog in the road she recoiled in disgust.* 3. to feel strongly that something is unpleasant and want to avoid it \circ *He recoiled from carrying out the captain's orders.*

recollect /,rekə'lekt/ (**recollects, recollecting, recollected**) *verb* to remember something from the past

recollection /,rekə'lek∫ən/ *noun* remembering something from the past

② recommend /,rekə'mend/ (recommends, recommending, recommended) verb 1. to tell someone that it would be good to do something [~(that)] $\circ I$ would recommend that you talk to the bank manager. \circ This restaurant was recommended by a friend. 2. to praise something or someone \circ She was highly recommended by her boss. $\circ I$ certainly would not recommend Miss Smith for the job. \circ Can you recommend a good hotel in Amsterdam?

(3) **recommendation** /,rekəmen 'de1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun **1**. advice \circ My recommendation is that you shouldn't sign the contract. \circ He's staying in bed at the doctor's recommendation. **2**. giving praise

recompense /'rekəmpens/ (recom**penses, recompensing, recompensed**) *verb* to give compensation, payment or reward to someone or for something

reconcile /'rek∋nsail/ (reconciles, reconciling, reconciled) verb 1. to make two different things agree ○ We can't reconcile her story with the facts we already knew. 2. □ to reconcile yourself to something to accept something that you do not like ○ She seems reconciled to staying at home and looking after her mother: 3. □ to reconcile someone with someone else to make two people become friendly \circ Social workers managed to reconcile him with his family.

reconciliation /,rekənsili'ei $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1.** the bringing together of two people to become friends again \circ *Do you think a reconciliation is at all possible between the two brothers?* **2.** making two accounts agree \circ *The reconciliation of the accounts may take a long time.*

reconnaissance /r1'kDNIS(ə)ns/ *noun* a survey of enemy territory to get military information

reconsider /,ri:kən'sıdə/ (**reconsiders**, **reconsidering**, **reconsidered**) *verb* to think something over again

reconstitute /ri:'konstitju:t/ (reconstitutes, reconstituting, reconstituted) *verb* to form something again as it was before

reconstruct /₁ri:kən'strAkt/ (reconstructs, reconstructing, reconstructed) verb 1. to construct something again \circ *The centre of the town was reconstructed using old photographs.* 2. to work out how a crime must have been committed by taking all the known facts and using actors to play the parts of the people involved \circ *The police are trying to reconstruct the crime, in the hope that it will produce new evidence.*

(3) **reconstruction** /,ri:kən'strʌkJən/ noun 1. the act of reconstructing, of building again ○ the economic reconstruction of the area after the earthquake ○ They're planning the reconstruction of the old fortress as a tourist attraction. 2. a thing reconstructed ○ This is not the original building, it's a modern reconstruction. 3. working out how a crime must have been committed by examining all known facts and using an actor to play the part of the victim, etc. ○ The police are hoping that the reconstruction of the crime will jog people's memories.

record¹ /'rek5:d/ noun **1**. a success in sport which is better than any other \circ *She* holds the world record for the 100 metres. \circ He broke the world record or he set up a new world record at the last Olympics. \circ The college team is trying to set a new record for eating tins of beans. **2**. written evidence of something which has happened \circ We have no record of the sale. **3**. a flat round piece of usually black plastic on which sound is stored \circ *She bought me an* old Elvis Presley record for Christmas. \circ Burglars broke into his flat and stole his record collection. \diamond **off the record** in private and not to be made public \circ *She spoke off the record about her marriage.*

record² /r1'ko:d/ (**records**, **recording**, **recorded**) verb 1. to report something or to make a note of something \circ First, I have to record the sales, then I'll post the parcels. 2. to put sounds or images onto something such as a film, tape or disc \circ The police recorded the whole conversation on a hidden tape-recorder. \circ This song has been badly recorded.

record-breaking /'rekord ,breikin/ adj which breaks records

recorder /rɪ'kɔ:də/ noun **1**. an instrument which records sound \circ *My tape recorder doesn't work, so I can't record the concert.* **2**. a musical instrument that you play by blowing \circ *Like most children, I learnt to play the recorder at school.*

③ **recording** /r1'kɔ:dıŋ/ noun 1. the action of putting sounds or images onto something such as a film, tape or disc \circ the recording of a video \circ The recording session starts at 3pm. 2. music or speech which has been recorded \circ Did you know there was a new recording of the concerto?

recount¹ /'ri:kaont/ noun the act of counting again, especially counting votes again \circ The vote was very close, so the loser asked for a recount. \circ After three recounts Edward Jones was declared the winner by eleven votes.

recount² /rɪ'kaont/ (**recounts, recounting, recounted**) *verb* to tell a story \circ *He recounted his story to the police.*

recount³/ri: 'kaont/ (recounts, recounting, recounted) *verb* to count something $again \circ All$ the votes had to be recounted.

(2) recover¹ /r1'kAvə/ (recovers, recovering, recovered) verb to get back something which has been lost or stolen \circ You must work much harder if you want to recover the money you invested in your business. \circ She's trying to recover damages from the driver of the car.

recover² /ri:' $k_{AV\partial}$ / (recovers, recovering, recovered) verb to put a new cover on a piece of furniture \circ *Instead of buying a new chair, I had the old one recovered.*

(3) **recovery** /rI'k∧V(∂)ri/ noun 1. the fact that someone gets well again after being ill [-from] ○ her recovery from a knee injury ○ She made a quick recovery and is now back at work. 2. getting back something which has been lost or stolen [-of] ○ The TV programme led to the recovery of all the stolen goods. ○ We are aiming for the complete recovery of the money invested. **re-create** /,ri:kri'eɪt/ *verb* to make something that used to exist appear or happen again in a similar way

recreation¹ /, rekri'eI $\int(\partial)n/$ noun enjoyable activities that people do for fun \circ The park is used for sport and recreation. \circ The survey shows that fishing and gardening are people's favourite recreations.

recreation² /_rri:kri'e1 $\int(\Im)n/$ noun creating again \circ We have been given a grant to help pay for the recreation of the 19th-century flower garden.

recrimination /rɪ,krɪmɪ'neɪʃ(ə)n/ noun blaming someone else for something

recruit /r1'kruit/ *noun* a new soldier or a new member of staff or member of a club \circ *Recruits are not allowed in the officers' mess.* \circ *The club needs new recruits.* \blacksquare *verb* (**recruits, recruiting, recruited**) to encourage someone to join the army, a company or a club \circ *They have sent teams to universities to recruit new graduates.* (NOTE: + **recruitment** *n*)

rectangle /'rektæŋgəl/ noun a shape with four sides and right angles at the corners, with two long sides and two short sides

rectify /'rekt1fai/ (rectifies, rectifying, rectified) verb to correct something

rectum /'rektəm/ *noun* the end part of the large intestine leading from the colon to the anus

recuperate /r1'ku:pəre1t/ (recuperates, recuperating, recuperated) verb to get better after an illness (NOTE: + recuperation n)

③ **recur** /rɪ'kɜː/ (recurs, recurring, recurred) *verb* to happen again

recycle /ri:'saɪk(ə)l/ (recycles, recycling, recycled) verb to process waste material so that it can be used again

① **red** / red/ adj (**redder**, **reddest**) coloured like the colour of blood \circ She turned bright red when we asked her what had happened to the money. \circ Don't start yet – the traffic lights are still red. \blacksquare noun a colour like the colour of blood \circ I would like a darker red for the door.

red card /red 'kɑ:d/ *noun* a card displayed by the referee when dismissing a player for doing something against the rules

redcurrant /red'kArənt/ noun a garden fruit in the form of little red berries $\circ a$ jar of redcurrant jelly \circ The redcurrants need more sugar – they're very sour.

redden /'red(a)n/ (reddens, reddening, reddened) verb 1. to become red \circ The

reddish

trees stood out dark against the reddening evening sky. \circ His eyes were reddened from lack of sleep. **2.** to go red in the face because you are ashamed or embarrassed \circ She reddened slightly as he gave her a kiss. **reddish** /'redif/ adj of a colour that is close to red

redeem /rɪ'di:m/ (**redeems, redeeming, redeemed**) *verb* to make something better than it seemed to be at first \circ *The playing by the orchestra was redeemed by the singing of the soprano and tenor.* \Box **to redeem yourself** to do something good to remove the bad effect of something you did previously

redemption /rɪ'dempʃən/ noun 1. the action of redeeming a debt \circ *The bond is due for redemption*. 2. being saved from sin

redeploy /,ri:dI'ploI/ (redeploys, redeploying, redeployed) verb to use people or equipment in a different area or for a different activity

redevelop /,ri:d1'veləp/ (**redevelops**, **redeveloping**, **redeveloped**) *verb* to improve a run down area by renovating old buildings and building new ones

red-handed /red 'hænd1d/ *adj* in the act of committing a crime

redhead /'redhed/ noun a person with red hair

red herring /red 'herin/ *noun* a piece of information which is not important, and is given to someone to distract attention from what is really important

③ **red hot** /red 'hpt/ *adj* very hot \circ *Watch out – that pan is red hot!*

redial /riɪ'daɪəl/ (**redials**, **redialling**, **redialled**) *verb* to dial a number on a telephone again

redirect /,ri:da1'rekt/ (redirects, redirecting, redirected) verb 1. to send a letter on to another address or a phone call to another number \circ We have asked the post office to redirect all our mail when we are away. \circ Phone calls can be redirected to our office number. \circ He redirected the email to his boss. 2. to use something in another way \circ We are trying to get him to redirect his energy towards some more constructive work.

redistribute /,ri:dɪ'strɪbju:t/ (**redistribute**, **redistributing**, **redistributed**) *verb* to share something out again in a different way

red meat /red 'mi:t/ *noun* meat such as lamb or beef which is red in colour before it is cooked redo /riː'duː/ (redoes, redoing, redid, redone) verb to do something again

redress /r1'dres/ (**redresses**, **redress**ing, **redressed**) verb to correct something or to compensate \circ They plan to redress the wrongs of society by taxing the rich. (NOTE: + **redress** n) \Box **to redress the balance** to make something fair again \circ Last year I gave my daughter some money, so this year I'll give the same amount to my son to redress the balance.

③ **red tape** /,red 'teip/ *noun* official paperwork which takes a long time to complete (*informal*)

① **reduce** /r1'dju:s/ (reduces, reducing, reduced) verb to make something smaller or less \circ The police are fighting to reduce traffic accidents. \circ Prices have been reduced by 15 per cent. \circ I'd like to reduce the size of the photograph so that we can use it as a Christmas card.

(2) **reduction** /r1'dAk Jon/ noun the act of making something smaller in size or number \circ *Price reductions start on 1st August.* \circ *The company was forced to make job reductions.*

(2) **redundancy** /rɪ'dʌndənsi/ *noun* being no longer employed, because the job is no longer needed

② redundant /r1'd∧nd>nt/ adj not needed □ to be made redundant to lose your job because you are not needed any more ○ Five employees were made redundant this week. ○ My son thinks he'll be made redundant, so he's already looking for another job.

redwood /'redwod/ *noun* a very tall conifer which grows on the West Coast of the United States

reed /ri:d/ noun a thin piece of wood or metal inside a musical instrument, which vibrates when you blow on it (NOTE: Do not confuse with **read**.)

③ **reef** /ri:f/ noun a long line of rocks just above or below the surface of the sea \circ The yacht hit a reef and sank. \circ The Great Barrier Reef is a reef off the north-east coast of Australia.

reek /ri:k/ (**reeks**, **reeking**, **reeked**) *verb* to smell strongly of something (NOTE: + **reek** *n*)

reel /rill/ (reels, reeling, reeled) verb to stagger

reel in *phrasal verb* to pull in a line round a reel

reel off *() phrasal verb* to give a list of names or figures rapidly

re-elect /,ri:1'lekt/ verb to elect someone again

ref /ref/ noun 1. same as referee \circ Come on ref – that was a foul! 2. same as reference

③ refer /r1'f3:/ (refers, referring, referred) verb 1. to be about something or someone \circ D oyou think he was referring to me when he said some staff would have to leave? 2. to look into something for information \circ He referred to his diary to see if he had a free afternoon. 3. to pass a problem to someone to decide \circ We have referred your complaint to our head office. \circ He was referred to an ear specialist by his GP.

② **referee** /,refə'ri:/ noun (in sports) a person who makes sure that a game is played according to the rules ○ When fighting broke out between the players, the referee stopped the match. ○ The referee sent several players off.

① **reference** /'ref(\ni)r \Rightarrow ns/ noun an act of mentioning something or someone [-to] \circ She made a reference to her brother-inlaw. \circ The report made no reference to the bank. \diamond with reference to concerning something \circ With reference to your letter of May 25th.

reference book /'ref(\ni)rəns bok/ noun a book, such as a dictionary or an encyclopedia, where you can look for information

referendum /,refə'rendəm/ (*plural* **referendums** or **referenda**) *noun* a vote where all the people of a country are asked to vote on a single question

refill¹ /rix'f1l/ (**refills, refilling, refilled**) *verb* to fill a container that has become empty \circ *The waiter refilled our glasses.* \circ *We stopped twice to refill the car on the way to Scotland.*

refill² /'ri:f1/ *noun* another amount of a drink that you have finished \circ *Your glass is empty* – *can I get you a refill?*

refine /r1'fain/ (refines, refining, refined) verb 1. to make something more pure \circ Juice from sugar cane is refined by boiling. 2. to make something better \circ The process needs to be further refined before we can introduce it nationally. \circ The company needs to refine its sales techniques.

refined /r1'farnd/ *adj* **1**. which has been made pure \circ white refined sugar **2**. very elegant and polite \circ In refined society, you don't slurp your soup.

refinement /rɪ'faɪnmənt/ noun **1**. elegance \circ *The drawing room of the old house gives an idea of the refinement of life in the* 18th century. 2. improvement \circ The latest model has various refinements which the earlier models lacked. \circ This is a refinement of our previous word-processing program.

refinery /rɪ'faɪnəri/ (*plural* **refineries**) *noun* a plant where a raw material, such as ore, oil or sugar is processed to remove impurities

① reflect /r1'flekt/ (reflects, reflecting, reflected) verb to send back light, heat or an image of something [~off] \circ a picture of snow-capped mountains reflected in a clear blue lake \circ The light reflected off the top of the car. \circ White surfaces reflect light better than dark ones.

reflective /r1'flekt1v/ adj **1**. thoughtful \circ The poem was written when the poet was in a reflective mood. **2**. which reflects \circ Cyclists should wear reflective armbands when cycling in the dark.

reflector /rɪ'flektə/ noun apparatus which reflects

reflex /'ri:fleks/ noun an automatic reaction to something \circ The doctor tested his reflexes by tapping on his knee with a little hammer. \circ By stopping the car when the little girl ran into the road she showed how good her reflexes were.

reflexive /rɪ'fleksɪv/ *adj* (*in grammar*) a verb or pronoun which refers back to the subject

reflexive verb /r1'fleksIV v3:b/ noun a transitive verb whose subject and object both refer to the same person or thing

reflexology /,rirflek'splədʒi/ noun a treatment to relieve tension by massaging the soles of the feet and toes to stimulate the nerves and increase the blood supply

(2) **reform** /r1¹f5:m/ noun the act of changing something to make it better [~to/~of] \odot *The government is planning a series of reforms to the benefit system.the reform of the armed forces* **u** verb (**reforms, reforming, reformed) 1.** to change something in order to make it better \circ *They want to reform the educational system.* **2.** to stop committing crimes, or to stop having bad habits and to become good \circ *After her time in prison she became a reformed character.* \circ *He used to drink a lot, but since he got married he has reformed.*

reformer /rɪ'fɔːmə/ *noun* a person who tries to make something better

refrain /r1'frein/ verb to keep yourself from doing something [~from] (formal) \circ *Please refrain from smoking during dinner.* \circ We must ask everyone to refrain from applauding until the signal is given.

refresh /r1'fre J/ (refreshes, refreshing, refreshed) verb 1. to make fresh again $\circ A$ coat of paint will refresh the room. 2. to make someone less tired $\circ A$ fter a good night's sleep she felt refreshed. \Box to refresh yourself to do something to make yourself less tired $\circ I$ need a drink to refresh myself before the second half.

refreshing /rɪ'fre \int Iŋ/ adj something which is refreshing makes you feel fresh or full of energy again \circ *I* had a refreshing drink of cold water. \circ A refreshing shower of rain cooled the air.

③ **refreshments** /r1'fre∫mənts/ plural noun food and drink ○ Light refreshments will be served after the concert. ○ Refreshments are being offered in a tent on the lawn.

refrigerate /rɪ'frɪdʒəreɪt/ (**refrigerates**, **refrigerating**, **refrigerated**) *verb* to keep food cold so that it will not go bad

③ **refrigerator** /rɪ'frɪdʒəreɪtə/ *noun* an electrical machine used in the kitchen for keeping food and drink cold o *There's some orange juice in the refrigerator*. (NOTE: often called a **fridge**)

refuel /ri:¹fju:əl/ (**refuels**, **refuelling**, **refuelled**) *verb* to put more fuel into a ship, plane, car or other vehicle

③ **refuge** /'refju:dʒ/ noun □ **to take refuge** to shelter ○ When the tornado approached, they took refuge in the cellar. ○ We took refuge from the rain under a covered bus shelter.

③ **refugee** /,refju'dʒi:/ *noun* a person who has left his or her country because of war or because the government did not like allow his or her religious or political beliefs

refund¹ /'ri:fAnd/ noun money paid back • She got a refund after she complained to the manager.

refund² /r1'fAnd/ (**refunds, refunding, refunded**) verb to pay money back \circ We will refund the cost of postage. \circ The tour company only refunded £100 of the £400 I had paid.

refurbish /ri:'f3:b1J/ (**refurbishes**, **refurbishing**, **refurbished**) *verb* to make something like new

refusal / r_1 'fju: $z(\mathfrak{g})$]/ noun saying that you do not accept something \circ His refusal to help was unexpected. \circ Did you accept? – no! I sent a letter of refusal. **refuse1** /r1'fju:z/ (refuses, refusing, refused) verb 1. to say that you will not do something \circ His father refused to lend him any more money. \circ He asked for permission to see his family, but it was refused. 2. \Box the car refused to start the car would not start \circ Once again this morning the car refused to start.

refuse² /'refju:s/ noun rubbish and things which are not wanted \circ Please put all refuse in the bin. \circ Refuse collection on our road is on Thursdays. (NOTE: no plural)

refute /r1'fju:t/ (**refutes, refuting, refuted**) verb **1.** to prove that something is wrong \circ *He has tried to refute Einstein's theory.* **2.** to show that something is untrue \circ *He refuted her allegations completely.*

regain /rɪ'geɪn/ (**regains, regaining, regained**) *verb* to get something back which was lost

regal /'ri:g(\Rightarrow)|/ adj referring to a king or queen \circ The regal splendour of the state opening of parliament.

(1) regard /ri'gaid/ verb (regards, regarding, regarded) 1. to have an opinion about someone [~as] o She is highly regarded by the manager. O They regarded their neighbour with suspicion.
□ to regard someone or something as to consider someone or something to be something • The police are regarding the case as attempted murder. O The others regarded him as a nuisance. 2. to look at someone or something (*formal*) **noun 1**. the extent to which you consider something or care about it [~for] \circ She had little regard for our safety. 2. an opinion of someone that shows how much you respect them [~for] \circ We have a very high regard for your system of government. He is held in high regard by *his staff.* **•** *plural noun* **regards** best wishes ○ She sends her (kind) regards. ○ Please give my regards to your mother. \diamond as regards relating to \circ As regards the cost of the trip, I'll let you know soon what the fi*nal figure is.* \diamond with regard to relating to \circ With regard to your request for extra funds. (3) **regarding** /r1'ga:din/ prep relating to, concerning \circ *He left instructions regarding* his possessions. \circ Regarding your offer, I think we will have to say no.

③ **regardless** /rɪ'gɑ:dləs/ adv without paying any attention to □ **regardless of** in spite of ○ *They drove through the war zone regardless of the danger*. □ **to carry on regardless** to continue in spite of everything ○ *Although the temperature was well over* 40°, *they carried on working regardless.* **regenerate** /rɪ'dʒenəreɪt/ (**regener ates**, **regenerating**, **regenerated**) *verb* to make something grow strong again

reggae /'regei/ noun a type of West Indian music

regime /re1'zi:m/, **régime** noun **1**. a usually harsh type of government or administration \circ Under a military regime, civil liberties may be restricted. **2**. the government of a country \circ The former régime was overthrown and the President fled.

regiment /'red3Imənt/ *noun* a group of soldiers, usually commanded by a colonel or lieutenant-colonel

regimented /'red3Iment1d/ *adj* strictly organised or kept under strict discipline

() **region** /'ri:dʒən/ noun a large area of a country \circ The South-West region is well known for its apples.

() **regional** /'ri:d₃(\Rightarrow)n \Rightarrow l/ adj relating to a region \circ The recession has not affected the whole country – it is only regional. \circ After the national news, here is the regional news for the South West.

③ register /'redʒistə/ noun 1. a list of names ○ I can't find your name in the register. ○ His name was struck off the register.
2. a book in which you sign your name ○ After the wedding, the bride and groom and witnesses all signed the register. ○ Please sign the hotel register when you check in. ■ verb (registers, registering, registered) to write a name officially in a list [-with/~for] ○ Babies have to be registered with the register as soon as they are born. ○ Students are registering for their courses this week. ○ If you don't register, we won't be able to get in touch with you.

register office /,red3Istə 'bfIs/ *noun* an office where records of births, marriages and deaths are kept and where you can be married in a civil ceremony

registrar /,red31'stra:/ noun 1. a person who keeps official records \circ *The registrar* of births, marriages and deaths. \circ *They* were married by the registrar. 2. a qualified doctor or surgeon in a hospital who supervises house doctors \circ *She's a registrar at* our local hospital.

(3) registration /,red31'stre1 $\int(\partial)n/$ noun the act of registering

registration number $/_1$ red₃₁ 'strei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n_1nAmb\mathfrak{g}/noun$ the official number of a car

registry /'redʒistri/ *noun* a place where official records are kept

registry office /'redʒ1stri ,pf1s/ *noun* an office where records of births, marriages and deaths are kept and where you can be married in a civil ceremony

regress /rɪ'gres/ (**regresses**, **regressing**, **regressed**) *verb* to return to an earlier stage or condition (NOTE: + **regression** *n*)

regret /r1'gret/ *noun* the feeling of being sorry that something has happened \circ *I have absolutely no regrets about what we did.* \blacksquare *verb* (**regrets, regretting, regretted**) to be sorry that something has happened \circ *I regret that I cannot be with you this evening.* \circ *I regret the trouble this has caused you.* \circ *We regret the delay in the arrival of our flight from Amsterdam.*

regrettable /rɪ'gretəb(ə)l/ *adj* which must be regretted

② **regular** /'regjolə/ adj **1**. done at the same time each day \circ *His regular train is the 12.45.* \circ *The regular flight to Athens leaves at 06.00.* **2**. usual or standard \circ *The regular price is £1.25, but we are offering them at 99p.*

③ **regularly** /'regjulali/ adv on most occasions \circ She is regularly the first person to arrive at the office each morning.

regulate /'regjo,lett/ (**regulates, regulating, regulated**) verb **1.** to adjust a machine so that it works in a certain way \circ The heater needs to be regulated to keep the temperature steady. \circ Turn this knob to regulate the volume. \circ Her heartbeat is regulated by the pacemaker. **2.** to maintain something by law \circ Speed on the motorway is strictly regulated.

(2) **regulation** /,regjo'le1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/plural noun regulations laws or rules controlling something <math>\circ$ *The restaurant broke the fire regulations*. \circ *Safety regulations were not being properly followed.*

rehab /'ri:,hæb/ *noun* the process of curing someone of an addiction to drugs or alcohol

rehabilitate /,ri:ə'biliteit/ (**rehabilitates**, **rehabilitating**, **rehabilitated**) *verb* **1**. to train a disabled person or an ex-prisoner to lead a normal life and fit into society \circ *Prisoners need special training in order to be rehabilitated*. **2**. to cure someone of an addiction to drugs or alcohol (NOTE: + **rehabilitation** *n*)

rehash /rii:'hæ \int / (rehashes, rehashing, rehashed) verb to bring out an old story, book, idea, or other work in more or less the same form as before \circ *Her recent article just rehashed the same themes as her book.* ③ **rehearsal** /r1'h3:s(ə)l/ *noun* a practice of a play or concert before the first public performance. ◊ **dress rehearsal**

③ **rehearse** /rɪ'hɜːs/ (**rehearses**, **rehearsing**, **rehearsed**) *verb* to practise a play or a concert before a public performance

rehouse /rir:'haoz/ (rehouses, rehousing, rehoused) verb to move somebody to other, often better, housing

③ reign /rein/ noun a period when a king, queen or emperor rules \circ during the reign of Elizabeth I \blacksquare verb (reigns, reigning, reigned) to rule \circ Queen Victoria reigned between 1837 and 1901. \circ She reigned during a period of great prosperity. (NOTE: Do not confuse with rain.)

reimburse /,ri:Im'b3:S/ (**reimburses**, **reimbursing**, **reimbursed**) verb to pay someone the money he or she has spent for a particular purpose [~for] (formal) \circ You will be reimbursed for your expenses or your expenses will be reimbursed.

reincarnation /,ri:inko:'nei $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1.** a person's soul born again in another body or animal after death \circ *The ancient Egyptians believed that the owl was the re incarnation of the god Horus.* **2.** reappearance of someone in another form \circ *His lat est reincarnation was as an insurance salesman.*

③ reinforce /,ri:In'fo:s/ (reinforces, reinforcing, reinforced) verb to make stronger or more solid

reinforcement /,ri:In'fo:smont/ noun the act of reinforcing \circ One of the walls needs reinforcement.

reinstate /,ri:In'stert/ (reinstates, reinstating, reinstated) *verb* to put someone back into a job from which he or she was dismissed (NOTE: + reinstatement *n*)

reinvent /,ri:in'vent/ (reinvents, reinventing, reinvented) *verb* to make something popular again after it has been out of fashion for a time

reiterate /ri:'It əreit/ (reiterates, reiterating, reiterated) *verb* to say again (NOTE: + reiteration *n*)

reject1 /r1'd3ekt/ (rejects, rejecting, rejected) verb 1. to refuse to accept something \circ She rejected my suggestion that we changed our plans. \circ The proposals for the new project were rejected. 2. to refuse to accept something because it is not satisfactory \circ Poles shorter than the standard size are rejected.

reject² /'ri:dʒekt/ *noun* something which is not accepted because it is not satisfactory

③ **rejection** /rɪ'dʒek∫ən/ *noun* a refusal to accept

rejoice /r1'd3518/ (**rejoices**, **rejoicing**, **rejoiced**) verb to be very happy \circ We all rejoiced to hear the news that the baby had been found.

rejoin /rii'dʒɔɪn/ (rejoins, rejoining, rejoined) verb to join again (formal)

rejuvenate /r1'd3u:vIneIt/ (**rejuvenates**, **rejuvenating**, **rejuvenated**) verb **1**. to make someone young again \circ She came back from the health farm completely rejuvenated. **2**. to give something new vigour and strength \circ He hopes to rejuvenate the club by attracting younger members.

rekindle /ri:'kInd(ə)l/ (**rekindles**, **rekindled**, **rekindled**) *verb* to start again or to make something happen again

relapse /'ri:læps, rɪ'læps/ noun (of patient or disease) becoming worse after seeming to be getting better \circ He had a relapse and had to go back into hospital. (NOTE: + **relapse** v)

① relate /r1'lett/ (relates, relating, related) verb 1. to have or make a connection with something else [~to] ○ They have related the rise in standards to better teaching. ○ They say a happy childhood and success in life are related. 2. to understand someone and be able to communicate with them [~to/with] ○ Do you find it difficult to relate to him? ○ The children relate well with their grandparents. 3. to tell a story (formal) ○ It took him half an hour to relate what had happened.

relate to *phrasal verb* **1**. to be concerned with something \circ *The regulations relate to the movement of boats in the harbour.* **2.** to be able to understand something \circ *The book deals with people's feelings in a way I can relate to.*

① related to /r1'lert1d to/ adj 1. belonging to the same family as \circ Are you related to the Smith family in London Road? 2. connected in some way with \circ The disease is related to the weakness of the heart muscle. \circ He has a drug-related illness. \circ There are several related items on the agenda.

③ **relating to** /rɪ'leɪtɪŋ tuː/ adv relating to or connected with \circ documents relating to the sale of the house

① **relation** /rI'leI(ϑ)n/ noun **1**. a member of a family \circ All my relations live in Canada. \circ Laura's no relation of mine, she's just

a friend. 2. a link between two things [~between] \circ Is there any relation between wealth and happiness? \blacksquare plural noun relations the way that people or organizations behave towards each other \circ We try to maintain good relations with our customers. \circ Relations between the two countries have become tense. \diamond in relation to relating to or connected with \circ Documents in relation to the sale.

① relationship /rɪ'leɪʃ(ə)nʃɪp/ noun 1. a close friendship, especially one in which two people are involved in a romantic or sexual way with each other \circ *She decided* to end the relationship when she found he had been seeing other women. 2. the way that people or organisations behave towards each other [/~with] \circ *We try to have a* good working relationship with our staff. 3. a link or connection [~between] \circ *There is a proven relationship between smoking and lung cancer.*

(2) **relative** /'relət IV/ *noun* a person who is related to someone \circ We have several relatives living in Canada. \circ He has no living relatives.

relative clause /'relətIV klɔ:z/ noun a subordinate clause that provides additional information about person or thing and which is joined to the previous clause by words like 'which', 'who' or 'that '

② **relatively** /'relət ıvli/ adv to some extent ○ The children have been relatively free from colds this winter. ○ We are dealing with a relatively new company.

relative pronoun /,relativ 'praunaun/ *noun* a pronoun, such as 'who' or 'which', which connects two clauses

③ relax /r1'læks/ (relaxes, relaxing, relaxed) verb to rest from work or to be less tense \circ They spent the first week of their holiday relaxing on the beach. \circ Guests can relax in the bar before going to eat in the restaurant. \circ Just lie back and relax – the injection won't hurt.

③ **relaxed** /rɪ'lækst/ adj not upset or nervous o Even if he failed his test, he's still very relaxed about the whole thing.

③ **relaxing** /rɪ'læksɪŋ/ *adj* which makes you less tense

relay¹ /'ritlet/ noun a group of people working in turn with other groups $\circ A$ shift is usually composed of groups of workers who work in relays. $\circ All$ the work had been done by the time the next relay arrived.

relay² /rI'leI/ (relays, relaying, relayed) verb 1. to pass on a message \circ She relayed the news to the other members of her family. \circ All messages are relayed through this office. **2**. to pass on a TV or radio broadcast through a secondary station \circ The programmes are received in the capital and then relayed to TV stations round the country.

(2) release /rɪ'li:s/ (releases, releasing, released) verb 1. to stop holding something, or to stop keeping someone prisoner • The hostages were released last night. • Pull that lever to release the brakes. 2. to make something public • The government has released figures about the number of people out of work.

relegate /'religent/ (relegates, relegating, relegated) verb 1. (in sports) to move a team down from a higher division to a lower one \circ They were relegated from the premier division. 2. to put into a worse position \circ On the arrival of the new manager, I was relegated to the accounts department. (NOTE: + relegation n)

relent/rr'lent/ (**relents, relenting, relented**) *verb* to be less strict; to decide to be less strict than before

relentless /rɪ'lentləs/ *adj* continuing without giving up

③ **relevance** /'reləv(ə)ns/ *noun* the fact that something is relevant

② **relevant** l^{-} reləv(ə)nt/ adj if something is relevant, it has something to do with the thing being mentioned \circ Which is the relevant government department? \circ Can you give me the relevant papers? \circ Is this information at all relevant?

reliable / r_1 ' $|a_1 \Rightarrow b(\Rightarrow)|$ / *adj* which can be relied on or which can be trusted \circ *It is a very reliable car.* \circ *The sales manager is completely reliable.*

reliance /rɪ'laɪəns/ *noun* the fact that someone relies on something

reliant /rɪ'laɪənt/ adj which relies on something

relic /'relik/ noun something which remains from the past \circ *That cap is a relic of my time as a naval cadet.*

② relief /r1'li:f/ noun 1. the reduction of pain or stress [~from] \circ medicines that bring relief from pain \circ He breathed a sigh of relief when the police car went past without stopping. \circ What a relief to have finished my exams! 2. help given to people who need it urgently \circ The Red Cross is organising relief for the flood victims.

(3) **relieve** /rrl i:v/ (relieves, relieving, relieved) verb 1. to make something unpleasant better or easier \circ *He took aspirins to re*- *lieve the pain.* **2.** to take over from someone \circ *You can go and have something to eat* – *I'm here to relieve you for an hour.*

③ **relieved** /rɪ'liːvd/ *adj* glad to be rid of a problem

② **religion** /rɪ'lɪdʒən/ noun a belief in gods or in one God \circ Does their religion help them to lead a good life? \circ It is against my religion to eat meat on Fridays.

② **religious** /,rə'lɪdʒəs/ *adj* relating to religion \circ *There is a period of religious study every morning.*

religiously /rə'lIdʒəsli/ adv regularly and carefully \circ *He followed all their instructions religiously.*

relish /'relij/ noun 1. spicy pickles or spicy sauce \circ Eat your sausages with mustard or relish. 2. enjoyment \circ She argued with him with great relish. \blacksquare verb (relishes, relishing, relished) to enjoy \circ I don't relish having to take my exam again.

relive /ri:'lɪv/ (**relives**, **reliving**, **relived**) *verb* to go through something again, especially in your mind

relocate /,ri:ləʊ'keɪt/ (**relocates**, **relocating**, **relocated**) *verb* to move an office, factory or staff to a different place (NOTE: + **relocation** *n*)

reluctant /rɪ'lʌktənt/ adj not willing to do something \circ *He seemed reluctant to help*. (NOTE: + **reluctance** *n*)

reluctantly /rr'lAktəntli/ adv not willingly

rely verb

rely on(2) *phrasal verb* to believe or know that something will happen or that someone will do something \circ *We can rely on him to finish the work on time.* \circ *Can these machines be relied on?*

① **remain** /r1'me1n/ (**remains, remaining, remained**) verb **1.** to stay \circ We expect it will remain fine for the rest of the week. \circ She remained behind at the office to finish her work. **2.** to be left \circ Half the food remained uneaten and had to be thrown away. \circ After the accident not much remained of the car.

③ **remainder** /r1'me1ndə/ noun what is left after everything else has gone \circ What shall we do for the remainder of the holidays? \circ After the bride and groom left, the remainder of the party stayed in the hotel to have supper. (1) remaining /rɪ'meɪnɪŋ/ adj which is left

③ **remains** /rt'meinz/ plural noun 1. things left over or left behind \circ *The remains of the evening meal were left on the table until the next morning.* \circ *We're trying to save the Roman remains from total obliteration by the construction company.* 2. the body of a dead person \circ *The emperor's remains were buried in the cathedral.*

remake /'ri:meik/ noun new film with the same story as an old film \circ *They're planning yet another remake of 'David Copperfield'.*

remand /rɪ'mɑ:nd/ noun sending a prisoner away for a time when a case is adjourned to be heard at a later date \blacksquare verb (remands, remanding, remanded) 1. to send a prisoner away to reappear later to answer a case which has been adjourned 2. US to send a case back to a lower court

③ **remark** /rɪ'mɑːk/ noun a comment [~about/on] ○ He made some remark about my being late. □ **to make or pass remarks about** to make sharp or rude comments about ○ She made some remarks about the dirty tablecloth. ■ verb (remarks, remarking, remarked) to notice and comment on [~on/upon/~that] ○ She remarked on how dirty the café was. ○ Customers remarked that the shop looked brighter.

③ **remarkable** /r1'mo1kəb(ə)l/ adj very unusual ○ She's a remarkable woman. ○ It's remarkable that the bank has not asked us to pay back the money.

remarkably /rɪ'mɑːkəbli/ adv to an unusually great degree, or in an unusual way o She remained remarkably calm.

remarry /rin'mæri/ (remarries, remarrying, remarried) verb to marry again

remedial /rɪ'miːdiəl/ *adj* which cures or which makes something better

(3) **remedy** /'remədi/ noun a thing which may cure $[-for] \circ It$'s an old remedy for hayfever.

(1) remember /r1'membə/ (remembers, remembering, remembered) verb to bring back into your mind something which you before have seen or heard [/~when/where/how etc] o Do you remember when we got lost in the fog? \circ My grandmother can remember seeing the first *television programmes.* \circ *She remembered* seeing it on the dining room table. \circ She can't remember where she put her umbrella. \circ I don't remember having been in this *hotel before.* \circ *I remember my grandmoth*er very well. \circ It's strange that I can never

remember my father's birthday. O Did you remember to switch off the kitchen light? (NOTE: You remember doing something which you did in the past; you remember to do something in the future.)

remembrance /rɪ'membrəns/ noun memory

① remind /r1'maind/ (reminds, reminding, reminded) verb to make someone remember something [~that] ○ She reminded him that the meeting had to finish at 6.30. ○ Now that you've reminded me, I do remember seeing him last week. ○ Remind me to book the tickets for New York.

reminder /r1'maIndə/ noun **1**. a thing which reminds you of something \circ Keep this picture as a reminder of happier days. \circ He tied a knot in his handkerchief as a reminder of what he had to do. **2**. a letter to remind a customer to do something

reminisce/,rem1'n1s/(**reminisces**, **reminiscing**, **reminisced**) *verb* to talk about memories of the past (NOTE: + **reminiscence** *n*)

reminiscent /,rem1'n1s(ə)nt/ *adj* which reminds you of the past

remission /r1'm1 $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1**. a reduction of a prison sentence \circ *He was sentenced to five years, but should only serve three with remission.* \circ *He earned remission for good behaviour.* **2**. a period when an illness is less severe \circ *The cancer is in remission.*

remittance /rɪ'mɪt(ə)ns/ noun money which is sent

remnant /'remnənt/ *noun* a quantity or piece left over

remonstrate /'remonstrent/ (remonstrates, remonstrating, remonstrated) *verb* to reason with someone about something they have done (*formal*)

remorse /rɪ'mɔːs/ *noun* regret about something wrong which you have done

remorseless /rɪ'mɔɪsləs/ adj 1. which cannot be stopped \circ *The Green Belt is supposed to stop the remorseless advance of houses into the countryside.* \circ *There's nothing you can do to hold back the remorseless advance of old age.* 2. cruel, showing no pity \circ A remorseless artillery *bombardment pounded the town.*

③ **remote** /r1'məut/ *adj* **1**. far away from towns and places where there are lots of people \circ *The hotel is situated in a remote mountain village.* **2**. not very likely \circ *There's a remote chance of finding a cure for his illness.* \circ *The possibility of him arriving on time is remote.* (3) **remote control** /rɪ,məʊt kən'trəʊl/ noun a small piece of electronic equipment which you use for controlling something such as a TV or CD player from a distance **remotely** /rɪ'məʊtli/ adv 1. very slightly, or not even very slightly o *I'm not remotely* interested in meeting him. 2. at a great distance from a town o a remotely situated farm 3. without direct physical contact o They were able to set the controls remotely. **removable** /rɪ'muːvəb(ə)l/ adj designed so as to be easily taken off and put back on again

(3) **removal** /r1'mu:v(ə)l/ noun 1. taking something or someone away ○ the removal of the ban on importing computers ○ Refuse collectors are responsible for the removal of household waste. ○ The opposition called for the removal of the Foreign Secretary. 2. the process of moving to a new home, new office, etc.

① **remove** / r_1 'mu:v/ (**removes**, **removing**, **removed**) verb to take something away \circ You can remove his name from the mailing list. \circ The waitress removed the dirty plates and brought us some tea.

remover /rɪ'mu:və/ noun **1**. a person who moves furniture from one house to another \circ We're moving house tomorrow – the removers will be here at 7.30 am. **2**. a thing which removes

remuneration $/r_{I_1}m_{ju:n} = re_{I_j}(\vartheta)n/$ noun payment for services done (NOTE: + remunerate v)

(3) **renaissance** /rɪ'neɪs(ə)ns/, **renascence** noun a rebirth or a starting again o British cinema has undergone a renaissance in recent years.

rename /ri:'ne1m/ (**renames**, **renaming**, **renamed**) *verb* to give something a new name

render /'rendə/ (**renders**, **rendering**, **rendered**) verb **1**. to translate \circ The text was badly rendered in Italian. **2**. to provide \circ services rendered to the country **3**. to make someone or something change into a particular state \circ She was rendered speechless by their letter. \circ The experts rendered the bomb safe.

rendezvous *l*'rondervus! noun (plural same) **1**. an appointment or meeting \circ *He* arranged a rendezvous with her. **2**. a place where a meeting takes place **\blacksquare** verb (rendezvouses, rendezvousing, rendezvoused) to arrange to meet, or meet somewhere \circ You go north, and we'll go west and we'll all rendezvous at the camp at 16.00.

rendition

rendition /ren'd1 $\int(\partial n)/n$ a performance of a song, etc.

renege /rɪ'neɪg, rɪ'ni:g/ (**reneges, reneging, reneged**) *verb* not to do something which you had promised to do (*formal*)

renew /rɪ'nju:/ (renews, renewing, renewed) verb 1. to start again \circ Renew your efforts and don't lose hope. 2. to replace something old with something new \circ We need to renew the wiring in the kitchen. 3. to continue something for a further period of time \circ Don't forget to renew your insurance policy. (NOTE: + renewal n)

renewable $/r_1'n_ju_2b(\bar{a})l/adj$ which can be renewed \circ *The season ticket is renewable for a further year.*

renewed /rɪ'njuːd/ *adj* continuing with new energy, strength or enthusiasm

renounce /rɪ'naʊns/ (**renounces**, **renouncing**, **renounced**) verb 1. to give up a right or a claim \circ She renounced her claim to the property. 2. to state publicly that you are going to stop believing in something or are not going to behave in a certain way \circ The government has renounced the use of force in dealing with international terrorists. \circ They called on the extremists to renounce violence. (NOTE: + **renunciation** 1)

renovate /'renovert/ (**renovates**, **renovating**, **renovated**) *verb* to make a building like new again (NOTE: + **renovation** *n*)

renowned /rɪ'naund/ adj known and admired by many people \circ the renowned Italian conductor \circ Rome is renowned as the centre of Catholicism.

② rent/rent/ noun money paid to live in a flat or house or to use an office or car \circ *Rents are high in the centre of the town.* \circ *The landlord asked me to pay three months' rent in advance.* \blacksquare *verb* (rents, renting, rented) to pay money to use a house, flat, office or car \circ *He rents an office in the centre of town.* \circ *He rented a villa by the beach for three weeks.*

rental /'rent(ϑ)l/ *noun* rent, money paid to use a room, flat, office, car, etc.

③ **rep** /rep/ noun a salesman who visits clients, trying to sell them something \circ They have vacancies for reps in the north of the country. \circ We have a reps' meeting every three months.

③ **repair** /r1'peə/ verb (repairs, repairing, repaired) to make something work which is broken or damaged $\circ I$ dropped my watch on the pavement, and I don't think it can be repaired. \circ She's trying to repair the washing machine. \circ The photocopier is being repaired. \bullet noun mending something

which is broken or has been damaged [~to] \circ *The hotel is closed while they are carrying out repairs to the kitchens.* \circ *His car is in the garage for repair.*

repatriate /rir'pætrieit/ (**repatriates**, **repatriating**, **repatriated**) *verb* to bring or to send someone back to their home country (NOTE: + **repatriation** *n*)

repay /r1'pe1/ (**repays, repaying, repaid**) verb **1.** to pay back $\circ I'll$ try to repay what I owe you next month. \circ Thank you for your help – I hope to be able to repay you one day. **2.** to be worth

repayment /ri'peimənt/ noun paying back

repeal /r1'pi:l/ (repeals, repealing, repealed) verb to end a law officially \circ The Bill seeks to repeal the existing legislation. (NOTE: + repeal n)

(2) **repeat** /r1'pirt/ (**repeats**, **repeating**, **repeated**) verb to say something again [-that] ○ She kept on repeating that she wanted to go home. ○ Could you repeat what you just said? ○ He repeated the address so that the policeman could write it down. ◇ **to repeat yourself** to say the same thing over and over again ○ He's getting old – he keeps repeating himself.

repeated /rɪ'piːtɪd/ *adj* happening again and again

③ **repeatedly** /rɪ'piːtɪdli/ adv very many times, often so many that it is annoying

repel /r1'pel/ (**repels**, **repelling**, **repelled**) verb **1**. to drive back an attack \circ *The army* easily repelled the invaders. **2**. to drive something away \circ *The paint has an ingredient that repels water*. \circ *She sprayed the kitchen with a spray to repel flies*. **3**. to be so unpleasant that it drives people away \circ *The taste repelled me so much that I could not finish my meal.*

repent /rɪ'pent/ (**repents**, **repenting**, **repented**) *verb* to be very sorry for what you have done, or for what you have not done (NOTE: + **repentance** *n*)

repercussions /,ri:pə'k Λ (ə)nz/ plural noun a result or effect, usually unpleasant \odot The government decision on pensions will have widespread repercussions. \odot The BBC is trying to deal with the repercussions of the critical programme on India.

③ **repertoire** /'repətwa:/ noun the plays, songs or pieces of music which someone has learned \circ *She has an extensive repertoire, covering most of the important soprano roles.*

(3) **repetition** $/_1$ repi[']ti $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. the act of repeating, of saying the same thing

again \circ Constant repetition of the song made sure we all knew it by heart. **2.** a thing which is repeated \circ The police will try to prevent a repetition of the ugly scenes at the football ground.

repetitive /rɪ'petɪtɪv/ *adj* which is repeated very frequently and is boring

rephrase /rir'freiz/ (**rephrases**, **rephrasing**, **rephrased**) *verb* to say something again, but in a different way

① **replace** /rɪ'pleɪs/ (**replaces**, **replacing**, **replaced**) *verb* to put something back where it was before \circ *Please replace the books correctly on the shelves*.

③ **replacement** /r1'pleIsmont/ noun 1. a thing which is used to replace something [-for] ○ An electric motor was bought as a replacement for the old one. 2. the action of replacing something with something else [-for] ○ The mechanics recommended the replacement of the hand pump with an electric model.

replay¹ /'ri:ple1/ noun a match which is played again because the first match was a draw \circ *They drew 2–2 so there will be a replay next week.*

replay² /ri: 'ple1/ (**replays, replaying, replayed**) verb to play again \circ He replayed the message on the answerphone several times, but still couldn't understand it. \circ The match will be replayed next week.

replenish /rɪ'plenɪʃ/ (**replenishes**, **replenishing**, **replenished**) *verb* to fill up again

replica /'replikə/ noun an exact copy

replicate /'replikeit/ (**replicates, replicating, replicated**) *verb* to do or make something in exactly the same way as before

(2) **reply** /r1'pla1/ noun (plural replies) 1. an answer, especially to a letter or telephone call [~to] \circ We wrote last week, but haven't had a reply yet. \circ We had six replies to our advertisement. 2. \Box in reply as an answer \circ In reply to my letter, I received a fax two days later. \circ She just shook her head in reply and turned away. \blacksquare verb (replies, replying, replied) to answer [~to] \circ He never replies to my letters. \circ We wrote last week, but he hasn't replied yet. \circ He refused to reply to questions until his lawyer arrived.

① **report** /rɪ'pɔːt/ noun a description of what has happened or what will happen [-of/-that] ○ We read the reports of the accident in the newspaper. ○ Can you confirm the report that the council is planning to sell the old town hall? ■ verb (**reports, re** **porting, reported**) to present yourself officially [~fot/~to] \circ to report for work \circ Candidates should report to the office at 9.00.

reportedly /r1'po:t1dli/ *adv* according to what has been reported

reported speech /rI,poitId 'spiitʃ/ noun same as indirect speech

③ **reporter** /rɪ'pɔːtə/ *noun* a journalist who writes reports of events for a newspaper or for a TV news programme

③ **reporting** /rɪ'pɔːtɪŋ/ *noun* the action of reporting something in the press

repose /rɪ'pəʊz/ noun calm, resting \circ a state of repose

repossess /,ri:pə'zes/ (**repossesses**, **repossessing**, **repossessed**) *verb* to take back an item which someone is buying under a hire-purchase agreement, or a house which someone is buying under a mortgage agreement, because the purchaser cannot continue the payments (NOTE: + **repossession** *n*)

reprehensible /,reprI'hensIb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be criticised

① **represent** /,repri'zent/ (**represents**, **representing**, **represented**) *verb* **1**. to speak or act on behalf of someone or of a group of people \circ *He asked his solicitor to represent him at the meeting*. **2**. to mean something, or to be a symbol of something $g \circ$ *The dark green on the map represents woods*.

(2) **representation** /,reprizen'tei $\int(\partial)n/$ noun **1**. the act of selling goods for a company \circ We can provide representation throughout Europe. **2**. having someone to act on your behalf \circ The residents' association wants representation on the committee. **3**. a way of showing \circ The design on the Lebanese flag is a representation of a cedar tree.

② **representative** /,repr1'zentətīv/ adj typical of all the people or things in a group ○ *The sample isn't representative of the* whole batch. ■ noun a person who represents, who speaks on behalf of someone else [~ot/from] ○ *Representatives of the* workforce have asked to meet the management. ○ *He asked his solicitor to act as his representative.*

repress /r1'pres/ (**represses**, **repressing**, **repressed**) verb **1**. to control a natural impulse \circ She had difficulty in repressing a smile. **2**. to restrict people's freedom, etc. \circ The ordinary people have been repressed for so long that they do not know what it is to be free. (NOTE: + **repression** n)

repressed /ri'prest/ adj suppressed

repressive

repressive /r1'presiv/ *adj* severe, strict or using force to keep people under control **reprieve** /r1'pri:v/ *noun* **1**. temporarily stopping a sentence or order by a court \circ *He was granted a last-minute reprieve.* **2**. saving something which was planned for demolition \circ *This magnificent building was to be demolished, but the reprieve came just in time to save it.* (NOTE: + **reprieve** v)

reprimand /'reprima:nd/ (**reprimands**, **reprimanding**, **reprimanded**) *verb* to criticise someone severely for doing something wrong \circ *The report reprimanded the directors for their negligence*. (NOTE: + **reprimand** *n*)

reprint¹ /'ri:print/ noun the printing of copies of a book again after a first printing • The mistake on the title page will be corrected in the reprint.

reprint² /ri:'print/ (**reprints, reprinting, reprinted**) verb to print more copies of a document or book \circ The book is being reprinted.

reprisal /rɪ'praɪz(ə)l/ *noun* punishment of someone in revenge for something

reproach /r1'prout ∫/ noun 1. a statement of blame or a criticism □ beyond reproach blameless 2. a thing which is a disgrace ■ verb (reproaches, reproaching, reproached) to criticise someone for something for having done something [~for/with]

reprocess /rir'prouses/ (reprocesses, reprocessing, reprocessed) verb to process again

reproduce /,ri:prə'dju:s/ (reproduces, reproducing, reproduced) verb 1. to make a copy of something such as artistic material or musical sounds \circ It is very difficult to reproduce the sound of an owl accurately. \circ Some of the paintings have been reproduced in this book. \circ His letters have been reproduced in the biography. 2. to produce babies or young animals

③ reproduction /,ri:prə'dʌk∫ən/ noun
 1. a copy of a painting or other work of art
 2. the action of reproducing 3. the production of young ○ *The rate of reproduction of mice is incredible.*

reptile /'reptail/ *noun* a cold-blooded animal which has skin covered with scales and which lays eggs

② republic /rt'pAbltk/ noun a system of government in which elected representatives have power and the leader is an elected or nominated president o France is a republic while Spain is a monarchy. **republican** /rɪ'pʌblɪkən/ *noun* a person who believes that a republic is the best form of government \circ *Some republicans made speeches against the emperor.*

(3) **Republican** /rɪ'pʌblɪkən/ noun US a member of the Republican Party, one of the two main political parties in the USA

repudiate /rɪ'pju:dieɪt/ (**repudiates**, **repudiating**, **repudiated**) *verb* to reject or to refuse to accept (NOTE: + **repudiation** *n*)

repugnant /rɪ'pʌgnənt/ *adj* very unpleasant, offensive or unacceptable

repulse /rɪ'pʌls/ (**repulses**, **repulsing**, **repulsed**) *verb* to push back someone who is attacking

repulsion /r1'pAlf = n / noun 1. a feeling of dislike \circ He looked at the plate of snails with repulsion. 2. (in physics) the act of pushing something away \circ Magnetic repulsion can be demonstrated by trying to join the negative ends of two magnets.

repulsive /rɪ'pʌlsɪv/ *adj* unpleasant, which makes you disgusted

reputable /'repjutəb(ə)l/ *adj* well thought of, with a good reputation

(3) **reputation** $/_1$ rep jo'tet $\int (\Im)n/$ noun an opinion that people have of someone $[-as/-for] \circ He$ has a reputation as a strict teacher. \circ His bad reputation won't help him find a suitable job.

repute /rɪ'pjuɪt/ *noun* a reputation or general opinion (*formal*)

reputed /r1'pju1t1d/ *adj* supposed, said to be

② request /r1'kwest/ noun asking for something [~for] ○ They've made a request for extra funding. Your request will be dealt with as soon as possible. ■ verb (requests, requesting, requested) to ask for something politely or formally [~that] ○ The police are requesting that everyone stays inside the building. ○ I am enclosing the leaflets you requested. ○ Guests are requested to leave their keys at reception. ◇ on request if asked for ○ 'catalogue available on request'

(1) **require** /r1[']kwa1²/ (**requires**, **requir**ing, **required**) *vorb* to need something \circ *The disease requires careful nursing*. \circ *Writing the program requires a computer specialist.*

required /r1'kwarəd/ adj which must be done or provided \circ We can cut the wood to the required length. \circ We can't reply because we don't have the required information. ② **requirement** /rɪ'kwaɪəmənt/ noun what is necessary \circ It is a requirement of the job that you should be able to drive.

requisite /'rekw121t/ adj necessary (formal) \circ Does he have the requisite government permits? \circ We need someone with the requisite skills to run the bar.

re-release /rei ri'liis/ *verb* to make a music recording or a film available again some time after it first came out

re-route /₁ri: 'ru:t/ *verb* to send people or vehicles along a route which is different to the usual one

rerun /'ri:rAn/ noun **1**. the second showing of a programme or film on $TV \circ Dur$ ing the summer all the TV channels showreruns of old sitcoms.**2**. a thing which hap $pens again <math>\circ$ We want to avoid a rerun of the trouble we had at the last meeting.

resale /'riseI/ *noun* the act of selling of something again

reschedule /riː'ʃedjuːl/ (reschedules, rescheduling, rescheduled) verb to arrange an appointment again for a later time \circ *My plane was delayed by fog, so I had to reschedule all my meetings.*

rescue /'reskju:/ verb (**rescues**, **rescuing**, **rescued**) to save someone from a dangerous or difficult situation ○ *The lifeboat* rescued the crew of the sinking ship. When the river flooded, the party of tourists had to be rescued by helicopter. ○ *The company* nearly collapsed, but was rescued by the bank. (NOTE: + **rescuer** n) ■ noun the action of saving someone or something in a difficult or dangerous situation ○ *Mountain* rescue requires well-trained people. ○ No one could swim well enough to go to her rescue.

(1) **research** /r1's31t J/ noun scientific study, which tries to find out facts [~into/~on] ○ The company is carrying out research into the condition. ○ Our laboratories are conducting important research on patient responses. ○ Our researches proved that the letter was a forgery. ■ verb (researches, researching, researched) to study something in order to find out facts ○ Research your subject thoroughly before you start writing about it.

③ **resemblance** /r1'zembləns/ noun the fact of looking like someone [~to/~be-tween] \circ She bears a strong resemblance to her father. \circ The resemblance between the two brothers is remarkable.

(3) **resemble** /rɪ'zembəl/ (**resembles**, **resembling**, **resembled**) *verb* to look like someone or something **resent** /rr¹zent/ (**resents**, **resenting**, **resented**) *verb* to feel annoyed because of something that you think is unfair \circ *She resents having to do other people's work.*

resentful /r1'zentf(ϑ)l/ *adj* feeling anger or bitterness about something someone has done

resentment /rɪ'zentmənt/ noun the feeling of being angry and upset about something that someone else has done o There is lot of resentment at or over the decision to close the school. o The decision caused a lot of resentment among local people.

③ **reservation** /, rezə've1 $\int(\mathfrak{d})n/$ noun the act of booking something, e.g. a seat or table $\circ I$ want to make a reservation on the train to Plymouth tomorrow evening.

③ **TESETVE** /I1¹Z3:V/ verb (reserves, reserving, reserved) to book a seat or a table ○ I want to reserve a table for four people. ○ Can you reserve two seats for me for the evening performance? ○ We're very busy this evening. Have you reserved? ■ noun an amount kept back in case it is needed in the future ○ Our reserves of coal were used up during the winter. ◇ in reserve waiting to be used ○ We're keeping the can of petrol in reserve.

③ reserved /r1'z3:vd/ adj 1. booked ○ There are two reserved tables and one free one. ○ Is this seat reserved? 2. who does not reveal his or her thoughts and feelings ○ Clare is very reserved and doesn't talk much. ○ He's a very reserved man and does not mix with other members of staff.

reservoir /'rezəvwa:/ *noun* a large, usually artificial, lake where drinking water is kept for pumping to a city

reset /rii'set/ (resets, resetting, reset) verb to set something again \circ The local time is 12.15: please reset your watches. \circ His broken leg was set badly, and the doctors had to reset it.

resettle /rir'set(a)l/ (resettles, resettling, resettled) verb to settle someone in another place

reshape /rir'feip/ (**reshapes**, **reshaping**, **reshaped**) *verb* to shape something again, to give something a different shape

reside /r1'za1d/ (**resides**, **residing**, **resid-ed**) *verb* to live somewhere (*formal*)

(3) **residence** $/'rezId(\mathfrak{s})ns/$ noun **1**. a large house \circ They have a country residence where they spend their weekends. **2**. the act of living in a place

residency /'rezid(ə)nsi/ *noun* the fact of being legally entitled to love in a country

resident

② **resident** /'rezId(\Rightarrow)nt/ noun a person who lives in a place, e.g. a country or a hotel \circ You need an entry permit if you're not a resident of the country. \circ Only residents are allowed to park their cars here. \blacksquare adj who lives permanently in a place \circ There is a resident caretaker.

residual /rɪ'zɪdjuəl/ adj remaining after everything else has gone

residue /'rezidju:/ noun what is left after a process has taken place \circ After the sugar has been refined the residue is used for cattle feed.

③ **resign** /r1'zain/ (resigns, resigning, resigned) verb to give up a job \circ He resigned with effect from July 1st. \circ She has resigned (her position) as finance director.

③ **resignation** /,rezIg'neI \int (ϑ)n/ noun 1. the act of giving up a job \circ His resignation was accepted by the Prime Minister. \circ Have you written your letter of resignation? 2. the attitude of accepting an unpleasant or unwanted situation \circ a look of resignation on his face

resigned /rɪ'zaɪnd/ adj accepting something unpleasant

resilient /rɪ'zɪliənt/ adj **1**. which easily returns to its original shape after being squashed \circ Cork is a surprisingly resilient material. **2**. (of a person) who is strong or able to recover easily from a shock (person) \circ She is a very resilient person, in spite of her age, and has gone back home from hospital to look after herself.

resin /'rezin/ noun **1**. a sticky oil which comes from some types of pine tree \circ Amber is a yellow stone which is fossilised resin. **2**. a solid or liquid organic compound, a polymer used in the making of plastic \circ He made some interesting table decorations with gold coins in blocks of transparent resin.

③ **resist** /r1'z1st/ (resists, resisting, resisted) verb to oppose or fight against something ○ He resisted all attempts to make him sell the house. ○ Bands of guerrillas resisted doggedly in the mountains. ○ They resisted the enemy attacks for two weeks.

② **resistance** /r1'ZIStəns/ noun opposition to or fighting against something ○ *The* patients had no resistance to disease. ○ Skiers crouch down low to minimise wind resistance. ○ *There was a lot of resistance* to the new plan from the local residents.

resistant /rɪ'zɪst(ə)nt/ *adj* which resists something

resit/riɪ'sɪt/ (**resits, resitting, resat**) *verb* to take an examination again after having failed

resolute /'rezəlu:t/ *adj* determined, having made up your mind

resolution /,rezə'lu: $\int(\Im)n/noun$ 1. a decision to be decided at a meeting 2. the fact of being determined to do something \circ *Her* resolution to succeed is so strong that I am sure she will get through. 3. (of a TV or computer image) clearness of a picture on a screen, calculated as the number of pixels per unit of area

③ **resolve** /r1'zplv/ (formal) verb (**resolves**, **resolving**, **resolved**) to strongly decide to do something ○ We all resolved to avoid these mistakes next time. ■ noun a strong decision to do something ○ The head teacher encouraged him in his resolve to go to university.

③ **resort** /r1'zɔ:t/ noun 1. a place where people go on holiday ○ a famous Swiss ski resort ○ Crowds have been flocking to the resorts on the south coast. 2. □ as a or in **the last resort** when everything else fails ○ Having tried everything without success, he accepted her offer as a last resort. ■ verb □ **to resort to** to do something in a difficult situation, when everything else has failed ○ In the end the police had to resort to lifting the protestors out the road.

resounding /r1'zaond1ŋ/ *adj* **1**. great or complete \circ *The exhibition was a resounding success*. **2**. loud \circ *a resounding bang*

() **resource** /r1'z2:s/ noun a source of supply for what is needed or used \circ financial resources \circ The country is rich in oil, minerals and other natural resources.

resourceful /rɪ'zɔ:sf(ə)l/ adj good at looking after yourself or at dealing with problems

() respect/r1'spekt/ noun admiration for someone [~for] ○ He showed very little respect for his teacher. ○ No one deserves more respect than her mother for the way she coped with the bad news. ■ verb (respects, respecting, respected) to admire someone, especially because of his or her achievements or status ○ Everyone respected her for what she said.

respectable /r1'spekt \ni b(\ni)l/ adjconsidered by people to be good, and deserving to be respected \circ She's marrying a very respectable young engineer. \circ I don't want to bring up my children here, it is not a respectable area.

③ **respected** /rɪ'spekt1d/ *adj* admired by many people

respectful /rɪ'spektf(ə)l/ adj full of respect

respective /rɪ'spektɪv/ *adj* referring separately to each of the people just mentioned

③ **respectively** /rɪ'spektɪvli/ adv in the order just mentioned

respirator /'respəreitə/ *noun* a machine which is used in hospital to help patients to breathe when they cannot breathe by themselves

respiratory /rɪ'spɪrət(ə)ri/ adj referring to breathing

respite /'respatt/ noun a rest, a period when things are slightly better \diamond without respite without stopping \circ Rescue teams worked without respite for three days in their search for survivors.

② **respond** /rt'spond/ (**responds, responding, responded**) verb **1.** to give a reply \circ She shouled at him, but he didn't respond. **2.** to show a favourable reaction to something [~to] \circ I hope the public will respond to our new advertisement. \circ The government has responded to pressure from industry.

 (1) response /r1'spons/ noun something that you do or say as a reaction to something [~to/~from] ○ There was no response to our call for help. ○ The changes produced an angry response from customers.
 □ in response to something as an answer or reaction to something ○ In response to the United Nations' request for aid, the government has sent blankets and tents.

(1) **responsibility** /r1,spons1'b1ltti/(*plu-ral* **responsibilities**) *noun* **1**. the fact of being in a position in which you look after or deal with something [~for] ○ *The management accepts no responsibility for customers' property*. ○ *There is no responsibility on his part for the poor results*. ○ *Who should take responsibility for the students' welfare*? **2**. something that someone is responsible for

() responsible /r1'sponsib(ə)l/ adj 1. looking after something and so likely to be blamed if something goes wrong \circ *He is* not responsible for the restaurant next door to his hotel. \circ Customers are responsible for all breakages. \circ *He is responsible* for a class of 25 children. \Box responsible to someone under the authority of someone \circ She's directly responsible to the sales manager. 2. (of a person) reliable and able to be trusted to be sensible

responsibly /rɪ'sponsɪbli/ adv in a responsible way **responsive** /r1'spons1V/ *adj* **1**. showing sympathy or reacting favourably to something \circ *The management was not very responsive to the demands of the staff.* **2**. reacting to something \circ *The cat is very responsive to being stroked.* \circ *His flu seems to be responsive to antibiotics.*

(1) rest /rest/ noun 1. a period of being quiet and peaceful, being asleep or doing nothing \circ All you need is a good night's rest and you'll be fine again tomorrow. \circ We took a few minutes' rest and started running again. \circ I'm having a well-earned rest after working hard all week. 2. what is left \circ *Here are the twins, but where are the* rest of the children? O I drank most of the *milk and the cat drank the rest.* \circ *Throw the* rest of the food away - it will go bad. (NOTE: Rest takes a singular verb when it refers to a singular: Here's the rest of the milk; Where's the rest of the string? The rest of the money has been lost. It takes a plural verb when it refers to a plural: Here are the rest of the children; Where are the rest of the chairs? The rest of the books have been *lost.*) **verb** (rests, resting, rested) 1. to spend time relaxing or not using energy \circ Don't disturb your father – he's resting. \circ They ran for ten miles, rested for a few minutes, and then ran on again. 2. to lean something against something \circ She rested her bike against the wall.

② **restaurant** /'rest(\Im)ront/ noun a place where you can buy and eat a meal $\circ I$ don't want to stay at home tonight – let's go out to the Italian restaurant in the High Street. \circ She's was waiting for me at the restaurant.

rested /'restId/ *adj* feeling calm and relaxed after a rest

restful /'restf(ϑ)l/ *adj* which makes you feel calm and relaxed

restless /'restləs/ adj too nervous, worried or full of energy to keep still

(3) **restore** /rɪ'stɔ:/ (**restores**, **restoring**, **restored**) *verb* to repair something and make it seem new again \circ *The old house has been restored and is now open to the public*.

restrain /rɪ'streın/ (**restrains, restraining, restrained**) *verb* to prevent or try to stop someone doing something \circ *It took six policemen to restrain him.*

restrained /rɪ'streɪnd/ *adj* controlled or calm

restraint /rɪ'streɪnt/ noun control

③ **restrict** /rɪ'strɪkt/ (restricts, restricting, restricted) *verb* to limit someone or something \circ You are restricted to two bottles per person.

③ restricted /rɪ'striktid/ adj limited

② **restriction** $/r_1$ 'strkf=n/ noun a limitation [~on] \circ *The police have placed restrictions on his movements.*

restrictive /rɪ'strɪktɪv/ *adj* which limits ③ **restructure** /ri:'strʌktʃə/ (**restructures, restructuring, restructured**) *verb* to reorganise something, especially the financial basis of a company

① **result** /r1'zAlt/ noun 1. something which happens because of something else \circ What was the result of the police investigation? \Box as a result (of something) because of something \circ There was a traffic jam and as a result, she missed her plane. 2. the final score in a game, the final marks in an exam, etc. \circ What was the result of the last race?She isn't pleased with her exam results. \circ I had great fun making the rug but I'm only partly happy with the result. \circ He listened to the football results on the radio.

resume /rɪ'zju:m/ (**resumes**, **resuming**, **resumed**) verb **1**. to start something again after stopping \circ *The meeting resumed after a short break*. \circ *Normal train services will resume after the track has been repaired*. \circ *After the fire*, *the staff resumed work as normal*. **2**. to go back to a place \circ *resume your places*

③ **résumé** /'rezju:,mei/ noun 1. a short summing-up of the main points of a discussion or of a book $\circ I$ can't attend the meeting, but I would like a résumé of the discussion. $\circ A$ brief résumé of the contents of the book is all I need. 2. US a summary of a person's life story with details of education and work experience $\circ A$ ttach a résumé to your application form.

resumption /rɪ'zʌmp∫ən/ *noun* the act of starting again

resurface /ri:'s3:f1s/ (resurfaces, resurfacing, resurfaced) verb 1. to put a new surface on a road \circ No one can park on our street because they are resurfacing it today. 2. to come back to the surface again or appear again \circ The bird dived into the water and resurfaced several minutes later in a different part of the river. \circ He disappeared for a time, then resurfaced as managing director of a TV company.

resurrect /,rezə'rekt/ (resurrects, resurrecting, resurrected) verb 1. to bring something back to use \circ He resurrected his old plan for rebuilding the town centre. 2.

to start something up again (NOTE: + **resurrection** *n*)

resuscitate /rɪ'sʌsɪteɪt/ (**resuscitates**, **resuscitating**, **resuscitated**) *verb* to make someone who appears to be dead start breathing again, and to restart the circulation of blood (NOTE: + **resuscitation** *n*)

retail /'rittetl/ noun the business of selling small quantities of goods direct to the public \circ We specialise in the retail of ordinary household goods. \circ The goods in stock have a retail value of £10,000. • verb (retails, retailing, retailed) to sell goods direct to customers who do not sell them again

retailer /'ri:te1lə/ *noun* a shopkeeper who sells goods directly to the public. Compare **wholesaler**

retailing /'rintenlin/ *noun* the business of selling goods at full price to the public

② retain /r1'tein/ (retains, retaining, retained) verb to keep something \circ Please retain this invoice for tax purposes. \circ One book especially retained my attention – so I bought it. \circ He managed to retain his composure in spite of being constantly heckled.

retaliate /r1'tælie1t/ (**retaliates**, **retaliating**, **retaliated**) *verb* to attack someone in revenge (NOTE: + **retaliation** *n*)

retention /rr'ten \int ən/ noun **1**. the act of keeping something \circ *The committee voted for the retention of the existing system.* **2**. the act of holding something back

rethink /'ri: θ ıŋk/ (**rethinks**, **rethinking**, **rethought**) *verb* to think again about or reconsider something \circ *We should rethink the whole plan now that the council has refused planning permission*.

reticent /'retis(ə)nt/ adj not willing to talk about something

retina /'retinə/ *noun* an inside layer of the eye, which is sensitive to light

retinue /'retinju:/ *noun* a group of people following an important person

② retire /r1'ta1ə/ (retires, retiring, retired) verb 1. to stop work and take a pension [~from] \circ He will retire from his job as manager next April. \circ She's retiring this year. 2. to make an employee stop work and take a pension \circ They decided to retire all staff over 50.

(2) **retired** /rɪ'taɪəd/ *adj* who has stopped work and draws a pension

(2) **retirement** /rɪ'taɪəmənt/ noun 1. the act of retiring from work \circ He was given a watch as a retirement present. \circ He claims that the pension he'll get on his retirement won't be sufficient. **2.** a period of life when you are retired \circ *He spent his retirement in his house in France.* \circ *Most people look forward to their retirement.*

retiring /r1'ta1ər1ŋ/ adj shy, quiet and reserved

retort /r1't3:t/ (**retorts**, **retorting**, **retorted**) verb to reply sharply (*literary*) \circ She retorted that she had plenty of money and didn't want any gifts from him. (NOTE: + **retort** n)

retract /r1'trækt/ (retracts, retracting, retracted) verb 1. to pull back \circ *The landing gear retracted after take-off*. 2. to withdraw something which has been said \circ *He refuses to retract a single word of his statement.*

retreat /r1'tritt/ verb (retreats, retreating, retreated) if soldiers retreat, they stop fighting and move back and away from the battle \circ Napoleon retreated from Moscow in 1812. \blacksquare noun the act of moving back and away from a battle \circ The army's retreat was swift and unexpected.

retrial /'ri: traɪəl/ *noun* a second trial of a case when the first trial was not conducted properly or no verdict was reached

retribution /,retri'bju: $\int(a)n/a$ well-deserved punishment

(3) **retrieve** /r1'tri:v/ (**retrieves**, **retrieving**, **retrieved**) *verb* **1**. to get back something which was lost \circ *He retrieved his umbrella from the lost-property office*. **2**. to bring back something which has been stored in a computer \circ *She retrieved the address files which she thought had been deleted*.

retrospect /'retrəuspekt/ noun \Box **in retrospect** when you look back \circ *In retrospect, our decision to make him finance director was quite wrong.*

retrospective /, retrou'spektiv/ noun an exhibition of works of art covering the whole career of an artist \circ *This has been the first Henry Moore retrospective for some years.*

retry /₁rii'trai/ (**retries**, **retrying**, **retried**) *verb* to have a retrial of a case which has already been tried once

 (1) return /r1't3:n/ noun 1. the act of going or coming back to a place [~from/] ○ It snowed on the day of her return from Canada. ○ I'll come and see you on my return.
 2. the key on a keyboard which you press when you have finished keying something, or when you want to start a new line ○ To change directory, type C: and press return.
 ■ verb (returns, returning, returned) 1. to come back or go back [~from/~to] \circ When she returned from lunch she found two messages waiting for her. \circ When do you plan to return to Paris? **2.** to give or send something back [~to] \circ The letter was returned to the sender.

reunification $/_1$ ri:ju:n:f1'ke1 $\int(\partial)n/$ *noun* the act of joining again something which has been split. Compare **unification reunion** /ri:'ju:nj ∂ n / *noun* a meeting of people who have not met for a long time

reunite /,ri:ju:'naɪt/ (**reunites**, **reuniting**, **reunited**) *verb* to join people or things together again

reuse /rir'juis/ (reuses, reusing, reused) *verb* to use again something which has already been used

revamp¹/ri:'væmp/ (**revamps, revamping, revamped**) *verb* to improve the appearance of something which is slightly old-fashioned \circ *The whole image of the company needs revamping*.

revamp² /'ri:væmp/ noun a complete change of the appearance of something \circ *Our headed notepaper has had a complete revamp.*

① **reveal** /rt'vi:l/ (reveals, revealing, revealed) verb to show or mention something which was hidden [~(that]] \circ He revealed that he actually knew very little about cars. \circ An unexpected fault was revealed during the test. \circ The X-ray revealed a brain tumour.

revealing /rɪ'viːlɪŋ/ *adj* which shows something which is usually hidden

revelation /,revə'le1 $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1.** the act of showing or mentioning something which was secret \circ *Her revelation that she had two children took everyone by surprise.* **2.** something which was a secret which now everyone knows \circ *His singing was a revelation.*

reveller /'rev(ϑ)l ϑ / *noun* a person who is having a good time (NOTE: The US spelling is **reveler**.)

③ **revenge** /r1'vendʒ/ noun the act of punishing someone in return for harm he or she has caused you [~for] \circ They attacked the police station in revenge for the arrest of three members of the gang. \circ All the time he spent in prison, his only thought was of revenge. \circ He had his revenge in the end, when her car broke down and she had to phone for help.

revenue /'revənju:/ noun 1. money which is received \circ *His only source of revenue is his shop.* 2. money received by a government in tax reverberate /rɪ'vɜ:bəreɪt/ (reverberates, reverberating, reverberated) *verb* to echo or to ring out loudly and repeatedly

revere /r1'VIə/ (**reveres**, **revering**, **revered**) *verb* to worship someone or to respect someone very highly

reverence /'rev(ϑ)r ϑ ns/ noun great respect

reverie /'revəri/ *noun* a dream which you have during the day when you are not asleep

reversal /rI'v3IS(a)l/ noun a change to the opposite

③ reverse /ri'v3is/ adi opposite to the front \circ The reverse side of the carpet is *made of foam rubber.* \circ *The conditions are* printed on the reverse side of the invoice. noun 1. the opposite side \circ Didn't you read what was on the reverse of the label? 2. a car gear which makes you go backwards o Put the car into reverse and back very slowly into the garage. \circ The car's stuck in reverse! • verb (reverses, reversing, reversed) 1. to make something do the opposite \circ The page order was reversed by mistake. \circ Don't try to reverse the trend, go along with it. 2. to make a car go backwards \circ *Reverse as far as you can, then go* forward. \circ Be careful not to reverse into that lamppost. \diamond in reverse order backwards \circ They called out the names of the prize-winners in reverse order.

reversible /rɪ'vɜːsɪb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be worn with either side out

reversing light /rɪ'vɜ:sɪŋ ,laɪt/ *noun* a light on the back of a car which lights up when the car is put into reverse gear

③ **revert** /rɪ'vɜ:t/ (**reverts**, **reverting**, **reverted**) *verb* to go back or come back to an earlier state

(2) **review** /rɪ'vjuː/ noun 1. written comments on something, e.g. a book, play or film, published in a newspaper or magazine o Did you read the review of her latest film in today's paper? \circ His book got some very good reviews. 2. a monthly or weekly magazine which contains articles of general interest o His first short story appeared in a Scottish literary review. 3. an examination of several things together o The company's annual review of each department's performance. verb (reviews, reviewing, reviewed) 1. to read a book, see a film, etc., and write comments about it in a newspaper or magazine o Her exhibition was reviewed in today's paper. O Whoever reviewed her latest book, obviously didn't *like it.* **2.** to examine something in a general way \circ The bank will review our overdraft position at the end of the month. \circ Let's review the situation in the light of the new developments. **3**. US to study a lesson again \circ You must review your geography before the exam.

reviewer /rɪ'vju:ə/ *noun* a person who writes comments on something, e.g. books, plays or films

revile /rɪ'vaɪl/ (**reviles**, **reviling**, **reviled**) *verb* to criticise someone or something harshly

② revise /r1'va1Z/ (revises, revising, revised) verb 1. to study a lesson again [~for] ○ I'm revising for my history test. ○ There isn't enough time to revise before the exam.
2. to change something or make something correct ○ He is revising the speech he is due to give this evening. ○ These figures will have to be revised, there seems to be a mistake.

③ **revision** /rɪ'vɪʒ(ə)n/ *noun* the action of revising something

③ **revival** /rɪ'vaɪv(ə)l/ *noun* the act of bringing something back into existence

revive /r1'vaiv/ (revives, reviving, revived) verb 1. to recover, to get well again \circ After drinking some water he had revived enough to go on with the marathon. 2. to bring someone back to life again \circ The paramedics managed to revive her on the way to the hospital. 3. to make something popular again \circ It won't be easy to revive people's interest in old country crafts.

revoke /rɪ'vəʊk/ (**revokes, revoking, re-voked**) *verb* to cancel something, e.g. a right, agreement or permission

revolt /rɪ'vəult/ (revolts, revolting, revolted) verb 1. to rise up against authority • The prisoners revolted against the harsh treatment they were receiving. (NOTE: In this sense the noun is also revolt.) 2. to disgust someone • It revolted me to see all that food being thrown away. (NOTE: in this sense the noun is revulsion.)

revolting /rɪ'vəultıŋ/ *adj* extremely unpleasant, often so unpleasant as to make you feel ill \circ *a revolting smell*

② **revolution** /, revə'lu: $\int(9)n/noun$ **1.** an armed rising against a government \circ *He led an unsuccessful revolution against the last president.* \circ *During the French Revolution many aristocrats were executed.* **2.** a change in the way things are done [~in] $\circ a$ *revolution in data processing*

revolutionary /, revoluti $(\Im)n(\Im)ri/(plu$ ral revolutionaries) noun a person whotakes part in an uprising against a government \circ The captured revolutionaries were shot when the army took control.

③ **revolve**/r1'vplv/(**revolves**, **revolving**, **revolved**) *verb* to turn round a fixed point [~around] \circ *The Earth revolves around the Sun*.

revolver /rɪ'volvə/ *noun* a small hand gun in which the chamber for cartridges turns after each shot is fired, so that another shot can be fired quickly

revulsion /rɪ'vʌl∫ən/ noun disgust

③ reward /r1'wo:d/ noun money given to someone for work done or as a prize for finding something, or for information about something ○ When she took the purse she had found to the police station she got a £25 reward. ○ He is not interested in money - the Olympic gold medal will be reward enough. ■ verb (rewards, rewarding, rewarded) to give someone money as a prize for finding something, or for doing something ○ He was rewarded for finding the box of papers. ○ All her efforts were rewarded when she won first prize.

rewarding /rɪ'wɔ:dɪŋ/ adj which gives satisfaction

rewind /,rir'waind/ noun the action of winding something back ■ verb (rewinds, rewinding, rewound) to wind something back ○ After playing the cassette he rewound it. ○ The flex will rewind automatically when you press the red button.

rework /ri:'w3:k/ (**reworks**, **reworking**, **reworked**) *verb* to work on something again

rewrite /riː'raɪt/ (**rewrites**, **rewriting**, **rewrote**, **rewritten**) *verb* to write something again in different words \circ *She rewrote the essay, adding more references.*

③ **rhetoric** /'retərik/ noun the art of speaking in a way which is intended to make people change their minds \circ She came away from the meeting enthused by the Prime Minister's rhetoric.

rhetorical question $/rI_1torik(\Im)l$ 'kwest $\int \Im n / noun$ a question which makes a statement, rather than expecting an answer

(3) **rheumatism** /'ruːmətɪz(ə)m/ noun a disease which gives painful or stiff joints or muscles

rhododendron /,rəudə'dendrən/ *noun* a large evergreen shrub with clusters of huge pink, red or purple flowers

rhombus /'rombəs/ (*plural* **rhombuses** or **rhombi**) *noun* a shape with four equal sides but with no right angles **rhubarb** /'ruːbaːb/ *noun* a plant of which the thick red leaf stalks are cooked and eaten as a dessert

rhyme /raim/ noun the way in which some words end in the same sound \circ Can you think of a rhyme for 'taught'? **•** verb (**rhymes, rhyming, rhymed**) to end with the same sound as another word [~with] \circ 'Mr' rhymes with 'sister'

rhythm /'r $1\delta(\vartheta)$ m/ noun a strong regular beat in music or poetry \circ *They stamped their feet to the rhythm of the music.*

rib /rib/ noun one of 24 curved bones which protect your chest \circ He fell down while skiing and broke two ribs.

ribbed /ribd/ *adj* with a pattern of raised lines (*of knitting*)

ribbon /'rɪbən/ *noun* a long thin strip of material for tying things or used as decoration

③ **rice** /rais/ noun the seeds of a tropical plant which are cooked and eaten \circ She only had a bowl of rice for her evening meal. \circ Cook the rice with some saffron to make it yellow.

② **rich** /rtt \int / adj **1**. who has a lot of money \circ If only we were rich, then we could buy a bigger house. \circ He never spends anything, and so he gets richer and richer **2**. made with a lot of cream, butter, or eggs \circ This cream cake is too rich for me.

riches /'rit $\int IZ$ / plural noun wealth \circ In spite of all their riches they are not a happy family.

rickety /'rɪkɪti/ *adj* wobbly, likely to fall down

rickshaw /'rɪk, Jo:/, **ricksha** *noun* a vehicle which people sit in and which is pulled by a person

ricochet /'rɪkəʃeɪ/ (ricochets, ricocheting or ricochetting, ricocheted or ricochetted) verb to bounce off a surface at an angle

① **rid** /rid/ $adj \square$ **to get rid of something** to throw something $away \circ Do you want to$ $get rid of that old bookcase? <math>\circ$ We have been told to get rid of twenty staff. \circ She doesn't seem able to get rid of her cold.

ridden /'rɪd(ə)n/ past participle of **ride**

riddle $/'rrld(\Im)l/$ noun a puzzling question to which you have to find the answer \circ *Here's a riddle for you: 'what's black and white and red all over?'.*

① **ride** /raɪd/ noun a pleasant trip, e.g. on a horse or a bike or in a car $[-on/-in] \circ Can$ I have a ride on your motorbike? \circ He took us all for a ride in his new car. \circ The sta**rider** /'raidə/ noun a person who rides \circ The rider of the black horse fell at the first fence. \circ Motorcycle riders must wear helmets.

ridge /rɪdʒ/ noun a long narrow raised part

ridicule /'rɪdık ju:l/ noun mocking, laughing at someone ○ She was afraid of the ridicule of her colleagues. ■ verb (**ridicules**, **ridiculing**, **ridiculed**) to laugh at someone or something ○ She ridiculed his attempts at speaking Italian.

(2) **ridiculous** /rɪ'dɪk jʊləs/ *adj* extremely silly or unreasonable

riding /'raidin/ *noun* the sport of going on horseback \circ *He loves riding*. \circ *Let's go riding in the park.*

rife /raif/ adj common \circ Crime is rife in some parts of the town.

rifle /'raif(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a gun with a long barrel which you hold with two hands, against your shoulder \circ The gunman was on a roof with a rifle. \circ He was shooting at a target with an air rifle.

rift /rift/ noun a split or crack

rig /rig/ (**rigs**, **rigging**, **rigged**) verb to arrange a dishonest result (*informal*) ϕ **rig up**

rig up *phrasal verb* to arrange something or construct something quickly

rigging /'rɪgɪŋ/ noun 1. the ropes on a ship \circ The rigging creaked in the storm. \circ Sailors ran up the rigging to wave to the crowds on the quayside. 2. the practice of arranging a vote to give a dishonest result \circ Vote rigging is very common here.

(1) **right** /rait/ adj 1. correct \circ She didn't put the bottles back in the \circ You're right – the number 8 bus doesn't go to Marble Arch. o She gave the right answer every time. \circ He says the answer is 285 - quite*right!* \circ *Is the station clock right?* \circ *Is this* the right train for Manchester? • all right 2. on the same side as the hand which most people use to write with \circ In England cars don't drive on the right side of the road. \circ The keys are in the top right drawer of my desk. \circ He was holding the suitcase in his *right hand.* **noun** the side opposite to the left [~of] \circ Who was that girl sitting on the right of your father? \circ When driving in France remember to keep to the right. \circ

When you get to the next crossroads, turn to the right. \circ Go straight ahead, and take the second road on the right. **adv 1.** directly, or in a straight line o Instead of stopping at the crossroads, he drove right on across the main road and \circ To get to the police station, keep right on to the end of the road, and then turn left. \circ Go right along to the end of the corridor, you'll see *my office in front of you.* **2.** exactly \circ *The* pub is right at the end of the road. \circ The phone rang right in the middle of the TV programme. O She stood right in front of the TV and no one could see the screen. 3. towards the right-hand side \circ To get to the station, turn right at the traffic lights. o *Children should be taught to look right and left before crossing the road.* **I** *interj* agreed, OK o Right, so we all meet again at 7 o'clock?

③ **right-hand** /,rait 'hænd/ adj on the right side

③ **right-handed** /,rait 'hændid/ *adj* using the right hand more often than the left for things like writing and eating

right-hand man /,rait hænd 'mæn/ (plural right-hand men) noun the main assistant

right-wing /,rait 'wiŋ/ *adj* belonging or relating to the conservative political parties **rigid** /'rɪdʒɪd/ *adj* stiff and not bending much

rigmarole /'rɪgmə,rəʊl/ *noun* a process which is unnecessarily complicated

rigorous /'rɪgərəs/ adj very thorough

rigour /'rɪgə/ noun the fact of being strict or severe \circ We will pursue the case with the full rigour of the law. (NOTE: The US spelling is **rigor**.)

rile /rail/ (**riles**, **riling**, **riled**) *verb* to make someone angry or annoyed

③ **rim** /rim/ noun 1. the edge of something round, like a wheel or a cup \circ The rim of the glass is chipped. 2. a frame of spectacles \circ He wears glasses with steel rims.

rind /raind/ noun a skin on fruit, bacon or cheese

① **ring**/rɪŋ/ noun **1**. a round shape, e.g. of metal ○ She has a gold ring in her nose. ○ He wears a ring on his little finger. **2**. a circle of people or things ○ The teacher asked the children to sit in a ring round her. **3**. the noise of an electric bell ○ There was a ring at the door. **4**. a space where a circus show takes place or where a boxing match is held ○ The horses galloped round the ring. ○ The ringmaster came into the ring with his top hat and whip. ■ verb (rings, ringing, **rang, rung) 1.** to make a sound with a bell \circ *The postman rang the doorbell.* \circ *Is that your phone ringing?* **2.** to telephone someone \circ *He rang me to say he would be late.* \circ *Don't ring tomorrow afternoon – the office will be closed.* \circ *Don't ring me, I'll ring you.* \diamond **to ring a bell** to remind someone of something \circ *The name rings a bell.* \circ *Does the name Arbuthnot ring any bells?*

ring back③ *phrasal verb* to telephone to answer someone (*informal*)

ring off(3) phrasal verb to put down the phone

ring up(3) phrasal verb to speak to someone using a telephone

ringleader /'rɪŋliːdə/ noun a person who organises a revolt or some crime

ring road /'rɪŋ rəʊd/ noun a road which goes right round a town

rink /rɪŋk/ *noun* a large enclosed area, e.g. for ice skating, playing ice hockey or roller skating

rinse /rins/ verb (**rinses**, **rinsing**, **rinsed**) to put things covered with soap or dirty things into clean water to remove the soap or the dirt \circ *Rinse the dishes before putting them on the draining board to dry*. \blacksquare *noun* the act of washing something in clean water to get rid of soap \circ *Give your shirt a good rinse*.

(3) **riot** /'raiət/ noun noisy and usually violent behaviour by a crowd of people \circ The protesters started a riot.

rioter /'raɪətə/ *noun* a person who takes part in a riot

riotous /'raiətəs/ adj disorderly, as in a riot

rip /rip/ noun a tear in cloth \circ He lost the race because of a rip in his sail. • verb (**rips, ripping, ripped**) **1.** to tear something roughly \circ I ripped my sleeve on a nail. \circ She ripped open the parcel to see what he had given her. \circ The old bathroom is being ripped out and new units put in. **2.** to go through something violently \circ The fire ripped through the building.

rip off phrasal verb **1**. to tear something off something else \circ *It's the last day of the month so you can rip the page off the calendar.* \circ *Someone has ripped off the book's cover.* **2**. \Box **to rip someone off** to cheat someone or to make someone pay too much (*slang*) \circ *They were ripped off in the market.*

③ **ripe** /ralp/adj ready to eat or to be picked \circ *Don't eat that apple – it isn't ripe yet.*

ripen /'raɪpən/ (ripens, ripening, ripened) verb to become ripe

rip-off /'rɪp ɒf/ noun a bad deal (informal) **ripple** /'rɪp(ə)l/ noun a little wave

() **Fise** /raiz/ noun a movement or slope upwards [~in] ○ Salaries are increasing to keep up with the rise in the cost of living. ○ There is a gentle rise until you get to the top of the hill. ■ verb (rises, rising, rose, risen) to go up ○ The sun always rises in the east. ○ The road rises steeply for a few miles. ○ Prices have been rising steadily all year. ○ If you open the oven door, the cake won't rise properly.

① **risk** /rɪsk/ noun a possible bad result ○ There is not much risk of rain in August. ○ At the risk of looking foolish, I'm going to ask her to come out with me. ○ Ther risk of going blind is very remote. ○ There is a financial risk attached to this deal. ■ verb (**risks, risking, risked**) to do something which may possibly harm you ○ The fireman risked his life to save her. ○ He risked all his savings on buying the bookshop.

risky /'rɪski/ (**riskier**, **riskiest**) *adj* which is dangerous

risqué /'rɪskeɪ/ *adj* slightly indecent **rite** /raɪt/ *noun* a religious ceremony

ritual /'rɪt ʃuəl/ noun 1. a religious ceremony \circ the ritual of the mass 2. something which you do regularly in the same way \circ Every evening it's the same ritual: he puts the cat out and locks the door. \circ We don't follow any particular ritual on Christmas Day, we take the day as it comes.

rival /'raiv(\ni)l/ adj who competes \circ Two rival companies are trying to win the contract. \circ Is this the rival product you were talking about? \circ Simon and I are friends but we play for rival teams. \bullet noun a person or a company that competes \circ H538 \circ We keep our prices low to compete with our rivals.

rivalry /'raiv(ə)lri/ noun competition

(2) **river** /'rıvə/ noun a large mass of fresh water which runs across the land and goes into the sea or into a large lake \circ London is on the River Thames. \circ The river is very deep here, so it's dangerous to swim in it. (NOTE: With names of rivers, you usually say **the River**: the River Thames; the River Amazon; the River Nile.)

rivet /'rivit/ noun a large metal pin which fastens metal plates together \circ The workers were driving rivets into the metal sheets with huge hammers. • verb (rivets, riveting, riveted) 1. to fasten metal plates together \circ Workmen riveted the sheets of

riveting

metal together. **2.** to attract the attention of someone \circ *The audience was riveted by his stories.* \circ *He sat riveted to the TV set.* \circ *Her eyes were riveted on the door, as if she expected someone to come in.*

riveting /'rivitin/ adj which holds everyone's attention (*informal*)

① road /roud/ noun a hard surface which vehicles travel on ○ The road to York goes directly north from London. ○ Drivers must be careful because roads are icy. ○ Children are taught to look both ways before crossing the road. ○ Our office address is: 26 London Road. (NOTE: often used in names: London Road, York Road, etc., and usually written Rd: London Rd, etc.)

roadblock /'rəudblok/ *noun* a barrier put across a road by the police

road map /rəud mæp/ *noun* a map which shows the roads in a certain area

③ **road rage**/'rəud reɪdʒ/ *noun* a violent attack by a driver on another car or its driver, caused by anger at the way the other driver has been driving

roadside /'rəudsaid/ noun the side of a road \circ We couldn't find a picnic area, so in the end we picnicked on the roadside. \circ They had a puncture so they stopped by the roadside to change the wheel.

roadway /'roudwei/ noun a main surface of a road (NOTE: The US term is pavement.)

roadworks /'rəudw3:ks/ plural noun repairs to a road \circ It took longer than normal to get to Birmingham because of all the roadworks.

roadworthy /'rəudw3:ði/ adj in a fit state to be driven on a road

roam /rəom/ (roams, roaming, roamed) *verb* to wander about a place without any particular destination

roar /ro:/ (roars, roaring, roared) verb to make a deep loud noise \circ *He roared with laughter at the film*. \circ *The lion roared and then attacked.*

③ **roast** /rəust/ verb (**roasts, roasting, roasted**) to cook food over a fire or in an oven ○ If you want the meat thoroughly cooked, roast it for a longer period at a lower temperature. ○ You can either roast pigeons or cook them in a casserole. ■ adj which has been roasted ○ What a lovely smell of roast meat! ○ We had roast chicken for dinner.

③ **rob** /rpb/ (**robs**, **robbing**, **robbed**) *verb* to attack and steal from someone

③ **robber** /'rɒbə/ *noun* a person who attacks and steals from someone **robbery** /'robəri/ (*plural* **robberies**) *noun* the act of attacking and stealing someone

robe /roub/ noun a long, loose dress for men or women \circ The professors came onto the platform in their academic robes. \circ The Arab sheikh rode up on a camel in his flowing robes.

robin /'rɒbin/ *noun* a common small brown bird with a red breast

(3) **robot** /'rəubot/ *noun* a machine which is designed to work like a person automatically

robust /rəʊ'bʌst/ adj **1.** strong and healthy **2.** not likely to fail or break \circ a robust system **3.** vigorous and determined \circ He gave some robust answers to the journalists' questions.

② **rock** /rok/ noun **1**. a large stone or a large piece of stone \circ *The ship was breaking up on the rocks*. **2**. a hard pink sweet shaped like a stick, often with the name of a town printed in it, bought mainly by tourists \circ a stick of Brighton rock **3**. **rock music** loud popular music with a strong rhythm \circ *Rock is the only music he listens to*. **•** *verb* (**rocks, rocking, rocked**) to move from side to side \circ *The little boat rocked in the wake of the ferry.* \circ *The explosion rocked the town*.

③ **rock bottom** /,rok 'botəm/ noun the lowest point

rocket /'rokit/ noun **1**. a type of space vehicle that looks like a tall tower **2**. a type of firework which flies up into the sky \circ We stood in the square and watched the rockets lighting up the sky. **3**. a type of bomb which is shot through space at an enemy \circ They fired a homemade rocket into the police station.

rocking chair /'rokin tjeə/ noun a chair which rocks backwards and forwards on rockers

rock music /'rok ,mju:zɪk/ *noun* loud popular music with a strong rhythm

rocky /'rɒki/ adj **1**. full of rocks and large stones \circ They followed a rocky path up the mountain. **2**. difficult \circ The company has had a rocky year. \circ My brother and sisterin-law are going through a rocky patch at the moment. **3**. not steady \circ My chair is a bit rocky.

rod /rpd/ noun a long stick \circ You need something rigid like a metal rod to hold the tent upright.

3 rode /roud/ past tense of ride

rodent /'rəud(ə)nt/ *noun* an animal which chews and gnaws, such as a mouse or a rat

rodeo /'rəudiəu, rəu'deɪəu/ (plural rodeos) noun a display of skill by cowboys

roe /rəu/ noun the eggs of fish \circ They ate salmon roe on toast. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **row**.)

rogue /rəug/ noun a wicked or dishonest person \circ That car dealer is a bit of a rogue – you shouldn't really trust him.

() role /rəol/, **rôle** noun **1**. a part played by someone in a play or film \circ *He plays the role of the king.* **2**. a part played by someone in real life [~in] \circ *He played an important role in getting the project off the ground.* \circ *Sleep has an important role in good health.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **roll.**)

(3) **role model** /'rəʊl ,mɒd(ə)l/ noun a person who should be taken as an example which others can copy

role play /'roul plet/ *noun* an activity in which people each play the part of another person, as part of a training exercise

(i) roll /roul/ noun 1. a tube of something which has been turned over and over on itself \circ a roll of fax paper \circ a roll of toilet *paper* or *a toilet roll* **2.** a very small loaf of bread for one person, sometimes cut in half and used to make a sandwich \circ *a bowl of* soup and a bread roll ■ verb (rolls, rolling, **rolled**) 1. to make something go forward by turning it over and over \circ *He rolled the ball* to the other player. 2. to go forward by turning over and over o The ball rolled down the hill. \circ My pound coin has rolled under the piano. 3. to make something move on wheels or rollers o The table is fitted with wheels, just roll it into the room. \circ The patient was rolled into the operating theatre ten minutes ago. 4. to turn something flat over and over so that it forms a cylinder \circ *He rolled the poster into a tube.*

roll up (a) phrasal verb **1.** to turn something flat over and over until it is a tube \circ He rolled up the carpet or rolled the carpet up. \circ A hedgehog will roll up into a ball if you touch it. **2.** to arrive \circ They just rolled up and asked if we could put them up for the night. \circ The bridegroom finally rolled up an hour late and said he'd had a puncture.

rollcall /'rəʊlkɔːl/ *noun* the act of reading a list of names

(3) **roller** /'r \Rightarrow ulə/ noun **1**. a heavy round object which rolls, e.g. one used for making lawns or cricket pitches flat \circ *The*

ground is so bumpy, you'll need a roller to flatten it. \circ They used the roller just before the match started. \diamond **steamroller 2.** a plastic tube used for rolling hair into curls \circ She came to the door in her dressing gown and rollers.

rollerblades /'rəuləbletdz/ *trademark* roller skates with a single set of wheels placed in line on the sole of each skate

rollerblading /'rəʊləbleɪdɪŋ/ noun the sport of going on rollerblades

roller coaster /, rəulə 'kəustə/ noun **1**. a fairground railway which goes up and down steep slopes \circ *We all went for a ride on the roller coaster*. **2**. a dangerous or risky series of events that cannot be controlled \circ *The government had a roller-coaster ride during its first weeks in office.* **rolling pin** / rəulıŋ pin/ noun a wooden roller with handles, for flattening pastry

Roman /'rəumən/ noun 1. a person who lives or lived in Rome \circ The Romans invaded Britain in AD 43. 2. a printing type with straight letters \circ The book is set in Times Roman. Compare italic

Roman Catholic /, r=0m=n 'kæ $\theta(\vartheta)$ lik/ noun a person who belongs to the Christian Church of which the Pope is the head \circ When the Pope visited the country thousands of Roman Catholics attended mass.

(3) **romance** /rəu'mæns/ noun **1**. a love affair ○ She told us all about her holiday romance. ○ Their romance didn't last. **2**. a love story ○ You'll enjoy this book if you like romances.

Roman numeral/,rəomən 'nju:mərəl/ *noun* a number belonging to the set written with the symbols I,V, X, C, D and M. Compare **Arabic numeral**

(a) (c) (c)

Romany /'roməni/ *noun* a member of a people originally from India, who travel from place to place rather than live in a permanent home

romp /romp/ (romps, romping, romped) verb to play about energetically \circ She was romping with her friends on the sofa when her mother came in.

(2) **roof** /ru:f/ noun 1. a part of a building which covers it and protects it \circ *The cat*

roofing

walked across the roof of the greenhouse. \circ She lives in a little cottage with a thatched roof. **2**. the top of the inside of the mouth \circ *I burnt the roof of my mouth drinking hot* soup. **3**. the top of a vehicle, e.g. a car, bus or lorry \circ We had to put the cases on the roof of the car.

roofing /'ru:fiŋ/ noun material which is used to make roofs

roof rack /'ru:f ræk/ *noun* a frame fixed to the roof of a car for carrying luggage

rooftop /'ru:ftop/ *noun* the top of a roof • *The plane flew low over the rooftops of the village.*

rook /rok/ noun **1**. a large black bird \circ What is the difference between a rook and a crow? – Crows usually live in pairs, while rooks live in colonies. **2**. (in chess) one of two pieces used in chess, shaped like a little castle tower \circ She took my last rook.

rookie /'roki/ *noun* a new recruit in the armed forces or in the police (*informal*)

① **room** /ru:m/ noun **1**. a part of a building, divided from other parts by walls \circ *The flat has six rooms, plus kitchen and bathroom.* \circ *We want an office with at least four rooms.* **2**. a bedroom in a hotel \circ *Your room is 316 – here's your key.* \circ *His room is just opposite mine.* **3**. a space for something [-for] \circ *There isn't enough room in the car for six people.* \circ *The table is too big – it takes up a lot of room.* \Box **to make room for someone or something** \circ *There is no way we can make room for another passenger.*

room-mate /'ru:m meit/ *noun* a person who shares a room with you, especially at college

room service /'ru:m ,s3:v15/ *noun* an arrangement in a hotel where food or drink can be served in a guest's bedroom

roomy /'ru:mi/ (roomier, roomiest) adj with plenty of space inside

② **root** /ru:t/ noun 1. a part of a plant which goes down into the ground, and which takes nourishment from the soil \circ *I'm not surprised the plant died – it has* hardly any roots. 2. the part of a hair or a tooth which goes down into the skin \circ *He pulled her hair out by the roots.* \diamond **to put down roots** to live somewhere long enough to feel that you belong there \diamond **to take root 1.** (of an idea) to become established 2. (of part of a plant) to make roots \circ *The cuttings died – none of them took root.* ② **rope** /rəup/ noun a very thick cord ○ You'll need a rope to pull the car out of the ditch. ○ The burglar climbed down from the balcony on a rope. ■ verb (**ropes**, **roping**, **roped**) to the together with a rope ○ The climbers roped themselves together. ○ We roped the sofa onto the roof of the car.

rosary /'rəuzəri/ *noun* a string of beads which Catholics use to count out a set of prayers

(3) **FOSE** /r \Rightarrow 02/ noun a common garden flower with a strong pleasant smell \circ He gave her a bunch of red roses. \circ These roses have a beautiful scent. \blacksquare past tense of **rise**

rosé /'rəuzei/ *noun* a pink wine which gets its colour from the black grape skins being left only for a short time in the fermenting mixture

rosemary /'rəʊzməri/ *noun* a bush herb with spiky green leaves, used in cooking

rosette /rəu'zet/ *noun* a ribbon bunched to look like a flower, used as a decoration or as a badge

roster /'rpstə/ *noun* a list of duties which have to be done and the people who have to do them

rostrum /'rostrəm/ *noun* a raised stand for a speaker

rosy /'rəʊzi/ (**rosier, rosiest**) *adj* **1**. bright pink and healthy \circ *The children had rosy cheeks when they came in from their walk.* **2**. very favourable \circ *Our future is looking rosier than it has done for years.*

rot /rot/ (**rots**, **rotting**, **rotted**) verb to decay \circ The wooden fence is not very old but it has already started to rot. \diamond **rotten**

rota /'rəutə/ *noun* a roster, a list of duties which have to be done and the people who have to do them

rotary /'rəutəri/ adj which turns round

rotate /rəʊ'teɪt/ (rotates, rotating, rotated) verb to turn round or turn something round an axis like a wheel

rotation $/r \Rightarrow 0^{+} ter J(\Rightarrow)n/$ noun **1.** movement around a central point \circ *the rotation of the earth round the sun* **2.** the act of taking turns \circ *the rotation of players in a team* **rote** */r* \Rightarrow ot*/ noun* learning by heart, often without understanding it

(3) **rotten** /'rot(\ni)n/ adj **1**. decayed \circ The apple looked nice on the outside, but inside it was rotten. \circ Don't walk on that plank, I think it is rotten. **2**. unpleasant \circ I had a rotten time at the party – no one would dance with me. \circ We had rotten weather on holiday.

rottweiler /'rot, wailə/ *noun* a large powerful dog with a black smooth coat with brown

(2) **rough** /rAf/ *adj* **1**. not smooth \circ *Rub* down any rough edges with sandpaper. **2**. not very accurate \circ *I* made some rough calculations on the back of an envelope. **3**. not finished, or with no details \circ *He made a* rough draft of the new design. **4**. not gentle \circ *Don't be rough when you're playing with the puppy.*

rough-and-tumble /,rAf ən 'tAmbəl/ *noun* a way of living that involves a lot of conflict

roughen /' $r_A f(\vartheta)n$ / (roughens, roughening, roughened) verb to become rough, or make something become rough

(2) **roughly** /'r∧fli/ adv 1. in a way that is not gentle enough ○ Don't play so roughly with the children. ○ The men threw the boxes of china roughly into the back of their van. 2. approximately ○ There were roughly one hundred people in the audience. ○ Ten euros make roughly six pounds. ○ The cost of building the new kitchen will be roughly £25,000.

roughshod /'rAf fod/ adv to ride **roughshod over somebody** or something to treat somebody with no justice or consideration, or disregard something completely

roulette /ru:'let/ *noun* a game of chance where bets are made on the numbers in boxes on a flat rotating wheel where a small ball will lodge when the wheel stops turning

(1) **round** /raund/ adj 1. with a shape like a circle o In Chinese restaurants, you usually sit at round tables. 2. with a shape like a sphere \circ Soccer is played with a round ball, while a Rugby ball is oval. \circ People used to believe that the Earth was flat, not round. adv, prep 1. in a circular way or movement \circ The wheels of the lorry went round and round. \circ The Earth goes round the Sun. \circ He was the first person to sail round the world single-handed. O We all sat round the table chatting. \circ He ran down the street and disappeared round a corner. 2. towards the back \circ She turned round when he tapped her on the shoulder. \circ Don't look round when you're driving on the motorway. 3. from one person to another o They passed round some papers for everyone to sign. \circ Can you pass the plate of cakes round, please? 4. in various places • They spent the afternoon going round the town.

round down *phrasal verb* to decrease to the nearest full figure

round on *phrasal verb* to start to criticise someone suddenly

round up phrasal verb **1**. to gather people or animals together \circ The secret police rounded up about fifty suspects and took them off in vans. \circ She rounded up the children and took them into the museum. \circ The farmer is out in the fields rounding up his sheep. **2**. to increase to the nearest full figure \circ The figures have been rounded up to the nearest dollar. \circ I owed him £4.98 so I rounded it up to £5.00.

③ **roundabout** /'raundəbaut/ noun 1. a place where several roads meet, and traffic has to move in a circle ○ When you get to the next roundabout, turn right. 2. (in a children's playground) a heavy wheel which turns, and which children ride on in a park ○ The children all ran to get on the roundabout. ○ A small child fell from the roundabout and hurt his leg badly. 3. (in a fairground) a large machine in a fairground which turns round and plays music, usually with horses to sit on which move up and down

rounded /'raundid/ adj with a smooth or round shape

roundly /'raundli/ adv strongly and clearly

round-the-clock /raund ðir/ adj throughout the day and night

(3) **round trip** /'raund trip/ *noun* a journey from one place to another and back again

roundup /'raundʌp/ *noun* a summary

FOUSE /raoz/ (rouses, rousing, roused) verb 1. to wake someone who is sleeping \circ The shouts of the firemen roused the sleeping patients. 2. to get someone to act \circ The difficulty will be to rouse the chairman into action. Compare arouse

rousing /'rauzıŋ/ *adj* loud and noisy **rout** /raut/ *noun* the complete defeat of an army or a team ○ *The final match of the series ended in a rout for the home side.* ■ *verb* (**routs, routing, routed**) to defeat someone completely ○ *The enemy army was routed.* (NOTE: + **rout** *n*)

② **route** /ru:t/ noun a way to be followed to get to a destination \circ We still have to decide which route we will take.

③ **routine** /ru:'ti:n/ noun the usual, regular way of doing things \circ He doesn't like his daily routine to be disturbed. \circ A change of routine might do you good. \blacksquare adj

done as part of a regular pattern of activities \circ *He went to the doctor for a routine examination.*

roving /'rouvin/ adj going from place to place

() row^1 /row/ noun a line of things, side by side or one after the other \circ He has a row of cabbages in the garden. \circ They pulled down an old house to build a row of shops. \circ I want two seats in the front row.

row² /rao/ noun (informal) **1**. a serious argument \circ They had a row about who was responsible for the accident. **2**. a loud noise \circ Stop making that dreadful row!

rowdy /'raudi/ (rowdier, rowdiest) adj involving people who are making a great deal of noise \circ A rowdy party in the flat next door kept us all awake. \circ The minister had a rowdy reception at the meeting.

() **royal** /'rɔɪəl/ adj relating to a king or queen

royal blue /,rɔɪəl 'bluː/ noun a deep blue royalist /'rɔɪəlɪst/ noun a person supporting rule by a king or queen

royalty /'rɔɪəlti/ (plural **royalties**) noun **1**. members of a king's or queen's family \circ *Please dress formally, there will be royalty present.* **2**. money paid to the author of a book or an actor in a film as a percentage of sales \circ *Do you receive royalties on the sales of your book?* \circ *All royalty cheques are paid direct to my account in Switzerland.*

③ **RSVP** *abbr* letters printed on an invitation asking the person invited to reply. Full form **répondez s'il vous plaît**

③ **rub** /rAb/ (**rubs**, **rubbing**, **rubbed**) verb to move something across the surface of something else \circ He rubbed his hands together to get them warm. \circ These new shoes have rubbed against my heel and given me a blister. \circ The cat rubbed herself against my legs.

rub in(3) *phrasal verb* to make an ointment or cream enter the skin by rubbing o She rubbed the ointment into her skin.

rub out③ *phrasal verb* to remove a pencil mark with a rubber

rub up phrasal verb \Box **to rub someone up the wrong way** to annoy someone (informal) \circ She's in a bad mood, someone must have rubbed her up the wrong way.

③ **rubber** /'rʌbə/ noun 1. a strong substance that bends easily, made from the sap of a tropical tree ○ *Car tyres are made of rubber*. ○ *Many years ago, we visited a rubber plantation in Malaysia.* 2. a piece of rubber used for removing pencil marks \circ *He used a rubber to try to rub out what he had written.*

rubber band /,rAbə 'bænd/ noun same as elastic band

③ **rubbish** /'r∧biJ/ noun 1. waste, things which are no use and are thrown away ○ We had to step over heaps of rubbish to get to the restaurant. 2. worthless nonsense ○ Have you read his new book? – It's rubbish! ○ He's talking rubbish, don't listen to him.

rubble /'rAb(ə)l/ *noun* small stones or broken bricks from damaged buildings, also used in making such things as paths

rubella /ruɪ'belə/ *noun* a usually mild disease which gives a red rash but which can affect an unborn child if caught by a pregnant woman

ruby /'ru:bi/ (plural rubies) noun a red precious stone $\circ A$ necklace of rubies and pearls.

rucksack /'rʌksæk/ noun a large bag carried on the back when walking

③ **rude** /ru:d/ adj not polite and likely to offend people \circ *Don't point at people* – *it's rude*. \circ *The teacher asked who had written rude words on the board*. \circ *He was rude to the teacher.* (NOTE: **ruder – rudest**)

rudely /'ruːdli/ adv in a rude way

rudimentary /,ru:dI'ment(ə)ri/ *adj* basic; not fully developed

rudiments /'ru:diments/ plural noun simple basic facts \circ He went on a short course so he's learnt the rudiments of sailing.

ruffle $/^{t}rAf(\Im)l/$ (ruffles, ruffling, ruffled) verb to disturb feathers or water or someone's hair \circ The breeze ruffled the surface of the lake. \circ She ruffled his hair.

rug /rAg/ noun **1.** a small carpet \circ This beautiful rug comes from the Middle East. **2.** a thick blanket, especially one used when travelling \circ Put a rug over your knees if you're cold. \circ We spread rugs on the grass to have our picnic.

③ **rugby** /'rʌgbi/, **rugby football** /,rʌgbi 'fotbɔːl/ *noun* a type of football played with an oval ball which is thrown as well as kicked

rugged /'rʌgɪd/ adj **1**. rough, rocky, uneven \circ *The rugged landscape of the moon.* **2**. tough and sturdy \circ *At school, he rapidly developed a rugged independence.*

③ **ruin** /'ruin/ (**ruins**, **ruining**, **ruined**) *verb* to spoil something completely \circ *Our picnic was ruined by the rain*.

③ **ruins** /'ruinz/ plural noun remains of old or damaged buildings □ **in ruins** destroyed ○ The town was in ruins after the war. ○ After being arrested at the night club, his career was in ruins.

② **rule** /ru!! *noun* a statement of the right things to do or the right way to behave ○ There are no rules that forbid parking here at night. ○ According to the rules, your ticket must be paid for two weeks in advance. □ against the rules not as the rules say ○ You can't hold the football in your hands – it's against the rules. ■ verb (rules, ruling, ruled) to govern or to control ○ The president rules the country according to very old-fashioned principles.

rule out *phrasal verb* to leave something out, not to consider something

③ **ruler** /'ruɪlə/ noun **1**. a person who governs \circ A ruler should be fair. \circ He's the ruler of a small African state. **2**. a long piece of wood or plastic with measurements marked on it, used for measuring and drawing straight lines \circ You need a ruler to draw straight lines.

③ **ruling** /'ru:ln/ noun a legal decision made by a judge or other arbitrator \circ The judge will give a ruling on the case next week. \circ According to the ruling of the court, the contract was illegal.

rum /rAm/ noun an alcoholic drink made from the juice of sugar cane \circ She had a glass of rum and pineapple juice.

rumble /'rʌmbəl/ (**rumbles**, **rumbling**, **rumbled**) verb to make a low rolling noise • Wooden carts full of stone rumbled past. • Thunder rumbled in the distance. • I'm so hungry my tummy's rumbling.

rumbling /'rʌmblɪŋ/ noun a low rolling noise

ruminate /'ru:mineit/ (**ruminates, ruminating, ruminated**) verb to think over a problem \circ He spent the weekend ruminating on what to do next.

rummage /'rAmId₃/ (**rummages**, **rummaging**, **rummaged**) verb to search about for something \circ She rummaged in her drawer until she found the pair of gloves.

rumour /'ruːmə/ noun a story spread from one person to another but which may not be true \circ *People have been spreading rumours about his private life.There's a rumour going around that John's getting married.* (NOTE: The US spelling is **rumor**.) **rump** /rʌmp/ noun the back part of an animal

rumpled /'rAmpəld/ adj creased or untidy () run /rAn/ verb (runs. running. ran. run) **1.** to go quickly on foot \circ When she heard the telephone, she ran upstairs. \circ Children must be taught not to run across the road. • She's running in the 200 metre race. 2. (of buses, trains, etc.) to be operating $\circ All$ underground trains are running late because of the accident. o This bus doesn't run on Sundays. 3. (of vehicles) to work o He left his car in the street with the engine running. \circ My car's not running very well at the moment. 4. to direct or organise an organisation \circ He runs a chain of shoe shops. \circ I want someone to run the sales department for me when I'm away on holi*day.* \circ *He runs the local youth club.* \circ *The* country is run by the army. 5. to drive someone by car o Let me run you to the station. 6. (of liquid) to flow, to move along smoothly o The river runs past our house. ■ noun 1. the act of going quickly on foot, usually as a sport \circ She entered for the 10mile run. \circ I always go for a run before breakfast. • You must be tired out after that *long run.* **2.** a score of 1 in cricket \circ *He* made 45 runs before he was out.

run across (a) *phrasal verb* **1.** to cross something quickly on foot \circ *The little boy ran across the road after his ball.* **2.** to find or to meet someone by accident \circ *I ran across it in a secondhand bookshop.* **run after** () *phrasal verb* to follow someone fast

run away () phrasal verb 1. to escape or to go away fast \circ They were running away from the police. \circ She ran away from school when she was 16. \circ The youngsters ran away to Paris. 2. \Box to run away with someone to go away from your family to live with someone or to marry someone \circ She ran away with her German teacher.

run down () phrasal verb **1**. to go down quickly on foot \circ She ran down the stairs two at a time. \circ Can you run down to the village and buy me some bread? **2**. (of clock, machine) to stop working or go slower because of lack of power \circ The clock has run down – it needs a new battery. **3**. to criticise someone \circ It's not fair to run him down when he's not there to defend himself. **4**. to reduce the quantity of something \circ We're running down our stocks of coal before the summer. **5**. to knock down with a vehicle \circ She was run down by a car which did not stop.

run into phrasal verb **1**. to go into a place fast \circ She ran into the street, shouting 'Fire!'. **2**. to go fast and hit some-

runaway

thing, usually in a vehicle \circ *He didn't* look where he was going and ran into an old lady. \circ *The bus turned the corner too* fast and ran into a parked van. **3.** to amount to something \circ *Costs have run* into thousands of pounds. \circ *Her income runs into five figures.* **4.** to find someone by chance \circ *I ran into him again in a café* on the South Bank. **5.** to flow \circ *The river runs into the sea.*

run off(3) phrasal verb 1. to go away fast \circ He grabbed the watch and ran off down the street. 2. to print using a machine \circ She ran off a few photocopies of the leaflet.

run off with (3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to go away with someone \circ *He ran off with the girl next door and phoned his parents to say they had gone to Paris.* **2.** to steal something and go away \circ *She ran off with our petty cash.*

run on (1) phrasal verb **1.** to continue \circ The text runs on to the next page. \circ Does the play run on until very late? **2.** to use something as a fuel \circ The machine runs on electricity.

run out () *phrasal verb* to have nothing left of something \circ *The car ran out of petrol on the motorway.* \circ *I must go to the supermarket – we're running out of butter.*

run over() *phrasal verb* **1.** to knock someone down by hitting them with a vehicle \circ *She was run over by a taxi.* \circ *The car ran over a dog.* **2.** to continue \circ *The description of the accident runs over two pages.*

run through (3) *phrasal verb* **1.** to read a list rapidly \circ *Let's run through the agenda before the meeting starts to see if there are any problem areas.* \circ *She ran through the paragraph again to make sure she understood what it meant.* **2.** to use up \circ *We have run through our entire stock of wine in one weekend.* **3.** to repeat \circ *Just run through that scene again to see if you all know your lines.*

run up() phrasal verb **1.** to go somewhere quickly on foot $[\sim to] \circ$ She ran up and asked if we were ready. \circ He ran up to the policeman and asked him to call an ambulance. **2.** to make debts go up quickly \circ The business was running up debts of thousands of pounds each week.

run up against(3) phrasal verb to find your way blocked by something

runaway /'r Λ nəweı/ *noun* a person who has run away from home \circ *The police are looking for the runaways.*

rundown¹ /rAn'daon/ *adj* **1**. unwell or tired \circ *If you feel run down, ask the chemist for vitamins.* **2**. dilapidated, not looked after \circ *He drives a run-down old car.*

rundown² /' r_Andaon / noun a summary \circ Give me a quick run-down on what happened at the meeting.

③ **rung** /rʌŋ/ noun one of the bars on a ladder ○ Put your foot on the bottom rung to hold the ladder steady. ■ past participle of **ring**

run-in /'rAn IN/ noun an argument (informal)

(3) **runner** /'rʌnə/ noun a person or horse running in a race o My horse came in last of seven runners. o There are 30,000 runners in the London Marathon.

runner bean /,rʌnə 'biːn/ noun a type of climbing bean

(3) **runner-up** $/_1 r_{\Lambda} n_{\theta} r'_{\Lambda} p/(plural runners-up) noun a person who comes after the winner in a race or competition$

③ **running** /'rAnIŋ/ $adj \Box$ for three days **running** one day after another for three days \circ *The company have made a profit for six years or the sixth year running*. \blacksquare *noun* **1.** the activity of running, as a sport or a leisure activity **2.** the action of managing \circ *I now leave the running of the firm to my daughter.* \diamond **to be in the running** to be a candidate for something \circ *Three people are in the running for the post of chairperson.* \diamond **to be out of the running** to no longer be a candidate for something \circ *She's out of the running for the job in France.*

running battle /,rʌnıŋ 'bæt(ə)l/ noun a battle which moves around from place to place

running costs /'rʌnıŋ kɒsts/ noun the money spent regularly on operating a business

running total /,rʌnɪŋ 'təʊt(ə)l/ noun a total which is carried from one column of figures to the next

running water /,rʌnɪŋ 'wɔːtə/ noun water which is available in a house through water mains and taps

runny /'rʌni/ adj in liquid form

run-of-the-mill /,rʌn əv ðə 'mɪl/ adj ordinary

run-up /'rAn Ap/ *noun* a period leading up to some event \circ *In the run-up to the election.*

③ **runway** /'rʌnweɪ/ *noun* a track on which planes land and take off at an airport **rupture** /'rʌpt∫ə/ (**ruptures**, **rupturing**, **ruptured**) verb to break or burst ○ A water main ruptured and the centre of town was flooded. (NOTE: + **rupture** n)

② **rural** /'ruərəl/ adj relating to the countryside ○ Rural roads are usually fairly narrow. ○ We live quite close to a town but the country round us still looks very rural. **ruse** /ru:z/ noun a clever trick

② **rush** /r∧ʃ/ noun a fast movement [~of] ○ There was a rush of hot air when they opened the door. ○ There has been a rush to change pounds to euros. ○ When the film ended there was a rush for the toilets. ■ verb (**rushes, rushing, rushed**) to hurry, to go forward fast ○ The ambulance rushed to the accident. ○ Crowds of shoppers rushed to the shops on the first day of the sales.

rush into phrasal verb 1. to go into a place quickly \circ He rushed into the room waving a piece of paper. 2. to get into a situation too quickly, without really thinking \circ They rushed into an alliance with the socialists and regretted it immediately. \circ Don't rush into marriage if you're doubtful about your partner.

rushed /rA [t/ adj done very quickly

(3) **rush hour** $/r_{A} \int a \upsilon \partial / noun a time of day when traffic is bad and when trains are full$

rust /rAst/ noun a reddish-brown substance formed on iron and steel when left in damp air ○ There is a bit of rust on the bonnet of the car. ■ verb (rusts, rusting, **rusted**) to form rust \circ *Don't leave the hammer and screwdriver in the rain – they'll rust.*

rustic /'rAst1k/ adj **1**. of country style \circ They live in a little rustic cottage on the edge of a lake. **2**. rough, not elegant \circ We bought a rustic bench and table for eating in the garden.

rustle /' $r_{AS}(\vartheta)$]/ verb (**rustles, rustling, rustled**) to make a soft noise like dry surfaces rubbing against each other \circ Her long skirt rustled as she sat down. \circ Don't rustle the newspaper when the radio is on, I can't hear it properly. \blacksquare noun the noise of dry leaves or pieces of paper rubbing together \circ Listen to the rustle of the dry leaves in the hedge.

rustle up phrasal verb to get something ready quickly (informal)

rusty /' r_Asti / adj covered with rust \circ She tried to cut the string with a pair of rusty old scissors. \circ He has a rusty old fridge in his front garden.

rut /rAt/ noun a deep track made in soft earth by the wheels of vehicles \circ The front wheel of the car was stuck in a deep rut.

ruthless /'ru: θ ləs/ *adj* cruel, with no pity for anyone

rye /rai/ noun **1**. a type of dark brown cereal, used to make bread and American whiskey \circ *They are harvesting the rye to-day.* **2**. rye whiskey or American whiskey; a glass of this whiskey \circ *A large rye and soda, please.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **wry.**)

S

s /es/, **s** *noun* the nineteenth letter of the alphabet, between R and T

'S short for 1. is 2. has \blacksquare suffix used on the end of a noun to show possession or relationship between things \circ Judy's book \circ the dog's puppies \circ the rose's scent \circ a day's holiday

S abbr 1. south 2. southern

sabbatical $/s = bat_1k(a)l/$, **sabbatic** noun leave granted to people such as teachers for study and travel after a period of work

sabotage /'sæbətɑːʒ/ (sabotages, sabotaging, sabotaged) verb to destroy something, to render something useless deliberately \circ He sabotaged the whole plan by passing the details to the police. (NOTE: + sabotage n)

saboteur /,sæbə't3ː/ *noun* a person who commits sabotage

sabre /'seibə/ *noun* a sword with a curved blade (NOTE: The US spelling is **saber**.)

sabre-rattling /'setbə ,ræt(ə)lıŋ/ noun an aggressive display or threat of force or military action (NOTE: The US spelling is **saber-rattling**.)

saccharin /'sækərın/ *noun* a substance used as a substitute for sugar

sachet /'sæ∫eɪ/ *noun* a small plastic or paper bag containing something

sack /sæk/ noun a large bag made of strong cloth or paper, used for carrying heavy things \circ a sack of potatoes \blacksquare verb (sacks, sacking, sacked) to force someone to leave his or her job \circ He was sacked because he was always late for work.

sacking /'sækıŋ/ *noun* dismissal from a job \circ *The union protested against the sackings*.

sacrament /'sækrəmənt/ noun a Christian religious ceremony \circ *the sacrament of marriage*

sacred /'seikrid/ adj **1**. associated with religion \circ The sacred texts were kept locked away. **2**. respected \circ Nothing is sacred to a reporter chasing a good story. \circ She believed it was her sacred duty to look after his garden while he was away.

sacred cow /₁seikrid 'kau/ noun a belief or idea which is not to be criticised

sacrifice /'sækrifais/ noun 1. something which you give up to achieve something more important o He finally won the competition, but at great personal sacrifice. She made many financial sacrifices to get *her children through university.* **to make sacrifices** to not have or do something for vourself so that someone else can benefit or you can do something better later 2. the act of making an offering to a god by killing an animal or person o He ordered the sacrifice of two lambs to please the gods. verb (sacrifices, sacrificing, sacrificed) 1. to give something up \circ *I have sacrificed my* career to be able to stay at home and bring up my children. \circ She has sacrificed her*self for the cause of animal welfare.* **2.** to kill an animal or person to please a god \circ The priests sacrificed a goat to the goddess.

sacrilege /'sækrılıdʒ/ *noun* behaviour towards something holy or important to other people which lacks respect

sacrosanct /'sækrəsæŋkt/ *adj* not to be criticised or changed

② **sad** /sæd/ adj not happy ○ He's sad because the holidays have come to an end. ○ What a sad film – everyone was crying. ○ Reading his poems makes me sad. ○ It was sad to leave the house for the last time. ○ He felt sad watching the boat sail away. ○ It's sad that he can't come to see us.

sadden /'sæd(ə)n/ (saddens, saddening, saddened) verb to make someone unhappy

saddle /'sæd(\Im)l/ noun **1**. a rider's seat on a bicycle or motorbike **2**. a rider's seat on a horse \circ He leapt into the saddle and rode away.

sadhu /'sɑːduː/, **saddhu** *noun* in Hinduism, a holy man sadist /'setdist/ noun a person who gets
pleasure from being cruel (NOTE: + sadism
n)

③ **sadly** /'sædli/ adv **1**. in a sad way \circ *She smiled sadly*. **2**. used for saying that something makes you sad \circ *Sadly*, *John couldn't join us for my birthday party*.

sadness /'sædnəs/ *noun* a feeling of being very unhappy

s.a.e. *abbr* self-addressed envelope, stamped addressed envelope

safari /sə'fɑ:ri/ *noun* an expedition to photograph or kill wild animals, especially in Africa

② **Safe** /setf/ adj (safer, safest) not in danger, or not likely to be hurt \circ *In this* cave, we should be safe from the thunderstorm. \circ All the children are safe, but the school was burnt down. \circ Is it safe to touch this snake? \blacksquare noun a strong box for keeping things such as documents, money or jewels in \circ Put your valuables in the hotel safe. \circ The burglars managed to open the safe.

safe deposit box /,seif di'ppzit ,bbks/ *noun* a small box which you can rent to hold jewellery or documents in a bank's strongroom

Safeguard /'selfga:d/ (safeguards, safeguarding, safeguarded) verb to protect something \circ Our aim is to safeguard the interests of the widow and children. (NOTE: + safeguard n)

safe haven /_sserf 'herv(ϑ)n/ noun a place which is safe from attack, where someone is protected from danger

safe keeping / self 'ki:piŋ/ noun the care of something in a safe place

② **safely** /'serfli/ adv without being hurt ○ The rescue services succeeded in getting all the passengers safely off the burning train. ○ We were shown how to handle explosives safely. ○ 'Drive safely!' she said as she waved goodbye.

safe sex /serf 'seks/ *noun* having sex in a way that avoids transmission of a sexual disease, e.g. by using a condom and only having one sexual partner

② safety /'setfti/ noun 1. being safe ○ Our main concern is the safety of the children. 2. □ for safety in order to make something safe ○ Put the money in the office safe for safety. ○ Keep a note of the numbers of your traveller's cheques for safety.

safety belt /'setfti belt/ noun a belt which you wear in a plane to stop you being hurt if there is an accident

safety net /'seifti net/ noun 1. a net stretched under someone such as a tight-

rope walker to catch him or her if he or she falls \circ *He was killed when he walked the tightrope without a safety net.* **2.** something which protects you if things go wrong \circ *He has a second job, which is a useful safety net if he is made redundant.*

safety pin /'seifti pin/ noun a pin whose point fits into a cover when it is fastened, and so can't hurt you

saffron /'sæfrən/ (plural saffrons or same) noun an orange-coloured powder made from crocus flowers, used in cooking to give colour and flavour to food \circ She made rice with saffron.

sag /sæg/ (**sags**, **sagging**, **sagged**) *verb* to sink or bend in the middle under weight or pressure

saga /'sɑːgə/ noun 1. an old story of heroic achievement or adventure, especially in Norway and Iceland \circ the sagas of ancient kings of Iceland 2. a long story \circ I don't want to hear her tell the saga of the accident all over again.

sage /setd₃/ noun **1**. an aromatic herb with silvery-green leaves used in cookery **2**. an old wise man \circ *The king invited sages to his castle to give him advice.*

Sagittarius /,sæd31'teəriəs/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like an archer, covering the period from 22nd November to 21st December

③ **said** /sed/ past tense and past participle of **say**

② sail /seil/ noun a piece of cloth which catches the wind and drives a boat along \circ . The wind dropped so they lowered the sail and started to row. \circ They hoisted the sail and started to row. \circ They hoisted the sail and set out across the Channel. \bullet verb (sails, sailing, sailed) 1. to travel on water \circ The ship was sailing towards the rocks. \circ We were sailing east. \circ He was the first person to sail across the Atlantic single-handed. \circ She's planning to sail round the world. 2. to leave a harbour \circ The ferry sails at 12.00.

sailboard /'seilbo:d/ *noun* a board with a sail, used for travelling across water

(3) **sailing** /'seilin/ noun travel in a ship

sailing boat /'serlin bout/ noun a boat which uses mainly sails to travel

sailor /'seilə/ noun a person who works on a ship \circ *The sailors were washing down the deck of the ship.*

saint /seint/ noun **1**. a person who led a very holy life, and is recognised by the Christian Church \circ There are more than 50 statues of saints on the west front of the cathedral. \circ St Peter was a fisherman. \circ Will

Mother Teresa be made a saint? **2.** a very good or devoted person \circ She has the patience of a saint and never shouts at the children. \circ He may be no saint in his personal life but he has the support of the voters. (NOTE: abbreviated with names to **St** /sont/)

(2) sake¹ /se₁k/ \diamond for the sake of something, for something's sake for certain reasons or purposes, or because of something \circ They gave the children sweets, just for the sake of a little peace and quiet. \circ The muggers killed the old lady, just for the sake of £20. \diamond for the sake of someone, for someone's sake because you want to help someone or to please someone o Will you come to the party for my sake? \circ The president decided to resign for the sake of the country. \diamond for old times' sake in order to remember a relationship or activity from the past \circ We always send them a Christmas card, just for old times' sake. \diamond for heaven's sake, for goodness' sake used for showing you are annoyed or worried o What's all the fuss? It's only a little scratch, for heaven's sake. \circ For goodness' sake try to be quiet, we don't want wake everyone!

sake² /'sɑːki/ noun a Japanese rice wine \circ We had a glass of sake with our meal.

③ **salad** /'sæləd/ noun a mixture of cold vegetables eaten raw, or a meal that includes such a mixture \circ a chicken salad sandwich \circ We found some ham, tomatoes and lettuce in the fridge, and made ourselves a salad.

salad dressing /'sæləd dresin/ noun a sauce consisting of a mixture of oil, vinegar and herbs or spices, used on salad

salami /sə'laımi/ *noun* a large dry Italian-style sausage eaten cold in thin slices

③ **salary** /'sæləri/ (plural salaries) noun payment for work, especially in a professional or office job \circ She started work at a low salary, but soon went up the salary scale. \circ I expect a salary increase as from next month.

① **sale** /seil/ noun **1**. the act of selling, the act of giving an item or doing a service in exchange for money \circ *The sale of the house produced £200,000.* \circ *The shop only opened this morning and we've just made our first sale.* **2**. an occasion when things are sold at cheaper prices \circ *There's a sale this week in the department store along the High Street.* \circ *I bought these plates for £1 in a sale.* \circ *The sale price is 50% of the normal price.*

(3) **sales assistant** /'seilz ə,sistənt/ *noun* a person who sells goods to customers in a shop

(3) **salesman** /'seilzmən/ (plural salesmen) noun a person who represents a company, selling its products or services to other companies

salesperson /'setIz,p3:s(\Rightarrow)n/ (plural salespeople or salespersons) noun a person who sells goods in a shop

(3) **saleswoman** /'setlzwomən/ (plural **saleswomen**) noun a woman who sells goods to customers in a shop

saline /'seilain/ adj containing salt

saliva /sə'laɪvə/ noun a fluid in the mouth, secreted by the salivary glands, which starts the process of digesting food

salivate /'sæliveit/ (salivates, salivating, salivated) *verb* to produce saliva

sallow /'sæləu/ adj slightly yellow, unhealthy looking

salmon /'sæmən/ *noun* a large fish with silver skin and pink flesh that lives in the sea, but swims up rivers to produce young in the winter

salon /'sælon/ *noun* a shop where people can have their hair cut or styled, or have beauty treatments

saloon /sə'lu:n/ noun **1**. US a place where alcoholic drinks are sold (dated) \circ The conversation stopped when the stranger walked into the saloon. **2**. same as **car**

salsa /'sælsə/ *noun* **1**. a spicy sauce made with chopped vegetables, of Mexican origin **2**. Latin American dance music combining jazz and rock

② **salt** /so:lt/ noun a white substance that you put on food to make it taste better or put on roads to make snow or ice melt

salt cellar /'splt ,selə/ *noun* a small pot containing salt usually with a hole in the top so that it can be sprinkled on food

saltwater /'so:ltwo:tə/ *adj* referring to water which contains salt

salty /'so:lti/ (saltier, saltiest) adj tasting of salt

salute /sə'luɪt/ noun a movement which expresses respect or recognition, especially the movement of putting your right hand up to touch the side of your forehead \circ *The* officer returned the soldier's salute. • verb (salutes, saluting, saluted) to give a salute to someone \circ Ordinary soldiers must salute their officers.

salvage /'sælvidʒ/ (salvages, salvaging, salvaged) *verb* **1**. to save from a wreck or a fire \circ We are selling off a warehouse full of salvaged goods. \circ We managed to salvage the computer discs from the fire. **2**. to save something from loss \circ The company is trying to salvage its reputation after the managing director was sent to prison for fraud. \circ The receiver managed to salvage something from the collapse of the company. (NOTE: + salvage n)

(3) **salvation** /sal'vei(a)n/ *noun* the action of saving a person's soul from sin

(1) same /seim/ adj, pron 1. being, looking, sounding, etc. exactly alike ○ These two beers taste the same. ○ You must get very bored doing the same work every day. ○ She was wearing the same dress as me. ○ This book is not the same size as that one.
 (2) showing that two or more things are in fact one ○ They all live in the same street. ○ Should we all leave at the same time? ○ Our children go to the same school as theirs. ◇ same again, please! please serve us the same drinks or food as before (informal)

② **sample** /'sɑ:mpəl/ noun a specimen, a small part which is used to show what the whole is like \circ a sample of the cloth or a cloth sample \circ We interviewed a sample of potential customers. \circ He gave a blood sample.

sanatorium /,sænə'tɔ:riəm/ (*plural* **sanatoriums** or **sanatoria**) *noun* a hospital for the treatment of invalids, especially people suffering from tuberculosis

sanction /'sæŋk \int ən/ noun approval, permission \circ You will need the sanction of the local authorities before you can knock the house down. \blacksquare verb (sanctions, sanctioning, sanctioned) to approve something \circ The committee sanctioned the expenditure of £1.2m on the development project.

sanctity /'sæŋktɪti/ noun holiness

sanctuary /'sæŋkt ʃuəri/ (plural sanctuaries) noun 1. a place of safety \circ The church became a sanctuary for illegal immigrants. \circ People escaping from the revolutionary troops sought sanctuary in the church. 2. a place for the protection of wild animals or birds \circ They established several bird sanctuaries near the sea.

(2) **sand** /sænd/ noun a mass of very small bits of rock found on beaches and in the desert \circ a beach of fine white sand \circ the black sand beaches of the Northern coast of New Zealand

sandal /'sænd(ə)l/ *noun* a light shoe with an open top

sandbag /'sændbæg/ *noun* a bag filled with sand and used as a protection

sand dune *I*'sænd dju:n/ *noun* an area of sand blown by the wind into small hills and ridges which have very little soil or vegetation

sandpaper /'sændpeɪpə/ noun thick paper covered with sand used for smoothing rough surfaces \circ *Use fine sandpaper if you want to get a very smooth finish.* (NOTE: + **sandpaper** v)

sandpit /'sændpɪt/ *noun* a place in a garden, with sand where children can play

sandstone /'sændstəun/ *noun* a type of reddish brown rock, formed of tiny pieces of sand

sandstorm /'sændsto:m/ noun a high wind in the desert, which carries large amounts of sand with it

② **sandwich** /'sænwidʒ/ noun a light meal made with two pieces of bread with other food between them ○ *She ordered a cheese sandwich and a cup of coffee.* ○ *What sort of sandwiches do you want to take for your lunch?* ○ *I didn't have a big meal – just a sandwich with some beer in the pub.*

sane /sein/ (saner, sanest) adj not mad

③ **sang** /sæŋ/ past tense of **sing**

sanguine /'sæŋgwin/ adj confident, optimistic

sanitary /'sænɪt(ə)ri/ adj referring to hygiene or to health

sanitary towel /'sænɪt(ə)ri tauəl/, **sanitary napkin** *noun* a pad of absorbent cotton used by a woman to absorb blood during her period

sanitation $/_1$ sæn1'ter $\int(\vartheta)n/$ noun being hygienic, especially referring to public hygiene and the removal of household waste and sewage

sanity /'sænɪti/ noun the state of being sane

③ **sank** /sæŋk/ past tense of **sink**

sap /sæp/ noun the liquid which flows inside plants and trees \circ They cut a notch in the bark of the tree and the sap ran out. \blacksquare verb (saps, sapping, sapped) to make something weaker \circ His strength was sapped by the cold.

sapling /'sæplin/ noun a young tree

sapphire /'sæfa1ə/ noun a bright blue precious stone

sarcasm /'sɑːkæz(ə)m/ *noun* sharp unpleasant remarks which mean the opposite of what they say sardine

sardine /sa:'di:n/ *noun* a small silvery fish which can be eaten fresh, or commonly bought in tins

sardonic /soː'dɒnɪk/ *adj* scornful, showing you feel superior to someone

Sari /'sɑːri/, **saree** noun a long piece of cloth, especially silk, which Indian women wear wrapped round their bodies

sash /sasf / noun **1**. an ornamental scarf or belt \circ In France, mayors wear a red, white and blue sash. **2**. a wooden frame holding panes of glass

3 sat /sæt/ past tense and past participle of sit

SAT /sæt/ noun US in the USA, a pre-college test (trademark of the College Entrance Examination Board) Full form Scholastic Aptitude Test. () SATs

Satan /'sert(ə)n/ noun the Devil

satanism /'sett(ϑ)n, $tz(\vartheta)m/$ noun the worship of Satan

③ **satellite** /'sætəlart/ noun 1. an object in space which goes round the Earth and sends and receives signals, pictures and data \circ The signals are transmitted by satellite all round the world. 2. an object like a planet which goes round a planet \circ The Moon is the only satellite of the Earth.

satellite dish /'sætəlart dr \int / noun an aerial, shaped like a large saucer, used to capture satellite broadcasts

satellite television /,sæt(ə)lart 'telɪvɪʒ(ə)n/ *noun* television programmes broadcast using satellite technology

satin /'sætin/ noun a silk material with a glossy surface \circ She bought some black satin to make a dress.

satire /'sæta1ə/ noun **1**. a way of attacking people in speaking or writing by making them seem ridiculous \circ *his use of satire in his weekly political column* **2**. a piece of writing which criticises people by making them seem ridiculous \circ 'Gulliver's Travels' is a satire on 18th-century England.

satirist /'sætərist/ *noun* a person who writes or performs satires

③ **satisfaction** /,sæt1s'fæk \int ən/ noun a good feeling; a sense of comfort or happiness \circ We got a lot of satisfaction from beating our old rivals.

satisfactory /,sæt1s'fækt(ə)ri/ adj good enough, or quite good

③ **satisfied** /'sætisfaid/ *adj* accepting that something is enough, is good or is correct

(2) **Satisfy** /'sætisfai/ (satisfies, satisfying, satisfied) verb to make someone pleased with what he or she has received or achieved \circ *The council's decision should satisfy most people.* \circ *Our aim is to satisfy our customers.*

③ **satisfying** /'sætɪsfaɪıŋ/ adj which satisfies

SATs /sæts/ noun in the UK, national tests taken at various ages during secondary school. Full form **Standard Assessment Tests**

satsuma /sæt'su:mə/ *noun* a type of small orange, with peel which is easily removed

saturate /'sæt∫əreɪt/ (**saturates, saturating, saturated**) *verb* to fill something with the maximum amount of a liquid or substance which can be absorbed (NOTE: + **saturation** *n*)

saturated fat /,sæt∫əreitid 'fæt/ noun butter and other types of animal fat, which contain the largest amount of hydrogen possible

(1) **Saturday** /'sætədei/ noun the sixth day of the week, the day between Friday and Sunday ∘ He works in a shop, so Saturday is a normal working day for him. ∘ We go shopping in London most Saturdays. ∘ Saturday is the Jewish day of rest. ∘ Today is Saturday, November 15th. ∘ The 15th is a Saturday, so the 16th must be a Sunday. ∘ We arranged to meet up on Saturday.

③ **Sauce** $|s_{0:1S}|$ noun a liquid with a particular taste, poured over food \circ *ice cream* with chocolate sauce \circ We had chicken with a barbecue sauce. \circ The waitress put a bottle of tomato sauce on the table.

③ **saucepan** /'so:spən/ noun a deep metal cooking pan with a lid and a long handle

③ **Saucer** /'sɔːsə/ noun a shallow dish which a cup stands on

SAUCY /'sɔːsi/ (saucier, sauciest) adj cheeky

Sauna/'so:nə/ noun 1. a bath taken by sitting in a room filled with very hot steam \circ We all had a sauna and then went for a swim in the lake. 2. a room where you can have a very hot steam bath \circ There is a sauna in the basement of the hotel.

saunter /'so:ntə/ (saunters, sauntering, sauntered) verb to walk slowly, to stroll \circ She sauntered into the bar and ordered a whisky.

③ **sausage** /'sosidʒ/ noun a food which is a tube of skin full of a mixture of meat and spices **sausage roll** /_spsid₃ 'rəul/ noun a small roll of pastry with a piece of sausage or some sausagemeat inside

sauté /'soutei/ (sautés, sautéing, sautéed) verb to fry something in a little fat \circ She sautéed some potatoes to go with the meat.

savage /'sævidʒ/ noun a person from a culture that is not considered civilised (dated offensive) \circ How could he turn into such a savage and attack her like that? \blacksquare verb (savages, savaging, savaged) to attack somebody with teeth \circ He was savaged by an Alsatian.

savagery /'sævɪdʒ(ə)ri/ noun being savage

Savanna /sə'vænə/, **savannah** *noun* a dry grass-covered plain with few trees, usually referring to the grasslands of South America and Africa

(1) Save /seiv/ (saves, saving, saved) verb 1. to stop something from being damaged [~from] \circ We managed to save most of *the paintings from the fire*. **2.** to keep things such as money, food or other articles so that you can use them later [~for] \circ Save those bones for the dog. \circ If you save £10 a week, you'll have £520 at the end of a year. \circ I'm saving to buy a new computer. 3. not to waste something such as time or money \circ *By walking to work, he saves* £25 a week in bus fares. \circ If you have your car checked regularly it will save you a lot of expense in the future. \circ Going by air saves a lot of time. 4. to stop someone from being hurt or killed [~from] o The firefighters saved six people from the burning house. \circ How many passengers were saved when the ferry sank? 5. to store data on a computer disk \circ Don't forget to save your files when you have finished working on them.

Saver /'servə/ noun **1**. a person who saves money \circ All savers will receive a bonus this year. **2**. a special offer or ticket which allows you to buy something at a lower price \circ Among this week's savers are baked beans at 50p. \circ Saver tickets are not valid on trains before 9.30.

(3) saving /'selvin/ noun using less [/~on]
 We could make a saving of 10% on fuel costs.

 suffix which uses less o energy-saving light bulbs

saving grace /'servin greis/ noun a quality or feature which makes a situation less bad than it seemed

saviour /'seivjə/ noun a person who saves people \circ He was called the Saviour

of the West. (NOTE: The US spelling is **sav**ior.)

Savour /'selvə/ verb to appreciate or enjoy something \circ He ate slowly, savouring his meal. \circ The general stood at the top of the hill, savouring his victory. (NOTE: The US spelling is **savor**.)

Savoury /'servəri/ adj with a salty taste, or other taste which is not sweet $\circ I$ don't particularly like sweets, I prefer savoury things. (NOTE: The US spelling is **savory**.) **n** noun a food that is salty or spicy, served as a snack often with an alcoholic drink \circ They served little savouries with the drinks before dinner.

savvy /'sævi/ *noun* practical knowledge

③ **SaW** /s5:/ past tense of **see** ■ *noun* a tool with a long metal blade with teeth along its edge, used for cutting ○ *He was cutting logs with a saw.* ■ *verb* (**saws, sawing, sawed, sawed or sawn**) to cut something with a saw ○ *She was sawing wood.* ○ *You will need to saw that piece of wood in half.*

sawdust /'sordʌst/ noun powder produced when you saw wood

sawmill /'soːmɪl/ *noun* a factory where wood is cut into planks by machines

sax /sæks/ noun a saxophone (informal)

saxophone /'sæksəfəun/ noun a large brass musical instrument with keys

(1) Say /sei/ (says, saying, said) verb 1. to speak words [~(that)/~how/what/who etc] ○ She says the weather will be fine tomorrow. ○ Did she say how many chairs she wanted? ○ What's she saying? – I don't know, I don't understand Dutch. ○ Don't forget to say 'thank you' after the party. 2. to give information in writing [~(that)] ○ The letter says that we owe the bank £200. ○ The notice says that you are not allowed to walk on the grass.

(3) **saying** /'seIIŋ/ *noun* a phrase which is often used to describe an aspect of everyday life

scab /skæb/ noun **1**. a crust of dry blood which forms over a wound and protects it \circ *The scab fell off where he had grazed his knee.* **2**. a worker who goes on working when there is a strike \circ *We don't want scabs here.*

scaffold /'skæfəold/ noun a wooden platform on which an execution takes place **scaffolding** /'skæfəldɪŋ/ noun a construction of poles and planks which make a series of platforms for workmen to stand on while working

scalding /'sko:ldin/ adj very hot

Scale /skeil/ noun 1. a proportion used to show a large object in a smaller form o a map with a scale of 1 to 100,000 o a scale model of the new town centre development o The architect's design is drawn to scale.
a measuring system which is graded into various levels o The Richter scale is used to measure earthquakes.

scallop /'skbləp/, **scollop** *noun* a type of shellfish with a pair of semicircular flat shells o We had scallops fried in butter.

scalp /skælp/ noun the skin which covers the skull \circ He was taken to hospital with a scalp wound. \circ Rubbing the scalp will encourage your hair to grow.

scalpel /'skælpəl/ *noun* a sharp pointed knife used in surgery

scam /skæm/ noun a case of fraud (slang)

scamper /'skæmpə/ (scampers, scampering, scampered) verb to run fast with little steps

scampi /'skæmpi/ plural noun large prawns

③ **SCan** /skæn/ noun **1**. the examination of part of the body by passing X-rays through the body and analysing the result in a computer ○ She went to have a scan after ten weeks of pregnancy. **2**. a picture of part of the body shown on a screen, derived by computers from X-rays **3**. the examination of an image or an object to obtain data ○ A heat scan will quickly show which component is overheating.

③ **scandal** /'skænd(\ni)*l*/ noun **1**. talk about wrong things someone is supposed to have done \circ *This latest scandal could* bring the government down. **2**. something unfair or cruel that makes people very angry \circ *It's a scandal that she was never allowed to see her children.*

scandalous /'skændələs/ *adj* which is shameful and wrong

3 scanner /'skænə/ noun 1. a machine which scans part of the body o *The hospital has acquired the most up-to-date scanner.*2. an electronic device that scans, especially a device that scans images or text and converts them to computer data o *We used a small hand-held scanner to get the photos onto our computer system.*

scant /skænt/ adj not enough
scapegoat /'skeɪpgəʊt/ noun a person
who is blamed instead of someone else

(3) SCar /ska:/ noun a mark left on the skin after a wound has healed ○ He still has the scars of his operation. ■ verb (scars, scarring, scarred) 1. to leave a mark on the skin after a wound has healed ○ His arm was scarred as a result of the accident. 2. to affect someone's feelings badly ○ The bullying she received at school has scarred her for life.

scarce /skeəs/ *adj* if something is scarce, there is much less of it than you need o *This happened at a period when food was scarce.* o *Good designers are getting scarce.*

3 scarcely /'skeəsli/ adv almost not

scarcity /'skeəsɪti/ *noun* a lack of something, the state of being scarce

scare /skeə/ verb (scares, scaring, scared) to make someone feel fear \circ The thought of travelling alone across Africa scares me. \circ She was scared by the spider in the bathroom. \blacksquare noun a fright \circ What a scare you gave me – jumping out at me in the dark like that!

(3) scared /skeəd/ adj feeling or showing fear ○ Don't be scared – the snake is harmless. ○ She was too scared to answer the door. ○ I'm scared at the idea of driving in London's rush-hour traffic. ○ She looked round with a scared expression.

③ **SCarf** /ska:f/ (plural scarves) noun a long piece of cloth which is worn round your neck to keep yourself warm \circ *Take* your scarf - it's snowing.

scarlet /'skaxlət/ adj brilliant red

scarves /skarvz/ plural of scarf

scary /'skeəri/ (**scarier**, **scariest**) *adj* frightening (*informal*)

scathing /'skeiðin/ adj very critical

scatter /'skætə/ (**scatters**, **scattering**, **scattered**) verb **1**. to throw something in various places \circ The crowd scattered flowers all over the path. **2**. to run in different directions \circ When the police arrived, the children scattered.

③ **scattered** /'skætəd/ *adj* spread out over a wide area

③ **scattering** /'skætərɪŋ/ *noun* a small quantity or number of things

Scavenge /'skævındʒ/ (scavenges, scavenging, scavenged) verb 1. to feed on dead and decaying matter \circ Vultures live by scavenging on the corpses of animals which have died in the desert. 2. to get food or other useful items from rubbish \circ Children were scavenging for food in the heaps of rubbish round the city. (NOTE: + scavenger n) **scenario** /si'ndiriəo/ (plural scenarios) noun the general way in which you think something may happen \circ The worst scenario would be if she wanted to come on holiday with us.

② **Scene** /sim/ noun **1**. a place where something has happened \circ *It took the ambulance ten minutes to get to the scene of the accident*. \circ *The fire brigade were on the scene very quickly*. \circ *A photographer was at the scene to record the ceremony*. **2**. a short part of a play or film \circ *Did you like the scene where he is trying to climb up the skyscraper*? \circ *It was one of the funniest scenes I have ever seen*.

③ Scenery /'si:nəri/ noun 1. the features of the countryside o the beautiful scenery of the Lake District 2. the objects and backgrounds on a theatre stage that make it look like a real place o They lowered the scenery onto the stage. O In between the acts all the scenery has to be changed. (NOTE: no plural) Scenic /'si:n1k/ adj referring to beautiful scenery

scent /sent/ noun **1**. a pleasant smell of a particular type \circ the scent of roses in the cottage garden **2**. perfume \circ That new scent of yours makes me sneeze. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **cent**, **sent**.)

Sceptic /'skept1k/ noun a person who always doubts the truth of what he or she is told \circ *I* am a sceptic when it comes to astrology. (NOTE: The US spelling is **skeptic**.) (3) **sceptical** /'skept1k(\circ)l/ adj thinking that something is probably not true or good \circ You seem sceptical about his new plan. \circ *I* m sceptical of the need for these changes.

scepticism /'skept1,s1z(ə)m/ noun doubt or uncertainty (NOTE: The US spelling is **skepticism**.)

③ **Schedule** /'fedju:!/ noun **1**. a list of times of departure and arrival of forms of transport such as trains, planes or coaches • The summer schedules have been published. **2**. a programme or list of events • the schedule of events for the music festival

■ verb (schedules, scheduling, scheduled) 1. to put something on an official list ○ See the list of scheduled prices. ○ The house has been scheduled as an ancient monument. 2. to arrange the times for something ○ The building is scheduled for completion in May. ○ The flight is scheduled to arrive at six o'clock. ○ We have scheduled the meeting for Tuesday morning.

① **Scheme** /ski:m/ noun a plan for making something work \circ She joined the com-

pany pension scheme. \circ He has thought up some scheme for making money very quickly.

Schizophrenia /_skitsəʊ'fri:niə/ noun a mental disorder where the patient withdraws from other people, has delusions and seems to lose contact with the real world

scholar /'skblə/ noun 1. a learned person o He is a well-known scholar of medieval French history. 2. a student at school or university who has a scholarship o Because I was a scholar my parents didn't have to pay any fees.

scholarly /'skbləli/ *adj* referring to serious study at a high level

scholarship / skplo Jp/ noun 1. money given to someone to help pay for the cost of his or her study \circ *The college offers scholarships to attract the best students.* \circ *She got or won a scholarship to carry out research into causes of cancer.* **2.** a deep learning \circ *The article shows sound scholarship.*

scholastic /skə'læst1k/ adj referring to schools or teaching methods

① school /sku:l/ noun 1. a place where students, usually children, are taught \circ Our little boy is four, so he'll be going to school this year. \circ Some children start school younger than that. \circ What did the children do at school today? \circ When he was sixteen, he left school and joined the army. \circ Which school did you go to? 2. a section of a college or university \circ The school of medicine is one of the largest in the country. \circ She's studying at law school. \blacksquare verb (schools, schooling, schooled) to train someone in a particular skill

schoolboy /'sku:lboi/ noun a boy who goes to school

schoolchild /'sku:l,tfaIld/ (*plural* **schoolchildren**) *noun* a child who goes to school

schooldays /'skuildeiz/ *plural noun* the time when you are at school

schoolgirl /'sku:lg3:l/ noun a girl who goes to school

schooling /'sku:liŋ/ *noun* education at school level

school leaver /'sku:l ,li:və/ noun a young person who has just left secondary school

③ **schoolteacher** /'sku:lti:t∫ə/ noun a person who teaches in a school

① **Science** /'salons/ noun the study of natural physical things, based on observation and experiment \circ *She took a science course* or *studied science*. \circ *We have a new*

science teacher this term. \circ He has a master's degree in marine science. \diamond social science

③ science fiction /,satəns 'fık∫ən/ noun stories of life in the future, based on imaginary scientific developments

② **scientific** /,saion'tifik/ adj relating to science ○ We employ hundreds of people in scientific research. ○ He's the director of a scientific institute.

② **scientist** /'saiəntist/ noun a person who studies a science, often doing research ○ Scientists have not yet found a cure for the common cold. ○ Space scientists are examining the photographs of Mars.

 $\mbox{sci-fi}$ /'sa1 fa1/ noun same as science fiction

scintillating /'sIntileItIŋ/ *adj* sparkling **scissors** /'sIZəZ/ *plural noun* a tool for cutting things such as paper and cloth, made of two blades attached in the middle, with handles with holes for the thumb and fingers o *These scissors aren't very sharp*. • *Have you got a pair of scissors I can borrow*?

scoff /skpf/ (**scoffs**, **scoffing**, **scoffed**) *verb* to eat something greedily (*informal*)

scold /skəuld/ (**scolds**, **scolding**, **scolded**) *verb* to speak to someone angrily

SCONE /skpn/ noun a type of small round soft bread, sometimes with dried fruit in it, eaten with butter or cream and jam

Scoop /sku:p/ noun **1**. a deep round spoon with a short handle, for serving soft food such as ice cream **2**. a portion of soft food such as ice cream **a** verb (**scoops**, **scooping**, **scooped**) to lift something or someone up in a single quick movement \circ *She scooped up the babies into her arms and ran upstairs*. \circ *He scooped all the newspapers off the floor*.

scooter /'sku:tə/ noun **1**. a child's twowheeled vehicle which is pushed along with one foot while the other foot is on the board **2**. a vehicle like a small motorbike with a platform for the feet \circ *She dodged through the traffic on her scooter*.

③ **Scope** /skəup/ noun **1**. the different types of thing that something deals with [-of] ○ *These matters are beyond the scope of our investigation*. **2**. an opportunity or possibility [-for] ○ *The job will give him plenty of scope for developing his talents.*

scorch /skp:t \int / (scorches, scorching, scorched) verb **1.** to burn something slightly or brown something \circ *He accidentally scorched the tablecloth with the iron.*

2. to make something very hot and dry \circ *The sun has scorched the grass.*

scorched /skort $\int t/adj$ slightly burnt or browned

scorching /'skɔ:tʃɪŋ/ *adj* very hot and dry (*informal*)

(2) **SCOPE** /sk5:/ noun the number of goals or points made in a match ○ *The final score in the rugby match was 22–10.* ○ *I didn't see the beginning of the match – what's the score*? ■ verb (scores, scoring, scored) to make a goal or point in a match ○ *They scored three goals in the first twenty minutes.* ○ *She scored sixty-five*!

scoreboard /'sko:bo:d/ noun a large board on which the score in a game is shown as the game progresses

SCOTN /sk5:n/ noun a feeling of thinking that someone or something is not good enough \bullet verb (scorns, scorning, scorned) to refuse to accept an idea or a suggestion \circ Most young people in the office scorn the idea that smoking can be bad for your health. \circ She scorned his proposal of a lift.

scornful /'skɔ:nf(ə)l/ *adj* considering something not good enough

Scorpio /'sko:piao/ noun one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a scorpion, covering the period 23rd October to 21st November

scorpion /'skɔːpiən/ noun a poisonous tropical animal which stings with its long curved tail

Scot /skpt/ noun a person from Scotland

③ **Scotch** /skpt∫/ *adj* used for referring to some things, especially food and drink, from Scotland

Scotland /'skptland/ noun a country to the north of England, forming part of the United Kingdom \circ He was brought up in Scotland. \circ Scotland's most famous export is whisky.

Scots /skpts/ adj Scottish o 'Not proven' is a decision in Scots Law.

① **Scottish** /'skpt1ʃ/ *adj* relating to Scotland

scoundrel /'skaundrəl/ *noun* a bad person, with no principles

SCOUT /'ska σ / (scours, scouring, scoured) verb 1. to clean something by scrubbing with a hard material \circ Her first job was scouring dirty pans in the restaurant. 2. to search everywhere in a place \circ We scoured the market and couldn't find any aubergines. \circ The police have been

scouring the woods near the village where the little girl lived.

scourge /sk3:d3/ *noun* a thing which causes suffering

scout /skaut/ noun a member of the Scout Association ■ verb (**scouts, scout**ing, scouted) also scout around to look out for something [~for]

SCOWI /skaul/ (scowls, scowling, scowled) *verb* to make a scowl

scramble /'skræmbəl/ (**scrambles**, **scrambling**, **scrambled**) *verb* **1**. to climb using your hands and knees **2**. to hurry to do something (NOTE: + **scramble** *n*)

scrambled eggs /_iskræmbəld 'egz/ *plural noun* eggs mixed together and stirred as they are cooked in butter

scrap /skræp/ noun **1**. a little piece \circ a scrap of paper \circ There isn't a scrap of evidence against him. \circ She is collecting scraps of cloth to make a quilt. **2**. waste materials \circ to sell a car for scrap \circ The scrap value of the car is £200. \blacksquare verb (**scraps, scrapping, scrapped**) **1**. to throw something away as useless \circ They had to scrap 10,000 faulty spare parts. **2**. to give up or stop working on a plan \circ We've scraped our plans to go to Greece.

scrapbook /'skræpbuk/ *noun* a book with blank pages on which you can stick pictures or stories cut from newspapers or magazines

scrape /skreip/ (scrapes, scraping, scraped) verb 1. to scratch something with a hard object which is pulled across a surface 2. to remove something from the surface of something

scrape through (3) *phrasal verb* to pass an examination with difficulty

scrape together *phrasal verb* to gather things together with difficulty

scrappy /'skræpi/ (**scrappier**, **scrappiest**) *adj* made of bits and pieces; not joined up properly (*informal*)

(3) scratch /skræt ∫/ noun 1. a long wound on the skin ○ Put some antiseptic on the scratches on your arms. 2. a long mark made by a sharp point ○ I will never be able to cover up the scratches on the car door. ■ verb (scratches, scratching, scratched) 1. to make a long wound on the skin ○ His legs were scratched by the bushes along the path. 2. to make a mark on something with a sharp point ○ He scratched his name on the tree with a knife. 3. to rub a part of the body which itches with your fingernails If your head itches, just scratch it. ○ Stop scratching – it will make your rash worse! **scrawl** /skroil/ (scrawls, scrawling, scrawled) verb to write something badly or carelessly \circ *He scrawled a few notes on a bit of paper.* (NOTE: + scrawl n)

scrawny /'skroini/ adj extremely thin

scream /skri:m/ noun a loud cry of pain verb (screams, screaming, screamed) to shout loudly or make a very loud sound of screamed at the class to stop singing. They screamed in pain. O People on the third floor were screaming for help.

screech /skri:t $\int /$ (screeches, screeching, screeched) verb to make a piercing sound (NOTE: + screech n)

② **Screen** /skriin/ noun **1**. a flat panel which acts as protection against something, e.g. draughts, fire or noise \circ *The* hedge acts as a screen against the noise from the motorway. **2**. a flat glass surface on which a picture is shown \circ a computer screen \circ a TV screen \circ *I'll call the infor*mation up on the screen. **3**. a flat white surface for projecting films or pictures \circ a cinema complex with four screens \circ We'll put up the screen on the stage. \blacksquare verb (screens, screening, screened) to show a film in a cinema or on TV \circ Tonight's film will be screened half an hour later than advertised.

screenplay /'skrimple1/ *noun* a scenario, a written draft of a film with details, e.g., of plot, characters and scenes

screen saver /'skri:n ,seivə/ *noun* a computer program which protects the screen by making it go black or show a picture when the computer is out of use for a while

screenwriter /'skriinraitə/ noun a person who writes screenplays

③ SCrew /skru!/ noun a type of nail which you twist to make it go into a hard surface ○ I need some longer screws to go through this thick plank. ○ The plate was fixed to the door with brass screws. ■ verb (screws, screwing, screwed) 1. to attach something with screws ○ The picture was screwed to the wall. 2. to attach something by twisting ○ He filled up the bottle and screwed on the top. ○ Screw the lid on tightly.

screwdriver /'skru:draɪvə/ *noun* a tool with a long handle and special end which is used for turning screws

screwed-up /₁skru:d 'Ap/ *adj* worried and unhappy

scribble /'skrıb(ə)l/ (scribbles, scribbling, scribbled) *verb* **1**. to make marks which don't have any meaning \circ *The kids*

have scribbled all over their bedroom walls. **2.** to write something hurriedly and badly \circ She scribbled a few notes in the train. (NOTE: + scribble n)

Script /skript/ noun **1**. the written text of a film or play \circ *The actors settled down with their scripts for the first reading.* **2**. a style or system of handwriting \circ *The Germans used to write in Gothic script.*

Scripture /'skript $\int \partial$ /, **Scripture** noun the writings regarded as holy by a religion $\circ a$ passage translated from Buddhist scriptures \circ The story of Vishnu is set down in Hindu scripture.

scriptwriter /'skriptraitə/ *noun* a person who writes scripts for films or for TV or radio plays

scroll /skrəul/ noun a long piece of paper with writing on it, stored as a roll \bullet verb (scrolls, scrolling, scrolled) to move displayed text up or down a computer screen, one line at a time \circ She rapidly scrolled down until she came to the address she wanted.

scroll bar /'skrəol bar./ noun a bar on a computer screen which is used to scroll up and down

scrooge /skru:d₃/, **Scrooge** noun a mean or miserly person (*informal*)

scrounge /skraundʒ/ (scrounges, scrounging, scrounged) verb to try to get something without paying for it (*informal*)

SCrub /skrAb/ verb (scrubs, scrubbing, scrubbed) to clean something by rubbing it with a brush \blacksquare noun 1. an area of land with a few small bushes \circ They walked for miles through the scrub until they came to a river. 2. the action of scrubbing \circ After a game of rugby you will need a good scrub.

scruffy /'skrʌfi/ (**scruffier, scruffiest**) *adj* untidy or dirty

scrum /skrAm/ noun (in rugby) an arrangement in which the players of both teams crowd together with their heads down and try to get the ball

scrupulous /'skruːpjʊləs/ *adj* **1**. very careful **2**. very honest or morally correct

scrutiny /'skruttini/ *noun* a careful examination of facts or a very close look at something

scuba diving /'sku:bə ,daɪvɪŋ/ *noun* the activity of swimming underwater, using breathing apparatus

scuff $/sk\Lambda f/$ (scuffs, scuffing, scuffed) *verb* to scratch the surface of something

scuffle /'skAf(ϑ)l/ noun a small fight \circ Scuffles broke out in the crowd. (NOTE: + scuffle v)

sculptor /'skAlptə/, **sculptress** noun a person who makes figures or shapes out of wood, metal or stone

(3) **sculpture** /'skAlpt $\int \partial$ *noun* a piece of art that is a figure carved out of stone or wood or made out of metal

scum /skAm/ noun **1**. a layer of dirty foam on the surface of a liquid \circ As the liquid boils, a grey scum forms on the surface and should be removed. **2**. people of the worst type (offensive) \circ Those muggers are just scum, I hope they get sent to prison.

SCURTY /'skAri/ (scurries, scurrying, scurried) *verb* **1**. to hurry to do something **2**. to run fast, taking short steps

scuttled) verb to run fast, taking short steps

scuttle off or away verb to run away fast scythe /satð/ noun a farming implement with a long slightly curved blade attached to a handle with two short projecting hand grips, used for cutting long grass

① Sea /si:/ noun an area of salt water between continents or islands which is large but not as large as an ocean \circ Swimming in the sea is more exciting than swimming in a river. \circ The sea's too rough for the ferries to operate. \circ His friends own a house by the sea. \circ The North Sea separates Britain from Denmark and Germany.

sea change /si: t∫eɪndʒ/ *noun* a very big change

③ **seafood** /'si:fu:d/ *noun* fish or shell-fish which can be eaten

seafront /'si:frAnt/ *noun* a road or wide path which runs beside the sea in a seaside town

seagull /'sirgAl/ noun a large white sea bird

③ **Seal** /si:l/ noun a large animal with short smooth fur which eats fish and lives near or in the sea **•** verb (**seals, sealing, sealed**) to close something tightly $\circ a$ box carefully sealed with sticky tape

seal off *phrasal verb* to close a place off so as to prevent anyone getting inside

sea level /'si: $lev(\vartheta)l/$ *noun* the level of the sea, taken as a point for measuring altitude

sea lion /'sir ,larən/ noun a large species of seal

seam /si:m/ noun **1**. a line where two pieces of material are attached together \circ *She sewed the seams on the sewing machine*. \circ *He's got fatter, so can you let out a seam at the back of his coat*? **2**. a layer of mineral beneath the earth's surface \circ *The coal seams are two metres thick*. \circ *The gold seam was worked out some years ago.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **seem**.)

Seaman /'si:mən/ (*plural* **seamen**) *noun* a man who works on a ship (NOTE: Do not confuse with **semen**.)

seance /'setõns/ *noun* a meeting at which people try to communicate with dead people

seaport /'si:po:t/ noun a town with a large harbour

(1) search /s3:t [/ noun the action of trying to find something [~for/~of] \circ A search was carried out for the missing animal. \circ Our search of the flat revealed nothing. \circ I did a quick search on the Internet for references to Proust. verb (searches, searching, searched) 1. to examine something or someone very carefully o The police searched the house but didn't find any weapons. \circ She was stopped and searched by customs. 2. to look carefully to try to find something [~for/~through] o We're searching for the missing files. \circ I searched the Internet for references to Ireland. \circ She searched through her papers, trying to find the document.

(3) search engine /'s3:t∫ ,end3in/ noun a program which allows you to search for particular words or phrases on the Internet searcher /'s3:t∫ə/ noun a person who searches

searching /'s3:tʃ1ŋ/ adjvery detailed \circ a searching question

search party /'s3:tf ,parti/ noun a group of people sent to look for someone

search warrant /'s3:t j worent/ noun an official document signed by a magistrate which allows police to go into a building and look for criminals, weapons or stolen goods

seashell /'si:fel/ noun a shell of a shellfish which lives in the sea

seashore /'sitfor/ noun a sandy area along the edge of the sea

③ **seasick** /'sitstk/ *adj* ill because of the movement of a ship

③ **seaside** /'sitdsatd/ noun an area near the sea where people go to have a holiday

(1) **Season** /'si: $z(\Im)n/$ noun 1. one of four parts of a year \circ Spring is her favourite season. 2. a part of the year when some-

thing usually happens \circ The tourist season is very long here – from March to September. \circ The football season lasts from September to May. \circ London is very crowded during the school holiday season. \diamond high season, low season

(3) **seasonal** /'siz(\ni)n(\ni)l/ adj 1. which only lasts for a season, usually the holiday season \circ Work on the island is only seasonal. 2. characteristic of a particular time of year \circ In December the supermarket shelves are stocked with Christmas decorations and other seasonal goods. \circ We can expect seasonal weather, with temperatures about average for the time of year.

seasoned /'si:z(a)nd/ adj **1.** (of food) which has had seasoning put on it to improve the flavour **2.** who has had a lot of experience \circ a seasoned traveller

seasoning /'sitz(ə)nıŋ/ noun spices which are added to food

(2) **season ticket** /'si:z(ə)n ,t1k1t/ *noun* a railway, bus or theatre ticket, which you can use for a whole year or a month at a time

① Seat /sitt/ noun a chair, something which you sit on \circ He was sitting in the driver's seat. \circ Can we have two seats in the front row? \circ Our kitchen chairs have wooden seats. \circ Bicycle seats are narrow. \diamond to take a seat to sit down \circ Please take a seat, the dentist will see you in a few minutes. \circ Please take your seats, the play is about to begin. \circ All the seats on the bus were taken so I had to stand. \diamond to take your seat to sit down in a seat reserved for you, especially at the theatre \circ Please take your seats, the play is about to begin.

③ **seat belt**/'si:t belt/ *noun* a belt which you wear in a car or plane to stop you being hurt if there is an accident

seating /'si:tiŋ/ *noun* seats for people ③ **seaweed** /'si:wi:d/ *noun* a plant which grows in the sea

sec noun a second (informal)

secluded /sɪ'klu:dɪd/ adj quiet or away from crowds \circ *We found a secluded spot by the river for our picnic.*

seclusion /s1'klu: $\mathfrak{Z}(\mathfrak{I})$ n/ noun solitude **second**¹ /'sek \mathfrak{I} nd/ noun **1**. one of sixty parts which make up a minute \circ I'll give you ten seconds to get out of my room. \circ They say the bomb will go off in twenty seconds. **2**. a very short time \circ Please wait a second. \circ Wait here, I'll be back in a second. **3**. number 2 in a series (NOTE: In dates **second** is usually written **2nd** or **2**: August 2nd, 1932, 2 July 1666 (American style is **2** July 1666), say 'the second of July' or 'July the second' (American style is 'July second'). With the names of kings and queens second is usually written II: Queen Elizabeth II, say 'Queen Elizabeth the Second'.) adj 1. coming after the first and before the third \circ February is the second month of the year. \circ It's his second birthday next week. \circ Women's clothes are on the second floor. \circ That's the second time the telephone has rung while we're eating. 2. next after the longest, best, tallest etc. (followed by a superlative) \circ This is the second longest bridge in the world. \circ He's the second highest paid member of staff.

second² /s1'kond/ (seconds, seconding, seconded) verb to lend a member of staff, e.g. to another company or a government department, for a fixed period of time 0 He was seconded to the Department of Trade for two years. \diamond secondment

(2) **secondary** /'sekənd(ə)ri/ *adj* less important

secondary school /'sekənd(ə)ri sku:l/ *noun* a school for children after the age of eleven or twelve

second best /,sekAnd 'best/ noun something which is not as good as the best ③ **second-class** /,sekAnd 'klais/ adj, adv 1. (of travel or hotels) less expensive and less comfortable than first-class $\circ I$ find second-class hotels are perfectly adequate. \circ We always travel second-class because it is cheaper. 2. (of a postal service) less expensive and slower than the firstclass postal service $\circ A$ second-class letter is cheaper than a first-class. \circ Send it second-class if it is not urgent.

 $second\ cousin\ /_sekand\ 'kAZ(a)n/$ noun a child of your mother's or father's cousin

second-guess /'sekənd ges/ verb to try to guess what someone will do

(3) secondhand /, sek and 'hænd/ adj not new; which someone else has owned before \circ We've just bought a secondhand car.

second language /,sekənd 'læŋgwidʒ/ noun a language which you know but which is not the language you learned when you first started to speak

③ **secondly** /'sekəndli/ *adv* as the second item in a list. Compare **firstly**, **thirdly**

secondment /sɪ'kɒndmənt/ *noun* the fact of being seconded to another job

second-rate /,sekənd 'reɪt/ *adj* not of very good quality. Compare **first-rate**, **third-rate**

secrecy /'siːkrəsi/ *noun* the fact of being secret or keeping something secret

③ **Secret** /'si:krət/ *adj* not known about by other people \circ *There is a secret door into the cellar.* \blacksquare *noun* a thing which is not known or which is kept hidden \circ *If I tell you my secret will you promise not to tell it to anyone else?* \diamond **to keep a secret** not to tell someone something which you know and no one else does \circ *Can you keep a secret*?

secret agent /,si:krət 'eɪdʒənt/ noun a spy

secretarial / sekr1'teəriəl/ *adj* referring to the work of a secretary

() **secretary** /'sekrət(ə)ri/ (*plural* **secretaries**) *noun* a person who does work such as writing letters, answering the phone and filing documents for someone

Secretary of State /,sekrət(ə)ri əv 'steit/ *noun* **1**. a member of the government in charge of a department **2**. *US* a senior member of the government in charge of foreign affairs

secrete /s1'kri:t/ (secretes, secreting, secreted) verb 1. to produce a liquid substance such as an oil or a hormone \circ The gland secretes hormones. 2. to hide something \circ They found packets of drugs secreted under the floor of the car.

secretion /s1'krit $\int(\Im)n/noun \mathbf{1}$. the process by which something is produced by a gland \circ This gland stimulates the secretion of hormones. **2**. a substance produced by a gland \circ Penguins use a secretion from glands near their tails to make their feathers waterproof.

secretive /'si:krətıv/ adj liking to keep things secret \circ *She's very secretive about her holiday plans.*

③ **secretly** /'siːkrətli/ *adv* without anyone knowing

secret service/_.si:krət 's3:VIS/ *noun* a government department which spies on other countries

sect /sekt/ noun a religious group

sectarian /sek'teəriən/ *adj* referring to conflicts between religious groups

① **Section** /'sek $\int \operatorname{sn} n$ oun a part of something which, when joined to other parts, goes to make up a whole \circ the brass section of the orchestra \circ the financial section of the newspaper \circ He works in a completely different section of the organisation.

() **Sector** /'sektə/ noun **1**. a part of the economy or of the business organisation of a country $[-of] \circ$ companies working in the

financial sector \circ All sectors of industry suffered from the rise in the exchange rate. **2.** a part of a circle between two lines drawn from the centre to the outside edge \circ The circle had been divided into five sectors.

secular /'sekjulə/ *adj* not religious, not connected with religion

(2) Secure /sı'kjuə/ adj firmly fixed ○ Don't step on that plank, it's not secure. ■ verb (secures, securing, secured) to be successful in getting something important ○ He secured the support of a big bank. ○ They secured a valuable new contract.

Securely /s1'kj \cup s1'/ adv in a secure way () **Security** /s1'kj \cup s1'/ noun 1. safety or protection against harm \circ There were worries about security during the prince's visit. \circ Security in this office is nil. \circ Security guards patrol the factory at night. 2. a thing given to someone who has lent you money and which is returned when the loan is repaid \circ He uses his house as security for a loan. \circ The bank lent him £20,000 without security.

security service /sɪ,kjuərəti 'sɜ:vɪs/ noun a government service which looks after the security of the country

sedan /sɪ'dæn/ *noun US* a two- or fourdoor car with seating for four or five people **sedate** /sɪ'deɪt/ (**sedates**, **sedating**, **sedated**) *verb* to give someone a drug to make them calm or go to sleep \circ *The patient became violent and had to be sedated*.

sedation $/s_1'de_1(\vartheta)n/$ *noun* the act of calming a patient with a drug

sedative /'sedətıv/ noun a drug which acts on the nervous system to help a patient sleep or to relieve stress \circ *I was prescribed sedatives by my doctor.*

sediment /'sedImant/ *noun* solid particles which fall to the bottom of a liquid

Seduce /s1'dju:s/ (seduces, seducing, seduced) verb 1. to persuade someone to have sex \circ She was seduced by her history teacher. 2. to persuade someone to do something which is perhaps wrong \circ He was seduced by the idea of earning a vast salary. (NOTE: + seduction n)

seductive /sɪ'dʌktɪv/ *adj* **1**. sexually appealing **2**. attractive

① See /si:/ (sees, seeing, saw, seen) verb 1. to use your eyes to notice something $[-(that)/-what/where/who etc] \circ Can you$ $see that this colour is slightly different? <math>\circ$ See how the level of the water rises? \circ They say eating carrots helps you to see in the dark. \circ We ran because we could see the bus coming. \circ I have never seen a badger *before.* **2.** to watch something such as a film \circ *I* don't want to go to the cinema this week, I've seen that film twice already. \circ We saw the football match on TV. 3. to understand something [~(that)/~why/what/who/how etc] o Don't you see that they're trying to trick you? $\circ I$ can't see why they need to borrow so much money. $\circ I$ see – you want me to help you. 4. to visit someone, e.g. a lawyer or doctor • If your tooth aches that badly you should see a dentist. \circ He went to see his bank manager to arrange a mortgage.

see off *phrasal verb* to go to the airport or station with someone who is leaving on a journey

see through (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to see from one side of something to the other $\circ I$ *can't see through the window* – *it's so dirty*. **2**. not to be tricked by something or someone \circ *Won't they quickly see through such a poor excuse?* \circ *He pretended he was helping me, but I soon saw through him.*

see to *phrasal verb* to arrange something or make sure that something is done

① **seed** /si:d/ noun a part of a plant which is formed after the flowers die and from which a new plant will grow \circ a packet of carrot seed \circ Sow the seeds in fine earth. \circ Can you eat pumpkin seeds?

seedling /'si:dlɪŋ/ *noun* a very young plant growing from a seed

seedy *('si:di/ adj poor and dirty o The tour included three nights in a rather seedy hotel.*

③ **seeing** /'siːɪŋ/ *conj* □ **seeing that** since ○ *Seeing that everyone's here, let's begin.*

① **Seek** /sitk/ (seeks, seeking, sought) verb to look for someone or something (formal) \circ The police are seeking a group of teenagers who were in the area when the attack took place.

(1) Seem /si:m/ (seems, seeming, seemed) verb to give the appearance of being something ○ She seems to like or It seems that she likes her new job. ○ Everyone seemed to be having a good time at the party. ○ The new boss seems very nice. ○ It seems to me that the parcel has gone to the wrong house. ○ It seemed strange to us that no one answered the phone. (NOTE: Do not confuse with seam.)

seemingly /'si:mɪŋli/ *adv* apparently ③ **seen** /si:n/ past participle of **see** **seep** /si:p/ (seeps, seeping, seeped) *verb* (*of a liquid*) to flow slowly through a substance or out of a container

Seesaw /'si:so:/ noun a plank with seats at each end, balanced in the middle, so that when one end goes down the other goes up \circ The seesaw won't work properly because you're heavier than me. \blacksquare verb (seesaws, seesawing, seesawed) to go first one way then the other \circ The opinion polls seesawed between the two parties.

seethe /si:ð/ (seethes, seething, seethed) *verb* **1**. to be very angry **2**. to move about like boiling water

segment /'segment/ noun a part of something, especially something which divides naturally into different parts \circ grape-fruit segments \circ 30– to 40-year-olds are the most affluent segment of the population.

segregate /'segrigeit/ (segregates, segregating, segregated) *verb* to separate people into groups (NOTE: + segregation *n*) seismic /'saizmik/ *adj* referring to earthquakes

③ Seize /si:z/ (seizes, seizing, seized) verb to grab something and hold it tight \circ She seized the bag of sweets in both hands and would not let go.

seize up phrasal verb to stop working properly

Seizure /'si:3 \circ / noun **1**. the act of taking possession of something \circ *The court ordered the seizure of the shipment of books.* **2**. a sudden contraction of the muscles, especially in a heart attack or an epileptic fit \circ *A member of the audience has had a seizure.* \circ *She has epileptic seizures.*

③ **seldom** /'seldəm/ adv not often (NOTE: Note the word order when **seldom** is at the beginning of a phrase: you seldom hear or seldom do you hear)

② **Select**/s1'lekt/ (**selects**, **selecting**, **selected**) verb to choose something or someone carefully ○ She looked carefully at the shelves before selecting a book. ○ He was selected for the England squad. ○ Selected items are reduced by 25%.

② **selection** /s1'lek \int ən/ noun 1. a range \circ There is a huge selection of hats to choose from. 2. a thing which has or things which have been chosen \circ a selection of French cheeses

③ **selective** /sɪ'lektɪv/ *adj* choosing carefully between different possibilities

selector /sr'lektə/ *noun* a person who chooses people to play in a national team

(2) **Self** /self/ (plural **selves**) noun your own person or character ○ She was ill for some time, but now she's her old self again. ○ She's not her usual happy self today – I think she's got something on her mind.

② **self-** /self/ *prefix* referring to yourself

self-assured /self ə'ʃɔːd/ adj confident and sure of yourself

self-awareness /self ə'weənəs/ noun the fact of having a clear and accurate knowledge of your own character

self-catering /self 'keit(ə)riŋ/ *noun* the practice of doing the cooking for yourself

self-centred /self 'sentəd/ adj thinking only about yourself and your own concerns **self-confessed** /self kən'fest/ adj who admits to being something

self-confidence /self 'konfidəns/ noun the fact of being self-confident

self-conscious /self 'konʃəs/ *adj* embarrassed because you feel you have certain faults

self-control /,self kən'trəʊl/ noun the fact of keeping your feelings under control **self-defence** /,self dɪ'fens/ noun the act of defending yourself

self-destruct /,self dr'strAkt/ (**self-de-structs**, **self-destructing**, **self-destruct-ed**) *verb* to destroy itself

self-destructive /self dɪ'strʌktɪv/ adj doing things which are likely to cause yourself harm

self-determination /,self dtt 3:m1 $\ln \log(a)n/n + \log a$ free choice by the people of a country as to how they should be governed

self-discipline /self 'dɪsə,plɪn/ noun the ability to control your behaviour and do what you should do

self-effacing /self ɪ'feɪsɪŋ/ *adj* modest about your own achievements or good qualities

self-employed /_iself Im'ploid / adjworking for yourself, not employed by a company \circ a self-employed accountant \circ He worked for a bank for ten years but now is self-employed.

③ **self-esteem** /₁self I'sti:m/ noun a good opinion of yourself and your ability

self-evident /self 'evid(ə)nt/ adj obvious

self-explanatory /,self Ik 'splænət(ə)ri/ adj which explains itself easily

self-governing /self 'gʌvənɪŋ/ adj which governs itself **self-help** /self 'help/ *noun* the fact of using your own efforts to help yourself, without relying on other people or the government

self-important /self im'po:t()*int/ adj* behaving as if you believe you are very important

self-imposed /,self Im'pəuzd/ adj chosen for yourself

self-indulgent /self in'dʌldʒ(ə)nt/ *adj* allowing yourself to do what you feel like without self-control

self-inflicted /self in'fliktid/ adj caused by yourself

self-interest /self 'Intrəst/ noun working for your own benefit

③ **selfish** /'self1 \int / *adj* doing things only for yourself and not for other people

selfless /'selfləs/ *adj* not thinking of yourself, only of others

self-made /self meid/ *adj* rich and successful because of your own work, not because you inherited money or position

self-pity /self 'pɪti/ noun pity for yourself

self-portrait /self 'po:treit/ noun a painting of the artist done by himself or herself

self-preservation /self ,prezə 'veı∫(ə)n/ *noun* the wish to protect yourself from harm

self-reliant /₁self r1'la1ont/ *adj* relying only on yourself to make decisions

self-respect / self r1'spekt/ noun pride in yourself

self-righteous /self 'rait jəs/ adj feeling sure that you are doing what is right

self-rule / self 'rull *noun* the right of a country or a state to govern itself

self-satisfied /self 'sætis,faid/ *adj* feeling very pleased with yourself or with your actions

self-service /,self 's3:vis/ *adj* (of a shop or restaurant) in which you take things yourself before paying for them, rather than being served by an assistant

self-sufficient / self sə'fɪʃ(ə)nt/ adj able to provide everything for yourself

(1) **Sell** /sel/ (**sells, selling, sold**) *verb* **1**. to give something to someone for money [~to/~for] ○ *He sold the house to my father.* ○ *We managed to sell the car for £500.* ○ *The shop sells vegetables but not meat.* **2**. to be sold [~for] ○ *Those packs sell for £25* a *dozen.* ○ *Her latest book is selling very well.*

sell off phrasal verb to sell goods quickly

and cheaply to get rid of them \circ *At the* end of the day the market stalls sell off their fruit and vegetables very cheaply.

sell out ① *phrasal verb* **1**. to sell every item of a particular type \circ *Have you got the dress in a size* 12? - No, *I'm afraid we've sold out.* \circ *We're selling out of these hats fast.* **2**. *US* to sell a business to someone \circ *He sold out to his partner and retired.* **3**. to give in to a group of influential people \circ *The environmental group has accused the government of selling out to he oil companies.*

sell up phrasal verb to sell a business o He sold up and retired.

sell-by date /'sel bai ,deit/ *noun* the date on a packet of food, which is the last date on which the food can be sold while it is guaranteed to be good

seller /'selə/ noun **1**. a person who sells something \circ There were a few postcard sellers by the cathedral. **2**. an item which sells \circ This book is a steady seller.

sell-off /'sel pf/ *noun* the act of selling something to private buyers

Sellotape /'seloute1p/ trademark a type of sticky tape \circ *She put the books in a box and sealed it with Sellotape.*

sellout /'selaot/ noun **1**. a betrayal of all your principles \circ They said his change of policy was a sellout to the forces of the right. \circ It's a sellout – the council should have stood up for our rights. **2**. a performance of a play, film or concert for which all the tickets have been sold \circ The new musical is a sellout.

semantic /sə'mæntık/ *adj* referring to the meanings of words and phrases

semblance /'sembləns/ noun an appearance

semen /'si:mən/ noun a thick pale fluid containing spermatozoa, produced by the testes and ejaculated from the penis (NOTE: Do not confuse with **seaman**.)

semester /sɪ'mestə/ *noun* a term in a school or college year which only has two terms

semicircle /'semi_s3:k(a)l/ noun half a circle

semicolon /,semi'kəolon/ *noun* a punctuation mark (;) used to separate two parts of a sentence and also used to show a pause **semi-conscious** /,semi 'kon∫əs/ *adj* not fully conscious

③ **semi-final** /,semi 'fam(ə)l/ *noun* one of the last two matches in a competition, the winners of which go into the final game **seminar** /'semina:/ *noun* the meeting of a small group of university students to discuss a subject with a teacher

seminary /'seminəri/ *noun* a college where people train to become priests

semitone /'semitoon/ noun the smallest interval between notes in music, the interval between two keys on a piano

senate /'senət/ noun the upper house of the legislative body in some countries o She was first elected to the Senate in 2001.

senator /'senətə/ *noun* a member of a senate (NOTE: written with a capital letter when used as a title: *Senator Jackson*)

① Send /send/ (sends, sending, sent) verb 1. to make someone or something go from one place to another \circ My mother sent me to the baker's to buy some bread. \circ I was sent home from school because I had a headache. \circ He sent the ball into the net. \circ The firm is sending him out to Australia for six months. 2. to use the postal services to get something to someone \circ The office sends 200 Christmas cards every year. \circ Send me a postcard when you get to Russia. \circ Send the letter by air if you want it to arrive next week. \circ Send your donations to the following address.

send for phrasal verb to ask someone to come

send in *phrasal verb* to send a letter to an organisation

send off phrasal verb **1**. (in games) to tell someone to go off the field \circ *The referee sent both players off.* **2**. to post something \circ *He sent the postcard off without a stamp.*

send up phrasal verb **1.** to make something go up \circ They sent up an emergency flare. \circ The cold weather has sent up the price of vegetables. **2.** to make jokes about someone (informal) \circ In one of his TV sketches, he sends up the Foreign Minister.

sender /'sendə/ noun a person who sends something, especially a letter \circ The letter was returned to the sender.

senile /'si:nail/ adj referring to someone whose is forgetful and confused because of old age

② **Senior** /'si:niə/ adj **1**. older \circ the senior members of the tribe **2**. more important, e.g. in rank \circ A sergeant is senior to a corporal. \circ My senior colleagues do not agree with me.

senior citizen $/_1$ simiə 'sıtız(ə)n/ noun an old person who does not work **seniority** /, si:ni'briti/ noun 1. the fact of being older or more important 2. the fact of being a member of a group longer than someone else \circ He has several years' seniority over me as a member of the club.

(3) **Sensation** /sen'set $J(\Im)n/$ noun **1.** a general feeling $\circ I$ felt the curious sensation that I had been in the room before. **2.** a physical feeling \circ She had a burning sensation in her arm. **3.** a thing or person that causes great excitement \circ The new ballet was the sensation of the season.

sensational /sen'set $\int(\partial)n(\partial)l/adj$ **1**. which causes great excitement \circ *His sen*sational discovery shocked the world of archaeology. **2**. very good \circ *A sensational* new film – don't miss it! \circ You look sensational in that outfit.

sensationalism /sen'set $J(\Im)$ n \Im _lIz($\Im)$ m/ noun the practice of making things seem especially exciting or shocking, e.g. in newspaper reporting

① Sense /sens/ noun 1. one of the five ways in which you notice something (sight, hearing, smell, taste, touch) \circ Dogs have a good sense of smell. \circ His senses had been dulled by the drugs he was taking. 2. a meaning \circ He was using 'bear' in the sense of 'to carry'. 3. the fact of being sensible \circ At least someone showed some sense and tried to calm the situation. \circ She didn't have the sense to refuse. \circ I thought Patrick would have had more sense than that.

senseless /'sensləs/ adj done for no good reason \circ a senseless attack on a little old lady \circ It's senseless to buy clothes you don't need, just because they are in the sales.

(3) **sensible** /'sensīb(ə)l/ adj **1**. showing good judgment and wisdom ○ Staying indoors was the sensible thing to do. ○ Try and be sensible for once! **2**. (of shoes) strong and comfortable for walking, rather than fashionable

(3) sensitive /'sensitiv/ adj 1. easily upset o She's a very sensitive young woman.
 o Some actors are extremely sensitive to criticism. 2. which measures very accurately o a very sensitive light meter

③ **sensitivity** / sensi'tiviti/ noun sensitive feelings

sensor /'sensə/ noun an electronic device that reacts to something such as heat, light or smoke

sensory /'sensəri/ adj referring to the senses

sensual /'sensjuəl/ *adj* referring to pleasures of the body, not of the mind

sensuous /'sensjuəs/ *adj* which gives pleasure to the senses

③ **sent** /sent/ past tense and past participle of **send**

(1) **Sentence** /'sentons/ noun 1. a series of words put together to make a complete statement, usually ending in a full stop $\circ I$ don't understand the second sentence in your letter: \circ Begin each sentence with a capital letter: 2. a judgment of a court \circ He was given a six-month prison sentence. \circ The judge passed sentence on the accused.

verb (sentences, sentenced, sentenced) to give someone an official legal punishment \circ She was sentenced to three weeks in prison. \circ He was sentenced to death for murder.

sentiment /'sent1mont/ noun a general feeling \circ The government had to take public sentiment into account.

(3) **sentimental** /_ssent1'ment(3)]/ adj showing emotions of love or pity, not reason

Sentry /'sentri/ (plural sentries /'sentin(ϑ)l/), sentinel noun a soldier on duty, e.g. at a gate

separate¹/'sep(\ni)r \Rightarrow t/ *adj* not together or attached \circ *They are in separate rooms.* \circ *The house has one bathroom with a separate toilet.* \circ *The dogs were kept separate from the other pets.* \circ *Can you give us two separate inyoices?*

Separate² /'separeit/ (separates, separating, separated) verb 1. to divide people or things \circ The employees are separated into permanent and temporary staff. \circ The teacher separated the class into two groups. 2. to keep people or things apart \circ The police tried to separate the two gangs. \circ Is it possible to separate religion from politics?

separated /'sepəreitid/ *adj* not living together any more

(2) **separately** /'sep(ə)rətli/ *adv* individually, rather than together or as a group

separation /, sepə'rei $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/n$ noun 1. the act of dividing people or things 2. the fact of living apart $\circ A$ six-month separation of mother and child may have long-term effects. $\circ A$ fter my parents' separation I lived with my father.

separatist /'sep(ə)rətist/ *noun* a person who believes that part of the country should become separate and independent

(1) **September** /sep'tembə/ noun the ninth month of the year, between August

and October \circ September $3 \circ$ The weather is usually good in September. \circ Her birthday is in September. \circ Today is September $3rd. \circ$ We always try to take a short holiday in September (NOTE: September 3rd or September 3: say 'September the third' or 'the third of September' or in US English 'September third'.)

septic /'sept1k/ adj (of a part of a body or a wound) infected with bacteria

sequel /'sitkwəl/ noun **1**. the continuation of something, such as a story or a play \circ The sequel will be screened tomorrow night. **2**. a result, something which follows \circ The sequel to the discovery was that the driver of the truck was arrested.

(2) **sequence** /'si:kwəns/ noun a series of things which happen or follow one after the other \circ *The sequence of events which led to the accident.*

sequin /'sixkwin/ *noun* a small round shiny metal ornament, sewn onto clothes

serene /sə'riin/ adj calm, not worried

③ **sergeant** /'sɑ:dʒənt/ noun a noncommissioned officer in the army, or an officer of low rank in the police (NOTE: also used as a title before a surname: *Sergeant Jones*)

sergeant major /,sɑ:dʒənt 'meɪdʒə/ *noun* a non-commissioned officer of middle rank in the army and some other armed forces

serial /'sıəriəl/ noun a story that is broadcast on TV or radio in separate parts \circ an Australian police serial (NOTE: Do not confuse with **cereal**.)

serial number /'sɪəriəl ,nʌmbə/ *noun* a number that is given to something such as a piece of equipment or a bank note so that it can be identified

① **Series** /'s1əri:z/ (plural same) noun 1. a group of things which come one after the other in order \circ We had a series of phone calls from the bank. 2. TV or radio programmes which are broadcast at the same time each week \circ There's a new wildlife series starting this week.

① **Serious** /'s1əriəs/ adj **1.** not funny or not joking \circ a very serious play \circ He's such a serious little boy. \circ Stop laughing – it's very serious. \circ He's very serious about the proposal. \circ The doctor's expression was very serious. **2.** important and possibly dangerous \circ There was a serious accident on the motorway. \circ The storm caused serious damage. \circ There's no need to worry – it's nothing serious. **3.** carefully planned \circ The management is making serious attempts to improve working conditions.

① **seriously** /'sıəriəsli/ adv 1. in a serious way \circ She should laugh more – she mustn't always take things so seriously. 2. to a great extent \circ The cargo was seriously damaged by water. \circ Her mother is seriously ill.

seriousness /'sirriəsnəs/ *noun* the fact of being serious

Sermon /'s3:mon/ noun a talk given by a priest in church \circ *He gave a sermon about the need to love your neighbours.*

serotonin /,sıərə'təonin/ *noun* a chemical in your body which affects your moods and the sending of messages through your nerves

serpent /'s3:pənt/ noun a snake (literary or dated)

② **Servant** /'s3:vənt/ noun a person who is paid to work for a family \circ *They employ two servants in their London home.* \circ *Get it yourself* – I'm not your servant!

① Serve /s3:v/ (serves, serving, served) verb 1. to give food or drink to someone \circ She served the soup in small bowls. \circ Just take a plate and serve yourself. \circ Has everyone been served? 2. to go with a dish [-with] \circ Fish is served with a white sauce. You usually serve red wine with meat. 3. to help a customer, e.g. in a shop \circ Are you being served? \circ The manager served me himself. 4. (in games like tennis) to start a point by hitting the ball, in sports such as tennis and squash \circ She served two faults in a row. \circ He served first.

③ **Server** /'s3:və/ *noun* a dedicated computer or program which provides a function to a network

(1) **Service** /'s3:vis/ noun 1. a facility which the public needs o Our train service to London is very bad. \circ The postal service *is efficient.* \circ *The hotel provides a laundry* service. 2. the act of serving or helping someone in a shop or restaurant o The food is good here, but the service is very slow. The bill includes an extra 10% for service. \circ Is the service included? \circ The bill does not include service. 3. a regular check of a machine o The car has had its 20,000-kilometre service. 4. a group of people working together \circ the ambulance service 5. a time when you work for a company or organisation or in the armed forces o She did six years' service in the police. \circ He was awarded a gold watch for his long service to the company. \circ As a soldier, he saw service in Northern Ireland. 6. a religious ceremony \circ My mother never misses the nine o'clock service on Sundays. 7. (in games like tennis) the action of hitting the ball first \circ She has a very powerful service. \blacksquare verb (services, servicing, serviced) to keep a machine in good working order \circ The car needs to be serviced every six months.

service charge /'s3:v1s t f 0:d3/ *noun* a charge added to a bill in a restaurant to pay for service

serviceman /'s3:v1smən/ (*plural* **servicemen**) *noun* a male member of the army, navy or air force

③ **Services** /'s3:visiz/ *noun* an area next to a motorway with a service station, restaurants and sometimes a hotel

(3) **service station** /'s3:v1s ,ste1 $\int(3)n/noun$ a garage where you can buy petrol and have small repairs done to a car

servicewoman /'s3:vIS,womən/ (plural **servicewomen**) *noun* a woman member of the army, navy or air force

serviette /,s3:vi'et/ *noun* a square piece of cloth or paper used to protect clothes and wipe your mouth at meals (NOTE: Although **serviette** is perfectly correct English, some people prefer to use the word **napkin**.)

(3) **Serving** /'s3:viŋ/ *noun* an amount of food served to one person

sesame /'sesəmi/ noun a plant with small flat seeds that are used in cooking, sometimes scattered on top of bread or cakes, or to make oil

(2) **Session** /'se $\int(\partial n/\partial u n)$ the time when an activity is taking place \circ All these long sessions in front of the computer screen are ruining my eyesight.

(1) set /set/ noun a group of things which go together, which are used together or which are sold together \circ *He carries a set* of tools in the back of his car. \circ The six chairs are sold as a set. ■ verb (sets, setting, set) 1. to put something somewhere, usually carefully \circ She set the plate of biscuits down on the table next to her chair. 2. to fix something o When we go to France we have to set our watches to French time. • The price of the new computer has been set at £500. 3. to make something happen o *He went to sleep smoking a cigarette and* set the house on fire. \circ All the prisoners were set free. \circ I had been worried about her, but her letter set my mind at rest. 4. to go down \circ The sun rises in the east and sets in the west. adj ready o We're all set for a swim. \circ My bags are packed and I'm all set to leave. \circ The government is set to intro*duce new anti-smoking laws.* O *Her latest novel is set to become the best-selling book of the year.*

set about phrasal verb to start to do something

set aside phrasal verb **1.** to dismiss or reject something \circ *The proposal was set aside by the committee.* **2.** to save something and keep it for future use \circ *We set money aside every month for the children's holidays.*

set back phrasal verb **1**. to delay something or make something late \circ The bad weather has set the harvest back by two weeks. **2**. to place something further back \circ The house is set back from the road.

set down phrasal verb **1**. to let passengers get off \circ The bus set down several passengers and two others got on. **2**. to put something in writing \circ The rules are set down in this booklet.

set in *phrasal verb* to start and become permanent

set off phrasal verb **1**. to begin a trip \circ We're setting off for Germany tomorrow. \circ They all set off on a long walk after lunch. **2**. to start something happening \circ They set off a bomb in the shopping centre. \circ If you touch the wire it will set off the alarm. \circ Being in the same room as a cat will set off my asthma.

set out phrasal verb **1**. to begin a journey \circ The hunters set out to cross the mountains. \circ We have to set out early tomorrow. **2**. to explain something clearly \circ We asked her to set out the details in her report. **3**. to aim to do something \circ He set out to ruin the party.

set to phrasal verb to start to work hard (dated)

set up phrasal verb **1.** to establish something \circ to set up a committee or a working party $\circ A$ fund has been set up to receive donations from the public. \circ He set himself up as an estate agent. **2.** to deceive someone deliberately (informal) \circ We were set up by the police.

③ **setback** /'setbæk/ noun a problem which makes something late or stops something going ahead

set piece /set pirs/ *noun* an action which is carefully planned in advance

settee /se'ti:/ *noun* a long seat with a soft back where several people can sit

(2) **setting** /'setin/ noun the background for a story \circ *The setting for the story is Hong Kong in 1935.* ② **settle** /'set(\ni)l/ (settles, settling, settled) verb 1. to arrange or agree something [-on] \circ Have you settled on a title for the new film yet? \circ Well, I'm glad everything's settled at last. \circ Will these two sides ever settle their differences? 2. to place yourself in a comfortable position \circ She switched on the television and settled in her favourite armchair. 3. to fall to the ground, or to the bottom of something, gently \circ Wait for the dust to settle. \circ A layer of mud settled at the bottom of the pond.

settle down phrasal verb **1**. to place yourself in a comfortable position \circ After dinner, she likes to settle down in a comfortable chair with a good book. **2**. to change to a calmer way of life without many changes of house or much travelling \circ He has worked all over the world, and doesn't seem ready to settle down. \circ She had lots of boyfriends, and then got married and settled down in Surrey.

settle for *phrasal verb* to choose or to decide on something which is not quite what you want

settle in *phrasal verb* to become accustomed to something new such as a house or job

② **settlement** /'set(\ni)lm \ni nt/ noun **1**. the payment of a bill \circ *This invoice has not* been paid – can you arrange for immediate settlement? **2**. an agreement in a dispute \circ *In the end a settlement was reached between management and workers*. **3**. a place where a group of people come to live \circ *a mining settlement in the hills*

③ **settler** /'set(ə)lə/ *noun* a person who goes to live in a new country

set-top box /set top 'boks/ *noun* a device shaped like a box, which is used to operate cable television

setup /'set Ap/ *noun* **1**. the way something is organised **2**. an action taken to deceive someone

(1) seven /'sev(ə)n/ noun the number 7

() seventeen $/_sev(a)n'tin/$ noun the number 17

() **seventeenth** $/_{sev}(\vartheta)n'ti:n\theta/adj,$ *noun* number 17 in a series \blacksquare *noun* number 17 in a series

() **seventh** /'seven θ / adj relating to number 7 in a series **noun** number 7 in a series

() seventy /'sev(3)nti/noun the number 70 \Box seventies the numbers between 70 and 79

Sever /'sevə/ (severs, severing, severed) verb to cut off

several

① **Several** /'sev(\Im)r \Im l/ adj, pron more than a few, but not a lot \circ Several buildings were damaged in the storm. \circ We've met several times. \circ Several of the students are going to Italy. \circ Most of the guests left early but several stayed on till midnight.

(2) Severe /s1'v1∂/ adj 1. very strict ○ He was very severe with any child who did not behave. ○ Discipline in the school was severe. 2. having a very bad effect ○ The government imposed severe financial restrictions on importers. ○ The severe weather has closed several main roads. (NOTE: severity n)

③ **severely** /s1'v1əli/ adv **1**. strictly \circ She was severely punished for being late. **2**. to a great extent \circ a severely injured survivor \circ Train services have been severely affected by snow.

(3) **SeW** /səu/ (**sews**, **sewing**, **sewed**, **sewn** or **sewed**) *verb* to attach, make or repair something by using a needle and thread (NOTE: Do not confuse with **sow**.)

sewage /'suridʒ/ *noun* waste water and other waste from toilets, carried away in pipes under the ground

Sewer /'su:ə/ noun a large pipe which takes waste water and refuse away from buildings

③ sewing /'səoiŋ/ noun things such as clothes which someone is in the process of sewing

sewn /soun/ past participle of sew

① Sex /seks/ noun 1. one of two groups, male and female, into which animals and plants can be divided \circ *They've had a baby,* but I don't know what sex it is. \circ *There is* no discrimination on the grounds of sex, race and religion. 2. physical activity which, between a man and a woman, could cause a baby to develop \circ a film full of sex and violence \circ Sex was the last thing on her mind. \Box to have sex with someone to perform a sexual act with someone

sex appeal /'seks ə,pi:l/ *noun* the fact of being attractive to the opposite sex

sexism /'seksiz(ə)m/ *noun* unfair treatment because of a person's sex

sex life /'seks laff/ noun the part of someone's life that involves their sexual relationships

sex offender /'seks ə,fendə/ noun a person who commits a crime involving sex (2) **sexual** /'sekʃuəl/ adj relating to the activity of having sex \circ Their relationship was never sexual. **sexual** intercourse /₁sek∫uəl 'Intəkɔ:s/ *noun* the act in which a man puts his penis inside a woman's vagina

③ **sexuality** /ˌsek∫u'ælīti/ *noun* sexual feelings or activity

sexually /'sek∫uəli/ *adv* in a sexual way **sexual orientation** /,sek∫uəl ,o:riən 'teɪ∫(ə)n/ *noun* attraction to someone of the opposite sex, of the same sex or both

sex worker /seks 'w3:kə/ *noun* a person who gets paid to have sex with people or who appears in pornographic films or photographs

② SEXY /'seksi/ (sexier, sexiest) adj sexually attractive

SGML /,es dʒi: em'el/ *noun* a computer language which uses a system of codes to create files

sh /ʃ/ interj used to ask for silence

shabby $\int adj$ (of clothes) used about clothes which are of poor quality or look worn out \circ *He wore a shabby coat with two buttons missing.*

shack $\int \frac{k}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

shackle $/\int \mathfrak{B}k(\mathfrak{g}) l/(\mathfrak{shackles}, \mathfrak{shackling}, \mathfrak{shackled})$ verb to fasten someone to something or to another person with a chain \circ *The slaves were shackled together*.

shade / \int erd/ noun **1**. a variety of a particular colour \circ Her hat is a rather pretty shade of green. **2**. a dark place which is not in the sun \circ We sat in the shade of a tree. \circ Let's try and find some shade – it's too hot in the sun.

② **shadow** /'∫ædə∪/ noun a dark place behind an object where light is cut off by the object ○ In the evening, the trees cast long shadows across the lawn. ○ She saw his shadow move down the hall. ○ They rested for a while, in the shadow of a large tree.

shadowy /'∫ædəui/ (shadowier, shadowiest) adj not easily seen or not well known

shady /' \int erdi/ adj 1. out of the light of the sun \circ At midday in Madrid, it's better to walk on the shady side of the street. 2. not honest \circ He made several shady deals.

③ **shaft** / forft/ noun 1. the long handle of a tool such as a spade \circ The shaft of the spade was so old it snapped in two. 2. a thin beam of light \circ Tiny particles of dust were dancing in a shaft of sunlight. 3. a deep hole connecting one place to another • The shaft had become blocked with rubbish.

shaggy /'∫ægi/ adj long and untidy

② **Shake** $/\int e_{IK}/$ (shakes, shaking, shook, shaken) verb to move something from side to side or up and down \circ Shake the bottle before pouring. \circ The house shakes every time a train goes past. \circ His hand shook as he opened the envelope. \diamond to shake your head to move your head from side to side to mean 'no' \circ When I asked my dad if I could borrow the car he just shook his head.

shake off *g phrasal verb* to get rid of something, usually something unpleasant

shakeup /'ʃeɪkʌp/ *noun* a total reorganisation

Shaky $I' \int e_1 ki I'$ (**shakier**, **shakiest**) adj **1**. not very safe, not very reliable \circ *Be careful*, *that ladder is a bit shaky*. \circ *The champion driver got off to a shaky start*. \circ *Your argument sounds a bit shaky to me.* **2**. feeling weak \circ *He's still shaky after his operation.*

(1) **shall** $/\int$ əl, \int æl/ modal verb 1. used to make the future tense \circ We shall be out on Saturday evening. \circ I shan't say anything – I shall keep my mouth shut! \circ Tomorrow we shan't be home until after 10 o'clock. 2. used to show a suggestion \circ Shall we open the windows? \circ Shall I give them a ring? (NOTE: shall is mainly used with I and we. The negative is shan't and the past tense is should.)

shallot $/\int \vartheta' bt/ noun a type of small onion$

(3) **shallow** $/^{1} \exists = 0/$ adj not far from top to bottom \circ *Children were playing in the shallow end of the pool.* \circ *The river is so shallow in summer that you can walk across it.*

sham / $\int \alpha m$ / noun a person or thing which is false \circ Her claim to be a great pianist is just a sham. \circ The government's promises were just a sham.

shambles /'fæmbəlz/ noun **1**. a complete lack of organisation \circ *The whole trip to Paris was a shambles* – *lost tickets, no hotel booking, everything that could go wrong did go wrong.* **2**. a mess \circ *She stood at the door looking at the shambles after the office party.* \circ *Tidy up your bedroom* – *it is an absolute shambles.*

(2) **shame** $/\int \text{erm}/noun$ the bad feeling you get when you know you have done something wrong or cruel which you should not have done \circ *She went bright red* with shame. \circ To my shame, I did nothing to help.

shameful /'feimf(ə)l/ *adj* extremely immoral or dishonest, causing shame

shameless /' feimləs/ *adj* not ashamed

③ **shampoo** / \int æm'pu:/ noun 1. liquid soap for washing your hair or for washing things such as carpets or cars \circ *There are* sachets of shampoo in the bathroom. 2. the action of washing the hair \circ *She went to the* hairdresser's for a shampoo.

3 shan't /faint/ short form shall not

shanty town /'fænti taun/ noun a large group of huts belonging to poor people

② **shape** $/\int e_{IP} / noun$ the form of how something looks $\circ A$ design in the shape of a letter S. \circ The old table was a funny shape. • verb (shapes, shaping, shaped) to make into a certain form \circ He shaped the pastry into the form of a little boat.

shape up phrasal verb to result, to end up
Things are shaping up as we expected.
It's shaping up to be a fine day.

(2) **shaped** / feipt/ *adj* with a certain shape **shapeless** /' feipləs/ *adj* with no definite shape

shapely /'feipli/ adj with an attractive shape

(1) **share** / [eə/ noun a part of something that is divided between two or more people • Did he get his share of the prize money? • There's a lot of work to do. so everyone *must do their share*. D to have a share in to take part in, to have a part of \circ All the staff should have a share in decisions about the company's future. \circ She has her share of *the responsibility for the accident.* • *verb* (shares, sharing, shared) 1. also share **out** to divide up something among several people [~among/between] o The money will be shared out among her sons. O Let's share the cost. 2. to use something which someone else also uses o We share an office. \circ We shared a taxi to the airport.

shareholder /'feəhəuldə/ noun a person who owns shares in a company

shareware /'ʃeə,weə/ noun computer software which you try for short period before deciding if you want to buy the right to use it

sharia $/\int \mathfrak{g}' ri: \mathfrak{g}/$ noun Islamic religious law, based on the teaching of the Koran

(3) **shark** / Jo:k/ noun a large dangerous fish which lives in the sea and can kill people \circ *The lifeguards shouted when a shark was spotted in the water.*

(2) sharp /fg.p/ adi 1. with an edge or point which can easily cut or pass through something o For injections, a needle has to have a very sharp point. \circ The beach is covered with sharp stones. \circ This knife is useless – it isn't sharp enough. 2. sudden and great \circ There was a sharp drop in interest rates. \circ The road makes a sharp right-hand bend. \circ He received a sharp blow on the back of his head. \circ We had a sharp frost last night. 3. bitter o Lemons *have a very sharp taste.* **4.** quick to notice things \circ He has a sharp sense of justice. \circ She has a sharp eye for a bargain. \circ He's pretty sharp at spotting mistakes. • adv 1. exactly \circ The coach will leave the hotel at 7.30 sharp. **2.** suddenly, at an angle \circ The road turned sharp right.

sharpen /'farpen/ (sharpens, sharpening, sharpened) verb to make something sharp

(3) **shatter** /'∫ætə/ (**shatters**, **shattering**, **shattered**) verb **1**. to break into little pieces ○ He knocked the vase with his elbow and it shattered onto the floor. ○ The bomb shattered the windows of several houses. **2**. to destroy, to upset violently ○ His hopes of going to university were shattered when he failed the exam. ○ A loud sneeze shattered the silence in the library.

shattered $/\int \mathfrak{st} \mathfrak{sd}/\mathfrak$

③ **shave** / $\int e_{1V}/noun$ the act of cutting off the hair on your face with a razor \circ *He decided to have a shave before going out to dinner.* \blacksquare *verb* (shaves, shaving, shaved, shaved or shaven) 1. to cut off the hair on your face with a razor \circ *He cut himself shaving.* 2. to cut the hair on your head or, on a part of your body, so that it is very short $\circ I$ *didn't recognise him with his head shaved*.

shaver /'feivə/ noun an electrical tool used for cutting hair off your body

shavings $/\int \text{enving}/plural noun small thin slices of something such as wood or cheese, cut off with a knife <math>\circ$ *They packed the china in a box of wood shavings.*

shawl /joil/ *noun* a large square of warm material for wearing around the shoulders or head

① **she** / \int **i**:/ *pron* used for referring to a female person, a female animal and sometimes to cars, ships and countries \circ *She's my sister.* \circ *She and I are going on holiday*

to France together. \circ I'm angry with her – she's taken my motorbike. \circ She's a sweet little cat, but she's no good at catching mice. \circ The customs officers boarded the ship when she docked. (NOTE: When it is the object, **she** becomes **her**: She hit the ball or the ball hit her. When it follows the verb to **be**, **she** usually becomes **her**: Who's that? – It's her, the girl we met yesterday.)

sheaf /fi:f/ (plural sheaves) noun 1. a large pile of papers \circ He threw a sheaf of papers onto my desk and told me to sort them out. \circ The jury had to examine sheaves of evidence collected by the fraud squad. 2. a collection of the stems of plants such as wheat tied together after cutting \circ They spent all day picking up sheaves and loading them on carts.

shears $/\int I = 2/p \ln a \ln a$ noun very large scissors, used for cutting plants or for cutting the wool off sheep \circ *He's cutting the hedge with the shears.*

sheath $/\int i:\theta/$ noun a cover for a weapon such as a knife \circ *Put your knife back in its sheath.*

sheaves / firvz/ plural of sheaf

shed / \int ed/ noun a small wooden building \circ They kept the mower in a shed at the bottom of the garden. \circ She's in the garden shed putting geraniums into pots. \blacksquare verb (sheds, shedding, shed) to lose something which you are carrying or wearing \circ In autumn, the trees shed their leaves as soon as the weather turns cold. \circ A lorry has shed its load of wood at the roundabout. \circ We shed our clothes and dived into the cool water.

(1) **she'd** $/\int i \cdot d/ short form$ **1**. she had **2**. she would

sheen / fin/ noun an extremely shiny surface

(2) **sheep** $/\int i:p/(plural same)$ noun a common farm animal, which gives wool and meat \circ a flock of sheep \circ The sheep are in the field.

sheepdog /'fipdog/ noun a dog trained and used to control sheep

sheepish /'firpif/ *adj* embarrassed and showing that you are ashamed

sheepskin // ji:pskin/ noun the skin of a sheep, with the wool still on it, used to make something such as a coat or a floor covering

sheer $/\int I_0/adj$ **1.** used for emphasizing something \circ *It was sheer heaven to get into a hot bath after skiing.* \circ *She was crying out of sheer frustration.* \circ *It's sheer madness to go out without a coat in this weath-* *er.* **2.** very steep \circ *It was a sheer drop to the beach below.*

② sheet / Jitt / noun 1. a large piece of thin cloth which is put on a bed, either to lie on or to cover you o She changed the sheets on the bed. 2. a large flat piece of something such as paper, metal, ice or plastic o Can you give me another sheet of paper? b blaance sheet

sheeting /' firt in/ noun thin material used for covering things

② **shelf** /Jelf/ (plural **shelves**) noun a flat piece of wood attached to a wall or in a cupboard on which things can be put ○ He put up or built some shelves in the kitchen. ○ The shelves were packed with books. ○ Put that book back on the shelf. ○ Can you reach me down the box from the top shelf? ○ The plates are on the top shelf in the kitchen cupboard.

shelf life /'ʃelf laɪf/ *noun* the number of days or weeks that a product can be kept in a shop and still be good to use

(3) **shell** /∫el/ noun **1**. the hard outside part which covers some animals such as snails or tortoises ○ *The children spent hours collecting shells on the beach*. **2**. the hard outside part of an egg or a nut ○ *I found a big piece of shell in my omelette.* ◊ **eggshell**, **nutshell 3**. a metal tube which is fired from a gun and explodes when it hits something ○ *A shell landed on the hospital*.

③ **she'll** / ʃiːl/ short form she will

③ **shellfish** /'felf1ʃ/ *noun* sea animals such as crabs and oysters which have a hard outer covering and which you can eat **shelter** //folto/ noun 1, protection of We

shelter /' felt ə/ noun 1. protection \circ We stood in the shelter of a tree waiting for the rain to stop. \circ On the mountain there was no shelter from the pouring rain. \Box to take shelter to go somewhere for protection \circ When the gunmen started to shoot we all took shelter behind a wall. 2. a structure or building which protects you from bad weather or danger \circ People stood in the bus shelter out of the rain as they waited for the bus to come. \blacksquare verb (shelters, sheltering, sheltered) to go somewhere for protection \circ Sheep were sheltering from the snow beside the hedge.

shelve $/\int elv/$ (shelves, shelving, shelved) verb 1. to put back to a later date \circ The project was shelved for lack of money. \circ Discussion of the problem has been shelved. 2. to slope down \circ The beach shelves gently so it is safe for little children.

(3) shelves /ʃelvz/ plural of shelf

shelving $/ \int elvin/ noun 1$. rows of shelves $\circ I've$ installed metal shelving in the garden shed. 2. the act of delaying something such as a plan to do something \circ The shelving of the project has resulted in chaos.

shenanigans /shi'nænɪgənz/ plural noun behaviour that is dishonest or immoral, but often in a way that can interesting or funny

shepherd /'fepəd/ (shepherds, shepherding, shepherded) verb to take people somewhere moving them as a group \circ The children were shepherded into the building. \circ The police were shepherding the crowds away from the scene of the accident.

sheriff /' \int erif/ noun US an official in charge of justice in a particular part of a state \circ the sheriff of Orange County

sherry I' feri/ noun a type of strong wine, made in Spain \circ She brought two bottles of sherry back from Spain.

she's $/\int$ itz/ short for **1**. she has **2**. she is **shh** $/\int$ / *interj* another spelling of **sh** (NOTE: also spelt **sh**!)

② **shield** /jiild/ noun a large flat object carried by people such as police officers for protection from attack \circ *Our police officers carry riot shields*. • *verb* (**shields**, **shielding**, **shielded**) to protect someone or something from being reached or seen \circ *He tried to shield her from the wind*.

② **shift** /ʃ Ift/ noun a change of something such as position or direction [~in/~towards/to] \circ a shift in policy \circ There is a shift in the market towards higher priced goods. \circ There has been a shift of emphasis from opposition to partnership. \blacksquare verb (shifts, shifting, shifted) to change position or direction \circ We've shifted the television from the kitchen into the dining room. \circ My opinion has shifted since I read the official report.

Shift key /' fift ki:/ *noun* the key which changes characters on a keyboard to capital letters

shifty /' ſIfti/ adj not looking honest

Shiite /' firatt/, **Shi'ite** *noun* a follower of the Shia branch of Islam

shimmer /'∫Imə/ (**shimmers, shimmering, shimmered**) *verb* to shine softly with light in a way which is not steady \circ *The lake shimmered in the moonlight.*

shin $/\int \ln / \operatorname{noun}$ the front part of your leg below the knee \circ *He scraped his shin climbing over the wall.* \circ *They kicked him in the shins.*

shine

③ **shine** $/\int an/(shines, shining, shone)$ verb 1. to be bright with light \circ The sun is shining and they say it'll be hot today. \circ She polished the table until it shone. \circ The wine glasses shone in the light of the candles. \circ Why do cats' eyes shine in the dark? \circ The moon shone down on the waiting crowd. 2. to make light fall on something \circ He shone his torch into the cellar.

shingle /' Jingəl/ noun **1**. a mass of small stones on a beach \circ A shingle beach is quite hard to walk on in your bare feet. **2**. a small flat piece of something such as wood which is fixed on a wall or roof as a covering \circ I must get up on the roof, some of the shingles need replacing.

Shinto /' JINT **J**U/ *noun* a Japanese religion with many gods and spirits of the natural world

(3) **Shiny** $/\int a \ln i / ($ **shinier**, **shiniest**) *adj* which shines

① **ship** $/\int IP / noun$ a large boat for carrying passengers and goods on the sea \circ *She's* a fine *ship*. \circ *How many ships does the Royal Navy have?* \circ *The first time we went to the United States, we went by ship.* (NOTE: A **ship** is often referred to as **she** or **her**.)

shipbuilder /'ʃɪp,bɪldə/ *noun* a person or business that makes ships

(3) **shipment** /'JIPmont/ noun 1. the sending of goods 2. goods which are sent somewhere by ship or other means of transport

(3) **shipping** /' ʃɪpɪŋ/ noun **1**. the sending of goods o Shipping by rail can often work out cheaper. **2**. ships o They attacked enemy shipping in the Channel.

shipwreck /'ʃɪprek/ noun an accident which sinks a ship

shipyard /'ʃɪpjɑːd/ *noun* a factory where ships are built

shirk /ʃ3:k/ (**shirks, shirking, shirked**) *verb* to try not to do something, especially work

① **shirt** $/\int_{3:t/} noun$ a light piece of clothing which you wear on the top part of the body \circ *The teacher wore a blue suit and a white shirt.* \circ *When he came back from the trip he had a suitcase full of dirty shirts.* \circ *It's so hot that the workers in the fields have taken their shirts off.*

shiver $I^{\dagger} \int IV \partial I$ verb (shivers, shivering, shivered) to shake with cold or fear \circ *She* shivered in the cold night air. \circ *He* was coughing and shivering, so the doctor told him to stay in bed. \blacksquare noun the action of shaking because of feeling cold or frightened

shoal /∫∋∪l noun 1. a bank of sand under the water ○ The shoals are clearly marked on the chart of the harbour. 2. a group of fish swimming about ○ a shoal of herring
(2) shock /∫□k/ noun a sudden unpleasant surprise ○ It gave me quite a shock when you walked in. ○ He's in for a nasty shock. □ in a state of shock reacting badly to a sudden unpleasant surprise ○ She was in a state of shock after hearing of the accident. □ verb (shocks, shocking, shocked) to give someone a sudden unpleasant surprise ○ The conditions in the hospital shocked the inspectors.

③ **shocked** /ʃɒkt/ *adj* having an unpleasant surprise

(3) **shocking** /'∫pkiŋ/ *adj* very unpleasant, which gives someone a sudden surprise

shock wave /' fok weiv/ *noun* a strong emotional feeling after something has happened \circ *The shock waves from the collapse* of the government will be felt for some time.

shoddy /'fodi/ adj badly done, badly made \circ *The shoddy workmanship of these shoes*. \circ *They're selling off shoddy goods at cheap prices.*

① **Shoe** $/\int$ u:/ noun a piece of clothing which is worn on your foot \circ She's bought a new pair of shoes. \circ He put his shoes on and went out. \circ Take your shoes off if your feet hurt.

shoelace /'furlers/ noun a string for tying up shoes

shoestring /' Justrin/ noun \Box on a shoestring done with only a little money \circ We're trying to run this business on a shoestring. \circ They're living on a shoestring.

③ **shone** /jon/ past tense and past participle of **shine**

Shoo $/\int$ u:/ (shoos, shooing, shooed) verb to make an animal or a person go somewhere by waving your hands at them \circ She shooed her group of four-year-olds into the bus.

(3) shook /∫uk/ past tense of shake

(2) **shoot** /Jutt/ noun a new growth of a plant, growing from a seed or from a branch ○ One or two green shoots are already showing where I sowed my lettuces. ○ After pruning, the roses will send out a lot of strong new shoots. ■ verb (shoots, shooting, shot) 1. to fire a gun [~at] ○ Enemy troops were shooting at us. ○ Don't shoot – we're coming out. 2. to hit or kill by firing a gun ○ One of the robbers was shot by a police officer. ○ We went out hunting

and shot two rabbits. **3.** to go very fast \circ When the bell rang she shot down the stairs. \circ He started the engine and the car shot out of the garage. **4.** to aim a ball at the goal \circ He shot, and the ball bounced off the post.

shoot down *phrasal verb* to make an aircraft crash by hitting it with bullets from a gun

shoot up phrasal verb **1.** to go up fast \circ Prices shot up during the strike. **2.** to grow fast \circ These tomatoes have shot up since I planted them. \circ She used to be such a small child but she's really shot up in the last couple of years.

③ **shooting** /'ʃuːt ɪŋ/ *noun* the action of shooting or killing with a gun

shooting star /, juttin 'star/ noun a small rock which travels very fast through space and shines brightly

shoot-out /' furt aut/ noun a fight with guns

① **shop** / $\int pp$ / noun a place where you can buy things \circ Quite a few shops are open on Sundays. \circ I never go to that shop – it's much too expensive. \circ The sweet shop is opposite the fire station. \blacksquare verb (**shops**, **shopping**, **shopped**) to look for and buy things in shops [-for] \circ She's out shopping for his birthday present. \circ Mum's gone shopping. \circ They went shopping in Oxford Street. \circ Do you ever shop locally?

shop around *phrasal verb* to go to various shops to find which one has the cheapest goods before you buy anything

shop assistant /'fop ə,sistənt/ noun a person who serves the customers in a shop **shopkeeper** /'fopki:pə/ noun a person who owns a shop

shoplifter /' Jopliftə/ *noun* a person who steals things from shops

shoplifting /'fopliftin/ noun stealing from shops (NOTE: + **shoplifter** *n*)

(3) **shopper** /'∫ɒpə/ *noun* a person who buys things from shops

(2) **shopping** /'∫ppiŋ/ noun **1**. the activity of buying things in a shop ○ We do all our shopping at the weekend. ○ He's gone out to do the weekly shopping. **2**. things which you have bought in a shop ○ Put all your shopping on the table. ○ She was carrying two baskets of shopping. (NOTE: no plural: some shopping, a lot of shopping)

③ **shopping centre** / ∫ ppm, sentə/ noun a building with several different shops and restaurants, together with a car park ○ We must stop them from building any more out-of-town shopping centres. **shopping mall** /'jppin mbl/ noun an enclosed covered shopping area with shops, restaurants, banks and other facilities

shore $\int \mathfrak{S}'$ noun land at the edge of the sea or a lake \circ She stood on the shore waving as the boat sailed away.

shore up phrasal verb to hold something up which might fall down \circ They had to put in metal beams to shore up the ceiling. \circ The army is trying to shore up the president's regime.

shoreline /'jɔ:laɪn/ *noun* the area along the edge of the sea or a lake, where water meets land

① **short** / $\int \operatorname{Stt}/\operatorname{adj} \mathbf{1}$. (of size or length) not long \circ Have you got a short piece of wire? **2.** (of distance) not far \circ She only lives a short distance away. \circ The taxi driver wanted to take me through the high street, but I told him there was a shorter route. \circ The shortest way to the railway station is to go through the park. **3.** (of time) not lasting a long time \circ He phoned a short time ago. \circ We had a short holiday in June. \circ She managed to have a short sleep on the plane. **4.** (of height) not tall \circ He is only Im 40 - much shorter than his brother.

shortcoming /'ʃɔːtkʌmɪŋz/ *noun* a fault that reduces the effectiveness of something or someone

short cut $\int \int :t \frac{k_A t}{noun 1}$. a way which is shorter than usual \circ *We can take a short cut through the park.* **2**. a quicker way of doing something \circ *There are no short cuts to learning Russian.*

shorten $/ \int \Im t(\vartheta) n / ($ **shortens, shortening, shortened**) *verb* to make shorter

shortfall /'ʃɔːtfɔːl/ *noun* an amount which is missing from a total

shorthand /'forthænd/ noun a way of writing using a system of signs

shortlist /' $\int 3$:tlist/ *noun* a list of some of the people who have applied for a job, and who have been chosen to come for an interview \circ *He's on the shortlist for the job.* (NOTE: + **shortlist** *v*)

shortlived /, Jort'livd/ *adj* which does not last for a long time

③ shortly /'∫ɔːtli/ adv soon

short-range /'fort reindz/ *adj* which covers a short distance or a short time

shorts

③ **shorts** /∫⊃:ts/ plural noun short trousers for men or women, that stop above the knees ○ He was wearing a pair of green running shorts. ○ They won't let you into the church in shorts.

shortsighted /Joit'saitid/ adj 1. able to see close objects clearly, but not objects which are further away \circ *I'm shortsighted* and have to wear glasses. 2. not thinking about what may happen in the future \circ *It is* very shortsighted of him to spend all the money on a new car. \circ The government has adopted a very shortsighted policy.

③ **short story** /ʃo:t 'stori/ *noun* a piece of fiction which is much shorter than a novel

short-term /, fort 't3:m/ adj for a short period only

short wave /' fort weiv/ *noun* a radio communications frequency below 60 metres. \diamond **long wave, medium wave**

① **shot** / $\int \text{Dt}/noun$ **1.** the action of shooting [~at] \circ *The police fired two shots at the car.* \circ *Some shots were fired during the bank robbery.* **2.** a kick or hit to try to score a goal \circ *His shot was saved by the goalkeeper.* **■** past tense and past participle of **shot** \diamond **like a shot** very rapidly \circ *He heard a noise and was off like a shot.*

shotgun /'fotgAn/ noun a gun which fires small pellets

(1) **should** / [ud/ modal verb 1. used in giving advice or warnings for saying what is the best thing to do \circ You should go to the *doctor if your cough gets worse.* \circ *I should* have been more careful. \circ She shouldn't eat so much if she's trying to lose weight. Should I ask for more coffee? • Why should I clean up your mess? (NOTE: Ought to can be used instead of should.) 2. used to say what you expect to happen \circ If you leave now you should be there by 4 o'clock. \circ Their train should have arrived by now. 0 There shouldn't be any more problems now. (NOTE: Ought to can be used instead of should.) 3. used to show a possibility o If the President should die in office, the Vice-President automatically takes over. \circ I'll be in the next room should you need me. **4.** same as **would** (*formal*) \circ *We should like* to offer you our congratulations. O If I had enough money I should like to buy a new car. (NOTE: The negative is should not or, especially in speaking, shouldn't. Note also that should is used as the past tense of shall: I suggested we should go to an Indian restaurant.)

shoulder blade /'Jouldo bletd/ noun one of two large flat bones covering the top part of your back

(2) **shouldn't** $/ \int ud(a) nt/ short for should not$

(2) **shout** /∫aut/ noun a loud cry ∘ She gave a shout and dived into the water. ∘ People came running when they heard the shouts of the children. ■ verb (shouts, shouting, shouted) to make a loud cry or to speak very loudly ∘ They stamped on the floor and shouted. ∘ I had to shout to the waitress to get served. ∘ They were shouting greetings to one another across the street.

(3) **shove** $\int AV / noun a$ sudden push \circ *She* gave the car a shove and it rolled down the hill. \blacksquare verb (**shoves, shoving, shoved**) to push someone or something roughly \circ *He* shoved the papers into his pocket. \circ Stop shoving – there's no more room on the bus.

shove off phrasal verb (informal) **1.** to leave \circ It's time we shoved off. **2.** to go away \circ Shove off and let me finish my meal.

shovel $/ \int \Lambda V(\vartheta) l / noun a tool with a long$ handle and a wide flat part for picking up $things such as earth or stones <math>\circ$ *The workmen picked up shovels and started to clear the pile of sand.* (NOTE: + **shovel** v)

(1) **show** /[pu/ noun 1. an exhibition, things which are arranged for people to look at \circ *a fashion show* **2.** something which is on at a theatre \circ We're going to a show tonight. \circ What time does the show start? • verb (shows, showing, showed, **shown**) **1.** to let someone see something o *He wanted to show me his holiday photos.* • You have to show your passport at the check-in desk. 2. to point something out to someone [~what/how/why etc] o Show me where the accident happened. \circ He asked me to show him the way to the railway station. \circ The salesman showed her how to work the photocopier. \circ My watch shows the date as well as the time. 3. to be seen, to be obvious \circ The repairs were badly *done and it shows.* \circ *Her rash has almost* disappeared and hardly shows at all. \diamond on **show** arranged for everyone to see \circ Is there anything new on show in this year's exhibition?

show off phrasal verb 1. to show how

much better than other people you think vou are \circ Don't watch her dancing about *like that – she's just showing off.* **2.** to let a lot of people see something which you are proud of o He drove past with the radio on very loud, showing off his new car. show up(3) phrasal verb 1. to do something which shows other people to be worse than $you \circ She$ dances so well that *she shows us all up.* **2.** to be seen clearly • When I ride my bike at night I wear an orange jacket because it shows up clearly in the dark. 3. to come to or arrive in a place (informal) o We invited all our friends to the picnic but it rained and only five of them showed up.

showbiz /'∫ອບbɪz/ noun same as show business (informal)

show business /'ʃəʊ ,bɪznəs/ *noun* the business of providing entertainment for people

showcase /' Jookeis/ noun 1. a cupboard with a glass front or top to arrange objects for sale \circ *The thieves smashed the showcase and went off with a tray of rings.* 2. an event designed to make someone or something known to the public \circ *The computer show is a showcase for the latest developments in information technology.*

showdown /'ʃəʊdaʊn/ noun a final argument which will solve a serious disagreement

(2) **shower** /' $\int a \upsilon \partial / noun$ **1.** a slight fall of rain or snow \circ *In April there's usually a mixture of sunshine and showers.* \circ *There were snow showers this morning, but it is sunny again now.* **2.** a piece of equipment in a bathroom, usually fixed high up on the wall, which sends out water to wash your whole body **3.** an occasion when you wash your body with a shower \circ *She went up to her room and had a shower.* \circ *He has a cold shower every morning.* \circ *You can't take a shower now, there's no hot water.* **•** *verb* (**showers, showering, showered**) to wash yourself under a shower \circ *He showereed and went down to greet his guests.*

showing /'∫əʊɪŋ/ *noun* a result which shows how well or badly you are doing

showman /'ʃəʊmən/ noun an entertainer, especially one who performs in very skilled and exciting way

shown /∫əʊn/ past participle of show

show-off /'∫əυ of/ noun a person who shows off (*informal*)

showpiece /'ʃəʊpiːs/ *noun* the most important object in a collection or an exhibition of its type

showroom /'Jouru:m/ *noun* a room or shop where goods are arranged for sale

showy /' ʃəʋi/ *adj* which attracts attention because of its bright colours or shiny surface

shrank / frænk/ past tense of shrink

shrapnel $/' \int r \exp(\vartheta) l / oun pieces of metal from a shell or bomb which has exploded$

shred / \int red/ noun a long narrow piece torn off something \circ She tore his newspaper to shreds. • verb (shreds, shredding, shredded) 1. to tear or cut paper into long thin pieces, which can then be thrown away or used as packing material \circ They sent a pile of old invoices to be shredded. \circ She told the police that the manager had told her to shred all the documents in the file. 2. to cut something into very thin pieces \circ Here's a utensil for shredding vegetables. \circ Add a cup of shredded carrot.

shredder /'fredə/ *noun* a machine for shredding paper

shrewd / fruid/ *adj* clever or wise

shriek $/\int ri:k/$ (**shrieks, shrieking, shrieked**) verb to make the sound of a shriek \circ She ran shrieking into the street. \circ The children were shrieking with laughter. (NOTE: + **shriek** n)

Shrill $\int \Gamma I / ($ **shriller**, **shrillest**) *adj* **1**. which has a harsh high sound \circ *The engine has started to make a shrill whistle when I change gear* **2**. loud and complaining \circ *The art gallery is making increasingly shrill complaints about lack of government funding.*

shrimp / ſrɪmp/ *noun* an almost transparent little shellfish with a tail

shrine $/\int \operatorname{rain}/\operatorname{noun} a$ place which is visited to remember a holy person or someone who has died \circ *Someone had put flowers at the roadside shrine.* \circ *The bedroom had become a shrine to her dead son.*

③ **shrink** $/\int rink/$ (shrinks, shrinking, shrank or shrunk, shrunk or shrunken) verb 1. to make something smaller \circ *The* water must have been too hot – it's shrunk my shirt. 2. to get smaller \circ *My* shirt has shrunk in the wash. \circ *The* market for typewriters has shrunk almost to nothing.

shrinkage /'ʃrɪŋkɪdʒ/ *noun* the action of shrinking o I have noticed some shrinkage in the pullover after washing.

shrivel $/ \int riv(\bar{\sigma}) l / ($ **shrivels, shrivelling, shrivelled**) *verb* to make the surface of something become dry and creased, or to become like this

shroud

shroud $/\int \operatorname{raud}/\operatorname{noun} a \log \operatorname{cloth} \operatorname{cover-ing} a \operatorname{dead} \operatorname{body} \circ The corpse was wrapped in a white shroud. <math>\blacksquare$ verb (shrouds, shrouding, shrouded) to cover \circ Thick fog shrouded the town. \circ Clouds of smoke shrouded the factory.

shrub /ʃrʌb/ <code>noun</code> a small plant with stiff stems

shrubbery /'ʃrʌbəri/ (*plural* **shrubber**ies) *noun* a part of a garden where shrubs grow

③ **Shrug** /∫r∧g/ (**shrugs, shrugging, shrugged**) verb to make the movement of a shrug with your shoulders ○ When I asked him what he thought about it all, he just shrugged or shrugged his shoulders and walked off.

shrug off *phrasal verb* to treat something as if it is not something to worry about

shrunk /ʃrʌŋk/ past participle of **shrink**

shrunken /'ʃrʌŋkən/ *adj* wrinkled and dried up

③ **shudder** /' $\int Ad\partial$ / (shudders, shuddering, shuddered) verb to shake violently with fear \circ The thought of eating worms makes me shudder. \circ She shuddered at the thought of spending Christmas with his parents. \circ I shudder to think how much money she spends on clothes each month.

shuffle $\int \int f(\mathfrak{g}) I / \mathfrak{g}(\mathfrak{g}) I / \mathfrak{g}(\mathfrak{g}) \mathfrak{g}(\mathfrak{g})$ shuffled) verb 1. to walk dragging your feet along the ground \circ *He shuffled into the room in his slippers.* 2. to mix the playing cards before starting a game \circ *I think he must have done something to the cards when he was shuffling them.*

shun $/\int n/$ (shuns, shunning, shunned) *verb* to avoid

shunt /JAnt/ (**shunts, shunting, shunted**) *verb* **1**. to put someone or something into a less important place \circ *The carriages will be shunted into a siding.* \circ *He was shunted off to our office in Bordeaux.* **2**. to move a vehicle backwards and forwards *o She shunted backwards and forwards until she was parked close to the pavement.*

shush $\int \sigma \int dr$ interj be quiet!

① **shut** $/\int At/adj$ not open \circ Some shops are shut on Sundays, but most big stores are open. \circ We tried to get into the museum but it was shut. \circ She lay with her eyes shut. \circ Come in – the door isn't shut! ■ verb (**shuts, shutting, shut**) 1. to close something which is open \circ Can you please shut the window – it's getting cold in here. \circ Here's your present – shut your eyes and guess what it is. 2. to close for business \circ *In Germany, shops shut on Saturday afternoons.* \circ *The restaurant shuts at midnight.*

shut down(3) phrasal verb 1. to close completely \circ The factory shut down for the holiday weekend. 2. to switch off an electrical system \circ They had to shut down the factory because pollution levels were too high.

shut in phrasal verb to lock someone inside a place

shut off phrasal verb **1.** to switch something off \circ Can you shut off the water while I mend the tap? **2.** to stop access to \circ We can shut off the dining room with folding doors. \circ The house is shut off from the road by a high wall.

shut out phrasal verb 1. to lock someone outside a place $\circ I$ was shut out of the house because I'd left my keys inside. $\circ If$ the dog keeps on barking you'll have to shut him out. 2. to stop light getting inside, or to stop people seeing inside \circ Those thick curtains should shut out the light from the children's room. $\circ A$ high wall shuts out the view of the factory. 3. to stop thinking about something $\circ Try$ to shut out the memory of the accident.

shut up \bigcirc *phrasal verb* **1.** to close something inside a place $\circ I$ hate being shut up indoors on a sunny day. **2.** an impolite way of telling someone to stop talking or to stop making a noise \circ Tell those children to shut up – I'm trying to work. \circ Shut up! – we're tired of listening to your complaints. \circ Once he starts talking it's impossible to shut him up.

shutdown/'fAt dawn/ *noun* the action of shutting down

③ **shutter** /' $\int \Lambda t \partial / noun \mathbf{1}$. a folding wooden or metal cover for a window \circ *Close the shutters if the sunlight is too bright*. **2.** the part of a camera which opens and closes very quickly to allow the light to go on to the film \circ *He released the shutter and took the picture.*

shuttle $/[\int \Lambda(\mathfrak{s})]/$ noun **1.** a means of transport which goes frequently from one place to another and back again \circ *There's a shuttle bus from the hotel to the exhibition grounds.* **2.** a small object for holding thread and which takes the thread backwards and forwards when weaving or sewing with a machine **•** *verb* (**shuttles, shuttling, shuttled**) to go between two places frequently \circ *Waiters were shuttling backwards and forwards from the kitchen to the dining room.*

shy $\int a_1 / a_0 d_1$ nervous and afraid to speak or do something \circ *He's so shy he sat in the back row and didn't speak to anyone.*

③ **sibling** /'sɪblɪŋ/ *noun* a brother or sister

(1) **sick** /sik/ adj 1. not in good health o *He's been sick for months.* \circ *We have five* staff off sick. 2. D to be sick to bring up food from the stomach into the mouth \circ The last time I ate oysters I was sick all *night.* \Box to feel sick to feel ill because you want to bring up food from the stomach \circ When I got up this morning I felt sick and went back to bed. \circ The greasy food made her feel sick. 3. involving subjects or behaviour that many people are upset or offended by $\circ a$ sick joke \blacksquare noun the contents of the stomach when they come out through the mouth (informal) \diamond to make someone sick to make someone very annoved \circ All my friends earn more than I do – it makes me sick!

sick up *phrasal verb* to bring up food from your stomach into your mouth (*informal*)

sicken /'sɪkən/ (**sickens, sickening, sickened**) *verb* to make someone feel extremely upset \circ *It sickens me to think of foxes being killed.*

sickening /'sık(\ni)nıŋ/ *adj* making you upset or nervous \diamond **to be sickening for something** to have the first signs of an illness (*informal*) \diamond *She's looking pale – she must be sickening for something*.

sick leave /'sık liːv/ *noun* a period when an employee is away from work because of illness

sickly *(*'s1kli/ *adj* not healthy \circ *Your plants are looking rather sickly, do they need more fertiliser?* \circ *He turned a sickly yellow colour, and we rushed him to the doctor.*

(2) **sickness** /'sıknəs/ *noun* **1**. the feeling of wanting to bring up food from the stomach into the mouth **2**. not being well \circ *There is a lot of sickness about during the winter months.*

(1) **side** /said/ noun 1. one of the four parts which with the top and bottom make a solid object such as a box \circ *Stand the box upright – don't turn it onto its side.* 2. one of the two parts which with the front and back make a building \circ *The garage is attached to the side of the house.* 3. one of the surfaces of a flat object \circ *Please write on both* sides of the paper. 4. one of two or more parts or edges of something o Our office is on the opposite side of the street to the bank. O London's Heathrow Airport is on the west side of the city. O The hitch-hikers were standing by the side of the road. \circ She sat to one side of the fireplace. 5. one of two parts separated by something \circ In the UK, cars drive on the left-hand side of the road. \circ She jumped over the fence to get to the other side. 6. a sports team \circ The local side was beaten 2 - 0. 7. the part of the body between the top of the legs and the shoulder o I can't sleep when I'm lying on my right side. \circ The policemen stood by the prisoner's side. \circ They all stood side by *side.* \blacksquare *adj* which is at the side \bigcirc *There is a* side entrance to the shop. \circ Can you take that bucket round to the side door?

sideboard /'saɪdbɔːd/ *noun* a large piece of furniture made like a table with a cupboard underneath and used for storing objects such as plates, cups and glasses

② **side effect** /'saɪd ɪ,fekt/ *noun* an effect produced by a medical treatment such as a drug, which is not the main effect intended

sidekick /'saɪdkɪk/ *noun* someone who works as a helper for another person (*informal*)

sidelight /'saidlait/ noun one of the small lights on each side of the front of a car \circ Switch your sidelights on – it's beginning to get dark.

sideline /'satdlain/ noun a business which you carry out in addition to your usual job \circ He runs a profitable sideline selling postcards to tourists.

sidelong /'saidlon/ adj from one side

sideshow /'satd $\int \partial o'$ / noun **1**. a small stall with a game of skill at an event such as a fair \circ Among the sideshows were stalls selling candy floss and a shooting gallery. **2**. an activity that is less important than another activity connected with it \circ The European Parliament is just a sideshow – the real decisions are taken by the Council of Ministers.

sidestep /'satdstep/ (**sidesteps**, **side stepping**, **sidestepped**) *verb* to avoid something unpleasant (*informal*)

side street /'said strift/ *noun* a small street which leads off a main street

sidetrack /'sardtræk/ (sidetracks, sidetracking, sidetracked) verb to attract someone's attention away from a more important problem **sidewalk** /'saidwo:k/ noun US a pavement \circ A girl was walking slowly along the sidewalk. \circ We sat at a sidewalk café.

③ **sideways** /'saidweiz/ adv to the side or from the side ○ Crabs walk sideways. ○ Take a step sideways and you will be able to see the castle. ○ If you look at the post sideways you'll see how bent it is.

sidle /'sard(ə)l/ (**sidles**, **sidling**, **sidled**) *verb* to walk in a way which shows you are slightly afraid and not go directly forwards **siege** /si:dʒ/ *noun* an act of surrounding an enemy town or castle with an army to prevent supplies getting in, and so force the people inside to come out and stop fighting **siesta** /si'estə/ *noun* a rest period in the middle of the day, especially common in Mediterranean countries

Sieve /sIV/ noun an object used in the kitchen, made of a frame with a metal or plastic net, used to pour through liquids or substances such as flour, in order to remove lumps or separate some of the parts \circ Put the flour through a sieve. \circ Boil the peas for a few minutes and put in a sieve to strain.

sift /sIft/ (**sifts**, **sifting**, **sifted**) *verb* to sieve something

sift through phrasal verb to examine something carefully \circ The police sifted through the rubble to see if they could find traces of the bomb.

sigh /sat/ noun a long deep breath, showing feelings such as sadness or showing that you feel tired ○ She gave a deep sigh and put the phone down. ○ You could hear the sighs of relief from the audience when the hero was saved. ■ verb (sighs, sighing, sighed) to breathe with a sigh ○ He sighed and wrote out another cheque.

② **sight** /satt/ noun 1. one of the five senses, being able to see \circ My grandfather's sight isn't very good any more. 2. the fact of being able to see something \circ He can't stand the sight of blood. \circ We caught sight of an eagle up in the mountains. \circ She kept waving until the car disappeared from sight. \circ The fog cleared and the mountains came into sight. \circ They waved until the boat was out of sight. 3. something, especially something famous, which you ought to see \circ They weat off to see the sights of Beijing. \diamond at first sight when you see something for the first time \circ At first sight I thought he was wearing a wig.

sighted /'sattId/ *adj* able to see **sighting** /'sattIŋ/ *noun* an occasion when you see someone or something **sightseeing** /'sattsi:in/ noun visiting the sights of a town as a tourist

(1) sign /sain/ noun 1. a movement of the hand which means something \circ *He made a* sign to us to sit down. 2. something such as a drawing or a notice which advertises something o The shop has a big sign outside it saying 'for sale'. $\circ A$ 'no smoking' sign hung on the wall. **3.** something which shows that something is happening or has happened [~of/~that] \circ There is no sign of the rain stopping. • We're waiting for signs *that the economy is improving.* \circ *He should* have arrived by now, but there's no sign of *him.* **4.** a printed character \circ *the pound sign* $(\pounds) \circ$ the dollar sign $(\$) \circ$ the hash sign (\pounds) ■ verb (signs, signing, signed) to write your name in a special way on a document to show that you have written it or that you have approved it [~for] \circ *Who signed for the* parcel? \circ Sign on the dotted line, please. \circ The letter is signed by the managing director.

sign on phrasal verb 1. to start work ○ He signed on and started work immediately.
2. to start drawing unemployment benefit ○ She signed on after losing her job.

(2) **signal** /'sign(\Rightarrow)l/ noun **1**. a sign or movement which tells someone to do something [~for] \circ I'll give you a signal to start singing. \circ This was the signal for the army to advance. **2**. a device used to tell someone to do something \circ The signal was at red so the train had to stop. \blacksquare verb (signals, signalling, signalled) to make signs to tell someone to do something [~that] \circ The driver signalled that he was turning right. \circ She signalled to me that we were running out of time.

signatory /'signət(ə)ri/ (plural signatories) noun a person who signs a contract

③ **signature** /'signit $\int \partial / noun$ a name written in a special way by someone to show that a document has been authorised or accepted [$\sim of$] \circ We need the signatures of two members. \circ He found a pile of cheques on his desk waiting for his signature.

(2) significance /s1g'n1f1kəns/ noun 1. meaning ○ What is the significance of your logo of a ship? 2. importance ○ We didn't understand the significance of this sudden change of temperature. □ of great significance very important ○ The contents of the letter were of great significance.

() **significant** /sig'nifikənt/ adj important or noticeable o It is highly significant that everyone else was asked to the meeting, but not the finance director. \circ There has been a significant improvement in his condition.

③ **Signify** /'signifai/ (**signifies**, **signifying**, **signified**) verb **1**. to mean \circ The letter seems to signify that they have accepted our terms. **2**. to be important \circ It doesn't signify in the least.

③ **signing** /'sammy/ noun **1**. the action of putting your signature on a document ○ The signing of the peace treaty took place in the Palace of Versailles. **2**. a footballer who has just moved to a new club ○ The only goal was by their new signing.

sign language /'sam ,læŋgwidʒ/ *noun* signs made with the hands and fingers, used for communicating by people who are not able to hear or speak very well

signpost /'sampoust/ noun a post with signs showing directions to places \circ You should have turned right at that last signpost. \circ The signpost said it was 20 miles to Bristol. \blacksquare verb (signposts, signposting, signposted) to put signposts along a road to show directions \circ The way to the harbour is clearly signposted.

② **silence** /'sailəns/ noun a situation which is quiet, without any noise ○ *I love* the silence of the countryside at night. ○ The crowds waited in silence. ○ There was a sudden silence as she came in.

(3) **silent** /'satlənt/ adj not talking or making any noise ○ He kept silent for the whole meeting. ○ This new washing machine is almost silent. ○ They showed some old silent films.

silhouette /,sılu'et/ noun a black shape of a person or thing against a light background \circ We could see two silhouettes in the background, but couldn't make out who they were.

silicon /'sɪlɪkən/ *noun* a chemical element which is used in the electronics industry because of its semiconductor properties

silicon chip /'sılıkən $t \int Ip/$ *noun* a small piece of silicon able to store data, used in a computer

③ **silk** /sılk/ noun cloth made from fibres produced by insects ○ She was wearing a beautiful silk scarf. ○ I bought some blue silk to make a dress.

sill /sɪl/ *noun* a flat shelf below a window, either inside or outside

③ **Silly** *I*'s1li/ (**sillier, silliest**) *adj* stupid in an annoying way ○ Don't be silly - you can't go to the party dressed like that! ○ She asked a lot of silly questions. ○ Of all the silly newspaper articles that must be the silliest.

Silo /'sarləu/ (plural silos) noun **1**. a large container for storing crops such as grain \circ *They are building huge grain silos near the port.* \circ *The hay is stored in silos until it is needed.* **2**. a deep hole in the ground in which missiles are kept \circ *The missiles were taken out of their silos and destroyed.* **Silt** /silt/ noun soft mud which settles at the bottom of water \circ *The silt was several inches deep in places.*

③ **Silver** /'silvə/ noun **1**. a precious grey metal often used for making jewellery ○ Gold is worth more than silver. ○ How much is an ounce of silver worth? **2**. a shiny grey colour, like silver ■ adj of a shiny grey colour, like silver ○ The car has been resprayed with silver paint. ○ She wore silver sandals to match her handbag.

silver medal $/_{1}$ sılvə 'med(ə)l/ noun the prize given to someone who finishes in second place in a race or competition

silverware /'sɪlvə,weə/ noun silver objects, especially things such as knives and forks

silver wedding /,sɪlvə 'wedıŋ/ noun an anniversary of 25 years of marriage

SIM card /'sim ,ko:d/ noun a special type of plastic card put into a mobile phone, which contains the personal information relating to the person who owns the phone, including things such as their PIN number or stored phone numbers

() **similar** /'sımılə/ adj very much like someone or something but not exactly the same \circ The two cars are very similar in appearance. \circ Our situation is rather similar to yours.

(2) **Similarity** /, sımı'lærıti/ (plural **similarities**) noun being similar [~to/~between] ○ He bears an astonishing similarity to the Prince of Wales. ○ There is no similarity whatsoever between the two cases. ○ The two children are fair with blue eyes, but the similarity stops there.

(3) **similarly** /'sımıləli/ adv in a similar way 0 All these infections must be treated similarly. 0 He always writes a nice thank you letter, and similarly so does his sister.

simile /'sImIli/ *noun* a comparison of one thing to another, using 'like' or 'as', e.g. 'as flat as a pancake.' Compare **metaphor simmer** /'sImə/ (**simmers, simmering, simmered**) *verb* to cook by boiling gently • We left the soup to simmer gently.

simmer down phrasal verb to become calmer after being very annoyed

simple

① simple /'simpal/ adj 1. easy to do or understand ○ The machine is very simple to use. 2. not unusual, special or complicated ○ They had a simple meal of bread and soup. ○ It's a very simple pattern of lines and squares. (NOTE: simpler – simplest)

③ **simplicity** /sɪm'plɪsɪti/ *noun* the quality of being simple

③ **simplify** /'simplifai/ (**simplifies**, **simplifying**, **simplified**) *verb* to make something simple

simplistic /sim'plistik/ *adj* too simple, so simple as to seem foolish

Simply /'simpli/ adv 1. in a simple way

 He described very simply how the accident had happened. ○ She always dresses very simply.
 She gave a new look to the room simply by painting one wall red.
 used for emphasis ○ Your garden is simply beautiful. ○ It's simply terrible – what shall we do?

simulate /'simjuleit/ (**simulates, simulating, simulated**) *verb* to copy the way something behaves, or the way something happens

(3) **simulation** $/_{1}simjo'leif(3)n/$ noun an operation in which a computer is made to copy a real life situation or a machine, showing how something works or will work in the future

simulator /'simjuleitə/ noun a piece of equipment that simulates something else

simultaneous $/_{1}$ sIm(\ni)l'teIni \ni s/ *adj* happening at the same time as something else

② sin /sin/ noun 1. an evil action which goes against the rules of a religion \circ *Greed* is one of the seven deadly sins. 2. something bad \circ It would be a sin to waste all that meat. \blacksquare verb (sins, sinning, sinned) to commit a sin, to do something evil \circ The priest told him he had sinned.

① **since** /sins/ prep during the period after \circ She's been here since Monday. \circ We've been working non-stop since four o'clock – can't we have a rest? ■ conj 1. during the period after \circ He has had trouble borrowing money ever since he was rude to the bank manager. \circ Since we got to the hotel, it has rained every day. 2. because \circ Since he's ill, you can't ask him to help you. \circ Since it's such a fine day, let's go for a walk. ■ adv during the period until now \circ She phoned on Sunday and we haven't heard from her since. \circ He left England in 1990 and has lived abroad ever since. ③ **sincere** /sin'siə/ *adj* very honest and real, not false or pretended

③ **Sincerely** /sɪn'sɪəli/ *adv* honestly or really \diamond **Yours sincerely**, **Sincerely yours** words used as an ending to a letter addressed to a named person

sincerity /sin'seriti/ noun honesty

() **Sing**/siŋ/ (**sings**, **singing**, **sang**, **sung**) verb to make music with your voice ○ She was singing as she worked. ○ Please sing another song. ○ The birds were singing in the garden.

singe /sindʒ/ (**singes**, **singeing**, **singed**) *verb* to burn the outside of something

③ singer /'siŋ∍/ noun a person who sings
① single /'siŋg(ə)l/ adj 1. one alone ○ He handed her a single sheet of paper. ○ There wasn't a single person I knew at the party.
○ The single most important fact about him is that he has no money. 2. for one person only ○ Have you got a single room for two nights, please? ○ We prefer two single beds to a double bed. 3. not married ○ She's twenty-nine and still single. ○ Are there any single men on the course?

single out *phrasal verb* to notice or choose one person or thing among several

single currency /,sing(ə)l 'kʌrənsi/ *noun* one system of money which is shared by several countries

single-handed $/_{sing}(\mathfrak{s})$ 'hændid/ adj, adv all by yourself \circ a single-handed yacht race \circ He sailed single-handed round the world. \circ I can't do all this work singlehanded.

single-minded /ˌsɪŋg(ə)l 'maɪndɪd/ *adj* thinking only of one thing

single parent /,siŋg(ə)l 'peərənt/ *noun* one parent who is bringing up a child or children alone

singly /'singli/ adv one by one

singular /'singjolə/ adj showing that there is only one thing or person \circ 'She' is a singular pronoun.

singularly /'sɪŋgjuləli/ adv 1. strangely
2. particularly

sinister /'smistə/ *adj* which looks evil, which suggests that something bad will happen

② **sink** /sıŋk/ noun a fixed container for water in which you wash things such as dishes in a kitchen ○ *The sink was piled* high with dirty dishes. ○ *He was washing* his hands at the kitchen sink. ■ verb (sinks, sinking, sank, sunk) 1. to go down to the bottom of something such as water or mud \circ The ferry sank in 30m of water. **2.** to fall suddenly [-to] \circ House prices have sunk to an all-time low. \circ She was so upset that she just sank into an armchair and closed her eyes. \circ My heart sank when I heard the news.

sink in *phrasal verb* to become fixed in the mind

sinking feeling /'sıŋkıŋ ,fi:lıŋ/ noun a sudden feeling of disappointment you get when you realise that something has gone wrong

sinner /'sinə/ noun someone who does something that is morally wrong

sinus /'saɪnəs/ *noun* an empty space inside the body, especially the spaces inside your head behind the cheekbone and nose

sip /sip/ noun the act of drinking a small amount \circ She took a sip of water, and went on with her speech. \blacksquare verb (**sips**, **sipping**, **sipped**) to drink something taking only a small amount at a time \circ The girl was sipping her drink quietly.

siphon /'sarf(\ni)n/ (siphons, siphoning, siphoned), syphon (syphons) verb to remove liquid by using a bent tube to direct it to another place \circ Petrol had been siphoned from the tanks of cars parked in the car park.

③ **Sir** /s3:/ noun **1**. a polite way of speaking to a man, e.g. a man who is a customer in a shop (usually used by someone serving in a shop or restaurant) ○ Would you like a drink with your lunch, sir? ○ Please come this way, sir. **2**. the title given to a knight ○ **Dear Sir** a polite way of beginning a letter to a man you do not know

siren /'saırən/ *noun* a piece of equipment which makes a loud warning signal

① **Sister** /'sistə/ noun **1**. a girl or woman who has the same father and mother as someone else \circ His three sisters all look alike. \circ My younger sister Louise works in a bank. \circ Do you have any sisters? **2**. a senior female nurse in charge of a ward \circ The sister told me my son was getting better. (NOTE: The male equivalent is **charge nurse**.)

sister-in-law /'sistər in lo:/ (plural sisters-in-law) noun 1. the wife of your brother 2. the sister of your husband or wife \circ My sister-in-law is always telling us funny stories about things my husband did when he was a little boy.

sisterly /'sistəli/ *adj*, *adv* relating to or characteristic of a sister, especially in a kind or caring way

① **Sit** /SIt/ (**sits**, **sitting**, **sat**) *verb* **1**. to be resting with your bottom on something \circ *Mother was sitting in bed reading*. \circ *There were no seats left, so they had to sit on the floor.* **2**. (of a bird) to rest \circ *The robin always comes and sits on the fence when I'm digging.*

sit back phrasal verb 1. to rest your back against the back of a chair when sitting \circ Just sit back and enjoy the film. 2. to do nothing \circ He just sat back and watched everyone else do the work.

sit down phrasal verb to sit on a seat sit on phrasal verb 1. to be a member of a committee \circ She sat on the local choral society committee for fifteen years. 2. to do nothing about something that should have been dealt with \circ They sat on the report for three months.

sit up phrasal verb **1**. to sit with your back straight \circ Sit up straight! **2**. to move from a lying to a sitting position \circ He's too weak to sit up. \circ He sat up in bed to eat his breakfast. **3**. to delay going to bed or to go to bed later than usual \circ We sat up playing cards until 2 a.m.

sitcom /'sItkpm/ noun a TV comedy series which always takes place in the same place, with the same characters, each week (*informal*) (NOTE: short for **situation come**dy)

(2) **Site** /satt/ noun **1**. a place where something is or will be [~for] \circ a building site \circ This is the site for the new factory. **2**. a place where something happened, where something once existed \circ This was the site of the Battle of Hastings in 1066.

sitter /'sɪtə/ noun **1**. a person who looks after children in a house, while their parents are out \circ *We won't be able to go to the cinema because I can't find a sitter.* **2**. a person who poses, while someone paints or photographs him or her \circ *The sitter was his mother.*

(3) **sitting** /'sitin/ noun a time when a group of people eat together \circ Take your seats for the second sitting.

③ sitting room /'sitin ru:m/ noun a comfortable room in a house for sitting in ① situation /,sit $\int u'ei \int (\partial n/ noun 1)$. the position which someone or something is in because of things which have happened \circ What's your opinion of the company's present situation? \circ I wonder how she got herself into this situation? 2. a place where something is \circ The hotel is in a very pleasant situation by the sea.

1) Six /s1ks/ noun the number 6

① **sixteen** $/_1$ siks'tim/ *noun* the number 16

① **Sixteenth** $/s_1k_s't_1:n_\theta/adj$ relating to number 16 in a series **\bullet** *noun* number 16 in a series

() **sixth** /siks θ / *adj* relating to number 6 in a series **a** *noun* **1**. number 6 in a series **2**. one part of six equal parts \circ *Ten minutes is a sixth of an hour.*

sixth form /'siks0 form/ noun the final two years in a secondary school, with students between 16 and 18 years old

sixtieth /'s1kst1əθ/ adj relating to number 60 in a series ■ noun number 60 in a series ① sixty /'s1ksti/ noun the number 60 □ sixties the numbers between 60 and 69

① **SiZe** /saiZ/ noun the measurements of something, how big something is, or how many there are of something ○ The size of the staff has doubled in the last two years. ○ Their garage is about the same size as our house. ○ The school has an Olympic size swimming pool. ○ He takes size ten in shoes.

size up *phrasal verb* to judge someone's qualities \circ *She quickly sized him up*.

sizeable /'saɪzəb(ə)l/ *adj* quite big

Sizzle $/^{1}SIZ(3)I/$ (**sizzles, sizzling, sizzled**) verb to make a sound like food cooking in oil or fat

sizzling /'sizlin/ *adj* very hot (*informal*)

③ **skate** /skeit/ noun a boot with a blade attached to the bottom which you wear for sliding over ice \circ a pair of skates \blacksquare verb (skates, skating, skated) to move wearing skates \circ She skated across the frozen lake.

skateboard /'skettbb:d/ noun a board with two pairs of wheels underneath, which you stand on to move about

skating rink /'skettıŋ rıŋk/ *noun* a special area for skating, or for playing games such as hockey on skates

skeletal /'skelit(ə)l/ *adj* very thin, like a skeleton

③ skeleton /'skelit(⇒)n/ noun all the bones which make up a body ○ They found the skeleton of a rabbit in the garden shed.
 ○ He demonstrated joints using the skeleton in the biology lab.
 > the skeleton in the cupboard an embarrassing secret that a family is trying to keep hidden

skeptical /'skept1k(ə)l/ adj US spelling of sceptical

③ **sketch** /sket \int / noun a rough quick drawing \circ *He made a sketch of the church.*

■ verb (sketches, sketching, sketched) to make a rough quick drawing of something

 \circ She was sketching the old church. \circ He sketched out his plan on the back of an envelope.

sketchbook /'sket∫buk/, **sketchpad** *noun* a book of drawing paper for sketching

sketchy /'sket∫i/ (**sketchier, sketchiest**) *adj* not complete, not full

skewed /skjuid/ adj unbalanced

skewer /'skju:ə/ *noun* a long thin metal or wooden rod for putting through pieces of meat, fish or vegetables when cooking or grilling \circ *She put some pieces of chicken and onion on the skewer.*

Ski /ski:/ noun (plural skis) one of two long flat objects which are attached to your boots for sliding over snow \circ We always hire skis when we get to the ski resort. \circ Someone stole my new pair of skis. \blacksquare verb (skis, skiing, skied or ski'd) to travel on skis \circ The mountain rescue team had to ski to the site of the avalanche. \circ We skied down to the bottom of the slope without falling. \circ She broke her arm skiing.

skid /skid/ (**skids, skidding, skidded**) *verb* to slide sideways in a vehicle suddenly because the wheels do not grip the surface \circ *He skidded to a halt.* \circ *If you brake too hard on ice you're likely to skid.*

skier /'ski:ə/ noun a person who goes skiing

③ **skiing** /'skiːɪŋ/ *noun* the sport of sliding on skis

 $\boldsymbol{skilful}$ /'sk1lf(ə)l/ adj showing a lot of skill

skilfully /'skɪlfʊli/ adv in a skilful way o It was difficult but he did it very skilfully.

① **Skill** /sk1l/ noun the ability to do something well ○ Portrait painting needs a lot of skill. ○ This job will help you develop management skills. ○ He's a craftsman of great skill.

① **skilled** /sk1ld/ *adj* **1**. able to do something well, using a particular skill ○ *She's a skilled therapist.* ○ *We need skilled programmers.* **2**. needing a particular skill ○ *nursing and other skilled professions*

 $\mbox{skillful}\,/\mbox{'sk1lf}(\ensuremath{\mathfrak{sk}})\mbox{l}/\mbox{adj}\,US$ spelling of $\mbox{skilful}$ ful

skim /skim/ (**skims**, **skimming**, **skimmed**) *verb* **1**. to remove things floating on a liquid **2**. to move quickly over the surface of something

skimmed milk/sk1md 'm1lk/ *noun* milk from which most of the fat has been removed

skimpy /'skimpi/ (**skimpier**, **skimpiest**) *adj* small, not big enough

 skin /skin/ noun 1. the outer surface of the body o The baby's skin is very smooth.
 the outer surface of a fruit or vegetable o This orange has a very thick skin. o You can cook these new potatoes with their skins on.

skinhead /'skinhed/ *noun* a young man with very short hair or a shaved head, often considered as behaving in an aggressive manner

(3) **Skinny** /'skini/ (**skinnier**, **skinniest**) *adj* too thin to be attractive ○ A tall skinny guy walked in. ○ She has very skinny legs.

③ **Skip** /skip/ (skips, skipping, skipped) verb **1**. to run along partly hopping and partly jumping ○ *The children skipped happily down the lane.* **2**. to jump over a rope which you turn over your head ○ *Some girls were skipping in the playground.* **3**. to miss part of something (*informal*) ○ *She skipped the middle chapters and went on to read the end of the story.* ○ *I'm not hungry, I'll skip the pudding.*

③ skipper /'skipə/ noun 1. the captain of a ship ○ We reported to the skipper that there was water in the ship's engine room.
2. the captain of a team ○ He's the youngest skipper ever of the national rugby team.

skirmish /'sk3:m1J/ noun a minor fight between opposite sides \circ There were several skirmishes between rival fans, but no serious fighting.

(2) **skirt** /sk3:t/ noun a piece of clothing worn by women over the lower part of the body from the waist down \circ *She started wearing jeans to work, but was told to wear a skirt.*

ski slope /'ski: sloup/ *noun* a specially prepared and marked slope for skiing down a mountain

skulk /skalk/ (**skulks, skulking, skulked**) *verb* to creep about mysteriously because you are planning something wrong

③ **skull** /skʌl/ *noun* the bones which are joined together to form the head

() sky /ska1/ noun a space above the earth which is blue during the day and where the moon and stars appear at night \circ What makes the sky blue? \circ It's going to be a beautiful day – there's not a cloud in the sky. \circ The wind carried the glider high up into the sky.

skydiving /'skaɪ,daɪvɪŋ/ *noun* the sport of jumping out of a plane with a parachute **skylight** /'skaɪlaɪt/ *noun* a window in a roof or ceiling **skyline** /'skaɪlaɪn/ *noun* the shape of buildings seen against the sky

skyscraper /'skaiskreipə/ noun a very tall building

slab /slæb/ *noun* a flat square or rectangular block of stone or concrete

slack /slæk/ *adj* **1**. not pulled tight or not fitting tightly \circ *The wind had dropped and the sails were slack.* \circ *The ropes are slack* - *pull on them to make them tight.* **2**. not busy \circ *Business is slack at the end of the week.* \circ *January is always a slack period for us.*

slacken /'slækən/ (**slackens, slackening, slackened**) verb **1**. to make something looser **2**. also **slacken off** to become slower or less busy \circ You've been working too hard – you need to slacken off \circ Trade slackened during January.

slag /slæg/ noun the waste material left after metal has been extracted from ore, or after coal has been mined

slain /slein/ past participle of **slay**

slalom /'slotləm/ noun a type of race where you have to zigzag fast between a series of posts

slam /slæm/ (slams, slamming, slammed) verb 1. to bang a door shut \circ When he saw me, he slammed the door in my face. 2. to shut with a bang \circ The door slammed and I was locked out. 3. to move or hit something with great force \circ The car slammed into a tree. \circ He slammed his fist on the desk.

③ **slander**/'sla:ndə/ noun an untrue spoken statement which damages a person's reputation \circ to sue somebody for slander \circ What she said about me is slander.

③ **slang** /slæŋ/ noun popular words or phrases used by certain groups of people, but which are not used in formal situations ○ Don't use slang in your essay. ○ Slang expressions are sometimes difficult to understand.

slant /sla:nt/ noun a slope \circ The garden is on a slant, which makes cutting the lawn difficult. \blacksquare verb (slants, slanting, slanted) to slope \circ The path slants down the side of the hill. \circ The picture seems to be slanting to the right.

slanted /'slaintid/ adj 1. sloping 2. bi-ased

slap /slæp/ noun a blow given with your hand flat o She gave him a slap in the face.
 verb (slaps, slapping, slapped) 1. to hit someone or something with your hand flat o She slapped his face. 2. to tap someone or something as a friendly gesture o They all

slapstick

slapped him on the back to congratulate him. \diamond **a slap on the wrist** a small punishment, a slight criticism \circ The department had a slap on the wrist from the inspectors, but nothing serious.

slapstick /'slæpst1k/ *noun* a rough comedy which involves such things as knocking people over and throwing water over them

③ **slash** $/sl \le f/$ (**slashes**, **slashing**, **slashed**) *verb* to make a long cut in something with a knife, often violently \circ *He slashed the painting with a kitchen knife*.

slat /slæt/ noun a thin flat piece of wood **slate** /sleɪt/ noun a thin piece of this stone used to cover a roof \circ The slates were already piled up on the roof ready for fixing.

slaughter *I*'slotto/ noun **1**. the killing of many people ∘ the terrible slaughter of innocent people in the riots **2**. the killing of animals ∘ These lambs will be ready for slaughter in a week or so. ■ verb (**slaughters, slaughtering, slaughtered**) **1**. to kill many people or animals at the same time ∘ Thousands of civilians were slaughtered by the advancing army. **2**. to kill animals for their meat

slaughterhouse /'slo:təhaus/ noun a place where animals are killed for meat (*dated*)

③ **Slave** /sleiv/ *noun* a person who belongs to someone legally and works for him or her without pay ■ *verb* (**slaves**, **slaving**, **slaved**) *also* **slave away** to work hard (*informal*)

Slavery /'sleivəri/ noun 1. the state of being a slave \circ Girls were kidnapped and sold into slavery. 2. the buying and selling of slaves \circ In Britain, slavery was abolished in the 19th century.

slay /slei/ (**slays**, **slaying**, **slew**, **slain**) *verb* to kill someone or something (*formal or literary*) (NOTE: Do not confuse with **sleigh**.)

sleaze /sli:z/ noun behaviour which is disreputable

sleazy /'slizi/ (sleazier, sleaziest) adj dirty or disreputable

sled /sled/ noun same as sledge

sledge /sledʒ/ noun a small vehicle with long pieces of wood or metal underneath, for sliding fast over snow \circ *Children dragged their sledges to the top of the snow-covered hill.* **•** *verb* (**sledges, sledging, sledged**) to go on a sledge; to play at sliding on the snow on a sledge \circ *The children were sledging down the hill.* **sleek** /sli:k/ adj smooth and shiny \circ the cat's sleek coat \circ After dinner we walked across the sleek lawns to the river.

① **Sleep** /sli:p/ (**sleeps**, **sleeping**, **slept**) verb to rest with your eyes closed not knowing what is happening around you \circ She never sleeps for more than six hours each night. \circ He slept through the whole of the TV news. \circ Don't make any noise – Daddy's trying to sleep.

sleep around *phrasal verb* to have sexual intercourse with various people (*informal*)

sleep in *phrasal verb* to sleep later than usual in the morning

sleep off phrasal verb to get rid of an illness by sleeping

sleeper /'sli:pə/ noun 1. a person who sleeps ○ Electrodes are attached to sleepers to record brain waves. □ he's a heavy sleeper he always sleeps deeply 2. a carriage on a train where passengers sleep on long journeys ○ The last two carriages of the train were sleepers. 3. an overnight train with sleeping cars ○ The Edinburgh sleeper leaves at 11.30 p.m.

sleeping bag /'slippin bæg/ noun a comfortable warm bag for sleeping in, often used by campers

sleepover /'sli:p,əuvə/ noun a child's party involving an overnight stay at somebody else's house

sleepwalking /'sli:pwo:kiŋ/ noun getting up and walking about even though you are still asleep

② **sleepy** /'slipi/ adj feeling ready to go to sleep \circ The children had a busy day – they were very sleepy by 8 o'clock. \circ The injection will make you feel sleepy. \circ If you feel sleepy, don't try to drive the car. \circ Sitting in front of the TV made him sleepier and sleepier.

sleet /sli:t/ noun snow mixed with rain \circ The temperature fell and the rain turned to sleet. (NOTE: + **sleet** v)

② **Sleeve** /sliv/ noun the part of a piece of clothing which covers your arm ○ *The sleeves on this shirt are too long.* ○ *He was wearing a blue shirt with short sleeves.*

sleight of hand /,slatt əv 'hænd/ noun the quick movements of a conjurer when performing a card trick

slender /'slendə/ adj long and thin, or tall and slim \circ slender fingers \circ a slender flower stem \circ a girl with a slender figure

③ **slept** /slept / past tense and past participle of **sleep**

slew /slu:/ past tense of slay

(3) **Slice** /slars/ noun a thin piece cut off something to eat ○ Can you cut some more slices of bread? ○ Have a slice of chocolate cake. ■ verb (**slices**, **slicing**, **sliced**) **1**. to cut something into thin pieces ○ Would you slice some more bread? **2**. to cut or move through something easily [~through/~into] ○ The blade sliced through the thick layers. ○ The car sliced through the fence and overturned.

③ **slide** /slaɪd/ noun **1**. a slippery metal or plastic structure for children to slide down ○ There are swings and a slide in the local playground. **2**. a small piece of film which can be projected onto a screen ○ She showed us the slides of her last trip. ○ There will be a slide show in the village hall. ■ verb (slides, sliding, slid) to move smoothly over a slippery surface ○ The drawer slides in and out easily. ○ The car slid to a stop. ○ The children were sliding on the ice when it broke.

② slight /slatt/ adj 1. not very big or noticeable ○ There was only a slight difference between the two colours. ○ I've noticed a slight improvement in the students' results this month. 2. (of people) small and thin ○ Their daughter's a slight young girl. ◇ not (in) the slightest not in any way ○ 'Are you worried about passing your exam?' 'Not in the slightest!' ○ She wasn't (in) the slightest bit nervous.

() **slightly** /'slartli/ adv to only a small extent \circ *He was only slightly hurt in the car crash.* \circ *The American bank is offering a slightly better interest rate.* \circ *I only know him slightly.*

② **Slim** /slim/ adj (**slimmer, slimmest**) with a body that is thin in an attractive way ◦ How do you manage to stay so slim? ◦ She looks slimmer in that dress. ■ verb (**slims, slimming, slimmed**) to eat less food, or eat only special foods, in order to become thin ◦ She started slimming before her summer holidays.

slime /slaɪm/ *noun* a slippery substance, which covers surfaces

slimming /'slimin/ *noun* the process of trying to lose weight, especially by eating less

slimy /'slaimi/ adj covered with something that is unpleasant and slippery o Watch out, the rocks are slimy. O What's this slimy mess at the bottom of the fridge?

sling /slin/ noun an apparatus made of ropes and pulleys for lifting and carrying goods \circ They arranged a sling to lift the piano into the upstairs flat. • verb (slings, **slinging, slung)** to throw \circ *Little boys* were slinging snowballs at passing cars. \circ *He slung his briefcase into the back of the car.*

slink /slink/ (**slinks**, **slinking**, **slunk**) *verb* to creep about in order to avoid being noticed

② **Slip** /slip/ verb (**slips**, **slipping**, **slipped**) **1**. to push something without being seen \circ The postman slipped the letters through the letter box. \circ He slipped the keys into his pocket. **2**. to go quickly \circ I'll just slip down to the post office with this letter. \blacksquare noun a small, often careless mistake \circ Don't worry about that. It was just a slip. \circ He made a few slips in his calculations.

slip up *phrasal verb* to make a silly mistake (*informal*)

slipper /'slipə/ noun a soft indoor shoe

slippers /'slippz/ noun light comfortable shoes worn indoors \circ He ran out into the street in his dressing gown and slippers. \circ They put their slippers on when they come into the house.

slippery /'slip(ə)ri/ *adj* so smooth that one can easily slip and fall

slippery slope /'slippri sloup/ noun a dangerous situation that can get very bad if it is not stopped

slip road /'slip rəud/ noun a small road which leads to or from a motorway

slit /slit/ noun a long cut or narrow opening \circ She peeped through a slit in the curtains.

slither /'sliðə/ (**slithers**, **slithering**, **slithered**) *verb* **1**. to slide about in various directions **2**. to move over a surface like a snake **sliver** /'slivə/ *noun* a long thin piece

slob /slpb/ noun a lazy, dirty person

slobber /'slobə/ (**slobbers**, **slobbering**, **slobbered**) *verb* to let saliva come out of your mouth

slog /slog/ noun a difficult job \circ Building the wall was quite a slog. \circ It's a hard slog from here to the top of the mountain. \blacksquare verb (slogs, slogging, slogged) to walk with difficulty \circ They had to slog through miles of jungle to get to the temple.

slogan /'slougon/ *noun* a phrase which is easy to remember and is used in publicity for a product or for a political party

slop /slop/ (**slops**, **slopping**, **slopped**) *verb* (*of liquid*) to spill

(3) **slope** /sloop/ noun a surface or piece of ground that has one end higher than the other \circ *The land rises in a gentle slope to*

the church. \circ They stopped halfway down the slope. \blacksquare verb (slopes, sloping, sloped) to have one end higher than the other \circ The road slopes down to the sea.

sloppy /'slopi/ (**sloppier**, **sloppiest**) *adj* **1.** untidy \circ *He's such a sloppy eater, he's made a mess all over his pullover.* **2.** loose and untidy \circ *She was wearing a sloppy jumper.* **3.** badly done \circ *They said her work was sloppy and had to be done again.* **4.** stupidly sentimental \circ *She's a sloppy old dog, she's no good at guarding.* \circ *What a sloppy film!*

slosh /slo5/ (sloshes, sloshing, sloshed) verb 1. to splash \circ We sloshed through the mud to get to the cottage. 2. to hit someone or something (informal) \circ She suddenly sloshed him with her umbrella.

slot /slot/ noun a long thin hole \circ *A* coin has got stuck in the slot of the parking meter. \circ Put the system disk into the slot on the front of your computer.

slot machine *I*'slot mə, Ji:n/ *noun* **1**. a machine for gambling **2**. a machine which provides something such as drinks, food or cigarettes when you put a coin into a slot

slouch /slaut J/ (slouches, slouching, slouched) verb to stand, sit or walk in a bad position, with bent shoulders

() **Slow** /sləu/ *adj* **1.** needing a long time to do something \circ *Luckily, the car was only going at a slow speed.* \circ *She is the slowest walker of the group.* \circ *The company is very slow at answering my letters.* \circ *Sales got off to a slow start but picked up later.* **2.** showing a time which is earlier than the right time \circ *The office clock is four minutes slow.*

slow down(3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to go more slowly \circ *The van had to slow down as it came to the traffic lights.* \circ *Please slow down, I can't keep up with you.* **2**. to make something go more slowly \circ *The snow slowed the traffic down on the motorway.*

slowdown /'sloudaun/ *noun* a slowing down of business activity

② **Slowly** /'slouli/ adv at a slow speed ○ Luckily, the car was going very slowly when it hit the fence. ○ The group walked slowly round the exhibition. ○ Speak more slowly so that everyone can understand.

slow motion $/_1$ slov 'mou(3)n/noun showing a film at a slower speed than it was filmed at, so that the action seems to have slowed down

sludge /slAdʒ/ noun **1**. soft muddy material in a liquid \circ *There's some black sludge* *at the bottom of the petrol tank.* **2.** the thick soft part of sewage

slug /slAg/ noun a small bullet (informal) \circ A slug from the rifle hit the wall above my head.

sluggish /'slʌgɪʃ/ *adj* **1**. reacting slowly **2**. slow-moving ○ *a sluggish stream*

sluice /sluis/ noun a gate which closes a channel for water, especially through a dam \circ They opened the sluices to release the water behind the dam. \blacksquare verb (sluices, sluicing, sluiced) to wash something with lots of water \circ You'll have to sluice out the pig sty. \circ She sluiced the dirty bucket under the tap.

slum /slAm/ noun a crowded, dirty district inside a large town. \Diamond **shanty town**

slumber /'slAmbə/ noun sleep (*literary*) \circ *His peaceful slumbers were rudely disturbed by the telephone.*

slump/slAmp/ noun 1. a rapid fall 2. a period of economic collapse with high unemployment and loss of trade ■ verb (**slumps**, **slumping**, **slumped**) 1. to lose value fast or reduce suddenly \circ The pound slumped on the foreign exchange markets. 2. to sit or lie down clumsily or heavily \circ He sat slumped on a chair doing his homework. \circ At the end of the day, she just slumped down onto the sofa.

slung /slʌŋ/ past tense and past participle of sling

slur /sl3:/ noun an insult ○ The report cast a slur on his integrity. ■ verb (**slurs**, **slur**ring, **slurred**) to speak words indistinctly ○ You could tell he had been taking drugs by the way he slurred his words.

slurp /sl3:p/ (slurps, slurping, slurped) *verb* to drink and make a noise

slush $/sl_{\Lambda}//$ noun **1**. melting snow \circ The snow has started to melt and the roads are covered with slush. **2**. sentimental writing (informal) \circ Her latest novel is just slush.

sly /slai/ *adj* good at doing secret or slightly dishonest things

smack /smæk/ verb (smacks, smacking, smacked) to hit someone with your hand flat **noun** an act of hitting someone, especially a child, with your hand flat

① **small** /smoil/ adj not large in size or amount \circ Small cars are more economical than large ones. \circ The house is too big for us, so we're selling it and buying a smaller one. \circ She only paid a small amount for that clock. \circ The guidebook isn't small enough to carry in your pocket. \circ These trousers are already too small for him. **small intestine** /₁smoil in'testin/ noun the top section of the intestines, leading down from the stomach

smallpox /'smo:lppks/ *noun* formerly a very serious, usually fatal, contagious disease, with a severe rash which leaves many small scars on the skin

small-scale /'smo:l skeI/ *adj* working in a small way, with few staff and not much money

small talk /'smo:l to:k/ noun informal conversation

② **smart** /smort/ adj **1**. having a neat appearance ○ A smart young man asked me if he could use my mobile phone. ○ He looked very smart in his uniform. **2**. intelligent ○ It was smart of her to note the car's number plate. ■ verb (smarts, smarting, smarted) to hurt with a burning feeling

smart card /'smart kard/ *noun* a credit card with a microchip, used for withdrawing money from cash machines or buying things

smarten verb

smash /smæ \int / (smashes, smashing, smashed) verb 1. to break into pieces \circ He dropped the plate and it smashed to pieces. 2. to break something into pieces, often using force or violence \circ Demonstrators smashed the windows of police cars. 3. to do better than the previous best performance \circ She smashed the world record. \circ Six records were smashed at the Olympics. 4. to hit against something violently \circ The train smashed into the car. \circ The crowd smashed through the railings.

smash up phrasal verb to break everything in a place

smashing /'smæ∫ıŋ/ *adj* very good, fantastic (*dated informal*)

smear /sm1ə/ noun 1. a dirty mark o Waiter, there's a lipstick smear on this cup! 2. a small amount of something put on glass for examining under a microscope 3. words about someone which are not true but which are meant to harm his or her reputation \circ The report about my wife was just a dirty smear. • verb (smears, smearing, **smeared**) 1. to spread something roughly over a surface o She smeared glue all over the piece of wood or she smeared the piece of wood with glue. \circ How did your shirt get smeared with paint? 2. to make dirty marks o He smeared the kitchen table with his dirty fingers. 3. to hurt someone's reputation by saying things which are not true \circ The report was just an attempt to smear her.

(2) smell /smel/ noun 1. one of the five senses, which you can feel through your nose \circ Animals have a better sense of smell than humans. 2. something which you can sense with your nose \circ *I love the smell of* coffee. O There's a smell of burning or there's a burning smell coming from the kitchen. • verb (smells, smelling, smelt or smelled) 1. to notice the smell of something \circ Can you smell gas? \circ My nose is so blocked that I can"t smell. 2. to make a smell [~like/~of] o This cheese smells like soap. \circ His breath smelt of garlic. \circ What's for dinner? - it smells very good! 3. to bring your nose close to something to smell it o She bent down to smell the flowers.

smelly /'smeli/ (smellier, smelliest) *adj* which has a nasty smell

smelt /smelt/ past tense and past participle of **smell**

① **smile** /smail/ noun a way of showing that you are pleased, by turning your mouth up at the corners \circ The dentist gave me a friendly smile. \circ She had a big smile as she told them the good news. \bullet verb (smiles, smiling, smiled) to show that you are pleased by turning your mouth up at the corners [~at] \circ That girl has just smiled at me. \circ Everyone smile please – I'm taking a picture!

smirk /sm3:k/ (**smirks**, **smirking**, **smirked**) *verb* to give an unpleasant smile that shows that you think you are superior to someone else \circ *She smirked as the other girls all heard they'd lost their jobs*.

smock /smpk/ *noun* a long loose overall worn over clothes to protect them

smog /smbg/ *noun* pollution of the atmosphere in towns, caused by warm damp air combined with waste gases from cars

(2) smoke /smouth / noun a white, grev or black substance produced by something that is burning o The restaurant was full of cigarette smoke. \circ Clouds of smoke were pouring out of the upstairs windows. \circ Two people died from inhaling toxic smoke. 0 Smoke detectors are fitted in all the rooms. • verb (smokes, smoking, smoked) 1. to produce smoke o Two days after the fire, the ruins of the factory were still smoking. 2. to breathe in smoke from something such as a cigarette \circ Everyone was smoking even though the signs said 'no smoking'. • She doesn't smoke much. • You shouldn't smoke if you want to play football. \circ I've never seen her smoking a cigar before.

smoker /'sməukə/ noun a person who smokes

smokescreen /'sməuk₁skri:n/ noun something said or done to mislead somebody

(2) **smoking** /'sməukiŋ/ *noun* the action of smoking cigarettes, cigars or a pipe \diamond '**no smoking**' do not smoke here $\circ I$ always sit in the 'no smoking' part of the restaurant.

② **smooth** /smu:ð/ adj **1**. with no bumps or rough parts ○ the smooth surface of a polished table ○ The baby's skin is very smooth. ○ Velvet has a smooth side and a rough side. **2**. with no sudden unpleasant movements ○ Dirt in the fuel tank can prevent the smooth running of the engine. ○ We had a very smooth ride.

smoothie /'smu:ði/ *noun* **1**. a charming man who is good at persuading people to do what he wants **2**. a drink made with milk, fruit, yoghurt or ice cream

smoothly /'smuːðli/ adv in a smooth way

smoothness /'smu: $\deltan \Rightarrow$ / noun the state of being smooth \circ *The fabric has all the smoothness of a baby's skin.* \circ *The smoothness of the ride makes up for the high fare.*

smother /'sm Λ ðə/ (smothers, smothering, smothered) verb 1. to kill someone by stopping them from breathing \circ *They took the kittens and smothered them.* \circ *Never put a pillow over someone's face* – *you may smother them*! 2. to cover something completely \circ a chocolate cake simply smothered in cream \circ *The firemen put out the fire by smothering it with foam.* 3. to show too much love towards someone, especially your children

smoulder /'sməuldə/ (smoulders, smouldering, smouldered) verb 1. to burn slowly \circ The incense sticks smouldered in the entrance to the temple. **2.** to feel strong emotion but keep it hidden **3.** (of emotions) to be strong but hidden

SMS *noun* a system for sending text messages between mobile phones

smudge /smAd₃/ noun a dirty mark \circ There is a smudge on the top corner of the photograph. \circ He had a black smudge on his cheek. • verb (smudges, smudging, smudged) to make a dirty mark, e.g. by rubbing ink which is not dry \circ Don't touch the print with your wet hands, or you'll smudge it.

smug /smAg/ (**smugger**, **smuggest**) *adj* pleased about something, especially your

own achievements, in a way that is annoying

smuggle /'smAg(\ni)// (smuggles, smuggling, smuggled) verb 1. to take goods into a country secretly and illegally \circ They tried to smuggle cigarettes into the country. \circ We had to smuggle the spare parts over the border. 2. to take something into or out of a place secretly and dishonestly \circ The knives were smuggled into the prison by a someone visiting a prisoner. \circ We'll never know how they smuggled the letter out. (NOTE: + smuggling n)

(3) snack /snæk/ noun a light meal, or a small amount of food eaten between meals
 • We didn't have time to stop for a proper lunch, so we just had a snack on the motorway.

snag /snæg/ noun a little problem which prevents you from doing something \circ We've run into a snag: there are no flights to the island on Sundays. \circ The only snag is that he's not a very good driver.

snail /sneil/ noun a small animal which moves slowly along the ground, which has a soft body and a spiral-shaped shell on its back \diamond **at a snail's pace** extremely slowly \circ Negotiations over the sale of the flat have been progressing at a snail's pace.

snail mail /'sneIl meIl/ noun mail sent using the postal system, rather than being sent electronically as email

③ **snake** /snetk/ noun a long thin animal which has no legs and moves along the ground by wriggling \circ Is this snake safe to handle?

(3) **snap** /snæp/ noun a photograph taken quickly (*informal*) \circ She showed me an old black-and-white snap of the house. \circ He took a lot of snaps of his children. **a**dj sudden o They carried out a snap check or a snap inspection of the passengers' luggage. \circ The government called a snap elec*tion.* • *verb* (snaps, snapping, snapped) **1.** to break sharply with a dry noise \circ *The* branch snapped as he fell against it. 2. to move or be moved with a sudden sharp noise $[-at] \circ$ The handle snapped off. \Box to snap your fingers to make a clicking noise with your middle finger and thumb o They sat snapping their fingers in time to the *music*. \diamond to snap out of it to stop being depressed (informal)
o He told her to snap out of it.

snap up phrasal verb to buy quickly snappy /'snæpi/ (snappier, snappiest) adj 1. sharp and fashionable (dated informal) \circ She's wearing a very snappy outfit. **2.** irritable, short-tempered \circ He tends to be snappy towards the end of the day.

snapshot /'snæp∫pt/ *noun* a photograph taken quickly without special equipment

snare /sne ϑ / noun a trap \circ His offer of a well-paid job in Luxembourg was just a snare. \blacksquare verb (snares, snaring, snared) to catch with a snare \circ We snared three rabbits.

snarl /snarl/ verb (snarls, snarling, snarled) to growl angrily \circ The leopard snarled as he approached its cage. \circ 'Take your money, and get out' he snarled. \blacksquare noun an angry growl \circ As she opened the door of the cage she heard a snarl.

snatch /snæt \int / (snatches, snatching, snatched) verb to grab something suddenly and quickly \circ *He came beside her on his bike and snatched her handbag.*

Sneak /snitk/ verb (sneaks, sneaking, sneaked) **1.** to go or do something quietly without being seen \circ *She sneaked into the* room while he was asleep. \circ He sneaked the book out of the library. **2.** to tell an adult that another child has done something wrong **•** noun a person who tells an adult what another child has done (informal) \circ You promised not to say anything, you little sneak!

sneak up *phrasal verb* to creep up behind someone without being noticed

sneakers /'sni:kəz/ *plural noun US* soft sports shoes with rubber soles \circ *She came to work in sneakers*.

sneaky /'sniːki/ *adj* deceitful and secret

Sneer /sn1ə/ noun an unpleasant smile *He held the whip in his hand and looked at her with a sneer.* **verb (sneers, sneering, sneered)** to give someone a sarcastic smile or to speak in a contemptuous way

③ **Sneeze** /sni:z/ noun the uncontrolled action of blowing air suddenly out through your mouth and nose because of an irritation inside your nose ∘ *Coughs and sneezes spread diseases*. ■ verb (**sneezes**) to make a sneeze ∘ *The smell of roses makes me sneeze*. ∘ *He has hayfever and can't stop sneezing*.

snide /snaɪd/ *adj* unkind, often in a clever or indirect way

sniff /snif/ noun the act of breathing in air through your nose \circ *The dog gave a sniff at the plate before licking it.* \circ *He gave a little sniff and walked out of the shop.* \blacksquare *verb* (sniffs, sniffing, sniffed) to breathe in air through your nose \diamond it's not to be sniffed at you should not refuse it (*informal*) \circ *A* free ticket with Air Canada is not to be sniffed at.

sniffle /'snif(\Rightarrow)l/ (sniffles, sniffling, sniffled) verb to keep on sniffling because of a cold, or because you want to cry \circ He was sniffling and sneezing, and in the end I told him to go home early. \circ Stop sniffling! Blow your nose!

snigger /'snigə/ (sniggers, sniggering, sniggered) verb to laugh quietly in an unpleasant way \circ They sniggered as the teacher came into the room.

snip /snip/ (**snips**, **snipping**, **snipped**) *verb* to cut something quickly with scissors o She snipped two inches off the hem of the dress.

sniper /'snaɪpə/ noun a hidden soldier
who shoots at the enemy (NOTE: + snipe v)
snippet /'snɪpɪt/ noun a little bit of information

snivel /'sniv(\Rightarrow)l/ (snivels, snivelling, snivelled) verb to cry or complain in an annoying way

snob /snob/ noun **1**. a person who likes people who are of a higher social class than himself or herself \circ *Don't ask him to your party, he's such a snob.* **2**. a person who thinks he or she knows much more about art or is better-educated than other people \circ *an art snob* \circ *an intellectual snob*

snobbery /'snpbəri/ *noun* the behaviour of a snob

SNOg /snog/ (snogs, snogging, snogged) verb to kiss and hug someone (slang)

snooker /'snu:kə/ *noun* a game for two players played on a table with twenty-two balls of different colours which you hit with a long thin stick

snoop /snu:p/ (snoops, snooping, snooped) verb to investigate something or someone secretly (informal)

SNOOZE /snu:Z/ (snoozes, snoozing, snoozed) verb to sleep lightly for a short time (informal) \circ The dog was snoozing on the rug in front of the fire. (NOTE: + **SNOOZE** n)

snore /snor/ noun a loud noise which someone who is sleeping produces in his or her nose and throat \circ His snores kept her awake. \blacksquare verb (snores, snoring, snored) to make a snore \circ I can't get to sleep because my husband snores.

snorkel /'sno: $k(\mathfrak{g})$ |/ noun a tube which allows an underwater swimmer to breathe in air \circ She could still see Brian's snorkel on the surface of the water. **SNOrt** /sno:t/ (snorts, snorting, snorted) verb 1. to make a loud noise blowing air out through the nose \circ *The horses snorted and* pawed the ground. 2. to take a powdered drug such as cocaine by breathing them through the nose (NOTE: + snort n)

snot /snpt/ noun mucus in the nose (offensive informal)

snotty /'snoti/ adj **1**. covered with mucus (offensive informal) **2**. looking down on others who you think are inferior (informal) \circ Don't be so snotty! I know how to do it, just as much as you do!

snout /snaut/ *noun* the nose and mouth of some animals such as pigs

① **SNOW** /snəu/ noun water which falls as light white pieces of ice in cold weather \circ Two metres of snow fell during the night. \circ The highest mountains are always covered with snow. \circ Children were out playing in the snow. \circ We went for a skiing holiday and there was hardly any snow. \blacksquare verb (snows, snowing, snowed) to fall as snow \circ Look – it's started to snow! \circ It snowed all day, and the streets were blocked. \circ It hardly ever snows here in March. (NOTE: The verb snow is always used with the subject it.)

③ **Snowball** /'snoubo:l/ (snowballs, snowballing, snowballed) verb to get steadily bigger o The protests started slowly and then snowballed into mass demonstrations.

snowboarding /'snoubb:dɪŋ/ *noun* the sport of sliding down a snow-covered slope while standing on a board with both feet

snowdrift /'snəudrift/ *noun* snow which has been blown into a heap by the wind

snowdrop /'snowdrop/ *noun* a bulb with little white bell-shaped flowers in the early spring

snowfall /'snəʊfɔːl/ *noun* the amount of snow which has fallen

snowflake /'snoufletk/ noun a small piece of snow formed of a number of ice crystals

snowman /'snəumæn/ (plural snowmen) noun a model of a man made of snow

snowplough /'snəuplau/ *noun* a heavy vehicle with a plough on the front used to clear snow off roads and railway tracks

snowstorm /'snəustorm/ noun a storm when the wind blows and snow falls

Snub /snAb/ (**snubs**, **snubbing**, **snubbed**) *verb* to insult someone by refusing to speak to them or by not paying any attention to them \circ *He snubbed all her attempts to be friendly*.

snuck /snAk/ US past tense and past participle of **sneak**

snuff $/sn\Lambda f/$ *noun* powdered tobacco which is sniffed into the nose

SNUG /snAg/ (**snugger**, **snuggest**) *adj* warm and comfortable

Snuggle /'snAg(\Rightarrow)l/ (snuggles, snuggling, snuggled) *verb* to get yourself into a warm and comfortable position

(1) SO /səu/ adv 1. showing how much \circ It's so cold that the lake is covered with ice. • We liked Greece so much that we're going there again on holiday next year. \circ The soup was so salty that I couldn't eat it. 2. also \circ She was late and so was $I_{\circ} \circ$ The children all caught flu, and so did their teacher. \circ I like apples. – So do I. \circ He's a good cook and so is his wife. \circ The teacher will be late and so will everyone else. 3. showing that the answer is 'yes' o Does this train go to London? – I think so. \circ Was *your car completely smashed? – I'm afraid* so. \circ Will you be coming to the party? – I hope so! • Are they going to be at the meeting? - I suppose so. \blacksquare conj and this is the reason why \circ It was snowing hard so we couldn't go for a walk. \circ She's got flu so she can't come to the office. \diamond so what what does it matter?

③ **SOak**/səʊk/ (**soaks**, **soaking**, **soaked**) verb **1**. to put something in a liquid for a time ○ Dry beans should be soaked in cold water for 24 hours. **2**. to make something or someone very wet ○ I forgot my umbrella and got soaked. ○ The rain soaked the soil.

soaked /soukt/ adj very wet

soaking /'səukiŋ/ adj, adv very wet \circ Don't let the dog into the kitchen – he's soaking or he's soaking wet.

so-and-so /'səu ən səu/ noun 1. an unpleasant person 2. also Mr/Mrs/Miss Soand-so a person whose name is not mentioned \circ It's the usual story – so-and-so buys a green car, and suddenly everyone has green cars.

② **SOAP** /səup/ noun a substance which you wash with, made from oils and usually with a pleasant smell \circ *There's no soap left* in the bathroom. \circ *I've put a new bar of* soap in the kitchen. \circ *There is a liquid soap dispenser in the gents' toilets.* **soap opera** /'səup ,pp(ə)rə/ *noun* a serial story on television about the daily lives of a set of characters

soap powder /'səup ,paudə/ noun soap in the form of powder, used in washing machines or dishwashers

③ **SOAT** /so:/ (soars, soaring, soared) verb 1. to go up very quickly ○ Food prices soared during the cold weather. 2. to fly high up into the sky ○ The rocket went soaring into the night sky. (NOTE: Do not confuse with sore.)

(3) **Sob** /sbb/ verb (**sobs**, **sobbing**, **sobbed**) to cry, taking short breaths like hiccups ○ She lay sobbing on the bed. ○ The little girl sobbed herself to sleep. ■ noun a short breath like a hiccup, made by someone who is crying ○ You could hear the sobs as she lay on her bed. ○ He gave a sob, and put the phone down.

(3) **Sober** *I*'səubə/ adj **1.** not drunk $\circ I$ wasn't drunk after the party – I was stone cold sober. **2.** serious, not frivolous \circ The sober truth is that we can't afford it. \circ It was a very sober gathering, nobody laughed or made a joke. **3.** dark with no bright colours \circ She was wearing a sober dark grey suit.

sobering /'səʊbərɪŋ/ *adj* which makes you think seriously

③ **so-called** /'səʊ kɔːld/ *adj* called by a wrong name

soccer /'spkə/ *noun* a game played between two teams of eleven players with a round ball which can be kicked or hit with the head, but not carried (NOTE: The game is called **football** in most countries, but is generally called **soccer** in the USA to distinguish it from American football.)

sociable /'səu∫əb(ə)l/ *adj* friendly, liking the company of other people

() **Social** /'sə υ (ə)l/ adj relating to people as a group, or to human society in general \circ an area with very serious social problems \circ Inequality leads to social conflict.

socialism /'sə \cup fəliz(ə)m/ noun **1**. the ideas and beliefs of socialists, that the means of production and distribution should belong to the people, that people should be cared for by the state and that all wealth should be shared equally \circ *His book explains the principles of socialism.* **2**. a political system where the state is run on socialist principles \circ *Under socialism, this factory was owned by the state.* (NOTE: + socialist n)

socially /'sə υ (ə)li/ adv **1**. in a friendly situation \circ *I* know her from work but *I*'ve

never met her socially. \circ They get on very well socially. **2.** with respect to other people or society \circ the socially unacceptable behaviour of some football fans \circ These policies are socially divisive.

social science /,səʊʃ(ə)l 'saɪəns/ noun the study of people and the society they live in, including such subjects as sociology, history and economics

(3) **social security** /₁səʊʃ(ə)l sı 'kjuərıti/ *noun* money or help provided by the government to people who need it

social services $/_1$ souf(3) 1^{321} visit/ plural noun government services to help people with family problems \circ *The children are being looked after by social services.*

social worker $l'sout(\mathfrak{s})$ with \mathfrak{s} *in the problem of the problem with family or financial problems* (NOTE: + **social work** *n*)

(1) **Society** /sə'saləti/ noun 1. a large group of people, usually all the people living in a country, considered as an organised community \circ a free and democratic society \circ a member of society \circ Society needs to be protected against these criminals. (NOTE: no plural) 2. a club or association of people who have the same interests \circ He belongs to the local drama society. \diamond building society

socio-economic /,səuʃiəu i:kə 'nomik/ adj referring to social and economic conditions

sociology /,səusi'blədʒi/ *noun* the study of social systems and how people live in society (NOTE: + **sociologist** *n*)

③ **SOCk** /svk/ noun a piece of clothing worn on your foot inside a shoe \circ a pair of socks \diamond **to pull your socks up** to try to do better (informal) \circ He'll have to pull his socks up or he'll lose his job.

Socket /'spkit/ noun 1. a set of holes into which an electric plug can be fitted \circ *There* is a socket on the wall that you can plug the vacuum cleaner into. \circ *This plug doesn't fit that socket*. 2. a hollow part in a bone, into which another bone fits

sodden /'spd(a)n/adj as full of a liquid or other substance as can be absorbed

sodium /'səudiəm/ *noun* a soft white metal, which can catch fire, and is only found combined with other substances

③ **sofa** /'səʊfə/ *noun* a long comfortable seat with a soft back

so far /sຈບ 'fɑː/ adv until now

① **Soft** /spft/ adj **1**. which moves easily when pressed \circ *There are big soft arm*-

chairs in the lobby of the hotel. $\circ I$ don't like soft seats in a car. $\circ Do$ you like soft ice cream? **2.** not loud \circ When she spoke, her voice was so soft that we could hardly hear her. \circ Soft music was playing in the background. **3.** not bright \circ Soft lighting makes a room look warm.

soft copy /,soft 'kopi/ *noun* data stored on a computer, rather than being printed on paper

③ **soft drink** /'soft drink/ noun a drink which is not alcoholic

Soften /'sof(ϑ)n/ (softens, softening, softened) verb to make something soft, to become soft

soften up verb to make someone weaker before asking for something, or before launching an attack \circ Can you try and soften him up a bit before I ask to borrow the car? \circ Bombing raids were made to soften up the enemy defences.

soft-spoken /spft 'spəukən/ *adj* having a quiet gentle voice

soft touch /,soft 'tAt \int / *noun* a person who can be easily persuaded to do something for you

③ **software** /'softweə/ noun computer programs which are put into a computer to make it work, as opposed to the computer itself ○ What word-processing software do you use? Compare hardware (NOTE: no plural)

soggy /'sogi/ (soggier, soggiest) adj wet and soft to an unpleasant degree

① **Soil** /soil/ noun the earth in which plants grow \circ Put some soil in the plant pot and then sow your flower seeds. \circ This soil's too poor for growing fruit trees. \circ The farm has fields of rich black soil.

soiled /soild/ adj spoiled by dirt or other unpleasant substances \circ *The sheets on the bed were soiled.*

solace /'spləs/ noun comfort

solar /'səʊlə/ adj relating to the sun (NOTE: The similar word relating to the moon is **lunar** and to the stars is **stellar**.)

solar energy /'səʊlə ,enədʒi/, **solar power** /'səʊlə ,paʊə/ *noun* electricity produced from the radiation of the sun

solar panel $/_1$ soulə 'pæn(ə)l/ noun a group of special electric cells used to turn the sun's energy into electricity

 ${\rm sold}$ /səuld/ past tense and past participle of ${\rm sell}$

① **Soldier** /'səuldʒə/ noun a member of an army \circ Here's a photograph of my father as a soldier. \circ We were just in time to

see the soldiers march past. \circ Enemy soldiers blew up the bridge. \circ The children are playing with their toy soldiers.

soldier on phrasal verb to continue doing something, in spite of difficulties \circ Even though sales are down, we must soldier on. \circ She's soldiering on with her preparations for the exam.

sold out / sould 'aut/ adj no longer in stock, because all the stock has been sold

(3) **sole** /soul/ adj only; belonging to one person \circ Their sole aim is to make money. \circ She was the sole survivor from the crash. \circ I have sole responsibility for what goes on in this office. \bullet noun 1. the underneath side of your foot \circ He tickled the soles of her feet. 2. the main underneath part of a shoe, but not the heel \circ These shoes need mending – I've got holes in both soles.

solely /'soulli' adv **1**. only \circ The machine was designed solely for that purpose. **2**. without other people being involved \circ He was solely to blame for what happened.

solemn /'spləm/ adj **1**. serious and formal \circ The doctor looked very solemn and shook his head. \circ At the most solemn moment of the ceremony someone's mobile phone rang. **2**. which should be treated as very serious \circ He made a solemn promise never to smoke again.

solicit /sə'lısıt/ (**solicits, soliciting, solicited**) verb **1**. to ask someone for something such as business or financial support (formal) **2**. to offer sex to people \circ Prostitutes were openly soliciting outside the station.

(2) **Solicitor** /sə'lɪsɪtə/ *noun* a lawyer who gives advice to members of the public and acts for them in legal matters

① **Solid** /'splid/ adj 1. hard and not liquid \circ a solid lump of fat \circ She is allowed some solid food. 2. firm or strong \circ Is the table solid enough to stand on? \circ His wealth is built on a solid base of property and shares. 3. not hollow \circ Cricket is played with a solid ball. 4. made only of one material \circ The box is made of solid silver. \blacksquare noun a hard substance which is not liquid \circ Many solids melt when heated and become liquids.

solidarity /,spli'dæriti/ *noun* a general common interest with other people

solidify /sə'lıdıfaı/ (**solidifies**, **solidify**ing, **solidified**) *verb* to become solid

solitary /'solit(ϑ)ri/ adj **1**. one only \circ It was late November, and a solitary tourist was sitting in the waterfront café. \circ I don't remember one solitary occasion when he

helped with the washing up. **2**. being alone \circ *My sister lives a solitary life in the country.*

solitary confinement /,split(ə)ri kən 'faınmənt/ *noun* being kept alone in a cell, without being able to see or speak to other prisoners

solitude /'split juid/ *noun* the state of being alone

Solo /'səuləu/ noun (plural solos or soli) a piece of music played or sung by one person alone \circ She played a violin solo. \blacksquare adj done by one person alone \circ a piece for solo trumpet \circ Our daughter gave a solo performance at the school concert. \circ He crashed on his first solo flight.

soloist /'səʊləʊɪst/ noun a musician who plays a solo

soluble /'spljub(ə)l/ adj **1**. which can be dissolved \circ a tablet of soluble aspirin \circ The pill is soluble in water. **2**. which can be solved \circ The problem is simply not soluble. \circ The difficulties are soluble, given a little money.

① **Solution** $/s \exists lu: f(\exists)n/noun 1$. the action of solving a problem $[-to] \circ Finding a$ solution to this problem is taking longer than expected. 2. a mixture of a solid substance dissolved in a liquid \circ Bathe your eye in a weak salt solution.

① **Solve** /splv/ (solves, solving, solved) verb to find an answer to a problem or question \circ The loan will solve some of his financial problems. \circ He tried to solve the riddle.

solvent /'splv(ə)nt/ *noun* a liquid in which a solid substance can be dissolved

sombre /'sombə/ *adj* dark and gloomy (NOTE: The US spelling is **somber**.)

(1) **SOME** /səm, sʌm/ adj, pron 1. a certain number of o Some young drivers drive much too fast. o Some books were damaged in the fire. \circ Some days it was so hot that we just stayed by the swimming pool all day. \circ Can you cut some more slices of bread? • She bought some oranges and bananas. • We've just picked some strawberries. \Box some of a few \circ Some of the students are ill. \circ Some of these apples are too green. 2. a certain amount of \circ Can you buy some bread when you go to town? \circ Can I have some more coffee? \circ Her illness is of some concern to her family. 3. used for referring to a person or thing you cannot identify (followed by a singular noun) o Some man just knocked on the door and tried to sell me a magazine. \circ I read it in some book I borrowed from the library. 0

We saw it in some shop or other in Regent Street. **4.** relating to a period of time or a distance \circ Don't wait for me, I may be some time. \circ Their house is some way away from the railway station.

somebody /'sAmbədi/ *pron* **1**. same as **someone 2**. someone who is considered to be important

some day /'sAm deI/ adv at a time in the future that is not specified \circ Some day I'll get round to cleaning out the garage.

() **Somehow** /'s Λ mhau/ adv by some means that are not yet known \circ Somehow we must get back home by 6 o'clock.

① **Someone** /'sAmwAn/ pron a person who is not identified or referred to in particular way \circ Can someone answer the phone? \circ I know someone who can fix your car. \circ I need someone tall who can reach the top shelf for me. \Box **someone else** an extra person, or a different person \circ I've got four volunteers already, but I still need someone else. \circ If Jo is ill, could someone else help you?

someplace /'sAmpleIS/ adv US somewhere (*informal*)

somersault /'sAməsɔ:lt/ noun a movement in which you roll over, head first \circ *He did a couple of somersaults on the mat.* (NOTE: + **somersault** *v*)

() **something** /'sAm θ in/ pron 1. a thing which is not identified or referred to in particular \circ There's something soft at the bottom of the bag. \circ Something's gone wrong with the TV. \circ Can I have something to drink, please? \circ There's something about her that I don't like. 2. an important thing \circ Come in and sit down, I've got something to tell you.

sometime /'sAmtaIm/ adv at a time which is not specified \circ The accident happened sometime after midnight. \circ Let's meet sometime next week.

() **Sometimes** /'sAmtaImz/ adv on some occasions but not on others \circ Sometimes the car starts easily, and sometimes it won't start at all. \circ She sometimes comes to see us when she's in town on business.

(2) **somewhat** /'sʌmwɒt/ *adv* to a fairly great degree (*formal*)

① **Somewhere** /'sAmweə/ adv in or at a place which is not identified \circ *I left my umbrella somewhere when I was in London.* \circ Let's go somewhere else, this pub is full. \circ His parents live somewhere in Germany.

(1) **SON** /sAN/ noun a male child of a father or mother \circ *He*'s the son of the famous run-

ner. \circ *They have a large family – two sons and four daughters.*

sonata /sə'nɑːtə/ *noun* a piece of music in three or four movements for one or more instruments, accompanied by an orchestra, piano, harpsichord, etc.

① **Song** /spŋ/ noun a set of words which are sung, usually to music \circ She was singing a song in the bath. \circ The group's latest song has just come out on CD. \circ The soldiers marched along, singing a song.

songwriter /'soŋraɪtə/ noun a person who writes popular songs

sonic /'sonik/ *adj* referring to sound that can be heard by the human ear

son-in-law /'sʌn ɪn lɔː/ (*plural* **sons-inlaw**) *noun* the husband of a daughter

sonnet /'sonit/ noun a poem with fourteen lines and one of several rhyming patterns

① **SOON** /su:n/ adv in a short time from now \circ Don't worry, we'll soon be in Oxford. \circ It will soon be time to go to bed. \circ The fire started soon after 11 o'clock.

(2) **SOONER** /'suinə/ adv earlier \circ Can't we meet any sooner than that?

soot /sot/ noun a black deposit of carbon which rises in the smoke produced by burning coal, wood and oil and which collects on the inside surfaces of chimneys

soothe /su:ð/ (soothes, soothing, soothed) *verb* to make something less painful or to calm

③ **sophisticated** /sə'fıstikettid/ adj **1**. knowing a lot about the way people behave, and what is stylish or fashionable \circ *They think smoking makes them look sophisticated*. **2**. cleverly designed and complicated \circ *His office is full of the latest and most sophisticated computer equipment.*

sopping /'sopin/ adj very wet

Soprano /sə'pro:nəu/ *adj* relating to a high-pitched woman's singing voice \circ *She sings soprano in the local choir.* \blacksquare *noun* a woman with a high-pitched singing voice \circ *The sopranos are too feeble* – *I can hardly hear them.*

sorcery /'sɔːsəri/ noun (in fairy tales) wicked magic

sordid /'sɔːdɪd/ *adj* unpleasant or dirty

① **SOTE** /so:/ (**sorer**, **sorest**) *adj* rough and swollen or painful \circ *He can't play tennis because he has a sore elbow.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **soar**.)

sorely /'sɔ:li/ adv very much (formal) **sorrow** /'sɒrəʊ/ noun sadness ● Sorry /'sori/ adj feeling unhappy, ashamed or disappointed about something
 ■ interj used to excuse yourself ∘ Sorry! I didn't see that table had been reserved. ∘ Can I have another mint, please? - sorry, I haven't any left. ◇ to feel sorry for someone to be sympathetic about someone's problems ∘ We all feel sorry for her - her family is always criticising her. ◇ to feel sorry for yourself to be miserable ∘ He's feeling very sorry for himself - he's just been made redundant.

① **Sort** /sort/ noun a type \circ There were all sorts of people at the meeting. \circ I had an unpleasant sort of day at the office. \circ What sorts of ice cream have you got? \circ Do you like this sort of TV show? \blacksquare verb (sorts, sorting, sorted) to arrange in order or groups \circ The apples are sorted according to size before being packed. \circ The votes are sorted then counted.

sort out (1) *phrasal verb* **1**. to settle a problem \circ *Did you sort out the hotel bill?* **2**. to put things in order or in groups \circ *I must sort out the papers in this drawer.* \circ *Until they're sorted out, we shan't know which are our files and which are theirs.* **3**. to collect or select things of a particular kind from a mixed group of things \circ *Sort out all the blue folders and bring them to me, please.*

SO-SO / $_1$ SOU 'SOU/ *adj, adv* not very good or not very well \circ *How are you today?* – *only so-so.* \circ *The results of the test were only so-so.*

soufflé /'su:flei/ noun 1. a light cooked dish, made from eggs beaten up with a savoury flavouring, eaten hot \circ a cheese soufflé 2. a cold dessert made from beaten eggs, whipped cream and gelatine \circ a lemon soufflé

③ **sought** /so:t/ past tense and past participle of **seek**

sought-after /'sort , arftə/ adj wanted by many people

③ **Soul** /soul/ noun the spirit in a person, which is believed by some people to go on existing after the person dies ○ *Do you believe your soul lives on when your body dies?* ○ *From the depths of his soul he longed to be free.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **sole**.)

soul-searching/'səʊl ,sɜ:t∫ɪŋ/ *noun* an examination of your own motives or conscience

① **Sound** /saund/ noun a noise, something which you can hear \circ Sounds of music came from the street. \circ I thought I heard

the sound of guns. \circ Please can you turn down the sound on the TV when I'm on the phone? \circ She crept out of her bedroom and we didn't hear a sound. \blacksquare verb (sounds, sounding, sounded) 1. to make a noise, or to cause something to make a noise [~like] \circ The noise sounds like wind blowing in the trees. \circ They sounded the alarm after two prisoners escaped. 2. to seem \circ It sounds as if he's made an unfortunate choice. \circ The book sounds interesting according to what I've heard. \blacksquare adv deeply \circ The children were sound asleep when the police came.

sound off *phrasal verb* to start talking loudly about something (*informal*)

sound out(3) *phrasal verb* to ask someone's opinion about something \circ *l'll sound out the other members of the committee to see what they think.*

soundbite /'saundbart/ noun a short phrase, usually spoken by a politician, especially made so as to be broadcast on radio or TV

sound card /,saund 'ka:d/ *noun* a circuit board that allows a computer to produce sound

sound effects /'saund 1,fekts/ plural noun the artificial sounds used to give an impression of the real thing \circ All the sound effects for the film were produced electronically.

soundly /'saundli/ adv deeply or thoroughly

soundtrack /'saundtræk/ noun the track of a film on which the sound is recorded

③ **SOUP** /su:p/ noun a liquid food which you eat hot from a bowl at the beginning of a meal, usually made from meat, fish or vegetables ○ We have onion soup or mushroom soup today. ○ Does anyone want soup? ○ A bowl of hot soup is always welcome on a cold day. ○ If you're hungry, open a tin of soup.

soup kitchen /su:p 'kɪtʃən/ noun a place that serves free hot meals to people who have no money to buy food

SOUR /'sauə/ adj with a sharp bitter taste \circ If the cooked fruit is too sour, you can add some sugar. \circ Nobody likes sour milk.

① **Source** /s5:s/ noun a place where something comes from $[-of] \circ I$ think the source of the infection is in one of your teeth. \circ The source of the river is in the mountains. \circ You must declare income from all sources to the tax office. **sourness** /'sauənəs/ *noun* the state of being sour

① **south** /saoθ/ noun the direction facing towards the sun at midday \circ Look south from the mountain, and you will see the city in the distance. \circ The city is to the south of the river. \circ The wind is blowing from the south. • adj relating to the south \circ The south coast is popular for holidaymakers. \circ Cross to the south side of the river. • adv towards the south \circ Many birds fly south for the winter. \circ The river flows south into the Mediterranean.

southbound /'sauθbaund/ *adj* travelling towards the south

③ south-east/sauθ'i:st/adj, adv, noun the direction between south and east South-East Asia is an important trading area. The river runs south-east from here. House prices are higher in the south-east than anywhere else in England.

southerly /'sʌðəli/ adj 1. towards the south 2. (of a wind) blowing from the south ② **southern** /'sʌð(ə)n/ adj from, of or in the south \circ The southern part of the country is warmer than the north.

southerner /'s Λ (ϑ) $n\vartheta$ / *noun* a person who lives in or comes from the south of a country or region

southern hemisphere *noun* the part of the earth below the equator

southernmost /'sʌð(ə)nməʊst/ adj furthest to the south

South Pole /'sau θ 'paul/ noun the furthest point south on the earth

southward /'sau θ wəd/ adj towards the south

southwards /'sauθwədz/ adv towards the south

③ **south-west** /,sauθ 'west/ adj, adv, noun the direction between south and west **souvenir** /,sutvə'n1ə/ noun a thing bought to remind you of the place where you bought it

sovereign /'sovrin/ noun a king or queen \circ The sovereign is not supposed to become involved in party politics.

③ **Sovereignty** /'spvrinti/ (plural sovereignties) noun the total power of a government

Soviet /'səuviət/ *adj* of the former Soviet Union its people, culture, or political system

SOW /səu/ (sows, sowing, sowed, sown or sowed) verb to put seeds into soil so that they become plants \circ *Peas and beans* should be sown in April. \circ Sow the seed *thinly in fine soil.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **sew**.)

soya bean /'sɔiə biːn/ *noun* a bean from a plant used for food and oil

Spa /spat/ noun **1**. a place where mineral water comes out of the ground naturally and where people go to drink or bathe because of its medicinal properties \circ *He* spends two weeks every summer at a *French spa*. **2**. an exercise and health centre in a hotel

① **Space** /speis/ noun **1**. an empty place between other things \circ There's a space to park your car over there. \circ Write your name and reference number in the space at the top of the paper. **2**. an area which is available for something [~for] \circ Is there space in your car for another passenger? \circ His desk takes up too much space. **3**. also **outer space** the area beyond the earth's atmosphere \circ the knowledge of the universe gained from exploring outer space \circ space vehicles \circ This is a photograph of the earth taken from space.

space probe /'speis proub/ noun a spacecraft sent into space for scientific purposes

space shuttle /'speis $\int At(a)l/$ noun a type of plane which is launched by a rocket, flies in space and then returns eventually to earth so that it can be used for another trip

space station /'speis ,stei $\int(\vartheta)n/n$ as a satellite which orbits the earth in which people can live and carry out scientific experiments

spacious /'spei∫əs/ *adj* very large, with plenty of space

③ **spade** /speid/ noun 1. a tool with a wide square blade at the end of a long handle, used for digging or moving something such as soil or sand 2. a similar small plastic tool, used by children \circ The children took their buckets and spades to the beach.

spaghetti /spb'geti/ *noun* long thin strips of pasta, cooked and eaten with a sauce

spam /spæm/ noun unwanted commercial e-mails

span /spæn/ noun the width of wings or of an arch \circ *Each section of the bridge has a span of fifty feet.* **u** verb (**spans, spanning, spanned**) to stretch across space or time \circ *Her career spanned thirty years.* \circ *A stone bridge spans the river.*

spaniel /'spænjəl/ *noun* a type of dog with large ears that droop down

spank /spæŋk/ (**spanks, spanking, spanked**) *verb* to hit a child's bottom as a punishment

spanner /'spænə/ *noun* a metal tool with an opening which fits round a nut and which can be twisted to undo the nut or tighten it

Spar /spar./ (spars, sparring, sparred) verb to practise boxing with someone \circ He sparred every morning before the fight.

(2) Spare /spe∋/ adj available but not being used ○ I always take a spare pair of shoes when I travel. ■ plural noun spares spare parts or pieces used to mend broken parts of a car or other machine ○ We can't get spares for that make of washing machine. ○ It's difficult to get spares for the car because they don't make this model any more.
■ verb (spares, sparing, spared) to give something or to do without something ○ Can you spare your assistant to help me for a day? ○ Can you spare, can you clean the problem? ○ If you have a moment to spare, can you clean the car?

spark /spa:k/ noun a little flash of fire or of light ○ Sparks flew as the train went over the junction. ■ verb (**sparks**, **sparking**, **sparked**) **1**. to send out sparks or to make electric sparks **2**. to make something start suddenly ○ The proposed closure of the station sparked anger among travellers. ○ The shooting of the teenager sparked off a riot.

spark off phrasal verb same as spark verb
2

sparkle l'spark $(\mathfrak{s})l'$ (sparkles, sparkling, sparkled) verb to shine brightly \circ Her jewels sparkled in the light of the candles. \circ His eyes sparkled when he heard the salary offered.

sparkling /'spa:klin/ adj **1**. shining with little lights \circ a necklace of sparkling diamonds **2**. which has bubbles in it, which is fizzy \circ a bottle of sparkling water

spark plug /'spark plAg/ *noun* a part of an engine which produces sparks that ignite the fuel

sparrow /'spærəʊ/ *noun* a very common small brown and grey bird

sparse /sparse/ (sparser, sparsest) *adj* not thick or not in large quantities (NOTE: + sparsely *adv*)

spartan /'spart(\mathfrak{p})n/ adj harsh or hard

spasm /'spæz(ə)m/ noun a sudden, usually painful, involuntary contraction of a muscle, such as when you have cramp

spat /spæt/ past tense and past participle of **spit**

spate /spett/ noun a sudden rush of something \circ We had a spate of inquiries after our ad in 'the Times'.

spatial /'sper∫(ə)l/ adj referring to space **spatter** /'spætə/ (**spatters, spattering, spattered**) *verb* to splash with little spots of liquid

spawn /spb:n/ noun a mass of eggs of a fish or a frog ○ The children could see the frog spawn floating on the surface of the pond. ■ verb (spawns, spawning, spawned) 1. (of fish) to produce a mass of eggs ○ Salmon swim up the river to spawn. 2. to produce a mass of things ○ The meetings of the committee spawned a huge amount of documents.

(i) speak /spirk/ (speaks, speaking, spoke or spake, spoken) verb 1. to say words [~to/~with/~about]
o She spoke to me just before the meeting. \circ I've been speaking with my colleagues about the problem. • The manager wants to speak to you about sales in Africa. O He walked past me with*out speaking.* **2.** to be able to say things in a particular language o We need someone who can speak Russian. O He speaks English with an American accent. \circ You will have to brush up your Japanese as my mother speaks hardly any English. \diamond to speak your mind to say exactly what you think \diamond **speak for yourself** that's what you think, I don't agree o We both think the decision is crazy. – Speak for yourself!

speak out *phrasal verb* to make your opinions or feelings known strongly

speak up phrasal verb **1**. to speak louder; to say what you have to say in a louder voice \circ Can you speak up please – we can't hear you at the back! **2**. to make your opinions known strongly \circ He's not afraid to speak up when he thinks someone's been unfairly treated.

speak up for verb to show your support for \circ He was the only person who spoke up for me at the inquiry.

② speaker /'spi:kə/ noun 1. a person who speaks o We need an English speaker to help with the tour. 2. a loudspeaker o One of the speakers doesn't work.

spear /spiə/ noun a long pointed throwing stick, formerly used as a weapon \circ *They kill fish with spears.* • verb to push something sharp into something to catch it \circ *Spearing fish is not easy.* \circ *She managed to spear a sausage on the barbecue with her fork.*

spearhead /'spiəhed/ (**spearheads**, **spearheading**, **spearheaded**) *verb* to be in

the front of an attacking force \circ *The minister has spearheaded the attack on the newspapers.*

① **special** /'spe $\int(\Im)$ // *adj* having a particular importance or use \circ *a report from our* special correspondent in Hong Kong \circ This is a very special day for us – it's our twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. \circ He has a special pair of scissors for cutting metal. **special effects** /,spe $\int(\Im)$ 1'fekts/ plural noun the impression of something like a fire, a snowstorm or an earthquake, made artificially in a film or play \circ The special effects in the film were created by computers.

③ specialise /'spe∫əlaız/ (specialises, specialising, specialised), specialize verb
 1. to study one particular subject ○ At university, she specialised in marine biology.
 2. to produce one thing in particular ○ The company specialises in electronic components.

③ specialist /'spe∫əlıst/ noun 1. a person who knows a lot about something ○ You should go to a tax specialist for advice.
2. a doctor who specialises in a certain branch of medicine ○ He was referred to a heart specialist.

speciality /,spefi'æləti/ noun **1**. a thing you are very good at doing \circ *The speciality* of the restaurant is its fish soup. \circ Finding the right partners for people is my speciality. **2**. a particular interest, knowledge or study \circ *The company's speciality is computer programmes for schools*. \circ *His speciality is the history of Wales in the 15th century*. (NOTE: [all senses] The US term is **specialty**.)

② **specially** /'spe $\int(\partial u)$ in particular or more than usual

special needs $/_1$ spe $f(\mathfrak{g})$ 'ni:dz/ plural noun the needs of a person with mental or physical disabilities, which are different from the needs of most people

specialty /'spe $\int(\partial)$ lti/ noun US same as **speciality**

③ **species** /'spir∫i:z/ noun a group of living things such as animals or plants which can breed with each other ○ Several species of butterfly are likely to become extinct.

() Specific /specifik / adj relating to something in particular \circ *Can you be more specific about what you're trying to achieve?* $\circ I$ gave specific instructions that *I was not to be disturbed.* $\circ Is$ the money intended for a specific purpose?

() **specifically** /spə'sɪfɪkli/ adv particularly 0 I specifically said I didn't want a

specification

blue door. \circ The advertisement is specifically aimed at people over 50.

specification / $spesifikei \int (a)n/$ noun detailed information about what is needed

specifics /spə'sɪfɪks/ plural noun the particular details of something \circ *The minister outlined the plan but refused to go into specifics.*

③ **Specify** /'spesi,fai/ (**specifies**, **specifying**, **specified**) *verb* to give clear details of what is needed

specimen /'spesimin/ noun a sample of something taken as standard

speck /spek/ *noun* a tiny spot of colour

③ **specs** /speks/ plural noun same as **spectacles** (informal) $\circ I$ can't see anything without my specs!

③ **spectacle** /'spektək(\ni)l/ noun something very impressive to look at \circ The firework display is a spectacle not to be missed. \circ For sheer spectacle you can't beat a military parade.

spectacles /'spektək(\Im)lz/ plural noun glass lenses worn in front of your eyes to correct vision \circ I can't remember where I put my spectacles. \circ He's worn spectacles since he was a child.

spectacular /spek'tækjulə/ adj very impressive to see or watch ○ *The display* was even more spectacular than last year. ○ She was very ill, but has made a spectacular recovery. ■ noun an impressive show ○ a firework spectacular on November 5th ○ A musical spectacular featuring over a hundred singers and dancers.

③ **spectator** /spek'teɪtə/ *noun* a person who watches an event like a football match or a horse show

spectre /'spektə/ noun **1**. a ghost (*literary*) **2**. an image of something which may cause problems in the future \circ *The spectre of mass unemployment loomed over the country*.

③ **Spectrum** /'spektrəm/ noun 1. a range of colours from red to violet as seen in a rainbow 2. a range of something \circ *The bank tries to offer a wide spectrum of services*.

speculate /'spekjolert/ (**speculates**, **speculating**, **speculated**) *verb* **1**. to make guesses about something (NOTE: + **speculator** *n*) **2**. to take a risk in business which you hope will bring profit

③ speculation /,spekjo'lei∫(∂)n/ noun
 1. trying to guess what will happen [~about] ○ There's been a lot of speculation in the press about who might get the job. 2.

a risky deal which may produce a short-term profit

speculative /'spekjulət1v/ *adj* made by guessing

sped /sped/ past tense and past participle of **speed**

(2) **speech** /spirt∫/ noun **1**. a formal talk given to an audience ○ She made some notes before giving her speech. ○ He wound up his speech with a story about his father. ○ Who will be making the speech at the prize giving? **2**. the ability to say words, or the act of saying words ○ His speech has been affected by brain damage. ○ Some of these expressions are only used in speech, not in writing.

speech-impaired /spirt∫ Im'peəd/ adj not able to speak

speechless /'spirtfləs/ adj very angry or surprised

① **speed** /spird/ noun the rate at which something moves or is done $[\sim of] \circ The$ train travels at speeds of over 200 km per hour. \circ The coach was travelling at a high speed when it crashed. \circ The speed with which they repaired the gas leak was incredible. \blacksquare verb (speeds, speeding, sped or speeded) to move quickly \circ The ball sped across the ice.

speed up phrasal verb **1.** to go faster \circ She speeded up because she was late. **2.** to make something happen faster \circ Can't we speed up production? \circ We are aiming to speed up our delivery times.

speedboat /'spirdbəut/ noun a small fast motorboat

speeding /'spi:dɪŋ/ *noun* the offence of driving a vehicle faster than the speed limit **speed limit** /'spi:d ,lɪmɪt/ *noun* the fastest speed at which vehicles are allowed to go legally

speedometer /spi'dpmitə/ *noun* an instrument which shows how fast a vehicle is travelling

speedy /'spirdi/ (**speedier**, **speediest**) *adj* very fast

(2) **Spell** /spel/ verb (**spells, spelling, spelt** or **spelled**) to write or say correctly the letters that make a word ○ *W*-O-*R*-*R*-*Y* spells 'worry' ○ How do you spell your surname? ○ We spelt his name wrong on the envelope. ■ noun words which are intended to have a magic effect when they are spoken ○ The wicked witch cast a spell on the princess.

spell out phrasal verb to explain very clearly \circ Let me spell out the consequences of this course of action.

spellbound /'spelbaund/ *adj* so interested in something that it holds your attention completely

spellchecker /'spelt jekə/ noun a computer program which checks the spelling of text and suggests corrections

② **spelling** /'spelin/ *noun* the correct way in which words are spelt

③ **spelt** /spelt/ past tense and past participle of **spell**

① **Spend** /spend/ (**spends**, **spending**, **spent**) verb **1**. to pay money \circ I went shopping and spent a fortune. \circ Why do we spend so much money on food? **2**. to use time doing something \circ He wants to spend more time with his family. \circ She spent months arguing with the income tax people. \circ Don't spend too long on your homework. \circ Why don't you come and spend the weekend with us?

spending /'spendin/ *noun* money spent **spending money** /'spendin ,mani/ *noun* money for ordinary personal expenses

spendthrift /'spendθrift/ *noun* a person who spends money fast

spent /spent/ adj used

Sperm /sp3:m/ noun a male sex cell which fertilises female $eggs \circ Out$ of millions of sperm only one will fertilise an egg.

Spew /spju:/ (spews, spewing, spewed) verb to pour out \circ Gallons of toxic waste spewed into the river. \circ He spewed out a stream of racial abuse.

SPF *noun* the amount of protection from the sun a sun cream or other sunscreen will give to your skin. Full form **sun protection** factor

sphere /sf19/ noun an object which is perfectly round like a ball \circ The earth is not quite a perfect sphere.

spherical /'sfer1k(ə)l/ *adj* shaped like a sphere, perfectly round

sphinx /sfinks/ *noun* in ancient Egyptian and Greek mythology, a creature with a lion's body and the head of a man

spice /spars/ noun a substance made from the roots, flowers, seeds or leaves of plants, which is used to flavour food \circ Add a blend of your favourite spices. \circ You need lots of different spices for Indian cookery.

spick-and-span /₁sp1k ən 'spæn/ adj very neat and clean **spicy** /'spa1si/ (**spicier**, **spiciest**) adj 1. with a lot of spices \circ *He loves spicy Indian* food. \circ *Mexican cooking is hot and spicy.* 2. including something which excites sexual interest (*informal*) \circ *The paper published a spicy story about the MP and two* girls.

(3) **spider** /'spaidə/ noun a small animal with eight legs which makes a web and eats insects

spike /spark/ noun a piece of metal or wood wit ha sharp point \circ The wall was topped with a row of metal spikes.

③ **spill** /spil/ verb (**spills**, **spilling**, **spilt** or **spilled**) to pour a liquid or a powder out of a container by mistake ○ That glass is too full – you'll spill it. ○ He spilt soup down the front of his shirt. ○ She dropped the bag and some of the flour spilled out onto the floor. ■ noun the act of pouring a liquid by accident ○ The authorities are trying to cope with the oil spill from the tanker.

③ spilt /spilt/ , spill

③ **Spin** /spin/ verb (**spins**, **spinning**, **spun**) **1**. to move round and round very fast ○ The earth is spinning in space. ○ The plane was spinning out of control. **2**. to make something turn round and round ○ The washing machine spins the clothes to get the water out of them. ○ He spun the wheel to make sure it turned freely. **3**. (of a spider) to make a web ○ The spider has spun a web between the two posts. ■ noun the turning movement of a ball as it moves ○ He put so much spin on the ball that it bounced sideways. ○ He jammed on the brakes and the car went into a spin.

spin out *phrasal verb* to make something last as long as possible

spinach /'spinid₃/ *noun* an annual plant grown for its green leaves eaten raw as salad or cooked as a vegetable

spinal cord /'spain(ə)l ko:d/ *noun* a part of the central nervous system which runs down the centre of the spine

spin doctor /'spin ,dbktə/ *noun* a person who explains news in a way that makes it flattering to the person or organisation employing him

spine /spain/ noun **1**. a series of bones joined together from your skull down the middle of your back \circ *He injured his spine* playing rugby. (NOTE: The bones in the spine are the **vertebrae**.) **2**. a sharp part like a pin, on a plant, animal or fish \circ *The porcupine has dangerous spines*. \circ *Did you know that lemon trees had spines*? **3**. the back edge of a book, which usually has the spineless

title printed on it \circ *The title and the author's name are printed on the front of the book and also on the spine.*

spineless /'spanles/ adj who is weak and cowardly \circ He's so spineless – he should say what he thinks to the manager himself.

spinoff /'spinof/ noun a useful thing which comes from a process, but is not the main aim of the process

spiral /'sparrəl/ noun a shape which is twisted round and round like a spring \circ He drew a spiral on the sheet of paper. \blacksquare adj which twists round and round \circ A spiral staircase leads to the top of the tower.

spire /'spa1ə/ *noun* a pointed top of a church tower

(2) spirit /'spirit/ noun 1. the mental attitude which controls how someone behaves generally o She has a great spirit of fun. o
 He had an independent spirit. 2. feelings which are typical of a particular occasion 3. the part of a person that is said to still exist after death 4. alcohol (NOTE: usually plural)

spirited /'spiritid/ adj very lively

③ **spiritual** /'spirit \int uəl/ adj relating to the spirit or the soul \circ *The church's main task is to give spiritual advice to its members.*

spiritualism /'spirit $\int u \vartheta_1 liz(\vartheta)m/$ noun the belief in the possibility of communication with people who have died

spit /spit/ (**spits**, **spitting**, **spit**, **spat**) *verb* **1.** to push liquid or food out of your mouth \circ *He took a mouthful and immediately spat it out.* **2.** to send liquid out of the mouth to show contempt \circ *He spat on or at the car as it drove away.* **3.** to rain a little \circ *It isn't really raining* – *it's just spitting.*

③ **spite** /spatt/ noun bad feeling \circ They sprayed his car with white paint out of spite. \blacksquare verb (**spites, spiting, spited**) to annoy someone on purpose \circ He did it to spite his sister. \diamond in **spite** of although something happened or was done \circ In spite of all his meetings, he still found time to ring his wife. \circ We all enjoyed ourselves, in spite of the awful weather.

spiteful /'spartf(ə)l/ *adj* full of a nasty feelings against someone

spitting image /₁spitin 'imid3/ noun someone who looks exactly like someone else (*informal*) \circ *He's the spitting image of his father.*

splash /splæ \int / noun a sound made when something falls into a liquid or when a liquid hits something hard \circ *She fell into the* pool with a loud splash. \circ Listen to the splash of the waves against the rocks. verb (splashes, splashing, splashed) 1. (of liquid) to make a noise when something is dropped into it or when it hits something \circ I missed the ball and it splashed into the pool. \circ The rain splashed against the windows. 2. to make someone wet by sending liquid on to him \circ The car drove past through a puddle and splashed my trousers. 3. to move through water, making a noise \circ He splashed his way through the shallow water to the rocks. \circ The little children were splashing about in the paddling pool.

splatter /'splætə/ (**splatters**, **splattering**, **splattered**) *verb* to splash drops of liquid

splay /sple1/ (**splays**, **splaying**, **splayed**) *verb* to spread fingers or legs apart

splendid /'splendid/ *adj* extremely good or impressive

splendour /'splendə/ noun magnificence (NOTE: The US spelling is **splendor**.) **splice** /splaɪs/ (**splices, splicing, spliced**) verb to join two pieces of rope or film together

splint /splint/ noun a stiff bar tied to a broken part of the body to prevent the bone from moving

splinter group /'splintə gru:p/ noun a group of people who have separated from a main group \circ The protesters are from a splinter group which broke away from the party some years ago.

② **Split**/split/(**splits**, **splitting**, **split**) verb **1**. to divide something into parts ○ He split the log into small pieces with an axe. **2**. to divide or come apart ○ My trousers were too tight – they split when I bent down. ○ After they lost the election, the party split into various factions.

split up phrasal verb **1.** to divide \circ We must try to split up the class into groups of three or four. **2.** to start to live apart \circ They had a row and split up.

split second /split 'sekənd/ noun a very short space of time

splutter /'splatə/ (**splutters, spluttering, spluttered**) verb **1**. to speak rapidly, using very short phrases, especially when angry o 'what, what, what ... do you mean by that?' he spluttered in fury. **2**. to make a hissing sound o The wet logs were spluttering on the fire.

(2) **spoil** /spoil/ (**spoils, spoiling, spoiled** or **spoilt**) verb **1**. to change something which was good so that it is no longer good • We had such bad weather that our camping holiday was spoilt. \circ Half the contents of the warehouse were spoiled by floodwater. **2**. to be too kind to someone, especially a child, so that he or she sometimes becomes badly behaved \circ You'll spoil that child if you always give in to him. \circ Grandparents are allowed to spoil their grandchildren a little.

spoils /spoilz/ noun things bought \circ She came back from the jumble sale, laden with spoils.

spoilsport /'spoilspoit/ noun a person who spoils other people's enjoyment

spoilt /spoilt/ *adj* (*of a child*) treated in a way which is too kind, and so is badly behaved

spoke /spouk/ past tense of **speak**

spoken /'spoukon/ past participle of **speak** ■ *adj* said aloud

sponge /sp∧ndʒ/ noun **1**. a soft material full of small holes used to make things like cushions ○ *The sofa has sponge cushions.* **2**. a sea animal with a skeleton which is full of holes ○ *Diving down into the Red Sea* you could see sponges on the sea floor. ■ verb (**sponges, sponging, sponged**) to wipe clean with a sponge ○ *He sponged the kitchen table.*

sponge bag /spAnd3 bæg/ noun a bag used to hold toiletries, especially when travelling

sponge cake /'spAnd3 ke1k/ noun a light soft cake

spongy /'spʌndʒi/ adj soft and full of holes

sponsor /'sponsə/ noun 1. a person or company that pays to financially help a sport, an exhibition or a music festival, in return for the right to advertise at sporting events, on sports clothes or programmes 2. a company which pays part of the cost of making a TV or radio programme by advertising on the programme **3.** a person who pays money to a charity when someone else walks, swims, or runs a certain distance 4. a person who takes responsibility for someone
verb (sponsors, sponsoring, sponsored) 1. to be a sponsor o The company has sponsored the football match. \circ Will you sponsor me if I apply to join the club? \circ I sponsored her to take

part in a marathon for charity. **2.** to be the god-parent of a child and promise to help the child to lead a Christian life (NOTE: + **sponsorship** *n*)

spontaneous /spon'terniəs/ *adj* which happens of its own accord, which is not forced or prepared in advance

spoof /spu:f/ *noun* an amusing imitation to trick someone

spooky /'spu:ki/ (**spookier**, **spookiest**) *adj* frightening and which makes you think there may be ghosts around (*informal*)

spool /spurl/ *noun* a cylinder round which you wind something

(2) **spoon** /spu:n/ noun an object used for eating liquids and soft food, or for stirring food which is being cooked, with a handle at one end and a small bowl at the other, o Use a spoon to eat your pudding. • We need a big spoon to serve the soup.

spoon-feed /'spu:n fi:d/ verb **1**. to give someone food with a spoon **2**. to provide everything for people so that they need do nothing to help themselves

spoonful /'spu:nful/ *noun* an amount which a spoon can hold

sporadic /spə'rædık/ *adj* happening at irregular intervals

① **sport** /sport/ noun a game or games involving physical activity and competition ○ Do you like watching sport on TV? ○ The world of sport is mourning the death of the racing driver. ○ The only sport I play is tennis. ○ She doesn't play any sport at all.

sporting /'spo:tin/ adj 1. referring to sport \circ a big sporting weekend on TV, with tennis matches, the World Cup and a golf tournament 2. pleasant and willing to help, especially when playing a sport \circ He's a very sporting chap.

sports car/'sports kar/ *noun* a fast open car

sports centre /'sports ,sentə/ *noun* a place where several different sports can be played

sportsman /'sportsmən/ (*plural* **sportsmen**) *noun* a man who plays a sport

sportsmanlike /'sportsmanlark/ *adj* fair and polite

sportsmanship /'spo:tsmonjip/ noun fair and polite behaviour when playing sport

sportswear /'sportsweə/ noun clothes worn to play sport (NOTE: no plural)

sportswoman /'sports,woman/ (plural **sportswomen**) noun a woman who plays a sport

sporty /'sporti/ *adj* interested in sport and enjoying sport

(1) **Spot** /spot/ noun **1**. a coloured mark, usually round \circ Her dress has a pattern of white and red spots. \circ He wore a blue tie with white spots. **2**. a particular place \circ This is the exact spot where the queen died. **3.** a small round mark or pimple on the skin \circ *She suddenly came out in spots after eating fish.* • *verb* (**spots, spotting, spotted**) to notice something or someone \circ *The teacher didn't spot the mistake.* \circ *We spotted him in the crowd.* \diamond **on the spot 1.** at a particular place where something happens \circ *I happened to be on the spot when the incident took place.* **2.** immediately \circ *I gave her his number and she phoned him on the spot.*

spot check /'spot tjek/ noun a check made suddenly and at random

spotless /'spotləs/ *adj* completely clean, with no dirty marks at all

spotlight /'spotlatt/ noun a bright light which shines on one small area \circ *She stood in the spotlights on the stage.* **•** *verb* (**spotlights, spotlighting, spotlit or spotlighted**) to draw attention to something clearly \circ *We want to spotlight the dangers of riding bicycles without lights.*

spot-on /sppt 'pn/ adj absolutely correct (*informal*) \circ *His analysis of the situation was spot-on.*

spotty /'spoti/ (**spottier**, **spottiest**) *adj* covered with pimples

spouse /spaus/ *noun* a husband or wife

spout /spaut/ noun a tube on a container which is shaped for pouring liquid out of the container \circ You fill the kettle through the spout. \circ Cut here and pull out to form a spout.

sprain /sprein/ verb (sprains, spraining, sprained) to damage a joint of the body by twisting it suddenly and violently ○ He sprained his ankle jumping over the fence. ■ noun a condition where a joint is injured because of a sudden violent movement ○ He is walking with a stick because of an ankle sprain.

sprang /spræŋ/ past tense of **spring sprawl** /sprɔ:l/ (**sprawls, sprawling, sprawled**) *verb* to lie with your arms and legs spread out \circ *He sprawled in his armchair and turned on the TV.* \circ *The boy on the bike hit her and sent her sprawling.*

③ **spray** /spre1/ noun a mass of tiny drops of liquid ○ The waves crashed against the sea wall sending spray over the road. ○ An aerosol sends out a liquid in a fine spray. ○ She uses a nasal spray to clear her catarrh.

■ verb (sprays, spraying, sprayed) to send out liquid in fine drops \circ *He sprayed water all over the garden with the hose.* \circ *They sprayed the room with disinfectant.*

(2) **spread** /spred/ verb (spreads, spreading, spread) 1. to arrange over a wide area ○ Spread the paper flat on the table. 2. to move over a wide area [~t0] ○ The fire started in the top floor and soon spread to the roof. ○ The flu epidemic spread rapidly. 3. to cover with a layer of something [~overt~on] ○ She spread a white cloth over the table. ○ He was spreading butter on a piece of bread. ■ noun 1. the action of moving over a wide area ○ Doctors are trying to check the spread of the disease. 2. a soft food consisting of meat, fish or cheese, which you can spread on something such as bread ○ As snacks, they offered us water biscuits with cheese spread.

spreadsheet /'spredfirt/ *noun* a display of columns of figures produced by a computer

spree /sprit/ *noun* a short time of doing something enjoyable

sprig /sprig/ noun a little branch

sprightly /'sprattli/ (**sprightlier**, **sprightliest**) *adj* lively and energetic

(1) **spring** /sprin/ noun 1. the season of the year between winter and summer \circ In spring all the trees start to grow new *leaves.* \circ We always go to Greece in the *spring.* \circ *They started work last spring* or in the spring of last year and they still haven't finished. 2. a wire which is twisted round and round and which goes back to its original shape after you have pulled it or pushed it o The mattress is so old the springs have burst through the cover. o There's a spring to keep the door shut. 3. a place where a stream of water rushes out of the ground o The town of Bath was built in Roman times around hot springs. • verb (springs, springing, sprang, sprung) to move suddenly \circ Everyone sprang to life when the officer shouted. • The door sprang open without anyone touching it.

spring from *verb* to come suddenly from • *Where on earth did you spring from?*

springboard /'sprinboid/ noun **1**. a long flexible board used to dive or jump off **2**. a thing used to help you start something \circ *He* bought a small company and used it as a springboard to enter the US market.

spring-clean /, spring 'kli:n/ verb to clean a house thoroughly \circ *It took me a week to spring-clean the house.* (NOTE: + **spring-clean** *n*)

spring onion /sprin 'Anjən/ noun a very small onion with long green leaves, used in salads and in cooking (NOTE: The US term is **scallions**.)

springtime /'sprintaim/ noun the time of year when it is spring

sprinkle /'sprinkəl/ (**sprinkles, sprinkling, sprinkled**) *verb* to put small amounts of a liquid or powder over a surface by shaking

sprinkler /'sprinklə/ *noun* a device for sprinkling water

sprinkling /'sprinklin/ *noun* a small or thin scattering

sprint /sprint/ (**sprints, sprinting, sprinted**) verb to run very fast over a short distance \circ I had to sprint to catch the bus. \circ She sprinted down the track. (NOTE: + **sprint** n)

sprinter /'sprintə/ noun a runner who runs in sprint races

sprout /spraut/ noun a new shoot of a plant ○ The vine is covered with new sprouts. ■ verb (**sprouts, sprouting, sprouted**) to produce new shoots ○ Throw those old potatoes away, they're starting to sprout. ○ The bush had begun to sprout fresh green leaves.

spruce /spru:s/ (plural same or **spruces**) noun a softwood tree growing in cold forests \circ a forest of spruce

sprung /sprʌŋ/ past participle of **spring spry** /spraɪ/ *adj* agile and lively

spud /spAd/ noun a potato (informal)

spun /spʌn/ past participle of **spin**

spur /sp3:/ noun something which stimulates an action ○ The letter from the university was the spur that encouraged him to work harder. ■ verb (spurs, spuring, spurred) to urge someone on ○ The runners were spurred on by the shouts of the crowd.

spurious /'spjuəriəs/ *adj* not based on facts

Spurn /sp3:n/ (**spurns**, **spurning**, **spurned**) *verb* to reject an offer scornfully **spurt** /sp3:t/ *verb* **1**. *also* **spurt** *out* to come out in a strong jet ○ *Oil spurted out of the burst pipe*. **2**. to run fast suddenly ○ *He spurted past two runners and came in first*. **■** *noun* **1**. a strong flow of liquid ○ *They tried to block the spurts of water coming out of the pipe*. **2**. a sudden sudden effort ○ *He put on a spurt and won the race.* **sputter** /'spAtə/ (**sputters, sputtering**, **sputtered**) *verb* to send out sparks or small

drops **spy** /spai/ noun (plural **spies**) a person who is paid to try to find out secret infor-

mation about the enemy or a rival group $[\sim \text{for}] \circ He$ was a spy for the Russians. *verb* (spies, spying, spied) 1. to work as a spy $[\sim \text{for}] \circ He$ spied for the Russians. 2. to watch someone in secret, to find out what they are planning to do $[-on] \circ$ Their neighbours had been spying on them and told the police.

spyhole /'spai,həul/ *noun* a small hole in a door for looking through to see who is there

sq. abbr square

squabble /'skwbb(ə)l/ (**squabbles**, **squabbling**, **squabbled**) verb to argue o They spent the whole evening squabbling over money. (NOTE: + **squabble** n)

(3) **squad** /skwpd/ noun **1**. a small group of soldiers who perform duties together ○ *Corporal, take your squad and guard the prisoners.* **2**. a department in the police service ○ *He's the head of the drugs squad.* ○ *She's investigating on behalf of the fraud squad.* **3**. a group of players from whom a sports team will be chosen ○ *The England squad for the World Cup has been selected.* **squad car** /'skwpd ku:/ noun a police car on patrol duty

③ **squadron** /'skwpdrən/ *noun* a group of aircraft or of naval ships

squalid /'skwplrd/ adj referring to a room or building that is dirty and unpleasant \circ *The prisoners are kept in squalid conditions.*

squall /skwo:l/ noun a sudden gust of wind $\circ A$ sudden squall capsized the boat.

squalor /'skwplə/ *noun* dirty conditions **squander** /'skwpndə/ (**squanders**, **squandering**, **squandered**) *verb* to waste money, energy or opportunity

(1) **square** /skweə/ noun **1**. a shape with four equal sides and four right-angled corners o The board on which you play chess is made up of black and white squares. \circ Graph paper is covered with small squares. 2. an open space in a town, with big buildings all round \circ *The hotel is in the* main square of the town, opposite the town hall. \circ Red Square is in the middle of Moscow. 3. (in mathematics) a number that is the result of multiplying another number by itself \circ 9 is the square of 3. \blacksquare adj 1. shaped like a square, with four equal sides and four right-angled corners o You can't fit six people round a small square table. \circ An A4 piece of paper isn't square. 2. multiplied by itself \diamond back to square one to start again from the point you originally started from (informal) o The test plane crashed, so it's back to square one again.

squarely /'skweəli/ adv in a direct and straightforward way \circ *He looked her squarely in the face.*

square meal /skweə 'miːl/ noun a large meal

square root /skweə 'ru:t/ noun a number which, multiplied by itself, will produce a particular number $\circ 3$ is the square root of 9.

Squash /skwoJ/ verb (squashes, squashing, squashed) to crush or to squeeze something \circ Hundreds of passengers were squashed into the train. \circ He sat on my hat and squashed it flat. \blacksquare noun a fast game for two players played in an enclosed court, with a small, squashy rubber ball and light, long-handled rackets \circ He plays squash to unwind after a day at the office. \circ Let's play a game of squash.

③ **Squat** /skwpt/ (squats, squatting, squatted) verb to move your body close to the ground so that you are sitting on your heels \circ *She squatted on the floor, trying to get the stains out of the carpet.*

squatter /'skwptə/ *noun* a person who squats in someone else's property or illegally on waste ground

squawk /skwoik/ (squawks, squawking, squawked) verb to make short harsh cries \circ The eagle brought back some food for her squawking chicks. (NOTE: + squawk n)

squeak /skwi:k/ noun a quiet high sound like the sound that a mouse makes ○ You can tell when someone comes into the garden by the squeak of the gate. ■ verb (**squeaks, squeaking, squeaked**) to make a squeak ○ That door squeaks – the hinges need oiling.

squeaky clean /₁skwi:ki 'kli:n/ noun **1**. extremely clean \circ All the work surfaces have to be squeaky clean. **2**. morally pure \circ The minister's squeaky clean image has been tarnished by the scandal.

squeal /skwi:l/ noun a loud high noise \circ The children let out squeals of delight when they saw the presents under the Christmas tree. \circ The car turned the corner with a squeal of tyres. \blacksquare verb (squeals, squealing, squealed) to make a loud highpitched noise \circ She squealed when she heard she had won first prize. \circ As the car turned the corner its tyres squealed.

squeamish /'skwirm1ʃ/ *adj* likely to be upset by nasty things

(3) **Squeeze** /skwi:z/ noun the act of pressing or crushing $\circ I$ gave her hand a squeeze. \blacksquare verb (squeezes, squeezing, squeezed) 1. to press on something or to press or crush something like a fruit or a tube to get something out of it \circ She

squeezed my arm gently. \circ He squeezed an orange to get the juice. \circ She squeezed some toothpaste out onto her brush. **2.** to force something, or to force your own body, into a small space \circ You can't squeeze six people into that little car. \circ More people tried to squeeze on the train even though it was full already. \circ The cat managed to squeeze through the window.

squelch /skwelt \int / (squelches, squelching, squelched) verb to make a wet sucking noise \circ He squelched through the mud. (NOTE: + squelch n)

squid /skwid/ (*plural same* or **squids**) *noun* a sea animal with eight long arms or tentacles, smaller than an octopus

squiggle /'skw1g(ə)l/ noun a curved, irregular line or mark

squint /skwint/ (**squints, squinting, squinted**) verb 1. to have eyes which look in different directions \circ He squints badly, which makes it difficult to know who he is looking at. 2. to half-close your eyes to look at a something \circ The picture shows him squinting at the sun. \circ He squinted through the keyhole but couldn't see anything. (NOTE: + squint n)

squirm /skw3:m/ (**squirms, squirming, squirmed**) *verb* **1.** to wriggle about **2.** to feel very embarrassed

squirrel /'skw1rəl/ noun a small red or grey wild animal with a large tail which lives in trees and eats nuts \circ The squirrel sat up on a branch nibbling a nut. \circ Squirrels hoard nuts for the winter.

squirt /skw3:t/ (**squirts**, **squirting**, **squirted**) verb to send out a thin powerful flow of liquid \circ Don't squirt so much washing-up liquid into the bowl. \circ She squeezed the tube hard and masses of toothpaste squirted out. (NOTE: + **squirt** n)

squish /skwiʃ/ (**squishes**, **squishing**, **squished**) *verb* to press, squeeze or crush something soft

squishy /'skwı∫i/ *adj* soft, squashy and wet

3 St abbr 1. street 2. saint

③ Stab /stæb/ verb (stabs, stabbing, stabbed) to push a sharp knife with force into someone or something ○ He was stabbed in the chest. ■ noun a deep wound made by the point of a knife ○ He died of stab wounds. ◇ to have a stab at something to try to do something ○ I'm keen to have a stab at driving the tractor. ◇ stab in the back an attack by someone who is thought to be a friend ○ His speech was a stab in the back for the party leader. ◇ to

stab someone in the back to do something unpleasant to someone who thinks you are a friend \circ *She was stabbed in the* back by people who owed their success to her.

stabbing/'stæbin/ *noun* an attack where someone is stabbed \circ *The stabbing of the young nurse shocked everyone.*

③ **stability** /stə'bılıti/ *noun* being stable or steady

(3) **stable** l'steib(\Rightarrow)l' *adj* which does not change \circ *The hospital said his condition was stable.* \blacksquare *noun* a building for keeping a horse \circ *My horse is not in his stable, who's riding him?*

stack /stæk/ noun a pile or heap of things one on top of the other ○ a stack of books and papers □ a stack of, stacks of lots of (informal) ○ You can charge the tourists what you like – they've got stacks of money. ■ verb (stacks, stacking, stacked) to pile things on top of each other ○ The skis are stacked outside the chalet. ○ She stacked up the dirty plates. ○ The warehouse is stacked with boxes.

stadium /'sterdiəm/ *noun* a large building where crowds of people watch sport, with seats arranged around a sports field

① **staff** /staff / noun all the people who work in a company, school, college, or other organisation \circ She's on the school staff. \circ Only staff can use this lift. \circ A quarter of our staff are ill. \circ That firm pays its staff very badly. \circ He joined the staff last Monday. \circ Three members of staff are away sick. (NOTE: **staff** refers to a group of people and so is often followed by a verb in the plural.)

staffing /'starfin/ *noun* the process of providing workers for an organisation

stag /stæg/ noun **1**. an adult male deer \circ Don't approach the stags in the autumn – they can be very dangerous. (NOTE: Female deer are **does**.) **2**. a person who buys a new issue of shares and sells them immediately to make a profit

① stage /steidʒ/ noun 1. a raised floor, especially where the actors perform in a theatre ○ The pop group came onto the stage and started to sing. 2. one of several points of development [-of/in] ○ the different stages of a production process ○ The first stage in the process is to grind the rock to powder. □ in stages in different steps ○ The company has agreed to repay the loan in stages. 3. a section of a long journey ○ Stage one of the tour takes us from Paris to Bordeaux. ■ verb (stages, staging, **staged**) to put on or arrange a play, a show, a musical or other performance or event \circ *The exhibition is being staged in the college library.*

stagecoach /'steɪdʒkəʊtʃ/ *noun* (*in the 18th and 19th centuries*) a horse-drawn passenger coach which used to run regularly along certain routes

stage fright /'sterdʒ fraɪt/ *noun* nervousness which actors feel before going onto the stage

stage manager /steid3 'mænid3ə/ *noun* a person who organises a performance of a play, opera or other performance

stagger /'stægə/ verb (staggers, staggering, staggered) **1.** to walk unsteadily, almost falling down \circ She managed to stagger across the road and into the police station. \circ Three men staggered out of the pub. **2.** to surprise someone very much $\circ I$ was staggered at the amount they charge for service. **3.** to arrange something such as holidays or working hours, so that they do not all begin and end at the same time \circ We have to stagger the lunch hour so that there is always someone on the switchboard. \blacksquare noun the movement of someone who is staggering \circ He walked with a noticeable stagger.

staggered /'stægəd/ *adj* **1**. shocked or very surprised at something **2**. not in a consecutive sequence or in a straight line

staggering /'stægərıŋ/ adj very surprising

stagnant /'stægnənt/ adj 1. (of water) which does not flow, which is not pure enough to drink ○ *The marsh was full of stagnant pools of brown water.* ○ *Mosquitoes breed in stagnant water.* 2. (of busi*ness*) not active, not increasing ○ *Turnover was stagnant for the first half of the year.* ○ *There is a danger of the economy becoming stagnant.*

stagnate /stæg'neit/ (stagnates, stagnating, stagnated) verb not to increase, not to make progress

staid /steid/ adj serious and solemn

③ **stain** /stein/ noun a mark which is difficult to remove, e.g. ink or blood ○ *It is difficult to remove coffee stains from the tablecloth*. ○ *There was a round stain on the table where he had put his wine glass.* ■ *verb* (stains, staining, stained) to make a mark of a different colour on something ○ *If you eat those berries they will stain your teeth*. ○ *His shirt was stained with blood.*

stained glass /,steind 'gla:s/ noun glass which has been coloured, used for making church windows

stainless steel /,steinləs 'stiil/ noun a type of steel with a high percentage of chromium in it, which makes it less likely to rust

② **stair** /steə/ noun one step in a series of steps, going up or down inside a building ○ *He was sitting on the bottom stair.* ■ plural noun **stairs** steps which go up or down inside a building. ◊ **downstairs**, **upstairs**

staircase / steakers/ noun a set of stairs which go from one floor in a building to another

stairway /'steəwei/ *noun* a set of stairs which go from one floor inside or outside a building to another

③ **Stake** /steik/ noun a strong pointed piece of wood or metal, pushed into the ground to mark something, or to hold something up [~in/into] \circ They hammered stakes into the ground to put up a wire fence. \circ The apple trees are attached to stakes.

stale /steil/ *adj* food which is stale is old and no longer fresh (NOTE: **staler – stalest**) **stalemate** /'steilmeit/ *noun* **1**. (*in chess*) a situation where neither player can make any move permitted by the rules, and so no one wins **2**. a situation where neither side will compromise \circ *The discussions have reached a stalemate*. \circ *Negotiations are continuing to try to break the stalemate* or *to find a way out of the stalemate*.

stalk /sto:k/ noun the stem of a plant which holds a leaf, a flower or a fruit \circ *Roses with very long stalks are more expensive.* \blacksquare *verb* (**stalks, stalking, stalked**) to stay near someone and watch him or her all the time, especially in a way that is frightening or upsetting \circ *She told the police that a man was stalking her.* \circ *The hunters stalked the deer for several miles.*

stalker /'sto:kə/ *noun* a person who follows people or animals

stall/sto:l/ noun a place in a market where one person sells his or her goods \circ *He has* a flower stall at Waterloo Station. \circ We wandered round the market looking at the stalls. **•** verb (stalls, stalling, stalled) (of a car engine) to stop unintentionally, often when trying to drive off without accelerating \circ If he takes his foot off the accelerator; the engine stalls. \circ The car stalled at the traffic lights and he couldn't restart it.

stallion /'stæljən/ *noun* an adult male horse, especially one kept for breeding

stamina /'stæmɪnə/ *noun* the strength to do something over a long period

stammer /'stæmə/ verb (stammers, stammering, stammered) to repeat sounds when speaking, e.g. because of feeling nervous \circ *He stammers badly when making speeches.* \circ *She rushed into the police station and stammered out 'he's – he's – he's after me, he's got – got – a knife'.* \blacksquare *noun* a speech problem that involves hesitating and repeating sounds when speaking \circ *Because of his stammer he was shy and reserved at school.*

(1) **stamp** /stæmp/ noun **1**. a little piece of paper with a price printed on it which you stick on a letter to show that you have paid for it to be sent by post o *a first-class stamp* • She forgot to put a stamp on the letter before she posted it. \circ He wants to show me his stamp collection. 2. a mark made on something o The invoice has the stamp 'received with thanks' on it. O The customs officer looked at the stamps in his passport. ■ verb (stamps, stamping, stamped) 1. to mark something with a stamp \circ They stamped my passport when I entered the country. 2. to walk heavily, banging your feet on the ground [~on] o They stamped on the ants to kill them. \circ He was so angry that he stamped out of the room.

stamp out phrasal verb to stop something **stampede** /stæm'pi:d/ noun an uncontrolled movement of many animals or people \circ After the film finished there was a stampede for the doors. (NOTE: + **stampede** v)

stance /stæns/ noun 1. the position of someone when standing \circ His stance is so awkward I'm surprised he can even hit the ball. 2. a point of view or opinion \circ Her stance on environmental issues is surprising. \circ The Conservative Party takes a different stance towards health.

① **stand** /stænd/ verb (stands, standing, stood) **1.** to be upright on your feet, the opposite of sitting or lying down \circ *She stood* on a chair to reach the top shelf. \circ They were so tired they could hardly keep standing. \circ If there are no seats left, we'll have to stand. \circ Don't just stand there doing nothing – come and help us. **2.** to be upright \circ Only a few houses were still standing after the earthquake. \circ The jar was standing in the middle of the table. **3.** to accept something bad that continues \circ The office is filthy – I don't know how you can stand working here. \circ She can't stand all this noise. \circ He stopped going to French

stand by phrasal verb **1.** to refuse to change something you have said $\circ I$ stand by what I said in my statement to the police. **2.** to stand and watch, without getting involved \circ Several people just stood by and made no attempt to help. **3.** to be ready \circ We have several fire engines standing by. **4.** to give help \circ She stood by him while he was in prison.

stand down *phrasal verb* to agree not to stay in a position or not to stand for election

stand for phrasal verb 1. to have a meaning \circ What do the letters BBC stand for? 2. to be a candidate in an election \circ She's standing for parliament. 3. to accept \circ They will never stand for that. \circ I won't stand for any nonsense from the children. stand out phrasal verb 1. to be easily seen \circ Their house stands out because it is painted pink. \circ Her red hair makes her stand out in a crowd. 2. to be very clear against a background \circ That picture would stand out better against a white wall. 3. to be much better than others \circ Two of the young musicians stood out for their interpretations of Bach.

stand up(3) phrasal verb 1. to get up from sitting \circ When the teacher comes into the room all the children should stand up. \circ He stood up to offer his seat to the old lady. 2. to stand upright, to hold yourself upright o Stand up straight and face forward. 3. to put something in an upright position o Stand the books up on the shelf. \circ She stood her umbrella up by the *door.* **4.** \square **to stand someone up** not to meet someone even though you had arranged to (informal) o We were going to have dinner together and he stood me up. stand up for phrasal verb to try to defend someone or something in a difficult situation \circ *He stood up for the rights of chil*-

stand up to phrasal verb 1. to oppose someone bravely \circ No one was prepared to stand up to the head of department. 2. to be able to resist difficult conditions \circ A carpet in a shop has to stand up to a lot of wear.

dren.

③ **standard** /'stændəd/ noun **1**. the level of quality something has ○ *The standard of service in this restaurant is very high*. ○ *This piece of work is not up to your usual* standard. 2. an excellent quality which is set as a target \circ This product does not meet our standards. \circ She has set a standard which it will be difficult to match. 3. a large official flag \circ The royal standard flies over Buckingham Palace. \blacksquare adj 1. usual, not special \circ She joined on a standard contract. \circ You will need to follow the standard procedure to join the association. 2. on a tall pole

Standby /'stændbai/ noun a thing which is ready to be used if necessary $\circ I$ always have bread in the freezer as a standby. \Box on **standby** waiting and ready to act if needed \circ We have a doctor on standby. \circ Army reservists have been put on standby.

stand-in /'stænd In/ *noun* a person who takes the place of someone else

standing /'stændin/ noun 1. the position of being upright on your feet \circ *Standing all* day at the exhibition is very tiring. 2. reputation \circ a hotel of good standing \circ His standing in the community has never been higher.

standing army /,stændiŋ 'ɑ:mi/ noun a professional military force which exists in times of peace as well as war

standing joke /'stændin dʒəuk/ noun something that people often make jokes about \circ His style of dancing is a bit of a standing joke with us.

standing order /,stændıŋ 'ɔ:də/ *noun* an order written by a customer asking a bank to pay money regularly to an account, or to a company to send something regularly

standing ovation /, stændin $\ni \omega$ 'vei $\int(\vartheta)n/n oun$ applause at the end of a performance where all the audience stand up and clap and cheer

stand-off /'stænd ɒf/ noun a situation where two sides cannot agree and neither can win

standpoint /'stændpoint/ *noun* a position from which you look at a problem

standstill /'stændstil/ *noun* a situation where nothing moves

stank /stænk/ past tense of stink

stanza /'stænzə/ *noun* a section of a poem made up of a series of lines

Staple I'sterp(\ni)I' noun a piece of wire which is pushed through papers and bent over to hold them together \circ *He used some* scissors to take the staples out of the papers. \blacksquare verb (staples, stapling, stapled) to fasten papers together with a staple or with staples \circ Don't staple the cheque to the order form. **staple diet** / step(ə)l 'daıət/ noun the main part of what you eat

stapler /'steiplə/ *noun* a device used to attach papers together with staples

(3) star /star / noun 1. a bright object which can be seen in the sky at night like a very distant bright light \circ On a clear night you *can see thousands of stars.* \circ *The pole star* shows the direction of the North Pole. 2. a shape that has several points like a star o Draw a big star and colour it red. 3. a famous person who is very well known to the public o football stars o She's one of the stars of the latest Spielberg movie. \circ Who is your favourite film star? • verb (stars. starring, starred) to appear as a main character in a film or play [~in/~opposite/~with/alongside] \circ *He starred opposite* Meg Ryan in 'When Harry Met Sally' o She starred in 'Gone with the Wind'. • He'll be starring with such big names as Tom Cruise and Gene Hackman. O Mike Myers stars as the bungling hero. \circ He has a starring role in the new production of 'Guys and Dolls'.

starboard /'sta:bəd/ *noun* the righthand side of a ship or aircraft when facing the front

starch /stort \int / noun the usual form in which carbohydrates exist in food, especially in bread, rice and potatoes \circ *To get a balanced diet you need to eat both protein and starch.*

starchy /'start $\int i$ / adj **1**. (of food) which contains a lot of starch \circ *Children eat too much starchy food.* **2**. very formal \circ *His starchy manner put everyone off.*

stardom /'staːdəm/ *noun* the state of being a film star, a football star etc.

② **Stare** /steə/ verb (stares, staring, stared) to look at someone or something for a long time $[-at] \circ Ir's$ rude to stare at people. \circ She stared sadly out of the window at the rain. \blacksquare noun a long fixed look \circ He gave her a stare and walked on.

starfish /'sto: f_I / (*plural same* or **starfishes**) *noun* a flat sea animal, with five arms branching like a star from a central body

stark /sto:k/ adj (**starker**, **starkes**) 1. complete \circ *He stared at the figures in stark disbelief*. 2. bare and simple \circ *the stark outline of the rocks* \circ *a stark lunar landscape* **a** *adv* completely \circ *I don't usually walk round the house stark naked.*

starlight /'sta:last/ *noun* the light from the stars

starling /'stɑ:lɪŋ/ *noun* a common dark European bird with a green gloss to its feathers

starry-eyed /'sto:ri aid/ *adj* unrealistically optimistic about your future life or career

star sign /'star sain/ *noun* the sign of the zodiac which marks your birth

star-studded /sta: 'stAdid/ adj including many film or stage stars

(1) start /start/ noun the beginning of something o It's the start of the fishing season tomorrow. \circ Building the house took only six months from start to finish. o Things went wrong from the start. \circ Let's forget all you've done up to now, and make a fresh start. verb (starts, starting, started) 1. to begin to do something [~as/~by] o He didn't start as an actor – he was a director first. O When you learn Russian, you have to start by learning the alphabet. \circ The babies all started to cry or all started *crying at the same time.* \circ *He started to eat* or he started eating his dinner before the *rest of the family.* \circ *Take an umbrella* – *it's* starting to rain. 2. (of a machine) to begin to work \circ *The car won't start – the battery* must be flat. \circ The engine started beauti*fully*. \diamond **to start with** first of all \circ *We have* lots to do but to start with we'll do the *washing up.* \diamond **for a start** as the first point \circ For a start, tell me the exact time when you made the phone call.

start off phrasal verb **1**. to begin \circ We'll start off with soup and then have a meat dish. **2**. to leave on a journey \circ You can start off now, and I'll follow when I'm ready.

start out phrasal verb **1.** to leave on a journey \circ She started out for home two hours ago, so I am surprised she hasn't arrived. **2.** to begin \circ I'd like to start out by saying how pleased I am to be here.

start up phrasal verb **1**. to make a business begin to work \circ She started up a restaurant, but it failed. **2**. to make a machine start to work \circ He started up the tractor.

starter /'startə/ noun **1**. a person who starts doing something \circ There were sixty starters in the race, but only twenty finished. **2**. a person who organises the start of something \circ The starter fired his pistol and the race started. **3**. the first part of a meal \circ What do you all want as starters? \circ I don't want a starter – just the main course. \diamond for **starters** as the first thing to be done \circ We need to get the room cleaned for starters. **starting point** /'startin point/ noun a place where something begins

startle /'stort(ə)l/ (startles, startling, startled) verb to make someone suddenly surprised

starvation /star've1 $\int(a)n/noun$ illness through lack of food

3 **Starve** /starv/ (starves, starving, starved) verb not to have enough food \circ Many people starved to death in the desert.

starving /'starvin/ adj 1. not having enough to eat to stay healthy \circ Relief workers tried to bring supplies to the starving people. 2. very hungry (informal) \circ Isn't dinner ready yet, I'm absolutely starving!

stash /stæ \int / verb (stashes, stashing, stashed) 1. a/so stash away to store in a safe place \circ He has thousands of dollars stashed away in overseas bank accounts. 2. to put \circ Make sure you stash all items of hand luggage in the rack above your seat. = noun a hidden store of things \circ We found a stash of old love letters in a secret drawer.

(1) **state** /stert/ noun 1. the way something or someone is at a specific time \circ *The children are in a state of excitement.* \circ *They left* the flat in a terrible state. \circ She's not in a fit state to receive visitors. 2. the government of a country \circ We all pay taxes to the state. • The state should pay for the upkeep of museums. 3. an independent country o The member states of the European Union. **4.** one of the parts of a federal country \circ *the* State of Arizona \circ New South Wales has the largest population of all the Australian states. • verb (states, stating, stated) to give information clearly [~that] o Please state your name and address. \circ It states in the instructions that you must not open the can near a flame. \circ The document states that all revenue has to be declared to the *tax office*. \diamond in a state 1. in a very unhappy, worried or upset condition o She's in such a state that I don't want to leave her alone. • *He was in a terrible state after the phone call.* **2.** in a dirty or bad condition \circ *Look at* the state of your trousers. \circ They left our flat in a terrible state.

stateless /'stertləs/ adj who is not a citizen of any country

stately home /,steitli 'həum/ noun a palace or large house, usually belonging to an aristocratic family

() **statement** /'stertmənt/ noun 1. something that is spoken or written publicly [\sim on/about] \circ a statement about or on the new procedures \circ She refused to issue a statement to the press. 2. same as bank statement

state-of-the-art /,steit əv ði 'uːt/ adj technically as advanced as possible

state school /'stert sku:l/ noun a school which is funded by the state. Compare **private school**, **public school**

statesman /'stertsmən/ (*plural* **statesmen**) *noun* an experienced political leader or representative of a country (NOTE: + **statesmanship** *n*)

static /'stæt1k/ noun **1**. electrical interference in the air which disturbs a radio signal **2**. same as **static electricity** \circ When I touched the car door the static gave me a shock.

static electricity /,stætık ılek'trısıti/ *noun* an electric charge that does not flow, as opposed to electricity which is flowing in a current

① **Station** /'stet $\int(\partial)n/noun$ **1.** a place where trains stop and passengers get on or off \circ The train leaves the Central Station at 14.15. \circ This is a fast train – it doesn't stop at every station. \circ We'll try to get a sandwich at the station buffet. **2.** a large main building for a service \circ The fire station is just down the road from us. \circ He was arrested and taken to the local police station.

stationary /'stei $\int(\partial)n(\partial)ri/adj$ not moving (NOTE: Do not confuse with **stationery**.) **stationer** /'stei $\int(\partial)n\partial/noun$ a person who has a shop which sells stationery

stationery $/^{1}$ sterJ(\ni)n(\ni)ri/ noun things such as paper, envelopes, pens and ink which you use for writing (NOTE: no plural. Do not confuse with **stationary**.)

statistic /stə'tɪstɪk/ *noun* a fact given in the form of numbers

statistician /, stæt1'st1J(ə)n/ *noun* a person who studies or analyses statistics

② **statistics** /stə'tɪstɪks/ *noun* the study of facts in the form of numbers

statue /'stætʃuː/ *noun* a solid image of a person or animal made from a substance such as stone or metal

stature /'stæt $\int \mathfrak{d}$ / noun **1**. height \circ her imposing stature **2**. importance \circ His stature in the party has never been greater.

(2) **status** /'stertəs/ noun **1**. social importance when compared to other people ○ He has a low-status job on the Underground. ○ His status in the company has been rising steadily. **2**. a general position

status symbol /'steitəs ,simbəl/ *noun* a thing which you use which shows that you are more important than someone else

(3) **statute** /'stæt∫u:t/ *noun* a written law, established in an Act of Parliament **statutory** /'stæt∫ut(ə)ri/ *adj* imposed by law

staunch /sto:nt \int / verb to stop blood flowing \circ They tried to staunch the blood by putting ice on the wound. \circ They tied a bandage tightly round his arm in an attempt to staunch the flow of blood.

① Stay /stei/ (stays, staying, stayed) verb 1. not to change \circ The temperature stayed below zero all day. \circ In spite of the fire, he stayed calm. \circ I won't be able to stay awake until midnight. 2. to stop in a place \circ They came for lunch and stayed until after midnight. \circ I'm rather tired so I'll stay at home tomorrow. \circ He's ill and has to stay in bed. 3. to stop in a place as a visitor \circ They stayed two nights in Edinburgh on their tour of Scotland. \circ Where will you be staying when you're in New York? \circ My parents are staying at the Hotel London.

stay out *phrasal verb* to remain away from home

stay up③ phrasal verb not to go to bed STD abbr sexually transmitted disease

stead /sted/ noun **1**. \Box it stood him in good stead it was very useful to him \circ *Be*ing able to speak Japanese stood him in good stead. **2**. \Box in your stead in place of you (formal) \circ *When he was ill, she took the chair in his stead.* \diamond instead

steadily /'sted1li/ *adv* regularly or continuously

(3) **steady** /'stedi/ adj (**steadier**, **steadier**, **steadi est**) **1**. firm and not moving or shaking ○ You need a steady hand to draw a straight line without a ruler. ○ He put a piece of paper under the table leg to keep it steady. **2**. continuing in a regular way ○ There is a steady demand for computers. ○ The car was doing a steady seventy miles an hour. ○ She hasn't got a steady boyfriend. ■ verb (**steadies**, **steadying**, **steadied**) to keep something firm ○ He put out his hand to steady the ladder.

steak /steik/ noun 1. a thick piece of meat, usually beef \circ *He ordered steak and chips*. \circ *I'm going to grill these steaks*. 2. a thick piece of a big fish \circ *A grilled salmon steak for me, please!* (NOTE: Do not confuse with stake.)

② **steal** /stiil/ (steals, stealing, stole, stolen) verb 1. to take and keep something that belongs to another person without permission [\sim from] \circ He stole some CDs from a music shop. \circ Someone tried to steal my handbag. 2. to move quietly \circ He stole into *the cellar and tried to find the safe.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **steel**.)

stealth /stel θ / noun \Box by stealth in a secret way, without anyone knowing \circ *They tried to get into the government laboratory by stealth.*

③ **steam** /sti:m/ noun the substance like clouds which comes off hot or boiling water \circ Clouds of steam were coming out of the kitchen.

steam up phrasal verb to become covered with steam \circ My glasses got all steamed up when I went into the Palm House at Kew Gardens.

steamer *I*'sti:mə/ noun **1**. a pan with holes in the bottom which is placed over boiling water to cook food by steaming \circ *The best way to cook vegetables is in a steamer* **2**. a large ship powered by steam \circ *We took the steamer from Cape Town to Mombasa*.

steamroller /'sti:mrəolə/ noun a very heavy vehicle with a large cylinder as a front wheel, used to flatten new road surfaces \blacksquare verb (steamrollers, steamrollering, steamrollered) to force everyone to do what you want \circ They steamrollered the bill through Congress.

steamship /'stirmʃɪp/ noun a large ship powered by steam

steamy /'sti:mi/ (steamier, steamiest) adj 1. hot and humid, as if full of steam \circ She chose a steamy summer day to visit London. 2. full of descriptions of sex \circ This is her steamiest novel yet.

(2) **steel** /sti:l/ noun a strong metal made from iron and carbon \circ Steel knives are best for the kitchen. \circ The door is made of solid steel.

steelworks /'stirl,w3:ks/ (*plural same*) *noun* a factory where steel is made

steely /'sti:li/ *adj* **1**. strongly determined **2**. grey-blue

③ **steep** /sti:p/ adj **1**. which rises or falls quickly ○ The car climbed the steep hill with some difficulty. ○ The steps up the church tower are steeper than our stairs at home. **2**. very sharply increasing or falling ○ a steep increase in interest charges ○ a steep fall in share prices

steeple /'stirp(ϑ)l/ noun a church tower with a spire on top

Steer /stiə/ (steers, steering, steered) verb to make a vehicle go in a particular direction \circ She steered the car into the garage. **steering** /'stiəriŋ/ *noun* the parts of a vehicle which control the direction in which it travels

stem /stem/ noun the tall thin part of a plant which holds a leaf, a flower or a fruit • Trim the stems before you put the flowers in the vase.

stench /stent∫/ *noun* an unpleasant strong smell

stencil /'stensəl/ noun a design which is painted in this way ○ *The bathroom is dec*orated with stencils of fish and shellfish. ■ verb (stencils, stencilling, stencilled) to mark with a stencil ○ *His name was stencilled on each piece of luggage.*

(3) **step** /step/ noun 1. a movement of your foot when walking $\circ I$ wonder when the baby will take his first steps. O Take a step sideways and you will be able to see the castle. 2. a regular movement of feet at the same time as other people 3. one stair, which goes up or down o There are two steps down into the kitchen. 0 I counted 75 steps to the top of the tower. \circ Be careful, there's a step up into the bathroom. 4. an action which is done or has to be done out of several o The first and most important step is to find out how much money we can spend. verb (steps, stepping, stepped) to walk in a particular direction \circ He stepped out in front of a bicycle and was knocked down. \circ She stepped off the bus into a puddle. \circ Don't step back, there's a *child behind you.* \diamond **in step** moving your feet at the same rate as everybody else $\circ I$ tried to keep in step with him as we walked along. \circ The recruits can't even march in *step.* \diamond **out of step** moving your feet at a different rate from everyone else \circ One of the squad always gets out of step. \diamond to take steps to to act to encourage or prevent something \circ We should take steps to en*courage female applicants.* \circ *The museum* must take steps to make sure that nothing else is stolen.

step in phrasal verb **1.** to enter \circ Please step in and see what we have to offer. **2.** to do something in an area where you were not involved before \circ Everything was working fine until the manager stepped in. \circ Fortunately a teacher stepped in to break up the fight.

step up phrasal verb **1.** to walk onto something higher \circ He stepped up onto the platform. **2.** to increase the quantity of something \circ The company wants to step up production to 2,000 units a day. **stepbrother** /'stepbrAðə/ *noun* the son of a stepfather or stepmother

step-by-step /₁step bai 'step/ adj gradual \circ a step-by-step process

stepchild /'step,tfaild/ (*plural* **stepchildren**) *noun* a stepdaughter or stepson

stepdaughter /'stepdo:tə/ noun the daughter of a wife or husband from another marriage

stepfather /'stepfa:ðə/ *noun* the husband of a mother, who is not a person's father

stepladder /'steplædə/ noun a small ladder in two parts, hinged together, which is steady when opened up and does not need to lean on anything

stepmother /'stepmʌðə/ *noun* the wife of a father, who is not a person's mother

stepping-stone /'steping stoon/ noun 1. one of a series of large stones placed to allow you to cross a stream $\circ I$ lost my balance going over the stepping-stones. **2**. a useful stage in your career \circ Working in head office is a useful stepping-stone to becoming a manager.

stepsister /'stepsistə/ *noun* the daughter of a stepfather or stepmother

stepson /'stepsAn/ *noun* the son of a wife or husband from another marriage

③ **Stereo** /'steriəu/ noun a machine which plays music or other sound through two different loudspeakers ∘ I bought a new pair of speakers for my stereo. □ in **stereo** using two speakers to produce sound

stereotype /'steriətaɪp/ *noun* a pattern for a certain type of person

sterile /'sterail/ adj **1**. free from infectious organisms \circ She put a sterile dressing on the wound. **2**. infertile, not able to produce offspring \circ The flowers on some plants are sterile. **3**. not producing any useful results \circ They engaged in a sterile debate about human rights.

Sterilise /'sterilaiz/ (sterilises, sterilising, sterilised), sterilize (sterilizes, sterilizing, sterilized) verb 1. to make something sterile by killing infectious organisms \circ Surgical instruments must be sterilised before used. \circ The soil needs to be sterilised before used for greenhouse cultivation. 2. to make a person unable to have children $\circ A$ vasectomy is a surgical operation to sterilise men.

sterility /ste'r11ti/ *noun* being unable to produce offspring \circ *Increased sterility has been found in men living near the nuclear site.*

sterling

610

sterling /'st3:lin/ noun British currency • The prices are quoted in sterling.

stern /st3:n/ adj serious and strict \circ The judge addressed some stern words to the boys.

steroid /'stiaroid/ noun 1. one of several natural chemical compounds which affect the body and its functions 2. a synthetic chemical used to treat some disorders and also used by some athletes to improve their strength \circ *The random sample of urine obtained from the athlete proved that he had been taking steroids.* \circ *She was banned from competing after tests showed that she had taken steroids.*

stethoscope /'stet0askaup/ noun an instrument consisting of a tube with a metal disc at one end and two parts that go in the ears at the other, used by doctors to listen to sounds made inside the body by organs such as the heart or lungs

stew /st ju:/ *noun* a dish of meat and vegetables cooked together for a long time \circ *This lamb stew is a French recipe.* • *verb* (**stews, stewing, stewed**) to cook food for a long time in liquid \circ *Stew the apples until they are completely soft.*

steward /'stju:əd/ noun 1. a man who looks after passengers, and serves meals or drinks on a ship, aircraft, train or in a club o The steward served us tea on deck. 2. a person who organises public events such as races etc. o The stewards will inspect the course to see if the race can go ahead.

stewardess/₁stju:ə'des/ *noun* a woman who looks after passengers and serves food and drinks on a ship or aircraft (*dated*)

(1) **stick** /st 1k/ noun 1. a thin piece of wood \circ *He jabbed a pointed stick into the hole.* \circ I need a strong stick to tie this plant to. 2. a thin branch of a tree 3. anything long and thin \circ carrots cut into sticks \blacksquare verb (sticks. sticking, stuck) 1. to attach something somewhere firmly, especially with glue [~on/~together] o She stuck the stamp on the letter. \circ Can you stick the pieces of the cup together again? 2. to be fixed or not to be able to move [~to/~in] o Some of the sauce stuck to the pan. \circ The car was stuck in the mud. \circ The door sticks – you need to push it hard to open it. \circ He was stuck in Italy without any money. 3. to push something into something [~in/into] \circ He stuck his hand into the hole. \circ She stuck her finger in the jam to taste it. 4. to stay in a place [~to] \circ Stick close to your mother and you won't get lost. 5. to put up with $\circ I$ don't know how she can stick working in that office. \circ I'm going, I can't stick it here any longer. \diamond to stick together to stay together \circ If we stick together they should let us into the club.

stick out *phrasal verb* **1.** to push something out **2.** to be further forward or further away from something \circ *Your wallet is sticking out of your pocket.* \circ *The balcony sticks out over the road.*

stick up phrasal verb **1**. to be further up above a surface or to extend beyond a surface \circ The aerial sticks up above the roof of the car. **2**. to attach something to something such as a wall or noticeboard for people to see \circ She stuck up a notice about the village fête. \diamond to stick up for someone or something to defend someone or something against criticism \circ He stuck up for his rights and in the end won the case. \circ Will you stick up for me if I get into trouble at school?

(3) **sticker** /'stIkə/ *noun* a small piece of paper or plastic which you can stick on something to show a price, as a decoration or to advertise something

stickler /'stiklə/ *noun* someone who insists on the correctness of details

③ **sticky** /'stiki/ adj **1**. covered with something which sticks like glue \circ My fingers are all sticky. \circ This stuff is terribly sticky – I can't get it off my fingers. **2**. with glue on one side so that it sticks easily

② **stiff** /stif/ adj **1**. which does not move easily ○ The lock is very stiff – I can't turn the key. ○ I've got a stiff neck. ○ She was feeling stiff all over after running in the race. **2**. with hard bristles ○ You need a stiff brush to get the mud off your shoes.

stiffen /'stif(\ni)n/ (**stiffens, stiffening, stiffened**) verb **1**. to become or make stiff **2**. to become cautious or unfriendly **3**. (of wind) to become stronger **4**. to make stronger \circ The TV broadcasts helped to stiffen resistance to the government's new measures.

stiffness /'stifnes/ noun 1. having muscle pains after doing exercise, or being unable to move easily because of damaged joints \circ Arthritis accompanied by a certain amount of stiffness in the joints. 2. the quality of being stiff \circ The stiffness of the material makes it unsuitable for a dress.

stifle /'starf(\Im)*l*/ (stifles, stifling, stifled) verb **1.** to make someone not able to breathe, not to be able to breathe because of heat or smoke \circ *The firemen were almost stifled by the toxic gas.* **2.** to prevent something \circ *The plan of the authorities is* *to stifle any protests before they start.* **to stifle a yawn** to try to prevent yourself from yawning \circ *He had difficulty in stifling a yawn*.

stifling /'starf(ϑ)lm/ adj extremely hot \circ He stepped off the plane into the stifling heat of the Louisiana sunshine.

stigma /'stɪgmə/ noun **1**. a feeling of shame **2**. a part of the female organ of a flower that forms seeds after receiving pollen

① **still** /stil/ adj not moving \circ Stand still while I take the photo. \circ There was no wind, and the surface of the lake was completely still. **a** dv **1**. continuing until now or until then \circ I thought he had left, but I see he's still there. \circ They came for lunch and were still sitting at the table at eight o'clock in the evening. \circ Weeks afterwards, they're still talking about the accident. **2**. in spite of everything \circ It wasn't sunny for the picnic – still, it didn't rain. \circ He still insisted on going on holiday even though he had broken his leg.

still life /st1l 'la1f/ (*plural* **still lifes**) *noun* a painting of objects such as fruit, bottles, flowers or food

stilted /'stiltid/ *adj* forced and unnatural **stimulant** /'stimjol=nt/ *noun* **1**. a substance which makes the body function faster \circ *Caffeine is a stimulant*. **2**. something which encourages more activity \circ *Tax cuts should act as a stimulant to the economy.*

stimulate /'stimjoleit/ (stimulates, stimulating, stimulated) verb to encourage someone or an organ to be more active (NOTE: + stimulation n)

stimulating /'stimjuleitin/ *adj* causing interest, excitement or enthusiasm

stimulus /'stimjuləs/ (*plural* **stimuli**) *noun* an encouragement or incentive that leads to greater activity

③ **sting** /stin/ noun a wound made by an insect or plant ○ Bee stings can be very painful. ○ Have you anything for wasp stings? ■ verb (stings, stinging, stung) 1. to wound someone with an insect's or plant's sting ○ I've been stung by a wasp. ○ The plants stung her bare legs. 2. to give a burning feeling ○ The antiseptic may sting a little at first.

stingy /'stindʒi/ *adj* not very generous (*informal*)

(3) **stink** /stink/ (*informal*) *noun* a very unpleasant smell ○ *the stink of cigarette smoke* ■ *verb* (stinks, stinking, stank or stunk, stunk) to have a nasty smell ○ *The office stinks of gas.*

stint /stint/ noun a period of working \circ It's your turn to help now, I've done my stint. \circ She had a long stint as a sister in a London hospital.

stipulate /'stipjoleit/ (stipulates, stipulating, stipulated) *verb* to insist, to make it a condition that (NOTE: + stipulation *n*)

③ **stir** /st3:/ (stirs, stirring, stirred) verb to move a liquid or powder or something which is cooking, to mix it up \circ He was stirring the sugar into his coffee. \circ Keep stirring the porridge, or it will stick to the bottom of the pan.

stir up③ *phrasal verb* to encourage strong emotions or reactions \circ *The fans came with the deliberate intention of stirring up trouble.*

stir-fry /'st3: frai/ verb to cook vegetables or meat quickly in hot oil, while continuously stirring \circ *Stir-fry the vegetables separately, not all together.* (NOTE: + **stir-fry** *n*)

stirring /'st3:rɪŋ/ *adj* making you feel strong emotions, especially pride or enthusiasm

stirrup /'stirəp/ *noun* a metal loop hanging from the saddle into which a rider puts his foot

(2) **stitch** /stit // noun 1. a little loop of thread made with a needle in sewing or with knitting needles when knitting \circ She used very small stitches in her embroidery. • Very fine wool will give you more stitches than in the pattern. 2. a small loop of thread used by a surgeon to attach the sides of a wound together to help it to heal \circ She had three stitches in her arm. \circ Come back in ten days' time to have the stitches removed. verb (stitches, stitching, stitched) to attach something with a needle and thread \circ She stitched the badge to his jacket.

(2) **stock** /stok/ noun **1**. a supply of something kept to use when needed \circ *I keep a* good stock of printing paper at home. \circ Our stocks of food are running low. **2**. a liquid made from boiling bones in water, used as a base for soups and sauces \circ Fry the onions and pour in some chicken stock. \blacksquare verb (stocks, stocking, stocked) to keep goods for sale in a shop or warehouse \circ They don't stock this book. \circ We try to stock the most popular colours.

stock up *phrasal verb* to buy supplies for use in the future

stockade /stp'keid/ *noun* a strong fence made of thick upright poles

stockbroker

stockbroker /'stpkbrəukə/ *noun* a person who buys or sells shares for clients

stocking /'stokin/ *noun* a long light piece of women's clothing which covers all of a leg and foot

stockist /'stpk1st/ *noun* a person or shop which stocks a certain product

stock market /'stpk _markit/ noun a place where shares are bought and sold

stockpile /'st bkpail/ (**stockpiles**, **stockpiling**, **stockpiled**) verb to collect large supplies of something that you will need in the future \circ We started to stockpile raw materials in case there was a rail strike. (NOTE: + **stockpile** n)

stocktaking /'stokterkiŋ/ *noun* counting and listing the existing stock in a shop or business

stocky /'stbki/ (**stockier**, **stockiest**) *adj* with large shoulders, a strong body and short, strong legs

stodgy /'stodzi/ (**stodgier**, **stodgiest**) *adj* (*of food*) heavy and filling

stoical /'stəuk(ə)l/ *adj* accepting what happens without complaining

stoke /stəuk/ (stokes, stoking, stoked) *verb* to put wood or coal into a fire

stole /stəul/ past tense of steal

③ stolen /'stəulən/ past participle of steal

stolid /'stblid/ adj serious, not easily excited

② **stomach** /'st∧mək/ noun **1**. a part of the body shaped like a bag, into which food passes after being swallowed and where it continues to be digested ∘ *I don't want anything to eat – my stomach's upset* or *I have a stomach upset*. ∘ *He has had stomach trouble for some time*. **2**. the front of your body between your chest and your waist ∘ *He had been kicked in the stomach.*

stomach ache /'stʌmək eɪk/ noun a pain in the abdomen

stomp /stomp/ (stomps, stomping, stomped) verb to walk with heavy steps

① **stone** /stoon/ noun **1**. a very hard material, found in the earth, used for building \circ All the houses in the town are built in the local grey stone. \circ The stone carvings in the old church date from the 15th century. \circ Stone floors can be very cold. (NOTE: no plural: some stone, a piece of stone, a block of stone) **2**. a small piece of stone \circ The children were playing at throwing stones into the pond. \circ The beach isn't good for bathing as it's covered with very sharp stones. **3**. a British measure of weight

equal to 14 pounds or 6.35 kilograms \circ She's trying to lose weight and so far has lost a stone and a half. \circ He weighs twelve stone ten (i.e. 12 stone 10 pounds). (NOTE: no plural in this sense: He weighs ten stone. In the USA, human body weight is always given only in pounds.)

stoned /stəond/ adj **1**. (of fruit) with the stone removed \circ We only buy stoned olives. **2**. high on drugs (informal) \circ He was completely stoned when I met him.

stony /'stəuni/ *adj* made of lots of stones o *They walked carefully across the stony beach.*

③ **stood** /stud/ past tense and past participle of **stand**

③ **stool** /stuːl/ *noun* a small seat with no back ○ When the little girl sat on the piano stool her feet didn't touch the floor. ◊ **footstool**

stoop /sturp/ (stoops, stooping, stooped) verb to bend forward

(1) stop /stop/ verb (stops, stopping, stopped) 1. not to move any more, e.g. in order to let people get on or off $[-at] \circ The$ motorcycle didn't stop at the red light. \circ This train stops at all stations to London Waterloo. \circ The bus went right past without stopping. 2. to make something not move any more \circ *The policeman stopped* the traffic to let the lorry back out of the garage. \circ Stop that boy! – he's stolen my *purse.* **3.** not to do something any more \circ The office clock has stopped at 4.15. \circ At last it stopped raining and we could go out. • She spoke for two hours without stopping. • We all stopped work and went home. \circ The restaurant stops serving meals at midnight. 4.
to stop someone or something (from) doing something to make someone or something not do something any more \circ *The rain stopped us from* having a picnic. \circ How can the police stop people stealing cars? \circ Can't you stop the children from making such a noise? • The plumber couldn't stop the tap dripping. 5. to stay as a visitor in a place $[-in] \circ They$ stopped for a few days in Paris. ■ noun 1. the end of something, especially of movement o The police want to put a stop to car crimes.
in to come to a stop or a full stop to stop moving or continuing o The car rolled on without the driver, and finally came to a stop at the bottom of the hill. \circ All the building work came to a stop when the money ran out. 2. a place where you break a journey o We'll make a stop at the next service station. 3. a place where a bus

or train lets passengers get on or off \circ We have been waiting at the bus stop for twenty minutes. \circ There are six stops between here and Marble Arch.

stop by *phrasal verb* to visit someone for a short time

stop off *phrasal verb* to stop for a time in a place before going on with your journey

stopgap /'stopgæp/ *noun* something used for a short time, while waiting for something better to be found

stoplight /'stop,last/ noun US a traffic light

stop over /, stop ' \Rightarrow 0 \vee 9 \vee *verb* to spend a night in a place on a long journey \circ *We'll stop over in Rome on the flight to Hong Kong.*

stopover /'stopouvo/ noun a short overnight stop on a long journey by air

stoppage /'stop1d3/ noun **1**. the action of stopping something from moving \circ *De*liveries will be late because of stoppages on the production line. **2**. money taken from an employee's wages to pay for insurance and tax

stopper /'stopp/ *noun* an object that you put into the mouth of a bottle or jar to close it

stopwatch /'stopwot *J*/ *noun* a watch which can be started and stopped by pressing a button, used for timing races

③ **storage** /'sto:ridʒ/ noun the act of keeping something in a store or warehouse ○ We put our furniture into storage. ○ We don't have enough storage space in this house.

(1) **store** /sto:/ noun a shop, usually a big shop ○ You can buy shoes in any of the big stores in town. ○ Does the store have a food department? ■ verb (stores, storing, stored) 1. to keep food etc. to use later ○ We store (away) all our vegetables in the garden shed. 2. to keep something in a computer file ○ We store all our personnel records on computer.

③ **storey** /'sto:ri/ *noun* a whole floor in a building

stork /stork/ *noun* a large white bird with long legs and a long thin red beak

(2) **storm** /storm/ noun a high wind and very bad weather \circ Several ships got into difficulties in the storm. \circ How many trees were blown down in last night's storm?

stormy /'sto:mi/ adj when there are storms \circ They are forecasting stormy weather for the weekend. ① **story** /'storri/ (plural stories) noun 1. a description that tells things that did not really happen but are invented by someone $[-of/about] \circ$ The book is the story of two children during the war. \circ She writes children's stories about animals. 2. a description that tells what really happened \circ She told her story to the journalist.

storyteller /'storritelə/ *noun* a person who tells a story

stout /staut/ adj **1**. (of a person) quite fat \circ He has become much stouter and has difficulty going up stairs. **2**. (of material) strong or thick \circ Take a few sheets of stout paper. \circ Find a stout branch to stand on.

③ **stove** /stəuv/ noun a piece of equipment for heating or cooking

Stow /st ∂U (stows, stowing, stowed) verb to put away \circ He had stowed all the luggage in the boot of the car.

stow away phrasal verb **1**. to put away \circ It's June – time you stowed away your skis. **2**. to travel secretly on a ship or aircraft without paying the fare \circ They found two students stowing away in a lifeboat.

stowaway /'stəuəwei/ *noun* a person who travels secretly on a ship or aircraft without paying

straddle /'stræd(\ni)// (**straddles, straddleg, straddled**) verb **1.** to stand with legs apart, on either side of something \circ *He straddled the ditch.* **2.** be on both sides of something \circ *The town straddles the main highway to the north.*

straggle /'stræg(\Im)l/ (straggles, straggling, straggled) verb 1. to move in various directions, not in an orderly fashion \circ After the flood went down a few people straggled back to their villages each day. 2. to grow or lie in various directions \circ Her hair was straggling over her face. (NOTE: + straggler n)

① **straight** /strent/ adj 1. not curved \circ a long straight street \circ The line isn't straight. \circ She has straight black hair. \circ Stand up straight? 2. not sloping \circ Is the picture straight? \circ Your tie isn't straight. \blacksquare adv 1. in a straight line, not curving \circ The road goes straight across the plain for two hundred kilometres. \circ She was sitting straight in front of you. 2. immediately \circ Wait for me here - I'll come straight back. \circ If there is a problem, you should go straight to the manager. 3. without stopping or changing \circ She drank the milk straight out of the bottle. \circ The cat ran straight across the road in front of the car. \circ He looked me straight

straightaway

in the face. \circ The plane flies straight to Washington.

straightaway /,streitə'wei/ *adv* at once **straighten** /'streit(ə)n/ (**straightens**, **straightening**, **straightened**) *verb* to make something straight

straighten up phrasal verb **1**. to stand straight after bending \circ *He straightened up and looked at me.* **2**. to make something tidy \circ *I must straighten up my bedroom before I leave.*

③ **straightforward** /streit'fo:wəd/ adj easy to understand or carry out \circ *The instructions are quite straightforward.*

strain /strein/ noun **1**. nervous tension and stress \circ Can she stand the strain of working in that office? **2**. a variety, breed \circ They are trying to find a cure for a new strain of the flu virus. **•** verb (**strains**, **straining**, **strained**) **1**. to injure part of your body by pulling too hard \circ He strained a muscle in his back or he strained his back. \circ The effort strained his heart. **2**. to make great efforts to do something \circ They strained to lift the piano into the van. **3**. to pour liquid through a sieve to separate solids from it

strained/streind/ adj tense or unfriendly • Relations between them became strained.

strainer /'streinə/ *noun* a kitchen utensil with metal or nylon mesh, used to separate solids from a liquid

straitjacket /'strentd3æknt/, **straightjacket** *noun* something which prevents you from acting freely

strand /strænd/ noun one piece of hair or thread \circ *Strands of hair kept blowing across her forehead.*

stranded /'strændid/ adj alone and unable to move

① strange /streindʒ/ adj 1. not usual \circ Something is the matter with the engine – it's making a strange noise. \circ She told some very strange stories about the firm she used to work for. \circ It felt strange to be sitting in the office on a Saturday afternoon. \circ It's strange that no one spotted the mistake. 2. which you have never seen before or where you have never seen before \circ I find it difficult getting to sleep in a strange room. \circ We went to Korea and had lots of strange food to eat. (NOTE: stranger – strangest)

③ **stranger** /'streindʒə/ noun 1. a person whom you have never met $[-to] \circ He$'s a complete stranger to me. \circ Children are told not to accept lifts from strangers. 2. a person in a place where he has never been before $[-to] \circ He's$ a stranger to these parts. $\circ I$ can't tell you how to get to the post office – I'm a stranger here myself.

strangle /'strængoəl/ (strangles, strangling, strangled) verb 1. to kill by squeezing the throat so that someone cannot breathe or swallow \circ *The marks on his neck showed that he had been strangled.* 2. to slow the development of something \circ *The company's expansion is being strangled by lack of funds.*

stranglehold /'stræŋgəl,həuld/ noun control which prevents you doing what you want to do

strap /stræp/ noun a long flat piece of material used to attach something \circ Can you do up the strap of my bag for me? \circ I put a strap round my suitcase to make it more secure. \bullet verb (straps, strapping, strapped) to fasten something with a strap \circ He strapped on his rucksack. \circ The patient was strapped to a stretcher. \circ Make sure the baby is strapped into her seat.

strata /'straxtə/ plural of stratum

strategic /strə'ti:dʒɪk/ *adj* **1**. done with the intention of achieving a specific aim **2**. attacking an enemy from a long distance \circ *strategic weapons*

strategist /'strætədʒist/ *noun* someone who makes business, military or other plans

② **strategy** /'strætədʒi/ (plural **strategies**) noun the decisions you make about how you are going to do something ○ Their strategy is to note which of their rival's models sells best and then copy it. ○ The government has no long-term strategy for dealing with crime.

stratum /'stro:tom/ (plura/strata or stratums) noun a layer, especially of rock \circ As they dug down, they exposed several strata of rock.

straw /stro:/ noun 1. dry stems and leaves of crops, used for animals to sleep on \circ You've been lying on the ground – you've got bits of straw in your hair. \circ The tractor picked up bundles of straw and loaded them onto a truck. 2. a thin plastic tube for sucking up liquids \circ She was drinking orange juice through a straw.

strawberry /'strɔ:b(ə)ri/ (*plural* strawberries) *noun* a common soft red summer fruit which grows on low plants

stray /strei/ verb (strays, straying, strayed) to move away from the place where something is expected to be, or from a subject being discussed \circ *She told the*

children not to stray too far. \blacksquare noun a pet animal which is lost or without a home \circ We have two female cats at home and they attract all the strays in the district. \blacksquare adj 1. not where it should be \circ He was killed by a stray bullet from a sniper. 2. ((of a pet animal)) lost or without a home \circ We found a stray cat and brought it home.

streak /stri:k/ noun **1**. a line of colour \circ The cloth is blue with streaks of red in it. \circ She's had blonde streaks put in her hair. **2**. a particularly characteristic type of behaviour **3**. a period when a series of things happens \circ I hope our streak of bad luck is coming to an end. **u** verb (streaks, streaking, streaked) **1**. to go verp fast \circ The rocket streaked across the sky. **2**. to run about naked in public (informal)

3 **stream** /strim/ noun 1. a small river Can you jump across that stream? 2. things which pass continuously Crossing the road is difficult because of the constant stream of traffic.

streamer /'stri:mə/ *noun* a long paper strip used for decoration

streaming /'stri:mɪŋ/ *noun* a method of sending a continuous stream of data over the Internet to a computer, providing live video or sound

streamline /'strimlain/ (**streamlines**, **streamlining**, **streamlined**) verb **1**. to design a car, plane or boat so that it can move easily through water or air \circ *The body of the car was streamlined to make it faster*. **2**. to make something more efficient or more simple \circ *We are trying to streamline the accounting system*.

① **street** /stri:t/ noun **1**. a road in a town, usually with houses on each side \circ *It is difficult to park in our street on Saturday* mornings. \circ Her flat is on a noisy street. \circ *The school is in the next street*. **2**. used with names \circ *What's your office address?* – 16 *Cambridge Street*. \circ *Oxford Street, Bond Street and Regent Street are the main shopping areas in London.* (NOTE: When used in names, **street** is usually written **St**: *Oxford St.*)

streetwise /'stri:twaɪz/ *adj* able to deal with difficult and dangerous situations in a modern city

(2) **strength** /stren θ / noun the quality of being physically strong \circ She hasn't got the strength to lift it. \circ You should test the strength of the rope before you start climbing.

(3) strengthen $/ stren\theta(a)n/$ (strengthens, strengthening, strengthened) verb 1.

to make something stronger \circ *The sea wall* is being strengthened to prevent another flood. \circ *This will only strengthen their determination to oppose the government.* \circ *We are planning to strengthen airport security.* **2.** to become stronger \circ *The wind is strengthening from the south-west.*

strenuous /'strenjuəs/ adj requiring a lot of physical effort or energy \circ The doctor has told him to avoid strenuous exercise. \circ It's a very strenuous job.

③ **stress** /stres/ noun **1**. nervous strain caused by an outside influence ○ She's suffering from stress. ○ How will he cope with the stress of working in an office? **2**. the force or pressure on something ○ Stresses inside the earth create earthquakes. ■ verb (**stresses, stressing, stressed**) to put emphasis on something [~that] ○ She stressed that the work must be completed on time. ○ I must stress the importance of keeping the plan secret.

stressed /strest/ *adj* worried and tense **stressful** /'stresf(ə)l/ *adj* (*of a situation*) which causes stress

stress mark /stres mo:k/ *noun* a mark showing which syllable of a word should be stressed

stretch /stret f/ verb (stretches, (3) stretching, stretched) 1. to spread out for a great distance o The line of cars stretched for three miles from the accident. \circ The queue stretched from the door of the cinema right round the corner. O White sandy beaches stretch as far as the eye can see. 2. to push out your arms or legs as far as they $can \circ The \ cat \ woke \ up \ and \ stretched.$ **3.** to pull out so that it becomes loose \circ Don't hang your jumper up like that - you will *just stretch it.* \circ *These trousers are not supposed to stretch.* **noun 1.** a long piece of land, water or road o Stretches of the river have been so polluted that bathing is dangerous. 2. a long period of time o For long stretches we had nothing to do. \diamond at a stretch without a break o He played the piano for two hours at a stretch. \diamond to stretch your legs to go for a short walk after sitting for a long time \circ In the coffee break I went out into the garden to stretch my legs.

stretcher /'stret $\int \partial / noun$ a folding bed with handles, on which an injured person can be carried by two people

strew /stru:/ (**strews**, **strewing**, **strewed**, **strewn**) *verb* to scatter over a wide area

③ **strict** /str1kt/ adj **1**. which must be obeyed \circ I gave strict instructions that no one was to be allowed in. \circ The rules are

very strict and any bad behaviour will be severely punished. **2.** expecting people to obey rules \circ Our parents are very strict with us about staying up late.

strictly

③ **strictly** /'striktli/ adv in a strict way ○ All staff must follow strictly the procedures in the training manual.

stride /straid/ noun a long step \circ In three strides he was across the room and out of the door. • verb (strides, striding, strode, stridden) to walk with long steps \circ He strode into the room. \circ We could see him striding across the field to take shelter from the rain. \diamond to make great strides to advance quickly \circ Researchers have made great strides in the treatment of asthma. \diamond to take something in your stride to deal with something easily \circ Other people always seem to have problems, but she just takes everything in her stride.

strident /'straɪd(ə)nt/ *adj* unpleasantly loud and harsh

strife /straif/ noun trouble between people

(2) strike /straik/ noun the stopping of work by workers because of lack of agreement with management or because of orders from a trade union o They all voted in favour of a strike. O A strike was avoided at the last minute. • verb (strikes, striking, struck) 1. to stop working because of disagreement with management o The workers are striking in protest against bad working *conditions.* **2.** to hit something hard \circ *She* struck her head on the low door. \circ He struck a match and lit the fire. 3. (of a clock) to ring to mark an hour o The clock had just struck one when she heard a noise in the *corridor.* **4.** to come to someone's mind $\circ A$ thought just struck me. \circ It suddenly struck me that I had seen him somewhere before.

strike off *phrasal verb* to remove a name from a list because of bad behaviour

strike up phrasal verb to start playing a piece of music \circ The band struck up, and everyone settled in their seats.

striker /'straikə/ noun 1. a worker who is on strike \circ Strikers picketed the factory. 2. a football player whose main task is to score goals \circ His pass back to the goalkeeper was intercepted by the opposition striker who promptly scored.

③ **striking** /'straikiŋ/ adj noticeable, unusual \circ She bears a striking resemblance to the Queen. \circ It is a very striking portrait of Winston Churchill.

(2) **string** /strin/ noun 1. a strong thin fibre used for tying up things such as parcels \circ

This string isn't strong enough to tie up that big parcel. \circ She bought a ball of string. \circ We've run out of string. (NOTE: no plural in this sense: some string; a piece of string) **2**. one of the long pieces of fibre or wire on a musical instrument which makes a note when you hit it \circ a guitar has six strings \circ He was playing the violin when one of the strings broke. **3**. one of the strong pieces of fibre which form the flat part of a tennis racket \circ One of the strings has snapped.

string along phrasal verb **1.** to walk along in a line behind someone \circ The teachers walked in front and the children strung along behind. **2.** to promise someone something to get him or her to agree to do what you want \circ He was just stringing her along – he never intended to marry her, but just wanted to get at her money.

stringed instrument /'strind ,Instrument/ *noun* a musical instrument where the notes are played on strings

stringent /'strindʒənt/ adj strict or severe

③ **strip** /strip/ noun a long narrow piece of something \circ He tore the paper into strips. \circ Houses are to be built along the strip of land near the church. \blacksquare verb (strips, stripping, stripped) to take off your clothes \circ Strip to the waist for your chest X-ray. \circ He stripped down to his underpants.

stripe /straip/ noun a long line of colour • *He has an umbrella with red, white and blue stripes.*

stripper /'stripə/ *noun* a person who performs a striptease

striptease /'striptizz/ *noun* an entertainment where someone takes their clothes off piece by piece

strive /straiv/ (strives, striving, strove, striven) verb to try very hard to do something, especially over a long period of time \circ Everyone is striving for a solution to the dispute. \circ He always strove to do as well as his brother.

strode /stroud/ past tense of stride

(3) **stroke** /strəuk/ noun 1. a serious medical condition in which someone suddenly becomes unconscious because blood has stopped flowing normally to the brain \circ He was paralysed after his stroke. \circ She had a stroke and died. 2. the act of hitting something such as a ball \circ It took him three strokes to get the ball onto the green. 3. a style of swimming \circ She won the 200m breast stroke. \blacksquare verb (strokes, stroking, stroked) to run your hands gently over something or someone \circ She was stroking the cat as it sat in her lap.

stroll /stroul/ (strolls, strolling, strolled) verb to walk slowly as a way of relaxing \circ People were strolling in the park. \circ On Sunday evenings, everyone strolls along the boulevard. (NOTE: + stroll n)

① strong /strong/ adj 1. who has a lot of strength \circ I'm not strong enough to carry that box. 2. which has a lot of force or strength \circ The string broke – we need something stronger. \circ The wind was so strong that it blew some tiles off the roof. 3. having a powerful smell, taste or effect \circ I don't like strong cheese. \circ You need a cup of strong black coffee to wake you up. \circ There was a strong smell of gas in the kitchen. \diamond strength

stronghold /'stronhould/ noun **1**. a place such as a castle which is difficult for an enemy to defeat \circ *The enemy stronghold finally surrendered*. **2**. a place which is famous for something \circ *Rome is renowned as the stronghold of Catholicism.* \circ *The club is a stronghold of male chauvinism.*

strongly /'stronli/ adv in a strong way **stroppy** /'stroni/ adj behaving in a rude and angry way (*informal*)

strove /strouv/ past tense of strive

3**struck** /strAk/ past tense and past participle of **strike**

③ **structural** /'str∧kt∫(ə)rəl/ *adj* referring to a structure

② **structure** /'str Λ kt \int ə/ *noun* a building or something else that is built

(3) **struggle** /'str∧g(⇒)l/ noun a fight ∘ After a short struggle the burglar was arrested. ■ verb (**struggles, struggling, struggled**) to try hard to do something difficult [-with/for] ∘ She's struggling with her maths homework. ∘ The industry is struggling for survival. ∘ He struggled to carry all the shopping to the car.

strum /strAm/ (strums, strumming, strummed) verb to play a stringed instrument by running your fingers across the strings in an informal way

strut /strat/ (**struts**, **strutting**, **strutted**) *verb* to walk in a proud and important way \circ She strutted across the stage to collect her prize. \circ He refused to accept their offer and strutted out of the room.

stub /st h / noun a small piece left after something has been used \circ *He walked along the gutter looking for cigarette stubs.* **stubble** /'stAb(a)*l*/ noun **1**. short stems left in the ground after a crop such as wheat has been cut **2**. short hairs which grow on a man's chin if he does not shave for several days \circ She told him to shave, as she didn't like his stubble.

stubborn /'st Aban/ *adj* determined not to change your mind \circ *He's so stubborn* – *he only does what he wants to do.*

stuck /st Λ k/ past tense and past participle of **stick**

③ **stud** /stAd/ noun 1. a small round piece of metal jewellery worn in the ear, nose or elsewhere on the body \circ *She wears a stud in her nose.* 2. a young man who is extremely sexually attractive (*informal*) 3. a nail with a head that stands out above a surface \circ *He had a pattern of studs on his belt.*

() **student** /'st ju:d(∂)nt/ noun a person who is studying at a college, university or school \circ All the science students came to my lecture. \circ She's a brilliant student. \circ Two students had to sit the exam again.

③ Studio /'stju:diau/ noun 1. a room where an artist paints ○ She uses this room as a studio because of the good light. 2. a place where things such as films or broadcasts are made ○ And now, back to the studio for the latest news and weather report. ○ They spent the whole day recording the piece in the studio. 3. a very small flat for one person, usually one room with a small kitchen and bathroom ○ You can rent a studio overlooking the sea for £300 a week in high season.

studious /'stju:diəs/ *adj* enjoying study, spending a lot of time studying

② **study** /'st∧di/ noun (plural studies) the work of examining something carefully to learn more about it [~on/~on] ◦ The review has published studies on the new drug. ◦ I'm preparing a study of new production techniques. ■ verb (studies, studying, studied) 1. to learn about a subject at college or university ◦ I plan to study for a law degree. ◦ He is studying medicine at university. 2. to look at something carefully ◦ She was studying the guidebook.

① **stuff** /st∧f/ noun 1. a substance, especially something unpleasant ∘ You've got some black stuff stuck to your shoe. 2. equipment or possessions ∘ Dump all your stuff in the living room. ∘ Take all that stuff and put it in the dustbin. ∘ All your photographic stuff is still in the back of my car. ■ verb (stuffs, stuffing, stuffed) 1. to push something into something to fill it ∘ He stuffed his pockets full of peppermints. ∘

stuffing

The ± 20 notes were stuffed into a small plastic wallet. **2.** to put small pieces of food such as bread, meat or herbs inside meat or vegetables before cooking them \circ We had roast veal stuffed with mushrooms.

stuffing /'stAfn/ noun **1**. a mixture of small pieces of food such as bread, fat, onions and herbs put inside a chicken, fish or vegetables before cooking them $\circ I$ prepared the stuffing for the fish according to my mother's recipe. **2**. a soft material used to fill things such as children's toys or chair seats \circ The stuffing's coming out of this cushion.

stuffy /'st Λ fi/ (stuffier, stuffiest) adj without any fresh air \circ *Can't you open a window, it's so stuffy in here?*

stumble /'stAmbel/ (**stumbles, stumbling, stumbled**) *verb* **1**. to almost fall by hitting your foot against something **2**. to make mistakes when reading aloud or speaking

stumbling block /'stamblin blok/ *noun* something which prevents you doing what you want to do

stump /stAmp/ noun **1**. a short piece of something left sticking up, such as the main stem of a tree that has been cut down \circ After cutting down the trees, we need to get rid of the stumps. **2**. one of the three sticks placed in the ground in cricket \circ The ball hit the stumps and the last man was out.

stump up phrasal verb to pay money
(informal)

stun /stAn/ (**stuns, stunning, stunned**) *verb* **1**. to make someone become unconscious with a blow to the head **2**. to shock someone completely \circ *She was stunned when he told her that he was already married.*

stung /st Aŋ/ past tense of sting

stunk /stʌŋk/ past tense and past participle of stink

stunning /'stʌnɪŋ/ *adj* impressive, extremely beautiful

stunt /stAnt/ noun a trick or dangerous act done to attract attention \circ Climbing up the outside of the building was just a publicity stunt. \circ He's so fit that he insists on doing all the stunts in his films himself.

stupendous /st jur'pendəs/ *adj* extremely unusual, very large or impressive

① **stupid** /'st ju:pid/ adj **1**. not very intelligent \circ What a stupid man! **2**. behaving in a way that is not sensible \circ It was stupid of her not to wear a helmet when riding on her scooter. \circ He made several stupid mistakes.

stupor /'stjuːpə/ *noun* the state of being almost unconscious

sturdy /'st3:di/ (**sturdier**, **sturdiest**) *adj* well made and not easily damaged

stutter /'stAtə/ noun a speech problem where you repeat the sound at the beginning of a word several times \circ *He is taking therapy to try to cure his stutter*. • *verb* (**stutters, stuttering, stuttered**) to repeat the same sounds when speaking \circ *He stuttered badly when making his speech*.

sty /stai/ noun a little building where a pig is kept. \Diamond **pigsty**

① **style** /stail/ noun **1**. a way of doing something, especially a way of designing, drawing or writing [\sim of] \circ his original style of painting \circ The room is decorated in Chinese style. **2**. a fashionable way of doing things \circ She always dresses with style. \circ They live in grand style. \diamond hairstyle

stylised /'staılaızd/, **stylized** *adj* drawn or designed in a fixed way that does not look natural

stylish /'staili // adj attractive and fashionable

stylistic /stai'listik/ *adj* referring to style in art

SUAVE /swa:v/ (suaver, suavest) *adj* extremely polite with very good manners, though often with an unpleasant character

sub /sʌb/ *abbr* **1**. submarine **2**. subscription **3**. substitute

sub-/sAb/ *prefix* below, under

subcommittee /'sAbkəmīti/ noun a small committee which is set up by a main committee and deals with a specific matter

subconscious $/s_Ab'k_{DN} \neq s/$ noun a part of your mind which has ideas or feelings which you do not realise are there \circ Somewhere, deep in his subconscious, was a feeling of hatred for his family.

subcontinent /sAb'kontInent/ noun a large mass of land which is a separate part of a continent

subcontract /'sAb_kkontrækt/ *noun* a contract between the main company managing a whole project and another firm who will do part of the work

subculture /' $sAb_tkAlt \int \vartheta / noun$ a separate social group within a larger culture

subdivide /,sʌbdɪ'vaɪd/ (**subdivides**, **subdividing**, **subdivided**) *verb* to divide up something which has already been divided **subdivision** /'sAbdIv13(ə)n/ noun the division of something into smaller parts **subdue** /səb'dju:/ (subdues, subduing,

subdued) *verb* to defeat, to bring under control

subdued /səb'dju:d/ adj **1**. very quiet, not excited \circ *The audience was very subdued*. **2**. not bright, not loud \circ *The room has been painted in subdued colours*. \circ *A subdued discussion was going on in a far corner of the restaurant*.

subgroup /'sʌb,gruːp/ noun a small separate group within a larger group

subheading /'sʌbhedɪŋ/ *noun* a heading used to divide something such as a long document into smaller sections

(i) **subject** /'sʌbdʒɪkt/ noun 1. the thing which you are talking about or writing about o The debate is on the subject of pollution. He suddenly changed the subject of the conversation. 2. an area of knowledge which you are studying o Maths is his weakest subject. \circ You can take up to five subjects at 'A' Level. 3. D to be the subject of to be the person or thing talked about or studied o The painter Chagall will be the subject of our lecture today. \circ Advertising costs are the subject of close examination by the auditors. 4. (in grammar) a noun or pronoun which comes before a verb and shows the person or thing that does the action expressed by the verb \circ *In the sentence* 'the cat sat on the mat' the word 'cat' is the subject of the verb 'sat'.

subjective /səb'dʒektɪv/ *adj* seen from your own point of view, and therefore possibly influenced by your feelings or beliefs **subject line** /'sʌbdʒɪkt laɪn/ *noun* the part at the top of an e-mail where the subject of the message is written

subject matter /'sAbd3Ikt ,mætə/ *noun* the subject dealt with in something such as a book or TV programme

subjunctive /səbˈdʒʌŋktɪv/ *noun* the form of a verb used to express something such as a doubt, suggestion or wish

sublime /sə'blaım/ (sublimer, sublimest) adj impressive, beautiful o the sublime music of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony o the sublime sight of snow-capped mountains towering above the lake

submarine /,sAbmə'ri:n/ noun a special type of ship which can travel under water \circ *The submarine dived before she was spotted by enemy aircraft.* adj under the water \circ a submarine pipeline

submerge /səb'm3:dʒ/ (submerges, submerging, submerged) *verb* 1. to cover

with something, especially with water $\circ At$ high tide the rocks are completely submerged. **2.** to go under water \circ The submarine submerged and disappeared from view.

submission /səb'mɪ $\int(3)n/noun$ **1**. the state of giving in or having to obey someone **2**. a piece of evidence, a document or an argument used in court

submissive /səb'mɪsɪv/ adj (of a person) who obeys all orders, or who gives in easily

③ **Submit** /səb'mɪt/ (**submits, submitting, submitted**) *verb* **1.** to put something forward for someone to examine [~to] ○ *You are requested to submit your proposal to the planning committee.* **2.** to accept that someone has the power to make you do something you don't want to do

subordinate /sə'bɔ:dɪnət/ noun a person who is under the direction of someone else \circ *His subordinates find him difficult to work with.*

subordinate clause /sə,bɔ:dɪnət 'klɔ:z/ *noun* a clause in a sentence which depends on the main clause

subpoena /sə'pi:nə/ noun a court order telling someone to appear in court \circ She has been served a subpoena to appear in court next month. (NOTE: + **subpoena** v)

subscribe /səb'skraıb/ (**subscribes**, **subscribing**, **subscribed**) verb to give money to \circ He subscribes to several charities.

subscription /səb'skrıp \int ən/ noun 1. the amount of money which someone pays to a magazine for a series of issues \circ *Did* you remember to pay the subscription to the computer magazine? 2. money paid to a club for a year's membership \circ *He forgot* to renew his club subscription.

subsection /'sAb_sek $\int (\partial n / noun a division of a section such as in a document$

subsequent /'sAbsikwənt/ adj which comes later (formal) o The rain and the subsequent flooding disrupted the match. o All subsequent reports must be sent to me immediately they arrive.

subsequently /'sAbs1kwəntli/ advhappening later or following something which has already happened $\circ I$ subsequently discovered that there had been a mistake.

subset /'sAb,set/ noun a mathematical set whose elements are contained in another set

subside /səb'saɪd/ (subsides, subsiding, subsided) verb 1. to go down, to become less loud or strong \circ After the rain-

subsidence

storms passed, the flood waters gradually subsided. \circ His anger subsided and he began to try to find out what had happened. \circ He waited for the noise to subside before going on with his speech. **2.** (of a piece of ground or a building) to fall to a lower level \circ The office block is subsiding because it is built on clay.

subsidence /'sʌbsɪd(ə)ns/ noun (of a piece of ground or a building) an act of sinking or falling to a lower level

subsidiary /səb'sıdiəri/ (*plural* **subsidiaries**) *noun* a company which is owned by a parent company \circ *Most of the profit comes from subsidiaries in the Far East.*

subsidise /'sʌbsɪdaɪz/ (subsidises, subsidising, subsidised), subsidize verb to help by giving money

subsidy /'sAbsIdi/ (*plural* **subsidies**) *noun* money given to help pay for something which does not make a profit

subsist /səb'sist/ (**subsists**, **subsisting**, **subsisted**) *verb* **1**. to stay alive, to manage **2**. to continue to exist (*formal*) (NOTE: + **subsistence** *n*)

① **substance** *t*'sAbstəns/ noun a solid or liquid material, especially one used in chemistry \circ A secret substance is added to the product to give it its yellow colour. \circ Toxic substances got into the drinking water.

substandard /sʌb'stændəd/ adj not up to the usual standard

② substantial /səb'stæn∫əl/ adj 1. large or important ○ She was awarded substantial damages. ○ He received a substantial sum when he left the company. ○ A substantial amount of work remains to be done. 2. large enough to satisfy someone ○ We had a substantial meal at the local pub.
3. solid or strong ○ This wall is too flimsy, we need something much more substantial.

substantially /səb'stæn \int əli/ adv 1. mainly, mostly \circ Their forecast was substantially correct. 2. by a large amount \circ The cost of raw materials has risen substantially over the last year.

substantiate /səb'stænfiett/ (substantiates, substantiating, substantiated) *verb* to prove that something which has been stated is true

③ **substitute** /'s∧bstitju:t/ noun a person or thing that takes the place of someone or something else [~for] ○ This type of plastic can be used as a substitute for leather. ○ The substitute teacher was very good. ○ When the goalkeeper was injured they sent on a substitute. ■ verb □ to substitute something or someone for something or someone else to put something or someone in the place of something or someone else \circ *He secretly substituted the fake diamond for the real one.* \Box to substitute for someone to replace someone \circ *Who will be substituting for the sales manager when she's away on holiday?*

substitution $/_{1sAbst1'tju:}(\Im)n/$ noun the act of substituting someone or something for someone or something else

subsume /səb'sju:m/ (**subsumes**, **subsuming**, **subsumed**) *verb* to include something in a larger group or set (*formal*)

subterfuge /'sʌbtəfjuːdʒ/ *noun* a trick or clever way of doing something

subterranean /,sAbtə'reIniən/ adj under the ground

subtitle /'sAbtart(ə)l/ *noun* a translation of the words spoken in a film which are shown at the bottom of the screen

subtle I' sAt(\Im)I' (**subtler, subtlest**) adj **1**. not obvious or easily seen \circ *There's a subtle difference between the two political parties.* **2**. complicated or delicate \circ *a sauce with a subtle taste of lemon* \circ *A subtler shade would be better than that bright colour.*

subtlety /'sʌt(ə)lti/ *noun* careful thought processes which are difficult to explain

subtract /səb'trækt/ (subtracts, subtracting, subtracted) verb to take one number away from another (NOTE: Subtracting is usually shown by the minus sign -: 10 - 4 = 6: say 'ten subtract four equals six'.)

subtraction /səb'træk∫ən/ *noun* the act of subtracting one number from another

suburb /'sAb3:b/ *noun* an area on the edge of a town where there are houses and shops but not usually factories or other large industries

suburban /sə'b3:bən/ *adj* referring to the suburbs

suburbia /sə'b3:biə/ *noun* the middleclass suburban districts around a city

subversive /səb'v3:siv/ *adj* acting secretly against the government or people in authority \circ *The police are investigating subversive elements in the student organisations.*

subvert /səb'v3:t/ (subverts, subverting, subverted) verb to make something such as a system fail, or to damage or destroy the existing political system (NOTE: + subversion n) **subway** /'sAbwe1/ noun **1**. an underground passage along which people can walk, e.g. so that they do not have to cross a busy road \circ There's a subway from the bus station to the shopping centre. **2**. US an underground railway system \circ the New York subway \circ It will be quicker to take the subway to Grand Central Station. (NOTE: The London equivalent is the **tube** or **Underground**.)

sub-zero /sAb 'ziərəu/ adj below zero degrees in temperature

① **SUCCEEd** /sək'si:d/ (succeeds, succeeding, succeeded) verb to do well in a particular activity $[~in] \circ We$ hope you succeed in your chosen career. \circ His business succeeded better than he expected.

① **Success** /sək'ses/ noun 1. the fact that you achieve what you have been trying to do \circ She's been looking for a job in a library, but without any success so far. 2. the fact that something or someone does well \circ the success of the car in the Japanese market \circ Her photo was in the newspapers after her Olympic success.

() **successful** /sək'sesf(ə)l/ adj who or which does well \circ *He's a successful business man.* \circ *She's very successful at hiding her real age.* \circ *Their trip to German proved successful.*

① **successfully** /sək'sesf(ə)li/ adv achieving what was intended

succession /sək'se $\mathfrak{f}(\mathfrak{g})\mathfrak{n}/\mathfrak{noun}$ **1.** a series of the same type of thing \circ *I* had a succession of phone calls from my relatives. \Box **in succession** one after the other \circ *Three people in succession have asked me the same question.* \circ *He won the title five times in succession.* **2.** taking a property or a title from someone who has died \circ *The question of the succession to the throne is often mentioned in the newspapers.*

successive /sək'sesɪv/ *adj* which come one after the other

successor /sək'sesə/ *noun* a person who takes over from someone

success story /sAk'ses ,storri/ noun a person or something such as an invention that has been a great success

succinct /sək'sıŋkt/ *adj* exact, not using many words

succumb /sə'kAm/ (succumbs, succumbing, succumbed) verb (formal) 1. to accept defeat 2. to die from an illness or injury [~to] \circ The heroine of the book succumbed to tuberculosis.

① **such** /sAt \int / adj **1.** of this type \circ The police are looking for such things as drugs or

stolen goods. 2. very; so much \circ There was such a crowd at the party that there weren't enough chairs to go round. \circ It's such a shame that she's ill and has to miss her sister's wedding. \diamond **such as** used for giving an example \circ Some shops such as food stores are open on Sundays. \diamond **no such (person or thing)** a person or thing like that is not in existence \circ There is no such day as April 31st. \circ Someone was asking for a Mr Simpson but there is no such person working here.

③ **SUCK** /s∧k/ (sucks, sucking, sucked) verb 1. to hold something with your mouth and pull at it with your tongue ○ *The baby didn't stop sucking his thumb until he was* six. 2. to have something in your mouth which makes your mouth produce water ○ *He bought a bag of sweets to suck in the car.*

sucker /'sAk ∂ / noun **1**. a part of an animal which sticks to a surface by sucking \circ An octopus has rows of suckers on its arms. **2**. a little plastic cup which sticks to a surface by suction \circ Some hooks can be glued to the wall, others stick with suckers. **3**. a person who is easily tricked into doing something \circ He's a sucker for chocolate desserts. \circ He's a sucker for any pretty girl. **5**. (of a plant) a shoot which comes from the bottom of the stem or from a root \circ You need to cut all those suckers off the roses.

suction /'sAk∫ən/ *noun* the action of sucking out air, so that two surfaces stick together

② **sudden** /'s \wedge d(\Rightarrow)n/ adj which happens very quickly or unexpectedly \circ The sudden change in the weather caught us unprepared. \circ The bus came to a sudden stop. \circ His decision to go to Canada was very sudden. \diamond **all of a sudden** suddenly \circ All of a sudden the room went dark.

① **suddenly** /'sAd(\Rightarrow)nli/ adv quickly and giving you a shock \circ The car in front stopped suddenly and I ran into the back of it. \circ Suddenly the room went dark. \circ She suddenly realised it was already five o'clock.

SUE/sju:/ (sues, suing, sued) verb to take someone to court, to start a legal case against someone to get payment for the harm or damage they have caused

suede /sweid/ noun leather with a soft surface that looks like velvet

suet /'su:It/ *noun* the hard fat from around an animal's kidneys, used in cooking

① **Suffer** /'sʌfə/ (suffers, suffering, suffered) verb 1. to receive an injury ○ He suffered multiple injuries in the accident. 2. □ to suffer from something to have an illness or a fault ○ She suffers from arthritis. ○ The company's products suffer from bad design. ○ Our car suffers from a tendency to overheat.

sufferer /'sʌfərə/ *noun* a person who has a particular disease

suffering /'s $\Lambda f(\vartheta)ri\eta$ / noun feeling pain over a long period of time

 $\label{eq:solution} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{suffice} \ / \mbox{sol}^{'} fais \ / \ (\mbox{suffices, sufficing, sufficed}, \ \mbox{sufficed}, \ \mbox{sufficed$

② **sufficient** /sə'fɪ $\int(\exists)$ nt/ adj as much as is needed \circ *Does she have sufficient funds* to pay for her trip? \circ *There isn't sufficient* room to put the big sofa in here. \circ Allow yourself sufficient time to get to the airport. \diamond self-sufficient

suffix /'sʌfɪks/ *noun* letters added to the end of a word to make another word. Compare **prefix**

suffocate /'sʌfəkeɪt/ (**suffocates**, **suffocating**, **suffocated**) *verb* **1**. to make someone stop breathing by cutting off the supply of air, or to die from lack of air to breathe \circ *She was accused of suffocating the baby*. \circ *The family suffocated in the smoke-filled room.* **2**. to be uncomfortable because of heat and lack of air (*informal*) \circ *We're suffocating in this little room*. (NOTE: + **suffocation** *n*)

suffrage /'sAfr1dʒ/ *noun* a right to vote in elections

(2) **Sugar** /' Jugo/ noun a substance that you use to make food sweet \circ How much sugar do you take in your tea? \circ A spoonful of sugar will be enough. \circ Can you pass me the sugar, please?

① **suggest** /sə'dʒest/ (**suggests**, **suggesting**, **suggested**) verb to mention an idea to see what other people think of it [~(that)/~what/why/where etc] \circ The chairman suggested that the next meeting should be held in October. \circ What does he suggest we do in this case? \circ I suggested a visit to the museum.

① **suggestion** /sə'dʒest \int ən/ noun an idea that you mention for people to think about [~for] \circ Do you have any suggestions for how we could improve things? \circ Whose suggestion was it that we should go out in a boat? \circ I bought those shares at the stockbroker's suggestion.

suggestive /sə'dʒestiv/adj **1**. relating to sex \circ *He sang some very suggestive songs*. **2**. suggestive of suggesting some-

thing $[-of] \circ$ The music is suggestive of a calm evening in the country.

suicidal /₁su:1'sa1d(\Im)*l*/ *adj* wanting to kill yourself \circ *He has suicidal tendencies.* \circ *After her son's death she became suicidal.*

suicide /'su:Isaid/ noun **1**. the act of killing yourself ○ Whether her death was murder or suicide is not yet known. □ **to commit suicide** to kill yourself ○ He killed his two children and then committed suicide. **2**. a person who has killed himself

suicide note /'suiisaid nout/ noun a letter left by someone who has committed suicide

② **suit** /surt/ noun **1**. a set of pieces of clothing made of the same cloth and worn together, e.g. a jacket and trousers or skirt • A dark grey suit will be just right for the interview. • The pale blue suit she was wearing was very chic. 2. one of the four sets of cards with the same symbol in a pack of cards o Clubs and spades are the two black suits and hearts and diamonds are the two red suits.
verb (suits, suiting, suited) 1. to look good when worn by someone \circ Green usually suits people with *red hair.* \circ *That hat doesn't suit her.* **2.** to be convenient for someone o He'll only do it *when it suits him to do it.* \circ *Thursday at 11 o'clock will suit me fine*. \diamond **suit yourself** do what you want

suitability /, suitə'biliti/ noun the degree to which someone or something is suitable (2) **suitable** /'suitəb(ə)l/ adj which fits or which is convenient \circ I'm looking for a suitable present \circ We advertised the job again because there were no suitable candidates. \circ A blue dress would be more suitable for an interview.

③ **suitcase**/'su:tkeis/ *noun* a box with a handle which you carry your clothes in when you are travelling

suite /swi:t/ noun **1**. a set of rooms, especially expensive rooms \circ *Their offices are in a suite of rooms on the eleventh floor.* \circ *They booked a suite at the Savoy Hotel.* **2**. a set of pieces of furniture

suitor /'surtə/ noun a person who wants to marry a girl (old)

sulk /sʌlk/ (**sulks**, **sulking**, **sulked**) verb to show you are annoyed by not saying anything \circ *They*'re sulking because we didn't invite them.

sulky /'sʌlki/ (**sulkier**, **sulkiest**) *adj* showing that you are annoyed

sullen /'sAlən/ adj silent and sulky

sulphur /'sAlfə/ *noun* a non-metallic element, which is usually found in the form of yellow powder, and smells of rotten eggs (NOTE: The US or technical spelling is **sulfur**.)

sulphur dioxide /,sAlfə da1'bksaId/ noun a colourless gas which has a strong unpleasant smell and causes serious air pollution (NOTE: The US or technical spelling is **sulfur dioxide**.)

sultan /'sAltən/ noun a Muslim prince

sultana /sʌl'tɑːnə/ noun a type of pale seedless raisin. Compare currant, raisin

sultry /'sAltri/ (sultrier, sultriest) adj 1. (of weather) hot and making you feel uncomfortably sticky \circ A massive thunderstorm brought the sultry weather to an end. 2. attractive in a dark and passionate way \circ Her sultry good looks attracted the eye of her boss.

(2) **Sum**/sAm/ noun **1**. a quantity of money ○ A large sum of money was stolen from his safe. ○ We are owed the sum of £500. ○ He only paid a small sum for the car. **2**. a simple problem in arithmetic ○ She tried to do the sum in her head. **3**. the total of two or more numbers added together ○ The sum of all four sides will give you the perimeter of the field.

sum up phrasal verb **1**. to make a summary of what has been said $\circ I'd$ just like to sum up what has been said so far. \circ Can you sum up the most important points in the speech for me? **2**. (of a judge) to speak at the end of a trial and go over all the evidence and arguments for the benefit of the jury $\circ I$ was surprised the judge did not mention that when he summed up.

summarily /'sAmərɪli/ *adv* immediately and without discussion or attention to the usual way of doing things

(3) **Summarise** /'sAməraIZ/ (summarises, summarising, summarised), summarize verb to make a short account of what has happened or what has been said

summary /'sAməri/ noun a short description of what has been said or written, or of what happened, without giving all the details \circ She gave a summary of what happened at the meeting. \circ Here's a summary of the book in case you don't have time to read it.

() **Summer** /'sAmə/ noun the hottest season of the year, between spring and autumn o Next summer we are going to Greece. o The summer in Australia coincides with our winter here in England. o I haven't any summer clothes – it's never hot enough here.

summer camp /'sAmə kæmp/ noun a place where children go for a holiday without their parents in the summer, usually in the country

summer holiday /,sAmə 'hplIdeI/ *noun* a holiday which you have in the summer (NOTE: The US term is **summer vacation**.)

summer school /'sAmə sku:l/ noun classes held at a school, college or university during the summer holiday

summertime /'sʌmətaɪm/ noun the time of year when it is summer

3 Summit /'sAmIt/ noun the top of a mountain \circ It took us three hour's hard climbing to reach the summit.

Summon /'sAmən/ (summons, summoning, summoned) verb to tell people to come to a meeting (formal) \circ The president summoned a meeting of the supreme council. \circ She was summoned to appear before the committee.

summons /'sAmənz/ noun 1. an official order to go to see someone \circ *He received a* summons to see the president. 2. an official order or document telling someone to appear in court to be tried for a criminal offence or to defend a civil action \circ *He threw* away the summons and went on holiday to Spain.

sumo /'su:məu/ noun a Japanese style of wrestling, where two very large wrestlers try to throw each other out of a ring

sumptuous /'sʌmpt∫uəs/ adj very expensive or impressive

① **Sun** /sAn/ noun **1**. a very bright star round which the earth travels and which gives light and heat \circ *The sun was just rising when I got up.* \circ *I'll try taking a photograph now that the sun's come out.* **2**. the light from the sun \circ *I'd prefer a table out of the sun.* \circ *She spent her whole holiday just sitting in the sun.*

sunbathe /'sʌnbeɪð/ (**sunbathes**, **sunbathing**, **sunbathed**) *verb* to lie in the sun to get your skin brown (NOTE: + **sunbather** *n*)

sunbed /'sʌn,bed/ noun **1**. a piece of equipment which you use to make your skin look brown by means of ultraviolet light **2**. a piece of furniture on which you lie in the sun

sunburn /'sʌnbɜ:n/ *noun* damage to the skin caused by being in the sun for too long **sunburnt** /'sʌnbɜ:nt/ *adj* (of the skin) damaged or made red by the sun

Sunday

① **Sunday** /'sAnde1/ noun the seventh day of the week, the day between Saturday and Monday \circ Last Sunday we went on a picnic. \circ Most shops are now open on Sundays. \circ Can we fix a lunch for next Sunday? \circ The 15th is a Saturday, so the 16th must be a Sunday. \circ Today is Sunday, November 19th.

Sunday school /'sAndeI skull/ noun classes held on a Sunday, where children are taught about the Christian religion

sundial /'sAndatəl/ *noun* a type of outdoor clock with a central piece whose shadow points to the time when the sun shines on it

sundown /'sʌndaʊn/ noun the time when the sun goes down in the evening

sundry /'sʌndri/ adj various \circ The tourists made sundry purchases in the market.

sunflower /'sʌnflaʊə/ *noun* a very large yellow flower on a very tall stem

sung /sʌŋ/ past participle of sing

③ **sunglasses** /'sAngla:siz/ plural noun dark glasses worn to protect your eyes from the sun \circ *I always wear sunglasses when I'm driving.*

sunk /sʌŋk/ past participle of **sink**

③ **sunlight** /'sʌnlaɪt/ noun the light which comes from the sun (NOTE: no plural) **sunlit** /'sʌnlɪt/ adj bright with the light of the sun

Sunni /'soni/ noun 1. one of the main branches of Islam 2. a member of the Sunni branch of Islam

③ **SUNNY** /'sAni/ adj **1**. with the sun shining \circ Another sunny day! \circ They forecast that it will be sunny this afternoon. **2**. where the sun often shines \circ We live on the sunny side of the street. \circ Their sitting room is bright and sunny, but the dining room is dark.

sunrise /'sʌnraɪz/ *noun* the time when the sun comes up in the morning

sunroof /'sAnruxf/ *noun* a part of the roof of a car which opens to let in light and air

sunscreen /'sAnskritn/ noun a cream which you put on your skin to prevent sunburn

sunset /'sAnset/ *noun* the time when the sun goes down in the evening

③ **sunshine** /'sʌn∫aɪn/ *noun* a pleasant light from the sun (NOTE: no plural)

suntan /'sAntæn/ *noun* the brown colour of skin caused by sunlight

super /'suipə/ adj very good (dated)
superb /su'p3ib/ adj extremely good

supercomputer /ˌsuːpəkəm'pjuːtə/ noun a high-speed computer

(3) **superficial** /,su:pə'fı $\int(3)$ // adj 1. affecting only the top surface \circ The damage was only superficial. \circ She had a few superficial cuts on her skin but nothing serious. 2. dealing only with the most obvious and simple matters \circ I can't answer your question because I only have a very superficial knowledge of the subject. 3. not serious or important \circ My brother and I only discuss superficial topics like the weather and sport. \circ He's very superficial, you can't have a serious conversation with him.

superfluous /su:'p3:fluos/ *adj* which is more than is needed; not necessary, not needed

superhuman /,su:pə'hju:mən/ *adj* beyond what humans are usually able to do, or having unusually great abilities

superimpose /,su:pərim'pəuz/ (superimposes, superimposing, superimposed) verb to lay one picture over another so that they are both visible; to print one thing on top of another \circ *If you superimpose one picture on the other you get the impression of a ghost in the room.*

superintendent /, superin'tendent/ noun a person who is responsible for work, or for a place \circ Go and see the building superintendent if a pipe is leaking.

superior /su^bpiəriə/ noun a person in a higher rank \circ Each manager is responsible to his superior.

superiority /so,piəri'oriti/ noun being more important, more intelligent, better than someone else \circ *The superiority of the Brazilians in the World Cup was obvious.* \circ *He gives the impression of effortless superiority.*

superlative /su'p3:let IV/ *adj* extremely good \circ *He's a superlative goalkeeper.* \blacksquare *noun* the form of an adjective or adverb showing the highest level when compared with another \circ '*Biggest' is the superlative of 'big.'* \circ *Put a few superlatives in the ad to emphasise the superiority of the product.*

③ **supermarket** /'su:pəma:kit/ noun a large store selling mainly food and goods for the house, where customers serve themselves and pay at a checkout \circ We've got no tea left, can you buy some from the supermarket?

supermodel /'suːpəmɒd(ə)l/ noun a famous fashion model who earns a lot of money **supernatural** /₁su:pə'næt $\int(\Im)$ rəl/ adj which cannot be explained by the laws of nature \circ *He believes in supernatural occurrences like ghosts.*

superpower /'su:pəpauə/ noun an extremely powerful country with great economic strength and large armed forces

supersede /,surpə'sird/ (**supersedes**, **superseding**, **superseded**) *verb* to take the place of something which has become old and no longer useful

supersonic /,su:pə'son1k/ adj going faster than the speed of sound

superstar /'suːpəstɑː/ *noun* an extremely famous film actor or other performer

superstition $/_1 \sup \mathfrak{o}^{\mathsf{stif}}(\mathfrak{o})n/$ noun a belief in magic and that some things are lucky and others unlucky

superstore /'su:pəsto:/ noun a very large self-service store selling a wide range of goods or selling a variety of things of the same type

③ **SUPERVISE** /'surpovaiz/ (supervises, supervising, supervised) verb to watch carefully, to see that work is well done

(3) **supervisor** /'su:pəvaizə/ noun a person whose job is making sure that other people are working well

supper /'sʌpə/ *noun* the meal which you eat in the evening

supplant /sə'pla:nt/ (supplants, supplanting, supplanted) *verb* to take the place of someone or something

supple /'sʌp(ə)l/ *adj* who or which bends easily

supplement1 /'sApImont/ noun 1. a thing which is in addition, especially an additional amount \circ *The company gives him* £200 per month as a supplement to his pension. \circ You need to take a vitamin supplement every morning. **2.** a magazine which is part of a newspaper \circ I read his article in the Sunday supplement. **3.** an additional section at the back of a book \circ Look in the supplement at the back of the book.

supplement² /'sApliment/ (supplements, supplementing, supplemented) verb to add to \circ We will supplement the ordinary staff with six part-timers during the Christmas rush.

supplementary /_sspli'ment(ə)ri/ adj in addition to what is already there

supplier /sə'plaɪə/ *noun* a person, company or country that supplies something

() **supply** /sə'pla1/ noun (plural supplies) a store of something which is needed ○ We have two weeks' supply of coal. ■ verb (supplies, supplying, supplied) to provide something which is needed \circ Details of addresses and phone numbers can be supplied by the store staff. \circ He was asked to supply a blood sample. \circ She was asked to supply the names of two referees. \circ They have signed a contract to supply online information. \diamond in short supply not available in large enough quantities to meet people's needs \circ Fresh vegetables are in short supply during the winter.

(1) **support** /sə'port/ noun 1. an object or structure which stops something from falling \circ They had to build wooden supports to hold up the wall. 2. help or encouragement • We have had no financial support from the bank. 3. an act of encouraging and helping someone, or of agreeing with their plans o The chairman has the support of the committee. \circ She spoke in support of our plan. verb (supports, supporting, **supported**) **1.** to hold something up to stop it falling down \circ The roof is supported on ten huge pillars. 2. to provide money to help someone or something \circ We hope the banks will support us during the develop*ment period.* **3.** to encourage someone or something o Which football team do you support? • She hopes the other members of the committee will support her.

② **supporter** /sə'pɔɪtə/ noun a person who encourages someone or something ○ It sounds a good idea to me – I'm surprised it hasn't attracted more supporters.

support group /sə'pɔɪt gruɪp/ noun a group of people who meet to discuss their problems and help one another

supportive /sə'pɔ:tɪv/ adj who supports, helps or encourages

① **SUPPOSE** /sə'pəʊz/ (**supposes**, **supposing**, **supposed**) verb **1**. to think something is likely to be true or to happen $[-(\text{that})] \circ I$ suppose you've heard the news? \circ Will you be coming to the meeting this evening? -I suppose I'll have to. $\circ I$ don't suppose many people will come. **2**. (showing doubt) what happens if? [-(that)] \circ Suppose it rains tomorrow, do you still want to go for a walk? \circ He's very late – suppose he's had an accident? \circ Suppose I win the lottery! \diamond **1 suppose so** used to give a doubtful 'yes' \circ Please can I go to the party? - Oh, I suppose so.

supposed /sə'pəuzt/ *adj* accepted as true but not definitely true

supposedly /sə'pəuzidli/ *adv* as we suppose

supposition

supposition $/_{sAp} \Rightarrow z_I \int (\Rightarrow) n/$ noun something which is thought to be true or correct, but cannot be proved

SUPPRESS /sə'pres/ (suppresses, suppressing, suppressed) verb 1. to limit something such as a person's freedom \circ *The rebellion was ruthlessly suppressed and its leaders executed.* 2. to stop something being made public \circ *All opposition newspapers have been suppressed.* \circ *They tried to suppress the evidence but it had already got into the newspapers.* 3. to stop yourself showing what you really feel \circ *She suppressed her feeling of annoyance and tried to look happy.* \circ *He couldn't suppress a smile.* (NOTE: + suppression n)

supremacy /su'preməsi/ *noun* the position of being the strongest power

supreme /so'prim/ adj greatest, in the highest position \circ Her dog was supreme champion. \circ It meant one last supreme effort, but they did it.

supremely /su'pri:mli/ adv to the greatest degree

surcharge /'s3:t $\int a:d_3/$ noun an extra charge \circ There is a 10% surcharge on goods that are delivered.

① Sure /∫∪⇒/ adj without any doubt ∘ Is he sure he can borrow his mother's car? ∘ I'm sure I left my wallet in my coat pocket. ∘ It's sure to be cold in Russia in December. ∘ Make sure or be sure that your computer is switched off before you leave. ■ adv mainly US meaning yes ∘ Can I borrow your car? – sure, go ahead! ∘ I need someone to help with this computer program – sure, I can do it.

sure-footed /ʃoː 'fotId/ *adj* **1**. unlikely to trip or fall **2**. confident and not likely to make mistakes

① **surely** ('∫vəli/ adv of course, certainly (used mostly in questions where a certain answer is expected) ○ Surely they can't expect us to work on Sundays? ○ But surely their office is in London, not Oxford? ○ They'll surely complain about the amount of work they have to do.

surf /s3:f/ noun 1. a mass of white foam coming onto a beach on large waves \circ *The surf is too rough for children to bathe.* 2. waves breaking along a shore (NOTE: Do not confuse with **serf**.) **•** *verb* (**surfs, surfing**, **surfed**) to ride on large waves coming onto a beach on a surf board \circ *I'd like to be able to surf*. \circ *It's too dangerous to go surfing today*.

① **Surface** /'s3:f1s/ noun the top part of something \circ When it rains, water collects

on the surface of the road. \circ The surface of the water was completely still. \circ He stayed a long time under water before coming back to the surface. \circ Dinosaurs disappeared from the surface of the earth millions of years ago. \blacksquare verb (surfaces, surfacing, surfaced) to come up to the surface \circ The captain gave orders for the submarine to surface. \circ His fear of failure has surfaced again.

surfboard /'s3:fb5:d/ *noun* a long board made especially for standing on to ride on top of large waves coming onto a beach

surfing /'s3:f1ŋ/ *noun* **1**. to ride waves on a surfboard as a sport or for fun **2**. to keep switching from channel to channel on a television or from site to site on the Internet in no particular order

surge /s3:d3/ noun a sudden increase in the quantity of something \circ The fine weather has brought a surge of interest in camping. \circ The TV commercials generated a surge of orders. \blacksquare verb (surges, surging, surged) 1. to rise suddenly \circ The waves surged up onto the rocks. 2. to move in a mass \circ The crowd surged (forward) onto the football pitch. \circ The fans surged around the pop star's car.

surgeon /'s3:d3ən/ *noun* a doctor who performs medical operations

Surgery /'s3:d3əri/ (plural surgeries) noun 1. treatment of disease in which doctors cut into or remove part of the body \circ She had surgery to straighten her nose. \circ The patient will need surgery to remove the scars left by the accident. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) 2. a room where a doctor or dentist sees and examines patients \circ I phoned the doctor's surgery to make an appointment.

surgical /'s3:d31k(ə)l/ *adj* referring to surgery

surly /'s3:li/ (surlier, surliest) adj extremely unfriendly

surmise /sə'maɪz/ (surmises, surmising, surmised) *verb* to make a guess about something

surmount /sə'maont/ (surmounts, surmounting, surmounted) verb 1. to overcome an obstacle \circ It took us some time to surmount the obstacles in our path. 2. to be on top of \circ The summit is surmounted by an observatory.

③ **surname**/'s3:neIM/ *noun* the name of someone's family, shared by all people in the family. Compare **first name**

surpass /sə'pɑːs/ (surpasses, surpassing, surpassed) *verb* to do better than surplus /'s3:pləs/ noun more goods than are needed

② **surprise** /sə'pratz/ noun 1. the feeling you get when something happens which you did not expect to happen \circ *He ex*pressed surprise when I told him I'd lost my job. \circ To his great surprise, a lot of people bought his book. \circ What a surprise to find that we were at school together! 2. an unexpected event \circ They baked a cake for her birthday as a surprise. \circ What a surprise to see you again after so long! \blacksquare verb (**surprises, surprisng, surprised**) to make someone surprised \circ It wouldn't surprise me if it rained. \circ What surprises me is that she left without saying goodbye.

(2) **surprised** /sə'praizd/ adj feeling or showing surprise \circ She was surprised to see her former boyfriend at the party. \circ We were surprised to hear that he's got a good job.

③ **surprising**/sə'praizıŋ/ adjwhich you do not expect ○ There was a surprising end to the story. ○ Wasn't it surprising to see the two sisters together again? ○ It's hardly surprising she doesn't want to meet you again after what you said.

surreal /sə'rɪəl/ *adj* extremely unusual, as if in a dream

surrender /sə'rendə/ noun giving in to an enemy because you have lost \circ the surrender of the enemy generals \blacksquare verb (surrenders, surrendering, surrendered) to accept that you have been defeated by someone else \circ Our troops were surrounded by the enemy and were forced to surrender.

surreptitious /,s∧rəp'tı∫əs/ adj done in secret

surrogate mother /_IsArəgət 'mAðə/ *noun* a woman who becomes pregnant and has a baby for a woman who is not able to do this herself,

② **Surround** /sə'raond/ (**surrounds**, **surrounding**, **surrounded**) verb to be all round something or someone \circ The house is surrounded by beautiful countryside. \circ The President has surrounded himself with experts.

(3) **surroundings** /sə'raondıŋz/ plural noun the area around a person or place o The surroundings of the hotel are very peaceful. O She found herself in very unpleasant surroundings.

surveillance /sə'veɪləns/ *noun* a careful watch over someone or something

survey¹ /'s3ːveɪ/ *noun* **1**. a way of finding out about something by asking people questions **2**. the careful examination of a building to see if it is in good enough condition

SURVEY² /sə'vei/ (surveys, surveying, surveyed) verb 1. to ask people questions to get information about something \circ *Roughly half the people we surveyed were in favour of the scheme.* \circ *They're surveying the site.* 2. to measure land in order to produce a plan or map \circ *They're surveying the area where the new runway will be built.*

surveyor /sə've1ə/ *noun* **1**. a person who examines buildings to see if they are in good condition **2**. a person who surveys land

(3) **Survival** /sə'vaɪv(ə)l/ noun the state of continuing to exist \circ *The survival of the crew depended on the supplies carried in the boat.* \circ *The survival rate of babies has started to fall.*

(2) SURVIVE /sə'vaɪv/ (survives, surviving, survived) verb to continue to be alive after an experience such as accident, attack or serious illness o It was such a terrible crash, it was miracle that anyone survived. o He survived a massive heart attack.

survivor /sə'vaɪvə/ *noun* a person who is still alive after an experience such as an accident, attack or serious illness

susceptible /sə'sept1b(ə)l/ adj **1**. likely to catch a disease \circ *She is susceptible to colds and throat infections*. **2**. easily influenced \circ *He's very susceptible to pretty women*. **3**. able to be dealt with in a particular way

sushi /'su: ji/ noun small cakes of rice mixed with fish or vegetables and wrapped in seaweed

suspect¹ /sə'spekt/ (suspects, suspecting, suspected) verb 1. to think that something is likely $\circ I$ suspect it's going to be more difficult than we thought at first. \circ We suspected all along that something was wrong. 2. \Box to suspect someone of doing something to think that someone may have done something wrong $\circ I$ suspect him of being involved in the robbery. \circ They were wrongly suspected of taking bribes.

suspect² /'sAspekt/ noun a person who is thought to have committed a crime \circ The police arrested several suspects for questioning. • adj 1. which is not reliable \circ Such high figures for exports look a bit suspect to me. 2. which might be dangerous or illegal \circ a suspect package

suspend /sə'spend/ (suspends, suspending, suspended) verb 1. to hang

suspenders

something \circ The ham is suspended over a smoky fire for some time, which gives it a particular taste. **2.** to stop something for a time \circ Work on the construction project has been suspended. \circ Sailings have been suspended until the weather gets better. **3.** to stop someone from doing something, such as working \circ He has been suspended on full pay while investigations are continuing.

suspenders /sə'spendəz/ plural noun US long narrow bands of material which go over your shoulders to hold up your trousers o He wore bright red suspenders with his jeans. (NOTE: The British term is **brac**es.)

suspense /sə'spens/ *noun* nervous excitement experienced while waiting for something to happen or for someone to do something

suspension /sə'spen \int ən/ noun 1. a system of springs which supports a car and helps it to move smoothly \circ Hydraulic suspension gives you a very smooth ride. 2. the action of hanging from something 3. the action of stopping something for a time \circ suspension of payments by the bank \circ There has been a temporary suspension of deliveries.

suspension bridge /sə'spen \int ən bridʒ/ *noun* a bridʒe which hangs from strong ropes, chains or wires attached to tall towers

Suspicion /sə'spi $\int(3)n/noun 1$. a feeling that something is wrong or that someone has committed a crime \circ His behaviour confirmed my suspicion that he was lying. \circ They were arrested on suspicion of exporting stolen goods. \circ His actions immediately aroused suspicion on the part of the police. \circ The bank regards his business deals with considerable suspicion. **2.** a general feeling that something is going to happen \circ I have a suspicion that he's coming to see me because he wants to borrow some money. \circ Her suspicions proved to be correct when she saw the wedding announced in the paper.

③ **Suspicious** /sə'sp1∫əs/ adj which seems to be wrong, dangerous or connected with a crime ○ *The police found a suspicious package on the station platform.* ○ *We became suspicious when we realised we hadn't seen him for three days.*

SUSS /sAs/ (susses, sussing, sussed) *verb* to discover or understand something such as somebody's reason for doing something, a situation or the correct way to use something (*informal*)

suss out phrasal verb to discover something (informal)

(3) **Sustain** /sə'stein/ (**sustains**, **sustaining**, **sustained**) verb **1**. to make something continue ○ How long can this level of activity be sustained? **2**. to receive an injury (formal) ○ He sustained severe head injuries. **3**. to give you strength ○ You need a good breakfast to sustain you through the day. **4**. to support something ○ Will the roof sustain the weight of the snow?

sustainable /sə'steɪnəb(ə)l/ adj which does not damage natural resources and which leaves the environment in good condition

sustained /sə'steind/ *adj* which continues for a long time

sustenance /'sAstənəns/ noun food

swab /swbb/ noun **1**. a thick piece of soft cloth, often attached to a small stick, used for cleaning a cut in your body or for taking samples of infection for analysis **2**. a sample of infection taken for analysis *o The swabs from his mouth were sent away to the laboratory.* **3**. a cloth for wiping floors clear of water

SWagger /'swægə/ (**swaggers**, **swagger ing**, **swaggered**) *verb* to walk in a proud way, swinging your shoulders \circ *He swaggered into the office, showing off his new suntan*. (NOTE: + **swagger** *n*)

Swahili /swaː'hiːli/ *noun* the language of the Swahili people

③ **SWallow** /'swpləu/ (swallows, swallowing, swallowed) verb to make food or liquid pass down your throat from your mouth to the stomach ○ He swallowed his beer and ran back to the office. ○ She swallowed hard and knocked on the door to the interview room.

swam /swæm/ past tense of swim

swan /swpn/ *noun* a large white water bird with a long curved neck

swansong /'swonson/ *noun* a last performance or appearance

③ SWAP /swDp/ (swaps, swapping, swapped) verb to exchange something for something else \circ Can I swap my tickets for next Friday's show? \circ Let's swap places, so that I can talk to Susan. \circ After every game the players swapped jerseys with the other team.

Swarm /swo:m/ noun a large group of insects flying around together $\circ A$ swarm of flies buzzed around the meat.

swat /swpt/ (**swats**, **swatting**, **swatted**) *verb* to hit and kill a fly

swathe /sweið/ noun a long wide band of land, grass or trees \circ *Great swathes of forest were destroyed in the fire.*

SWAY /swe1/ (sways, swaying, swayed) verb 1. to move slowly and smoothly from side to side \circ The crowd swayed in time to the music. \circ The palm trees swayed in the breeze. 2. to have an influence on someone \circ The committee was swayed by a letter from the president.

SWEAT /sweə/ (swears, swearing, swore, sworn) verb 1. to make a serious public promise \circ He swore he was telling the truth. \circ Do you swear never to go there again? \Box to swear someone to secrecy to make someone swear not to tell a secret \circ He was sworn to secrecy. 2. to shout offensive or rude words \circ They were shouting and swearing at the police. \circ Don't let me catch you swearing again! \diamond I could have sworn I was completely sure \circ I could have sworn I put my keys in my coat pocket.

swear by phrasal verb to believe completely in something (*informal*) \circ He swears by Chinese herbal medicine.

swear word /sweə/ *noun* an offensive or rude word, which most people think should not be spoken

sweat /swet/ noun drops of salt liquid which come through your skin when you are hot or when you are afraid \circ After working in the vineyard he was drenched with sweat. \circ He broke out into a cold sweat when they called his name. \blacksquare verb (sweats, sweating, sweated) to produce sweat \circ He ran up the hill, sweating and red in the face.

sweater /'swetə/ *noun* a thick piece of clothing with sleeves that covers your upper body

sweatshirt /'swet f3:t/ noun a thick cotton shirt with long sleeves

sweatshop /'swet∫op/ *noun* a small factory where people work for long hours and get paid very little money

sweaty /'sweti/ *adj* feeling slightly wet with sweat

swede /swi:d/ *noun* a common vegetable with a round root and yellow flesh, used mainly in soups and stews

③ SWEEP /switp/ (sweeps, sweeping, swept) verb 1. to clear up dust and dirt from the floor with a brush o Have you swept the kitchen floor yet? 2. to move rapidly o She swept into the room with a glass of wine in her hand. o The party swept to

sweep away phrasal verb to carry something away very quickly \circ The river flooded and swept away part of the village.

sweepstake /'swi:psterk/ noun a form of gambling on a horse race where each person bets on a certain horse, and the holder of the winning ticket takes all the money which has been bet

(2) sweet /swirt/ adj 1. tasting like sugar, and neither sour nor bitter \circ *These apples* are sweeter than those green ones. 2. very kind or pleasant o He sent me such a sweet *birthday card.* \circ *It was sweet of her to send* me flowers. \circ What a sweet little girl! \circ How sweet of you to help me with my luggage! • noun 1. a small piece of sweet food, made with sugar \circ She bought some sweets to eat in the cinema. \circ He likes to suck sweets when he is driving. 2. sweet food eaten at the end of a meal o What's on the menu for sweet? \circ I'm afraid I haven't made a sweet. \circ I won't have any sweet, thank you, just some coffee. \diamond to have a **sweet tooth** to like sweet food \circ *He's very* fond of puddings – he's got a real sweet tooth!

sweet chestnut/swi:t 't fesnAt/ noun a chestnut from a sweet chestnut tree, which produces edible fruit (*fruit*)

sweetcorn /'swirt korn/ noun the large yellow seeds of a type of maize, eaten cooked

sweeten /'swirt(\Im)n/ (sweetens, sweetening, sweetened) verb to make something sweet \circ Use honey to sweeten your cereal instead of sugar.

sweetener /'swirt(\ni)n \ni / noun **1**. an artificial substance such as saccharin added to food to make it sweet **2**. a bribe \circ *She was accused of taking sweeteners from building contractors.*

sweetheart /'swi:tha:t/ noun a boyfriend or girlfriend (old) \circ They were sweethearts when they were at school or They were childhood sweethearts.

sweetness /'swirtnəs/ noun a state of being sweet

sweet pepper /swi:t 'pepə/ *noun* a red, yellow or green vegetable, eaten raw in salads, fried, or baked in the oven

sweet potato /swi:t pə'teɪtəʊ/ noun a vegetable like a long red potato with sweet yellow flesh

swell /swel/ verb (swells, swelling, swelled, swollen or swelled) to become

swelling

larger, usually because of an illness or injury \circ Her feet started to swell. \circ More people arrived to swell the crowd outside the shop. \blacksquare noun the movement of large waves in the open sea \circ The boat rose and fell with the swell. \circ There's a heavy swell running.

swelling /'swelɪŋ/ *noun* a condition where liquid forms in part of the body, making that part swell up

swell up verb to become larger or to increase in size \circ She was bitten by an insect and her hand swelled up.

sweltering /'swelt(ə)rıŋ/ adj very hot

swept /swept/ past tense and past participle of **sweep**

SWETVE /SW3IV/ (swerves, swerving, swerved) verb to move suddenly to one side \circ They think the car swerved to the left and hit a wall. \circ She had to swerve to avoid the bicycle. (NOTE: + swerve n)

swift /swift/ adj very fast \circ Their phone call brought a swift response from the police.

swig /swig/ (swigs, swigging, swigged) verb to drink something in large mouthfuls (informal) ○ They stopped and swigged water from a bottle.

swill /swil/ (**swills, swilling, swilled**) verb **1.** to wash a floor with a lot of water **2.** to drink a lot of alcohol \circ swilling pints of beer

(2) SWIM /swIM/ verb (swims, swimming, swam, swum) to move in the water using your arms and legs to push you along ○ She can't swim, but she's taking swimming lessons. ○ She swam across the English Channel. ○ Salmon swim upstream to get to their spawning grounds. ■ noun an occasion when you swim ○ What about a swim before breakfast? ○ It's too cold for a swim.

swimmer /'swimə/ noun a person who is swimming

(2) **swimming** /'swimin/ *noun* the activity or sport of moving through water using your arms and legs

swimming costume /'swimiŋ ,kɒstju:m/ *noun* a piece of clothing worn by women or girls when swimming

swimming pool /'swimiŋ puːl/ noun a large pool for swimming

swimming trunks /'swimiŋ traŋks/ *plural noun* short trousers worn by men and boys when swimming

swimsuit /'swimsuit/ *noun* a one-piece swimming costume for women and girls

swindle f'swind(v) (swindles, swindling, swindled) verb to get money from someone by a trick \circ She said she had been swindled by the bank. \circ He swindled the old lady out of £10,000. (NOTE: + swindle n)

swine /swain/ noun 1. pigs (old) 2. an unpleasant man (insult) \circ He's a swine – he keeps us working all day long and pays us peanuts. \circ You rotten swine!

(2) swing /swinj/ verb (swings, swinging, swung) to move from side to side or forwards and backwards, while hanging from a central point ○ Swing your arms round to warm up the muscles. ○ He swung up and down on the garden swing. ○ A window swung open and a man looked out. ■ noun a seat held by two ropes or chains, to sit on and move backwards and forwards, usually outdoors ○ a garden swing

swipe /swa1p/ noun a punch \circ He took a swipe at the man who tried to steal his wallet. \blacksquare verb (swipes, swiping, swiped) 1. to steal (informal) 2. to pass a credit card or charge card through a machine that reads its details 3. to hit someone or or something or try to hit someone or something

swipe card /'swaɪp kɑːd/ *noun* a credit card or charge card which can be read by an electronic machine

swirl /sw3:1/ noun a twisting movement ○ Swirls of smoke came out of the chimney. ■ verb (**swirls**, **swirling**, **swirled**) to move with a twisting motion ○ Clouds of smoke were swirling round the factory.

swish /swif/ (swishes, swishing, swished) verb to move making a regular quiet sound \circ We sat by the motorway, listening to the cars swishing past. (NOTE: + swish n)

② **switch** /swit∫/ noun a small object which you push up or down to stop or start a piece of electrical equipment o The switch to turn off the electricity is in the *cupboard.* \circ *There is a light switch by the* hed. verb (switches, switching, switched) 1. to do something different suddenly [~from/to/~between] \circ We decided to switch from gas to electricity. \circ He likes to switch between working in television and the theatre. 2. to change or exchange something \circ Let's switch places. \circ He switched flights in Montreal and went on to Calgary.

switch off phrasal verb 1. to make an piece of electrical equipment stop \circ Don't forget to switch off the TV before you go to bed. \circ She forgot to switch her car lights off or switch off her car lights. \circ The kettle switches itself off automatically when it boils. **2.** to stop listening to what someone is saying (informal) \circ If you talk too slowly, everyone starts to switch off. \circ I just switched off once the discussion started getting too technical.

switch on phrasal verb to make a piece of electrical equipment start \circ Can you switch the radio on - it's time for the evening news. \circ When you put the light on in the bathroom, the fan switches itself on automatically.

switchboard /'switfbo:d/ noun a central point in a telephone system, where all internal and external lines meet

swivel /'swiv(\ominus)l/ (swivels, swivelling, swivelled) verb to turn around a point \circ Swivel your chair to face the monitor. \circ He swivelled round in his chair and looked out of the window.

③ **Swollen** /'swəʊlən/ past participle of **swell** ■ *adj* much bigger than usual

swoop /swu:p/ (swoops, swooping, swooped) verb to come down quickly \circ The planes swooped (down) low over the enemy camp.

swop /swop/ noun, verb same as swap

sword /sold/ noun a weapon with a handle and a long sharp blade

swordfish /'sɔːdfɪʃ/ *noun* a fish with a long pointed upper jaw like a sword

swore /swoi/ past tense of swear

swot /swot/ verb (swots, swotting, swotted) to study hard ■ noun a person who you dislike because they study very hard

swum /swnm/ past participle of swim

SWUNG/swAŋ/ past tense and past participle of **swing**

sycamore /'sikəmɔi/ noun a large tree of the maple family

(3) **syllable** /'sɪləb(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a whole word or part of a word which has one single sound. \Rightarrow **monosyllable**

syllabus /'sɪləbəs/ (plural **syllabi** or **syllabuses**) noun a list of subjects to be studied

③ **symbol** /'simbəl/ noun a sign, letter, picture or shape which means something or shows something [~off~for] ○ *The crown* was the symbol of the empire. ○ *The olive* branch is a symbol of peace. ○ *Pb* is the chemical symbol for lead. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **cymbal**.)

symbolism /'simbəliz(ə)m/ noun 1. using symbols to express things such as feelings \circ The symbolism of chopping down the orchard as the old man watched was *obvious.* **2.** a movement in literature and art in the 19th century in which feelings were not expressed in a straightforward way

symmetrical /sɪ'metrɪk(ə)l/ adj with two sides exactly the same

③ **symmetry** /'sɪmətri/ *noun* a state where two sides of something are exactly the same

(3) **sympathetic** /,simpə'θetik/ *adj* showing that you understand someone's problems

sympathise /'simpə θ aiz/ (sympathises, sympathising, sympathised), sympathised), sympathize verb 1. to show that you understand someone's problems [~with] \circ *My* husband snores too – I sympathise! \circ I get back pains, and I sympathise with all fellow sufferers. 2. to agree with or support someone or something [~with] \circ I sympathise with their goals but not their methods of achieving them

(3) **sympathy** /'simpə θ i/ noun a feeling of understanding for someone else's problems, or after someone's death [~for] \circ I have no sympathy for those students who didn't work hard. \circ We received many messages of sympathy when my wife died.

symphony *I*'simfəni/ (*plural* **symphonies**) *noun* a long piece of music in several parts, called 'movements', played by a full orchestra

symptom /'simptom/ noun 1. a change in the body, showing that a disease is present o *He has all the symptoms of flu.* a visible sign which shows that something is happening o *Factory closures are seen as a symptom of economic failure.*

symptomatic /,simptə'mætik/ adj showing that something exists (*formal*)

synagogue /'sɪnəgɒg/ *noun* a building where people of the Jewish faith pray and study their religion

syndicate /'sındıkət/ noun a group of people or companies working together to make money \circ a German finance syndicate

syndrome /'sindrəom/ noun 1. a group of symptoms which, taken together, show that a particular disease is present \circ *Their daughter has Down's syndrome.* 2. a general feeling or way of approaching a situation \circ It's an example of the 'let's go home early on Friday afternoon' syndrome.

synonym /'sinənim/ *noun* a word which means almost the same as another word

synonymous /sɪ'nɒnɪməs/ *adj* meaning the same

synopsis

synopsis /sɪ'nɒpsɪs/ (*plural* **synopses**) *noun* a short text, giving the basic details of something

③ **syntax** /'sɪntæks/ *noun* the grammatical rules for putting words together into phrases

synthesis /'sɪnθəsɪs/ (*plural* **syntheses**) *noun* producing something by combining a number of smaller elements

③ **synthetic** /sin' θ etik/ adj made from artificial materials \circ *The coat she was wearing was made of synthetic fur.*

syphilis /'sifəlis/ *noun* a serious sexually transmitted disease

syphon /'sarf(ə)n/ another spelling of siphon

syringe /s1'r1nd3/ *noun* a surgical instrument made of a tube with a plunger which slides down inside it, forcing the contents

out through a needle to give an injection \circ *I close my eyes when I see the dentist's syringe ready.*

syrup /'sırəp/ noun a sweet liquid \circ To make syrup, dissolve sugar in a cup of boiling water.

① **system** /'sistəm/ noun **1**. a group of things which work together \circ the system of motorways or the motorway system \circ the London underground railway system **2**. a way in which things are organised [~for] \circ I've got my own system for dealing with invoices.

systematic / sistə'mætik/ *adj* well-organised

systems analyst /'sistəmz ,ænəlist/ noun a person who examines computer systems

Т

t /ti:/, **T** noun the twentieth letter of the alphabet, between S and U

ta /toː/ interj thank you (informal)

tab /tæb/ noun **1**. a small piece of paper or cloth which sticks out from a surface, used, e.g., for pulling open a box \circ *Pull the tab* up to lift the cover off the box. **2**. a piece of metal which you pull to open a drinks can \circ The tab of the beer can came off when I tried to open it. **3**. \Box **to pick up the tab** to pay the bill (informal) \circ I'll take you all out to lunch – the company will pick up the tab. **4**. the tab key on a keyboard \diamond **to keep tabs on someone** to keep watch on someone \circ I'm not too happy about the performance of our new representative in the Far East – you had better keep tabs on him for a while.

tabby /'tæbi/ noun a cat with brown or orange stripes

tab key /'tæb ki:/ *noun* a key on a keyboard which you press to jump forward to a set place on the line

① **table** /'teɪb(ə)l/ noun **1**. a piece of furniture with a flat top and legs, used to eat or work at \circ We had breakfast sitting round the kitchen table. \circ He asked for a table by the window. \circ She says she booked a table for six people for 12.30. **2**. a list of numbers, facts, or information set out in an organised way

tablecloth /'teIb(ϑ)l₁klb θ / *noun* a cloth which covers a table during a meal

tablespoon /'teib(\Rightarrow)lspu:n/ noun **1**. a large spoon for serving food at table **2**. an amount held in a tablespoon \circ Add two tablespoons of sugar.

tablet /'tæblət/ *noun* a small round pill taken as medicine \circ *Take two tablets before meals*.

table tennis /'teɪb(ə)l ,tenɪs/ noun a game similar to tennis, but played on a large table with a net across the centre, with small round bats and a very light white ball

tabloid /'tæbloɪd/ noun a newspaper with a small page size, usually containing a lot

of information about famous people, and not much serious news (NOTE: Large format newspapers are called **broadsheets**.)

taboo /tə'bu:/ adj not talked about because of being rude or embarrassing \circ *Talking about pay rises is taboo in this office.* \circ *Money used to be a taboo subject at home.* \blacksquare *noun* a custom which forbids something \circ *There is a taboo against eating pork in the Muslim religion.*

tack /tæk/ noun 1. a small nail with a wide head 2. (in sewing) a loose stitch used to hold cloth in place when making clothes, which can be removed later o She put in a row of tacks to show where the pockets were to go. 3. a movement of a sailing boat in a certain direction as it sails against the wind verb (tacks, tacking, tacked) 1. to nail something down using tacks \circ He tacked down the edge of the carpet. 2. to make a loose stitch which will be taken out later \circ She tacked up the hem of her skirt. to change tack to start doing something different o Originally he offered to pay all the costs of the party and then changed tack and asked everyone to pay for themselves.

tack on *phrasal verb* to add something at the end

③ **tackle** /'tæk(\Im)l/ verb (**tackles**, **tack**ling, **tackled**) **1**. to try to deal with a problem or job \circ You can't tackle a job like changing the central heating system on your own. \circ You start cleaning the dining room and I'll tackle the washing up. **2**. (in football, etc.) to try to get the ball from an opposing player \circ He was tackled before he could score. \bullet noun equipment \circ He brought his fishing tackle with him.

tacky /'tæki/ (**tackier**, **tackiest**) adj looking cheap and of bad quality \circ *The decorations were expensive, but they just look tacky*.

taco /'tækəu/ noun a Mexican savoury pastry that is filled with meat and vegetables, and cooked until it is hard **tact** /tækt/ *noun* being careful not to offend people, being careful to say the right thing

tactful /'tæktf(ə)l/ adj showing tact

tactic /'tæktık/ noun a way of doing something so as to get an advantage (often plural) \circ His tactic is to wait until near closing time, when the supermarket reduces the price of bread.

tactless /'tæktləs/ *adj* offensive, not always intentionally

tad $/t \approx d/ \Box$ **a** tad a little, a bit \circ *I'll have a* tad more, if *I* may. \circ *I* thought that lesson was a tad boring.

tadpole /'tædpəul/ noun a frog in its first stage after hatching, when it has a body and tail

taffeta /'tæfītə/ *noun* a stiff shiny material often used to make women's clothes

tag /tæg/ noun **1**. a label or a piece of paper or plastic attached to something to show e.g. a price, contents, or someone's name and address **2**. a children's game where the first child has to try to touch another one who then chases the others in turn \circ *They were playing tag in the school playground*. **•** *verb* (tags, tagging, tagged) to attach a label to something

t'ai chi/,taɪ 'tʃi:/ *noun* a Chinese form of very slow physical exercise aimed at assisting relaxation and improving balance

(2) tail /teil/ noun 1. a long thin part at the end of the body of an animal or bird, which can move \circ All you could see was a slight movement of the cat's tail. \circ The dog rushed up to him, wagging its tail. 2. an end or back part of something \circ The tail of the queue stretched round the corner and into the next street. \circ I prefer to sit near the tail of the aircraft.

tail off phrasal verb to become fainter or less

tailback /'teɪlbæk/ *noun* a long line of cars that is moving very slowly, or not moving at all

tailgate /'teilgeit/ noun US a door at the back of a car, that opens to give access to the storage space \circ *He had difficulty shutting the tailgate over the box.*

tail light /'teɪl laɪt/ *noun* a back light of a vehicle

tailor /'tetlə/ noun a person who makes clothes for men \circ He gets all his clothes made by a tailor in Oxford Street. \blacksquare verb (tailors, tailoring, tailored) to adapt something to fit a particular need \circ The payments can be tailored to suit your requirements. \circ This course is tailored to the needs of women going back to work.

tailor-made / teilə 'meid/ adj made to fit certain needs

(1) **take** /teik/ (takes, taking, took, taken) *verb* **1**. to lift and move something \circ *She* took the pot of jam down from the shelf. \circ *The waiter took the tablecloth off the table.* **2.** to carry something to another place \circ Can you take this cheque to the bank for me, please? 3. to go with someone or something to another place \circ *He's taking* the children to school. \circ They took the car to the garage. \circ We took a taxi to the hotel. **4.** to steal something \circ *Someone's taken my* watch. 5. to go away with something which someone else was using o Someone has taken the newspaper I was reading. 0 Who's taken my cup of coffee? 6. to use or occupy something o Sorry, all these seats are taken. 7. to do a test o You must go to bed early because you'll be taking your exams tomorrow morning. \circ She had to take her driving test three times before she fi*nally passed.* 8. to accept something \circ If they offer you the job, take it immediately. **9.** to do certain actions \circ We took our holiday in September this year. \circ She's taking a shower after going to the beach. \circ She took a photograph or took a picture of the Tower of London. \circ She needs to take a *rest.* **10.** to need a certain amount of time or number of people o It took three strong men to move the piano. \circ They took two days or it took them two days to get to London. \circ When he wants to watch a TV programme it never seems to take him long to finish his homework. \diamond to take place to happen \circ *The reception will take place on* Saturday.

take after phrasal verb to look like a parent or relative

take away(3) phrasal verb 1. to remove something or someone o Take those scissors away from little Nicky – he could cut *himself.* \circ *The ambulance came and took her away.* \circ *The police took away piles of documents from the office.* **2.** to subtract one number from another (NOTE: Take away is usually shown by the sign -: 10 -4 = 6: say 'ten take away four equals six'.) take back(3) phrasal verb 1. to go back with something \circ *If the trousers are too* short you can take them back to the shop. 2. to accept something which someone has brought back \circ *I took my trousers to* the shop where I had bought them, but they wouldn't take them back because I *didn't have a receipt.* **3.** to withdraw

take down phrasal verb 1. to reach up and bring something down $\circ I$ took the jar down from the shelf. 2. to bring something down which had been put up $\circ On$ January 6th we take down the Christmas decorations. \circ They have finished the roof and are taking down the scaffolding. 3. to write down \circ The policeman took down his name and address.

take in (3) phrasal verb 1. to bring inside something which was outside \circ In October they took in the lemon trees from the gardens. 2. to understand something \circ I don't think she took in anything of what you said. 3. to deceive someone \circ Thousands of people were taken in by the advertisement. 4. to make a piece of clothing smaller \circ Can you take these trousers in? – They're much too loose round the waist.

take off(3) phrasal verb 1. to remove something, especially your clothes \circ He took off all his clothes or he took all his clothes off. \circ Take your dirty boots off before you come into the kitchen. \diamond hat 2. to make an amount smaller \circ He took £25 off the price. 3. (of a plane) to leave the ground \circ The plane took off at 4.30. 4. to start to rise fast \circ Sales took off after the TV commercials. 5. to imitate someone in a funny way \circ He likes to make everyone laugh by taking off the head teacher.

take on phrasal verb **1**. to agree to do a job \circ She's taken on a part-time job in addition to the one she's already got. **2**. to agree to have someone as a worker \circ The shop has taken on four trainees. \circ We need to take on more staff to cope with the work. **3**. to fight someone \circ It seems he is taking on the whole government.

take out(3) phrasal verb 1. to pull something out \circ He took out a gun and waved it around. \circ The dentist had to take my tooth out. 2. to invite someone to go out \circ I'm taking all the office staff out for a drink. \diamond to take it out on someone to make someone suffer because you are upset or worried \circ He keeps on taking it out on his secretary.

take over phrasal verb 1. to start to do something in place of someone else \circ Miss Black took over from Mr Jones on May 1st. \circ Thanks for looking after the switchboard for me – I'll take over from you now. \circ When our history teacher was ill, the English teacher had to take over his classes. \circ The Socialists took over from the Conservatives. **2.** to buy a business by buying most of its shares \circ The company was taken over by a big group last month.

take to phrasal verb 1. to start to do something as a habit \circ He's taken to looking under his bed every night to make sure no one is hiding there. \circ She's recently taken to wearing trousers to work. 2. to start to like someone \circ She took to her boss right away.

take up phrasal verb 1. to fill a space or time o This settee takes up too much room. \circ Being in charge of the staff sports club takes up too much of my time. 2. to remove something which was on a floor or other low surface o You will need to take up the rugs if you want to polish the floor. 3. to start to do a certain activity • She was over fifty when she took up long-distance running. 4.

to take someone up on something to accept an offer made by someone o He asked me if I wanted two tickets to Wimbledon and I took him up on his offer. 5. to make something such as a skirt or dress shorter \circ Can you take up the hem of this coat?

takeaway /'teikəwei/ noun a shop where you can buy cooked food to eat somewhere else ○ There's an Indian takeaway round the corner. ○ We had a Chinese takeaway. ■ noun, adj a hot meal that you buy in a shop and eat somewhere else ○ We had a takeaway Chinese meal.

taken /'teikən/ past participle of take

takeoff /'teikof/ noun 1. (of an aircraft) the act of leaving the ground \circ The takeoff was without any problems. \circ I always ask for a seat by the window, so that I can watch the takeoff. 2. an amusing imitation of someone \circ He did a wonderful takeoff of the head teacher.

takeover /'teikəuvə/ noun **1**. the buying of a controlling interest in a business by buying more than 50% of the shares \circ *The takeover may mean that a lot of people will lose their jobs*. **2**. occupying a country and removing the government \circ *Many people were killed during the military takeover.*

talcum powder /'tælkəm ,paudə/ *noun* soft scented powder, used to soften the skin or reduce rubbing

③ tale /teil/ noun a story (literary)

③ **talent** /'tælənt/ *noun* an ability or skill [~for] \circ *At university, he showed a talent for*

acting. \circ Her many talents include singing and playing the piano.

talented /'tælənt1d/ adj with a lot of talent

talisman /'tælizmən/ *noun* an object believed to give protection to somebody carrying or wearing it

① **talk** /to:k/ verb (talks, talking, talked) to say things, to speak [~about/~to/with] $\circ I$ didn't understand what he was talking about. \circ We must talk to the neighbours about their noisy dog – it kept me awake again last night. \circ We talked for hours. \blacksquare noun 1. a conversation, a discussion [~with] $\circ I$ had a long talk with my father about what I should study at university. \circ We had a little talk, and she agreed with what the committee had decided. **2**. a lecture about a subject [~on] \circ He gave a short talk on the history of the town.

talk into phrasal verb \Box to talk someone into doing something to persuade someone to do something \circ The salesman talked us into buying a new car.

talk over(3) phrasal verb to discuss something

talk round *phrasal verb* to persuade someone to change their mind

talkative /'tɔ:kətɪv/ *adj* liking to talk a lot, or sometimes too much

talker / $t \Im k \Im$ / *noun* a person who talks a lot

② tall /tɔ:l/ adj high, usually higher than normal ○ the tallest building in London ○ Can you see those tall trees over there? ○ He's the tallest boy in his class. ○ How tall are you? - I'm 1 metre 68 centimetres. ○ His brother is over six feet tall. (NOTE: Tall is used with people and thin things like trees or skyscrapers; for things which are a long way above the ground use high: high clouds, a high mountain.)

tally /'tæli/ noun a note, account or score • What's the tally in the race so far? – We've had two crashes and four retirements through mechanical failure. • The scorer keeps a tally of the runs scored. • Did you keep a tally of all your expenses? • verb (tallies, tallying, tallied) to agree • The totals in the two columns don't tally. • The figures in my notebook tally with the computer figures.

talon /'tælən/ noun the big claw of a bird of prey

tambourine /,tæmbə'ri:n/ *noun* a small drum with metal discs attached to the rim, so that they jangle when it is hit **tame** /teim/ (tamer, tamest) adj a tame animal can live with people because it is no longer wild \circ Don't be afraid of that fox – he's perfectly tame.

tamper /'tæmpə/ (tampers, tampering, tampered) verb \Box to tamper with something to change something that you should not touch \circ Someone has been tampering with the weighing machine. \circ I hope no one tampered with the test sample.

tampon /'tæmpon/ noun a tube of absorbent material placed inside the vagina to soak up menstrual blood \circ *I need to buy a packet of tampons from the chemist.*

tan /tæn/ noun a brownish-yellow colour of the skin after being in the sun \circ She got a tan from spending each day on the beach. \diamond suntan \blacksquare verb (tans, tanning, tanned) to get brown from being in the sun \circ She tans easily - just half an hour in the sun and she's quite brown.

tandem /'tændəm/ noun a bicycle for two people \circ I'm sure that's the second time today we've passed that couple on their tandem. \diamond in tandem together, in pairs \circ They worked in tandem for many years.

tandoori /tæn'doəri/ (plural tandooris) noun 1. a method of Indian cooking where the food is usually marinated in yoghurt and spices, then cooked in a traditional clay oven 2. food cooked in this way

tangent /'tændʒənt/ noun a line which touches a curve without cutting through it \circ The line AB forms a tangent to the circle at the point P. \diamond to fly or to go off at a tangent, to go off on a tangent to start talking about something quite different \circ He suddenly flew off at a tangent and started talking about his car. \circ She went off at a tangent almost from the beginning of the discussion.

tangerine /,tændʒə'ri:n/ *noun* a kind of small orange with soft skin which peels easily

tangible /'tændʒəb(ə)l/ *adj* which is real or noticeable

tangle with *phrasal verb* to get into an argument with someone \circ *Tourists are advised not to tangle with the local football supporters.*

tango /'tæŋgəu/ noun a South American dance for two people, where you glide sideways

(2) **tank** /tæŋk/ noun 1. a large container for liquids \circ How much oil is left in the tank? 2. an army vehicle which is covered in strong metal, has tracks instead of wheels and has powerful guns \circ Tanks rolled along the main streets of the town.

tankard /'tæŋkəd/ noun a large mug for drinking beer

tanker /'tæŋkə/ noun a ship or lorry for carrying liquids, especially oil

tanned /tænd/ *adj* brown from having been exposed to the sun

tantrum /'tæntrəm/ *noun* a sudden attack of uncontrollable bad temper

(3) **tap** /tæp/ noun an object which you turn in order to let liquid or gas come out of a pipe ○ He washed his hands under the tap in the kitchen. ■ verb (taps, tapping, tapped) to hit something gently [~on] ○ Someone tapped me on the shoulder. ◇ on tap available when you need it ○ We should have all this information on tap.

(2) tape /teip/ noun 1. a long narrow piece of cloth or plastic \circ She stitched tape along the bottom of the sleeves to stop it fraying. 2. same as magnetic tape
and magnetic tape special plastic tape on which sounds and pictures can be recorded, also used for recording computer data \square on tape recorded on magnetic tape o We have the whole conversation on tape. • verb (tapes, taping, taped) 1. to record something on tape or on video \circ The whole conversation was taped by the police. \circ I didn't see the programme because I was at work, but I've taped it. 2. to attach something with sticky tape \circ She taped up the box before taking it to the post office.

tape deck /'teip dek/ noun a part of a stereo system, which plays tapes

tape measure /'teIp ,me3ə/ noun a measuring tape, a long strip marked in centimetres or inches, used for measuring

taper /'teipə/ (tapers, tapering, tapered) verb 1. to make something thinner at the end \circ You will need to taper the piece of wood to make it fit into the hole. 2. to become thinner at the end \circ Her new shoes taper to a point.

taper off phrasal verb to become less thick, strong, large, etc. \circ Interest in the project seems to have tapered off.

tapestry /'tæpistri/ (plural tapestries) noun a thick woven cloth with a picture or design, usually hung on walls or used to cover chairs \circ The walls were hung with tapestries.

tap water /'tæp wo:tə/ noun water which comes through pipes into a building **tar** /tɑ:/ noun a similar black oily substance which comes from burning tobacco o cigarettes with low tar content or low tar *cigarettes* \blacksquare *verb* (tars, tarring, tarred) to cover with melted tar \circ *a special machine for tarring roads*

tarantula /tə'ræntjulə/ noun a large mildly poisonous tropical spider

(2) target /'ta:git/ noun 1. an object which you aim at e.g. with a gun \circ His last shot missed the target altogether. \circ She hit the target three times in all. 2. a goal which you try to reach [~of] \Box to set targets to fix quantities of work which employees have to produce \Box to meet a target to produce the quantity of goods or sales which is expected \circ We need to set targets for our sales staff to meet. \Box to miss a target not to produce the amount of goods or sales which is expected \circ The factory missed its production targets again this year.

tariff /'tærɪf/ noun **1**. a tax to be paid for importing or exporting goods **2**. a list of prices for things such as electricity, gas or water \circ *The new winter tariff will be introduced next week.*

Tarmac /'to:mæk/ trademark a trademark for a hard road surface made of tar mixed with small stones \circ The sun was so hot, the Tarmac was starting to melt.

tarnish /'tɑ:nɪʃ/ (**tarnishes, tarnishing, tarnished**) verb **1**. (of metal) to become discoloured \circ Silver tarnishes easily on contact with the air. **2**. to ruin a reputation \circ The sex scandal has irreparably tarnished his reputation as a politician.

tarot /'tærəʊ/ *noun* a special set of cards with pictures on them, such as the Emperor, the Pope, the Hanged Man and the Fool, used in telling fortunes

tarpaulin /tɑː'pɔ:lɪn/ *noun* a piece of thick waterproof canvas, used to cover things left outside

tart /tart/ noun a woman who looks or dresses like a prostitute (offensive)

tartan /'t α :t(ϑ)n/ noun a distinctive pattern in such a cloth, worn by members of a Scottish clan \circ My Scottish grandmother gave me a rug with the Mackay tartan on it or a Mackay tartan rug.

① **task** /ta:sk/ noun something, especially a piece of work, that has to be done \circ *He had the unpleasant task of telling his mother about it.*

taskbar /'tɑːskbɑː/ *noun* a display on a computer screen with symbols showing which programs are open and operating

task force /'to:sk fo:s/ noun a special group of people chosen to carry out a difficult task

tassel /'tas(a)*l*/ *noun* a group of threads tied together to form a ball, with the ends hanging free

(2) taste /teist/ noun 1. one of the five senses, by which you can tell differences of flavour between things you eat, using your tongue \circ She loves the taste of oranges. \circ I've got a cold, so I've lost all sense of *taste.* **2.** a flavour of something that you eat or drink o The pudding has a funny or strange taste. \circ Do you like the taste of garlic? • This milk shake has no taste at all. verb (tastes, tasting, tasted) 1. to notice the taste of something with your tongue \circ Can you taste the garlic in this soup? \circ She's got a cold so she can't taste anything. **2.** to have a certain taste \circ This cheese tastes like soap. \circ The bread tastes vaguely of onions. \circ The pudding tastes very good. 3. to try food or drink to see if you like it o Would you like to taste the wine?

taste buds /'terst bAdz/ plural noun areas on your tongue which enable you to tell differences in flavour

tasteful /'teistf(ə)l/ adj showing good taste

tasteless /'teistləs/ adj 1. with no special flavour \circ Chicken can be quite tasteless unless you add herbs to it. 2. showing bad taste \circ a restaurant with tasteless decorations \circ She made a tasteless remark about her mother's dress.

③ **tasty** /'teisti/ (tastier, tastiest) adj with a pleasant taste

tattoo /tæ'tu:/ noun **1**. a decoration on skin made by pricking with a needle and putting colour into the wound \circ *She has a little tattoo of a rose on her left shoulder.* **2**. a military parade \circ *Crowds went to see the tattoo last night.*

tatty /'tæti/ *adj* worn out, in bad condition (3) **taught** /to:t/ past tense and past participle of **teach**

taunt /to:nt/ (taunts, taunting, taunted) verb to jeer at someone sarcastically \circ He taunted the minister with or about his financial problems. (NOTE: + taunt n)

Taurus /'tɔːrəs/ *noun* one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a bull, covering the period 20th April to 20th May

taut /toxt/ adj stretched tight

① tax /tæks/ noun money taken by the government from things such as people's incomes and sales, to pay for government services $[-\circ n] \circ$ The government is planning to introduce a tax on food. \circ You must pay your tax on the correct date. \circ The

newspaper headline says 'TAXES TO GO UP'.

(3) **taxation** $/t \approx k' \sin j(a)n/$ noun the action of imposing taxes

tax evasion / tæks 1, ve13(ə)n/ noun illegally trying not to pay tax

③ **taxi** /'tæksi/ noun a car which you can hire with a driver ○ Can you call a taxi to take me to the airport? ○ Why aren't there any taxis at the station today? ○ There are no buses on Sunday afternoons, so we had to take a taxi to the party. (NOTE: also often called a **cab** and sometimes **taxicab**)

taxi rank /'tæksi ræŋk/ *noun* a place in the street where taxis can wait

taxpayer /'tækspe1ə/ *noun* a person who pays tax, especially income tax

tax return /'tæks rɪ,t 3:n/ *noun* a form to be filled in to inform the tax office of your earnings and allowances

tea /ti:/ noun 1. a drink made from hot water which has been poured onto the dried leaves of a tropical plant ○ Can I have another cup of tea or some more tea? ○ I don't like tea - can I have coffee instead?
 a cup of tea ○ Can we have two teas and two cakes, please?
 the dried leaves of a tropical plant used to make a warm drink ○ We've run out of tea, can you put it on your shopping list? ○ Put a spoonful of tea into the pot and add boiling water.
 a meal eaten in the late afternoon or early evening ○ The children have had their tea.

teabag /'ti:bæg/, **tea bag** noun a small paper bag with tea leaves in it which you put into the pot with hot water

① **teach** /tirt \int / (teaches, teaching, taught) verb to show someone how to do something \circ She taught me how to dance. \circ He teaches maths in the local school.

① **teacher** /'tirt $\int \partial / noun$ a person who teaches, especially in a school $\circ Mr$ Jones is our maths teacher. \circ The French teacher is ill today. \circ He trained as a primary school teacher. ϕ **pet**

① **teaching** /'ti:tJin/ noun the work of being a teacher or of giving lessons \circ The report praised the high standard of teaching at the college. \circ He was working in a bank, but has decided to go into teaching instead.

teacup /'ti:kAp/ noun a cup for drinking tea out of

teak/ti:k/ noun 1. the hard wood of a tropical tree, which is resistant to water, and is used for making things such as outdoor furniture \circ We bought some teak furniture for the patio. \circ The table is solid teak. 2. the large tropical tree which produces this wood \circ the teak forests of Indonesia

(1) **team** /ti:m/ noun 1. a group of people who play a game together ○ *There are eleven people in a football team and fifteen in a rugby team.* ○ *She's in the team for next Saturday's game.* 2. a group of people who work together [~of] ○ *We have a team of scientists tracking the animals' movements.* ○ *They make a very effective team.*

team-mate /'ti:mmeIt/ noun someone in the same team as you

teamwork /'ti:mw3:k/ noun working together as a group

teapot /⁺ti:pot/ *noun* a container which is used for making tea in

② **tear**¹ /tɪə/ noun a drop of salt water which forms in your eye when you cry \circ *Tears were running down her cheeks.* \Box **to burst into tears** to suddenly start crying \diamond **in tears** crying \circ *All the family were in tears.*

tear² /teə/ verb (tears, tearing, tore, torn) 1. to make a hole in something by pulling \circ He tore his trousers climbing over the fence. \circ My coat is torn – can it be mended? 2. to pull something into small pieces \circ He tore the letter in half. \circ She tore up old newspapers to pack the cups and saucers. \blacksquare noun a place where something has a hole in it from being torn \circ Can you mend the tear in my jeans? \diamond wear and tear

tear apart phrasal verb to pull something to pieces

tear down phrasal verb **1**. to knock something down \circ They tore down the old town hall and replaced it with a supermarket. **2**. to remove a piece of paper or cloth which is hanging up \circ The crowd tore down the pictures of the president. \circ The police tore down the opposition party's election posters.

tearful /'tɪəf(ə)l/ adj sad, crying

tear gas /'t1ə gæs/ noun gas which makes your eyes burn, used by police to control crowds

tear up *phrasal verb* to destroy something such as a document by tearing it into small pieces \circ *She tore up all her father's letters.* \Box **to tear up an agreement** to refuse to do what you have agreed to do

tease /titz/ (**teases**, **teasing**, **teased**) verb to say or do something to annoy someone on purpose \circ *He teased her about her new haircut*. \circ *Stop teasing that poor cat*.

tea set /'tir set/, **tea service** /'tir s3rvis/ noun a set of matching china, used for servCOMMENT: A tea set will include cups, saucers, small plates, a large plate for cakes, a teapot, milk jug and sugar basin.

teaspoon /'ti:spu:n/ *noun* a small spoon for stirring tea or other liquid \circ *Can you bring me a teaspoon, please?*

tea towel /'ti: ,tauəl/ *noun* a cloth which you use for drying plates and dishes

techie /'teki/, **tekkie** noun a person who understands the more technical aspects of things such as computers (*informal*)

(2) **technical** /'tekn1k(\ni)l/ adj relating to industrial processes or practical work \circ Don't bother with the technical details of how the machine works, just tell me what it does. \circ The instructions are too technical for the ordinary person to understand.

technicality/,tekn1'kælıti/*noun* a little, usually unimportant, detail which relates to something

technician /tek'nI(ϑ)n/ *noun* a person who is a specialist in a particular area of industry or science

() **technique** /tek'ni:k/ noun a way of doing something [~for/~of] \circ modern techniques of firefighting \circ He developed a new technique for processing steel.

techno /'teknəu/ *noun* a type of fast dance music using electronic instruments

① **technology** /tek'nɒlədʒi/ noun the use or study of industrial or scientific skills ○ We already have the technology to produce such a machine. ○ The government has promised increased support for science and technology.

teddy bear /'tedi 'beə/, **teddy** (plural **teddies**) noun a child's toy bear \circ The little boy was clutching his old teddy bear.

tedious /'tixdiəs/ adj boring

tee /tit/ noun **1**. a raised grass area on a golf course where the ball is placed when you begin to play each hole \circ *He is walking towards the sixteenth tee*. **2**. a little peg which is pushed into ground, on which the golf ball is placed to start playing a hole \circ *The ground is so hard I can hardly stick my tee in*.

teenage /'time1d3/ adj referring to young people aged between 13 and 19 \circ the teenage years \circ The teenage market for their records is enormous.

③ **teenager** /'timerdʒə/ noun a young person aged between 13 and 19 \circ She writes stories for teenagers.

teens /ti:nz/ plural noun the age between 13 and 19

teeny /'ti:ni/ adj very small (informal)

③ **teeshirt** /'ti:ʃ3:t/, **T-shirt** *noun* a light shirt with a round neck and no buttons or collar, usually with short sleeves

teeter /'ti:tə/ (teeters, teetering, teetered) *verb* to wobble, to be very unstable (2) teeth /ti: θ / plural of tooth

teethe /ti: ∂ / (**teethes, teething, teethed**) verb (of a baby) to have the first teeth starting to grow \circ The baby wakes up at night because he is teething.

teething problems /'ti: θ in ,problemz/, teething troubles /'ti: θ in ,trab(a)lz/ plural noun problems which happen when a new process or system is being introduced \circ We are experiencing some teething problems with the new software system.

teetotal $/_t tix't = ut(a)l/adj$ who never drinks alcohol

TEFL *abbr* teaching of English as a foreign language

tel abbr telephone

telecommunications /,telikə,mju:nı 'keı∫(ə)nz/ plural noun a communication system using e.g. telephone, radio, TV, satellites ○ Thanks to modern telecommunications, the information can be sent to our office in Japan in seconds. (NOTE: also shortened to telecoms /'telikomz/)

telecommuter /'telikəmju:tə/ noun a person who works from home, using email and telephone as their main means of communicating with the company they work for

teleconference /'teli,konf(ə)rəns/ *noun* a meeting held by people in different places using telephone and television

telegram /'teligræm/ noun a message sent by telegraph

telegraph pole /'teligra:f poul/, **telegraph post** *noun* a pole which holds up a telephone line

telemarketing /'teli,ma:kitiŋ/ *noun* the activity of selling goods and services by telephone

telepathy $/t \exists epath$ *noun* sending thoughts or mental images from one person to another without using the senses

① **telephone** /'telffoon/ noun a machine which you use to speak to someone who is some distance away $\circ I$ was in the garden when you called, but by the time I got to the house the telephone had stopped ringing. \circ She lifted the telephone and called the ambulance. \blacksquare verb (telephones, telephoning, telephoned) to call someone using a telephone \circ Your wife telephoned when you were out. \circ Can you telephone me at ten o'clock tomorrow evening? \circ I need to telephone our office in New York. (NOTE: **Telephone** is often shortened to **phone**: phone call, phone book, but not in the expressions telephone switchboard, telephone operator, telephone exchange.)

telephone box /'telifəon boks/ noun a shelter with windows round it containing a public telephone (NOTE: often shortened to phone box)

telephone directory /'telifəon daı ,rekt(ə)ri/ *noun* a book which lists names of people and businesses in alphabetical order with their phone numbers and addresses

telephone exchange /'telifəon iks ,tfeind3/ noun a central telephone switchboard

(3) **telephone number** /'telifoon ,nAmbə/ *noun* the number of a particular telephone (NOTE: often shortened to **phone number**)

telesales /'teli,serlz/ noun same as telemarketing

③ **telescope** /'teliskəup/ noun a piece of equipment for looking at objects which are very far away, consisting of a long tube with a series of lenses in it \circ *With a telescope you can see the ships very clearly.* \circ *He watched the stars using a telescope in his back garden.*

televise /'telivaiz/ (**televises**, **televising**, **televised**) *verb* to broadcast something by television

① **television** /,telr'v13(\ominus)n/ noun 1. sound and pictures which are sent through the air or along cables and appear on a special machine \circ *television programmes* \circ *He stayed in his room all evening, watching television.* 2. a piece of electrical equipment which shows television pictures $\circ I$ *switched off the television before going to bed.* (NOTE: **Television** is often written or spoken as **TV**/,tii: 'vii'.)

teleworker /'teliw3:kə/ noun a person who works from home, using telephone and email as their principal way of communicating with the company they work for

① **tell** /tel/ (**tells, telling, told**) *verb* **1.** to communicate something to someone, e.g. a story or a joke \circ *She told me a long story about how she got lost in London.* \circ *I don't think they are telling the truth.* **2.** to give information to someone [-how/what/whether etc/~(that)/~about] \circ *She told me how to get*

there. \circ He told the police that he had seen the accident take place. \circ Don't tell my mother you saw me at the pub. \circ Nobody told us about the picnic. **3.** \Box to tell someone what to do to give someone instructions \circ The teacher told the children to stand in a line. \circ Give a shout to tell us when to start. **4.** to notice something [-(that)] \circ You can tell he is embarrassed because his face goes red. \circ He can't tell the difference between butter and margarine.

tell off(3) *phrasal verb* to speak to someone angrily about something wrong he or she has done (*informal*)

teller /'telə/ noun a clerk in a bank who takes in money or pays it out to customers • The teller told me that I couldn't cash the cheque.

telling /'telin/ adj which has a certain effect

telltale /'telterl/ adj which shows something

telly /'teli/ noun a television (informal)

temp /temp/ noun a worker who is appointed for a short time \circ We have two temps working in the office this week. verb (temps, temping, temped) to work as a temp \circ She has done some temping jobs. \circ I'm temping for the moment until I can find something permanent.

temper /'tempə/ noun the state of becoming angry \circ You have to learn to control your temper. \circ He has a violent temper. \circ She got into a temper.

temperament /'temprəmənt/ *noun* the nature of a person

temperate /'temp(ϑ)r ϑ t/ adj which is neither very hot nor very cold \circ The temperate forests of northern Europe have been badly affected by acid rain.

(2) **temperature** /'temprit ∫ə/ noun 1. heat measured in degrees ○ *The temperature of water in the swimming pool is 25*°. ○ *Temperatures at night can fall well below zero.* ○ *We use this thermometer to take the patient's temperature.* 2. an illness where your body is hotter than normal ○ *The doctor says he's got a temperature and has to stay in bed.*

tempest /'temp1st/ noun a big storm (*literary*)

template /'tem,pleit/ noun something that is used as a pattern to make other similar things

temple /'tempəl/ noun a building for worship, usually Hindu or Buddhist, or an-

cient Greek or Roman \circ We visited the Greek temples on the islands.

tempo /'tempəu/ noun **1**. a rhythm or the beat of music \circ The tempo of the band speeded up as midnight approached. **2**. the speed at which something happens \circ He found it difficult to keep up with the tempo of life in the City.

temporarily / temp(ə) rerəli/ *adv* for a short time only

(2) **temporary** /'temp(\Im)r \Im ri/ adj existing or lasting only for a limited time \circ She has a temporary job with a construction company. \circ This arrangement is only temporary.

③ **tempt** /tempt/ (tempts, tempting, tempted) verb to try to persuade someone to do something, especially something pleasant or wrong ○ Can I tempt you to have another cream cake? ○ They tried to tempt him to leave his job and work for them.

temptation /temp'tei $\int(\Im)n/noun$ **1**. the state of being tempted **2**. something which attracts people \circ *Putting chocolates near the cash desk is just a temptation for little children*.

tempting /'temptin/ *adj* which attracts (1) **ten** /ten/ *noun* the number 10

tenacious /t1'ne1 \int os/ *adj* holding on to an idea tightly \circ *her tenacious belief in socialist principles*

tenancy /'tenənsi/ *noun* a period during which a tenant has an agreement to rent a property

tenant /'tenant/ noun a person or company that rents e.g. a room, a flat, a house, an office or land in which to live or work

① tend /tend/ (tends, tending, tended) verb 1. to look after something \circ His job is to tend the flower beds in front of the town hall. 2. \Box to tend to do something to be likely to do something \circ She tends to lose her temper very easily.

③ **tendency** /'tendənsi/ noun the way in which someone or something is likely to act \circ The photocopier has a tendency to break down if you try to do too many copies at the same time. \circ He has an unfortunate tendency to sit in a corner and go to sleep at parties.

tender /'tendə/ adj **1**. (of food) easy to cut or chew \circ a plate of tender young beans \circ The meat was so tender, you hardly needed a knife to cut it. **2**. showing love \circ The plants need a lot of tender loving care. **3**. painful when touched **tendon** /'tendən/ *noun* a piece of strong tissue which attaches a muscle to a bone **tenement** /'tenəmənt/ *noun* a large old building which is divided into flats

tenet/'tenit/ noun a basic principle or belief

tenner /'tenə/ noun a ten pound note (informal)

tennis /'tenns/ noun a game for two or four players who use rackets to hit a ball over a net \circ He's joined the local tennis club. \circ Would you like a game of tennis?

tenor /'tenə/ adj with a high pitch, similar to that of a tenor \circ *He plays the tenor sax*ophone. \circ *He has a pleasant tenor voice.* Compare **bass** \blacksquare *noun* a man who sings with the highest male voice \circ *The tenors start the song, followed by the sopranos.*

ten-pin bowling /_tten pIn 'bəuliŋ/ noun a game where you roll a large ball and try to knock down ten targets, shaped like bottles

② **tense** /tens/ *adj* (**tenser, tensest**) nervous and worried ○ *I always get tense before going to an interview.* ○ *The atmosphere in the hall was tense as everyone waited for the result of the vote.* ■ *noun* the form of a verb which shows the time when the action takes place

② **tension** /'ten $\int \operatorname{sn}/\operatorname{noun} \mathbf{1}$. a state of nervous anxiety \circ *Tension built up as we waited for the result*. **2**. a state of hostility between countries, races, or groups [-between] \circ *The talks are aimed at reducing tension between these neighbouring republics.* **3**. the state of being tight \circ *There's a lot of tension in your muscles.*

tent /tent/ noun a shelter made of cloth, held up by poles and attached to the ground with ropes

tentacle /'tent ϑ k(ϑ)l/ *noun* a long arm with suckers, such as that of an octopus

(1) **tenth** /ten θ / adj relating to number 10 in a series **•** noun number 10 in a series

tenuous /'tenjuəs/ adj not strong, very slight

tenure /'tenjə/ noun **1**. a right to hold property or a position \circ Freehold farmers have tenure of their land. **2**. a period when you hold an office \circ during his tenure as honorary secretary **3**. (in a college or university) a right to hold a job permanently \circ He's on a contract but hopes to get tenure next year.

tepid /'tepid/ adj **1**. slightly warm \circ *There* was no hot water left so my bath was only tepid. \circ *There's only a bit of coffee left in* your mug and it's probably tepid. **2**. not

very enthusiastic \circ *His tepid reaction to my great plan disappointed me.*

tequila /tɪ'kiːlə/ *noun* a strong Mexican alcoholic drink

① term /t3:m/ noun 1. one of the parts of a school or university year \circ The autumn term ends on December 15th. \circ Next term I'll be starting to learn the piano. 2. a word or phrase which has a particular meaning \circ He used several technical terms which I didn't understand. \circ Some people use 'darling' as a term of affection.

terminal /'t3:min(\Rightarrow)l/ noun a building at an airport where planes arrive or leave \circ The flight leaves from Terminal 4. **a** *dj* referring to the last period of a serious illness that will lead to death \circ terminal cancer \circ The condition is terminal.

terminate /'t3:mineit/ (**terminates**, **terminating**, **terminated**) *verb* to end something (NOTE: + **termination** *n*)

(3) **terminology** /,t3:m1'nplod3i/ noun special words or phrases used in a particular subject area

terminus /'t3:minəs/ (plural **termini** or **terminuses**) noun **1**. a station at the end of a railway line \circ Waterloo Station is the terminus for Eurostar trains from Paris and Brussels. **2**. the place at the end of a journey by bus or coach \circ We got off two stops before the terminus.

termite /'t3:mait/ noun a tropical white insect, like a large ant, which eats wood

③ **terrace** /'terəs/ noun **1**. a flat outdoor area which is raised above another area o The guests had drinks on the terrace before going in to dinner. **2**. a row of similar houses connected together

terracotta /,terə'kɒtə/ noun **1**. a red clay used to make little statues, pots and tiles \circ *Terracotta flowerpots can crack in very cold weather.* **2**. a dull red-brown colour

terrain /tə'reɪn/ *noun* a particular type of land surface

terrestrial /tə'restriəl/ adj **1**. referring to the planet Earth **2**. (of an animal or plant) which lives on land, not in water \circ *Mice* and rats are terrestrial animals. (NOTE: Animals and plants that live in water are **aquatic**.)

() **terrible** /'terib(\Rightarrow)// *adj* very bad \circ *We* shouldn't have come to this party – the music's terrible. \circ There was a terrible storm last night.

(2) **terribly** /'teribli/ adv **1**. very \circ *I'm terribly sorry to have kept you waiting.* \circ *The situation is terribly serious.* **2**. in a very bad

way \circ The farmers suffered terribly from drought.

terrier /'teriə/ *noun* a small dog, originally one used in hunting

③ **terrific**/tə'rıfık/ adj **1**. extremely good ○ We had a terrific time at the party. **2**. very big or loud ○ There was a terrific bang and the whole building collapsed.

terrified /'terifaid/ adj very frightened

terrify /'terifai/ (terrifies, terrifying, terrified) verb to make someone very frightened \circ The sound of thunder terrifies me.

② **territory** /'territ(\Rightarrow)ri/ (plural **territories**) noun **1**. a large area of land \circ They occupied all the territory on the east bank of the river. **2**. land which belongs to a country \circ A group of soldiers had wandered into enemy territory. **3**. an area which an animal or bird thinks belongs only to it \circ Animals often fight to defend their territories.

③ terror /'terə/ noun great fear \circ They live in constant terror of terrorist attacks.

terrorism /'terəriz(ə)m/ noun a policy of using violence in a political cause \circ Acts of terrorism continued during the whole summer. \circ The government has said that it will not give in to terrorism.

terrorist /'terərist/ noun a person who practises terrorism \circ Terrorists hijacked a plane and told the pilot to fly to Rome. \blacksquare adj referring to terrorism \circ Terrorist attacks have increased over the last few weeks.

terse /t3:s/ adj concise, short, using few words

tertiary /'t3: Jori/ *adj* referring to a third stage, especially to the level of education after the secondary \circ *She's studying at the local tertiary college.*

TESOL *abbr* Teaching of English to Speakers of Other Languages

(1) **test** /test/ noun 1. an examination to see if you know something o We had an English test yesterday. \circ She passed her driving test. 2. an examination to see if something is working well o The doctor will have to do a blood test. \circ It is a good test of the car's ability to brake fast. • verb (tests, testing, tested) 1. to find out how well someone can do something or how well someone knows something o The teacher tested my spoken German. 2. to examine someone or something to see if everything is working well o We need to test your reactions to noise and bright lights. \circ *He has to have his eyes tested.* \circ *She tested* her new car in the snow.

test case /'test keis/ *noun* a court case in which the decision will establish a principle which other cases can follow

testify /'testifai/ (**testifies**, **testifying**, **testified**) *verb* to give evidence in court

testimony /'testIməni/ *noun* a statement given in court about what happened

test tube /'test tju:b/ noun a small glass tube, open at the top and with a rounded bottom, used in laboratories to hold liquids during experiments \circ Position the base of the test tube over the flame.

tetanus /'tet(\ni)n \ni s/ noun a serious disease caused by infection of a wound by bacteria in the soil, which affects the spinal cord and causes the jaw muscles to stiffen **tether** /'te \eth / noun a rope which attaches an animal to a post \circ The horse had slipped its tether and was galloping away down the street. \blacksquare verb (tethers, tethering, tethered) to attach an animal to a post with a rope \circ He tethered his horse to a post. \diamond to be at the end of your tether to be unable to stand any more, to have lost all patience \circ He was at the end of his tether and resigned after just one month in the job.

① **text** /tekst/ noun the written parts of a document or book, not the pictures \circ It's a book for little children, with lots of pictures and very little text.

textbook /'tekstbok/ *noun* a book which students use to learn about the subject they are studying

textile /'tekstail/ noun cloth

text message /'tekst ,mesid₃/ *noun* a message sent by telephone, using short forms of words, which appear on the screen of a mobile phone

text messaging /'tekst messid311/ *noun* the action of sending text messages

texture /'tekst $\int \partial / noun$ the way in which the surface of a material can be felt \circ *the soft texture of velvet*

textured /'tekst f od/ adj with a certain texture

(1) than / $\delta \Rightarrow$ n, $\delta \Rightarrow$ n/ conj used to show a comparison \circ It's hotter this week than it was last week. \blacksquare prep used to link two parts of a comparison \circ His car is bigger than mine. \circ She was born in London, so she knows it better than any other town. \circ You can't get more than four people into this lift. \circ It's less than five kilometres to the nearest station.

① **thank** $/\theta \approx \eta k/$ (thanks, thanking, thanked) verb to say or do something that shows you are grateful to someone for doing something for you \circ She thanked the

thankful

policeman for helping her to cross the street. \circ Don't forget to thank Aunt Ann for her present.

thankful /' $\theta \alpha \eta k f(\vartheta) l$ / adj glad because a worry has gone away. ϑ mercy

① **thanks** / θ æŋks/ noun a word showing that you are grateful \circ We sent our thanks for the gift. \circ We did our best to help but got no thanks for it. \circ The committee passed a vote of thanks to the school for having organised the meeting. \circ Many thanks for your letter of the 15th. \blacksquare interj used to show you are grateful \circ Do you want some more tea? – No thanks. I've had two cups already. \circ Anyone want a lift to the station? – Thanks, it's a long walk from here.

Thanksgiving /'0æŋks,gIVIŋ/ *noun* an American festival, celebrating the first harvest of the Pilgrims who settled in the United States, on the fourth Thursday in November

COMMENT: The traditional menu for Thanksgiving dinner is roast turkey with cranberry sauce, followed by pumpkin pie.

① **thanks to** /'θæŋks tu:/ *prep* used for saying that someone or something is responsible for something or to blame for something

① **thank you** /' θ æŋk ju:/ *interj* showing that you are grateful ○ *Thank you very much for your letter of the 15th.* ○ *Did you remember to say thank you to your grandmother for the present?* ○ *Would you like another piece of cake?* – *No thank you, I've had enough.* ■ *noun* something that you do or say to show you are grateful ○ *Let's say a big thank you to the people who organised the show.*

(1) **that** /ðæt/ adj used to show something or someone that is further away or in the past o Can you see that white house on the *corner over there*? \circ *Do you remember the* name of that awful hotel in Brighton? Compare this pron something or someone that is further away \circ That's the book I was talking about. O Do you know who that is sitting at the next table? \circ Is that the one? – Yes, that's it. Compare this I relative pronoun used to give more information about someone or something just mentioned \circ Where is the parcel that she sent *you vesterday?* \circ *Can you see the man that* sold you the ticket? \circ There's the suitcase that you left on the train! (NOTE: When it is the object of a relative clause, that can sometimes be left out: Where's the letter he sent you? Here's the box you left in the bed-

room. When it is the subject, that can be replaced by which or who: a house that has red windows or a house which has red windows: the man that stole the car or the man who stole the car.) • coni used after verbs like 'say' or 'think' and adjectives like 'glad' or 'disappointed', and after 'so' or 'such' (after verbs like; and adjectives like) • The restaurant was so expensive that we could only afford one dish. \circ It rained so hard that the street was like a river. \circ We had such a lot of work that we didn't have any lunch. • There was such a long aueue that we didn't bother waiting. \circ They told me that the manager was out. \circ I don't think they knew that we were coming. $\circ I'm$ glad that the weather turned out fine. (NOTE: That is often left out: He didn't know we were coming. It's so hot in here we all want a drink of water.) adv to such a degree \circ You must remember him. it's not all that long ago that we had a drink with him. • His new car is not really that big.

thaw $(\theta_{\mathfrak{I}}: / noun a time of warm weather$ $which makes snow and ice melt <math>\circ$ *The thaw came early this year.* • *verb* (**thaws, thawing, thawed**) to melt \circ *The ice is thawing on the village pond.*

(1) the /ðə/; before a vowel /ði/ article 1. meaning something in particular, as opposed to 'a' o Where's the book you brought back from the library? • That's the cat from next door. \circ The town centre has been made into a pedestrian zone. 2. used with something of which only one exists, e.g. in the names of places \circ an expedition to the Antarctic \circ A spacecraft landed on the moon. \circ The sun came up over the hills. **3.** used for referring to a thing in general \circ born on the 31st of January o There's nothing interesting on the television tonight. \circ She refuses to use the telephone. \circ The streets are crowded at lunchtime. O Many people were out of work during the 1990s. • Both sisters play the flute. 4. meaning something special o It's the shop for men's clothes. \circ She's the doctor for children's *diseases.* \circ *That's not the Charlie Chaplin, is it?* **5.** used to compare \circ *The more he eats* the thinner he seems to get. \circ The sooner you do it the better. \circ This is by far the shortest way to London. o She's the tallest person in the office.

the Antarctic *noun* the area round the South Pole

theater /' $\theta_I \mathfrak{d} \mathfrak{t} \mathfrak{d} /$ noun US spelling of theatre

(2) **theatre** $/(\theta_1 = t_2)/(noun \ a \ building \ in which plays are shown <math>\circ I'm$ trying to get tickets for the theatre tonight. \circ What is the play at the local theatre this week? \circ We'll have dinner early and then go to the theatre. (NOTE: The US spelling is **theater**.)

theatrical $/\theta$ i'ætrik (\Im) *I* adj **1**. referring to the theatre \circ She had a distinguished theatrical career before going into films. **2**. exaggerated, dramatic and not natural \circ Throwing the letter on the floor and stamping on it was a bit theatrical.

theft / θ eft/ noun **1**. the practice of stealing **2**. an act of stealing \circ *Thefts in supermarkets have increased enormously.*

(1) **their** /ðeə/ adj belonging to them \circ After the film, we went to their house for supper. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **there**, **they're**.)

① **theirs** /ðeəz/ pron the one that belongs to them \circ Which car is theirs – the Ford? \circ She's a friend of theirs. \circ The girls wanted to borrow my car – theirs wouldn't start.

(1) **them** /ðəm, ðem/ pron 1. referring to people or things that have been mentioned before \circ Do you like cream cakes? – No, I don't like them very much. \circ There's a group of people waiting outside. – Tell them to come in. \circ She saw her friends and asked them to help her. 2. referring to a single person, used instead of **him** or **her** \circ If someone phones, ask them to call back later.

(2) **theme** (θ) :m/ noun the main subject of a book or article \circ *The theme of the book is how to deal with illness in the family.*

theme park/'0i:m po:k/ *noun* an amusement park based on a single theme such as a medieval castle

① **themselves** $(\delta \ominus m' \operatorname{selvz})$ *pron* referring to the same people or things that are the subject of the verb \circ *Cats always spend a lot of time cleaning themselves.* \circ *It's no use going to the surgery – the doctors are all ill themselves.*

① **then** /ðen/ adv **1**. at that time in the past or future \circ He had been very busy up till then. \circ Ever since then I've refused to eat oysters. \circ We're having a party next week. – What a pity! I'll be in Scotland then. **2**. after that \circ We all sat down, and then after a few minutes the waiter brought us the menu. \circ It was a busy trip – he went to Greece, then to Italy and finally to Spain.

theology /θi'blədʒi/ *noun* the study of religion and the belief in God

theorem $/'\theta_1 \Rightarrow a$ a statement which can be proved in mathematics

theoretical /,013'ret1k(3)]/ adj 1. referring to theories \circ a theoretical study of the universe 2. not proved in practice \circ She has the theoretical power to dismiss any of the staff.

theorist /'θιərıst/ *noun* a person who develops theories

① **theory** /' θ_1 əri/ (plura/**theories**) noun **1**. an explanation of something which has not been proved but which you believe is true [-that/~about] \circ *I have this theory that the* criminal wanted to be caught. She doesn't have any theories about why he never came back. **2**. a careful scientific explanation of why something happens \circ Galileo put forward the theory that the earth turns round the sun. **3**. a statement of general principles which may not apply in practice \circ In theory the treatment should work, but no one has ever tried it.

therapist /'θerəpist/ *noun* a person who is specially trained to give therapy

therapy /'θerəpi/ *noun* the treatment of a patient to help cure a disease or condition

(1) there $\langle \delta e_{\theta} \rangle$ adv 1. in that place \circ Is that black van still there parked outside the house? \circ Where have you put the tea? – There, on the kitchen counter. 2. to that place • We haven't been to the British Museum yet. – Let's go there tomorrow. o Have you ever been to China? - Yes, I went there last month. 3. used when giving something to someone o There you are: two fish and chips and a pot of tea. (NOTE: Do not confuse with their, they're.)
pron used usually before the verb when the real subject follows the verb o There's a little door leading onto the patio. O There's someone at the door asking for you. \circ There are some pages missing in my newspaper. \circ Were there a lot of people at the cinema? • There seems to have been a lot of rain during the night.

thereabouts /, deara'bauts/ adv 1. near that place \circ *They live in Glasgow or thereabouts.* 2. about that number \circ *They owe us* £250 or thereabouts.

() **therefore** /'ðeəfɔ:/ adv for this reason • I therefore have decided not to grant his request. • They have reduced their prices, therefore we should reduce ours if we want to stay competitive.

thermal $/'\theta \operatorname{3m}(\vartheta)$ *l*/ *adj* referring to heat **noun** a rising current of warm air \circ *Hang-gliders rose into the air on thermals.*

thermometer /θə'mpmɪtə/ *noun* an instrument for measuring temperature thermostat /'03:məustæt/ noun an instrument which controls heating according to a set temperature

thesaurus /01'so:rəs/ (*plural* **thesauruses** or **thesauri**) *noun* a book with words collected into groups of similar meaning

1) these /ði:z/ plural of this

thermostat

thesis /' θ i:sis/ (plural **theses**) noun **1**. a long piece of written research prepared by a candidate for a higher university degree \circ She is writing her thesis on the place of women in Spanish literature. **2**. a particular point of view \circ His thesis is that, the lower the income tax rate, the more people will spend.

① **they** /ðeɪ/ pron 1. referring to people or things \circ Where do you keep the spoons? – They're in the right-hand drawer. \circ Who are those people in uniform? – They're traffic wardens. \circ The children played in the sun and they all got sunburnt. 2. referring to people in general \circ They say it's going to be fine this weekend.

(3) **they'd** /ðeɪd/ short form 1. they had 2. they would

2 they'll /ðeil/ short form they will

(1) **they're** $(\delta e \vartheta)$ short form they are (NOTE: Do not confuse with **their**, **there**.)

(1) they've /ðeiv/ short form they have

(2) **thick** $/\theta ik/adj$ **1**. bigger than usual when measured from side to side \circ *He cut a slice of bread which was so thick it wouldn't go into the toaster* \circ *The walls of the castle are three metres thick.* \circ *Some oranges have very thick skins.* \circ *He took a piece of thick rope.* **2**. growing close together \circ *They tried to make their way through thick jungle.* \circ *The field was covered with thick grass.* **3**. (of a liquid) which cannot flow easily \circ *If the paint is too thick ad some water.* \circ *A bowl of thick soup is just what we need on a cold day like this.*

thicken /' θ Ikən/ (thickens, thickening, thickened) verb 1. to make something thick \circ *Thicken the sauce with cornflour*. 2. to become thick \circ *The custard will thicken when you heat it.*

thicket /'01k1t/ noun a small wood of trees and bushes growing close together

thickness / θ iknəs/ *noun* **1**. the state of being thick or the extent to which something is thick **2**. a layer of something

thick-skinned $/_1\theta_1 \mathbf{k}$ 'skind/ adj able to stand a lot of criticism \circ Luckily he's a thick-skinned individual or he would be very upset at what the tabloids say about him. thief /0i:f/ (plural thieves) noun a person who steals. \diamond thick

thigh $/\theta a_1 / noun$ the part at the top of the leg between your knee and your hip

thimble $/^{i}\theta \text{Imb}(\vartheta)l/$ noun a small cup worn to protect the end of your finger when sewing

(2) thin $(\theta \ln / (\theta \ln ner, thinnest) adj 1.$ not fat \circ The table has very thin legs. \circ He looks too thin – he should eat more. 2. not thick \circ a plate of thin sandwiches \circ The book is printed on very thin paper. \circ The parcel was sent in a thin cardboard box. 3. (of a liquid) which flows easily, often because of containing too much water \circ All we had for lunch was a bowl of thin soup. \circ Add water to make the paint thinner.

(1) thing $/\theta in / noun 1$. an object \circ *Can you see that black thing in the pan of soup?* \circ *What do you use that big blue thing for?* 2. something in general \circ *They all just sat there and didn't say a thing.* \circ *The first thing to do is to call an ambulance.* \circ *That was a stupid thing to do!* \diamond **a good thing** something lucky \circ *It's a good thing there was no police officer on duty at the door.*

thingy $/'\theta_{III}$ *noun* something whose name you don't know or can't remember

think $/\theta \eta k/$ (thinks, (II) thinking. thought) verb 1. to consider something, e.g. in order to make a decision [~about/of] • She never thinks about how other people might feel. \circ Whenever I think of him, I *smile*. \circ *You need to think carefully before* making your choice. 2. to have an opinion or belief [~(that)/~of/about] o I think London is a nicer town to live in than Frank*furt.* \circ *Everyone thinks we're mad to go on holiday in December.* \circ *What did you think of the film?* \circ *What will he think about my* new haircut? • The gang is thought to be based in Spain. 3. to make a plan to do something [~(that)/~of/about] o We're thinking we might open an office in New York. \circ I've been thinking about going to art college. \diamond to think twice to consider very carefully o Think twice before you sign that contract. \circ *I'd* think twice about spending all the money you've saved.

think about phrasal verb 1. to have someone or something in your mind $\circ I$ was just thinking about you when you phoned. \circ All she thinks about is food. 2. to have an opinion about something \circ What do you think about the government's plans to increase taxes?

think of *phrasal verb* 1. to consider a plan in your mind \circ *We are thinking of going* to Greece on holiday. 2. to have an opinion about something o What do you think of the government's plans to increase taxes? \circ I didn't think much of the play. • She asked him what he thought of her *idea.* \diamond to think better of something to change your mind about something \circ He was going to pay the whole cost himself, and then thought better of it. \diamond to tell someone what you think of something to criticise something \circ *He went up to her* and told her exactly what he thought of her stupid idea. \diamond to think highly of someone to have a high opinion of someone \diamond to think nothing of doing **something** to consider something normal or easy \circ She thinks nothing of working ten hours a day. \diamond think nothing of it!

please don't bother to thank me for it **think out** *phrasal verb* to consider something carefully in all its details

think over phrasal verb to consider a plan or proposal very carefully

think through *phrasal verb* to consider something carefully in all its details

think up phrasal verb to invent a plan or new idea

thinker /'θιŋkə/ noun a person who thinks

thinking /'uŋkiŋ/ noun the process of reasoning about something

think tank /'uŋk tæŋk/ noun a group of advisers who are appointed to discuss important problems and suggest how they should be solved

(1) **third** $(\theta_{3:d}/adj$ relating to number 3 in a series \circ *She came third in the race.* \circ *The cake shop is the third shop on the right.* \circ *It will be her third birthday next Friday.* \blacksquare *noun* **1**. number 3 in a series \circ *Her birthday is on the third of March* or *March the third (March 3rd).* **2**. one of three equal parts of something \circ *A third of the airline's planes are jumbos.* \circ *Two-thirds of the staff are part-timers.*

thirdly /'θ3tdli/ *adv* as the third item on a list. Compare **firstly**, **secondly**

third party /,03:d 'po:ti/ *noun* any person other than the two main parties involved in a contract or a civil case

third-rate /,031d 'reit/ adj quite bad. Compare first-rate, second-rate

thirst $/\theta$ 3:st/ noun 1. a feeling of wanting to drink \circ Digging the garden has given me such a thirst! \circ They ran to the mountain stream to quench their thirst. 2. a feeling of wanting something \circ He studied at night to satisfy his thirst for knowledge. (1) **thirsty** $/'\theta$ 3:sti/ adj feeling that you want to drink \circ *It's so hot here that it makes me thirsty.*

(1) **thirteen** $/_1\theta_{33}$ ti:n/ noun the number 13

thirteenth $/\theta_{31}$ 'ti:n θ / adj relating to number 13 in a series **noun** number 13 in a series

thirtieth /'03:t130/ adj relating to number 30 in a series (NOTE: With dates thirtieth is usually written **30th**: May 30th, 1921; June 30th, 1896 (American style is 30 June 1896): say 'the thirtieth of June' or 'June the thirtieth' (American style is 'June thirtieth').) • noun number 30 in a series

() **thirty** /!03:ti/ noun the number 30 \circ *He's thirty (years old).* \Box **thirties** the numbers between 30 and 39

(1) **this** / δ Is/ *adj*, *pron* used to show something which is nearer or in the present, in contrast to something else \circ *This is the shop I was telling you about.* \circ *I prefer these earrings to those ones.* \circ *I saw him on the train this morning.* \circ *My mother is coming for tea this afternoon.* \circ *I expect to hear from him this week.* \blacksquare *adv* so much \circ *I knew you were going to be late, but I din't expect you to be this late.*

thistle $/'\theta_{IS}(\vartheta)l/$ noun a large wild plant with prickly leaves and purple flowers

THNQ abbr thank you

thong $/\theta \upsilon \eta / noun$ a rubber sandal held on by a strap between the toes

(3) **thorn** $/\theta \mathfrak{In}/noun$ a thin pointed part on some plants \circ *Most roses have thorns*.

③ **thorough** /' θ_{Λ} r ∂ / adj **1**. including everything that needs to be dealt with very carefully \circ The police have carried out a thorough search of the woods. **2**. used for emphasis \circ They made a thorough mess of it. \circ It was a thorough waste of time.

thoroughbred /'0Arəbred/ noun a horse of high quality whose parents and other relatives are all known

thoroughfare $/'\theta_{\Lambda}r$ of $e \partial /$ *noun* a main road through a town, usually where there is a lot of traffic

thoroughly $I' \oplus \Lambda r \exists i / adv \mathbf{1}$. in a complete and careful way \circ *We searched the garden thoroughly but couldn't find his red ball*. **2**. used for emphasis $\circ I'm$ *thoroughly fed up with the whole business*.

1) those /ðəuz/ plural of that

() **though** $(\delta \circ \upsilon)'$ adv, conj **1**. used for mentioning something that makes something else seem surprising \circ Though tired, she still kept on running. \circ We don't em-

thought

ploy a computer programmer, though many companies do. 2. but \circ It is unlikely though possible. \diamond **as though** as if \circ His voice sounded strange over the telephone, as though he was standing in a cave. \circ That shirt doesn't look as though it has been ironed. \circ It looks as though there is no one in. \diamond **even though** in spite of the fact that \circ He didn't wear a coat, even though it was snowing.

① **thought** / θ o:t/ past tense and past participle of **think** \bullet *noun* an idea which you have when thinking [~of] $\circ I$ was terrified at the thought of doing the exam. \circ He had an awful thought – suppose they had left the bathroom taps running?

thoughtful $/[\theta_{OIT}(s)]/$ adj **1**. thinking about something a lot \circ *He looked thoughtful, and I wondered if there was something wrong.* **2**. being sensitive to what other people want \circ *It was very thoughtful of you to come to see me in hospital.*

thoughtless /'thortlas/ adj without thinking about other people

① **thousand** $/'\theta_{a\cup Z}(\mathfrak{s})\mathbf{nd}/$ noun the number $1,000 \circ We$ paid two hundred thousand pounds for the house (£200,000). \Box **thousands of** a large number of \circ Thousands of people lost money in the scheme.

thousandth /' θ auzən θ / adj relating to number 1,000 in a series **noun 1**. number 1,000 in a series **2**. one part out of a thousand \circ a thousandth of a second

thrash $/\Theta \operatorname{res} J/$ (**thrashes**, **thrashing**, **thrashed**) verb to defeat another person or team easily (*informal*) \circ *She expects to be thrashed by the champion*.

thrash out phrasal verb **1**. to try to hit wildly in all directions \circ *He thrashed out* at the youths with his stick. **2**. to discuss something until a solution is found \circ We sat down with the management and thrashed out a compromise. \circ They spent all day thrashing out a solution to the problem.

thrashing $/ \theta r \approx \int \eta n \theta$ a severe beating **2.** an easy defeat in a game

thread / θ red/ noun a long strand of cotton, silk, or other fibre $\circ A$ spider spins a thread to make its web. \circ Wait a moment, there's a white thread showing on your coat.

threadbare /'Oredbeə/ adj very worn

(2) **threat** / θ ret/ *noun* a warning to someone that you are going to do something unpleasant, especially if he or she does not do what you want [~of/~to] \circ *The company made numerous threats of legal action.* \circ The police took the threat to the Prime Minister very seriously. \circ Do you think they will carry out their threat to bomb the capital if we don't surrender?

(2) **threaten** $/ \theta ret(\mathfrak{s})n/$ (threatens, threatening, threatened) verb to warn that you are going to do something unpleasant, especially if someone does not do what you want \circ She threatened to go to the police. \circ The teacher threatened her with punishment.

threatening /'θret(ə)nıŋ/ adj suggesting that something unpleasant will happen

(1) **three** $/\theta ri! / noun$ the number 3 (NOTE: **three** (3) but **third** (3rd))

3-D/₁θriː 'diː/ *noun* vision in three dimensions

(3) **three-quarters** /θriz 'kwoztəz/ plural noun three fourths, 75%

threshold /' θ reshould/ noun 1. a bar across the floor of a doorway \circ She stopped at the threshold and looked back into the room. 2. a point where something begins \circ She's on the threshold of a great career in teaching.

() **threw** / θ ruː/ past tense of **throw** (NOTE: Do not confuse with **through**.)

thrill /0r1l/ noun a feeling of great excitement \circ It gave me a thrill to see you all again after so many years. \circ I experienced the thrill of sailing near to a waterfall. \blacksquare verb (thrills, thrilling, thrilled) to make someone very excited \circ We were thrilled to get your letter.

thriller /'θrɪlə/ *noun* an exciting work of art, e.g. a crime novel or a film

thrilling /'θrɪlɪŋ/ adj which makes you very excited

(3) **thrive** $/\theta ratv/$ (thrives, thriving, thrived) verb to grow well and be strong \circ a thriving community

(2) **throat** / θ rəot/ noun 1. the tube which goes from the back of your mouth down the inside of your neck \circ *I've got a sore throat.* \circ *She got a fish bone stuck in her throat.* 2. your neck, especially the front part \circ *He put his hands round her throat and pressed hard.* \diamond **to clear your throat** to give a little cough \circ *He cleared his throat and started to speak.*

throb / $(\theta r \text{ob})$ / (throbs, throbbing, throbbed) verb 1. to beat fast \circ She stopped running, and stood still with her heart throbbing. \circ The engine started to throb more regularly and the great ship started to move. 2. to have a pain which comes regularly like a heartbeat \circ When I woke up I had a sore throat and my head was throbbing.

throne /0roun/ noun a chair on which a king or queen sits during ceremonies

throng $(\theta ron) / noun$ a large crowd of people (*literary*) \circ *The stars had difficulty making their way through the throng of fans outside the cinema.* \blacksquare *verb* (**throngs, thronging, thronged**) to crowd together \circ *The children thronged round the TV star.* \circ *The shopping precinct was thronged with shoppers in the days before Christmas.*

throttile $/!\theta \operatorname{rot}(\mathfrak{g})l/$ noun a valve on a pipe in an engine, which allows variable quantities of fuel to pass into an engine \circ *He had* to retire from the race when his throttle jammed. \blacksquare verb (throttles, throttling, throttled) to strangle someone by squeezing the neck, and preventing him or her breathing \circ *I* could throttle him sometimes when he gives me that sort of answer.

① through / θ ru:/ prep 1. across to the inside of something \circ The bullet went straight through the door. \circ She looked through the open door. \circ Cold air is coming in through the hole in the wall. \circ The street goes straight through the centre of the town. \circ She pushed the needle through the ball of wool. 2. during a period of time \circ They insisted on talking all through the film. \circ Snow accumulated through the winter. = adv going in at one side and coming out of the other side \circ Someone left the gate open and all the sheep got through.

() **throughout** $/\theta$ ru'aut/ prep, adv in all or several parts of \circ Throughout the country floods are causing problems on the roads. \circ Heavy snow fell throughout the night.

() throw / θ rə ω / (**throws, throwing, threw, thrown**) verb to send something through the air \circ How far can he throw a cricket ball? \circ They were throwing stones through car windows. \circ She threw the letter into the wastepaper basket. \circ He was thrown into the air by the blast from the bomb.

throw away phrasal verb to get rid of something which you do not need any more

throw in phrasal verb to add something extra as a bargain \circ When we bought our new oven, they threw in a set of saucepans as a free gift.

throw off phrasal verb **1.** to remove something quickly \circ She threw off the bedclothes and ran out of the room. **2.** to recover from an illness \circ She's had a cough for several days, and can't throw

it off.

throw out phrasal verb **1**. to push someone outside \circ When they started to fight, they were thrown out of the restaurant. **2**. to get rid of something which you do not need \circ I'm throwing out this old office desk. **3**. to refuse to accept something \circ The proposal was thrown out by the planning committee.

throw up phrasal verb 1. to let food come up from your stomach and out through your mouth (informal) - The cat threw up all over the sofa. 2. to give up something - She's thrown up her job and gone to live in Australia.

throwback /'θrəυ, bæk/ *noun* a person or thing that seems to belong to a time in the past

throw-in /'0rəo IN/ noun (in football) the act of throwing the ball back into play from the touchline

(1) **thrown** /θrəʊn/ past participle of **throw** (NOTE: Do not confuse with **throne**.)

thru /θruː/ prep, adv, adj US same as through

thrush $/\theta r \Lambda f / (plural thrushes or same)$ noun a common brown bird with brown spots on its light-coloured breast

thrust / θ rASt/ verb (thrusts, thrusting, thrust) to push something somewhere suddenly and hard \circ He thrust the newspaper into his pocket. \circ She thrust the documents into her briefcase. \blacksquare noun 1. the act of suddenly pushing something strongly \circ He was killed with a thrust of his opponent's sword. 2. a force which pushes someone or something \circ The thrust of the engines pushed him back in his seat. \diamond the thrust of something the important or main part of the content of a report, speech or discussion

thud $(\Theta \wedge d)$ noun a dull, heavy noise \circ His head hit the ground with a sickening thud. \circ They could hear the thud of the guns in the distance. \blacksquare verb (thuds, thudding, thudded) to make a dull noise \circ A stone thudded into the wall behind him.

thug /θAg/ noun a violent person

(3) **thumb** $/\theta_{AM}$ *noun* a part on the side of your hand that looks like a short thick finger \circ *The baby was sucking its thumb.* \circ *How she cried when she hit her thumb with the hammer!*

thumbnail $/\theta_{A}m_{n}ne_{I}l/noun$ the nail on your thumb

③ **thump** /θ∧mp/ noun a dull noise ○ There was a thump from upstairs as if someone had fallen out of bed. ■ verb (thumps, thumping, thumped) to hit someone hard with your fist

thunder /' θ And θ / noun a loud noise in the air following a flash of lightning \circ a tropical storm accompanied by thunder and lightning \circ He was woken by the sound of thunder. \blacksquare verb (thunders, thundering, thunderded) to make a loud noise in the air following lightning \circ It thundered during the night.

thunderstorm /'θAndəstəːm/ noun a storm with rain, thunder and lightning

Thurs. abbr Thursday

① **Thursday** /' θ 3:zde1/ noun the day between Wednesday and Friday, the fourth day of the week \circ Last Thursday was Christmas Day. \circ Shall we arrange to meet next Thursday? \circ Today is Thursday, April 14th. \circ The club meets on Thursdays or every Thursday. \circ The 15th is a Wednesday, so the 16th must be a Thursday.

① **thus** $(\delta_{\Lambda S})$ adv **1**. in this way \circ *The two* pieces fit together thus. \circ *She is only fif-*teen, and thus cannot vote. **2**. as a result \circ *She is only fifteen, and thus is not able to* take part in the over-sixteens competition.

thwart / θ wo:t/ (**thwarts, thwarting, thwarted**) verb to prevent someone doing something \circ He was thwarted by the police in his attempt to get into the building. \circ His career move was thwarted by the new manager.

thyme /taim/ *noun* a common herb used as flavouring

tiara /ti'ɑːrə/ *noun* a small jewelled crown **tic** /tɪk/ *noun* a twitch of the muscles, usually in the face, which cannot be controlled

tick /ttk/ noun **1**. a sound made every second by a clock \circ *The only sound we could hear in the room was the tick of the grandfather clock.* **2**. a mark written to show that something is correct \circ *Put a tick in the box marked 'R'*. **•** *verb* (**ticks, ticking, ticked**) **1**. to mark something with a tick to show that you approve \circ *Tick the box marked 'R' if you require a receipt.* **2**. to make a quiet regular sound noise like a clock \circ *All you could hear was the clock ticking in the corner of the library.* \circ *Watch out! That parcel's ticking!*

tick off phrasal verb **1**. to mark something with a tick \circ She ticked off the names on the list. **2**. \Box **to tick someone off** to say that you are annoyed with someone (informal) \circ The policeman ticked them off for running across the road in front of a bus. () **ticket** /'t1k1t/ noun 1. a piece of paper or card which allows you to travel ○ *They* won't let you get onto the train without a ticket. ○ We've lost our plane tickets – how can we get to Chicago? 2. a piece of paper which allows you to go into a place, e.g. a cinema or an exhibition [~for] ○ Can I have three tickets for the 8.30 show please? ○ We tried several theatres but there were no tickets left anywhere.

tickle $/^{t}tik(\Im)l/$ (tickles, tickling, tickled) *verb* **1.** to touch someone in a sensitive part of the body in order to make him or her laugh \circ *She tickled his toes and made him laugh*. **2.** to cause a slight uncomfortable feeling on the skin of part of the body, or to have that feeling

tidal wave /'taɪd(ə)l weɪv/ *noun* a huge wave in the sea, caused by an underwater earthquake and not by the tide

tide /taid/ noun the regular rising and falling movement of the sea \circ *The tide came in and cut off the children on the rocks.* \circ *The tide is out – we can walk across the sand.*

tidily /'taɪdɪli/ adv in a tidy way

tidy /'tardi/ (**tidier**, **tidiest**) *adj* with everything arranged in the correct way or in an organised way $\circ I$ want your room to be completely tidy before you go out. \circ She put her clothes in a tidy pile.

(2) tie /tai/ noun 1. a long piece of coloured cloth which men wear round their necks under the collar of their shirts o He's wearing a blue tie with red stripes. \circ They won't let you into the restaurant if you haven't got a tie on. 2. a result in a competition or election where both sides have the same score \circ The result was a tie and the vote had to be taken again. • verb (ties, tying, tied) 1. to attach something with string, rope or twine \circ The parcel was tied with a *little piece of string.* \circ *He tied his horse to* the post. \circ The burglars tied his hands behind his back. 2. to have the same score as another team in a competition \circ *They tied* for second place.

tie down phrasal verb 1. to attach something to the floor, to the ground, etc. 2. to make someone accept certain conditions tie up phrasal verb 1. to put string or rope round something \circ The parcel was tied up with thick string. \circ You should tie that dog up or it will bite someone. 2. to buy something, so that the money is not available for other purposes \circ All his fortune is tied up in property. \diamond to be tied up to be busy \circ I'm rather tied up at the moment – can we try to meet next week some

time?

tiebreaker /'tai,breikə/, **tiebreak** noun a way of deciding the winner of a game or a competition, e.g. by asking an extra question

tie-in *noun* something such as a book, which is brought out in connection with a successful film or television programme

tier /t1 θ / noun one of a series of steps, usually a row of seats in a theatre \circ *They sat on the topmost tier of seats.*

tiff /tɪf/ noun a small argument or quarrel (*informal*)

tiger /'taɪgə/ *noun* a large wild animal of the cat family which is yellow with black stripes and lives mainly in India and China (NOTE: The female is a **tigress**.)

(2) **tight** /taɪt/ adj **1**. fitting too closely \circ These shoes hurt – they're too tight. **2**. holding firmly \circ Keep a tight hold of the bag, we don't want it stolen.

tighten /'tart(∂)n/ (tightens, tightening, tightened) verb to make tight or become tight

tighten up/,taIt(ϑ)n 'Ap Dn/ verb to control something more carefully [~on] \circ They have tightened up on parking in this area.

tight-knit /tart nrt/ adj (of a group of people) who are good friends together

tight-lipped /tait 'lipt/ adj not prepared to comment on a subject

2 tightly /'tartli/ adv in a tight way

tightrope /'taitroup/ noun a rope stretched between two poles on which someone can walk or perform tricks

tights /taits/ *plural noun* a piece of clothing made of thin material, covering your hips, and your legs and feet separately, worn especially by girls, women and dancers o Look – you've got a hole in your tights!

tile /tail/ noun 1. a flat piece of baked clay used as a covering for floors, walls or roofs \circ The floor is covered with red tiles. \circ We are putting white tiles on the bathroom walls. 2. a similar piece of another kind of material used to cover floors or walls \circ They put cork tiles on the walls. \blacksquare verb (tiles, tiling, tiled) to cover the surface of a roof, a floor or a wall with tiles \circ a whitetiled bathroom \circ They have tiled the kitchen with red floor tiles.

① **till** /t1l/ prep, conj up to the time when \circ I don't expect him to be home till after nine o'clock. \circ They worked from morning till night to finish the job. \circ We worked till the sun went down. \blacksquare noun a drawer for keeping cash in a shop \circ There was not much money in the till at the end of the day.

tilt /tɪlt/ (**tilts, tilting, tilted**) verb **1.** to slope \circ The shelf is tilting to the right. \circ You'll have to change places – the boat is tilting. **2.** to put something in a sloping position \circ He tilted the barrel over to get the last drops of beer out.

③ **timber** /'tɪmbə/ noun wood cut ready for building \circ These trees are being grown to provide timber for houses.

(1) time /taim/ noun 1. a particular point in the day shown in hours and minutes \circ What time is it or what's the time? \circ Can you tell me the time please? \circ The time is exactly four thirty. O Departure times are delayed by up to fifteen minutes because of the volume of traffic. \Box to tell the time to read the time on a clock or watch \circ She's only three so she can't tell the time yet. 2. the hour at which something usually happens [~for] \circ The closing time for the office is 5.30. • It's must be nearly time for dinner - I'm hungry. \circ Is it time for the chil*dren to go to bed?* bedtime, lunchtime 3. an amount of hours, days, weeks, months or years that is available for someone to do something [~for] \circ Do you have time for a cup of coffee? \circ There's no need to hurry – we've got plenty of time. \circ He spent all that time watching the TV. \circ If the fire alarm rings, don't waste time putting clothes on run out of the hotel fast. 4. a certain period • We haven't been to France for a long time. \circ We had a letter from my mother a short time ago. 5. a particular moment when something happens \circ They didn't hear anything as they were asleep at the time. \circ By the time the ambulance arrived the man had died. O You can't do two things at the same time. 6. a period when things are pleasant or bad o Everyone had a good time at the party. \circ We had an awful time on holiday – the hotel was dreadful, and it rained solidly for ten days. 7. one of several moments or periods when something happens \circ *I've seen that film on TV* four times already. \circ That's the last time I'll ask them to play cards. \circ Next time you *come, bring your swimming things.* \Box **time** after time, time and again repeatedly, again and again \circ *I've told her time after time not to do it.* **8.** the rhythm of a piece of music o It's difficult keeping time in a modern piece like this. \circ He tapped his foot in time to the music. \blacksquare verb (times, timing, timed) to count something in hours, minutes and seconds o I timed him as he ran

time bomb

round the track. \circ Don't forget to time the eggs – they have to cook for only three min*utes.* \diamond find time / faind taim/ to do something even though you are busy \circ In the middle of the meeting he still found time to phone his girlfriend. • We must find time to visit the new staff sports club. \diamond for the time being temporarily o We will leave the furniture as it is for the time being. \diamond in ... time after a particular period from now \circ We're going on holiday in four weeks' time. to take time to need a certain amount of time \circ It didn't take you much time to get dressed. \circ Don't hurry me, I like to take my *time.* \diamond **at times** on some occasions \circ *At* times I think he's quite mad. \diamond at all times always \circ Passengers should keep hold of their baggage at all times.

time bomb /'taim bbm/ noun 1. a bomb with a clock attached, which can be set to explode at a certain time \circ *They said that they had left a time bomb in the railway station.* 2. a difficult situation which will happen in the future \circ *The rapid increase in the world's population is a time bomb for future governments.*

time-consuming /'taim kən,sju:miŋ/ adj which takes a lot of time to do

time frame /'taim freim/ *noun* the period of time during which something should take place

timeless /'taimləs/ adj which is not affected by time

③ **time limit** /'taɪm ,lɪmɪt/ *noun* a point in time by which something should be done

timely /'taɪmli/ adj which happens at the right moment

time off /taim 'bf/ noun time away from work or school

time out / taim 'aot/ noun \Box to take time out from something to take a rest from some activity \circ She took time out from her work to come and say hello to the visitors.

timer /'taimə/ noun a device which times things \circ The timer buzzed to show that the five minutes were up.

timescale /'taɪmskeɪl/ *noun* the period of time during which something should be completed

timetable /'taimteib(\Im)l/ noun a printed list which shows the times at which something such as classes in school or trains leaving will happen \circ We have two English lessons on the timetable today. \circ According to the timetable, there should be a train to London at 10.22. \blacksquare verb (timetables, timetabling, timetabled) to arrange the times for something to happen \circ You are timetabled to speak at 4.30.

(3) **time zone** /'taim zoon/ *noun* one of 24 bands in the world in which the same standard time is used

timid /'timid/ adjafraid to do something **timing** /'taimiŋ/ noun the act of arranging the time at which something happens

(3) tin /tin/ noun 1. a silver-coloured soft metal \circ Bronze is a mixture of copper and tin. \circ There have been tin mines in Cornwall since Roman times. 2. a metal container in which food or another substance is sold and can be kept for a long time \circ I'm lazy – I'll just open a tin of soup. \circ She bought three tins of cat food. \circ We'll need three tins of white paint for the ceiling. 3. any metal box \circ Keep the biscuits in a tin or they'll go soft. \circ She puts her spare coins into a tin by the telephone.

tinfoil /'tɪnfɔil/ noun a thin sheet of aluminium, used to cover food

tinge /t Indʒ/ noun a slight colour or feeling of something \circ She has has blonde hair with tinges of red. \circ The fabric is red with a blue tinge. \circ There was a slight tinge of sadness in the air as they left the house for the last time.

tingle /'tıŋgəl/ noun a feeling like a lot of small sharp things sticking into your skin \circ It didn't hurt, I just felt a tingle in my leg. \circ We felt a tingle of excitement as we queued for the roller coaster. \blacksquare verb (tingles, tingling, tingled) to have a sharp prickling feeling \circ 'Are your fingers tingling?' asked the doctor. \circ It will tingle when I put the antiseptic on your cut.

tinker /'t1ŋkə/ (**tinkers, tinkering, tinkered**), **tinker around** verb to try to make something work better, but not very successfully [~with] \circ He spent Saturday morning tinkering about with his car. \circ The government are just tinkering with the economy when they should be taking strong action.

tinkle /'tɪŋkəl/ noun a noise like the ringing of a little bell **•** verb (tinkles, tinkling, tinkled) to make a little ringing noise \circ The little bell tinkled as she went into the shop. tinned /tɪnd/ adj preserved and sold in a tin

tin opener /'tɪn ,əʊp(ə)nə/ noun an object used for opening tins of food

tinsel /'tɪnsəl/ *noun* thin strips of glittering metal used as Christmas decorations

tint /tint/ noun a slight shade of colour \circ A rosy tint in the eastern sky was the first sign of dawn. \circ Do you prefer this blue with a tint of grey in it? • verb (tints, tinting, tinted) to give something a slight shade of colour \circ tinted glass \circ Windows of aircraft are tinted to reduce the glare from the sun. \circ He was wearing tinted spectacles. \circ How much would it cost to have my hair tinted?

(2) **tiny** /'tami/ (**tinier, tiniest**) adj very small \circ Can I have just a tiny bit more pudding? \circ The spot is so tiny you can hardly see it. \circ She lives in a tiny village in the Welsh mountains.

(2) **tip** /tip/ noun **1**. the end of something long [~of] \circ You have to touch the tip of your nose with your finger. 2. money given to someone who has provided a service \circ The service hasn't been very good – should we leave a tip for the waiter? \circ The staff are not allowed to accept tips. 3. advice on something which could be profitable [~on] • He gave me some tips on training my *dog.* **4.** a place where household rubbish is taken to be thrown away
verb (tips, tipping, tipped) 1. to pour something out o He picked up the box and tipped the contents out onto the floor. \circ She tipped all the food out of the bag. 2. to give money to someone who has helped you $\circ I$ tipped the waiter $\pounds 1. \circ$ Should we tip the driver?

tip off phrasal verb to warn someone about something (informal) \circ We think he tipped the burglars off that the police were outside.

tip up phrasal verb 1. to lean and fall over \circ The cup tipped up and all the tea went into the saucer. 2. to turn something over so that the contents fall out \circ He tipped up the bottle to see if there was any tomato sauce left inside.

tip-off /'t1p bf/ noun a piece of useful information, given secretly (*informal*)

tipsy /'t1psi/ adj rather drunk

tiptoe /'t1pt ∂u / (**tiptoes, tiptoeing, tiptoed**) *verb* to walk quietly on the tips of your toes \circ *She tiptoed into the room and looked at the baby.*

tirade /tai'reid/ noun a long speech attacking something

tire /'ta1ə/ (**tires**, **tiring**, **tired**) verb **1**. to become tired \circ He is getting old and tires easily. **2**. to make someone become tired \circ We went for a long cycle ride to tire the children out. \diamond **to tire of something or someone** to lose interest in something or someone \circ The children soon tired of playing with their toy soldiers.

(1) **tired** /'tarəd/ adj 1. feeling that you want to sleep \circ *I'm tired* – *I think I'll go to*

bed. \circ If you feel tired, lie down on my bed. **2.** feeling that you need rest \circ We're all tired after a long day at the office.

tireless /'taiələs/ adj full of energy, never needing to rest

tiresome /'taiəs(ə)m/ adj annoying

tiring /'taɪərɪŋ/ adj which makes you tired

(3) **tissue** /'t1 \int u:/ noun a soft paper handkerchief \circ *There is a box of tissues beside the bed.*

tit /tit/ noun a woman's breast (informal)

titbit /'tɪtbit/ *noun* a special little piece of food or of gossip (NOTE: The US spelling is **tidbit**.)

① **title** /'taɪt(ϑ)l/ noun 1. the name of something, e.g. a book, play, painting or film \circ *He's almost finished the play but hasn't found a title for it yet.* 2. a word such as Dr, Mr, Professor, Lord, Sir or Lady put in front of a name to show an honour or a qualification

title role /'taɪt(ə)l rəʊl/ *noun* the part in a play or film which gives the name to the play or film

titter /'tɪtə/ (**titters**, **tittering**, **tittered**) *verb* to give a little laugh (NOTE: + **titter** *n*)

T-junction /'ti: ,d3^ŋkʃən/ *noun* a junction where one road joins another at right angles

(1) to /ta, tu, tu:/ prep 1, showing direction or place \circ They went to the police station. \circ Do you know the way to the beach? \circ The river is to the north of the town. \circ Everyone take one step to the right, please. **2.** showing a period of time \circ *The office is* open from 9.30 to 5.30, Monday to Friday. • She slept from 11.30 to 8.30 the following morning. 3. showing time in minutes before an hour \circ Get up – it's five to seven (6.55). \circ The train leaves at a quarter to eight (7.45). (NOTE: **To** is used for times between the half hour and o'clock: 3.35 = twenty-five to four; 3.45 = a guarter to four; 3.55= five minutes to four. For times after the hour see **past**.) 4. showing a person or animal that receives something o Take the book to the librarian. \circ Pass the salt to your grandfather. O You must be kind to *cats.* **5.** showing a connection or relationship \circ They lost by twelve to nine. \circ There are four keys to the office. \circ In this class there are 28 children to one teacher.

toadstool /'təʊdstuːl/ *noun* a small fungus shaped like an umbrella, but usually not edible, and sometimes poisonous (NOTE: White edible fungi are called **mushrooms**.) **toast** /təust/ noun pieces of bread which have been heated at a high temperature until they are brown \circ Can you make some more toast? \circ She asked for scrambled eggs on toast.

toaster /'təustə/ noun an electric device for toasting bread

tobacco /tə'bækəʊ/ noun the dried leaves of a plant used to make cigarettes and cigars, and for smoking in pipes (NOTE: no plural)

toboggan /tə'bogən/ noun a sledge made of a long flat piece of wood curved upwards at the front, designed for sliding downhill on snow or ice \circ *The children pulled their toboggans to the hill.*

① today /tɔ'det/ noun this day \circ Today's her sixth birthday. \circ What's the date today? \circ There's a story in today's newspaper about a burglary in our road. \blacksquare adv on this day \circ He said he wanted to see me today, but he hasn't come yet.

③ **toddler** /'tɒdlə/ *noun* a child who has just learnt to walk

③ **toe** /t \Rightarrow 0/ noun one of the five parts like fingers at the end of the foot \circ She trod on my toe and didn't say she was sorry. \diamond **to keep someone on their toes** to keep someone ready or alert \circ My job is to make sure the staff are always on their toes.

TOEFL /'təʊf(ə)l/ *trademark* Test of English as a Foreign Language

TOEIC /'təuɪk/ *trademark* Test of English for International Communication

toenail /'təuneIl/ noun a nail covering the end of a toe

toffee /'tofi/ *noun* a sticky sweet made by cooking sugar and butter

tofu /'təufuː/ *noun* bean curd, a soft white paste made from soya beans

① **together** /tə'geðə/ adv 1. doing something with someone else or in a group \circ Tell the children to stay together or they'll get lost. \circ Why don't we all go to the cinema together? 2. joined with something else or with each other \circ Tie the sticks together with string. \circ Do you think you can stick the pieces of the cup together again? \circ If you add all the figures together, you'll get the total sales. \circ We've had three sandwiches and three beers – how much does that come to all together?

togetherness /tə'geðənəs/ noun a feeling of friendliness and closeness with a person or people you know well

toggle /'tog(ə)l/ (toggles, toggling, toggled) verb (in computers) to change between two states \circ *The symbol can be toggled on and off the display.*

toil /toil/ (toils, toiling, toiled) verb to work hard \circ They toiled for months to try to improve the conditions of the workers. \circ She was toiling away at a hot stove. (NOTE: + toil n)

② toilet /'toilət/ noun 1. a bowl with a seat on which you sit to get rid of waste from your body \circ There is a shower and toilet in the bathroom. □ to flush a toilet to press a handle to make water flow through the toilet bowl to clear it \circ Don't forget to flush the toilet. 2. a room with a toilet bowl in it \circ The ladies' toilet is at the end of the corridor. \circ The gents' toilets are downstairs and to the right. \circ There's a public toilet at the railway station.

toilet paper /'toilet ,peipe/ noun soft paper for wiping your bottom after going to the toilet

toiletries /'toilətriz/ *plural noun* things, e.g. soap, cream and perfume,which are used in washing the body or making yourself smell nice

toilet roll /'toilet roul/ noun a roll of toilet paper

token /'təukən/ noun 1. a thing which is a sign or symbol of something \circ Please accept this small gift as a token of our gratitude. 2. a piece of paper or card, which is used in the place of money \circ You can use these tokens to pay for meals. 3. a plastic or metal disc, which is used instead of money \circ She put a token into the slot machine.

① **told** /təuld/ past tense and past participle of **tell**

tolerance /'tolərəns/ noun 1. the practice of accepting or allowing something which you do not agree with \circ tolerance of other people's views 2. the ability of the body to stand the effect of a drug or a poison

tolerant /'tplərənt/ adj who shows tolerance

tolerate /'tolerett/ (**tolerates**, **tolerating**, **tolerated**) verb **1**. to allow something which you do not like to happen without complaining about it \circ She does not tolerate singing in the classroom. **2**. to allow something which you do not agree with to exist \circ Opposition parties are not tolerated in that country. \circ He is not known for tolerating people with opposing views to his. **3**. to accept the effect of a drug or a poison \circ The body can tolerate small amounts of poison. (NOTE: + **toleration** n) **toll** /təol/ noun **1**. a payment for using a service, usually a road, bridge or ferry **2**. the number of people hurt, of buildings damaged, etc. **3**. the solemn ringing of a bell \circ *The toll of the great bell could be heard across the marshes.* • *verb* (tolls, tolling, tolled) to ring a bell slowly, as for a functal \circ *The bell was tolling as the coffin arrived at the church*.

 (3) tomato /tə'mɑ:təʊ/ (plural tomatoes) noun a small round red fruit used in salads and cooking o Tomatoes cost 30p per kilo.
 We had a salad of raw cabbage and tomatoes. O Someone in the crowd threw a tomato at the speaker on the platform.

③ **tomb** /turm/ noun a grave, sometimes one with an underground vault

tomboy /'tomboi/ noun a girl who enjoys playing boys' games

tombstone /'tu:mstəon/ *noun* a large stone placed on a grave with the name of the dead person written on it

tomcat /'tomkæt/ noun a male cat tome /təum/ noun a large book

() tomorrow /t∍'mpr∍u/ adv on to the day after today ○ Are you free for lunch tomorrow? ○ I mustn't forget I have a dentist's appointment tomorrow morning. ○ We are going to an Italian restaurant tomorrow evening. ■ noun the day after today ○ Today's Monday, so tomorrow must be Tuesday. ○ Tomorrow is our tenth wedding anniversary.

(3) ton /t \land n/ noun a measure of weight equal to 2240 pounds \circ a ship carrying 1000 tons of coal

② **tone** /təun/ noun a way of saying something, or of writing something, which shows a particular feeling \circ His tone of voice showed he was angry. \circ She said hello in a friendly tone of voice. \circ You could tell from the tone of his letter that he was annoyed.

tone down *phrasal verb* to make something less offensive

tone up phrasal verb to make your body firmer or fitter

toner /'təunə/ noun **1**. a black powder, like dry ink, used in photocopiers and laser printers \circ *The printer has run out of toner.* **2**. a substance used on your skin to make it look nicer or smoother (NOTE: no plural)

(2) **tongue** $/t A \eta / noun 1$. the long organ in your mouth which can move and is used for tasting, swallowing and speaking \circ *The soup was so hot it burnt my tongue*. **2.** a language (*literary*) \circ *They spoke to each other in a strange foreign tongue*. \circ *It was* *clear that English was not his native tongue.* **3.** a long loose piece of leather under the laces in a shoe

tongue-in-cheek/,t∧ŋ In 't∫irk/ adj not meant seriously

tongue-tied /'tʌŋ taɪd/ adj so shy as to be unable to say anything

tongue-twister /'tʌŋ ,twistə/ *noun* a phrase like 'red lorry, yellow lorry,' which is difficult to say quickly

tonic /'tonik/ noun something which makes you stronger \circ *He's taking a course of iron tonic tablets.* \circ *Going on holiday will be a tonic for you.*

① **tonight** /t \circ 'natt/ adv, noun the night or the evening of today \circ I can't stop – we're getting ready for tonight's party. \circ I'll be at home from eight o'clock tonight. \circ I don't suppose there's anything interesting on TV tonight.

(3) **tonne** $/t \wedge n/$ noun a metric ton, a weight of 1,000 kilograms \circ People in the region need over 900 tonnes of wheat to survive the winter.

tonsil /'tons(ϑ)l/ noun one of two soft lumps of tissue at the back of the throat

tonsillitis /₁tons1'latt1s/ *noun* an inflammation of the tonsils

① **too** /tu:/ adv 1. more than necessary \circ There are too many people to fit into the lift. \circ I think we bought too much bread. \circ It's too hot for us to sit in the sun. 2. (often at the end of a clause) also \circ She had some coffee and I had some too. \circ She comes from Scotland too.

1) took /tuk/ past tense of take

(2) **tool** /tu:l/ noun an instrument which you hold in your hand to do specific work, such as a hammer or a spade \circ a set of gardening tools

toolbar /'tu:lba:/ *noun* a line of icons on a computer screen which you click on to get the computer to do certain things

tool shed /tuːl fed/ noun a small wooden shed in a garden where tools are kept

toot /tu:t/ (toots, tooting, tooted) verb to blow a horn sharply \circ She tooted as she turned the corner. (NOTE: + toot n)

② **tooth** /tu:0/ (plura/**teeth**) noun one of a set of hard white objects in the mouth which you use to bite or chew food ○ Children must learn to clean their teeth twice a day. ○ The dentist took one of her teeth out. **toothache** /'tu:0eIk/ noun a pain in a tooth (NOTE: no plural)

toothbrush /'tu $:\theta$ br $\land \int /$ noun a small brush which you use to clean your teeth

toothpaste

toothpaste /'tu:0peIst/ noun a soft substance which you spread on a toothbrush and then use to clean your teeth (NOTE: no plural: some toothpaste, a tube of toothpaste)

toothpick /'tu: θ pik/*noun* a little pointed piece of wood, used for cleaning between the teeth

(1) top /tpp/ noun 1, the highest place or highest point of something o He climbed to the top of the stairs and sat down. \circ The bird is sitting on the top of the apple tree. \circ There is a roof garden on top of the hotel. • Look at the photograph at the top of page four. O Manchester United are still at the top of the league table. \Box on top of the world very healthy or very happy 2. the flat upper surface of something \circ a birthday cake with sugar and fruit on top \circ Do not put coffee cups on top of the computer. \circ The desk has a black top. 3. a cover for a container \circ *Take the top off the jar, and see* what's inside. \circ She forgot to screw the top back on the bottle. 4. a piece of clothing covering the upper part of the body \circ *She* wore jeans and a yellow top. **a**dj **1**. in the highest place o The restaurant is on the top floor of the building. \circ Jams and marmalades are on the top shelf. **2.** best \circ She's one of the world's top tennis players. \diamond **on** top of /pn 't pp pv/ 1. on the top surface of • He put the book down on top of the others *he had bought*. **2.** in addition to \circ *On top of* all my office work, I have to clean the *house and look after the baby.* \diamond **at the top** of her voice in a very loud voice \diamond from top to bottom completely

top up *phrasal verb* to add liquid to fill completely something which is half empty

top-down /,top 'daun/ *adj* working from general things to more specific ones

top hat/,top 'hæt/ *noun* a tall cylindrical hat with a narrow brim which is worn by a man on formal occasions

top-heavy /,top 'hevi/ *adj* with the top part heavier than the bottom, and so likely to fall over

(2) **topic** /'topik/ noun the subject of a discussion or conversation \circ *Can we move on to another topic*? \Box **to bring up a topic** to start to discuss something \circ *She brought up the topic of where to go on holiday.*

(3) **topical** /'topik(a)l/adj interesting at the present time

topless /'topləs/ *adj* not wearing any clothes on the top part of your body

topmost /'topmoust/ *adj* highest or nearest the top

topography /tə'pɒgrəfi/ *noun* the study or description of the physical features of a place and its rivers, mountains, and valleys **topping** /'tɒpɪŋ/ *noun* things such as cream or melted cheese, put on the top of food such as cakes, pizzas, or ice cream

topple /'top(ϑ)l/ (**topples, toppling, toppled**) verb \circ He lost his balance and toppled forwards.

topple over *phrasal verb* to fall down **top secret** /'top _si:krət/ *adj* absolutely

secret topsy-turvy / topsi 'ta:vi/ adj in disor-

der or all upside down (3) **torch** /t ort $\int /noun$ a small electric light that you can carry \circ *Take a torch if you're*

going into the cave. \circ I always carry a small torch in the car.

3 tore /to:/ past tense of tear

torment¹/'to:ment/ noun extreme pain o the torment of parents who are separated from their children

torment² /tɔ:'ment/ (torments, tormenting, tormented) verb to make someone suffer \circ The old couple were tormented by their neighbours' children and in the end moved to a different street. \circ He was constantly tormented by doubt.

③ torn /to:n/ past participle of tear

tornado /tɔː'neɪdəʊ/ (plural tornados or tornadoes) noun a violent storm with a whirlwind

torpedo /tɔ:'pi:dəʊ/ noun (plural torpedoes) a missile like a shell which travels under the water \circ The submarine fired a torpedo. \circ The ship was hit by three torpedoes and sank immediately. \bullet verb (torpedoes, torpedoing, torpedoed) 1. to sink a ship using a torpedo \circ The ship was torpedoed by an enemy submarine. 2. to ruin someone's plans \circ His grandiose scheme for a leisure complex was torpedoed by the council planning department.

torrent /'torənt/ noun **1**. a fast rushing stream \circ To get to the farm we had to cross a mountain torrent. **2**. a fast flow \circ The rain came down in torrents.

torrential /tə'ren∫əl/ adj like a torrent o torrential rain

torso /'tɔːsəʊ/ (*plural* torsos or torsi) *noun* the main part of the body, not including the head, arms and legs

tortilla/to:'ti:*o*/ *noun* **1**. a type of Spanish omelette, often made with potato and onion **2**. a round, flat bread made of corn or

wheat flour \circ *Tortillas are part of Mexican food.*

tortoise /'tortəs/ *noun* a reptile covered with a hard shell which moves very slowly on land and can live to be very old

torture /'to:t $\int \partial / noun \mathbf{1}$. making someone suffer pain as a punishment or to make them reveal a secret \circ *They accused the police of using torture to get information about the plot*. **2**. extreme mental or physical pain **•** *verb* (tortures, torturing, tortured) to inflict mental or physical pain on someone \circ *was tortured with doubts* \circ *The soldiers tortured their prisoners*.

Tory /'to:ri/ (*plural* **Tories**) *noun* a member of the Conservative party \circ *The Tories have recently elected a new leader.*

(3) **toss** /tos/ verb (tosses, tossing, tossed) 1. to throw something up into the air \circ He tried to toss the pancake and it fell on the kitchen floor \circ She tossed me her car keys. 2. to move something about \circ The waves tossed the little boat up and down. \circ The horse tossed its head. \bullet noun 1. the act of throwing something into the air 2. a sharp movement of the head up and down \circ With a toss of its head, the horse galloped off. \diamond to toss and turn to move about in bed, not able to sleep

tot/tot/ noun **1**. a little child \circ She took the tot by the hand and led him back into the house. \circ There are special classes where they teach tiny tots to swim. **2**. a small glass of alcohol \circ A tot of whisky before dinner won't do you any harm.

(1) **total** /'təut(ə)l/ *adj* complete or whole \circ *The expedition was a total failure.* \circ *Their total losses come to over £400,000.* \blacksquare *noun* the whole amount \circ *The total comes to more than £1,000.*

totalitarian /təu,tælı'teəriən/ *adj* having total power and not allowing any opposition or personal freedom

① **totally** /'t out(\Im)li/ adv used for emphasis \circ The house was totally destroyed in the fire. \circ I had totally forgotten that I had promised to be there. \circ He disagrees totally with what the first speaker said.

totter /'t tot \Rightarrow / noun to walk unsteadily or to wobble \circ I cannot bear to look at her tottering along in those platform shoes. \circ The old lady manages to totter over to the bakery to get some fresh bread every day.

() touch $/t \wedge t \int / noun \mathbf{1}$. one of the five senses, the sense of feeling with the fingers \circ *The sense of touch becomes very strong in the dark.* **2. in touch with** having contact with \Box **to get in touch with someone** to contact someone \circ *I'll try to get in touch* with you next week.
□ to put someone in touch with someone to arrange for someone to have contact with someone \circ *The* bank put us in touch with a local lawyer. \Box to stay in touch with someone to keep contact with someone \circ We met in Hong Kong thirty years ago but we have still kept *in touch.* **3.** a gentle physical contact [~of] \circ the touch of his hand on my face 4. a very small amount [\sim of] \circ He added a few touches of paint to the picture. \circ There's a touch of frost in the air this morning. • verb (touches, touching, touched) 1. to feel something with your fingers o The policeman touched him on the shoulder. \circ Don't touch that cake – it's for your mother. 2. to be so close to something that you press against it o His feet don't touch the floor when he sits on a big chair. \circ There is a mark on the wall where the sofa touches it. o to lose touch with someone to lose con to lose touch with someone to lose con tou tact with someone o They used to live next door, but we've lost touch with them now that they've moved to London.

touch down phrasal verb **1**. to land \circ The plane touched down at 13.20. **2**. to score a try in rugby, by touching the ground behind the opponents' line with the ball \circ He touched down behind the posts.

touch up *phrasal verb* to add a small amount of paint to a surface

touch-and-go /,t∧t∫ ən 'gəu/ *adj* possible that anything can happen

touchdown /'tAt f daon/ noun 1. the landing of a plane or spacecraft \circ The plane veered across the runway as one of its tyres burst on touchdown. 2. (in rugby) scoring a try by touching the ground behind the opponents' line with the ball \circ He burst through for a touchdown between the posts. 3. US scoring a goal in American football by taking the ball over the opponents' line \circ He completed a pass for the winning touchdown.

touched /tAt $\int t/adj$ grateful, pleased with **touching** /'tAt $\int In/adj$ making you feel emotion, especially affection or sympathy $\circ I$ had a touching letter from my sister, thanking me for my help when she was ill. **touchline** /'tAt $\int Ian/acy a white line$

touchline /'tAtʃlaɪn/ noun a white line along the side of a football field

touch screen /'tʌtʃ skri:n/ *noun* a computer screen which you operate by touching displayed options with your finger

touchstone $/tt \Lambda t \int_t st \vartheta u n$ something which is an excellent example and is a standard by which to judge other things

touchy

touchy /'tAt $\int i$ / adj **1**. easily offended \circ Don't mention his red hair – he's very touchy about it. **2**. which is likely to cause offence \circ Don't mention his divorce- it's a very touchy subject at the moment.

(2) **tough** $/t \wedge f/adj$ **1**. (of meat) difficult to chew or to cut \circ My steak's a bit tough – how's yours? **2**. requiring a lot of physical effort, or a lot of bravery or confidence \circ She's very good at taking tough decisions. \circ You have to be tough to succeed in business.

toughen /'tAf(\Im)n/ (toughens, toughening, toughened) verb 1. to make tough or harder \circ Cooking the meat too much will simply toughen it. 2. to make more strict or severe \circ The aim is to toughen university entrance requirements.

toupee /'tu:pei/ noun artificial hair worn to cover a bald area on a man's head

② **tour** /tvo/ noun a holiday journey to various places coming back eventually to the place you started from $[\sim of] \circ She gave$ us a tour of the old castle. \blacksquare verb (tours, touring, toured) to go on holiday, visiting various places \circ They toured the south of France.

tourism /'tuəriz(ə)m/ *noun* the business of providing travel, accommodation, food and entertainment for tourists

③ **tourist** /'tuərist/ noun a person who goes on holiday to visit places away from their home ◦ The tourists were talking German. ◦ There were parties of tourists visiting all the churches. ◦ Trafalgar Square is always full of tourists.

tournament /'toənəmənt/ noun a sporting competition with many games where competitors who lose drop out until only one is left

tourniquet/'to:nikei/ noun a tight bandage put round an arm or leg to stop bleeding

tout /taut/ (**touts, touting, touted**) *verb* **1**. to praise something in the hope that people will believe you \circ *The book was touted as a masterpiece.* **2**. to try to persuade people to buy something

tow /t ∋0/ verb (tows, towing, towed) to pull something behind a vehicle ○ The motorways were crowded with cars towing caravans. ○ They towed the ship into port. ■ noun the action of pulling something ○ We got a tractor to give us a tow to the nearest garage. (NOTE: Do not confuse with toe.) ◇ in tow accompanied by someone (informal) ○ They were approached by a group of parents with children in tow. ① **towards** /tə'wɔ:dz/ prep **1**. in the direction of \circ The crowd ran towards the police station. \circ The bus was travelling south, towards London. \circ The ship sailed straight towards the rocks. **2**. near in time \circ Do you have any free time towards the end of the month? \circ The exhibition will be held towards the middle of October. **3**. as part of the money to pay for something \circ He gave me £100 towards the cost of the hotel. **4**. in relation to \circ She always behaved very kindly towards her father.

towel /'tauəl/ noun a large piece of soft cloth for drying something, especially your body \circ There's only one towel in the bathroom. \circ After washing her hair, she wound the towel round her head. \circ I'll get some fresh towels.

3 tower /'tauə/ noun a tall structure o The castle has thick walls and four square towers.

tower block /'tauə blok/ noun a very tall block of flats

① **town** /taon/ noun a place, larger than a village, where people live and work, with houses, shops, offices, factories and other buildings \circ There's no shop in our village, so we do our shopping in the nearest town. \circ They moved their office to the centre of town.

town hall /,taun 'ho:!/ *noun* the main building in a town, where the town council meets, and where many of the council departments are

toxic /'toksik/ adj harmful

toxin /'toksin/ *noun* a poisonous substance produced inside the body by germs

(2) **toy** $/t \circ 1/$ noun a thing for children to play with \circ We gave him a box of toy soldiers for Christmas. \circ The children's toys are all over the sitting room floor.

③ **trace** /treis/ noun something which shows that something existed [~of] ○ The police found traces of blood in the kitchen. ■ verb (traces, tracing, traced) to find where someone or something is ○ They couldn't trace the letter. ○ The police traced him to Dover.

② track /træk/ noun a rough path ○ We followed a track through the forest. ■ plural noun tracks a series of footprints left by an animal or marks left by things like wheels □ to make tracks for to go towards ○ They made tracks for the nearest hotel. ■ verb (tracks, tracking, tracked) to follow someone or an animal ○ The hunters tracked the bear through the forest. ○ The police tracked the gang to a flat in south London. track down phrasal verb \Box to track someone down to follow and catch something, e.g. a criminal \circ Did you track down your old boss? \Box to track something down to manage to find something \circ I finally tracked down that file which you were looking for.

trackball /'trækbo:l/ *noun* a ball used instead of a computer mouse to control the cursor on a computer screen

track record /'træk ,rekɔ:d/ *noun* the success or failure of someone or a business in the past

③ **tracksuit** /'træksu:t/ *noun* a pair of matching trousers and top, in warm material, worn when practising sports

tract /trækt/ noun 1. a large area of land \circ Whole tracts of forest have been contaminated by acid rain. 2. a system of organs and tubes in the body which are linked together \circ The respiratory tract takes air into the lungs.

traction /'træk $\int \partial n / noun \mathbf{1}$. the gripping power between one surface and another, e.g. between a tyre and the road \circ *These tyres are so old they have no traction at all on ice.* **2.** the force used in pulling a load

① **trade** /tre1d/ noun the business of buying and selling [~in/~with] \circ the illegal trade in ivory \circ Britain's trade with the rest of Europe is up by 10%. • verb (trades, trading, traded) to buy and sell, to carry on a business [~in/~with] \circ They trade in furs. \circ The company has ceased trading with Europe.

trade in *phrasal verb* to give in an old item, such as a car or washing-machine, as part of the payment for a new one

trade on *phrasal verb* to exploit or to use something to your advantage

trade deficit /'treid ,defisit/ noun the difference between the value of a country's exports and the value of its imports

trade fair /'trend feə/ noun an occasion when manufacturers and producers exhibit their products and services to try to sell them

trademark /'treidmaik/ noun a particular name, design, etc., which has been registered by the manufacturer and which cannot be used by other manufacturers

trade name noun same as brand name

trade-off /'treid of/ noun exchanging one thing for another as part of a deal

trader /'treidə/ noun a person who does business

tradesman /'treidzmən/ (*plural* **tradesmen**) *noun* a person who runs a shop (*dated*)

② **tradition** /trə'di $\int(\partial)n/$ noun beliefs, stories and ways of doing things which are passed from one generation to the next \circ *It's a family tradition for the eldest son to take over the business.* \circ *According to local tradition, the queen died in this bed.*

① **traditional** /trə'd1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n(\mathfrak{g})l/adj$ done in a way that has been used for a long time \circ On Easter Day it is traditional to give chocolate eggs to the children. \circ Villagers still wear their traditional costumes on Sundays.

traditionalist /trə'dı $\int(\partial)n\partial list/$ noun a person who does things in a traditional way **traditionally** /trə'dı $\int(\partial)n\partial li/$ adv according to tradition

① **traffic** /'træfik/ noun cars, buses and other vehicles which are travelling on a street or road \circ I leave the office early on Fridays because there is so much traffic leaving London. \circ The lights turned green and the traffic moved forward. \circ Rushhour traffic is worse on Fridays.

traffic jam /'træf1k dʒæm/ noun a situation where cars, buses and other vehicles cannot move forward on a road because there is too much traffic, because there has been an accident or because of roadworks

③ **tragedy** /'trædʒədi/ noun 1. a serious play, film, or novel which ends sadly ○ Shakespeare's tragedy 'King Lear' is playing at the National Theatre. 2. a very unhappy event ○ Tragedy struck the family when their mother was killed in a car crash.

③ **tragic** /'trædʒ1k/ adj very sad o a tragic accident on the motorway

(3) **trail** /treil/ noun 1. tracks left by an animal or by a criminal \circ We followed the trail of the bear through the forest. \circ The burglars left in a red sports car, and a police car was soon on their trail. 2. a path or track \circ Keep to the trail otherwise you will get lost. \blacksquare verb \square to trail behind someone to follow slowly after someone \circ She came third, trailing a long way behind the first two runners. \circ The little children trailed behind the older ones.

trailer /'tre1lə/ noun **1**. a small goods vehicle pulled behind a car \circ We carried all our camping gear in the trailer. **2**. US a van with beds, a table, and washing facilities, which can be towed by a car **3**. parts of a full-length film shown as an advertisement

for it \circ We saw the trailer last week, and it put me off the film.

① train /trein/ noun an engine pulling a group of coaches on the railway \circ The train to Paris leaves from platform 1. \circ Hundreds of people go to work every day by train. \circ We'll be changing trains at Crewe. • verb (trains, training, trained) 1. to teach someone or an animal how to do a particular activity [~in/~as] \circ He trained as a doctor. \circ She's being trained in self-defence. \circ The dogs are trained to smell and find illegal substances. 2. to become fit by practising for a sport [~for] \circ He's training for the 100 metres. \circ She's training for the Olympics.

trained /treind/ *adj* who has been through a course of training

trainee /trei'ni:/ *noun* a person who is being trained

③ **trainer** /'treinə/ noun a person who trains an athlete ○ *His trainer says he's in peak condition for the fight.* ■ *plural noun* **trainers** light sports shoes

trainers /'treinəz/ plural noun light sports shoes \circ She needs a new pair of trainers for school. \circ He comes to work every morning in trainers.

① **training** /'treining/ noun 1. the process of being taught a skill or being trained \circ The shop is closed on Tuesday mornings for staff training. \circ There is a short training period for new staff. 2. practise for a sport \Box to be in training to practise for a sport \circ She's in training for the Olympics.

③ **trait** /treit/ noun a particular characteristic of someone

traitor /'treitə/ noun a person who betrays his or her country, especially by giving secret information to the enemy

trajectory /trə'dʒekt(ə)ri/ noun the curving movement of something which has been thrown or shot through the air

tramp /træmp/ noun 1. a person who has nowhere to live and walks from place to place looking for work or begging for food or money ○ The farmer was surprised to find a tramp asleep in one of his barns. 2. a long walk ○ We went for a tramp along the cliffs last Sunday. 3. the noise made by of feet hitting the ground regularly as someone walks ○ the tramp of marching soldiers ■ verb (tramps, tramping, tramped) 1. to walk with a regular heavy step ○ You could hear soldiers tramping through the streets at night. 2. to walk for a long way, or walk with difficulty ○ They tramped for miles

before they came to a little inn. o They

tramped through the snow to get to the camp.

trampoline /'træmpəli:n/ *noun* a large sheet of elastic material stretched across a frame, which you can bounce or jump on

trance /trains/ *noun* a state when you are not alert but not asleep, and do not notice what is going on around you

tranquil /'træŋkwil/ adj calm or peaceful transaction /træn'zæk∫ən/ noun a piece of business

transatiantic /,trænzət'læntik/ adj 1. across the Atlantic \circ Transatlantic flights take about six hours depending on the wind. \circ Prices for transatlantic phone calls have been reduced. 2. on the other side of the Atlantic \circ our transatlantic trading partners

transcend /træn'send/ (**transcends**, **transcending**, **transcended**) *verb* to go better or further than something or to be much more important than something

transcribe /træn'skraīb/ (**transcribes**, **transcribing**, **transcribed**) verb to write out the text of something which is heard \circ *His speech was transcribed from the radio tape*. \circ *The sound of each word has been transcribed into phonetic characters*.

transcript /'trænskript/ *noun* a written record of something which has been noted in shorthand, or text of what was said on a radio programme, at a meeting, etc.

② **transfer** (transfers, transferring, transferred) verb 1. to move something or someone to another place $[-to] \circ The mon-ey will be transferred directly to your bank account. <math>\circ$ She transferred her passport from her handbag to her jacket pocket. \circ He's been transferred to our New York office. 2. to change from one type of travel to another $[-to] \circ They transferred us to another plane at London.$

③ **transform** /træns'fo:m/ (**transforms**, **transforming**, **transformed**) verb to change the appearance or character of someone or something completely \circ The outside of the building has been transformed by cleaning. \circ The book has transformed my views on medical care.

transformer /træns¹fɔ:mə/ noun a device for changing the voltage of an alternating current

transgress /trænz'gres/ (transgresses, transgressing, transgressed) verb to go against a rule (NOTE: + transgression n) transient /'trænzient/ adj which will not last o Fame for most pop groups is very transient.

transit /'trænsit/ noun the movement of passengers or goods on the way to a destination \Box **in transit** in the process of being moved from one place to another \circ *The police seized the goods when they were in transit between London and Manchester.*

transition /træn'zı $J(\Im)n/$ noun the process of moving from one situation to another

transitory /'trænsit(ə)ri/ *adj* not lasting for a long time

translate /træns'lett/ (translates, translating, translated) verb to put written or spoken words into another language \circ Can you translate what he said? \circ He asked his secretary to translate the letter from the German agent. \circ She translates mainly from Spanish into English, not from English into Spanish.

translation /træns'le1 $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/$ noun writing or speech which has been translated $\circ I$ read Tolstoy's 'War and Peace' in translation. \circ She passed the translation of the letter to the accounts department.

translator /træns'leitə/ noun a person who translates

translucent /træns'lu:s(ə)nt/ *adj* which light can pass through, but which you cannot see through clearly

transmission /trænz'mı $\int(\partial)n/noun$ 1. passing of disease from one person to another \circ Patients must be isolated to prevent transmission of the disease to the general public. 2. a radio or TV broadcast \circ We interrupt this transmission to bring you a news flash. 3. (in a car) a series of moving parts which pass the power from the engine through the gearbox and clutch to the axles \circ There's a strange noise coming from the transmission.

transmit /trænz'mit/ (**transmits, transmitting, transmitted**) verb **1**. to pass a disease from one person to another \circ *The dis*ease was transmitted to all the people he came into contact with. \circ *The disease is transmitted by fleas.* **2**. to send out a programme or a message by radio or TV \circ *The message was transmitted to the ship by radio.*

transmitter /trænz'mɪtə/ noun apparatus for sending out radio or TV signals

transparency /træns'pærənsi/ noun 1. the quality of being transparent \circ The transparency of the water allows you to see the coral reefs. **2.** being clear when making decisions, and being open to the public about official actions \circ The government insists on the importance of transparency in all its actions. **3.** a photograph which is printed on transparent film so that it can be projected on to a screen \circ *Transparency is another name for 'slide'*. \circ *Do you want to have prints or transparencies?*

transparent /træns'pærənt/ adj which you can see through \circ *The meat is wrapped in transparent plastic film.*

transpire /træn'spaiə/ (transpires, transpiring, transpired) verb 1. to become obvious \circ *It transpired that she had never seen the letter*. 2. (of a plant) to lose water through the surface of a leaf \circ *In tropical rainforests, up to 75% of rainfall will transpire into the atmosphere.*

transplant¹ /'trænsplo:nt/ noun 1. the act of replacing a damaged organ or part of the body with a part from another body, or with a part from somewhere else on the same body \circ *He had a heart transplant.* 2. an organ or piece of tissue which is transplanted \circ *The kidney transplant was rejected.*

transplant² /træns'plo:nt/ (transplants, transplanting, transplanted) verb **1.** to move a plant from one place to another \circ You should not transplant trees in the summer. **2.** to replace a damaged organ or other body part with a healthy part \circ They transplanted a kidney from his brother.

transport¹ /'trænsport/ noun the movement of goods or people in vehicles \circ Air transport is the quickest way to travel from one country to another. \circ Rail transport costs are getting lower. \circ What means of transport will you use to get to the hotel?

transport² /træns'po:t/ (transports, transporting, transported) verb to move goods or people from one place to another in a vehicle \circ *The company transports millions of toos of goods by rail each year.* \circ *The visitors will be transported to the factory by helicopter.*

③ **transportation** /,trænspɔ:'teɪ $\int(\mathfrak{g})n$ / noun the action or means of moving goods or people \circ *The company will provide transportation to the airport.*

transpose /træns'pəʊz/ (**transposes**, **transposing**, **transposed**) *verb* to make two things change places

transvestite /trænz'vestatt/ noun a person who wears the clothes of the opposite sex. ϕ **drag**

(3) **trap** /træp/ noun an object used for catching an animal ○ We have a mouse in the kitchen so we will put down a trap. ■ verb (**traps, trapping, trapped**) to catch or hold someone or something ○ Several people were trapped in the wreckage of the plane. \circ He was trapped on video as he entered the bank.

trapezium /trə'pi:ziəm/ noun 1. a flat four-sided geometric shape, where two of the sides are parallel and the other two sides are not (NOTE: The US term is **trapezoid**.) 2. US a flat four-sided geometric shape, where none of the sides are parallel (NOTE: The British term is **trapezoid**.)

trash /træʃ/ noun 1. US useless things \circ Throw out all that trash from her bedroom. 2. something of bad quality, e.g. a newspaper **u** verb (trashes, trashing, trashed) 1. to smash up \circ Someone trashed the telephones. 2. to ruin someone's reputation \circ She wrote an article trashing the pop singer.

trashcan /'træʃkæn/ *noun US* a large plastic or metal container for household rubbish (*informal*)

trashy /'træ∫i/ adj of bad quality

trauma /'trɔːmə/ *noun* a mental shock caused by a sudden unpleasant experience, which was not expected to take place

traumatic /troː'mætɪk/ *adj* which gives a sharp and unpleasant shock

② travel /'træv(⇒)l/ noun the action of moving from one country or place to another ○ Air travel is the only really fast method of going from one country to another. ■ verb (travels, travelling, travelled) to move from one country or place to another ○ He travels fifty miles by car to go to work every day. ○ He has travelled across the United States several times on his motorbike. ○ The bullet must have travelled several metres before it hit the wall. (NOTE: The US spelling is traveling - traveled.)

travel agency /'træv(ə)l erdʒənsi/ noun an office which arranges tickets and accommodation for travellers

travel agent/'træv(ə)l ¡eɪdʒənt/ noun a person or company that arranges tickets and accommodation for its customers

traveller /'træv(\ni) \mid *i*/ *noun* **1**. a person who travels \circ *travellers on the 9 o'clock train to London* \circ *Travellers to France are experiencing delays because of the dock strike*. **2**. a person who has no fixed home and who travels around the country \circ *The fields were full of hippies and travellers.*

traveller's cheque /'træv(ϑ)l ϑ z t \int ek/ noun a cheque which you buy at a bank before you travel and which you can then use in a foreign country

traverse /trə'v3:s/ (traverses, traversing, traversed) verb to go across **travesty** /'trævəsti/ noun a ridiculous or poor imitation \circ It's a travesty of the truth. **trawl** /troːl/ (**trawls, trawling, trawled**) verb to search something large in order to get something \circ We trawled the files for a recent photo of the businessman. \Box to **trawl through something for something** to search through something \circ He spent hours trawling through boxes until he found the letter he was looking for.

trawler /'trɔ:lə/ *noun* a fishing boat which pulls a net behind it

tray /tre1/ noun a flat board for carrying food, and things like glasses, cups and saucers \circ He had his lunch on a tray in his bedroom. \circ She bumped into a waitress who was carrying a tray of glasses.

treacherous /'tret $\int \operatorname{pres}/dv$ **1**. dangerous \circ There are treacherous reefs just offshore. \circ Black ice is making the roads very treacherous. **2**. not to be trusted \circ His treacherous behaviour led to the loss of the town to the enemy.

treachery /'tret∫əri/ *noun* the act of betraying or of being a traitor to your country, friends, etc.

treacle /'tri: $k(\vartheta)$]/ noun a thick darkbrown liquid produced when sugar is being refined \circ You can use treacle in Christmas cakes and Christmas puddings.

tread /tred/ verb (treads, treading, trod) to step or to walk, especially with force \circ She trod on my toe and didn't say she was sorry. \circ Watch where you're treading – there's broken glass on the floor. \blacksquare noun the top part of a stair or step which you stand on \circ The carpet on the bottom tread is loose. \circ Metal treads are noisy.

treadmill /'tredmil/ *noun* **1**. an exercise machine with a moving belt on which you walk or jog without actually moving forward **2**. dull work which has to be done every day

treason /'tri:z(ə)n/ *noun* the crime of betraying your country, by giving your country's secrets to the enemy or by helping the enemy during wartime

treasure /'tre3 ∂ / noun jewels, gold, or other valuable things \circ the treasures in the British Museum \circ They are diving in the Caribbean looking for pirates' treasure.

treasurer /'treʒərə/ noun a person who looks after the money of a club, society or other organisation \circ Please send your subscriptions to the treasurer by May 1st.

① **treat** /tri:t/ noun a special thing which gives pleasure \circ It's always a treat to sit down quietly at home after a hard day in the shop. • verb (treats, treating, treated) 1. to deal with someone or something \circ She was badly treated by her uncle. \circ It you treat the staff well they will work well. \circ He didn't treat my suggestion seriously. 2. to give medical help to a sick or injured person \circ After the accident some of the passengers had to be treated in hospital for cuts and bruises. \circ She is being treated for rheumatism.

treatise /'tri:t1z/ noun a long piece of formal writing on a specialised subject

① **treatment** /'tri:tmənt/ noun 1. a way of behaving towards something or someone \circ The report criticised the treatment of prisoners in the jail. \circ What sort of treatment did you get at school? 2. a way of looking after a sick or injured person [~for] \circ The treatment for skin cancer is very painful. \circ He is having a course of heat treatment.

treaty /'tri:ti/ noun a written legal agreement between two or more countries \circ The treaty was signed in 1845. \circ Countries are negotiating a treaty to ban nuclear weapons.

treble /'treb(ə)l/ noun **1**. a boy's highpitched soprano voice \circ *The treble solo* rose above the sound of the basses. **2**. a high-pitched musical instrument \circ *The* school has six recorders: two bass, two tenors and two trebles. **•** verb (**trebles, trebling, trebled**) to increase by three times \circ *The council is planning to treble the* amount it spends on education. \circ *The value* of our house has trebled in the last fifteen years.

① **tree** /tri:/ noun a very large plant, with a thick trunk, branches and leaves \circ *The* cat climbed up an apple tree and couldn't get down. \circ In autumn, the leaves on the trees in the park turn brown and red. \circ *He* was sheltering under a tree and was struck by lightning.

trek /trek/ noun a long hard journey \circ *It's quite a trek to the centre of town from here.* (NOTE: + **trek** *v*)

trellis /'trells/ *noun* a frame of crisscrossed pieces of light wood, used for plants to climb up

tremble /'trembəl/ (**trembles**, **trembling**, **trembled**) *verb* to shake because you are cold or afraid, or worried by something • She was trembling with cold. • I tremble at the thought of how much the meal will cost.

② **tremendous** /trɪ'mendəs/ adj very big • There was a tremendous explosion

and all the lights went out. \circ There's tremendous excitement here in Trafalgar Square as we wait for the election result.

tremor /'tremə/ noun a slight shaking o They noticed a tremor in her hands.

trench /trent $\int / noun$ a long narrow ditch \circ They dug trenches for drainage round the camp. \circ He fought in the trenches during the First World War.

(2) **trend** / trend/ noun a general tendency [-towards] ○ There is a trend towards shopping in smaller local stores. ○ The government studies economic trends to decide whether to raise taxes or not.

trendy /'trendi/ (**trendier**, **trendiest**) *adj* very fashionable (*informal*) \circ *She's always* wearing the trendiest clothes. \circ *It's trendy* nowadays to care about the environment.

trepidation /,trep1'de1∫(ə)n/ noun nervous worry

② trial / traisl/ noun 1. a court case held before a judge \circ The trial will be heard next week. 2. the act of testing something \circ The new model is undergoing its final trials. \diamond on trial being tested to see if it is acceptable \circ The system is still on trial.

trial run / trai \exists 'rAn/ noun a test of something which is new to see how good it is

(3) **triangle** /'traræŋgəl/ noun a shape with three straight sides and three angles o The end of the roof is shaped like a triangle.

triathlon /trai'æ@lən/ *noun* an Olympic endurance sport in which competitors must complete a 1,500-metre swim, then cycle 40 kilometres and finally run 10,000 metres

tribe /traib/ noun a group of people with the same race, language and customs \circ She went into the jungle to study the jungle tribes.

tribunal /trai'bju: $n(\mathfrak{d})l$ / *noun* a specialist court outside the main judicial system which examines special problems and makes judgments

tribute /'tribju:t/ *noun* words or gifts to show respect to someone, especially someone who has died

tribute band /'tribju:t, bænd/ noun a musical group that tries to look and sound like and performs songs and music made popular by a famous predecessor

(2) trick /trik/ noun a clever act to deceive or confuse someone \circ *The recorded sound* of barking is just a trick to make burglars think there is a dog in the house. • verb (tricks, tricking, tricked) to deceive someone \circ We've been tricked, there's nothing in the box. \Box to trick someone into doing something to make someone do something which they did not mean to do by means of a trick \circ He tricked the old lady into giving him all her money. \Box to trick someone out of something to get someone to lose something by a trick \circ She tricked the back out

thing by a trick \circ She tricked the bank out of £100,000.

trickery /'trikəri/ noun deceiving by using tricks

trick question /trɪk 'kwest∫ən/ *noun* a question which is intended to deceive people

③ **tricky** /'triki/ *adj* requiring a lot of skill, patience or intelligence \circ *Getting the wire through the little hole is quite tricky.*

tried $/('_{"o"})'$ past tense and past participle of **try**

tries /traiz/ plural of try. 3rd person singular present of try

trifle /'traf(\Im)l/ noun a small thing which is not important (*literary*) \circ The president does not bother himself with trifles.

trigger /'trɪgə/ noun a little lever which you pull to fire a gun

trilogy /'trɪlədʒi/ (*plural* **trilogies**) *noun* a novel or play in three separate parts which are linked together

trim /trim/ verb (trims, trimming, trimmed) to cut something to make it tidy \circ Ask the hairdresser to trim your beard. \blacksquare adj (trimmer, trimmest) 1. cut short to give a tidy appearance \circ She always keeps her hedges trim. 2. slim and fit \circ He keeps himself trim by going for a long walk every day.

trinket /'trinkit/ noun a cheap ornament

trio /'tri:=0/ (*plural* **trios**) *noun* a group of three people, especially a group of three musicians

② **trip** /trip/ noun a short journey [-to] ○ Our trip to Paris was cancelled. ○ We're going on a trip to the seaside. ■ verb (**trips**, **tripping**, **tripped**) to catch your foot in something so that you stagger and fall down [~on/over] ○ She tripped over a cable as she was coming out of the workshop.

trip over phrasal verb to catch your foot in something so that you fall \circ She was running away from him when she tripped over.

triple $/^{t}trip(\mathfrak{S})l/$ (**triples, tripling, tripled**) *verb* to become three times as large; to make something three times as large \circ *Out*- put has tripled over the last year. \circ We've tripled the number of visitors to the museum since we reduced the entrance fee.

tripod /'traipod/ noun a stand with three legs

trite /trait/ adj very ordinary and unexciting or used too often

③ **triumph**/'traiAmf/ noun a great victory or great achievement [-over/~of] ○ their recent triumph over the French ○ The bridge is a triumph of modern engineering. • verb (triumphs, triumphing, triumphed) [-over] □ to triumph over something to be successful in spite of difficulties which could have stopped you ○ He triumphed over his disabilities to become world champion. □ to triumph over someone to win a victory over someone ○ Our local team triumphed over their old rivals.

triumphant /trai'Amfənt/ adj happy or proud because you have won

trivia /'triviə/ noun details which are not important

trivial /'triviəl/ adj not important

trod /trpd/ past tense of tread

trodden /'trod(ə)n/ past participle of tread

③ **trolley** /'troli/ noun a small vehicle on wheels which is designed to be pushed o They put the piano onto a trolley to move it out of the house.

trombone /trom'bəun/ *noun* a brass musical instrument like a large trumpet, where different notes are made by sliding a tube in or out

(2) **troop** /tru:p/ noun a large group of people ○ She took a troop of schoolchildren to visit the museum. (NOTE: Do not confuse with **troupe**.) ■ plural noun **troops** soldiers ○ Enemy troops occupied the town.

trophy /'trəofi/ noun a prize given for winning a competition \circ His mantelpiece is full of trophies which he won at golf. \circ Our team carried off the trophy for the third year in a row.

(2) **tropical** /'tropik(∂)/ adj relating to hot countries \circ In tropical countries it is always hot.

③ **trot** /trot/ noun the action of running with short regular steps, like a horse does ○ Let's start today's exercises with a short trot round the football field. ■ verb (trots, trotting, trotted) to run with short regular steps ○ We've got no butter left, so I'll trot off to the shop to buy some. ○ She trotted down the path to meet us. (1) **trouble** /'trAb(\Rightarrow)// noun problems or worries \circ The trouble with old cars is that sometimes they don't start. \circ The children were no trouble at all. \circ We are having some computer trouble or some trouble with the computer. \blacksquare verb (troubles, troubling, troubled) to make someone feel worried \circ I can see that there's something troubling him. \diamond asking for trouble likely to cause problems \circ If you don't take out insurance, it's just asking for trouble. \diamond it's no trouble it is easy to do, it won't cause any problems \circ Looking after your cat is no trouble – I like animals.

troubled /'trAb(\ni)ld/ adj **1**. where there are problems \circ *He comes from a troubled family background*. \circ *We live in troubled times*. **2**. worried \circ *He has a troubled look on his face.* \circ *They seem troubled but I don't know why.*

troublemaker /'trAb(ə)lmeikə/ noun a person who causes problems for other people

troubleshooting /'trʌb(ə)lʃuːtɪŋ/ *noun* sorting out problems, in business or in technology

troublesome /'trʌb(ə)ls(ə)m/ adj which causes trouble or which is annoying **trouble spot** /'trʌb(ə)l spot/ noun a place where trouble, especially political unrest or violence, occurs

trough /trof/ noun 1. a long narrow open container for food or water for farm animals \circ The pigs were so greedy for their food, some of them even got into the trough 2. a low point between two higher points of something that rises and falls regularly \circ The graph shows the peaks and troughs of the number of births in different months.

trounce /trauns/ (trounces, trouncing, trounced) verb to defeat someone easily

troupe /tru:p/ *noun* a group of actors or other performers who perform together (NOTE: Do not confuse with **troop**.)

(2) **trousers** /'traozəz/ plural noun clothes which cover your body from the waist down, each leg separately \circ *He tore his trousers climbing over the fence.* \circ *She was wearing a red jumper and grey trousers.* \circ *He bought two pairs of trousers in the sale.*

trout /traut/ noun a type of edible freshwater fish

trowel /'travel/ noun a hand tool, like a large spoon, used in gardening

truancy /'tru:ənsi/ *noun* the action of not going to school when you should

truant /'tru:ent/ noun \Box to play truant not to go to school when you should \circ They didn't go to school, but played truant and went fishing instead.

truce /truis/ *noun* an agreement between two armies or enemies to stop fighting for a time

 (2) truck /trʌk/ noun a goods vehicle used for carrying heavy loads (informal) o Trucks thundered past the house all night.
 They loaded the truck with bricks.

① **true** /tru:/ adj 1. correct according to facts or reality \circ What he says is simply not true. \circ It's quite true that she comes from Scotland. \circ Is it true that he's been married twice? \diamond **truth 2.** faithful or loyal \circ an expression of true love \circ She's a true friend. \diamond **to come true** to happen as was predicted \circ Her forecast of bad storms came true. \diamond **true to life** like things really are

truffle /'trAf(\ni)l/ noun 1. a type of round black edible fungus found under the earth near trees \circ Specially trained pigs are trained to sniff out the best truffles. 2. a soft sweet made of chocolate, often flavoured with rum \circ We bought our hosts a bottle of wine and a box of chocolate truffles.

(3) truly /'tru:li/ adv used for emphasis o
 He truly believes that was what happened.
 Or truly grateful for all your help. O Do
 You love me, really and truly?

trump card /'trAmp ka:d/ *noun* an advantage which is kept ready for use in an emergency

trumpet /'trAmpit/ noun a brass musical instrument which is played by blowing, with three parts which you press with your fingers \circ He plays the trumpet in the school orchestra. \circ She practises the trumpet in the evenings.

truncheon /'trʌnt∫ən/ noun a short, thick stick used by policemen as a weapon **trundle** /'trʌnd(ə)l/ (**trundles, trundling, trundled**) *verb* to push or roll along something heavy or to move in a heavy way

③ **trunk** /trʌŋk/ noun 1. the thick stem of a tree \circ *Ivy was climbing up the trunk of the oak tree*. 2. an elephant's long nose 3. a large box for storing or sending clothes \circ *They sent a trunk of clothes in advance to the new house.*

trunk road /'trʌŋk rəʊd/ noun a main road

trunks /trʌŋks/ *plural noun* shorts worn by a man when swimming

① **trust** /trAst/ verb (trusts, trusting, trusted) to be confident that someone is reliable \circ You can trust his instructions – he

knows a lot about computers. \circ I wouldn't trust him farther than I could kick him. noun a belief that something will work well or that someone will do something [\sim in] \circ Don't put too much trust in his navigating skills. \Box to take something on trust to take something without looking to see if it is all right \circ We took his statement on trust.

trustee /trA'sti:/ *noun* a person who administers a trust or who directs a charity or other public institution

trust fund /'trAst fAnd/ *noun* an investment fund which is managed on behalf of another person

trustworthy /'trʌstwɜːði/ adj who can be depended upon

① **truth** /tru: θ / noun being true; a true story [-about] \circ The police are trying to work out the truth about what happened. \circ Do you think he is telling the truth? \circ I don't think there is any truth in his story. \diamond home truths

truthful /'tru: θ f(ϑ)l/ adj 1. who always tells the truth \circ She's a very truthful child. 2. giving true facts \circ To be truthful, I'm not quite sure where we are. \circ The young man gave a truthful account of what happened.

① try /trai/verb (tries, trying, tried) 1. to make an effort to do something \circ You have to try hard if you want to succeed. \circ Don't try to ride a motorbike if you've never ridden one before. 2. to test or to see if something is good \circ I tried the new toothpaste and I didn't like the taste. 3. to hear a civil or criminal case in court \circ The case will be tried by a judge and jury. \blacksquare noun (plural tries) an attempt to do something \circ She's going to have a try at water sking. \circ He had two tries before he passed his driving test. \square let's give it a try let's see if it works

try on phrasal verb **1**. to put on a piece of clothing to see if it fits \circ You must try the trousers on before you buy them. \circ Did you try on the shoes at the shop? **2**. \Box **to try it on** to try to trick someone (informal) \circ Don't believe him – he's just trying it on.

try out *phrasal verb* to test something, to see if it is good

trying /'train/ *adj* annoying and difficult to deal with

T-shirt /'ti: $\int 3:t/$ noun another spelling of **teeshirt** \circ *She was wearing jeans and a T-shirt*. \circ *No wonder you're cold if you went out in just a T-shirt*.

tsp. abbr teaspoon

tub $/t_{\Lambda}b/$ noun **1**. a round container with straight sides, often used for growing

plants \circ *a tub of daffodils* **2**. a small, round container for food, usually with a lid \circ *a tub of coleslaw* **3**. a bath

tuba /'tju:bə/ noun a large bass brass instrument

(3) **tube** /t ju:b/ noun 1. a long pipe for carrying liquids or gas \circ *He was lying in a hospital bed with tubes coming out of his nose and mouth*. \circ *Air flows down this tube to the face mask.* 2. a soft container for a soft substance like toothpaste, which you squeeze to get the substance out \circ *I forgot to pack a tube of toothpaste.* \circ *I need a tube of glue to mend the cup.* \circ *She bought a tube of mustard.* 3. (*in London*) the underground railway system \circ *It's quicker to take the tube to Oxford Circus than to go by bus.* \circ *You'll have to go by bus because there's a tube strike.*

tuberculosis /tju,b3:kju'lausis/ noun an infectious disease caused by a bacillus, where infected lumps form in the lungs

tubing /'t ju:bin/ noun tubes in general

tuck /tAk/ (**tucks, tucking, tucked**) verb to put something carefully into a narrow or small place \circ She tucked the blanket around the baby. \circ He tucked the note into his shirt pocket.

tuck in phrasal verb **1.** to fold something carefully around someone or something and push the ends in \circ She tucked the baby in or She tucked the blanket in (around the baby). **2.** to start eating enthusiastically \circ The food's ready, everyone can tuck in. \circ We all tucked in to a huge lunch.

tuck up /, $t \wedge k' \wedge p/$ verb to push the edge of the bedclothes around someone to keep them warm $\circ By$ eight o'clock the children were all tucked up in bed.

Tues. abbr Tuesday

() **Tuesday** /'t ju:zdet/ noun the second day of the week, the day between Monday and Wednesday \circ I saw him in the office last Tuesday. \circ The club always meets on Tuesdays. \circ Shall we meet next Tuesday evening? \circ Today is Tuesday, April 30th. \circ The 15th is a Monday, so the 16th must be a Tuesday. \circ We went to the cinema last Tuesday.

tuft /t Aft/ noun a small bunch of something like grass or feathers

tug /t Λ g/ verb (**tugs**, **tugging**, **tugged**) to give something a sudden hard pull \circ He tugged on the rope and a bell rang. \blacksquare noun a sudden pull \circ He felt a tug on the line – he had caught a fish! **tug-of-war** /, tAg $\exists v$ 'woi/ noun a bitter struggle between two sides \circ After the divorce the children were caught in a tug-ofwar between their parents.

(3) **tuition** $/t ju' I \int (\partial n) / noun$ the teaching of students

tulip /'tju:lip/ noun a common spring bulb with flowers in brilliant colours, shaped like cups

tumble /'tAmbəl/ (tumbles, tumbling, tumbled) verb to fall \circ He tumbled down the stairs head first. \circ She arrived home late after the party and just tumbled into bed. (NOTE: + tumble n)

tumbler /'tAmblə/ noun a glass with a flat base and straight sides, used for serving drinks

tummy /'tAmi/ (plural **tummies**) noun the stomach (*informal*; *children's language*)

tumour /'t ju:mə/ *noun* an unusual swelling or growth of new cells in the body (NOTE: The US spelling is **tumor**.)

tuna /'t juːnə/ (plural same or tunas) noun a very large sea fish used for food

③ **tune** /t ju:n/ noun a series of musical notes which have a pattern \circ *He wrote* some of the tunes for the musical. \circ She walked away whistling a little tune.

tune in *phrasal verb* to adjust a radio so that it takes broadcasts from a particular station

tunic /'tju:nik/ noun 1. a long loose shirt \circ She was wearing a matching tunic and skirt. 2. a short uniform jacket worn by soldiers, policemen and others \circ The guardsmen spent hours polishing the buttons on their tunics.

(3) **tunnel** /'tAn(ə)l/ noun a long passage under the ground \circ The Channel Tunnel links Britain to France. \circ The road round Lake Lucerne goes through six tunnels. \circ They are digging a new tunnel for the underground railway.

tunnel vision $/_1$ tAn(\ni)l 'v13(\ni)n/ noun 1. seeing only the area immediately in front of the eye 2. having the tendency to concentrate on only one aspect of a problem

turban /'tɜːbən/ noun a long piece of cloth worn wrapped round your head

turbine /'t3:bain/ *noun* a machine which produces power from the action of water, gas or steam turning a wheel with blades which runs a generator

turbulence /'tɜːbjʊləns/ noun a disturbance in air or water currents

turbulent /'tɜ:bjʊlənt/ adj 1. which is moving violently \circ Watch out for turbulent

water near the rocks. **2.** likely to have riots or civil war \circ *It was a turbulent period in the country's history.*

turf/t3:f/ noun 1. an area of grass which is mown and looked after \circ After the rain, the dry springy turf suddenly turned wet and sticky underfoot. 2. a piece of grass and soil which can be planted to form a lawn \circ Make sure the ground is flat before laying the strips of turf. \circ It is quicker to lay turfs than to sow grass seed.

③ **turkey** /'t3:ki/ *noun* a large farm bird, similar to a chicken but much bigger, often eaten at Christmas ○ We had roast turkey and potatoes. ○ Who's going to carve the turkey?

③ Turkey /'t3:ki/ noun a country in the eastern Mediterranean, south of the Black Sea (NOTE: capital: Ankara; people: the Turks; language: Turkish; currency: Turkish lira)

turmoil /'t 3:moil/ noun a state of disorder and confusion

(1) turn /t3:n/ noun 1. a change of direction, especially of a vehicle o The bus made a sudden turn to the left. b U-turn 2. a road which leaves another road o Take the next turn on the right. • verb (turns, turning, turned) 1. to go round in a circle \circ The wheels of the train started to turn slowly. \circ Be careful – the machine goes on turning for a few seconds after it has been switched off. **2.** to make something go round \circ Turn the handle to the right to open the safe. 3. to change direction, to go in another direction \circ Turn left at the next traffic lights. \circ The car turned the corner too fast and hit a lamppost. O The path turns to the right after the pub. 4. to move your head or body so that you face in another direction \circ *Can* everyone turn to look at the camera, *please.* **5.** to change into something different o Leaves turn red or brown in the autumn. • When he was fifty, his hair turned grey.

turn away phrasal verb **1.** to send people away \circ The restaurant is full, so we have had to turn people away. **2.** to turn so as not to face someone \circ He turned away because he didn't want to be photographed.

turn back (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to turn round and go back in the opposite direction **2**. to tell someone to go back \circ *The police tried to turn back the people who had no tickets.*

turn down phrasal verb 1. to refuse something which is offered \circ He was offered a

turnaround

job in Australia, but turned it down. \circ She has turned down a job or turned a job down in the town hall. **2.** to make something less noisy or less strong \circ Can you turn down the radio – I'm trying to work. \circ Turn down the gas or turn the gas down – the soup will burn. **3.** to fold back a sheet on a bed, so that the pillow is uncovered

turn in phrasal verb 1. to take someone or something to someone in authority \circ Everyone was asked to turn in their guns. \circ He caught the thief and turned him in to the police. 2. to go to bed \circ H's after eleven o'clock – time to turn in!

turn into (3) *phrasal verb* **1**. to change to become something different \circ *The witch turned the prince into a frog.* \circ *We are planning to turn this room into a muse-um.* **2**. to change direction and go into something \circ *We went down the main road for a short way and then turned into a little lane on the left.*

turn off phrasal verb **1**. to make a piece of electrical equipment stop working \circ Don't forget to turn the TV off when you go to bed. \circ Turn off the lights or turn the lights off-father's going to show his holiday films. **2**. to leave a road you are travelling on \circ You can turn off the main street into one of the car parks. \circ Here's where we turn off.

turn on phrasal verb **1**. to make a piece of electrical equipment start working \circ Can you turn the light on or turn on the light – it's too dark to read. **2**. to attack someone suddenly \circ The dog suddenly turned on the girl. \circ The newspapers suddenly turned on the prime minister.

turn out phrasal verb 1. to force someone to go out \circ They were turned out of their house when they couldn't pay the rent. 2. to produce or make \circ The factory turns out more than 10,000 cars a week. 3. to switch off \circ Please turn out all the lights or turn all the lights out before you go up to bed. 4. to happen in the end \circ We got talking, and it turned out that she was at school with my brother. \circ The party didn't start very well, but everything turned out all right in the end. 5. to come out \circ The whole town turned out to watch the cycle race.

turn over phrasal verb **1.** to roll over \circ The lorry went round the corner too fast and turned over. \circ Their boat turned over in the storm. **2.** to show the other side \circ He turned over the burger to see if it was *done*. **3.** to have a certain amount of sales • *We turn over about three million pounds per annum.*

turn round(3) *phrasal verb* to move your head or body so that you face in another direction

turn up(3) phrasal verb 1. to arrive \circ The food was spoiled because half the guests didn't turn up until nine o'clock. \circ He turned up unexpectedly just as I was leaving the office. 2. to be found in a particular place \circ The police searched everywhere, and the little girl finally turned up in Edinburgh. \circ The keys turned up in my trouser pocket. 3. to make something louder or stronger \circ Can you turn up the radio or turn the radio up - I can't hear it. \circ Turn up the gas or turn the gas up, the potatoes aren't cooked yet. 4. to unfold \circ To keep warm he turned up his coat collar.

turnaround /'tɜːnəraʊnd/ noun same as turnround

③ **turning** /'tɜːnɪŋ/ *noun* a road which goes away from another road

turning point /'t3:niŋ point/ noun the time when an important or decisive change takes place

turnip /'t3:n1p/ noun a common vegetable, with a round white root

turnout /'t3:naut/ noun a crowd of people who come to a show or a meeting \circ *The football match attracted only a small turnout.* \circ *There was a record turnout for the flower show.*

(3) **turnover** /'t3:nəʊvə/ *noun* the amount of sales of goods or services by a business • *Our turnover is rising each year*:

turnround /'tɜ:nraund/ noun the process of receiving orders and sending out goods (NOTE: The US term is **turnaround**.)

turnstile /'t3:nstail/ *noun* a little revolving gate which has a counter to record the number of people going through it

turntable /'t3:nte1b(ϑ)l/ noun a flat part of a record player which turns with the record on it \circ I don't think the turntable is aligned correctly – the records seem to turn at the wrong speed.

turquoise /'t3:kw5iZ/ adj blue-green $\circ I$ bought a pale turquoise silk dress to go to the wedding. \circ From the top of the cliff the sea looked turquoise in the sunshine.

turret /'tArit/ noun 1. a small tower \circ From here, you can see the castle's pointed turrets. 2. a small armoured structure with a gun inside, on a ship or tank \circ The turret of the tank swung round until the barrel of the gun was pointing directly at the president's palace.

tusk /tAsk/ *noun* the long tooth of some animals such as elephants and walruses

tussle $/^{t} \Lambda S(\Im) l/$ noun a fight or argument \circ He got into a tussle with two men outside a pub. \circ After a short tussle with the manager she got a refund. (NOTE: + **tussle** v)

tutor /'t ju:tə/ noun a teacher, especially a person who teaches only one student or a small group of students \circ *His first job was as private tutor to some German children.*

■ verb (tutors, tutoring, tutored) to teach a small group of students (formal) ○ She earns extra money by tutoring foreign students in English.

tutorial /t ju:'t o:riəl/ *noun* a teaching session between a tutor and one or more students

tuxedo /tʌk'siːdəʊ/ *noun US* a man's formal black or white jacket, worn with a bow tie

① TV /,ti: 'vi:/ noun a television ○ They watch TV every night. ○ The TV news is usually at nine o'clock. ○ Some children's TV programmes are very dull. ○ The daughter of a friend of mine was on TV last night.

twang /twæŋ/ noun a sound made when the string of a musical instrument or a taut wire is pulled and released \circ You could hear the twang of his guitar. \circ There was a loud twang as the cable snapped.

tweak /twi:k/ (tweaks, tweaking, tweaked) verb 1. to pinch and pull with your finger and thumb \circ She tweaked his nose. 2. to adjust something carefully \circ With a little tweaking we got the graphics right.

tweed /twi:d/ *noun* a usually rough woollen cloth made with strands of different coloured wool

tweezers /'twi: $z \Rightarrow z/$ plural noun little metal pincers for pulling out a hair or splinter \circ She pulled the hair out with her tweezers.

() **twelfth** /twelf θ / *adj* relating to number 12 in a series **noun** number 12 in a series () **twelve** /twelv/ *noun* the number 12

twentieth /'twent1 θ / adj relating to number 20 in a series (NOTE: With dates twentieth is usually written **20th**: May 20th, 1921; June 20th, 1896 (American style is 20 June 1896): say 'the twentieth of June' or 'June the twentieth' (American style is 'June twentieth').) **•** noun number 20 in a series

(1) twenty /'twenti/ noun the number 20 (NOTE: twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22) etc., but twenty-first (21st), twenty-second (22nd), etc.) \Box twenties the numbers between 20 and 29

twenty-first /'twenti f3:st/ adj, noun referring to 21

24/7 / twenti fo: 'sev(ə)n/ adv 24 hours a day, 7 days a week without stopping

20/20 vision / twenti twenti 'v13(ə)n/ noun perfect eyesight

(3) **twice** /twars/ adv two times \circ Turn it off – I've seen that programme twice already. \circ Twice two is four, twice four is eight. \circ I'm fifteen, she's thirty, so she's twice as old as I am.

twiddle /'twid(ϑ)// (twiddles, twiddling, twiddled) verb to twist something aimlessly \circ She twiddled the knobs, hoping to find a German radio station.

twig /twig/ noun a little branch of a tree or bush \circ There is a bud at the end of each twig. \circ The bird made its nest of twigs and leaves.

twilight /'twaɪlaɪt/ *noun* a time when the light is weak, between sunset and night

③ **twin** /twin/ *adj*, *noun* one of two babies born at the same time to the same mother ○ *he and his twin brother* ○ *She's expecting twins.*

twin beds /,twin 'beds/ *plural noun* two single beds placed in a bedroom

twinge /twindʒ/ noun a short sharp pain

twinkle /'twiŋkəl/ (**twinkles, twinkling, twinkled**) verb to shine with a little moving light \circ His eyes twinkled as he showed the children the sweets he had bought. \circ We could see the lights of the harbour twinkling in the distance. (NOTE: + **twinkle** n)

twirl/tw3:l/(**twirls, twirling, twirled**) verb **1.** to twist something round in your hand \circ *I* wish *I* could twirl a baton like those girls in the procession. **2.** to spin round \circ *Mod*els twirled round on the catwalk. (NOTE: + **twirl** n)

(3) twist /twist/ (twists, twisting, twisted)
 verb 1. to wind something round something
 o She twisted the string round a piece of stick.
 2. to turn in different directions o The path twisted between the fields.

twitch /twit \int / (twitches, twitching, twitched) *verb* to make small movements of the muscles (NOTE: + twitch *n*)

2 /tu:/ prep to (informal)

① **two** /tu:/ noun the number $2 \diamond$ to put two and two together to draw a conclusion from something \circ They put two and two together and decided she must be pregnant. **2.1** / tuː'wʌn/ noun an upper second class university degree

2.2 /,tuː'tuː/ *noun* a lower second class university degree

twofold /'tu:fould/ adv, adj twice as much

two-time /'tu: taim/ verb to be unfaithful to your marriage partner or lover (*informal*)

tycoon /taɪ'kuːn/ *noun* a very rich businessman

tying /'taiin/ present participle of tie

① **type** /taip/ noun a group of people, animals or things that are similar to each other $[-of] \circ$ This type of bank account pays 10% interest. \circ What type of accommodation are you looking for? **u** verb (**types**, **typing**, **typed**) to write with a computer or typewriter \circ Please type your letters – your writing's so bad I can't read it. \circ She only typed two lines and made six mistakes. **typeface** /'taipfeis/ *noun* a set of printed characters which have been designed with a certain style and have a certain name

typewriter /'taɪpraɪtə/ *noun* a machine which prints letters or numbers on a piece of paper when keys are pressed

(2) **typical** /'tɪpɪk(ə)l/ adj having the usual qualities of a particular group or occasion o Describe a typical day at school. o He's definitely not a typical bank manager.

typify /'t1p1faI/ (**typifies**, **typifying**, **typified**) *verb* to be a good example of something

typing /'taipin/ *noun* the action of writing letters with a typewriter

typist /'taipist/ noun a person whose job is to type letters on a typewriter

tyrant /'taɪrənt/ *noun* a ruler who rules by force and fear

① **tyre** /'taiə/ noun a ring made of rubber which is put round a wheel \circ Check the pressure in the car tyres before starting a journey. \circ They used an old tyre to make a seat for the garden swing.

U

u /juː/, **U** *noun* the twenty-first letter of the alphabet, between T and V

ubiquitous /juː'bɪkwɪtəs/ *adj* which is or which seems to be everywhere

udder /'Adə/ *noun* a gland which produces milk, a bag which hangs under the body of a cow or female goat

UFO /ju: ef 'əu, 'ju:fəu/ abbr unidentified flying object

ugh /ux/ *interj* showing a feeling that something is unpleasant

(2) **ugly** /'Agli/ adj unpleasant to look at \circ What an ugly pattern! \circ The part of the town round the railway station is even uglier than the rest.

uh huh $/\Lambda$ 'h Λ / *interj* showing that you agree or that you are listening

uh-oh $/\Lambda$ 'əU/ *interj* used as the written form of an exclamation made to express worry or a warning

UK abbr United Kingdom \circ Exports from the UK or UK exports rose last year.

ulcer /'Alsə/ noun an open sore on or inside the body

ulterior motive /Al₁t1əriə 'məut1v/ *noun* a hidden reason for doing something which will give you an advantage

③ **ultimate** /'AltImət/ noun the most valuable or desirable thing ○ Our first-class cabins are the ultimate in travelling luxury.

(3) **ultimately** /' Λ ltImətli/ *adv* in the end **ultimatum** /₁ Λ ltI'meItəm/ *noun* a final demand, proposal sent to someone stating that unless he does something within a period of time, action will be taken

ultra- /Altrə/ *prefix* more than normal, excessively

ultrasonic /, Altrə'sonık/ *adj* relating to frequencies above the range of human hearing

ultrasound /'Altrəsaund/ *noun* a very high frequency sound wave, used to detect objects in the body or under water

um /Am/ *interj* showing that you are not sure what to say \circ *Um*, *perhaps it's* – *no I don't know the answer.*

umbilical cord /Am'b1l1k(ə)l ko:d/ *noun* a cord which links the foetus to the placenta inside the womb

umbrage *noun* \square **take umbrage** (at something) to be offended by someone

③ **umbrella** /Am'brelə/ noun a round frame covered with cloth which you hold over your head to keep off the rain \circ Can I borrow your umbrella? \circ As it was starting to rain, he opened his umbrella. \circ The wind blew my umbrella inside out.

umpire /'AmpaIə/ noun a person who acts as a judge in a game to see that the game is played according to the rules \circ *The umpire ruled that the ball was out.* \circ *He was disqualified for shouting at the umpire.* (NOTE: + **umpire** v)

umpteen $/_i Amp'ti:n/adj$ a large number (*informal*) \circ *I've been to France umpteen times*. \circ *There are umpteen forms to fill in.*

UN abbr United Nations \circ UN peacekeeping forces are in the area. \circ The British Ambassador to the UN spoke in the debate.

un- /ʌn/ prefix not

(2) unable /An'eIb(ə)l/ adj not able to do something o I regret that I am unable to accept your suggestion. o She was unable to come to the meeting. (NOTE: be unable to is a rather formal way of saying can't.)

unaccompanied baggage /,Anə, KAmpənid 'bægɪdʒ/ noun cases which are sent by air, with no passenger travelling with them

unanimous /juː'nænɪməs/ *adj* with everyone agreeing

unasked /An'o:skt/ *adj* without having been asked \circ *Our unasked questions would always remain so now.*

unassuming /, *Anə*'sju:miŋ/ *adj* quiet or modest

unattached $/_i An \theta$ 'tæt $\int t/adj$ not married, or not in a sexual relationship with anyone

unattainable /,Anə'teInəb(ə)l/ adj impossible to achieve or reach

unattractive

unattractive $/_1 \land n \exists$ 'træktIV/ adj not attractive \circ Her husband is a rather unattractive man. \circ The house is unattractive from the outside.

Unaware $/_{\Lambda}n \exists$ 'we \exists / adj not knowing or realising something [$\sim of/{\sim}that$] \odot He said he was unaware of any rule forbidding animals in the restaurant. \odot She walked out of the shop with her boyfriend, unaware that the photographers were waiting outside.

Unawares $/_i An \exists' we \exists z/adv$ without being expected \diamond **to catch someone una**wares to catch someone by surprise \circ The TV cameras caught her unawares as she slept through the reception. \circ The security cameras caught him unawares as he was putting a packet in the rubbish bin.

unbearable /An'beərəb(ə)l/ *adj* so bad that you cannot accept it or deal with it

③ **unbelievable** /,AnbI'lizvəb(ə)l/ adj which is difficult to believe

unbending /An'bendIŋ/ *adj* not flexible in opinions or attitudes

unbiased /An'barəst/ adj without any bias

unblock /An'blok/ (**unblocks**, **unblocking**, **unblocked**) *verb* to remove something that is stopping something from flowing

unborn /An'boin/ adj not yet born

unbreakable $/\Lambda n'breik adj$ which cannot be broken

unbroken /An'brəukən/ adj which has not been broken

unbutton $/An'bAt(\vartheta)n/$ (**unbuttons, unbuttoning, unbuttoned**) *verb* to undo buttons

uncalled-for /An'koild foi/ adj not deserved

uncanny /An'kæni/ *adj* mysterious, which seems unnatural

uncaring /An'keəriŋ/ *adj* without having any sympathy

uncertain /An's3:t(∂)n/ adj not sure, or not decided \circ She is uncertain whether to accept the job. \circ He's uncertain about what to do next. \circ Their plans are still uncertain.

(3) **uncle** $/ \ln \eta k(\varphi) l/$ noun a brother of your father or mother \circ *He was brought up by his uncle in Scotland.* \circ *We had a surprise visitor last night – old Uncle Charles.*

unclear /An'kliə/ adj not clear

uncomfortable $/\Lambda n'k\Lambda mft \partial b(\partial)l/adj$ not comfortable \circ *What a very uncomfortable bed!* \circ *Plastic seats are very uncomfortable in hot weather.* **uncommon** /An'komən/ adj strange or unusual

uncommunicative /₁Ankə 'mju:nikətiv/ *adj* not saying much, or not answering people

uncomplicated /An'komplikettid/ adj easy to deal with or understand \circ In children's books, the writing should be clear and uncomplicated. \circ The procedure is relatively quick and uncomplicated.

uncompromising /An 'kompromaiziŋ/ adj unwilling to give in or to change your ideas

unconcerned /, Ankən's3:nd/ adj not worried, not bothered

unconditional $/_{\Lambda}nk \exists n'di \int (\exists)n \exists l' adj$ with no conditions attached

unconfirmed / Ankən'f 3:md/ adj which has not been confirmed

unconnected /, Ankə'nekt1d/ adj not related or connected to anything else or each other

③ **unconscious** /An'kon∫əs/ adj 1. in a physical condition in which you are not aware of what is happening ○ He was found unconscious in the street. ○ She was unconscious for two days after the accident. 2. not realising something [~of] ○ He was quite unconscious of how funny he looked. ■ noun □ the unconscious the part of the mind which stores thoughts, memories or feelings which you are not conscious of, but which influence what you do **uncontrolled** /_Ankən'trəold/ adj which has not been controlled

unconventional / $_{\Lambda}nk \Im n'ven \int (\Im)n(\Im)l/adj$ not usual

uncork /An'kɔ:k/ (**uncorks**, **uncorking**, **uncorked**) *verb* to remove the cork from a bottle

uncountable $/\Lambda n'kaunt ab(a)l/adj$ describing a noun that does not refer to a single object

UNCOVET /An'kAvə/ (uncovers, uncovering, uncovered) verb 1. to take a cover off something \circ Leaving the pots of jam uncovered will simply attract wasps. 2. to find something which was hidden \circ They uncovered a secret store of gold coins. \circ The police have uncovered a series of secret financial deals.

① **under** /'Andə/ prep **1**. in or to a place where something else is on top or above \circ We all hid under the table. \circ My pen rolled under the sofa. **2**. less than a number \circ The old table sold for under £10. \circ The train goes to Paris in under three hours. \circ Under half of the members turned up for the meeting. 3. according to \circ Under the terms of the agreement, the goods should be delivered in October. \blacksquare adv in a lower place

underage /,Andər'eidʒ/ *adj* younger than the legal age

underarm /'Andər,axm/ noun the area under the shoulder joint

undercarriage /'Andəkærɪdʒ/ noun the landing gear of an aircraft, the aircraft's wheels and their supports

underclass /'Andəkla:s/ *noun* the lowest class in society

undercover $/_1$ Andə'k $\wedge v$ ə/ adj acting in disguise \circ Two undercover policemen were sent to the night club to monitor the sale of drugs. \bullet adv in secret \circ He was working undercover for the British government at the time.

undercurrent /'AndəkArənt/ noun **1**. a current of water under the surface **2**. hidden feelings

undercut /_iAndə'kAt/ (**undercuts**, **undercutting**, **undercut**) *verb* to sell more cheaply than someone

underdog /'Andədog/ *noun* the person or team that is weaker, that is going to lose

underdone /, Andə'dAn/ *adj* not cooked enough, or not overcooked

underestimate¹/₁ $_{\Lambda}$ ndər'est imət/ noun an estimate which is less than the actual figure \circ *The figure of £50,000 was a considerable underestimate.*

Underestimate²/_AAndər'estImeIt/ (underestimates, underestimating, underestimated) verb to think that something is smaller or not as bad as it really is \circ *He underestimated the amount of time needed to finish the work.* \circ *Don't underestimate the intelligence of the average voter.*

underfund /,Andə'fAnd/ (**underfunds**, **underfunding**, **underfunded**) *verb* to provide too little money to enable something to happen or operate satisfactorily

undergo /,Andə'gəʊ/ (undergoes, undergoing, underwent, undergone) *verb* to suffer, to have something happen to you

undergraduate /, andə'grædʒuət/ noun a student at university who is studying for his or her first degree

underground¹ / $_{\Lambda}$ Andə'graund/ adv under the ground \circ *The ordinary railway line goes underground for a short distance.* \circ *Worms live all their life underground.* \blacksquare adj built under the ground \circ *There's an underground passage to the tower.* \circ *The hotel has an underground car park.*

underground² /'Andəgraond/ noun a railway in a town, which runs under the ground \circ Thousands of people use the underground to go to work. \circ Take the underground to go to Oxford Circus. \circ It's usually quicker to get across town by underground. (NOTE: The London Underground is often called the **Tube**. In the United States, an underground railway is called a **subway**.)

undergrowth /'Andəgrəυθ/ *noun* plants which grow thickly under large trees

underhand /, Andə'hænd/ adj not honest underlie /, Andə'laɪ/ (underlying, underlay, underlain) *verb* to be beneath, to be the basic cause of something

③ **Underline** (underlines, underlining, underlined) verb to write a line under a word or figure \circ He wrote the title and then underlined it in red.

③ **underlying** /, Andə'la11ŋ/ *adj* which is the reason for everything

undermine /,Andə'main/ (**undermines**, **undermining**, **undermined**) *verb* to make weaker

② underneath /,Andə'ni:θ/ prep under ○ She wore a long green jumper underneath her coat. ○ Can you see if my pen is underneath the sofa? ■ adv under ○ He put the box of books down on the kitchen table and my sandwiches were underneath!

underpants /'Andəpænts/ plural noun men's short underwear for the part of the body from the waist to the top of the legs \circ The doctor told him to strip down to his underpants. \circ His wife gave him a pair of bright red white and blue underpants for his birthday.

underpass /'Andəpa:s/ *noun* a road which is built under another

underpin /,Andə'pın/ (underpins, underpinning, underpinned) *verb* to support underprivileged /,Andə'prıvılıdʒd/ *adj* not having the same opportunities as other people

underrated /,Andə'reitid/ *adj* deserving to be valued more

(3) **Underscore** /, Andə'sko:/ (underscores, underscoring, underscored) *verb* to emphasise

(3) **undershirt** /'Andə∫3:t/ noun US a light piece of underclothing for the top half of the body (NOTE: The British term is **vest**.) **underside** /'Andəsaɪd/ noun a side that is underneath

① **understand** /_iAndə'stænd/ (**understands**, **understanding**, **understood**) *verb* **1.** to know what something means \circ *Don't*

understandable

try to talk English to Mr Yoshida – he doesn't understand it. **2**. to have sympathy for someone \circ She's a good teacher – she really understands children. **3**. to know why something happens or how something works [-how/why/what etc] \circ I can easily understand why his wife left him. \circ I still don't understand how to operate the new laser printer.

understandable /, Andə'stændəb(ə)l/ *adj* normal, which is easy to understand

understanding /, Andə'stændıŋ/ 3 *noun* **1**. the fact that someone understands something [~of] \circ My understanding of how the Internet works is limited. 2. sympathy for someone else and their problems • The aim is to promote understanding between the two countries. 3. a private agreement o We reached an understanding with the lawyers. \circ The understanding was that we would all go to the office after lunch. 4. on the understanding that on condition that, provided that \circ We accept the terms of the treaty, on the understanding that it has to be passed by Parliament. adj sympathetic \circ *His understanding attitude was* much appreciated.

understatement /'Andə, steitmənt/ *noun* a statement which does not tell the facts forcefully enough

① **understood** /,Andə'stud/ past tense and past participle of **understand**

understudy /'AndəstAdi/ noun an actor who learns a part in the play so as to be able to act it if the usual actor cannot perform \circ The understudy had to take over last night when the male lead fell and broke his arm.

③ **undertake** /,Andə'teIk/ (undertakes, undertaking, undertook, undertaken) verb 1. to agree to do something \circ *He has* undertaken to pay her £100 a week for twelve weeks. **2.** to do something \circ *They* undertook a survey of the market on our behalf.

undertaker /'Andəte1kə/ *noun* a person who organises funerals

(3) undertaking /'Andəteikiŋ/ noun 1. a business o The Post Office must be considered as a commercial undertaking, not as a public service. 2. a promise o She gave him an undertaking that she would continue to work for a further six months. o They have given us a written undertaking that they will not play loud music after ten o'clock at night. 3. a large-scale job

undertone /'Andətəun/ noun 1. a quiet voice 2. a hidden feeling

undertook /, Λ ndə't υ k/ past tense of undertake

underused /,Andə'juIZd/ adj not used enough

undervalue /_iAndə'vælju:/ (undervalues, undervaluing, undervalued) *verb* to value at less than the true rate

underwater /, Andə'wo:tə/ adj below the surface of the water \circ *How long can you stay underwater*? \circ *He dived and swam underwater for several seconds.* \circ *She goes on holiday to the Red Sea to do underwater photography.*

under way / Andə 'wei/ adv in progress • The show finally got under way after a lot of delays.

(3) **underwear** /'Andəweə/ *noun* clothes worn next to your skin under other clothes (NOTE: no plural)

underweight /,Andə'weit/ *adj* not heavy enough, which weighs less than usual

(3) **underwent** /, Andə'went/ past tense of **undergo**

underworld /'Andəw3:ld/ noun 1. (in mythology) a place inhabited by the dead \circ Orpheus went down into the Underworld to search for his wife. 2. the world of criminals \circ The police superintendent is an expert on London's underworld gangs.

undesirable $/_{\Lambda}$ And1'za1ərəb(ə)l/adj not wanted \circ Ir's highly undesirable that they should build a factory in the national park.

(3) **undid** /An'dId/ past tense of **undo**

undies /'Andiz/ plural noun underwear, especially women's underwear (informal) \circ I've just washed my undies, I hope they'll be dry by the morning.

③ **undo** /∧n'du!/ (undoes, undoing, undid, undone) verb to open something which is tied or fastened ○ The first thing he did on getting home was to undo his tie. ○ Undo your top button if your collar is too tight.

undoubtedly /An'dautIdli/ adv certain-

undress / An^{d} dres/ (undresses, undressing, undressed) verb to take your clothes off

undressed /An'drest/ adj having just taken off your clothes \circ *The children are getting undressed ready for bed.* \circ *Are you undressed yet?*

unearth /ʌn'ɜːθ/ (**unearths, unearthing, unearthed**) *verb* to dig up; to discover

uneasy /An'izzi/ (uneasier, uneasiest) adj nervous and worried (2) **unemployed** /₁Anim'ploid/ adj without a job \circ The government is encouraging unemployed teenagers to apply for training grants.

② **unemployment** /,Anim'ploimont/ noun a lack of work ○ The unemployment figures or the figures for unemployment are rising.

unemployment benefit /₁Anim 'ploimont ibenifit/ noun money paid by the government to someone who is unemployed

unending /An'endIŋ/ *adj* which is going on for ever, with no end

unenviable /An'enviəb(ə)l/ *adj* difficult or unpleasant

unequal $/\Lambda n'i!kwəl/adj$ not equal \circ The management was accused of applying unequal conditions to male and female employees.

uneven $/\Lambda n'iv(\mathfrak{p})n/adj$ not smooth or flat

unexpected /,Anik'spektid/ adj which is surprising and not what was expected \circ *We had an unexpected visit from the police.* \circ *His failure was quite unexpected.*

unexpectedly /₁An1k'spekt1dli/ adv in an unexpected way

unfailing /An'feIIIŋ/ *adj* which never changes, which is always there

(3) **unfair** $|An^{t}fe_{\theta}|$ adj not fair $\circ It$'s unfair to expect her to do all the housework while her sisters don't lift a finger to help.

unfairly /An'feəli/ adv in an unfair way

unfairness /An'feənəs/ noun lack of justice or fairness

unfamiliar /,Anfə'mɪljə/ adj not knowing at all well

unfashionable $/\Lambda n'f \mathfrak{a} \int (\mathfrak{d}) n\mathfrak{d} b(\mathfrak{d}) l/ a d j$ not fashionable

unfasten $/\Lambda n^{l} fars(\mathfrak{g})n/$ (**unfastens, unfastening, unfastened**) *verb* to undo a belt, tie or button etc. which is fastened

unfeeling /An'filin/ *adj* not caring or sympathetic

unfinished /An'fInIJt/ *adj* which has not been finished

unfit /An¹fit/ adj not fit, not in good physical condition \circ *I used to play a lot of tennis but I've got unfit during the winter.* \circ *He's so unfit, he goes red in the face if he simply bends down to pick something up off the floor.*

unfold /An'fəuld/ (unfolds, unfolding, unfolded) verb 1. to spread out something which is folded, such as a newspaper \circ She unfolded the tablecloth and put it on the table. **2.** (of a story) to become clear \circ As the full extent of the disaster unfolded, so it became clear that the emergency services could not cope.

unforgettable $/_1 \Lambda nf \vartheta' get \vartheta b(\vartheta) l/ adj$ which cannot be forgotten

unforgivable /, Anfə'gɪvəb(ə)l/ adj impossible to forgive

(3) **unfortunate** $/ An^{\dagger} f \mathfrak{s} \mathfrak{t} \mathfrak{f} (\mathfrak{s}) \mathfrak{n} \mathfrak{s} \mathfrak{t} / \mathfrak{a} dj$ which makes you sad $\circ It$ was very unfortunate that she couldn't come to see us.

① **unfortunately** $/\Lambda n'f \operatorname{o:tf}(\Theta) \operatorname{notli} / adv$ which you wish was not true \circ *Unfortunately the train arrived so late that she missed the meeting.*

unfounded /An'faundId/ adj without any basis in truth

unfriendly /An'frendli/ (**unfriendlier**, **unfriendliest**) *adj* not acting like a friend

unfulfilled /, *Anful'fild/ adj* which has not been carried out

unfurl $/\Lambda n'f 3:l/$ (unfurls, unfurling, unfurled) *verb* to unroll like a flag

ungainly /An'geInli/ adj moving without grace

ungracious /An'greijəs/ adj not wellmannered

ungrammatical /₁Angrə'mætık(ə)l/ adj using incorrect grammar

 $ungrateful / \mbox{\sc n}^{l} greatf(\ensuremath{\vartheta}) l/$ adj not grateful

unhappily /An'hæpɪli/ adv in a sad way

③ unhappy /An'hæpi/ (unhappier, unhappiest) adj sad, not happy o He's unhappy in his job because his boss is always criticising him. o She looked very unhappy when she came out of the hospital. o The children had an unhappy childhood. (NOTE: + unhappiness n)

unhealthy $/ \text{An'hel}\theta i / adj$ not healthy, especially often ill $\circ I$ thought her face was an unhealthy colour.

unheard of /An'h3:d DV/ adj strange or odd

unhurried /An'hArid/ adj done in a quiet, relaxed way

unicorn /'ju:n1ko:n/ *noun* an imaginary animal, a white horse with one long, straight horn growing from the centre of its head

unidentified /₁Ana1'dent1faId/ *adj* which you do not recognise, which you cannot identify

unification /₁**ju**:nf1'ke1 $(\Im)n/$ noun the act of joining two countries together to form one. Compare **reunification**

uniform

③ **uniform** /'ju:n:fo:m/ noun special clothes worn by all members of an organisation or group \circ He went to the fancy dress party dressed in a policeman's uniform. \circ Who are those people in French army uniform? \circ What colour is her school uniform? \circ The holiday camp staff all wear yellow uniforms. \diamond in **uniform** wearing a uniform \circ The policeman was not in uniform at the time.

uniformed /'ju:nifo:md/ adj wearing a uniform

Unify /'ju:nifai/ (**unifies**, **unifying**, **unified**) *verb* to join separate countries or groups together to form a single one

unilateral /,ju:n1'læt(ə)rəl/ *adj* done by one side only, not taken jointly

unimportant /,ʌnɪm'pɔːt(ə)nt/ adj not important

unintentional $/_{\Lambda}n_{1n} \ln^{1}ten \int(\partial n(\partial)l/adj$ which is not intended

uninterested /An'IntrəstId/ *adj* not having any interest in something

() **union** /'ju:njən/ noun the state of being joined together, or the process of joining together

③ **Union Jack** /,ju:njən 'dʒæk/ noun the national flag of the United Kingdom ○ The Union Jack was flying over the embassy. ○ The streets were decorated with Union Jacks.

② **unique** /ju:'ni:k/ *adj* different to anything else and therefore the only on of its type \circ *The stamp is unique, and so is worth a great deal.* \circ *He's studying the unique vegetation of the island.*

unisex /'juɪnɪseks/ *adj* which can be used by both men and women

③ **unit** /' ju:nit/ noun 1. one part of something larger \circ If you pass three units of the course you can move to the next level. 2. one piece of furniture, such as a cupboard or set of shelves which can be matched with others \circ The kitchen is designed as a basic set of units with more units which can be added later. 3. the amount used to measure something \circ Kilos and pounds are units of weight. 4. a single number less than ten \circ 63 has six tens and three units.

③ **unite** /jur'naɪt/ (**unites**, **uniting**, **united**) verb to join together into a single body

(3) **united** /ju:'nattId/ *adj* joined together as a whole \circ *Relief workers from various countries worked as a united team.* \circ *They were united in their desire to improve their working conditions.*

③ unity /'ju:niti/ noun being one whole

(3) **universal** $/_{1j}$ u:n1'v3:s(∂)l/ *adj* which is understood or experienced by everyone in the world \circ *There is a universal hope for peace in the region.*

③ **Universe** /'ju:n1v3:s/ noun all space and everything that exists in it, including the earth, the planets and the stars

① **university** /,ju:n1'v3:siti/ (plural universities) noun an educational institution where students study for degrees and where students and teachers do research o You need to do well at school to be able to go to university. OMy sister is at university.

unjust /An'd3Ast/ adj not fair

unkempt /An'kempt/ *adj* not looked after, especially referring to things which need cutting

unkind /An'kaInd/ (**unkinder, unkindest**) *adj* acting in an unpleasant way to someone \circ *It was unkind of him to keep talking about her weight.*

unkindness /An'kaIndnəs/ *noun* the action of treating someone unpleasantly

(2) **unknown** /ʌn'nəʊn/ adj not known *She was killed by an unknown attacker. The college received a gift of money from an unknown person.*

unleash $/\text{An'li:} \int /$ **(unleashes, unleashing, unleashed)** verb to allow a violent force to become free \circ The government's decision unleashed a wave of protests throughout the country.

① **unless** $| \text{on'les} | \text{ conj} \text{ except if } \circ \text{ Unless}$ we hear from you within ten days, we will start legal action. $\circ I$ think they don't want to see us, unless of course they're ill.

(3) **unlike** /An 'laɪk/ *adj, prep* 1. totally different from ○ *He's quite unlike his brother.* 2. not normal or typical □ **it is unlike him to be rude** he is not usually rude

② **unlikely** /An'latkli/ adj **1**. not likely ○ It's unlikely that many people will come to the show. **2**. which is probably not true ○ He trotted out some unlikely excuse about how his train ticket had been eaten by the dog.

unlimited /An'lImItId/ adj with no limits unload /An'ləud/ (unloads, unloading, unloaded) verb to remove a load from a vehicle

(3) **unlock** /An'lbk/ (unlocks, unlocking, unlocked) *verb* to open something which was locked

unluckily /ʌn'lʌkɪli/ adv with bad luck **unlucky** /ʌn'lʌki/ (**unluckier**, **unluckiest**) adj not lucky, or bringing bad luck **unnatural** $/\Lambda n'n \pounds f(\Im)r \eth l/adj 1.$ which is not as it is in nature \circ *His face was an unnatural blue colour.* 2. which does not follow the usual pattern \circ *It seems unnatural that he should take his father to court.* \circ *Their behaviour seemed unnatural to me.*

(3) **unnecessary** /An'nesəs(ə)ri/ adjwhich is not needed, or which does not $have to be done <math>\circ$ *It is unnecessary for you to wear a suit to the party.* \circ *She makes a lot of unnecessary phone calls.*

unobtrusive /₁Anəb'truːsıv/ *adj* not obvious; not easily noticed

unoccupied /An'okjupaid/ adj not being used by anyone

unofficial $/_{\Lambda}n\vartheta^{i}f_{I} \int (\vartheta) l/adj$ not approved by an administration or by people in power

unorthodox /An'ɔ:0ədbks/ adj not usual unpack /An'pæk/ (unpacks, unpacking, unpacked) verb to take things out of cases

in which they were sent or carried ③ **unpleasant** /An'plez(ə)nt/ adj not

pleasant \circ There's a very unpleasant smell in the kitchen. \circ Try not to be unpleasant to the waitress. (NOTE: + unpleasantly adv, unpleasantness n)

unplug /An'plAg/ (**unplugs, unplugging, unplugged**) *verb* to remove a plug from a socket

unpopular /ʌn'pɒpjʊlə/ adj not liked by many people

unpredictable /,AnprI'dIktəb(ə)l/ *adj* which cannot be predicted or forecast

unprepared /₁Anpr1'peəd/ adj not ready **unprepared to do something** not willing to do something \circ *The students are unprepared to pay the increased tuition fees.*

unprofessional $/_{\Lambda}npr \vartheta' fe \int (\vartheta)n(\vartheta) l/adj$ not according to professional standards

unreal /An'rıəl/ adj not like the real world

unrealistic /,AnrIə'lIstIk/ *adj* not taking into account the true facts of a situation

unreasonable /n'riz(a)nab(a)l/ adj not reasonable or fair

unrelated /₁Anr1'le1t1d/ adj **1**. not related, with no connection \circ *Two unrelated incidents occurred during the night.* \circ *The sudden increase in temperature is quite unrelated to her heart condition.* **2**. not belonging to the same family \circ *They have the same surname, but as far as I know are unrelated.*

unrest /An'rest/ *noun* a situation where people protest to try to get political or industrial change **unroll** /An'rəʊl/ (**unrolls, unrolling, unrolled**) *verb* to undo something which is rolled up

unruly /An'ruːli/ (unrulier, unruliest) *adj* wild, with no discipline

unsafe /An'self/ adj dangerous \Box to feel unsafe to feel you are in danger \circ She doesn't like to be alone at night, she says she feels unsafe.

unsatisfactory /,AnsætIs'fækt(ə)ri/ *adj* not satisfactory

UNSCIEW /An'skru:/ (unscrews, unscrewing, unscrewed) verb **1**. to open by twisting a top which screws on \circ *The top of this bottle opens by unscrewing so you don't need a bottle opener*. **2**. to unfasten by taking out screws \circ *My screwdriver is much too big to unscrew the back of the TV.* **unscrupulous**/An'skru:pj \circ Jos/*adj* not worrying too much about honesty

unseen /An'sin/ adj not seen, invisible

unselfish $/\Lambda n'$ self $I \int / a dj$ thinking only of other people

unsettled $/\Lambda n$ 'set(ϑ)ld/ adj **1.** (of weather) which changes often \circ Unsettled weather is forecast for the next few days. **2.** not calm \circ The present unsettled market shows no sign of becoming more stable.

unsettling /An'set(ə)lıŋ/ adj which makes you nervous and worried

unshaven /An'fervən/ adj without having shaved

unsightly /An'saɪtli/ *adj* very unpleasant to look at \circ *She has an unsightly scar on her face.*

unsociable /\n'səuʃəb(ə)l/ adj not friendly, not wanting to meet other people **unsophisticated** /\nnso'f1st1ke1t1d/ adj simple; not sophisticated

unsound /An'saund/ *adj* not based on fact or logic \circ *His reasoning is unsound*.

unstable $/\Lambda n$ 'steib(\ni)l/ adj **1**. not secure or firm \circ The platform had become unstable. **2**. likely to change suddenly \circ The economic situation has become very unstable. \circ Neighbouring states were worried that the unstable military regime could be overthrown. **3**. with a mental state that is likely to change quickly

unsteady /An'stedi/ adj not steady; wobbly

unsubscribe /_Ansəb'skraıb/ verb to ask not to receive something any longer

unsubstantiated /_\Ansəb'stænfiettid/ adj not having any supporting evidence

③ **unsuccessful** /,Ansək'sesf(ə)l/ adj which does not succeed

unsuitable /ʌn'suːtəb(ə)l/ *adj* not suitable

Unsure $|An'|_{UO}|$ adj not sure \circ She was unsure whether to go to work or to stay at home. \circ I'm unsure as to which route is the quickest.

untangle $/\Lambda n'tang(\mathfrak{g})l/$ (untangles, untangling, untangled) verb 1. to separate and free from tangles 2. to make simpler and clearer

untidy /An'taidi/ (untidier, untidiest) adj not tidy

untie /An'tai/ (**unties, untying, untied**) *verb* to open something which is tied with a knot

① **until** /An't1l/ conj up to the time when \circ She was perfectly well until she ate the strawberries. \circ He blew his whistle until the police came. **•** prep, conj up to the time when \circ I don't expect to be back until after ten o'clock. \circ Until yesterday, I felt very well.

untold /An'təuld/ *adj* very large; so large that it cannot be counted \circ *The lottery offers people the possibility of untold wealth.* \circ *The new treatment should help untold numbers of asthma sufferers.*

untrue /An'tru:/ adj not true

untruth $/\Lambda n' tru: \theta$ *noun* a lie (*literary*) \circ *His statement was an untruth.*

② **unusual** $/\Lambda n'ju:30 = 1/2$ adj not normal or expected \circ It is unusual to have rain at this time of year. \circ She chose a very unusual colour scheme for her sitting room.

Unveil /An'veil/ (**unveils, unveiling, unveiled**) verb **1.** to take a cover off something, to open it formally \circ *The statue was unveiled by the mayor.* **2.** to reveal details of a new plan etc. \circ *The committee will unveil its proposals next week.*

③ **unwell** /An'wel/ *adj* in a bad state of health (NOTE: not used before a noun: *the baby was unwell* but *a sick baby*)

unwieldy /An'wiIldi/ *adj* large and awk-ward

unwilling /An'wiliŋ/ *adj* not wanting to do something

unwind /An'waInd/ (unwinds, unwinding, unwound) verb **1**. to undo something which has been wound \circ *Pull to unwind the flex – it will rewind automatically when you press the red button.* **2**. to relax \circ *Gardening at the weekend helps him to unwind.*

unwise /An'waiz/ *adj* rash or not prudent; not wise

unworkable $/\Lambda n'w \Im k \eth b(\eth) l/ adj$ which will not work

unwound /An'waund/ past tense and past participle of **unwind**

UNWTAP /An'ræp/ (**unwraps, unwrapping, unwrapped**) *verb* to take the wrapping off something

UnZip $/\Lambda n'z_{1p}/$ (unzips, unzipping, unzipped) verb to undo a zip fastener

(1) **UD** /Ap/adv 1, in or to a high place $\circ Put$ your hands up above your head. \circ What's the cat doing up there on the cupboard? (NOTE: up is often used after verbs: to keep up, to turn up.) **2.** to a higher position \circ His *temperature went up suddenly. O The price* of petrol seems to go up every week. 3. not in bed \circ The children were still up when they should have been in bed. \circ They stayed up all night watching films on TV. o He got up at six because he had an early train to catch. \circ It's past eight o'clock – you should be up by now. 4. completely, entirely \circ *The puddles dried up quickly in the* sun. 5. happening in an unpleasant or dangerous way \circ Something's up – the engine *has stopped!* **prep 1.** in or to a high place ○ *They ran up the stairs*. ○ *She doesn't like* going up ladders. 2. along \circ Go up the street to the traffic lights and then turn right. \circ The house is about two hundred *metres up the road.* \diamond **what's up?** what's the matter? \diamond what's up with him? what is the matter with him? • What's up with the cat? – It won't eat anything.

③ **up-and-coming** /,Ap ən 'kAmıŋ/ adj becoming fashionable and likely to succeed

upbeat /'Apbi:t/ adj feeling optimistic and happy (informal) \circ The conference ended on a very upbeat note. \circ We're all very upbeat about the potential sales of the new model.

③ **upbringing** /'ʌpbrɪŋɪŋ/ *noun* the way a child is brought up

upcoming /'ApkAmIŋ/ *adj* approaching soon, forthcoming

update¹ /'ApdeIt/ noun the latest information \circ *The manager gave us an update on the latest sales figures.*

update² /Ap'deIt/ (**updates**, **updating**, **updated**) *verb* to add the latest information to something so that it is quite up-to-date \circ *She was asked to update the telephone list.* \circ *The figures are updated annually*. \circ *They have updated their guidebook to Greece to include current prices.* **upend** / Ap'end/ (**upends**, **upending**, **upended**) *verb* to turn something over on its end

3 up front /, Ap 'frAnt/ adv in advance

upgrade /Ap'greid/ verb (**upgrades**, **upgrading**, **upgraded**) **1**. to improve the quality or performance of something such as a computer **2**. to give someone a higher position or better facilities **n** noun software or equipment that will make a computer system more powerful or up to date

upheaval $/\Lambda p'hirv(a)l/$ noun a great change

uphold /Ap'h = 0d/ (**upholds**, **upholding**, **upheld**) verb to reject an appeal and support an earlier judgment \circ The appeal court upheld the decision of the lower court.

upholstery /Ap'həulst(ə)ri/ noun covers for chairs; padded seats and cushions \circ *The upholstery matches the colour scheme in the sitting-room.*

upkeep /'Apki:p/ noun **1**. the cost and process of keeping property such as a house, garden or car in good order **2**. the cost of paying for children's clothes, food, etc.

upload /'Ap,ləud/ (**uploads**, **uploading**, **uploaded**) *verb* to send information or programs from your computer to a larger system, e.g. over the Internet

up-market /Ap 'mɑːkɪt/ *adj* more expensive, appealing to the wealthy section of the market

() **upon** $/\Lambda$ 'pon/ prep 1. on \circ The church was built upon a grassy hill. 2. likely to happen soon \circ The summer holidays will soon be upon us again.

(2) **upper** /'∧pə/ adj higher or further up ○ The upper slopes of the mountain are covered in snow. ○ He had a rash on his right upper arm.

upper case / Apə'keis/ noun (in printing) capital letters

uppermost / Apamaoust/ adj 1. highest \circ The birds are nesting in the uppermost branches of the apple tree. 2. most important \circ Which plan has the uppermost significance for you? \blacksquare adv in the top position \circ Carry the box with this side uppermost. \circ Which side of the painting should be uppermost?

③ **upright** /'Apraɪt/ adj straight up ○ He got dizzy as soon as he stood upright. ○ Put the backs of your seats into the upright position for landing. ○ She picked up the vase and placed it upright on the table. uprising /'Apraiziŋ/ noun a rebellion or revolt

uproar /'Apro:/ noun 1. a loud noise 2. angry criticism by a lot of people \circ *There was an uproar over the increase in fares.*

uproot /Ap'ru:t/ (**uproots**, **uprooting**, **uprooted**) verb **1**. to pull a plant out of the ground with its roots \circ Everywhere you could see trees uprooted by the storm. **2**. to make a family move to a totally new area \circ Families were uprooted from their homes and taken to camps many miles away.

upset¹ / Λ p'set/ adj very worried or unhappy \circ His parents get upset if he comes home late. • verb (**upsets**, **upsetting**, **upset**) **1**. to make someone worried or unhappy \circ Don't upset your mother by telling her you're planning to go to live in Russia. **2**. to knock something over \circ He upset all the coffee cups.

upset² /'Apset/ noun **1**. an unexpected defeat \circ There was a major upset in the tennis tournament when the number three seed was beaten in the first round. **2**. a slight illness because of something you have eaten or drunk \circ a stomach upset

upsetting /Ap'setIn/ *adj* which causes you to feel worried, unhappy or anxious

upshot /'Ap∫pt/ noun a result

upside /'ApsaId/ *noun* the positive side of a situation

③ **upside down** /,ApsaId 'daon/ adv with the top underneath ○ Don't turn the box upside down – all the papers will fall out. ○ The car shot off the road and ended up upside down in a ditch. ○ Bats were hanging upside down from the branches.

upstage /Ap'ste1d₃/ (**upstages**, **upstaging**, **upstaged**) *verb* to take attention away from someone who should be more important \circ *In last night's performance, the prima ballerina was completely upstaged by the youngest dancer.*

(2) **upstairs** $/_{\Lambda}$ p'steəz/ adv on or to the upper part of something, e.g. a building or bus \circ She ran upstairs with the letter. \circ I left my glasses upstairs. \circ Let's go upstairs onto the top deck – you can see London much better. \bullet adj on the upper floors of a building \circ We have an upstairs ditchen. \circ We let the one of the upstairs offices to an accountant.

upstart /'Apstort/ noun an inexperienced person who has just started a job and feels he knows everything about it

upsurge /'Aps31d3/ noun a sudden increase uptake /'ApteIk/ \diamond slow *or* quick on the uptake slow or quick to understand

uptight /Ap'tait/ *adj* nervous and angry (*informal*)

(2) **up to date** $I_{\Lambda}p$ tə 'deit/, **up-to-date** adv with the latest information $\circ I$ keep myself up to date on the political situation by reading the newspaper every day.

up-to-the-minute /, Ap tə ðə 'mɪnɪt/ adj very recent

uptown /'Aptaon/ adv US in or to the outer residential parts of a town

upturn /'Apt3:n/ noun a movement towards higher sales or profits

③ **upward** /'Apwəd/ adj moving towards a higher level ○ *The spacecraft's engines* generate enormous upward thrust. ■ adv US same as **upwards**

③ upwards $/^{A}$ pwədz/ adv towards the top \circ *The path went upwards for a mile then levelled off.*

uranium /ju'reiniəm/ *noun* a radioactive metal used in producing atomic energy

(2) **urban** /'3:bən/ adj 1. relating to towns • *They enjoy an urban lifestyle.* 2. living in towns • *The urban fox has become a menace in parts of London.*

urbane /31'bein/ adj having an easy relaxed manner

③ **urge** /3:d3/ noun a strong wish to do something \circ She felt an urge to punch him on the nose. **•** verb (**urges**, **urging**, **urged**) to advise someone strongly to do something \circ He urged her to do what her father said.

urgency /'3:dʒənsi/ *noun* the fact of being very important or needing to be done quickly

③ **urgent** /'3:d3ənt/ adj which is important and needs to be done quickly ○ *He had* an urgent message to go to the police station. ○ She had an urgent operation. ○ The leader of the council called an urgent meeting. ○ This parcel is urgent and needs to get there tomorrow.

urinate /'juərineit/ (**urinates**, **urinating**, **urinated**) *verb* to pass waste liquid from the body

urine *l*'juərın/ *noun* a yellowish liquid which is passed out of the body, containing water and waste matter

URL /, juː ɑː 'el/ *abbr* Uniform Resource Locator

urn /31n/ noun a very large vase

① **US** / ϑ s, Λ s/ *object pronoun* meaning me and other people \circ *Mother gave us each* 50p to buy ice cream. \circ Who's there? – It's

 $us! \circ The \ company \ did \ well \ last \ year - the management have given us a bonus.$

usable /'ju:zəb(ə)l/ adj which can be used

(3) **usage** /'juisidz/ noun 1. a way of using a word \circ It is a technical term that is now in common usage. \circ The book clearly explains common legal terms and their usage. 2. the amount of something that is used \circ *Our usage of electricity is too high.* **use¹**/iu:z/ (uses, using, used) verb 1. to take something such as a tool and do something with it \circ Did you use a sewing machine to make your curtains? O The car's worth auite a lot of money – it's hardly been used. \circ Do you know how to use a *computer*? *O Can I use this knife for cutting* meat? 2. to take a substance and do something with it \circ *Don't use the tap water for* drinking. \circ Does this car use much petrol? • Turn down the heating – we're using too much gas.

use up(1) *phrasal verb* to use all of something

Use² /juis/ noun **1**. a purpose \circ Can you find any use for this piece of cloth? **2**. the fact of being used \circ The coffee machine has been in daily use for years. \diamond to make use of something to use something \circ You should make more use of your bicycle.

() **used** /ju:zd/ adj which is not new $\circ a$ shop selling used clothes $\circ a$ used-car salesman

(1) used to /'jurzt tur/ adj 1. . to be used to something or to doing something not to worry about doing something, because you do it often o Farmers are used to getting up early. • We're used to hard work in this office. \circ I'm not used to eating such a *large meal at lunchtime.* **2.** showing that something happened often or regularly in the past \circ There used to be lots of small shops in the village until the supermarket was built. O When we were children, we used to go to France every year for our holidays. \circ The police think he used to live in London. \circ He used not to smoke a pipe. (NOTE: The forms used in the negative and questions: He used to work in London, He didn't use to work in London or He used not to work in London. Didn't he use to work in London?)

① **useful** /'ju:sf(ϑ)l/ adj who or which can help you do something \circ I find these scissors very useful for opening letters. \circ She's a very useful person to have in the office. \Box to make yourself useful to do something to help ③ **useless** /'juːsləs/ *adj* which is not useful

③ **USET** /'ju:Zə/ noun a person who uses a tool or a service \circ We have mailed the users of our equipment about the possible design fault.

user-friendly /,juːzə 'frendli/ *adj* easy to use without special training

username /'ju:zəneim/ *noun* a name which you use when operating a computer program

usher $/^{t} \Lambda \Im \partial$, *noun* a man who shows people to their seats in a cinema or at a wedding

usher in *phrasal verb* **1**. to bring someone in \circ *They were ushered into the chairman's office.* **2**. to be the beginning of \circ *The end of the war ushered in a period of great prosperity.*

(2) **USUAI** /'jU:3U2I/ *adj* done or used on most occasions \circ *She took her usual bus to the office.* \circ *Is it usual for him to arrive so late?*

① **usually** /'jurʒuəli/ adv in most cases or on most occasions

USUTP /ju:'z3:p/ (**usurps, usurping, usurped**) *verb* to take and use a right which is not yours, especially to take the throne from a king

utensil /ju:'tens(\ni)l/ noun a tool or object used when cooking \circ knives, bowls and other kitchen utensils

uterus /'ju:t(ə)rəs/ *noun* the hollow organ in a woman's body where a fertilised egg is lodged and an unborn baby is carried (*technical*)

utilise /'ju:t1la1Z/ (utilises, utilising, utilised), utilize verb to use something (formal) \circ He's keen to utilise his programming skills.

utmost /' Λ tm=ust/ noun the greatest action possible \circ They did their utmost to save the children from the fire.

utopia /juː'təupiə/, Utopia noun an imaginary perfect world

utter $/ \Lambda t \partial /$ (utters, uttering, uttered) verb to speak; to make a sound \circ She only uttered a few words during the whole evening.

(3) **utterance** $/'\Lambda t(a)rans/$ noun something which is said

utterly /'Atəli/ adv completely

③ **U-turn** /'ju: $t_{3:n}/noun$ 1. the act of turning round to go back in the opposite direction \circ The police car did or made a U-turn and went back to the hotel. \circ U-turns are not allowed on motorways. 2. a complete change in policy

V

v¹/'v31səs, vi1/ abbr versus

 v^2 /vi:/, v noun the twenty-second letter of the alphabet, between U and W. \diamond V-neck

V /vi:/ *noun* the Roman numeral for five or fifth \circ *King George V*

③ **vacancy** /'verkənsi/ noun 1. a job for which there is no employee $[-for] \circ We$ advertised a vacancy for a receptionist in the local paper. 2. a room in a hotel which is available to stay in $\circ All$ the hotels had signs saying 'No vacancies'.

③ **vacant** /'verkənt/ adjempty and available for you to use \circ *There are six rooms vacant in the new wing of the hotel.* \circ *Is the toilet vacant yet*?

vacate /və'keit/ (vacates, vacating, vacated) *verb* to leave something empty

② **vacation** $/v_{\vartheta}'ke_{1}(\vartheta)n/noun$ **1**. especially US a holiday \circ The family went on vacation in Canada. **2**. a period when the universities and law courts are closed \circ I'm spending my vacation working on a vine-yard in Italy.

Vaccinate /'væksıneıt/ (vaccinates, vaccinating, vaccinated) verb to use a vaccine to give a person immunisation against a specific disease [~against] \circ Make sure you are vaccinated before you travel to Africa. \circ She was vaccinated against smallpox as a child.

vaccine /'væksi:n/ *noun* a substance which contains the germs of a disease and which is injected into a patient to prevent him or her from catching the disease

vacuum /'vækjuəm/ noun **1.** a space which is completely empty of all matter, including air \circ *The experiment has to be carried out in a vacuum.* **2.** US same as **vacuum cleaner •** *verb* (vacuums, vacuuming, vacuumed) to clean a carpet or a room using a vacuum cleaner \circ *She vacuums the hall every day.* \circ *I must vacuum the living room before my mother arrives.*

③ **vacuum cleaner** /'vækjuəm ,kli:nə/ noun a machine which cleans by sucking up dust vacuum flask /'vækjuəm fla:sk/ noun a type of bottle which keeps liquids hot or cold (NOTE: also commonly called by a trade name, thermos)

vagina /və'dʒaɪnə/ *noun* a passage in a female body connecting the uterus to the vulva and through which a baby is born

vagrant /'veigrənt/ *noun* a tramp, a person who travels from place to place with no home or work

③ vague /veig/ adj with no details

vain /vein/ *adj* very proud of your appearance or achievements \circ *He's always combing his hair* – *he's very vain.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **vein**.)

valentine /'væləntaın/ *noun* the person you say you love particularly (*old*) \circ *He asked her to be his valentine.*

Valentine's Day /'væləntaınz dei/ noun 14th February, a day when people send cards and flowers to loved ones

valet /'vælɪt/ *noun* **1**. a servant who looks after a man's clothes **2**. a person who parks your car at a restaurant or hotel

valiant /'vælient/ adj brave

③ **valid** /'vælid/ adj **1**. which can be lawfully used for a particular time ○ *Travellers* must have a valid ticket before boarding the train. ○ I have a season ticket which is valid for one year. ○ He was carrying a valid passport. **2**. which is acceptable because it is true ○ *That is not a valid argument* or excuse. ○ She made several valid points in her speech.

validate /'vælideit/ (validates, validating, validated) verb 1. to check to see if something is correct \circ *The document has* to be validated by the bank. 2. to make something valid \circ *The ticket has to be* stamped to validate it. 3. to certify officially that something is acceptable \circ *The new* course has not yet been validated by the academic board.

③ **valley** /'væli/ noun a long piece of low land through which a river runs \circ Fog forms in the valleys at night. \circ A lot of computer companies are based in the Thames Valley.

(3) **valuable** /! væljuəb(ə)l/ adj **1**. worth a lot of money \circ *Be careful, that glass is valuable!* \circ *The burglars stole everything that was valuable.* **2**. useful or helpful \circ *She gave me some very valuable advice.*

valuables /valjub(e)lz/ plural noun items which are worth a lot of money \circ You can deposit valuables in the hotel safe.

③ **valuation** /,vælju'eɪ $J(\Im)n/noun$ **1**. an estimate of the worth of something $\circ A$ £350 valuation for this ring is much too low. **2**. the act of estimating the worth of something $\circ A$ the end of a financial year, we have to do a stock valuation. \circ We asked for a valuation of the property or for a property valuation.

① **value** /'vælju:/ noun an amount of money which something is worth o the fall in the value of the yen o He imported goods to the value of £500. o Items of value can be deposited in the hotel safe overnight. ■ verb (values, valuing, valued) to consider something as being valuable o She values her friendship with him. o good value (for money) a bargain, something which is worth the price paid for it o That restaurant gives value for money. o Holidays in Italy are good value because of the exchange rate.

values /'vælju:z/ plural noun principles, important things in life \circ *He*'s a believer in traditional family values.

valve /vælv/ noun a device in a tube which allows liquid or air to pass through in one direction only

vampire /'væmpaiə/ *noun* an evil person who supposedly sucks blood from his or her victims

③ **Van** /væn/ noun a covered goods vehicle \circ A delivery van ran into the back of my car. \circ Our van will call this afternoon to pick up the goods.

vandal /'vænd(ə)l/ *noun* a person who takes pleasure in destroying property, especially public property

vandalism /'vændə,lız(ə)m/ noun the meaningless destruction of property

vanilla /və'nɪlə/ *noun* a flavouring made from the seed pods of a tropical plant

vanish / vanis f (vanishes, vanishing, vanished) verb to disappear suddenly \circ *The magician made the rabbit vanish.*

vanity /'vænıti/ *noun* the fact of being excessively proud of your appearance, feeling that you are very handsome or beautiful

vantage point /'vaintid3 'point/ noun a place from which you can see well

Vapour /'veɪpə/ *noun* a substance in the form of a gas, usually caused by heating (NOTE: The US spelling is **vapor**.)

variable /'veəriəb(ə)l/ noun a thing which varies \circ We have to take a great many variables into account.

Variance /'veəriəns/ noun the amount of difference between two things \diamond to be at variance with something not to agree or to be slightly different from something \circ The actual sales are at variance with the sales reported by the reps.

variant /'veəriənt/ *noun* the spelling of a word or name which is slightly different

(2) **variation** /, veəri'ei $\int(\Im)n/$ noun a change from one state or level to another ['~in] \circ The variation in colour or the colour variation is because the cloth has been dyed by hand.

② **varied** /'veərɪd/ *adj* made up of different sorts and kinds

(i) variety /vəˈraɪəti/ (plural varieties) noun 1. frequent differences or changes that make something interesting o Her new job, unlike the old one, doesn't lack variety. □ a variety of things or people a lot of different sorts of things or people o She's had a variety of boyfriends. \circ We had a variety of visitors at the office today. \circ We couldn't go on holiday this year for a variety of reasons. 2. a different type of plant or animal in the same species \circ *Do you have this new* variety of rose? \circ Is this a new variety of potato? \diamond variety is the spice of life if you meet lots of different people, visit lots of different places, etc., then this makes your life exciting

① **Various** /'veəriəs/ adj several different \circ The shop sells goods from various countries. \circ I'll be out of the office today – I have to see various suppliers.

variously /'veəriəsli/ adv in different ways

varnish /'voin1J/ noun a liquid which when painted on something gives it a shiny surface \circ He applied two coats of varnish to the door. \blacksquare verb (varnishes, varnishing, varnished) to paint something with a liquid varnish, to give a shiny surface to something \circ Can you varnish our front door?

(2) Vary /'veəri/ (varies, varying, varied) verb 1. to change what you do often \circ The temperature varies from 8 degrees C at night to 18 degrees C during the day. 2. to be different [~from] \circ *Prices of flats vary from a few thousand pounds to millions.*

③ **Vase** /voiz/ noun a container used for cut flowers, or simply for decoration

vasectomy /və'sektəmi/ noun a surgical operation to sterilise a man

② vast /vɑ:st/ adj extremely big, often extremely wide o A vast area of the region was affected by the flood. o There are vast differences in price between the two shops. vastly /'vɑ:stli/ adv very much

Vat /væt/ noun a large container for liquids \bigcirc **VAT** /vi: e1 'ti:, væt/ abbr value added tax \circ VAT is an indirect tax. \circ The invoice includes VAT at 17.5%. \circ Hotels and restaurants have to charge VAT like any other business. \circ In Britain there is no VAT on books.

vault /vo:lt/ noun **1**. an arched stone ceiling \circ The 11th-century vault of the chapel in the Tower of London. **2**. an underground room for burying people \circ She is buried in the family vault. **3**. a high jump

VCR / vii sii 'ai/ abbr video cassette recorder

VDU abbr visual display unit

've /əv/ short form have

veal /vi:l/ noun meat from a calf

Veer /v1ə/ (veers, veering, veered) verb 1. to turn in a direction suddenly \circ *The car* suddenly veered to the right and crashed through a wall. \circ She veered away off the main road into a little lane. 2. to change plans or ideas \circ *The government seems to* be veering towards the left.

veg /vedʒ/ noun vegetables (informal) **vegan** /'vi:gən/ noun a person who does not eat meat, dairy produce, eggs or fish, but only eats vegetables and fruit

③ **vegetable** / vedʒtəb(ə)l/ noun a plant which is grown to be eaten but which is not usually sweet ○ We grow potatoes, carrots and other sorts of vegetables in the garden. ○ The soup of the day is vegetable soup. ○ Green vegetables are a good source of dietary fibre.

vegetarian /, vedʒ1'teəriən/ adj not containing meat, or for people who do not eat meat ○ a vegetarian dish ○ He is on a vegetarian diet. ○ She asked for the vegetarian menu. ■ noun a person who eats only fruit, vegetables, bread, eggs, etc., but does not eat meat, and sometimes not fish

vegetation $/_v ved_{3I}tei \int(a)n/$ noun plants

veggie /'vedʒi/ noun (informal) **1**. a vegetarian **2**. a vegetable vehement /'vi:amant/ adj forceful

(2) vehicle /'viiik(ə)l/ noun a machine which carries passengers or goods, e.g. a car, lorry or bus o a three-wheeled vehicle o Goods vehicles can park at the back of the building.

Veil /veil/ noun **1**. a light cloth which can cover a woman's head or face \circ At the funeral she wore a hat with a black veil. \circ The bride lifted her veil as she came out of the church. **2**. something which stops you seeing or understanding \circ A veil of mist lay over the valley. \circ A veil of secrecy has prevented us finding out what really happened.

vein /vein/ noun a small tube in the body which takes blood from the tissues back to the heart (NOTE: Do not confuse with **vain**.)

Velcro /'velkrəu/ trademark a material with stiff fibres which cling tight when pressed together \circ Her sandals have Velcro straps. \circ The rucksack fastens with Velcro. **velocity** /və'lbsiti/ noun speed

velvet /'velvit/ *noun* a cloth made from silk, with a soft pile surface on one side

vendetta /ven'detə/ *noun* a private quarrel between families or persons

vendor /'vendə/, **vender** noun a person who sells a property (formal) \circ The vendor's solicitor is trying to get the purchaser to hurry up.

Veneer /və'nıə/ noun **1**. a thin layer of expensive wood glued to the surface of ordinary wood \circ *The table has a mahogany veneer.* **2**. behaviour or an appearance which hides the truth [~of] \circ *His veneer of politeness soon disappeared as the old lady asked more and more questions.*

venetian blind $/v_{\vartheta}$,ni: $\int(\vartheta)$ n 'blaınd/ noun a blind to shut out light, made of horizontal strips, e.g. of plastic or wood, which can be opened or shut or raised and lowered by pulling a string

vengeance /'vendʒəns/ noun harm caused to someone in return for harm he or she has caused you \circ He has vowed to exact vengeance for the wrong done to his family. \circ She is seeking vengeance for the killing of her child. \diamond with a vengeance very strongly (informal) \circ The rain came down again with a vengeance.

venison /'venis(ə)n/ noun meat from a deer

venom /'venom/ noun 1. poison, e.g. from the bite of a snake \circ *The venom of certain snakes may cause paralysis.* 2. bitter hatred \circ *The venom in her reply was obvious.* **venomous** /'ven1məs/ adj 1. with poison in its bite \circ *This snake is particularly venomous*. \circ *She was bitten by a venomous spider*. 2. showing bitter hatred \circ *She gave him a venomous look*. \circ *His venomous let ter was printed in the newspaper*.

vent /vent/ noun 1. a hole through which air or gas can escape \circ The gas heater is connected to a vent in the wall. 2. a slit in the back of a coat or jacket allowing you to sit down more easily \circ He always wears jackets with double vents.

ventilate /'ventileit/ (ventilates, ventilating, ventilated) verb to allow fresh air to come into a place \circ The freshly painted kitchen needs to be ventilated for several hours. \circ Children tend to fall asleep in poorly ventilated classrooms.

ventilation /, vent1'le1 $\int(\partial n)$ / noun the process of bringing fresh air into a place

Venture /'vent $\int \partial / noun$ a new activity, especially in business, which involves some risk \circ *She has started a new venture* – *a computer shop*. • *verb* (ventures, venturing, ventured) 1. to say something cautiously or reluctantly 2. to go somewhere when it may be exciting or unpleasant \circ *We couldn't wait any longer, so we ventured out into the rain.*

venture capital /,vent $\int \mathfrak{d} 'k\mathfrak{w}\mathfrak{p}\mathfrak{rt}(\mathfrak{d})l/$ noun money which you invest in a new business when there is a high risk of failure **venue** /'venju:/ noun an agreed place where an event such as a meeting will be held

③ **verb** /v3:b/ noun (in grammar) a word which shows an action, being or feeling, such as 'to hit' or 'to thank'

verbal /'v3:b(3)l' adj spoken and not written down \circ She gave me a verbal account of what had happened. \circ It was a verbal agreement between the two of us.

verbal noun /,v3:b(ə)l 'naun/ noun a gerund, a noun formed from the present participle of a verb (NOTE: In English, gerunds are formed from the '-ing' form of verbs, as in *Cycling is good exercise; Choral singing is very popular in Wales.*)

verbatim /v3:'beit Im/ adj using exactly the same words \circ a verbatim account \circ That was what she said, verbatim.

verdict /'v3:d1kt/ *noun* a decision made in a court **to come to** *or* **reach a verdict** to decide whether the accused is guilty or not

Verge /v3:d3/ noun 1. a border of grass along the side of a road \circ You can park on the verge outside the house. \circ Wild flowers were growing all along the motorway verges. 2. the edge \diamond on the verge of something about to experience something \circ The company is on the verge of bankruptcy. \circ She was on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

verify /'verifai/ (verifies, verifying, verified) verb to check to see if documents or a statement are correct (NOTE: + verification n)

vermin /'v3:min/ *noun* animals or insects, e.g. mice, fleas or cockroaches, which eat crops, bring disease into houses, live on other animals, etc.

versatile /'v3:səta1l/ adj **1**. good at doing various things equally well **2**. (of a machine, material, etc.) which is suitable for various uses \circ The car is extremely versatile: it can be used on rough mountain tracks, but is equally suitable for town use.

Verse /v3:s/ noun **1**. a group of lines which form a part of a song or poem \circ We sang all the verses of the National Anthem. \circ She read the first verse to the class. **2**. poetry \circ He published a small book of verse. Compare **prose** (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

① **Version** /'v3: $\int(\mathfrak{g})n/n$ noun **1**. a description of what happened as seen by one person \circ The victim told her version of events to the jury. **2**. a type of something, e.g. a work of art or model of car \circ This is the film version of the novel. \circ He bought the cheapest version available.

Versus /'v3:səs/ prep (in a sports match or a civil court case) against (NOTE: usually written **v**, sometimes also **vs**: Manchester United v Arsenal; Smith vs the Inland Revenue)

vertebra /'vɜ:tɪbrə/ (*plural* **vertebrae**) *noun* one of the 24 bones which form the vertebral column or backbone

vertical /'v3:t1k(3)l/adj standing or rising straight up \circ *He drew a few vertical lines to represent trees.* \circ *We looked at the vertical cliff and wondered how to climb it.*

vertigo/'v3:t1gəu/ noun dizziness or loss of balance where everything seems to rush round you, especially when you are in a high place \circ Some ear conditions may cause vertigo.

verve /v3:v/ noun enthusiasm, a feeling of liveliness

① **Very** /'veri/ *adv* used to make an adjective or adverb stronger ○ *It's very hot in the car* – *why don't you open a window?* ○ *Can you see that very tall pine tree over there?* ○ *The time seemed to go very quickly when*

we were on holiday. \blacksquare adj used to make a noun stronger \circ He did his very best to get tickets. \circ The scene takes place at the very beginning of the book.

vessel $/ves(\mathfrak{S})l/$ noun a ship \circ Vessels from all countries crowded into the harbour.

Vest /vest/ noun **1**. a light piece of underclothing for the top half of the body \circ He wears a thick vest in winter. \circ If you don't have a clean vest, wear a T-shirt instead. **2**. US a short coat with buttons and without any sleeves, which is worn over a shirt and under a jacket \circ He wore a pale gray vest with a black jacket.

vested interest /,vest1d 'Intrəst/ *noun* a special interest in keeping an existing state of affairs

vestige /'vestid3/ noun remains

③ Vet /vet/ (vets, vetting, vetted) verb to check someone or something carefully to see if they are suitable \circ All candidates have to be vetted by the managing director. Veteran /'vet(\ni)r= n / noun 1. a member of the armed forces who has fought in a war \circ The veterans visited war graves on the 50th anniversary of the battle. 2. a person who has a lot of experience \circ He is a veteran of many takeover bids.

③ **veterinary** /'vet(ə)rənəri/ *adj* referring to the treatment of sick animals

veterinary surgeon /'vet(ə)rınəri ,s3:dʒən/ noun a doctor who specialises in treating animals (NOTE: always shortened to vet when speaking)

veto /'virtə∪/ noun (plural vetoes) a ban or order not to allow something to become law, even if it has been passed by a parliament ■ verb (vetoes, vetoing, vetoed) to forbid something o The proposal was vetoed by the president. o The council has vetoed all plans to hold protest marches in the centre of town.

② **Via** /'vaiə/ prep through ○ We drove to London via Windsor. ○ We are sending the payment via our office in London. ○ The shipment is going via the Suez Canal.

viable /'vaīəb(\ni)l/ adj **1**. able to work in practice \circ The project is certainly viable. \circ It is no longer viable to extract tin from these mines. **2**. (of a foetus) which can survive if born \circ A foetus is viable after about 28 weeks of pregnancy.

viaduct /'vaiədʌkt/ noun a long bridge carrying a road or railway across a valley

vibe /va1b/ noun a particular kind of feeling which you connect with a certain place or person (*informal*) **vibrant** /'vaibrənt/ adj (of a person) full of energy \circ a teacher with a vibrant personality

vibrate /vai'breit/ (vibrates, vibrating, vibrated) verb to move slightly, but rapidly and continuously

(3) **vibration** /vai'brei $\int(a)n/noun$ a fast and continuous shaking movement

vicar $/ v_I k_{\Theta} / noun$ (in the Church of England) a priest in charge of a parish

vicarage /'vɪk(ə)rɪdʒ/ *noun* a house of a vicar

③ **ViCe** /vais/ *noun* **1**. criminal activity involving sex **2**. a tool that screws tight to hold something firm while it is being worked on

vice- /vais/ *prefix* a person who is second in rank to someone

vice-president /,vais 'prezid(ə)nt/ *noun* **1**. the deputy to a president **2**. US one of the executive directors of a company

vice versa / vaisi 'vaisə/ adv the other way from what has just been mentioned

vicinity /və'sınıti/ noun an area around something \circ *The police are searching the vicinity of the lake.*

③ **vicious** /'vɪ∫əs/ adj cruel and violent ○ a vicious attack on an elderly lady

vicious circle /₁vi \int əs 's3:k(ə)l/ noun a situation in which by trying to solve one problem you find yourself in another which is worse than the first

② victim /'v1kt1m/ noun a person who is attacked, who is in an accident \circ The victims of the train crash were taken to the local hospital. \circ She was the victim of a violent attack outside her front door. \circ Earthquake victims were housed in tents.

victimise /'vɪktɪmaɪz/ (victimises, victimising, victimised), victimize (victimizes, victimizing, victimized) *verb* to treat someone more unfairly than others

victor /'viktə/ *noun* a person who wins a fight, game or battle

Victorian /vik'to:riən/ noun a person living at the time of Queen Victoria \circ He wrote the biography of several eminent Victorians.

victorious /vik'to:riəs/ adj having won a game or a battle

(2) victory /'vikt(\Im)ri/ (plural victories) noun the fact of winning something, e.g. a battle, a fight or a game \circ the American victory in the Olympics \circ They won a clear victory in the general election. \circ The guerrillas won a victory over the government troops. ① **video** /'vidiəu/ noun **1**. a machine which records TV programmes \circ Don't forget to set the video for 8 p.m. before you go out. **2**. a magnetic tape on which you can record TV programmes or films for playing back on a television set \circ She bought a box of blank videos.

video game /'vɪdiəʊ geɪm/ noun an electronic game which you play on a television or computer screen

videophone /'vɪdiəu,fəun/ noun a telephone with a screen where you can see the person you are speaking to

videotape /'vɪdiəuteɪp/ noun a magnetic tape on which pictures and sound can be recorded for playing back on a television set

Vie /vai/ (**vies**, **vying**, **vied**) *verb* to be in competition with someone or something $[-with/-for] \circ$ They vied with the German team for the gold medal. \circ The best students are vying for the scholarship. \circ The food at this little restaurant vies with that of more expensive establishments.

① **View** /vju:/ noun 1. what you can see from a certain place \circ You can get a good view of the sea from the church tower. \circ We asked for a room with a sea view and were given one looking out over the bus depot. 2. an opinion or a way of thinking about something [~on/about/~of/-that] \circ What are your views on politics? \circ I can't accept your view of life. \circ It's my view that she lied to save herself. \circ In his view, the government ought to act now.

③ **viewer** /'vju:ə/ noun **1**. a person who watches $TV \circ The$ programme attracted ten million viewers. **2**. a small device through which you can look at colour slides \circ She bought a little viewer to look at her slides.

viewfinder /'vju:faIndə/ *noun* a small window in a camera through which you look when taking a picture, and which shows the exact picture you are about to take

viewing /'vju:IIJ/ *noun* **1**. the act of inspecting something such as a house which you are thinking of buying **2**. the act of watching television

viewpoint /'vju:point/ noun a point of view, a particular way of thinking about things

vigil /'vɪdʒɪl/ noun the act of staying quietly in a place to look after someone who is ill, to pray for something, or as a protest o a vigil for peace o A nurse kept vigil by her bedside. o The family held a silent vigil near the place where the accident happened.

vigilant /'v1d31lənt/ adj staying very aware of possible danger \circ The disease particularly affects young children, so parents must remain vigilant.

vigilante /,vid3i'lænti/ *noun* a person who is a member of group which tries to enforce law and order in their area, especially when the police seem to find it impossible to do so

vigorous /'vɪgərəs/ adj very energetic or strong

vigour /¹vIgə/ *noun* energy (NOTE: The US spelling is **vigor**.)

vile /vail/ *adj* extremely unpleasant or bad **vilify** /'vili,fai/ (**vilifies, vilifying, vilified**) *verb* to criticise someone, especially unfairly (*formal*)

villa /'v1lə/ noun a large country or seaside house, usually in a warm country \circ He is staying in a villa on the Mediterranean. \circ They are renting a villa in Greece for August.

① **village** /'vilidʒ/ noun a small group of houses in the country, like a little town, often with a church, and usually some shops ○ They live in a mountain village. ○ The village shop sells just about everything we need.

village green /'vɪlɪdʒ griːn/ *noun* a public grassy area in the middle of a village

③ **villager** /'vɪlɪdʒə/ *noun* a person who lives in a village

③ **villain** /'vılən/ noun 1. a wicked character in a work of art, e.g. a film or novel \circ *He plays the villain in the pantomime*. 2. a criminal \circ *The villains must be caught*.

vindicate /'vindikert/ (vindicates, vindicating, vindicated) verb to justify; to show that someone was right (NOTE: + vindication n)

vindictive /vɪn'dɪktɪv/ *adj* wanting to take revenge; spiteful

vine /vain/ noun a climbing plant which produces grapes. () grapevine

vinegar /'vinigə/ *noun* a liquid with a sour taste, usually made from wine, used in cooking and for pickling

vineyard /'vɪnjəd/ *noun* an area planted with vines for making wine

③ **vintage** /'vintidʒ/ noun all the wine made in a particular year \circ 1995 was a very good vintage. \blacksquare adj 1. (of wine) made in a high-quality year 2. showing the best typical qualities of someone \circ The film is vin*tage Laurel and Hardy.* **3.** (*of objects*) old but well-preserved and often valuable

vinyl /'vaın(ə)l/ noun a type of strong plastic sheet which can be made to look like other materials such as leather or tiles

viola /vi'əolə/ noun **1**. a small pansy-like garden flower **2**. a stringed instrument slightly larger than a violin \circ *She plays the* viola in the city orchestra.

Violate /'varəlert/ (violates, violating, violated) verb 1. to break a rule, to go against the law \circ The council has violated the planning regulations. \circ The rebels violated the conditions of the peace treaty. **2.** to treat something or someone without respect \circ to violate the sanctity of a church

(3) **violation** $/_v vai \vartheta' lei \int (\vartheta) n / noun$ the action of violating something or someone

② **violence** /'vaiələns/ noun action which is intended to hurt someone \circ Acts of violence must be punished.

② **violent** /'vaiələnt/ adj **1**. very strong ○ The discussion led to a violent argument. ○ A violent storm blew all night. **2**. using force to hurt people ○ Her husband was a very violent man.

③ **violently** /'varələntli/ adv 1. with physical force, often with the intention of hurting \circ This horse threw him violently onto the ground. \circ She hurled the bottle violently across the table. 2. with great feeling \circ She violently rejected the accusations made against her. \circ He reacted violently to the injection. \circ The oysters made her violently sick.

violet /'vaiələt/ noun a bluish-purple colour \circ Her lips turned violet as she gasped for breath.

③ **violin** /vaiə'lɪn/ *noun* a musical instrument with strings that hold under your chin and play with a bow

③ VIP abbr very important person

viper /'vaipə/ noun a small European poisonous snake

viral /'vairəl/ adj caused by or referring to a virus

virgin /'v3:d3IN/ noun a person who has never had sex \circ She was a virgin until she was married.

virginity /və'dʒɪnɪti/ noun the fact of being a virgin

Virgo /'v3:gəu/ noun one of the signs of the Zodiac, shaped like a girl, covering the period 23rd August to 22nd September

virile /'vıraıl/ *adj* with strong male characteristics

virility /və'rɪlɪti/ *noun* manliness; the fact of being virile

③ **virtual** /'v3:t \int uəl/ adj almost \circ The company has a virtual monopoly of French wine imports. \circ His grandfather has become a virtual recluse.

(2) virtually /'v3:t∫uəli/ adv almost ○ These shirts have been reduced so much that we're virtually giving them away. ○ It's virtually impossible to get tickets for the concert.

virtual reality /,v3:tf0əl ri'ælıti/ noun the simulation of a real-life scene or real events on a computer

③ virtue /'v3:t \int u:/ noun 1. a particular goodness of character, a good quality \circ *Honesty is his principal virtue*. 2. a special thing which gives you an advantage \circ *The* virtue of the train link to France is that you arrive right in the centre of Paris. \diamond by virtue of something as a result of something (formal) \circ He's eligible for British citizenship by virtue of his father who was born in Newcastle.

virtuoso /,v3:t $\int \sigma'$ =0.050/ (*plural* virtuosos or virtuosi) *noun* a person who is skilled in an art, especially one who can play a musical instrument extremely well

virtuous /'v3:t $\int 0$ adj **1**. very good or honest \circ She was a virtuous old lady who never said a bad word against her neighbours. **2**. feeling satisfied because you think that you have done something good \circ There is nothing virtuous about going to the office on Saturday morning – we do it as a matter of course. \circ She said she felt virtuous doing her exercises first thing in the morning. \circ I won't have any pudding – I'll be virtuous.

virulent /'virolent/ adj **1**. (of a form of a disease or an organism) strongly active \circ The new flu virus is said to be particularly virulent. \circ He contracted a virulent form of the disease. **2**. very harsh \circ The newspaper carried a virulent attack on the Foreign Minister.

③ **virus** /' varrəs/ noun 1. a very small living thing that causes disease by living in the bodies of people or animals ○ *Scientists* have isolated a new flu virus. ○ Shingles is caused by the same virus as chickenpox. 2. a part of a computer program which is designed to destroy files on someone else's computer ○ You must check the program for viruses.

visa /'vi:zə/ noun a special stamp on a passport allowing you to enter a country **vis-à-vis** /,vi:z ə 'vi:/ prep in relation to

viscous /'viskəs/ adj thick and slow-moving

visibility /_{vizi}'biliti/ noun an ability to see clearly

③ **visible** /'vɪzɪb(ə)l/ *adj* which can be seen

visibly /'vizibli/ adv in a way which everyone can see

(2) **vision** $/'v_{13}(\exists)n/$ noun **1**. eyesight, your ability to see \circ After the age of 50, the vision of many people begins to fail. **2**. a thing which you imagine \circ He had visions of himself stuck in London with no passport and no money. \circ She had visions of him being arrested for drug smuggling.

visionary $/'v_{13}(\bar{\vartheta})n(\bar{\vartheta})ri/$ adj idealistic, with original ideas \circ *His visionary designs influenced a whole generation.*

① visit /'vızıt/ noun a short stay with someone or in a town or a country [~to/~from] ○ We will be making a short visit to London next week. ○ They had a visit from the police. ■ verb (visits, visiting, visited) to stay a short time with someone or in a town or country ○ I am on my way to visit my sister in hospital. ○ They are away visiting friends in the north of the country. ○ The group of tourists are going to visit the glass factory. ○ He spent a week in Scotland, visiting museums in Edinburgh and Glasgow.

visitation $/_v vizitei \int (\mathfrak{g}) n/$ noun an instance of someone believing that he or she has seen a spirit

(2) **Visitor** /'vızıtə/ noun a person who comes to visit [~to] ○ *The number of visitors to the museum has risen sharply.* ○ *We had a surprise visitor yesterday – the bank manager*!

visor /'vaizə/, **vizor** noun a part of a helmet, which is hinged and can drop down to cover and protect the eyes \circ *He lifted his visor to talk to the policeman.*

vista /'vistə/ noun a wide view

③ **visual** /'v130əl/ *adj* referring to seeing **visual aid** /'v130əl e1d/ *noun* something, e.g. a picture or a chart, that you use to explain something to people

(2) **vital** /'vart(ə)l/ adjextremely important • It is vital that we act quickly. • Oxygen is vital to human life.

vitality /vai'tælīti/ noun great energy vitally /'vaīt(ə)li/ adv in a very important way

vitamin /'vɪtəmɪn/ noun an essential substance which is found in food and is needed for growth and health vivacious /vı'veı∫əs/ adj full of life or excitement

vivid /'vivid/ adj **1.** very bright \circ vivid yellow sunflowers \circ the vivid colours of the Mediterranean beach **2.** representing real events clearly \circ She has a vivid imagination. \circ The play is a vivid portrayal of country life. \circ I had a really vivid dream last night. \circ She gave a vivid account of her experiences at the hands of the kidnappers.

vivisection /,vivi'sek jon/ noun the practice of operating on live animals for the purpose of scientific research

vixen /'viksən/ noun a female fox

V-neck /'vi: nek/ *noun* a piece of clothing, e.g. a dress, or a pullover, with a neck shaped like a V

vocab /'vəukæb/ noun vocabulary (informal)

vocabulary /vəʊ'kæbjūləri/ noun 1. all the words used by a person or group of persons \circ specialist legal vocabulary \circ She reads French newspapers to improve her French vocabulary. 2. a printed list of words \circ There is a German-English vocabulary at the back of the book.

vocal /'vəuk(ə)l/ adj **1**. referring to the voice \circ Singers need to do vocal exercises daily. **2**. protesting loudly \circ The protesters were very vocal at the demonstration.

vocal cords /'vəuk(ə)l kɔ:dz/ plural noun folds in the larynx which are brought together to make sounds when air passes between them

vocalist /'vəukəlist/ noun a singer, especially in a pop group

vocation $/v \ominus u' \text{kel} \int (\partial n) n un$ work which you feel you have been called to do or for which you have a special talent

vocational /vəu'kei $\int(\partial n(\partial l) dj$ referring to a vocation

vociferous /vəu'sıfərəs/ adj shouting loudly

vodka /'vodkə/ *noun* a strong, colourless alcohol made from grain or potatoes, originally in Russia and Poland \circ *We talked over a glass of vodka.*

Vogue /vəug/ noun the fashion \diamond in **vogue** fashionable \circ *This year, black is back in vogue again.*

() Voice $/V \supset IS/$ noun a sound made when you speak or sing $\circ I$ didn't recognise his voice over the telephone. \circ The chairman spoke for a few minutes in a low voice.

voice-activated

voice-activated /vois 'ækti,veitd/ *adj* (*of a piece of equipment*) operated by the sound of your voice

voice box /'vois bbks/ *noun* the larynx, the upper part of the windpipe, where sounds are made by the voice

voice mail /'voismeil/ *noun* a type of telephone answering system, where messages can be left for a person

void /void/ noun emptiness \circ *He tried to fill the void in his life caused by the death of his wife.* \circ *She stood on the bridge for a few minutes, looking down into the void.*

volatile /'volətail/ adj 1. which can easily change into gas at normal temperatures (of a substance) \circ canisters of highly volatile liquid petroleum gas 2. changing your mind or mood frequently \circ The voters are very volatile. 3. not stable, likely to move up or down sharply \circ a volatile stock market

volcano /vol'keInəu/ noun a mountain which lava, ash and gas may flow out of from time to time

vole /vəul/ noun a small animal, like a mouse, but with a shorter tail

volley /'vpli/ noun **1**. a series of shots fired at the same time \circ *The police fired a volley into the crowd.* \circ *Volleys of gunfire could be heard in the distance.* **2**. (in sport) the act of hitting the ball before it touches the ground \circ *He managed to return a very difficult volley.*

volleyball /'volib5:!/ noun an Olympic sport played on a rectangular court between two teams of six, in which a large inflated ball is hit over a high net with the hands, and the object is to prevent the ball touching the floor of the court

volt /vəult/ *noun* the standard unit of for measuring electric force. Abbreviation **V**

voltage /'voult1d3/ noun an electric force expressed in volts

② **volume** /'volju:m/ noun **1**. the amount of sound ○ She turned down the volume on the radio. ○ He drives with the car radio on at full volume. **2**. the capacity, the amount which is contained inside something ○ What is the volume of this barrel? **3**. one book, especially one in a series ○ Have you read the third volume of his history of medieval Europe?

③ **voluntary** /'volont(o)ri/ adj 1. done because you want to do it, and done without being paid \circ Many retired people do voluntary work. 2. done willingly, without being forced \circ He made a voluntary contribution to the fund. **volunteer** /,volən't1ə/ noun a person who offers to do something without being paid or being forced to do it \circ *The information desk is staffed by volunteers.* • verb (volunteers, volunteering, volunteered) to offer to do something without being paid or being forced to do it \circ *Will anyone volunteer for the job of washing up?* \circ *He volunteered to collect the entrance tickets.*

voluptuous /və'lʌptʃuəs/ adj evoking sensual pleasure

vomit /'vomit/ noun partly digested food which has been brought up into the mouth from the stomach \circ *There was vomit all* over the bathroom floor. \circ He choked on his own vomit. \blacksquare verb (vomits, vomiting, vomited) to bring up partly digested food into your mouth \circ He vomited last night and now has a high temperature. \circ She vomited her breakfast.

voodoo /'vu:du:/ *noun* witchcraft practised in the West Indies

voracious /və'reɪʃəs/ adj very enthusiastic o a voracious reader

(1) **vote** /vəut/ noun the act of marking a paper, holding up your hand, etc., to show your opinion or who you want to be elected [~for/in favour of/~against] o There were only ten votes in favour of the plan. \circ The majority of votes were against strike action. \circ How many votes did the other can*didate get?* • verb (votes, voting, voted) to mark a paper, to hold up your hand, etc., to show your opinion or who you want to be elected [~for/in favour of/~against] o We all voted for the changes. O Even some of his friends voted against him. \circ Only forty per cent of the people were interested enough to vote. \circ Most of the strikers voted to go back to work.
in to vote for or against a proposal to say that you agree or do not agree with a proposal o Twenty people actually voted for the proposal to demolish the old church.

voter /'vəutə/ *noun* a person who votes or who has the right to vote

vouch verb

vouch for *phrasal verb* to guarantee that something is true or that someone will behave well

③ **voucher** /'vaut∫ə/ *noun* a paper which is given instead of money

VOW /vau/ noun a solemn promise \circ He made a vow to go on a pilgrimage to Jerusalem. \circ She vowed to have her revenge but she died before she could keep her vow. \blacksquare verb (vows, vowing, vowed) to make a solemn promise to do something \circ She vowed that she would never let it happen again. \circ He vowed to pay the money back.

vowel /'vauəl/ noun one of the five letters, a, e, i, o and u, which represent sounds made without using the teeth, tongue or lips (NOTE: The letters representing sounds which are not vowels are **consonants**. Note also that in some languages 'y' is a vowel.)

voyage /'vɔ11dʒ/ *noun* a long journey, especially by ship or spacecraft

3 VS abbr versus

vulgar /'vAlgə/ adj 1. rude or indecent o Don't use that sort of vulgar language in front of the children. \circ He made a vulgar gesture at the police officer. **2.** not in good taste \circ His pink Rolls Royce is particularly vulgar.

(3) **vulnerable** $/ v_{\Lambda} ln(a) rab(a) l/ adj$ who or which can easily be hurt

vulture $/!vAlt \int \partial / noun a large bird that$ $mainly eats dead animals <math>\circ$ *Vultures live by* scavenging on the bodies of animals which have died. \circ Scavengers like vultures wait in the trees near where the lions are hunting.



 \mathbf{W} /'dAb(ə)ljuː/, \mathbf{W} noun the twenty-third letter of the alphabet, between V and X

W abbr 1. west 2. western

wacky /'wæki/ (wackier, wackiest) adj crazy or silly (informal)

wad /wpd/ noun 1. a thick piece of soft material \circ The nurse put a sterile wad on the sore. 2. a thick pile of banknotes or papers \circ He had a wad of banknotes in his hand. \circ The hole was blocked with a wad of old papers.

waddle /' $wpd(\vartheta)$!/ (waddles, waddling, waddled) verb to walk swaying from side to side like a duck

wade /weid/ (wades, wading, waded) verb to walk through water \circ They waded into the sea.

wafer /'weifə/ noun a thin biscuit

waffle /'wpf(ə)l/ noun 1. a type of crisp pancake cooked in an iron mould and eaten with syrup ○ We bought waffles at the stall in the fairground. ○ Waffles are very popular in Belgium. 2. unnecessary or muddled speaking or writing (informal) ○ You don't need to read the article, it is just waffle. ○ Don't tell me you listened to all his waffle! ■ verb (waffles, waffling, waffled) to talk too much without saying anything clearly (informal) ○ What are you waffling on about? ○ If someone mentions the word 'ecology', our lecturer will waffle on for 20 minutes.

Waft /warft/ (wafts, wafting, wafted) verb to carry something gently through the air \circ *The delicious smell of strawberry jam wafted through the window to where I was sitting.*

Wag /wæg/ (wags, wagging, wagged) verb to move something from side to side or up and down \circ *The dog ran up to him,* wagging its tail. \circ *The grandmother* wagged her finger at the little boy who was picking the flowers.

wage /weid₃/, **wages** noun money paid, usually in cash each week, to a worker for work done \circ *The company pays quite good* wages. \circ She is earning a good wage or good wages in the pizza restaurant.

wager /'weidʒə/ noun money which you promise to pay if something you expect to happen does not take place \circ She made a wager that the government would lose the election. (NOTE: + wager v)

waggle /'wæg(ə)l/ (waggles, waggling, waggled) *verb* to move from side to side quickly

wagon /'wægən/, **waggon** noun a railway truck used for carrying heavy loads \circ *The container wagons are leaving the freight terminal.*

waif /weif/ noun a person, especially a child, who is thin and does not look healthy **wail** /weil/ (wails, wailing, wailed) verb to make a high-pitched mournful cry \circ At the news, she just sat down and wailed. (NOTE: + wail n)

(3) waist /weist/ noun 1. the narrow part of the body between the bottom of the chest and the hips \circ She measures 32 inches round the waist or has a 32-inch waist. 2. the part of a piece of clothing, e.g. a skirt, trousers or dress, that goes round the middle of your body \circ The waist of these trousers is too small for me. (NOTE: Do not confuse with waste.)

waistband /'weis(t),bænd/ *noun* a band of fabric on a piece of clothing, e.g. a skirt, trousers or dress, that goes round the middle of your body

(3) **waistcoat** //weistkəot/ *noun* a short coat with buttons and without any sleeves, which is worn over a shirt and under a jacket

waistline /'weistlain/ *noun* a measurement around your waist, showing how fat you are

① Wait /weit/ (waits, waiting, waited) verb to stay where you are, and not do anything until something happens or someone comes [~for/~until] ○ Don't wait for me, I'll be late. ○ Wait here until the ambulance arrives. ○ They had been waiting for half an hour in the rain before the bus finally arwait up③ phrasal verb not to go to bed because you are waiting for someone

waiter /'weitə/ noun a man who brings food and drink to customers in a restaurant
waiting list /'weitiŋ list/ noun a list of people waiting for a service or medical treatment

(3) waiting room /'weitin ru:m/ noun a room where you wait, e.g. at a doctor's, dentist's or railway station

waitress /'weitrəs/ *noun* a woman who brings food and drink to customers in a restaurant. ϕ **waiter**

Waive /weiv/ (waives, waiving, waived) *verb* to give up a right or a claim (NOTE: Do not confuse with wave.)

waiver /'weivə/ *noun* a document showing that someone is willing to give up a right or claim (NOTE: Do not confuse with **waver**.)

(2) Wake /weik/ (wakes, waking, woke, woken) verb 1. to stop someone's sleep ○ The telephone woke her or she was woken by the telephone. ○ I banged on her door, but I can't wake her. ○ He asked to be woken at 7.00. 2. to stop sleeping ○ He woke suddenly, feeling drops of water falling on his head.

wake up(2) phrasal verb 1. to stop someone's sleep \circ He was woken up by the sound of the dog barking. 2. to stop sleeping \circ She woke up in the middle of the night, thinking she had heard a noise. \circ Come on, wake up! It's past ten o'clock. \circ He woke up to find water coming through the roof of the tent. \diamond to wake up to something to realise something \circ When is he going to wake up to the fact that he is never going to be promoted?

waken /'weikən/ (wakens, wakening, wakened) verb to make someone wake up wake-up call /'weik Ap ,kəil/ noun a phone call from the hotel switchboard to wake a guest up

waking /'weikiŋ/ adj awake, not asleep

Wales /weilz/ noun a country to the west of England, forming part of the United Kingdom ○ There are some high mountains in North Wales. ◊ Welsh (NOTE: capital: Cardiff; people: the Welsh; languages: Welsh, English)

() walk /wo:k/ verb (walks, walking, walked) 1. to go on foot \circ The baby is ten

months old, and is just starting to walk. \circ She was walking along the high street on her way to the bank. • We walked slowly across the bridge. \circ The visitors walked round the factory.
to walk someone home to go with someone who is walking home \circ It was getting late, so I walked her *home.* **2.** to take an animal for a walk \circ He's gone to walk the dog in the fields. \circ She walks her dog every morning.
noun **1.** a usually pleasant journey on foot \circ Let's all go for a walk in the park. 2. a distance which you cover on foot o It's only a short walk to the beach. \circ It's only five minutes' walk from the office to the bank or the bank is only a five minutes' walk from the office.

walk into phrasal verb to enter on foot **walk off** phrasal verb to go away on foot \circ She walked off and left him holding the shopping. \circ The builders walked off the site because they said it was too dangerous.

walk off with (3) phrasal verb **1.** to win \circ She walked off with first prize. **2.** to steal \circ The burglar walked off with all my silver cups.

walk out) phrasal verb 1. to go out on foot \circ She walked out of the house and down the street. 2. to go out angrily \circ He walked out of the restaurant, saying that the service was too slow. 3. (of workers) to go on strike, to stop working and leave your office or factory \circ The office staff walked out in protest. \diamond to walk out on someone to leave someone suddenly \circ She walked out on her husband and went to live with her mother. \circ Our sales manager walked out on us just as we were starting our autumn sales campaign.

③ **walker** /'wɔːkə/ *noun* a person who goes walking for pleasure and exercise

walkie-talkie /,worki 'torki/ noun a portable two-way radio

(3) **walking** /'wo:kiŋ/ *noun* going on foot as a relaxation, e.g. along paths or up mountains

walking frame /'workiŋ freim/ noun a metal frame used by someone who has difficulty walking, to help him or her move about

walking stick /'workiŋ stik/ noun a strong wooden or metal stick with a handle used as a support when walking

Walkman /'wo:kmən/ trademark for a small portable cassette player which you can carry around with you and which has headphones for you to listen to music with or The chap next to me in the Underground had his Walkman on full blast. \circ He likes to listen to rock music on his Walkman.

walkout /'wo:kaut/ noun a strike by workers

walkover /'workəuvə/ noun an easy victory (informal)

walkway /'wo:kwei/ *noun* an outdoor path where you can walk between buildings, usually raised above ground level

① **Wall** /wo:l/ noun a structure made from things such as bricks or stones, built up to make one of the sides of a building, of a room or to surround a space \circ The walls of the restaurant are decorated with pictures of film stars. \circ There's a clock on the wall behind my desk. \circ He got into the house by climbing over the garden wall.

wall up phrasal verb to block something

such as a door or an entrance with a wall wallaby /'woləbi/ noun an Australian animal like a small kangaroo

wallet /'wpltt/ noun a small flat leather case for carrying things such as credit cards and banknotes in your pocket

wallop /'woləp/ (wallops, walloping, walloped) verb to hit someone or something very hard

wallow /'wpləo/ (wallows, wallowing, wallowed) verb 1. (of animals) to roll around in mud \circ When I hear of animals wallowing in mud, I immediately think of hippos. 2. (of a person) to take a lot of pleasure in doing something \circ He positively wallows in gossip about media people. \circ It's time she stopped wallowing in self-pity.

wallpaper /'wo:lpeipə/ noun paper with different patterns on it, covering the walls of a room \circ *The wallpaper was light green to match the carpet.*

① Wall Street /'worl strift / noun a street in New York where the Stock Exchange is, the American finance centre in New York o He walked along Wall Street, looking for the company's offices.

wally /'wpli/ *noun* an offensive word that deliberately insults somebody's intelligence

walrus /'wo:lrəs/ *noun* an animal which looks like a large seal, with two long tusks pointing downwards

waltz /w5:ls/ noun (plural waltzes) **1**. a slow dance in which a man and woman turn around together as they move forward \circ The next dance is a waltz, so I'll ask her to dance. **2**. music suitable for such a dance \circ Listen, the orchestra is playing a waltz. \circ The 'Blue Danube' is one of Strauss' most famous waltzes. **•** verb (waltzes, waltzing,

waltzed) **1.** to dance a waltz **2.** to do something in a relaxed way that shows you are not worrying or not trying hard \circ *She* waltzed into the bank and said she wanted to withdraw \$200,000 in cash. \circ He waltzed off with first prize.

(3) **Wander** /'wondə/ (wanders, wandering, wandered) *verb* to walk somewhere without any specific destination \circ *They wandered round the town in the rain.*

wander off/away verb to walk away from where you should be \circ Two of the party wandered off into the market.

Wane /wein/ (wanes, waning, waned) verb to appear smaller; to become less effective \circ His influence over his family is waning. \circ He takes vitamin tablets to boost his waning energy.

wangle /'wæŋgəl/ (wangles, wangling, wangled) verb to get something by a trick (informal)

wanna /'wpnə/ contr want to (informal)

wannabe /'wonəbi/ *noun* a person who would like to be something or someone different (*informal*)

① Want /wont/ (wants, wanting, wanted) verb 1. to hope that you will do something, that something will happen, or that you will get something \circ She wants a new car for her birthday. \circ Where do you want to go for your holidays? \circ He wants to be a teacher. 2. to ask someone to do something \circ The manager wants me to go and see him. \circ I want those windows painted. 3. to need something \circ With five children, what they want is a bigger house. \circ You want to take some rest.

wanted /'wontId/ *adj* searched for by the police, usually because of a crime

wanting /'wontin/ *adj* lacking a necessary feature or quality

wanton /'wontən/ adj in a way which is uncontrolled or without reason

① War /wɔ:/ noun a period of fighting between countries [~with/~between] \circ the numerous wars between the English and the Scots \circ In 1914 Britain was at war with Germany or Britain and Germany were at war. \circ Millions of soldiers and civilians were killed during the war.

war crime /'wor kraim/ noun a crime committed during a war which is against international agreements on the rules of war

3 ward /word/ noun a room or set of rooms in a hospital, with beds for patients or *The children's ward is at the end of the* corridor. \circ She was taken into the accident and emergency ward.

warder /'wɔ:də/, **wardress** *noun* a prison officer, a person who guards prisoners (*old*) **wardrobe** /'wɔ:drəob/ *noun* a tall cupboard in which you hang your clothes \circ *He moved the wardrobe from the landing into the bedroom.*

warehouse /'weəhaus/ noun a large building where goods are stored \circ Our goods are dispatched from the central warehouse to shops all over the country.

warfare /'worfeə/ noun fighting a war, especially the method of fighting

war game /'wor geim/ noun a military exercise

warhead /'worhed/ noun the top end of a missile which explodes when it hits something

warlord /'woːloːd/ *noun* a military leader who rules part of a country

(2) warm /worm/ adj 1. fairly hot \circ The temperature is below freezing outside but it's nice and warm in the office. \circ The children tried to keep warm by playing football. \circ Are you warm enough, or do you want another blanket? \circ This coat is not very warm. \circ The winter sun can be quite *warm in February.* **2.** pleasant and friendly • We had a warm welcome from our friends. \circ She has a really warm personal*ity.* • *verb* (warms, warming, warmed) to make something hotter o Come and warm vour hands by the fire. \circ I'll warm some soup. \circ The greenhouse effect has the result of warming the general temperature of the earth's atmosphere.

warm up 3 phrasal verb 1. to make hotter

- A cup of coffee will soon warm you up.
- *I'll just warm up some soup for supper.*

2. to practise or exercise \circ *The orchestra is just warming up before the concert.*

war memorial //wə: mi,mə:riəl/ noun a structure built to remember soldiers who died in a war

warm-hearted /,worm 'hortid/ adj friendly and kind

warmth /wo:m θ / noun the fact of being warm or feeling warm \circ It was cold and rainy outside, and he looked forward to the warmth of his home.

(2) Warn /wɔ:n/ (warns, warning, warned) verb 1. to inform someone of a possible danger [~that/~against/~of] \circ The guide warned us that there might be snakes in the grass. \circ Children are warned of the dangers of playing on the frozen lake. \circ The group was warned to look out for pick-

pockets. **2.** to inform someone that something is likely to happen [-that/~of] \circ *The* railway has warned that there will be a strike tomorrow. \circ *The* weather forecast warned of storms in the English Channel. (NOTE: You warn someone **of** something, or warn someone **that** something may happen.)

warn off phrasal verb \Box to warn someone off something to advise someone not to do something \bigcirc Two men came to see him and warned him off going to the police. \bigcirc They hope that this tragedy will warn other adolescents off drugs.

② warning /'wo:nin/ noun news about a possible danger [~to/~against] ○ He shouted a warning to the children. ○ The government has issued a warning against travelling in some areas of the country. ○ Each packet of cigarettes has a government health warning printed on it. ■ adj which informs about a danger ○ Red warning flags are raised if the sea is dangerous. ○ Warning notices were put up round the building site.

Warp /W3:p/ (warps, warping, warped) verb 1. to twist out of shape \circ Cycling across potholes can warp your front wheel. \circ If you leave the planks out in the rain they will warp. 2. to have a bad effect on someone's mind or character \circ The beatings he had from his father seem to have warped his mind.

warped /wo:pt/ *adj* strange and twisted **warrant** /'worpnt/ *noun* an official document from a court giving someone permission to do something o *The magistrate issued a warrant for her arrest.*

warranty /'worənti/ (plural warranties) noun a legal document which promises that goods you buy will work properly or that an object is of good quality

warren /'wɒrən/ noun same as rabbit warren

warring /'wɔɪrɪŋ/ adj at war

warrior /'wpriə/ noun a person who fights in battle

warship /'wotfip/ *noun* an armed ship which is used for fighting, not for carrying passengers or goods

wart /wo:t/ *noun* a small hard lump on the skin, which is not harmful

wartime /'wostaim/ noun a time of war

war-torn /woi toin/ adj (of a country or area) very badly affected by war

wary /¹weəri/ (warier, wariest) adj aware of a possible problem with someone or

something $\circ I$ am very wary of any of his ideas for making money.

③ **was** /wəz, wbz/ past tense of **be**

① Wash /wbʃ/ verb (washes, washing, washed) to clean something using water \circ *Cooks should always wash their hands before touching food!* \circ *I must wash the car before we go to the wedding.* \circ *The moment I had washed the windows it started to rain.* \circ *His football shirt needs washing.* \diamond **linen** \blacksquare *noun* the action of cleaning, using water \circ *The car needs a wash.* \circ *He's in the bathroom, having a quick wash.*

wash down phrasal verb 1. to wash with a large amount of water \circ They washed down the van with buckets of water. \circ The sailors were washing down the deck. 2. to have a drink with food \circ He had a pizza washed down by a glass of beer.

wash up) phrasal verb 1. to clean objects such as dirty cups, plates, knives and forks with water \circ It took us hours to wash up after the party. \circ My brother's washing up, while I'm sitting watching the TV. 2. (of the sea) to bring something up onto the beach \circ It's interesting to walk along the shore to see what has been washed up onto the beach during the night. 3. US to wash your face and hands \circ He went into the bathroom to wash up.

washable $/'wp \int b(a) dj$ (of clothing) which can be washed in water, as opposed to being dry-cleaned

(3) **washbasin** /'wpʃbeɪs(ə)n/ noun a container for holding water for washing the hands and face, which has taps and is usually attached to the wall of a bathroom

washed-up /wp∫d 'Ap/ *adj* having failed and not likely to be successful again

Washer $/!wbj \partial / noun 1$. a rubber ring inside a pipe which prevents liquid escaping from a joint \circ *The tap is leaking, and I think the washer needs replacing.* **2.** a metal ring under a nut or bolt \circ *Put a washer on the bolt to make it screw tight.*

② **washing** /'wpJŋ/ noun clothes which have been washed, or which are ready to be washed \circ Put the washing in the washing machine. \circ She hung out the washing to dry. \Box to do the washing to wash dirty clothes \circ I'm not doing the washing today.

washing line /'wbʃŋ laɪn/ *noun* a long piece of rope fixed between two poles or hooks and used for hanging washing on to dry

(2) washing machine /'wb∫iŋ məj∫i:n/ noun a machine for washing clothes (NOTE: A machine for washing plates and cutlery is a dishwasher.)

washing powder /'wpʃiŋ 'paudə/, **soap powder** /'səʊp ,paudə/ *noun* soap in powder form, used in washing machines or dishwashers

(2) washing up /,wbʃiŋ 'Ap/ noun 1. the activity of washing all the objects which have been used in preparing and eating a meal \circ Can someone help with the washing up? \circ It took us hours to do the washing up after the party. \circ Use this little brush for the washing up. 2. things such as dirty dishes and glasses waiting to be cleaned \circ There is a pile of washing up waiting to be put into the dishwasher.

washing-up liquid /,woʃiŋ Ap 'likwid/ *noun* a liquid detergent used for washing dirty dishes

washout /'wpʃaut/ noun **1**. a failure because of rain \circ The village fete was a complete washout. **2**. a failure \circ No one turned up for the memorial service – it was a washout.

1 wasn't /'wpznt/ • be

③ **wasp** /wosp/ *noun* an insect which has black and yellow bands of colour round its body and which can sting

wastage /'weistid₃/ noun **1**. the act of wasting \circ There is an enormous wastage of natural resources. **2**. an amount lost by being wasted \circ Allow 10% extra material for wastage.

(2) **waste** /weist/ noun 1. an unnecessary use of time or money \circ It is a waste of time asking the boss for a rise. \circ That computer is a waste of money – there are plenty of cheaper models. 2. rubbish, things which are no use and are thrown away o Put all your waste in the rubbish bin. • verb (wastes, wasting, wasted) to use more of something than you need o Don't waste time putting your shoes on – jump out of the window now. \circ We turned off all the heating so as not to waste energy. **a**dj useless and ready to be thrown away o *Keep all your waste paper and recycle it.* 0 Waste products need to be disposed of carefully.

waste bin /weist bin/ *noun* a container for putting rubbish in

wasted /'weistid/ adj 1. useless 2. (of a person's body) extremely thin and weak 3. under the influence of drink or drugs (informal)

wasteful /'we1stf(\mathfrak{p})l/ adj which wastes a lot

wasteland /'weistlænd/ noun land which is not used for anything

(3) wastepaper basket /weis(t)'peipə ıbɑːskit/ *noun* a small box or basket where useless papers can be put

(1) watch /wpt // verb (watches, watching, watched) 1. to look at and notice something [~how/who/what etc] o Watch how the mother elephant feeds her babies.Did you watch the news on TV last *night?* \circ *I love watching football.* \circ *Every*one was watching the children dancing. 2. to look at something carefully to make sure that nothing happens [~(that)] \circ Watch the potatoes don't burn. \circ Can you watch the baby while I'm at the hairdresser's? *noun* **1**. an object like a little clock which you wear on your wrist \circ She looked at her watch impatiently. \circ What time is it? – my watch has stopped. 2. the activity of watching something carefully o Visitors should be on the watch for pickpockets. \circ Keep a watch on the potatoes to make sure they don't burn. (NOTE: no plural)

watch out *(*) *phrasal verb* to be careful *o Watch out! there's a car coming!*

watchdog /'wotfdbg/ noun 1. a dog used to guard a house or other buildings o Alsatians are often used as watchdogs. 2. a person or committee that examines things such as public spending or public morals o The report of the watchdog committee on water pricing.

watchful /'wɒt∫f(ə)l/ adj very careful

watchman /'wɒt∫mən/ (plural watchmen) noun a person who guards a building, usually when it is empty

watchword /'wpt∫,wptd/ *noun* a word or phrase which shows someone's attitude towards life in general or towards a particular subject or situation

① **Water** /'wortə/ noun the liquid which falls as rain and forms rivers, lakes and seas. It makes up a large part of the bodies of living creatures, and is used for drinking and in cooking; also in industrial processes. \circ Can we have three glasses of water please? \circ Cook the vegetables in boiling water. \circ Is the tap water safe to drink? \circ The water temperature is 60°. (NOTE: no plural: some water, a drop of water) **u** verb (waters, watering, watered) to pour water on the soil round a plant to make it grow \circ Because it is hot we need to water the garden every day. \circ She was watering her pots of flowers. watercolour /'wɔ:təkʌlə/ noun 1. paint which is mixed with water and used by artists o He prefers using watercolours to oils.
2. a picture painted using watercolours o There is an exhibition of Turner's watercolours in the Tate Gallery. O She bought a watercolour of the village church. (NOTE: [all senses] The US spelling is watercolor.)
water cooler /,wɔ:tə 'ku:lə/ noun a ma-

chine which people can get cold drinkingwater from, used in places such as offices

watercress /'woitəkres/ noun a low spreading plant grown in water streams and eaten in salads and soup

③ **waterfall** /'wo:təfəːl/ noun a place where a stream falls down a steep drop

waterfront /'wo:təfrAnt/ *noun* a bank of a river or shore of the sea and the buildings along it

waterhole /'wo:təhəul/ noun a small pool in the desert or other dry area, where animals come to drink

waterlogged /'wortelogd/ adj waterlogged ground is full of water, so the surface stays wet for a long time \circ After so much rain, the waterlogged golf course had to be closed. \circ Most plants cannot grow in waterlogged soil.

Watermark /'woitemaik/ noun 1. a hidden mark in paper, usually put there to prove that the paper is legal or official \circ *If* you hold a banknote up to the light you will see the watermark. 2. a line showing the level water has reached \circ *On the wall by* the river you can see various watermarks showing the level of floods in different years.

watermelon /'wo:təmelən/ noun a very large type of melon with red flesh, large black seeds and dark green skin

water polo /'wortə, pəuləu/ *noun* a ball game played in water by two teams, each trying to throw a ball into a goal

waterproof /'wɔ:təpru:f/ adj not letting water go through \circ waterproof clothing \circ These boots aren't waterproof – my socks are soaking wet.

watershed /'wo:təfed/ noun a point where an important permanent change takes place

waterskiing /'wortəskiiiŋ/ noun the sport of moving over the surface of a lake or river on large skis, pulled by a fast boat water table /'wortə ,teib(ə)l/ noun a natural level of water below the ground

watertight /'wo:tətait/ adj 1. made so that water cannot get in or out \circ The food has to be kept in watertight containers. \circ Is waterway

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the seal round the radiator watertight? **2.** which cannot be shown to be false \circ *She* has a watertight alibi for the time when the crime was committed.

waterway /'wo:təwei/ *noun* a canal or deep river along which boats can easily travel

watery /'wort(ϑ)ri/ adj like water, which has a lot of water in it

watt /wpt/ *noun* the standard unit of electrical power

(2) wave /weiv/ noun 1. a raised mass of water on the surface of the sea, a lake or a river \circ Waves were breaking on the rocks. \circ Watch out for big waves on the beach. \circ The sea was calm, with hardly any waves. Mexican wave 2. an up and down movement of your hand 3. a regular curve on the surface of hair o His hair has a natural *wave.* **4.** a sudden increase in something o A wave of anger surged through the crowd. ■ verb (waves, waving, waved) 1. to move up and down in the wind o The flags were *waving outside the town hall.* **2.** to make an up and down movement of the hand, $[\sim to] \odot$ The star waved to fans as he boarded the plane to New York. O The children waved until the car was out of sight. O They waved goodbye as the boat left the harbour. \Box to wave to someone to signal to someone by moving your hand up and down \circ When I saw him I waved to him to cross the road.

waveband /'weivbænd/ noun a group of radio waves which are close together

wavelength /'weivlen θ / noun the distance between similar points on radio waves \circ *They used a short wavelength for transmitting messages.*

WAVE /'weIVə/ (wavers, wavering, wavered) *verb* to be unable to decide what to do (NOTE: Do not confuse with waiver.)

Wavy /'weivi/ (wavier, waviest) adj 1. ((of hair)) slightly curly 2. curving up and down • He drew a wavy line across the bottom of the page.

Wax /wæks/ noun a solid substance made from fat or oil, used for making things such as candles and polish \circ *She brought a tin of* wax polish and started to polish the furniture.

① **Way** /wet/ noun **1**. the direction in which something can be found or in which someone or something is going $[\sim to] \circ Do$ you know the way to the post office? \circ The bus is going the wrong way for the station. \circ She showed us the way to the railway station. \circ They lost their way and had to ask for directions. \circ I'll lead the way – just fol-

low me. 2. the means of doing something [~of] \circ Isn't there a faster way of digging the hole? \circ *My* mother showed me the way to make marmalade. \circ The way she said it implied it was my fault. 3. the distance between one place and another o The nearest bank is quite a long way away. \circ He's got a long way to go before he qualifies as a *doctor.* **4.** a path or road which goes somewhere \circ *Our neighbours across the way.* \circ I'll walk the first part of the way home with *you.* **5.** a particular direction from here $\circ a$ one-way street \circ Can you tell which way the wind is blowing? • This way please, everybody! 6. a space where someone wants to be or which someone wants to use \circ Get out of my way – I'm in a hurry. \circ It's best to keep out of the way of the police for a moment. \circ I wanted to take a short cut. but there was a lorry in the way. \diamond to get your own way to do what you want to do, even if other people don't want you to do it (informal) \circ She always seems to get her own way. \diamond to make your way to go to a place with some difficulty o Can you make *your way to passport control?* \circ *He made* his way to the tourist information office.

(1) way in / wei 'In/ noun an entrance

Waylay /wei'lei/ (waylays, waylaying, waylaid) verb 1. to stop and attack someone \circ The gang waylaid the cashier as she was walking back to the office. 2. to stop someone to talk to them \circ I was waylaid by an old friend on my way to the Post Office. ① way out / wei 'aut/ noun an exit \circ This is the way out of the car park. \circ He couldn't find the way out in the dark.

way-out /, wei 'aut/ adj strange, exciting (dated informal) \circ They played some really way-out music.

wayside noun \square fall by the wayside to fail or to stop before something is completed

(3) **way up**/₁wei 'Ap/ noun a way in which something stands

wayward /'weiwəd/ *adj* tending to do what he or she wants rather than what is expected

WC noun same as toilet (NOTE: mainly used on signs)

① We /wi:/ pron used by someone speaking or writing to refer to himself or herself and others \circ He said we could go into the exhibition. \circ We were not allowed into the restaurant in jeans. \circ We had a wonderful holiday – we all enjoyed ourselves enormously. (NOTE: When it is the object we becomes us: We gave it to him; He gave it to us. When it follows the verb to **be**, **we** usually becomes **us**: Who is it? - It's us!)

(2) weak /wi:k/ adj 1. not strong o After his illness he is still very weak. o I don't like weak tea. 2. not effective o a weak leader o a weak argument 3. not having knowledge or skill o She's weaker at science than at maths. o French is his weakest subject. (NOTE: + weakly adv. Do not confuse with week.)

weaken /'wi:kən/ (weakens, weakening, weakened) *verb* to make or to become weak

weakling /'wi:kliŋ/ *noun* a person who lacks physical strength

(3) weakness /'wi:knəs/ noun 1. the state of being weak o The doctor noticed the weakness of her pulse. 2. weakness for a liking for something [~for] (informal) o I have a weakness for Danish pastries.

(2) wealth /wel θ / noun a large amount of money and property which someone owns • *His wealth was acquired in business.*

wealthy /'wel θ i/ (wealthier, wealthiest) adj (of a person) very rich

Wean /wi:n/ (weans, weaning, weaned) verb to make a baby start to eat solid food after only drinking mother's milk \circ At what age should you start to wean a baby?

 \diamond to wean someone off or away from something to get someone to drop a bad habit (*informal*) \diamond We must try to wean him off the TV for a period.

(2) **Weapon** /'wepən/ noun an object such as a gun, sword or bomb, which you fight other people with \circ nuclear and biological weapons \circ The crowd used sticks and iron bars as weapons.

weaponry /'wepənri/ noun weapons

Wear /weə/ (wears, wearing, wore, worn) verb 1. to have something such as clothes or jewellery on your body ○ What dress are you wearing to the party? ○ When last seen, he was wearing a blue raincoat. ○ She's wearing her mother's earrings. ○ She wears her hair very short.
 to damage something or make it thin through using it ○ The tread on the car tyres is worn. ○ I've worn a hole in the heel of my sock.

wear down phrasal verb **1.** to disappear gradually, or make something disappear by much use **2.** to make someone gradually lose their confidence or effectiveness \circ They wore down the enemy's resistance.

wear off *phrasal verb* to disappear gradually

wear out() phrasal verb 1. to use something so much that it becomes broken and useless \circ Walking across the USA, he wore out three pairs of boots. 2. \Box to wear yourself out to become very tired through doing something \circ She wore herself out looking after the old lady.

wear and tear /,weər ən 'teə/ noun the action of damaging something through use **fair wear and tear** damage through normal use which is accepted by an insurance company • The policy covers most forms of damage but not wear and tear to the machine.

wearing /'weəriŋ/ adj tiring weary /'wiəri/ adj very tired

weasel /'wi: $z(\bar{v})$ **l**/ *noun* a small thin furry wild animal which kills and eats birds and other small animals \circ *The weasel chased the rabbit into its burrow.*

① weather /'weðə/ noun conditions outside, e.g. if it is raining, hot, cold or sunny \circ What's the weather going to be like today? \circ If the weather gets any better, then we can go out in the boat. \diamond under the weather miserable or unwell \circ She's feeling a bit under the weather.

weatherbeaten /'weðəbi:t(\ni)n/ adj 1. (of a face) made brown by the wind and sun \circ The weatherbeaten faces of the old mountain farmers. 2. worn and marked by rain, sun and wind \circ There are a few weatherbeaten fishermen's cottages down by the harbour:

Weave /wi:v/ (weaves, weaving, wove, woven) verb 1. to make cloth by twisting fibres over and under each other \circ *The cloth* is woven from the wool of local sheep. \circ *The new weaving machines were installed last week.* 2. to make something by a similar method, but using things such as very thin pieces of wood or the dried stems of plants \circ *She learnt how to weave baskets.*

(3) web/web/ noun 1. a net spun by spiders ○ The garden is full of spiders' webs in autumn. 2. the web the thousands of websites and webpages within the Internet, which users can visit 3. a set of events that cause problems [~of] ○ The truth had been hidden by a web of lies and intrigue.

web browser /'web ,brauzə/ noun a program for showing and using pages on the World Wide Web

webcam /'webkæm/ *noun* a video camera recording pictures that are broadcast live on the Internet

webcast /'webka:st/ noun a broadcast on the World Wide Web webmaster /'webma:stə/ noun a person who designs or manages a website

③ **webpage** /'webpetdʒ/ *noun* a single file of text and graphics, forming part of a website

website /'websatt/ *noun* a collection of pages on the Web which have been produced by one person or organisation and are linked together

wed /wed/ (weds, wedding, wedded or wed) verb to marry (formal, used mainly in newspapers)

we'd /wiid/ short form 1. we had 2. we would

② wedding /'wediŋ/ noun a marriage ceremony, when two people are officially made husband and wife ○ This Saturday I'm going to John and Mary's wedding.

wedding anniversary /'wediŋ æni ,v3:s(ə)ri/ *noun* a celebration every year of the date of a wedding

wedding ring /'wedin rin/ noun a ring which is put on the finger during the wedding ceremony

wedge /wed₃/ noun a solid piece of something such as wood, metal or rubber in the shape of a $V \circ Put$ a wedge under the door to hold it open.

① Wednesday /'wenzdei/ noun the day between Tuesday and Thursday, the third day of the week \circ She came for tea last Wednesday. \circ Wednesdays are always busy days for us. \circ Can we meet next Wednesday afternoon? \circ Wednesday the 24th would be a good date for a meeting. \circ The 15th is a Tuesday, so the 16th must be a Wednesday.

Weds abbreviation Wednesday

Wee /wi:/ (wees, weeing, weed) verb to urinate (child's word) \circ Do you want to wee, Tommy? (NOTE: also wee-wee)

weed /wird/ noun a wild plant that you do not want in a garden or crop

weedy *l'witdi/ adj* 1. thin and weak \circ *His opponent was a weedy little man who looked as though he had never had a fight before.* 2. covered with weeds \circ *We've been away and the garden is so weedy.*

① week /witk/ noun a period of seven days, usually from Monday to Sunday \circ There are 52 weeks in the year. \circ The firm gives us two weeks' holiday at Easter. \circ I is my aunt's 80th birthday next week. \circ I go to the cinema at least once a week. (NOTE: Do not confuse with weak.)

weekday /'wi!kdei/ *noun* any of the days from Monday to Friday, when most offices are open

① weekend /wi:k'end/ noun Saturday and Sunday, or the period from Friday evening to Sunday evening \circ We're going to the coast for the weekend. \circ Why don't you come to spend next weekend with us in the country? \circ At weekends, we try to spend time in the garden.

(3) weekly /'wi:kli/ adj, adv happening or published once a week ○ Are you paid weekly or monthly? ○ We have a weekly paper which tells us all the local news. ○ The weekly rate for the job is £250. (NOTE: Do not confuse with weakly.) ■ noun (plural weeklies) a magazine published once a week

Weep /wirp/ (weeps, weeping, wept) verb to produce tears

(2) Weigh /wei/ (weighs, weighing, weighed) verb 1. to use scales or a weighing machine to measure how heavy something is \circ Can you weigh this parcel for me? \circ They weighed his suitcase at the check-in desk. \circ I weighed myself this morning. 2. to have a particular weight \circ This piece of meat weighs 100 grams. \circ How much do you weigh? \circ She only weighs 40 kilos.

weigh down phrasal verb \Box to be weighed down with to be bent because you are carrying something heavy \circ The car was weighed down with all our luggage. \circ The branches of the pear trees were weighed down with fruit. \Box to be weighed down with to be anxious or worried about something

weigh in phrasal verb 1. (of boxers and jockeys) to have your weight measured before a fight or horse race \circ The boxer weighed in at 200lbs. 2. to join in an argument [~with] (informal) \circ He weighed in with some forceful comments.

weigh up *phrasal verb* to form an opinion of someone or something

 weight /weit/ noun 1. how heavy something is ○ What's the maximum weight of parcel the post office will accept?
 how heavy a person is ○ His weight is less than it was a year ago. 3. something which is heavy ○ If you lift heavy weights like paving stones, you may hurt your back. (NOTE: Do not confuse with wait.) ◇ that's a weight off my mind! that is something I need not worry about any longer

weighted /'weitid/ adj changed by the addition of an amount to a total

weightlifting /'weitliftin/ noun the sport or exercise of lifting heavy weights (NOTE: + weightlifter n) weight training /weit 'treinin/ noun physical training using weights to make your muscles strong

weighty /'weiti/ (weightier, weightiest) adj 1. important or serious \circ We now face the weighty problem of trying to expand into new markets. 2. heavy \circ She's tired after lugging her weighty bag round London.

weir /w1ə/ noun a small structure built across a river to control the flow of water \circ From here, you can see the weir and the lock.

(2) **Weird** /wiəd/ *adj* strange in a way that makes you feel nervous or frightened (NOTE: weirder – weirdest)

weirdo /'w1ədəu/ (plural weirdos) noun a person regarded as strange (slang)

(2) welcome /'welkam/ verb (welcomes, welcoming, welcomed) 1. to greet someone in a friendly way o The staff welcomed the new assistant to the office. \circ When we arrived at the hotel we were welcomed by a couple of barking guard dogs. 2. to be pleased to hear news o I warmly welcome the result of the election. \circ I would welcome any suggestions as to how to stop the water seeping into the basement. the action of greeting someone o There was not much of a welcome from the staff when we arrived at the hotel. \Box a warm welcome a friendly welcome o They gave me a warm welcome.

to outstay your welcome to stay longer than your hosts thought you were going to stay adj met or greeted with pleasure o They made me very *welcome*. \diamond **you're welcome!** a reply to 'thank you' o *Thanks for carrying the bags* for me – you're welcome!

weld /weld/ (welds, welding, welded) verb to join two pieces of metal together by heating them together \circ The chassis can be repaired by welding the two pieces together.

② **welfare** /'welfe∂/ noun the act or practice of providing the things which people need and which help them to be healthy ○ The club looks after the welfare of the old people in the town. ○ The government has taken measures to reform the welfare system.

welfare state /₁welfeə 'steit/ noun a state which makes sure that all its citizens have suitable houses, education, public transport and health services

① **Well** /wel/ adv **1**. in a way that is satisfactory ○ He doesn't speak Russian very well. ○ Our business is small, but it's doing well. ○ Is the new computer working well?

2. very much \circ *He got back from the office late – well after eight o'clock.* • You should go to the Tower of London – it's well worth a visit. • There were well over sixty people at the meeting. ○ She's well over eighty. adj (better, best) healthy o She's looking well after her holiday! • The secretary's not very well today – she's had to stay off work. \circ It took him some weeks to get well after his flu. Interjused for starting a sentence \circ Well. I'll show you round the house first. • Well now, we've done the washing up so we can sit and watch TV. Inoun a very deep hole dug in the ground with water or oil at the bottom \diamond **as well** also \circ When my aunt comes to stay she brings her two cats and the dog as well. \circ You can't eat fish and chips and a meat pie as well! as well as in addition to o Some newsagents sell groceries as well as newspapers. She ate a slice of cheesecake as well as two scoops of ice cream.

we'll /wirl/ contr we will

well- /wel/ prefix in a satisfactory way o well-attended o well-chosen (NOTE: Well- is used in front of many adjectives, see the following words. Note also the comparative in these compounds: well-advised – better advised; well-off – better off.)

well-behaved /,wel bi'heivd/ *adj* having good behaviour

well-being /wel 'birn/ *noun* a feeling of being healthy and happy

well-brought-up /₁wel bro:t¹Ap/ adj polite because of having been shown the correct way to behave when young

well-built /, wel 'b1lt/ adj strong and solid ① **well done** /wel 'd Λ n/ *interj* used for praising someone for their success \circ Well done, the England team! \circ Well done to all of you who passed the exam! \blacksquare adj (of meat) which has been cooked a long time \circ Can I have my steak well-done, please?

well-heeled /,wel 'hirld/ adj rich (informal)

wellie /'weli/ noun a wellington boot

wellington /'welinton/ noun a loose knee-length rubber boot

(2) **well-known** /,wel 'nəun/ *adj* known by a lot of people

② well-off / wel 'pf/ adj rich

② **well-paid** /,wel 'perd/ *adj* earning a good salary

well-timed /,wel 'taɪmd/ *adj* happening at a favourable time

well-to-do /,wel tə 'duː/ adj rich

well-wisher /'wel ,wijə/ noun a person who is friendly towards someone

① Welsh /wel J/ adj relating to Wales \circ We will be going climbing in the Welsh mountains at Easter. \blacksquare noun 1. \square the Welsh the people of Wales \circ The Welsh are proud of their heritage. \circ The Welsh are magnificent singers. 2. the language spoken in Wales \circ Welsh is used in schools in many parts of Wales.

() went /went/ past tense of go

① wept/wept/ past tense and past participle of weep

() Were /wə, wɜː/ 1st person plural past of be. 2nd person plural past of be. 3rd person plural past of be

1) we're /'wiiə/ short form we are

2 weren't /w3int/ short form were not

werewolf /'weawolf/ (plural werewolves), werwolf noun a person who is thought to change into the form of a wolf at night and back into human form in the day (1) west /west/ noun 1. the direction of where the sun sets $[\sim of] \circ We$ live in a village to the west of the town. \circ The sun sets in the west and rises in the east. \circ Their house has a garden that faces west or a *west-facing garden.* **2. West** the countries in the western part of the world, e.g. Europe and North America **a** *dj* relating to the west o She lives on the west coast of the United States. \circ The west part of the town is near the river. **a**dv towards the west o Go west for about ten kilometres, and then *you'll come to the national park.* \circ *The riv*er flows west into the ocean.

westbound /'westbaund/ *adj* travelling towards the west

westerly /'westəli/ *adj* **1**. towards the west **2**. (*of a wind*) blowing from the west

② **Western** /'westən/ adj from, of or in the south \circ *The western part of Canada has wonderful scenery*. • *noun* a book or film about life in the western USA in the nineteenth century, especially about cowboys \circ *She likes watching old westerns on TV.*

westerner /'westənə/, **Westerner** noun **1**. a person who lives in or comes from the west of a country or region **2**. a person from Europe or North America

westernised, westernized *adj* accepting and using things such as the ideas, customs, and industrial methods of countries in Western Europe and the United States

westernmost /'westənməust/ adj furthest to the west **Westminster** /'westminstə/ noun 1. in the area of London where Westminster Abbey and the Houses of Parliament are \circ *Tourists always go to Westminster as part of their visit to London.* **2.** the British Parliament itself \circ *The news was greeted with surprise at Westminster.* \circ *MPs returned to Westminster after the summer recess.*

(2) wet / wet / adj 1. covered in water or other liquid ○ She forgot her umbrella and got wet walking back from the shops. ○ The chair's all wet where he knocked over his beer. ○ The baby is wet – can you change her nappy? 2. raining ○ The summer months are the wettest part of the year. ○ There's nothing I like better than a wet Sunday in London. 3. not yet dry ○ Watch out! – the paint's still wet.

wet blanket /wet 'blæŋkɪt/ noun an unhappy person who spoils social events, e.g. parties, by making other people feel unhappy (*informal*)

wetsuit /'wetsuit/ *noun* a rubber suit worn by swimmers and divers to keep themselves warm in the water

(1) **we've** /wirv/ short form we have

whack /wæk/ (whacks, whacking, whacked) verb to hit hard, making a loud noise \circ She whacked her head on the low doorway. \circ He whacked the ball hard with his bat. (NOTE: + whack n)

whacked /wækt/ adj feeling extremely tired

whale /weil/ noun a very large creature that lives in the sea \circ You can take a boat into the mouth of the river to see the whales. (NOTE: Do not confuse with wail.)

whaling /'weilin/ noun the practice of hunting whales

wham /wæm/ *noun* the loud noise produced by a solid heavy blow

wharf /wo:f/ (plural wharves or wharfs) noun a quay where a ship can tie up to load or unload

① what /wpt/ adj asking a question \circ What kind of music do you like? \circ What type of food does he like best? \bullet pron 1. the thing which \circ Did you see what was in the box? \circ What we like to do most on holiday is just to visit old churches. 2. asking a question \circ What's the correct time? \circ What did he give you for your birthday? \circ What happened to his car? (NOTE: When what used to ask a direct question, the verb is put before the subject: What's the time? but not when it is used in a statement: They don't know what the time is.) \bullet adv showing surprise \circ What a huge meal! \circ What beauti*ful weather!* ■ *interj* showing surprise ○ What! did you hear what he said? ○ I won the lottery! – What!

① whatever /wpt'evə/ pron 1. it does not matter what (form of 'what' used for emphasis; in questions) ○ You can have whatever you like for Christmas. ○ She always does whatever she feels like doing. ○ I want that car whatever the price. 2. used instead of 'what' for emphasis in questions ○ 'I've sold the car.' 'Whatever for?' ○ Whatever made him do that? ○ Whatever does that red light mean?

whatnot /'wptnpt/ noun something of the same or a similar kind

what's /wpts/ short for 1. what has 2. what is

whatsoever $/_{1}$ wpts $\Rightarrow o'ev \Rightarrow / adj$, pron used for emphasising 'whatever' \circ There is no truth whatsoever in the report. \circ The police found no suspicious documents whatsoever.

(3) wheat /wi:t/ noun a plant of which the grain is used to make flour (NOTE: no plural) wheedle /'wi:d(\Rightarrow)l/ (wheedles, wheedling, wheedled) verb to try to persuade someone to do something, especially by speaking to them in a soft voice

② wheel /wiil/ noun 1. a round object on which a vehicle such as a bicycle, a car or a train runs ∘ The front wheel and the back wheel of the motorbike were both damaged in the accident. ∘ We got a flat tyre so I had to get out to change the wheel. 2. any similar round object which turns ∘ a steering wheel ∘ gear wheels ■ verb (wheels, wheeling, wheeled) to push something along which has wheels ∘ He wheeled his motorbike into the garage. ∘ She was wheeling her bike along the pavement. ∘ The waiter wheeled in a sweet trolley.

wheelbarrow /'wi:lbærəʊ/ noun a large container with one wheel at the front and two handles, used by people such as builders and gardeners for pushing heavy loads around

wheelchair /'willf $\beta e \partial$ / noun a chair on wheels which people who cannot walk use to move around \circ a special entrance for wheelchair users

wheeler-dealer /,wi:lə 'di:lə/ noun a person who is skilled and successful, but possibly dishonest, in getting what they want, especially in business or politics

wheeze /wi:z/ (wheezes, wheezing, wheezed) verb to make a whistling sound when breathing \circ The little boy had an attack of asthma and started to wheeze.

(1) when /wen/ adv at what time (asking a auestion) \circ When is the last train for Paris? \circ When did you last go to the dentist? \circ When are we going to get paid? \circ Since when has he been wearing glasses? \circ I asked her when her friend was leaving. (NOTE: After when used to ask a direct guestion, the verb is put before the subject: When does the film start?; When is he coming? but not when it is used in a statement: He doesn't know when the film starts .: They can't tell me when he is coming.)
conj 1. at the time that \circ When he was young, the family was living in London. • When you go on holiday, leave your key with the neighbours so they can feed the cat. \circ Do you remember the day when we all went for a picnic in the park? \circ Let me know when you're ready to go. **2.** after \circ When the speaker had finished, he sat down. \circ Wash up the plates when you've finished your breakfast. 3. even if o The salesman said the car was worth £5,000 when he really knew it was worth only half that.

() whenever /wen'evo/ adv at any time that \circ *Come for tea whenever you like.* \circ *We try to see my mother whenever we can* or *whenever possible.*

① where /weə/ adv 1. (asking a question) in what place, to what place \circ Where did I put my glasses? \circ Do you know where the restaurant is? \circ Where are the knives and forks? \circ Where are you going for your holiday? 2. in a place in which \circ Stay where you are and don't move. \circ They still live in the same house where they were living twenty years ago. \circ Here's where the wire has been cut.

(3) whereas /weər' α z/ conj if you compare this with the fact that \circ *He likes tea whereas she prefers coffee.*

whereupon /,weərə'pon/ *conj* at that point, after that (*literary*)

Wherever /weər'evə/ adv 1. to or in any place o You can sit wherever you want.
 Wherever we go on holiday, we never make hotel reservations. o The police want to ask her questions, wherever she may be.
 used instead of 'where' for emphasis o Wherever did you get that hat?

whet /wet/ (whets, whetting, whetted) verb \Box to whet your appetite to make you more interested in something by giving you a little taste of it \circ *The brochures whet your appetite for holidays by the sea.*

() whether /'weðə/ conj 1. (showing doubt, or not having reached a decision) used to mean 'if' for showing doubt, or for

showing that you have not decided something \circ *Do you know whether they're coming*? \circ *I can't make up my mind whether to go on holiday now or later.* **2.** (applying to *either of two things*) used for referring to either of two things or people \circ *All employees, whether managers or ordinary staff, must take a medical test.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with weather.)

whew /fju:/*interj* used to express an emotion such as great, surprise or to show that you feel too hot, or you are very pleased that something unpleasant has not happened

() which /wit \int / adj, pron 1. (asking a question) what person or thing \circ Which dress are you wearing to the wedding? \circ Which boy threw that stone? 2. (only used with things, not people) that \circ The French restaurant which is next door to the office. \circ They've eaten all the bread which you bought yesterday.

③ whichever /wɪt ʃ'evə/ pron 1. any one in a group ○ You can take several routes, but whichever you choose, the journey will still take three hours. 2. used for emphasising 'which' ○ Take whichever you want. ■ adjused for emphasising that it it is not important which person or thing is being referred to ○ Whichever newspaper you read, you'll get the same story.

whiff /wif/ noun a slight smell

(i) while /wail/ coni 1. at the time that o He tried to cut my hair while he was watching TV. \circ While we were on holidav someone broke into our house. O Shall I clean the kitchen while you're having a bath? 2. showing difference o He likes meat, while his sister is a vegetarian. \circ Everyone is watching TV, while I'm in the kitchen making the dinner. 3. although (formal) • While there may still be delays, the service is much better than it used to be. \blacksquare noun a short time \circ It's a while since I've seen *him.* \diamond in a while in a short time, soon \circ *I'll* be ready in a while. \diamond to be worth some**one's while** to be worth doing \circ *It's worth* your while keeping copies of your work, in case your computer goes wrong.

(2) whilst /wailst/ conj while (formal)

whim /wim/ noun a sudden wish or desire

whimper /'wimpə/ (whimpers, whimpering, whimpered) verb (of a person or small animal) to make low weak cries \circ She whimpered that she would be OK. \circ The dog was whimpering because it was tied up. (NOTE: + whimper n) **whimsical** /'wimzik(ə)l/ *adj* unusual or strange, not very serious

whine /wain/ (whines, whining, whined) verb 1. to make a loud high noise \circ You can hear the engines of the racing cars whining in the background. \circ The dogs whined when we locked them up in the kitchen. 2. to complain frequently in a way that annoys other people (NOTE: Do not confuse with wine.+ whine n)

whinge /wind3/ (whinges, whingeing, whinged) verb to complain in a whining voice (informal)

whip /wip/ noun a long, thin piece of leather with a handle, used to hit animals to make them do what you want ○ *The rider used her whip to make the horse run faster.* ■ verb (whips, whipping, whipped) to hit someone or an animal with a whip ○ *He whipped the horse to make it go faster.*

whip up phrasal verb 1. to make something increase suddenly \circ The announcement whipped up the crowd's enthusiasm. \circ The wind whipped up the waves on the lake. 2. to get food ready quickly \circ I'll just whip up a salad.

whirl /w3:l/ (whirls, whirling, whirled) verb to turn round quickly \circ She put on her new skirt and whirled around for every one to see. \circ The children's paper windmills whirled in the wind.

whirlpool /'w3:lpu:l/ noun a stream of water that turns round and round very fast whirlwind /'w3:lwind/ noun something which happens more quickly than usual o They had a whirlwind romance, and got married on holiday.

whirr /w3:/ (whirrs, whirring, whirred) verb to make a low sound like something turning \circ The journalists' cameras were whirring and clicking as she stepped out of the church.

whisk /wisk/ (whisks, whisking, whisked) verb to mix food such as cream or eggs until they become thick and firm o Next, whisk the mixture until it is creamy. o I always whisk egg whites by hand.

whiskey /'wiski/ noun Irish or American whisky

whisky /'wiski/ (plural whiskies) noun an alcoholic drink, made in Scotland from barley \circ The company produces thousands of bottles of whisky every year. \circ I don't like whisky – I prefer gin.

(2) whisper /'wispə/ verb (whispers, whispering, whispered) to speak very quietly, so that only the person you are talking to can hear \circ He whispered instructions to

whistle $/'w_{IS}(\Rightarrow)l/$ noun **1**. a high sound made by blowing through your lips when they are almost closed \circ *She gave a whistle* of surprise. \circ *We heard a whistle and saw a dog running across the field*. **2**. a simple instrument which makes a high sound, played by blowing \circ *He blew on his whistle to stop the match.* **•** *verb* (whistles, whistling, whistled) **1**. to blow through your lips to make a high sound \circ *They marched along, whistling an Irish song.* \circ *He whistled for a taxi.* **2**. to make a high sound as a signal, using a small metal instrument

① White /wait/ adj (whiter, whitest) of a colour like snow or milk $\circ A$ white shirt is part of the uniform. $\circ A$ white car will always look dirty. \circ Her hair is now completely white. \circ Do you take your coffee black or white? \blacksquare noun 1. the colour of snow or milk 2. a person whose skin is pale 3. a white part of something \circ the white of an egg \circ The whites of his eyes were slightly red. 4. a white wine $\circ A$ glass of house white, please.

whiteboard /'waɪtbɔ:d/ noun a flat white board in a classroom, on which you can write with a special type of pen

Whitehall /'waithoil/ noun 1. a street in London, leading from Trafalgar Square to the Houses of Parliament, where there are the offices of several government departments \circ As you walk down Whitehall you pass Downing Street on your right. 2. the British government and civil service \circ Whitehall sources suggest that the plan will be adopted. \circ There is a great deal of resistance to the idea in Whitehall.

white lie /,wait 'lai/ noun a lie about something unimportant, especially a lie told in order not to upset someone (informal)

white meat /wart 'mit/ noun 1. meat from the breast of chicken or turkey 2. a pale coloured meat like veal, as opposed to red meat like beef

whiten /'wait(∂)n/ (whitens, whitening, whitened) verb to make whiter or to become whiter

whitewash /'wartwof/ noun **1**. a mixture of water and lime used for painting the walls of houses \circ One coat of whitewash should be enough for this wall. **2**. an attempt to cover up mistakes or dishonest behaviour \circ *Everyone said the report was a whitewash and nobody was ever arrested.* (NOTE: + whitewash v)

whitewater rafting /,waitwo:tə 'ra:ftiŋ/ noun the sport of riding in small strong rubber boats down dangerous rivers

whitish /'wart1ʃ/ *adj* similar to white or partly white

whiz /wiz/ verb (whizzes, whizzing, whizzed) to move very fast \circ Someone whizzed past me but I didn't see who it was. \circ She's been whizzing around all afternoon trying to sort out her trip to the Caribbean. = noun a whistling sound made by something moving very fast

whizz /wiz/ verb, noun another spelling of whiz

(1) **who** /huː/ pron 1. (asking a question) which person or persons \circ Who phoned? \circ Who are you talking to? \circ Who spoke at the *meeting?* **2.** the person or the people that \circ The men who came yesterday morning *work for the electricity company.* \circ *Anyone* who didn't get tickets early won't be able to get in. \circ There's the taxi driver who took us home last night. (NOTE: After an object, who can be left out: There's the man I saw at the pub. When who is used to ask a direct question, the verb is put after 'who' and before the subject: Who is that man over there?, but not when it is used in a statement: I don't know who that man is over there. When who is used as an object, it is sometimes written whom /hu1m/ but this is formal and not common: the man whom I met in the office; Whom do you want to see?)

who'd /huːd/ *short form* **1**. who had **2**. who would

(2) whoever /hu:'evə/ pron (emphatic form of 'who') no matter who, anyone who
 • Whoever finds the umbrella can keep it.
 • Go home with whoever you like.

① whole /həul/ adj all of something ○ She must have been hungry – she ate a whole apple pie. ○ We spent the whole winter in the south. ○ A whole lot of people went down with flu. ■ noun all of something ○ She stayed in bed the whole of Sunday morning and read the newspapers. ○ The whole of the north of the country was covered with snow. ○ Did you watch the whole of the programme? (NOTE: Do not confuse with hole.) ■ adv in one piece ○ The birds catch small fish and swallow them whole. **wholefood** /'həulfu:d/ noun food that has had very little processing and has been grown or produced without the use of chemicals

wholehearted /həul'ha:tid/ adj complete or total

whole number /houl 'nAmbə/ noun a number such as 1, 35 or 630 which is not a fraction

wholesale /'həolserl/ adv buying goods from manufacturers and selling them in large quantities to traders who then sell them in smaller quantities to the general public \circ *He buys wholesale*. Compare retail \bullet adj 1. in large quantities \circ *wholesale discount* 2. on a large scale \circ *The wholesale killing of wild birds*.

③ **wholesaler** /'həulse1lə/ noun a person who buys goods in large quantities from manufacturers and sells them to retailers

wholesome /'h \Rightarrow uls(\Rightarrow)m/ adj **1**. good for your health \circ a wholesome diet **2**. having a good influence on moral behaviour \circ wholesome entertainment

who'll short for who will

wholly /'həulli/ adv completely (formal) (NOTE: Do not confuse with holy.)

1) whom /hurm/ , who

whoop /wuip, huip/ (whoops, whooping, whooped) verb to make loud cries \circ *The gang ran along the main street, shouting and whooping at passers-by.* (NOTE: + whoop *n*)

whoops /wops/ interj used to show that an accident has almost happened \circ Whoops! you nearly hit that tree! \circ She went charging across the kitchen on her trike and whoops! just missed Mum carrying a pile of plates.

whopping /'wppiŋ/ adj very large (informal)

who's short for 1. who has 2. who is

① whose /hu:z/ pron 1. (asking a question) which belongs to which person \circ Whose is that car? \circ Whose book is this? \circ Whose money was stolen? 2. of whom \circ the family whose house was burgled \circ the man whose hat you borrowed \circ the girl whose foot you trod on (NOTE: Do not confuse with who's.)

who've short for who have

() **why** /wa1/ adv **1**. for what reason \circ Why did he have to phone me in the middle of the TV film? \circ I asked the ticket collector why the train was late. **2**. giving a reason \circ She told me why she couldn't go to the par*ty.* **3.** agreeing with a suggestion \circ 'Would you like some lunch?' 'Why not?'

wicked $|'w_1k_1d|$ adj very bad \circ What a wicked thing to say! \circ It was wicked of them to steal the birds' eggs.

wicker / wikə/ *adj* made of thin pieces of wood or sticks woven together \circ *a wicker basket* \circ *wicker* furniture

wicket /'wikit/ noun 1. (in cricket) a set of three sticks put in the ground with two small sticks on top, used as the target \circ The first ball hit his wicket. 2. the main playing area between two sets of these sticks

① wide /waid/ adj (wider, widest) 1. which measures from side to side ○ The table is three foot or three feet wide. ○ The river is not very wide at this point. 2. including many things ○ The shop carries a wide range of imported goods. ○ She has a wide knowledge of French painting. ◊ width (NOTE: wider - widest) = adv (wider, widest) as far as possible, as much as possible ○ She opened her eyes wide. ○ The door was wide open so we just walked in.

wide-eyed /ward ard/ adj with eyes wide open

(2) widely "wardli/ adv 1. by a wide range of people \circ It is widely expected that he will resign. 2. over a wide area \circ Contamination spread widely over the area round the factory. \circ She has travelled widely in Greece.

widen /'ward(\Im)n/ (widens, widening, widened) verb 1. to make wider \circ We need to widen the road to take larger lorries. 2. to become wider \circ Further along, the road widens into two lanes in each direction.

wide-ranging /, waid 'reindʒiŋ/ adj which covers a wide range of subjects

widescreen /'waidskriin/ adj referring to a television whose screen is noticeably wider than average

③ widespread /'waɪdspred/ adj over a large area

widow /'wɪdəu/ noun a woman whose husband has died and who has not married again

widowed /'widoud/ adj who is a widow or widower

widower /'wɪdəuə/ noun a man whose wife has died and who has not married again

③ width /wid θ / noun 1. a measurement of something from one side to another $\circ I$ need to know the width of the sofa. \circ The width of the garden is at least forty feet or the garden is at least forty feet in width. 2. the distance from one side to another of a swimming pool \circ She swam three widths easily.

wield /wi:ld/ (wields, wielding, wielded) verb 1. to hold something, usually by its handle, and use it \circ Her attacker was wielding a knife. 2. to use or have power to control people \circ The state wields enormous power over the ordinary citizen.

① Wife /waif/ (plural wives) noun a woman who is married to a man $\circ I$ know MrJones quite well but I've never met his wife. \circ They both came with their wives. \diamond old wives' tale

wig /wig/ noun false hair worn on the head **wiggle** /'wig(∂)l/ (**wiggles**, **wiggling**, **wiggled**) verb to move slightly up and down or from side to side

(2) wild /waıld/ adj 1. living naturally, not with people as a pet ○ Wild dogs roam over parts of Australia. 2. very angry or very excited ○ He will be wild when he sees what I have done to the car. ○ The fans went wild at the end of the match. 3. not thinking carefully ○ She made a few wild guesses, but didn't find the right answer. ○ They had the wild idea of walking across the Sahara.
adv without any control ○ The crowds were running wild through the centre of the town.

wild card /'waIldka:d/ noun a computer symbol that represents any character

wilderness /'wɪldənəs/ noun uncultivated and uninhabited country or desert

③ **wildlife** /'waɪldlaɪf/ *noun* birds, plants and animals in their natural conditions

() will /wil/ modal verb 1. used to form the future tense o The party will start soon. o Will they be staying a long time? \circ We won't be able to come to tea. \circ If you ask her to play the piano, she'll say 'no'. 2. used as a polite way of asking someone to do something o Will everyone please sit down? \circ Will someone close the curtains? o (formal) Won't you sit down? 3. used for showing that you are keen to do something \circ Don't call a taxi – I'll take you home. \circ The car will never start when we want it to. \circ Don't worry – I will do it. (NOTE: will is often shortened to 'II: he'll = he will. The negative is will not or, especially in speaking, won't. The past tense is would. Note also that will is only used with other verbs and is not followed by to.)
noun 1. someone's desire that something will happen 2. a legal document by which a person gives instructions to his or her executors as to what should happen to the property after he or she dies \circ *He wrote his will in 1984.* \circ

According to her will, all her property is left to her children. \circ Has she made a will yet? \diamond **at will** whenever someone wants to \circ Visitors can wander around the gardens at will. \diamond **against your will** without your agreement \circ He was forced to pay the money against his will.

(2) willing /'wilin/ adj keen to help \circ Is there anyone who is willing to drive the jeep? \circ I need two willing helpers to wash the car.

willow /'wɪləʊ/ *noun* a tree with long thin branches often found near rivers and streams

willpower /'wɪlpauə/ noun mental strength that helps you to achieve something

wilt /wilt/ (wilts, wilting, wilted) verb to become weak and droop \circ We've had no rain for days and the plants in the garden have started to wilt. \circ We all started off at a fast pace, but after the first mile or so some of us began to wilt.

wily /'waıli/ (wilier, wiliest) adj full of tricks

wimp /wimp/ noun a person without a strong character (*insult*)

(1) Win / win/ verb (wins, winning, won) 1. to beat someone in a game, or be first in a race or competition $\circ I$ expect our team will win tomorrow. \circ The local team won their match yesterday. \circ She won the race easily. 2. to get something as a prize \circ She won first prize in the art competition. \circ He won two million pounds on the lottery. \circ She's hoping to win a new car in a competition in the paper. \blacksquare noun the act of winning a game, race or competition \circ The local team has only had two wins so far this year. \circ We're disappointed, we expected a win.

WINCE /WINS/ (winces, wincing, winced) verb to show signs of pain or embarrassment, especially on your face \circ He winced as the nurse gave him an injection. \circ She still winces at the memory of the awful mistake she made.

winch /wint \int / noun a device which pulls things up by winding a rope around a drum \circ *The recovery vehicle has a winch at the back.* (NOTE: + winch v)

wind¹ /wind/ noun air moving outdoors \circ The wind blew two trees down in the park. \circ There's no point trying to use an umbrella in this wind. \circ There's not a breath of wind – the sailing boats aren't moving at all.

wind down(3) phrasal verb to turn a han-

dle to make something go down

wind² /waind/ (winds, winding, wound) verb to twist something round and round \circ He wound the towel round his waist. \circ She wound the string into a ball.

wind up(3) phrasal verb 1. to twist round and round o She was winding the string up into a ball. 2. to turn a key to make a machine work o When did you wind up the clock or wind the clock up? 3. to turn a key to make something go up \circ Wind up your window if it starts to rain. 4. to be in a situation at the end of a period (informal) \circ They wound up owing the bank thousands of pounds. 5. to finish o The meeting wound up at five o'clock. 6. to wind up a company to put a company into liquidation \circ *The court ordered* the company to be wound up. 7. to make someone annoved o He only did it to wind you up.

windfall /'windfo:l/ noun 1. a fruit which has fallen to the ground from a fruit tree \circ *There are a lot of windfalls this year.* 2. money which you receive unexpectedly \circ *His premium bond suddenly produced a windfall.*

wind instrument /'wind ,instroment/ noun a musical instrument which you have to blow to make a note

① window /'windəu/ noun 1. an opening in a surface such as a wall or door, which is filled with glass \circ When I fly, I always ask for a seat by the window. \circ It's dangerous to lean out of car windows. 2. any of several sections of a computer screen on which information is shown \circ Open the command window to see the range of possible commands.

window-pane /'windou pein/ noun a single piece of glass, used as part of a whole window

window shopping /'windou ,jopin/ *noun* the practice of looking at shop windows without buying anything

windpipe /'windpaip/ noun the main air passage from the nose and mouth to the lungs

wind power /'wind pauə/ noun the force of the wind used to drive a windmill to produce energy

windscreen /'windskriin/ noun the glass window in the front of a vehicle

windscreen wiper /₁win(d)₁skri:n 'waipə/, windshield wiper /₁win(d)₁fi:ld 'waipə/ *noun* a device on a car which removes rainwater away from the windscreen windshield I' wind field */ noun* 1. a screen on the front of a motorcycle \circ *The windshield protects the rider from the rain.* 2. *US* the glass window in the front of a vehicle

windsurfing /'winds3:fin/ noun the
sport of riding on the sea on a surfboard
with a sail attached (NOTE: + windsurfer n)
windswept /'windswept/ adj blown by
the wind

③ windy /'wIndi/ (windier, windiest) adj when a strong wind is blowing (informal)

(2) wine /wain/ noun an alcoholic drink made from grapes \circ We had a glass of French red wine. \circ Two glasses of white wine, please. \circ Should we have some white wine with the fish?

② wing /wiŋ/ noun 1. one of the two parts of the body, which a bird or butterfly etc. uses to fly ○ *The little birds were flapping their wings, trying to fly.* ○ *Which part of the chicken do you prefer: a leg or a wing?*2. one of the two flat parts sticking from the side of an aircraft, which hold the aircraft in the air ○ *He had a seat by the wing, so could not see much out of the window.*

wing mirror /wiŋ 'mirə/ *noun* one of a pair of mirrors attached to the outside of a vehicle and providing a view to the rear

wink /wiŋk/ (winks, winking, winked) *verb* to shut and open one eye quickly, as a signal (NOTE: + wink *n*)

(2) **winner** /'winə/ noun **1**. a person who wins something \circ *The winner of the race gets a silver cup.* **2**. something which is successful \circ *His latest book is a winner.*

winnings /'winiŋz/ plural noun money which has been won at betting \circ He collected all his winnings and went to book a holiday in Spain.

winning streak /'winiŋ striːk/ noun a period of time when a person has continuing good luck

(2) winter /'wintə/ noun the coldest season of the year, the season between autumn and spring \circ *It's too cold to do any gardening in the winter*. \circ *We're taking a winter holiday in Mexico.*

winter solstice /₁wintə 'splstis/ noun 21st December, the shortest day in the northern hemisphere, when the sun is at its furthest point north of the equator

winter sports /_{wintə} 'sports/ plural noun sports which are done in the winter, such as skiing and skating etc.

wintry *I*'wintri/ *adj* **1**. cold like winter \circ *They are forecasting more wintry weather tonight.* **2**. unfriendly and cold \circ *He gave* them a wintry smile which made conversation difficult.

win-win /win 'win/ *adj* used to describe a situation which has a satisfactory outcome for all the parties involved

③ **Wipe** /waɪp/ (wipes, wiping, wiped) verb to clean or dry something with a cloth ○ Wipe your shoes with a cloth before you polish them. ○ Use the blue towel to wipe your hands.

wipe out(3) phrasal verb 1. to kill, to destroy \circ The tidal wave wiped out half the villages along the coast. 2. to remove completely \circ The costs of moving to the new office have completely wiped out our profits.

(3) wire /'waiə/ noun 1. a thin piece of metal or metal thread \circ *He used bits of wire to attach the apple tree to the wall.* \circ *The chip basket is made of woven wire.* 2. \Box (electric) wire thin metal thread along which electricity flows, usually covered with coloured plastic \circ *The wires seem to be all right, so there must be a problem with the computer itself.*

wireless /'waɪələs/ noun a radio receiver (dated; old)

wiring /'waiəriŋ/ *noun* all the wires which make up a system to carry electricity round a building

Wiry /'waiəri/ (**wirier**, **wiriest**) *adj* **1**. (*of a person*) thin but strong **2**. (*of hair*) stiff and not easily combed

wisdom /'wizdəm/ noun general common sense and the ability to make good decisions

(3) wisdom tooth /'wizdəm tu: θ / noun one of the four back human teeth which only grow after the age of 20, or sometimes not at all

③ **WiSe** /watz/ adj having intelligence and being sensible ○ I don't think it's wise to keep all that money in the house. ○ It was a wise decision to cancel the trip. ◇ **none the wiser** still not understanding something ○ His lengthy explanation left us none the wiser about how the system would work.

① wish /wi∫/ noun what you want to happen □ to make a wish to think of something you would like to have or to see happen ○ Close your eyes and make a wish. ○ Make a wish when you blow out the candles on your birthday cake. ■ plural noun wishes a greeting ○ Best wishes for the New Year! ○ Please give my good wishes to your family. ■ verb (wishes, wishing, wished) 1. to want something to happen [-(that)] ○ She sometimes wished she could live in the country. $\circ I$ wish you wouldn't be so unkind! **2.** to hope something good will happen \circ She wished him good luck in his interview. \circ He wished me a Happy New Year. \circ Wish me luck – it's my exam tomorrow.

wishful thinking $/_{,wI}f(\mathfrak{z})l \ \theta \eta_k \eta_l /_{noun}$ the practice of thinking that something will actually happen because you want it to

wisp /wisp/ noun a little piece

wistful /'wistf(ϑ)*l*/ *adj* longing for something, but sad because there is no hope of getting it

wit /wit/ noun an ability to say clever and funny things \circ His wit comes out all through his book. \diamond **at your wits' end** not knowing what to do next \circ They were at their wits' end when the builders reported even more structural problems in the house.

witch /wit ſ/ noun a woman believed to have magic powers. Compare wizard

witchcraft /'witʃkrɑːft/ noun the art of magic

witch hunt /'wit f hAnt/ noun persecution of people who are supposed to be politically unreliable

(1) with /wið, wið/ prep 1. showing that things or people are together \circ *She came here with her mother.* \circ *My sister is staying* with us for a few days. (NOTE: with is used with many adjectives and verbs: to agree with, to be pleased with.) 2. something which you have \circ *The girl with fair hair.* \circ *They live in the house with the pink door.* 3. showing something which is used \circ *He* was chopping up wood with an axe. \circ Since his accident he walks with a stick. \circ *The crowd attacked the police with stones and bottles.* 4. because of \circ *Her little hands* were blue with cold. \circ *Half the people in the office are ill with flu.*

(2) withdraw /wið'droi/ (withdraws, withdrawing, withdrew, withdrawn) verb 1. to stop offering or providing something [~from] \circ The old coins have been withdrawn from circulation. 2. to stop doing something \circ After his accident he withdrew from most public activities. 3. to take money out of a bank account [~from] o You can withdraw up to £100 from any cash machine. 4. to change your mind about something which has been said or sent and say you no longer want it to be considered o She withdrew her offer to provide the food for the party. \Box to withdraw an email to delete an email from someone's mailbox

withdrawal

before it has been read, or say that it should not be read **5**. to move backwards \circ *The crowd* slowly withdrew as the soldiers advanced.

③ withdrawal /wið'drɔ:əl/ noun 1. the act of removing money from a bank account \circ She made three withdrawals last week. 2. the act of going back, doing the opposite of what you had said you would do [~from] \circ His withdrawal from the election surprised his friends.

withdrawn /wið'droin/ adj shy, not liking to meet other people

wither /'wiðə/ (withers, withering, withered) verb (of plants) to grow weaker and dry up, to shrivel

withhold /wið'həuld/ (withholds, withholding, withheld) *verb* to refuse to let someone have something

① within /w1'ð1n/ prep (in space or time) inside an area or period of time \circ The house is within easy reach of the station. \circ We are within walking distance of the shop. \circ I must go back for a another check within three months. \circ They promised to deliver the sofa within a week.

() without /w1'ðaut/ prep 1. not with ○ They came on a walking holiday without any boots. ○ She managed to live for a few days without any food. ○ He was stuck in Germany without any money. ○ They were fined for travelling without tickets. 2. not doing something ○ She sang for an hour without stopping. ○ They lived in the hut in the forest without seeing anybody for weeks.

withstand /wið'stænd/ (withstands, withstanding, withstood) verb to resist something difficult or unpleasant

② witness /'witnəs/ noun 1. a person who sees something happen or who is present when something happens ○ Were there any witnesses to the incident? 2. a person who is present when someone signs a document ○ The contract has to be signed in front of two witnesses. ○ His sister signed as a witness. ■ verb (witnesses, witnessing, witnessed) to be present when something happens, and see it happening ○ Did anyone witness the accident?

③ **witness box** /'witnes ,bbks/ *noun* a place in a courtroom where the witnesses give evidence

witty /'wɪti/ (wittier, wittiest) adj clever and funny \circ *She gave a witty and entertaining speech.*

3 wives /warvz/ plural of wife

wizard /'wizəd/ noun a clever person, expert o He's a wizard at chess.

wizardry /'wizədri/ noun being clever

wizened /'wiz(ə)nd/ adj dried and wrinkled

(3) wobble /'wpb(∂)l/ (wobbles, wobbling, wobbled) verb to move from side to side in a way that is not smooth or steady ○ The children made the jelly wobble in their bowls. ○ Don't wobble the table when I'm pouring coffee.

WOE /W ∂U noun sadness or trouble \circ Money cannot cure all the woes of the world. \circ She stopped me and told me her tale of woe.

wok /wpk/ *noun* a Chinese round-bottomed frying pan used in stir-fry cooking

(3) Woke /wəuk/, woken /'wəuk(ə)n/ past tense of wake

woken /'wəuk(ə)n/ past participle of wake

wolf /wolf/ (*plural* **wolves**) *noun* a wild animal like a large dog, which usually lives in groups in the forest \circ *At night the wolves came and howled outside the hut.*

() woman /'womən/ (plural women) noun an adult female person ○ The manageress is an extremely witty woman. ○ There were two middle-aged women in the seats next to ours. ○ There are very few women in government. ○ There are more and more women bus drivers.

womanhood /'womənhud/ noun the state of being a woman

womankind /'womənkaınd/ noun all women taken as a group

womanly /'womənli/ *adj* feminine, like a woman

womb /wu:m/ *noun* the hollow organ in a woman's body where a fertilised egg is lodged and an unborn baby is carried

(3) **WON** /wAN/ past tense and past participle of **win**

() Wonder /'wAndə/ (wonders, wondering, wondered) verb 1. to want to know something [~why/what/how etc] ○ I wonder why the room has gone quiet. ○ If you don't ring home, your parents will start wondering what has happened. 2. to think about something [~how/what/when etc] ○ I wonder how I can earn more money. ○ He's wondering what to do next. 3. to be surprised at something [-at] ○ The tourists stood in groups, wondering at the size of the Pyramids. 4. asking a question politely [-if/whether] ○ We were wondering if you would like to come for dinner on Saturday. ① wonderful /'wAndəf(ə)l/ adj extremely good or enjoyable ○ They had a wonderful holiday by a lake in Sweden. ○ The weather was wonderful for the whole holiday. ○ You passed your driving test first time? – Wonderful!

wonky /'wonki/ adj, adv 1. unreliable to use 2. not straight

3 won't /wount/ contr will not

WOO /wu1/ (woos, wooing, wooed) verb 1. to try to get someone to support you or to vote for you \circ The government is wooing the younger voter. \circ The supermarket is trying to woo customers with special offers. 2. to try to attract a girl to marry you (old) \circ Three suitors came to woo the princess, each bringing costly gifts.

② **WOOd** /wod/ noun **1.** a hard material which comes from a tree \circ *The kitchen table is made of wood.* \circ *She picked up a piece of wood and put it on the fire.* \circ *A wood floor would be just right for this room.* (NOTE: no plural: *some wood, a piece of wood*) **2.** an area in which many trees are growing together \circ *The path goes straight through the wood.* \circ *Their house is on the edge of a wood.* (NOTE: Do not confuse with **would.**)

wooded /'wudid/ adj covered in trees

(3) wooden $/'wod(\mathfrak{s})n/adj$ made out of wood \circ In the market we bought little wooden dolls for the children.

woodwind /'wodwind/ *noun* smaller instruments in an orchestra such as the flute, clarinet, oboe and bassoon, which are played by blowing

woodworm /'wudw3:m/ noun a little insect that eats wood

woof /wof/ noun the sound made by a dog when it barks $\circ A$ dog goes 'woof, woof', a cat goes 'miaow.' \circ Your father must be back, I've just heard a woof from the garden.

② **wool** /wol/ noun **1**. long threads of twisted animal hair, used to make clothes or carpets etc. \circ The carpet is made of wool. \circ I need an extra ball of wool to finish this pullover. **2**. the hair growing on a sheep \circ The sheep are sheared and the wool sent to market in early summer.

woollen /'wolən/ *adj* made of wool (NOTE: The US spelling is **woolen**.)

woolly /'woli/ (woollier, woolliest) adj made out of wool \circ She wore a woolly hat. **woozy** /'wuːzi/ adj feeling confused and dizzy

() word /w3:d/ noun 1. a separate piece of language, either written or spoken \circ *This*

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sentence has five words. \circ He always spells some words wrongly, such as 'though'. 2. something spoken [~about/on] \circ I'd like to say a few words about Mr Smith who is retiring today. \circ She passed me in the street but didn't say a word. 3. a promise which vou have made \diamond to have a word with to speak to someone \circ I must have a word with the manager about the service. \circ The salesgirl had made so many mistakes, I had to have a word with her. \diamond without a word without saying anything \circ She went out of *the room without a word.* \diamond **word for word** exactly as it is said or written o Tell me what he said word for word. O A word-forword translation often doesn't make any sense. \diamond to give your word to promise \circ He gave his word that the matter would re*main confidential*. \diamond **to keep vour word** to do what you promised to do \circ *He kept his* word, and the cheque arrived the next day. \diamond by word of mouth spoken, not written \diamond to take someone's word for it to accept what someone says as being true $\circ OK$, I'll take your word for it.

wording /'w3:d1ŋ/ noun words and phrases used in a piece of writing

wordplay /'w3:d,ple1/ noun the clever use of words

word processing /,w3:d 'prousesin/ *noun* using a computer to produce, check and change texts, reports and letters etc.

word processor /,w3:d 'processo/ noun 1. a small computer which is used to produce texts, reports and letters etc. \circ She offered to write the letter for me on her word processor. \circ You can use my word processor to type your letter if you like. 2. a word-processing program which allows you to create texts, edit them and print them

wordy /'w3tdi/ (wordier, wordiest) adj using more words than necessary

3 wore /woi/ past tense of wear

① Work /w3:k/ noun 1. things that you do using your strength or your brain \circ There's a great deal of work still to be done on the project. \circ There's too much work for one person. \circ If you've finished that piece of work, there's plenty more to be done. \circ Cooking for two hundred people every day is hard work. 2. a job done regularly to earn money \circ He goes to work every day on his bicycle. \circ Work starts at 9 a.m. and finishes at 5 p.m. \circ Her work involves a lot of travelling. \circ He is still looking for work. 3. something which has been made, painted or written by someone \circ the complete

workaholic

works of Shakespeare o An exhibition of the work of local artists. • verb (works, working, worked) 1. to use your strength or brain to do something o I can't work in the garden if it's raining. • He's working well at school, we're very pleased with his progress. • Work hard and you'll soon get better job. 2. to have a job а [~in/~with/~as/~for] o She works in the med*ical profession.* \circ *He works with his father* in the family business. \circ She's working as a teacher at the moment. • Which company do you work for? 3. (of a machine) to operate in the usual way \circ The computers aren't working. • The machine works by electric*ity.* **4.** to make a machine operate \circ *She* works the biggest printing machine in the factory. \circ Do you know how to work the *microwave*? 5. to have the desired effect or result \circ His plan worked well. \circ Will the plan work? \circ If the cough medicine doesn't work, you'll have to see a doctor. \diamond at work working o The builders are still hard at work. • She's at work today, but will have the day off tomorrow. \diamond to set to work to start working o If we all set to work early, we should finish the job this evening.

work on *phrasal verb* to work hard to make something better

work out① phrasal verb 1. to solve a problem by looking at information or calculating figures ○ I'm trying to work out if we've sold more this year than last. □ to work out at to amount ○ a mount ○ The total works out at £10.50 per person.
2. to succeed ○ Everything worked out quite well in the end. □ to work something out to find a successful way of solving a problem 3. to do exercises ○ He works out every morning in the gym. 4. (of a mine) to exhaust a seam of coal etc., and not be able to continue working there ○ The gold seam was worked out some years ago.

work up (a) *phrasal verb* **1**. to develop $\circ I$ *find it difficult to work up any enthusiasm for my job.* **2**. to do some hard work to make something happen $\circ I'm$ *doing some digging to work up an appetite.*

workaholic /,w3:kə'hpl1k/ noun a person who cannot stop working (informal)

workbook /'w3:kbok/ *noun* a book in which a student can write answers to exercises printed in the book

① **Worker** /'w3:kə/ noun **1**. a person who works \circ She's a good worker. \circ He's a fast worker. **2**. a person who works in a particular job \circ The factory closed when the workers went on strike. \circ Office workers usually work from 9.30 to 5.30.

workforce /'w31kf51s/ *noun* all the people who work in an office or factory

() working /'w3:k1ŋ/ adj relating to a job or to work ○ the working population of a country ○ The unions have complained about working conditions in the factory. ○ He came to the party in his working clothes. ■ noun a way or ways in which something works ○ The workings of a car engine are a complete mystery to him. ○ I wish I could understand the workings of local government!

working class /₁w3:k1ŋ 'kla:s/ *noun* a group in society consisting of people who work with their hands, usually earning wages not salaries

working day /'w3:k1ŋ de1/ noun1. a day on which someone works 2. the number of hours someone spends at work

(3) **workload** $/'w3:k_1laud/$ noun an amount of work which a person has to do

(3) workman /'w3:kmən/ (plural workmen) noun a man who works with his hands

workmanship /'w31kmənʃ1p/ *noun* the skill of a good workman

workout /'w3:kaut/ noun exercise or sports practice

workplace /'w31kple1s/ noun a place where work is done

① **Works** /w3:ks/ plural noun 1. the moving parts of a machine \circ I looked inside the clock and there seems to be dust in the works. 2. a factory \circ The steel works will be closed next week for the Christmas holidays. 3. the works everything (informal) \circ They built a conservatory with a fountain, automatic lighting, a barbecue – the works!

worksheet /'w3!k, ji:t/ noun a sheet of questions for students to answer

(3) workshop /'w3tk∫pp/ noun a very small factory where things are made or repaired

3 workstation /'w3:k,stei $\int(\partial)n/n$ noun a desk with terminal, monitor or keyboard etc., where a computer operator works

① world /w3:ld/ noun the earth on which we live \circ Here is a map of the world. \circ She flew round the world twice last year. \circ He has to travel all over the world on business. \circ A round-the-world ticket allows several stopovers.

world-class /₁w3:ld 'kla:s/ *adj* so good as to be among the best in the world

world-famous /,w3xld 'feiməs/ adj known everywhere

worldly /'w3:ldli/ adj 1. referring to the material world \circ All her worldly possessions fitted into two small suitcases. 2. not idealistic, with a lot of experience \circ She's worldly enough to know exactly what she's doing.

world music /w3:ld 'mju:z1k/ noun music from cultures outside the western world

worldwide /w3:ld'wa1d/; /'w3:ldwa1d/ adj, adv over the whole world \circ a worldwide energy crisis \circ The company has a worldwide network of distributors. \circ The TV news programme is available worldwide.

worm /w3:m/ noun a small thin animal which has no arms or legs and lives in the soil \circ Birds were pecking at the soil for worms.

3 worn /woin/ past participle of wear

3 **worn out** /,wo:n 'aut/ adj very tired o He was worn out after the game of rugby. o She comes home every evening, worn out after a busy day at the office.

② **worried** /'wArid/ adjunhappy because you think something bad will happen or because something bad has happened \circ *He* had a worried look on his face. \circ She's looking worried. \circ I'm worried that we may run out of petrol.

(3) WOPTY /'WATI/ verb (worries, worrying, worried) to feel anxious, or to make someone feel anxious [-about/-(that)] ○ He's worrying about his driving test. ○ I worry that the children aren't happy. ○ Don't worry, I'll be back on time. ○ She's always looks so tired, and that worries me. ■ noun (plural worries) 1. something that makes you anxious [-about] ○ Parents had worries about safety. ○ Go on holiday and try to forget your worries. 2. the state of being anxious ○ She is a great source of worry for her family. (NOTE: no plural)

③ **worrying** /'wʌriɪŋ/ *adj* which makes you worried

() Worse /w3:s/ adj 1. less good than something else \circ It rained for the first week of our holidays, and the second week was even worse. \circ I think this film is worse than the one I saw last week. \circ Both children are naughty – but the little girl is worse than her brother: 2. more ill \circ He's much worse since he started taking his medicine. \blacksquare adv not as well \circ He drives badly enough but his sister drives even worse. **WORSEN** /¹W3IS(ə)n/ (worsens, worsening, worsened) *verb* to become worse, to make worse

③ **worse off** /,w3:s 'pf/ adj with less money than before

worship /'w3: $\int Ip$ / (worships, worshipping, worshipped) verb 1. to praise and respect God \circ The ancient peoples worshipped stone statues of their gods. 2. to take part in a church service \circ They worship regularly in the local church.

① WORST /w3:st/ adj worse than anything else \circ This summer is the worst for fifty years. \circ I think this is the worst film he's ever made. \blacksquare adv less well than anything or anyone else or than at any other time \circ It's difficult to say which team played worst. \circ She works worst when she's tired. \blacksquare noun a very bad thing \circ This summer is the worst for fifty years. \diamond to prepare for the worst to get ready to have bad news \circ Your father was very badly injured – you must prepare for the worst.

① Worth /w3:0/ adj 1. □ to be worth to have a certain value or price ○ This ring's worth a lot of money. ○ Gold is worth more than silver. ○ The house is worth more than £250,000. ○ The car is worth £6,000 on the secondhand market. 2. □ to be worth doing something to find something good or helpful to do ○ It's worth taking a map with you, as you may get lost in the little streets. ○ His latest film is well worth seeing. ○ The old castle is well worth visiting or is well worth a visit. ■ noun a value ○ Its worth will increase each year. ○ She lost jewellery of great worth in the fire. ○ Can you give me twenty pounds' worth of petrol?

worthless /'w3:0ləs/ adj having no worth, no use

③ **worthwhile** /w3:θ'waɪl/ *adj* which is worth the effort spent on it

worthy /'w3:ði/ (worthier, worthiest) adj deserving

would /wod/ modal verb 1. used as a polite way of asking someone to do something ○ Would you please stop talking? ○ Would someone please tell me where the library is? ○ Would you like some more tea?
 used as the past of 'will' ○ He said he would be here for lunch. ○ She hoped she would be well enough to come. ○ He wouldn't go even if I paid him. 3. used as the past of 'will', showing something which often happens ○ He would bring his dog with him, even though we asked him not to. ○ Naturally the car wouldn't start when we were in a hurry. ○ My husband

would-be

forgot my birthday again this year - he would! 4. used for showing something which often happened in the past \circ *Every* morning she would go and feed the chickens. • He would always be there waiting outside the station. o They would often bring us flowers. 5. used following a condition \circ I'm sure that if they could come, they would. \circ I would've done it if you had asked me to. \circ If she were alive, she would or she'd be a hundred vears old today. \circ If it snowed we would or we'd go skiing. (NOTE: would is often shortened to 'd: she'd = she would. The negative is would not or. especially in speaking, wouldn't. Note also that would is only used with other verbs and is not followed by to.)

would rather(2) phrasal verb to prefer would-be /'wodbi:/ adj who hopes to become

(2) wouldn't /'wud(ə)nt/ short for would not

③ **wound**¹ /wu:nd/ *noun* a cut made on someone's body, usually in fighting \blacksquare *verb* (wounds, wounding, wounded) 1. to hurt someone badly by cutting into their flesh \circ *Two of the gang were wounded in the bank robbery.* 2. to hurt someone's feelings \circ *She was deeply wounded by what he said.*

wound² /waund/ past tense and past participle of wind

WOVE /wəʊv/, woven past tense of weave **WOVE** /'wəʊv(ə)n/ past participle of weave

WOW /wau/ interj showing surprise and pleasure \circ Wow! Have you seen his new car?

wrangle /'rængəl/ (wrangles, wrangling, wrangled) verb to argue \circ They're always wrangling over money. \circ They wrangled for months before the treaty was finally signed. (NOTE: + wrangle n)

③ Wrap /ræp/ vt (wrapping, wraps, wrapped) to cover something by putting something over it \circ She wrapped the parcel in paper. \blacksquare noun 1. a type of shawl that is put round the shoulders or the top part of the body \circ She pulled her wrap closer around her. 2. a piece of material used to cover something \circ Remove the wrap before putting the dish in the microwave.

wrap up phrasal verb to finish off \circ That just about wraps up the points we have to make.

wrapper /'ræpə/ *noun* a piece of paper used to wrap round something

③ **wrapping** /'ræpɪŋ/ *noun* the paper or plastic used to wrap something up

wrapping paper /'ræpiŋ ,peipə/ noun brightly coloured paper used to wrap presents

wrath $/rD\theta/$ noun great anger

wreak /riːk/ (wreaks, wreaking, wreaked) *verb* to do something violent

wreath $/ri:\theta/$ *noun* a circle of flowers or leaves especially given at a funeral in memory of the dead person

wreck /rek/ noun 1. a ship which has been sunk or badly damaged \circ Divers have discovered the wreck on the seabed. \circ The wreck of the 'Mary Rose' was found in the sea near Southampton. 2. anything which has been damaged and cannot be used \circ The police towed away the wreck of the car. \circ Their new car is now a total wreck. \blacksquare verb (wrecks, wrecking, wrecked) to damage something very badly \circ The ship was wrecked on the rocks in the storm. \circ The bank was wrecked by the explosion.

③ **wreckage** /'rekɪdʒ/ *noun* what is left of a building, ship or plane etc. after it has been wrecked

wrench /rent \int / noun **1**. a large spanner which can be adjusted to undo various sizes of nut. \diamond **monkey wrench 2**. a feeling of sadness at leaving \circ *It will be a wrench to leave the old office.* \blacksquare *verb* (wrenches, wrenching, wrenched) to twist and pull something violently \circ *She wrenched the box from his hands and ran off.*

wrest /rest/ (wrests, wresting, wrested) *verb* to twist, to wrench away

wrestle /'res(i)/ (wrestles, wrestling, wrestled) verb to fight with someone to try to throw him to the ground

wrestling /'res(ə)lıŋ/ *noun* the sport of fighting, but without punching (NOTE: + **wrestler** *n*)

wriggle $/r_{II}g(\Rightarrow)l/$ (wriggles, wriggling, wriggled) verb to twist from side to side \circ *The baby wriggled in her father's arms.* \circ *The worm wriggled back into the soil.*

Wring /rɪŋ/ (wrings, wringing, wrung) verb to twist something, especially to get water out of it \circ Wring the face cloth (dry) after you have used it. \circ He wrung out his shirt before putting it to dry.

wrinkle /'rɪŋkəl/ noun a fold in the skin \circ She had an operation to remove wrinkles round her eyes.

wrinkled /'rıŋkəld/ adj full of lines or creases

③ **wrist** /rist/ noun the joint between the arm and the hand

wristwatch /'ristwpt \int / noun a small clock worn on a strap around the wrist

writ /rɪt/ noun a legal document which starts an action in the High Court

(1) write /rait/ (writes, writing, wrote, written) verb 1. to put words or numbers on paper etc., with a pen or word processor etc. \circ She wrote the address on the back of an envelope. \circ Someone wrote 'down with the management' on the wall of the staff canteen. • Write the reference number at the top of the letter. 2. to write a letter and send it to someone [~to] \circ *I've written to my MP* about the problem. \circ Don't forget to write as soon as you get to your hotel. \circ He wrote a letter to the management to com*plain about the service.* **3.** to be the author of a book or music etc. [~about/on/~for] o He wrote a book on keeping tropical fish. \circ Didn't you know she used to write for the 'Sunday Times'?

write back(3) phrasal verb to answer by letter

write down (3) phrasal verb to write something

write in 3 phrasal verb to write a letter to an organisation

write off (3) phrasal verb 1. to cancel a debt \circ The bank couldn't trace him so they had to write the debt off. 2. to remove an asset from a company's accounts because it no longer has any value write out(3) phrasal verb to write something in full

write up(3) phrasal verb to write a text fully from notes which you have taken $\circ I$ took masses of notes, and now I have to write them up for the local newspaper.

write-off /'raɪt pf/ noun a total loss, removing an asset from a company's accounts

write-protected /rait prə'tektid/ adj (of a computer disk) which cannot be altered or erased

(2) writer /'raitə/ noun a person who writes \circ Who is the writer of this letter? \circ She's the writer of books on gardening. **write-up** /'rait Ap/ noun an article about someone or something in a newspaper

writhe /raið/ (writhes, writhing, writhed) *verb* to twist and turn when pain is very severe

(2) writing /'rattin/ noun something which is written \circ Please don't phone, reply in writing. \circ Put everything in writing, then you have a record of what has been done.

(3) written¹ /' $r_{IT}(a)n/adj$ which has been put in writing

written² /'rɪt(ə)n/ past participle of write (1) wrong /rpn/adj 1. not correct \circ He gave three wrong answers and failed the test. \circ That's not the right time, is it? – No, the clock is wrong. \circ You've come to the wrong house – there's no one called Jones living here. \circ There is something wrong with the television. \circ I must have pressed the wrong button. **2.** not suitable \circ You came just at the wrong time, when we were bathing the children. \circ She was wearing the wrong sort of dress for a wedding. 3. not working properly o There is something wrong with the television. **4.** morally bad \circ It's wrong to talk like that about her. \circ *Cheating in exams is wrong.* **5.** making someone worried **a**dv badly \circ Everything *went wrong yesterday.* \circ *She spelt my name* wrong. \Diamond don't get me wrong don't put the wrong meaning on what I'm trying to say • Don't get me wrong, I love him dearly but at times he can be infuriating.

wrongdoing /'roŋduːɪŋ/ noun a crime or unlawful act

wrongly /'roŋli/ adv not correctly

③ wrote /rəut/ past tense of write

wrought iron /,ro:t 'aɪən/ noun iron which is bent to make gates and fences etc. Compare cast iron

wrung /rʌŋ/ past tense and past participle of wring

Wry /rai/ *adj* showing amusement by twisting your mouth (NOTE: Do not confuse with **rye**.)

wt abbr weight

www abbr World Wide Web



X /eks/, **X** noun the twenty-fourth letter of the alphabet, between W and Y \blacksquare symbol 1. a multiplication sign $\circ 3 x 3 = 9$. (NOTE: say 'three times three equals nine') 2. showing size \circ The table top is 24 x 36cm. (NOTE: say 'twenty-four by thirty-six centimetres')

X /eks/ *noun* the Roman numeral for ten or tenth

xenophobia /,zenə'fəubiə/ noun a dislike of foreigners

XL abbr extra large

③ Xmas /'krisməs, 'eksməs/ noun same as Christmas (informal)

XML /₁eks em 'el/ *noun* a computer programming language designed for web documents

X-ray /'eks ,rei/, **x-ray** noun **1**. a type of radiation that doctors use for taking photographs of the inside of your body \circ The Xray examination showed the key was inside the baby's stomach. \circ The X-ray department is closed for lunch. **2**. a photograph taken with X-rays \circ The X-ray showed that the bone was broken in two places. \circ They will take an X-ray of his leg. \circ She was sent to hospital for an X-ray. \blacksquare verb (X-rays, Xraying, X-rayed) to take an X-ray photograph of someone \circ There are six patients waiting to be X-rayed. \circ They X-rayed my leg to see if it was broken.

xylophone *l*[']za1ləfəun/ *noun* a musical instrument consisting of wooden or metal bars of different lengths which make different notes when you tap them with a little hammer

y /wa1/, **Y** noun the twenty-fifth letter of the alphabet, between X and Z

yacht /jpt/ noun 1. a sailing boat used for pleasure and sport 2. a large comfortable boat with a motor \circ She spent her holiday on a yacht in the Mediterranean.

yank / $j \alpha \eta k$ / (yanks, yanking, yanked) verb to give something a sudden sharp pull \circ Yank that string and it should ring a bell in the bar. \circ She tried to yank the pram out of the mud. **yap** $/j \alpha p/(yaps, yapping, yapped)$ verb (of a small dog) to bark \circ Her wretched little dog was yapping all the time.

② yard /jɑːd/ noun 1. a measurement of length, equal to 0.914 metres \circ *The police* station is only yards away from where the fight took place. \circ Can you move your car a couple of yards as it is blocking the entrance to our garage? 2. an area of concrete at the back or side of a house \circ *We* keep our bikes in the yard.

yardstick /'jardst1k/ *noun* a standard for measurement

yarn /j α :n/ noun a long piece of wool used in knitting or weaving \circ She sells yarn from the wool of her sheep.

yawn /jo:n/ (yawns, yawning, yawned) verb to open your mouth wide and breathe in and out deeply when you are tired or bored \circ He went on speaking for so long that half the people at the meeting started yawning or started to yawn. (NOTE: + yawn n)

yd abbr yard

yeah /jeə/ interj yes

() **vear** /i1ə/ noun 1. a period of time lasting twelve months, from January 1st to December 31st o Columbus discovered America in the year 1492. O Great celebrations which took place in the year 2000. \circ Last year we did not have any holiday. O Next year she's going on holiday in Australia. 0 The weather was very bad for most of the *year.* **2.** a period of twelve months from a particular time \circ We spent five years in Hong Kong. O He died two hundred years ago today. o She'll be eleven years old to*morrow.* \circ *How many years have you been working for the company?* \diamond **all year round** working or open for the whole year \circ *The* museum is open all year round.

yearbook /'jiəbuk/ noun a reference book which is published each year with updated or new information

yearly /' j1əli/ adj, adv which happens every year or once a year \circ *They make a yearly trip to London to do their Christmas shop-*

ping. \circ My yearly subscription to the museum is only £25.00.

yearn /j3:n/ (yearns, yearning, yearned) verb to want something that may not be easy to get very much \circ She's yearning for some peace and quiet.

yeast /jirst/ *noun* a living fungus used to make bread and to ferment alcohol

yell /jel/ (yells, yelling, yelled) verb to shout very loudly (NOTE: + yell n)

② **yellow** /'jelə∪/ *adj* of a colour like that of the sun or of gold *○ His new car is bright yellow. ○ She's wearing yellow sandals. ○ At this time of year the fields are full of yellow flowers.* ■ *noun* the colour of the sun or gold

yellow card /,jeləʊ 'kɑːd/ *noun* in football, a card that a referee shows when giving a player a warning

yellowish /'jelə∪ı∫/ *adj* of a colour that is close to yellow

③ yellow pages /, jeləu 'peɪdʒ1Z/ trademark a section of a telephone directory printed on yellow paper, which lists businesses under various headings, such as computer shops, newsagent's etc. \circ He looked up 'airlines' in the yellow pages.

yelp /jelp/ (yelps, yelping, yelped) verb (usually of animals) to give a short cry of pain or excitement \circ *The dogs were yelping in the back of the car.* (NOTE: + yelp *n*)

yep adv, interj yes

(1) **yes** /jes/ *adv* a word showing that you agree with someone, accept something, or give permission for something \circ *They asked her if she wanted to come and she said 'yes'.* \circ *Anyone want more coffee?* – *Yes, please.* \circ *You don't like living in London?* – *Yes I do!* \circ *Didn't you work in Scotland at one time?* – *Yes, I did.* \circ *I need a clear answer* – *is it 'yes' or 'no'?*

(1) **yesterday** /'jestədeɪ/ adv, noun the day before today o Yesterday was March 1st so today must be the 2nd. o She came to see us yesterday evening.

① yet /jet/ adv now, before now, or until now \circ Has the manager arrived yet? \circ I haven't seen her yet this morning. \circ Don't throw the newspaper away – I haven't read it yet. \bullet conjhowever \circ He's very small and yet he can kick a ball a long way. \circ It was starting to snow, and yet he went out without a coat.

yield /ji:ld/ noun the quantity of a crop or a product produced from a plant or from an area of land \circ What is the normal yield per hectare? • verb (yields, yielding, yielded) 1. to produce a result 2. to produce a crop or a product **3.** to do or agree to do something that you have been trying not to do

yo /jəu/ *interj* used as an informal greeting **yoga** /'jəugə/ *noun* a system of exercises and meditation practised by Hindu thinkers, now popular in western countries as a

way of keeping fit and relaxing **yoghurt** f jpgət/, **yogurt** noun milk which has become slightly sour and thicker after bacteria are added, often flavoured with fruit \circ a pot of raspberry yoghurt

yolk /jəuk/ noun the yellow part inside an egg (NOTE: Do not confuse with **yoke**.)

① **you** /j υ , j \mathbf{u} :/ pron **1**. referring to someone being spoken to \circ Are you ready? \circ You look tired, you should rest a bit. \circ If I give you my address will you give me yours? \circ Hello, how are you? \circ Are you both keeping well? **2**. referring to anyone \circ You never know when you might need a penknife. \circ You have to be very tall to be a policeman.

③ **you'd** /jurd/ *short for* **1**. you had **2**. you would

③ you'll /juːl/ short for you will

 young /j∧ŋ/ adj (younger, youngest) not old ○ She's very young, she's only six.
 He became Prime Minister when he was still a young man. ○ My little brother's much younger than me or than I am. ○ In the afternoon there are TV programmes for very young children. ○ This is where your Daddy lived when he was young. ■ noun young animals or birds ○ Animals fight to protect their young.

youngster $/'j_{\lambda}\eta$ st=/ noun a young person \circ My grandparents don't understand today's youngsters.

 your /jɔ:/ adjbelonging to you o I hope you didn't forget to bring your toothbrush.
 This letter is for your brother.

1) you're /juə, jɔː/ short for you are

① **yours** /joiz/ pron belonging to you \circ This is my car – where's yours? \circ My car's in the garage, can I borrow yours?

yourself /jə'self/ pron relating to 'you' as a subject \circ Why do you wash the car yourself, when you could easily take it to the car wash? \circ Watch out for the broken glass – you might hurt yourself. \circ I hope you are all going to enjoy yourselves.

(2) youth /ju: θ / noun 1. a young man \circ Gangs of youths were causing trouble in the village. \circ A youth, aged 16, was arrested for possessing drugs. 2. a period when you are young, especially the time between being a child and being an adult \circ In his

youth club

youth he was a great traveller. \circ I haven't done that since the days of my youth!

youth club /'ju: θ klhb/ noun a club where young people meet

youthful /'juːθf(ə)l/ *adj* young

youth hostel J'**ju**: θ ,host(ϑ)l/ noun a building where young travellers or walkers can stay the night cheaply

3 you've /juxv/ short for you have

yo-yo /'jəu jəu/ *noun* a toy made of two round pieces and a string which you make the toy run up and down \circ *Yo-yos were very popular when I was at school.*

yr abbr year

yuck /jAk/ *interj* used to show that something has a nasty taste

yucky /'jAki/ *adj* not nice, unpleasant **yummy** /'jAmi/ *adj* delicious (*informal*)

Z /zed/, **Z** noun US the last and twentysixth letter of the alphabet

zany /'zeIni/ (**zanier, zaniest**) *adj* wildly mad

Zap /zæp/ (**zaps**, **zapping**, **zapped**) *verb* (*informal*) **1**. to hit or kill someone **2**. to shut down the television using the remote control

zeal /zi:l/ noun keenness or eagerness

zealous /'zeləs/ adj eager, too efficient

zebra crossing /,zebrə 'krosıŋ/ noun a place marked with black and white lines where traffic stops to allow you to walk across a road

zenith /'zen $i\theta$ / noun the highest point, point of greatest achievement \circ The soprano retired at the zenith of her career. \circ The British Empire reached its zenith at the beginning of the 20th century.

(3) **Zero** /'ZIƏrƏU/ noun **1**. the number $0 \circ$ To make an international call you dial zero zero (00), followed by the number of the country. **2**. the temperature at which water freezes \circ The temperature stayed below zero for days. (NOTE: no plural in this sense) **3**. nothing \circ They stole all our stock – we were left with zero. (NOTE: no plural in this sense)

zero in phrasal verb to go straight to something

zest /zest/ noun **1**. enthusiasm or enjoyment \circ Her zest for playing football made her apply to join the local club. **2**. a thin piece of orange or lemon peel \circ Grate the zest of one lemon and add it to the cake mix.

zigzag /'zigzæg/ adj, noun used to describe a line which turns one way, then the opposite way \circ There are zigzag lines painted at pedestrian crossings to show that cars must not stop there.

zilch /zɪlt∫/ *noun* nothing (*informal*)

zillion $/'z_1|_{j=n/}$ noun a huge number (informal) \circ Zillions of people watched the game on TV.

zinc /zıŋk/ noun a hard bright light-coloured metal

zip /z1p/ noun a device for closing openings on clothes and bags, consisting of two rows of teeth which lock together (informal) ○ The zip of my anorak is broken. ○ Can you do up the zip at the back of my dress? ■ verb (zips, zipping, zipped) 1. also zip up to close something using a zip ○ He zipped up his bag. 2. to go fast ○ Cars were zipping past us on the motorway.

ZIP code /'zIP koud/ noun US a trademark for the numbers used to indicate a US postal delivery area in an address on an envelope

zip drive /'zIp draIV/ *trademark* a trademark for a piece of computer equipment that makes large computer files smaller for easier storage or faster transmission

zipper /'zipə/ US same as zip

zit /zɪt/ noun a pimple or spot on the skin

zomble /'zombl/ noun **1**. (in the West Indies) a dead body which is revived and controlled by witchcraft **2**. a person who is unable to think \circ After thirteen hours in the plane I felt like a zomble.

③ **ZONE** /zəʊn/ noun an area \circ Police cars are patrolling the inner city zones.

ZOO /zu:/ *noun* a place where wild animals are kept, and where people can go to see them

zoo-keeper /zu: 'ki:pə/ *noun* a person whose job is to look after the animals in a zoo

zoologist /zuː'ɒlədʒɪst, zəu'ɒlədʒɪst/ noun a person who studies animals

zoology /zuː'ɒlədʒi, zəʊ'ɒlədʒi/ noun the study of animals

ZOOM /zu:m/ (zooms, zooming, zoomed) verb to go very fast \circ *Cars were zooming past me on the motorway.*

③ **zoom lens** /'zu:m lenz/ *noun* a camera lens which allows you to change quickly from distant to close-up shots while still keeping in focus

ZZZ noun a representation of the sound made by somebody sleeping, often used in cartoons

SUPPLEMENTS

Irregular Verbs

Verh arise awake be **b**ear beat hecome befall begin bend beseech beset bet bid bind bite bleed blow break breed bring broadcast build burn burst buy cašt catch choose cling come cost creep cut deal dig dive do draw dream drink drive dwell eat fall feed feel fight find flee fling fly forbid forecast foresee forget forgive forgo forsake freeze get ğive ğo grind grow hang have hear hide hit hold

Past tense arose awoke was, were boré beat became befell began bent besought, beseeched beset het. bid bound bit bled blew broke bred brought broadcast built burnt, burned burst bought cast caught chose clung came cost crept cuť dealt dug dived, (US) dove did drew dreamed, dreamt drank drove dwelt, dwelled ate fell fed felt fought found fled flung flew forbade forecast foresaw forgot forgave forwent forsook froze got ğave went ground grew had heard hid hit held

Past participle arisen awoken been borne beaten become befallen begun bent besought, beseeched beset het. bid bound bitten bled blown broken bred brought broadcast built burnt, burned burst bought cast caught chosen clung come cost crept cut dealt dug dived done drawn dreamed, dreamt drunk driven dwelt, dwelled eaten fallen fed felt fought found fled flung flown forbidden forecast foreseen forgotten forgiven forgone forsaken frozen got, (US) gotten ğiven gone ground ğrown hung had heard hidden hit held

Irregular Verbs continued

Verh hurt input interweave keep kneel knit know lav leåd lean leap learn leave lend let lie light lose make mean meet mislay misleåd misspell miståke misunderstand mow outdo outgrow overcome overdo overdraw overeat overhang overhear overpay override overrun oversee overtake overthrow pay put quit read redo repay rerun reset rethink rewind rewrite rid ride ring rise run saw say see seek sell send set sew shake shear shed shine

Past tense hurt inputted, input interwove kept knelt, kneeled knit, knitted knew laid led leant, leaned leapt, leaped learnt, learned left lent let lay liť lost made meant met mislaid misled misspelt, misspelled mistook misunderstood mowed outdid outgrew overcame overdid overdrew overate overhung overheard overpaid overrode overrun oversaw overtook overthrew paid put auit read redid repaid reran reset rethought rewound rewrote rid rode rang rosĕ ran sawed said saw sought sold sent set sewed shook sheared shed shone

Past participle

hurt inputted input interwoven kept knelt, kneeled knit, knitted known laid led leant, leaned leapt, leaped learnt, learned left lent let lain lit lost made meant met mislaid misled misspelt, misspelled mistaken misunderstood mowed, mown outdoné outgrown overcome overdone overdrawn overeaten overhung overheard overpaid overridden overrun overseen overtaken overthrown paid but auit read redone repaid rerun reset rethought rewound rewritten rid ridden rung risen run sawn said seen sought sold sent set sewed, sewn shaken sheared, shorn shed shone

Irregular Verbs continued

Verb	Past tense
shoot	shot
show shrink	showed shrank
shut	shut
sing	sang
sink	sank
sit slay	sat slew
sleep	slept
slide	slid
sling	slung
slink slit	slunk slit
smell	smelt, smelled
sow	sowed
speak	spoke
speed spell	sped spelt_spelled
spend	spelt, spelled spent
spill	spilt, spilled
spin	spun
spit	spat split
spoil	spoilt, spoiled
spread	spread
spring stand	sprang stood
steal	stole
stick	stuck
sting stink	stung
stride	stank strode
strike	struck
strive	strove
swear	swore
sweep swell	swept swelled
swim	swam
swing	swung
take teach	took
tear	taught tore
tell	told
think	thought
thrive throw	thrived, throve threw
thrust	thrust
tread	trod
understand	understood underwent
undergo undertake	undertook
undo	undid
unwind	unwound
uphold upset	upheld upset
wake	woke
wear	wore
weave	wove
wet weep	wet, wetted wept
win	won
wind	wound
withdraw withhold	withdrew withheld
withstand	withstood
wreak	wreaked, wrought
wring	wrung
write	wrote

Past participle shot shown shrunk shut sung sunk sat slain slept slid slung slunk slit smelt, smelled sown spoken spoken sped spelt, spelled spent spilt, spilled spun spat split spoilt, spoiled spread sprung stood stolen stuck stung stunk strode struck striven sworn swept swelled, swollen swum swung taken taught torn told thought thrived thrown thrust trodden understood undergone undertaken undone unwound upheld upset woken worn woven wet, wetted wept won wound withdrawn withheld withstood wreaked, wrought wrung written

How to say ...

The Alphabet

А	/eɪ/	Ν	/en/
В	/biː/	0	/əʊ/
С	/siː/	Р	/piː/
D	/diː/	Q	/kjuː/
Е	/iː/	R	/aː/
F	/ef/	S	/es/
G	/dʒiɪ/	Т	/tiː/
Н	/eɪt∫/	U	/juː/
Ι	/aɪ/	V	/viː/
J	/dʒeɪ/	W	/'dʌb(ə)ljuː/
Κ	/kei/	Х	/eks/
L	/el/	Y	/wai/
М	/em/	Z	/zed/, (US) /zi:/

Numbers

1, 2, 3, 4 I.II. III. IV 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th 5.6.7.8 V VI, VII, VIII 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th 9.10.11.12 IX. X. XI. XII 9th, 10th 11th, 12th 13, 14, 15, 16 XIII, XIV, XV, XVI 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th 17.18.19.20 XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th 21, 22, 23 XX1, XXII, XXIII 21st, 22nd, 23rd 30, 31, 32 XXX, XXX1, XXXII 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 XL, L, LX, LXX, LXXX, XC 40th, 50th, 60th, 70th, 80th, 90th 100,101 C, CI 200, 300, 400, 500 CC, CCC, CCCC, D 1.000 М 10,000 1,000,000 1,000,000,000

one, two, three, four first, second, third, fourth five, six, seven, eight fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth nine, ten, eleven, twelve ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen thirtheenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two forty, fifty, sixty, seventy, eighty, ninety fortieth, fiftieth, sixtieth, seventieth, eightieth, ninetieth one hundred, a hundred; one hundred and one, a hundred and one two hundred, three hundred, four hundred, five hundred one thousand, a thousand ten thousand one million, a million one billion, a billion

How to say ...

Decimals

0.5 0.25 2.5	zero point five, point five zero point two five, point two five two point five	
Money		
£1	one pound, a pound	
30p	thirty pence, thirty pee	
£1.25	one pound twenty-five (pee), one twenty-five	
£27.36	twenty-seven pounds thirty-six (pee)	
\$1	one dollar, a dollar	

£27.36	twenty-seven pounds thirty-six (pee)
\$1	one dollar, a dollar
10¢	ten cents, or (US) a dime
25¢	twenty-five cents, or (US) a quarter
\$1.25	one dollar twenty-five, a dollar twenty-five, one twenty-five

oh-two-oh, seven-nine-two-one, three-five-six-seven

Telephone numbers

020 7921 3567

Years

Dates

2.1.98 or 2/1/98	the second of January, nineteen ninety eight, or (US)
	February first, nineteen ninety eight (NOTE: European and
	British dates are written with the day before the month,
	American dates are written with the month before the day.)

Some words with numbers

999, <i>(US)</i>	911, (Australia) 000	nine nine, <i>(US)</i> nine one one, <i>(Australia)</i> triple oh (NOTE: the number to phone in an emergency)			
24/7		twenty-four seven (NOTE: means 'all the time')			
9/11		nine eleven (NOTE: the eleventh of September 2001, who many people died in a terrorist attack in New York)			
the big 40,	, 50, etc.	the big four oh, five oh, etc. (NOTE: used humorously to refer to a fortieth or fiftieth, etc. birthday)			ously to
A1		/ ei 'wAn/ (NOTE: means 'excellent')			
A1, A12, I	B125, etc.	/,ei 'wʌn/, /,ei 'twelv/, /,bi: wʌn tu: 'faiv/, et numbering system for roads in Great Britain)		c. (NOTE: the	
4x4		four by four (NOTE: a vehicle with four-wheel drive)			rive)
4WD		four-wheel drive (NOTE: a system in which engine power drives all four wheels of a vehicle, or a vehicle with this system)			
H ₂ O		/,eitJtu:'30/ (NOTE: The chemical formula is sometimes used to say 'water'.)			ometimes
M1, M25, etc.		/,em 'wAn/, /,em twenti 'farv/, etc. (NOTE: the numbering system for motorways in Great Britain)			
Numbers a	are sometimes used as ab				
2day	today	CUL8R	see you later	L8R	later
4U	for you	F2F	face to face	M8	mate
B4	before	GR8	great	P2P	person to person